flowPACK 0 3rd gen | **Output Inverter Application** | **600V/15A**

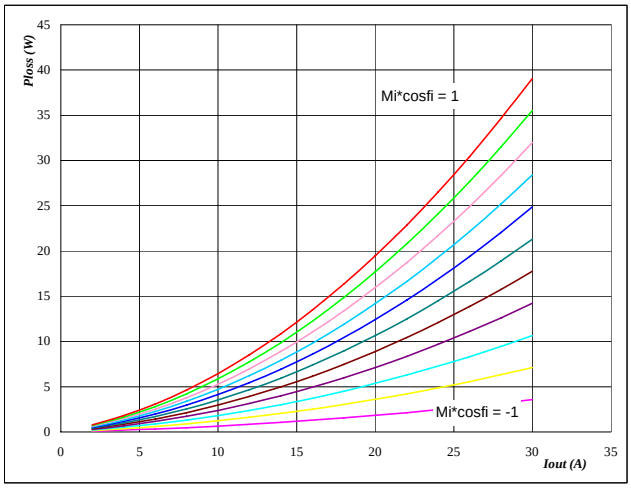
General conditions

3phase SPWM		
V_{GEon}	=	15 V
V_{GEoff}	=	-15 V
R_{gon}	=	32 Ω
R_{goff}	=	32 Ω

Figure 1 IGBT

Typical average static loss as a function of output current

$P_{loss} = f(I_{out})$



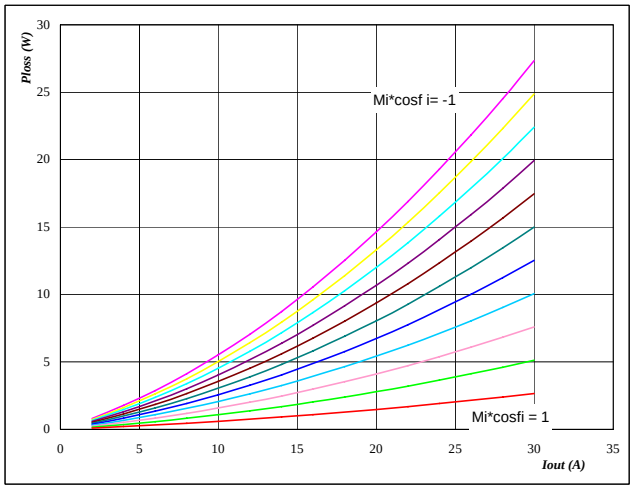
T_j = 150 °C

Mi*cosfi from -1 to 1 in steps of 0,2

Figure 2 FRED

Typical average static loss as a function of output current

$P_{loss} = f(I_{out})$

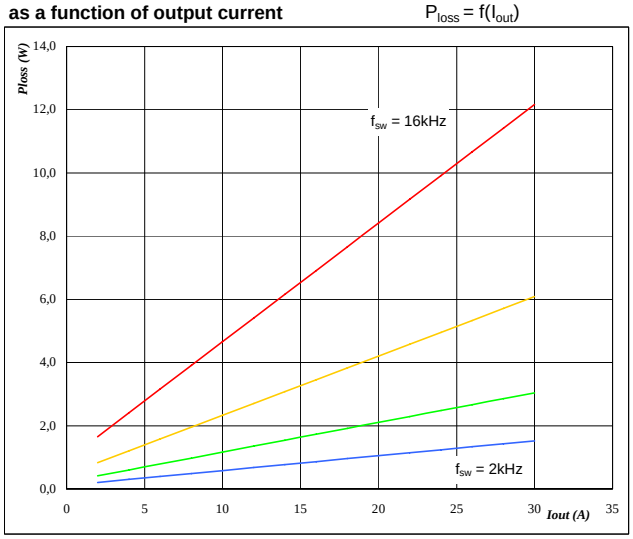


T_j = 150 °C

Mi*cosfi from -1 to 1 in steps of 0,2

Figure 3 IGBT

Typical average switching loss as a function of output current $P_{loss} = f(I_{out})$



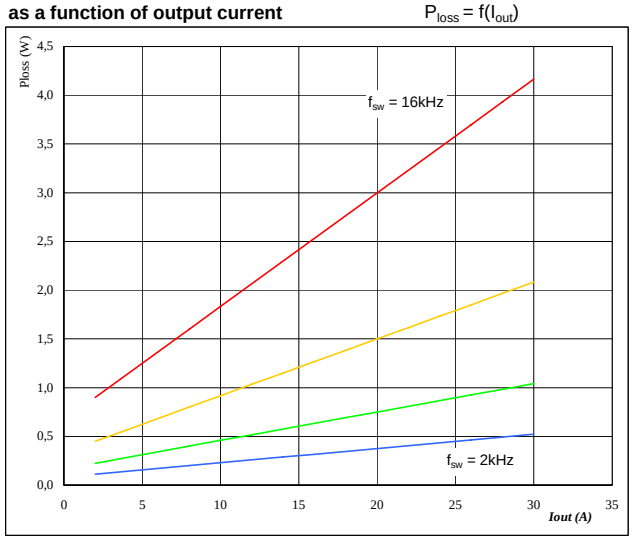
T_j = 150 °C

DC link = 320 V

f_{sw} from 2 kHz to 16 kHz in steps of factor 2

Figure 4 FRED

Typical average switching loss as a function of output current $P_{loss} = f(I_{out})$



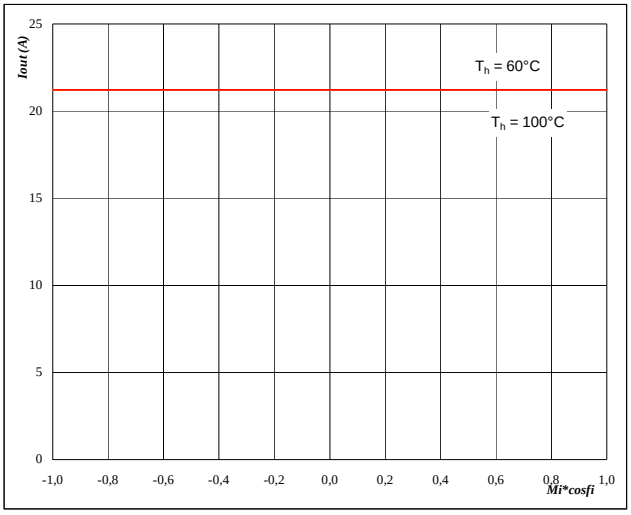
T_j = 150 °C

DC link = 320 V

f_{sw} from 2 kHz to 16 kHz in steps of factor 2

Figure 5 Phase

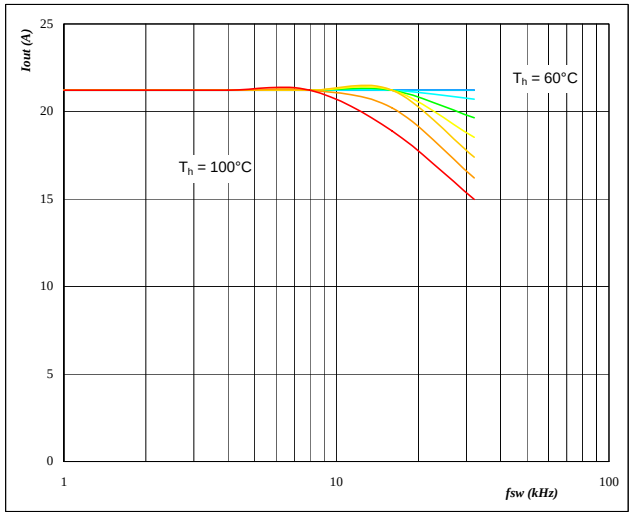
Typical available 50Hz output current as a function Mi*cosfi $I_{out} = f(Mi*cosfi)$



T_j =	150	°C
DC link =	320	V
f_{sw}=	4	kHz
T_h from	60 °C to 100 °C in steps of 5 °C	

Figure 6 Phase

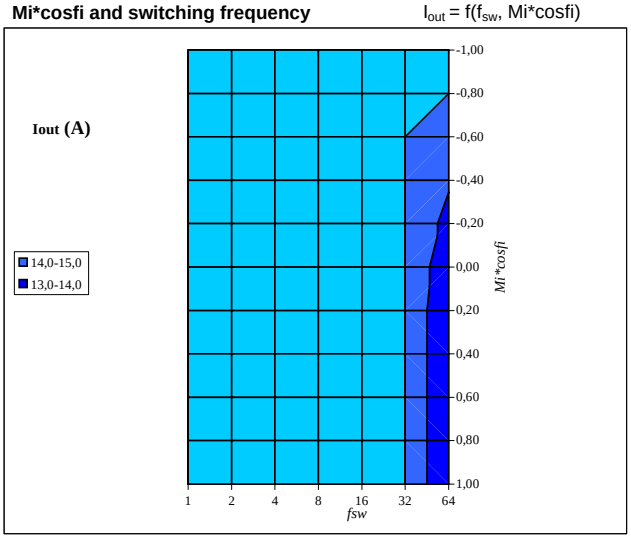
Typical available 50Hz output current as a function of switching frequency $I_{out} = f(f_{sw})$



T_j =	150	°C
DC link =	320	V
Mi*cosfi =	0,8	
T_h from	60 °C to 100 °C in steps of 5 °C	

Figure 7 Phase

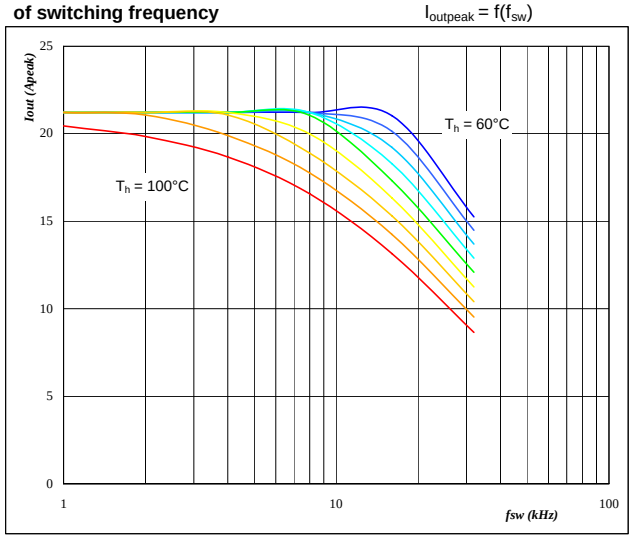
Typical available 50Hz output current as a function of Mi*cosfi and switching frequency $I_{out} = f(f_{sw}, Mi*cosfi)$



T_j =	150	°C
DC link =	320	V
T_h =	90	°C

Figure 8 Phase

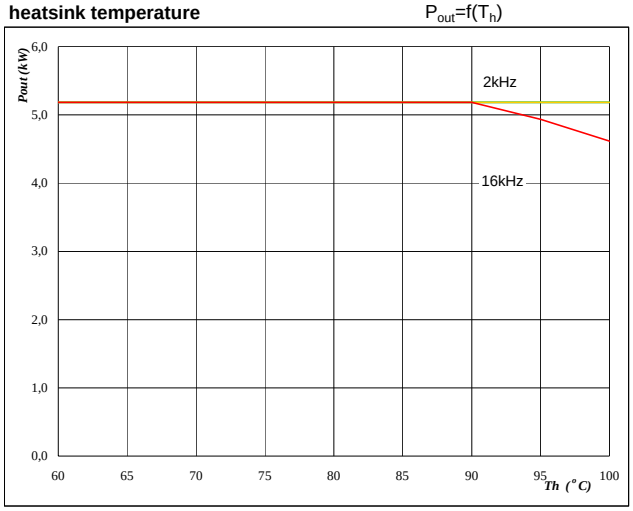
Typical available 0Hz output current as a function of switching frequency $I_{outpeak} = f(f_{sw})$



T_j =	150	°C
DC link =	320	V
T_h from	60 °C to 100 °C in steps of 5 °C	

Figure 9 Inverter

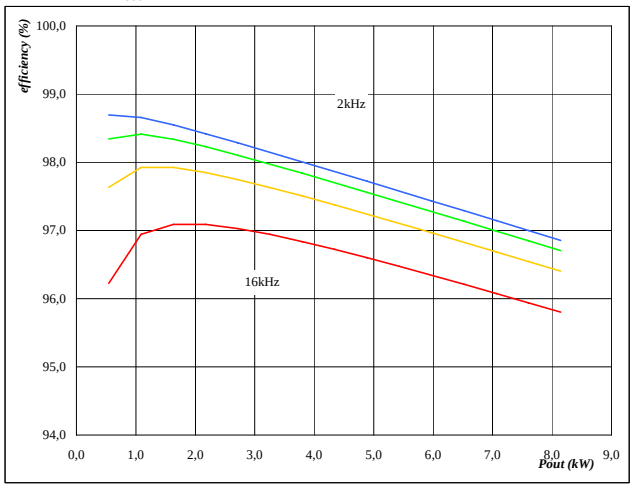
Typical available peak output power as a function of heatsink temperature $P_{out}=f(T_h)$



T_j =	150	°C
DC link =	320	V
Mi =	1	
cosfi =	0,80	
f_{sw} from	2 kHz to 16 kHz in steps of factor 2	

Figure 10 Inverter

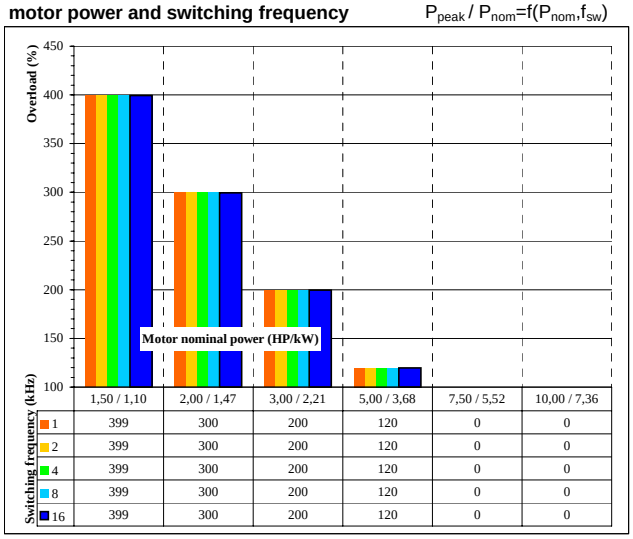
Typical efficiency as a function of output power efficiency=f(P_{out})



T_j =	150	°C
DC link =	320	V
Mi =	1	
cosfi =	0,80	
f_{sw} from	2 kHz to 16 kHz in steps of factor 2	

Figure 11 Inverter

Typical available overload factor as a function of motor power and switching frequency $P_{peak} / P_{nom}=f(P_{nom},f_{sw})$



Switching frequency (kHz)	1,50 / 1,10	2,00 / 1,47	3,00 / 2,21	5,00 / 3,68	7,50 / 5,52	10,00 / 7,36
1	399	300	200	120	0	0
2	399	300	200	120	0	0
4	399	300	200	120	0	0
8	399	300	200	120	0	0
16	399	300	200	120	0	0

T_j =	125	°C
DC link =	320	V
Mi =	1	
cosfi =	0,8	
f_{sw} from	1 kHz to 16 kHz in 2 steps	
T_h =	90	°C
Motor eff =	0,85	