



# Vincotech

<b>flowPIM 2</b>		<b>1200 V / 75 A</b>
<b>Features</b>		<b>flow 2 17 mm housing</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Three-phase rectifier, BRC, Inverter, NTC</li><li>• Very Compact housing, easy to route</li><li>• IGBT4/ EmCon4 technology for low saturation losses and improved EMC behavior</li></ul>		
<b>Target applications</b>		<b>Schematic</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Industrial drives</li><li>• Embedded drives</li></ul>		
<b>Types</b>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• V23990-P769-AY-PM</li></ul>		



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## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
<b>Inverter Switch</b>				
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		1200	V
Collector current (DC current)	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	86	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	210	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	239	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		$\pm 20$	V
Short circuit ratings	$t_{SC}$	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ , $V_{CC} = 800\text{ V}$ $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	10	$\mu\text{s}$
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$
<b>Inverter Diode</b>				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	82	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	150	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	154	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$
<b>Brake Switch</b>				
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		1200	V
Collector current (DC current)	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	64	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	150	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	174	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		$\pm 20$	V
Short circuit ratings	$t_{SC}$	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ , $V_{CC} = 800\text{ V}$ $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	10	$\mu\text{s}$
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$



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## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
<b>Brake Diode</b>				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	39	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	50	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	87	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$

## Brake Sw. Protection Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	22	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	20	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	56	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$

## Rectifier Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1600	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	124	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	$I_{FSM}$	Single Half Sine Wave, $t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$	890	A
Surge current capability	$I_{st}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	3960	$\text{A}^2\text{s}$
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	156	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		150	$^\circ\text{C}$



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## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
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### Module Properties

#### Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	$T_{jop}$		-40...+( $T_{jmax} - 25$ )	°C

#### Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	$V_{isol}$	DC Test Voltage*	$t_p = 2 \text{ s}$	4000	V
Isolation voltage	$V_{isol}$	AC Voltage	$t_p = 1 \text{ min}$	2500	V
Creepage distance				>12,7	mm
Clearance				11,72	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI			≥ 200	

\*100 % tested in production



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## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions						Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max

### Inverter Switch

#### Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,0024	25	5,3	5,8	6,3	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CEsat}$		15		70	25 150	1,58	1,89 2,36	2,07 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	1200		25			10	µA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0		25			240	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$							None		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{res}$	$f = 1 \text{ Mhz}$	0	25	25	25	4000		pF	
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$									
Gate charge	$Q_g$		15		0	25		540		nC

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4 \text{ W/mK}$ (PSX)						0,4		K/W
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#### Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{gon} = 8 \Omega$ $R_{goff} = 8 \Omega$	$\pm 15$	$600$	$75$	25		98,82		
Rise time	$t_r$					125		98,86		ns
						150		98,8		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25		29,32		ns
						125		31,66		
Fall time	$t_f$					150		32,19		
						25		195,81		ns
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$					125		253,32		
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$					150		268,84		
						25		76,66		ns
						125		140,59		
						150		160,1		
						25		4,55		mWs
						125		6,79		
						150		7,44		
						25		4,36		mWs
						125		7,02		
						150		7,87		



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## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions						Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max

### Inverter Diode

#### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				75	25 150	1,35	1,81 1,82	2,05 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 1200$ V			25				14	µA

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						0,62		K/W
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#### Dynamic

Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$	$di/dt=2531$ A/µs $di/dt=2481$ A/µs $di/dt=2501$ A/µs	$\pm 15$	600	75	25		62,37		
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					125		77,38		A
Recovered charge	$Q_r$					150		80,8		
Recovered charge	$Q_r$		$\pm 15$	600	75	25		238,42		
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$					125		376,3		ns
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$					150		416,64		
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$		$\pm 15$	600	75	25		5,36		µC
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$					125		10,43		
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$					150		12		
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$		$\pm 15$	600	75	25		1,88		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$					125		3,79		
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$					150		4,4		
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$		$\pm 15$	600	75	25		1088,53		A/µs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$					125		334,26		
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$					150		314,85		



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## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions						Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max

### Brake Switch

#### Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,0017	25	5,3	5,8	6,3	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CEsat}$		15		50	25 150	1,58	1,85 2,28	2,07 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	1200		25			1	µA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0		25			120	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$							4		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{res}$	$f = 1 \text{ Mhz}$	0	25	25	25	2800	100	pF	pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$									
Gate charge	$Q_g$		15		0	25		380		nC

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4 \text{ W/mK}$ (PSX)						0,54		K/W
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#### Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{gon} = 8 \Omega$ $R_{goff} = 8 \Omega$	$\pm 15$	600	50	25		116,8		
Rise time	$t_r$					125		121,2		ns
						150		121,4		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25		18		
						125		23,2		ns
Fall time	$t_f$					150		24,4		
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$					25		244,8		
						125		301		ns
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$					150		315,8		
						25		87,45		
						125		109,52		ns
						150		124,52		
						25		2,39		mWs
						125		3,19		
						150		3,43		
						25		2,96		mWs
						125		4,36		
						150		4,8		



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## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions						Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max

### Brake Diode

#### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				25	25 150	1,35	1,87 1,84	2,05 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 1200$ V			25				5,2	µA

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,09		K/W
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#### Dynamic

Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$	$di/dt=3279$ A/µs $di/dt=2629$ A/µs $di/dt=2485$ A/µs	$\pm 15$	600	50	25		54,29			A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					125		52,86			
Recovered charge	$Q_r$					150		54,28			
Recovered charge	$Q_r$		$\pm 15$	600	50	25		158,7			ns
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$					125		311,99			
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$					150		336,58			
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$		$\pm 15$	600	50	25		3,21			µC
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$					125		5,83			
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$					150		6,53			
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$		$\pm 15$	600	50	25		1,23			mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$					125		2,47			
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$					150		2,78			
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$		$\pm 15$	600	50	25		4114			A/µs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$					125		1240			
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$					150		1190			



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## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions						Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max

### Brake Sw. Protection Diode

#### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				10	25 150	1,35	1,84 1,79	2,05 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 1200$ V			25				2,7	µA

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,68		K/W
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### Rectifier Diode

#### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				45	25 125 150		1,01 0,917	1,21 <sup>(1)</sup> 1,1 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 1600$ V			25				50	µA

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						0,45		K/W
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## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions						Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max

### Thermistor

#### Static

Rated resistance	$R$					25		22			kΩ
Deviation of $R_{100}$	$A_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 1486 \Omega$				100		-12		14	%
Power dissipation	$P$							200			mW
Power dissipation constant	$d$					25		2			mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. ±3 %						3950			K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. ±3 %						3998			K
Vincotech Thermistor Reference									B		

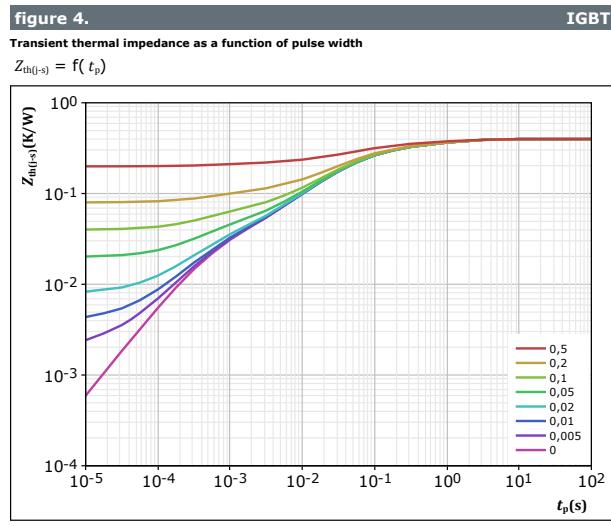
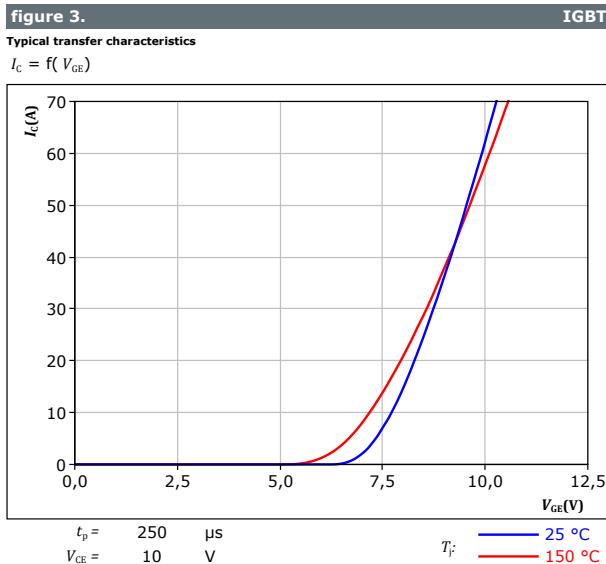
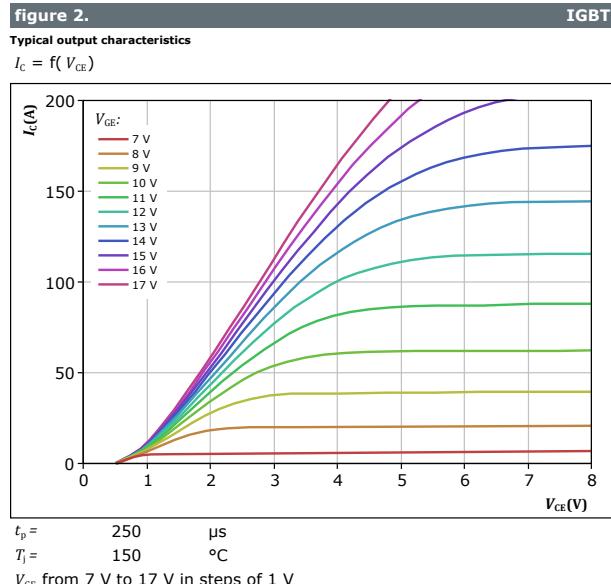
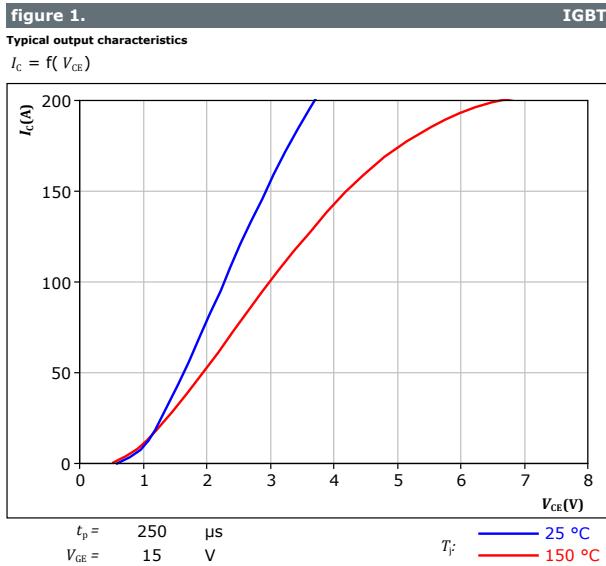
<sup>(1)</sup> Value at chip level

<sup>(2)</sup> Only valid with pre-applied Vincotech thermal interface material.



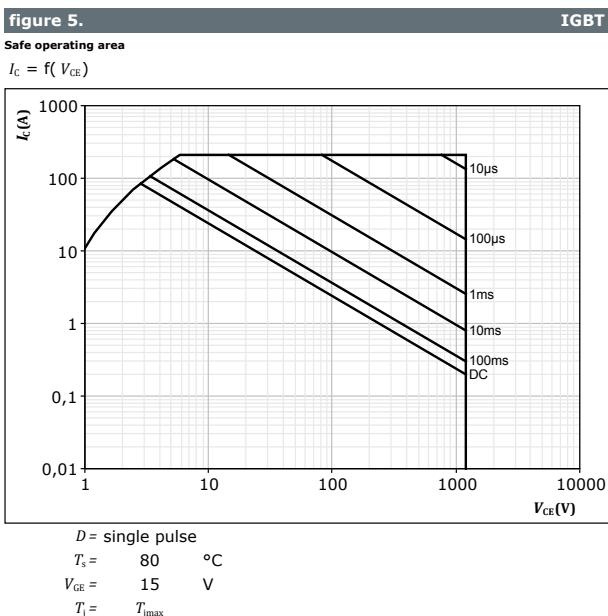
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## Inverter Switch Characteristics



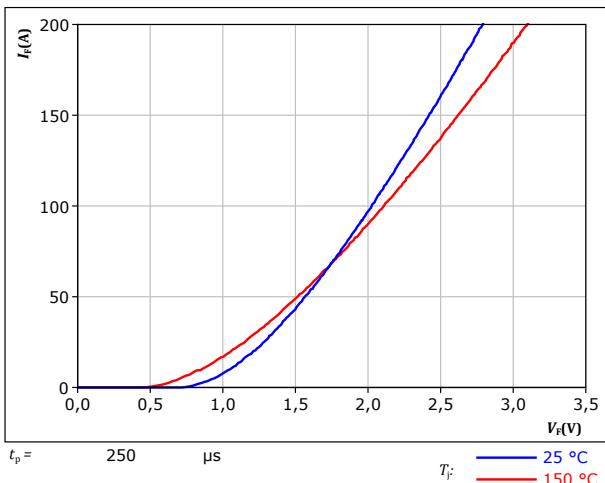


## Inverter Switch Characteristics



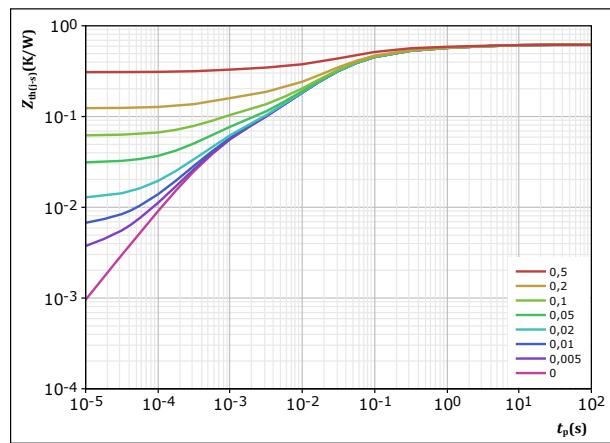
## Inverter Diode Characteristics

**figure 6.**  
Typical forward characteristics  
 $I_F = f(V_F)$



FWD

**figure 7.**  
Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width  
 $Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$



FWD

$$D = \frac{t_p / \tau}{0,617} \quad R_{th(j-s)} = \frac{t_p / \tau}{0,617} \text{ K/W}$$

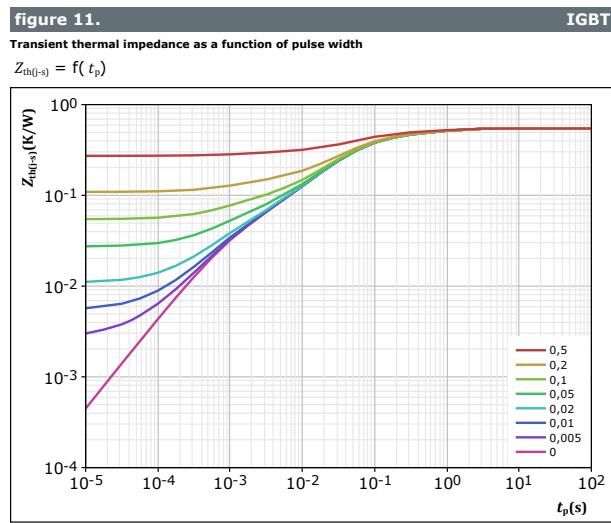
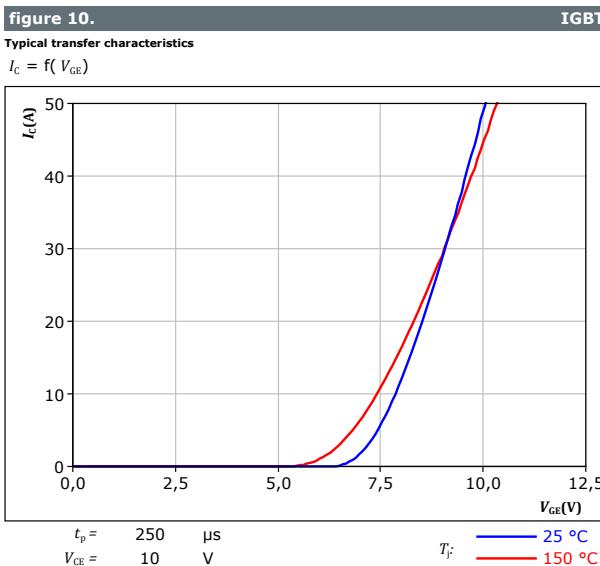
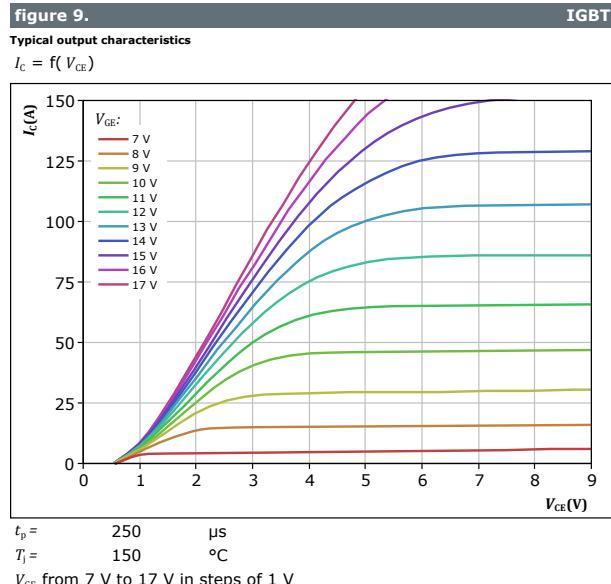
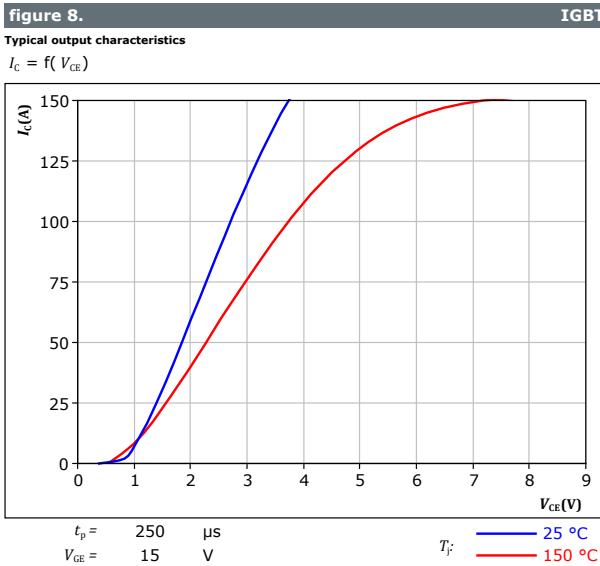
FWD thermal model values

$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
4,35E-02	4,66E+00
7,48E-02	5,44E-01
1,95E-01	8,13E-02
2,13E-01	2,26E-02
4,51E-02	5,48E-03
4,51E-02	5,92E-04



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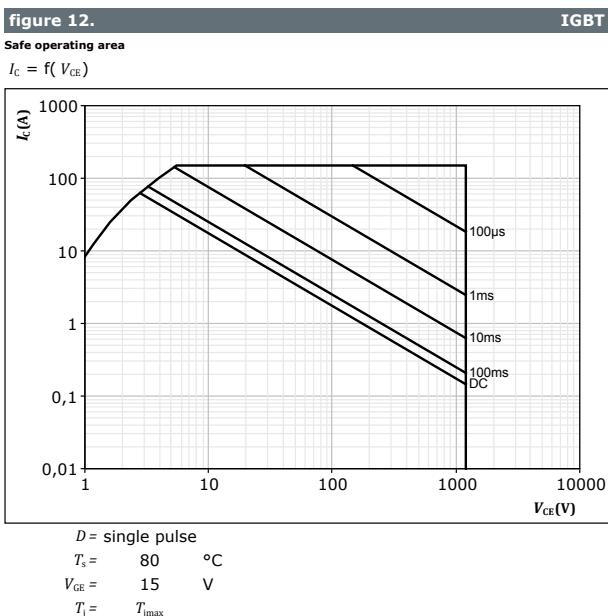
## Brake Switch Characteristics



IGBT thermal model values		
$R (\text{K/W})$	$\tau (\text{s})$	
8,76E-02	9,10E-01	
1,41E-01	1,40E-01	
2,51E-01	3,71E-02	
3,49E-02	7,85E-03	
3,12E-02	9,56E-04	

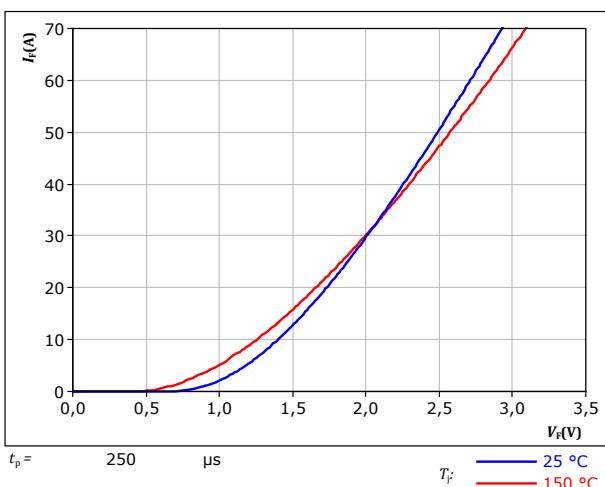


## Brake Switch Characteristics



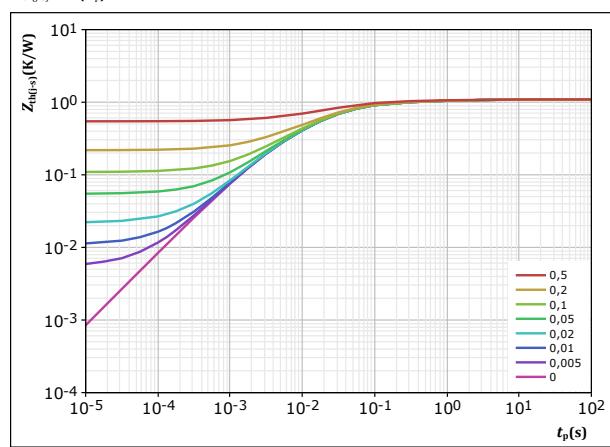
## Brake Diode Characteristics

**figure 13.**  
Typical forward characteristics  
 $I_F = f(V_F)$



FWD

**figure 14.**  
Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width  
 $Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$



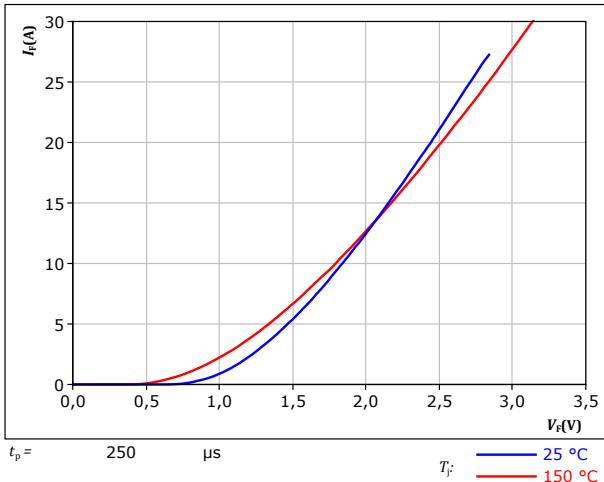
FWD

## Brake Sw. Protection Diode Characteristics

**figure 15.**

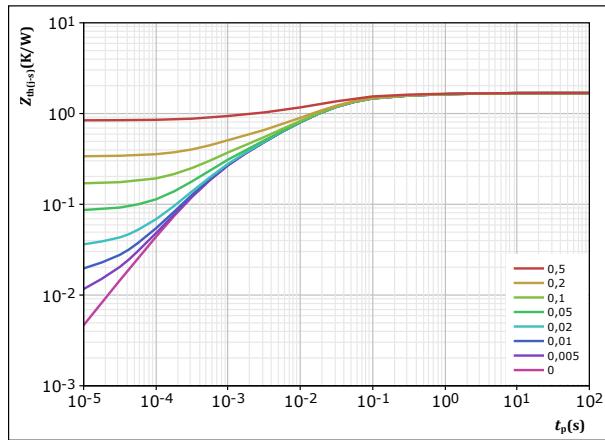
Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$


**FWD**
**figure 16.**

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$


**FWD**

$$D = \frac{t_p / T}{1,683} \quad K/W$$

FWD thermal model values

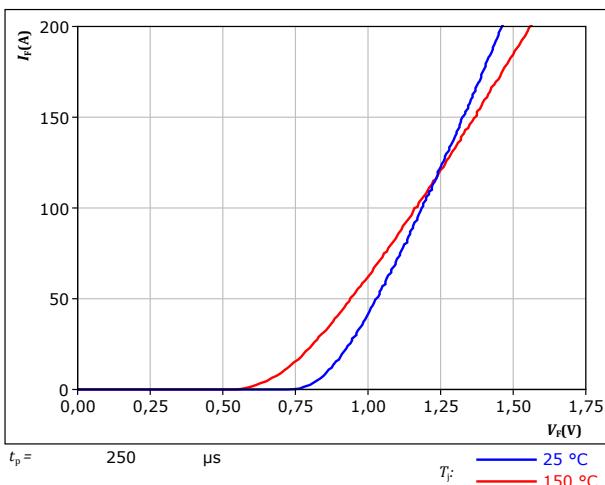
$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
6,27E-02	2,99E+00
1,53E-01	2,72E-01
5,57E-01	4,10E-02
4,90E-01	1,29E-02
2,45E-01	3,00E-03
1,75E-01	5,24E-04

## Rectifier Diode Characteristics

**figure 17.**

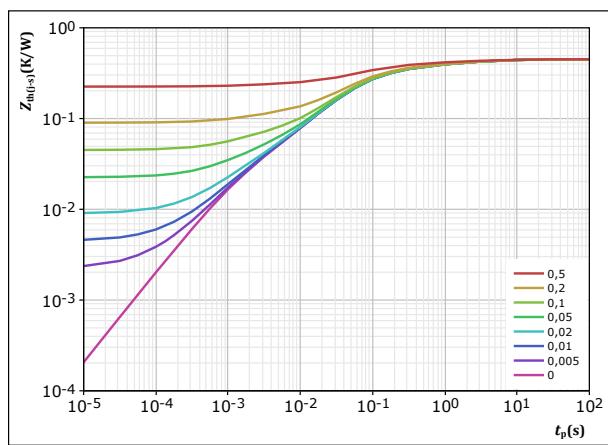
Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

**Rectifier****figure 18.**

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$

**Rectifier**

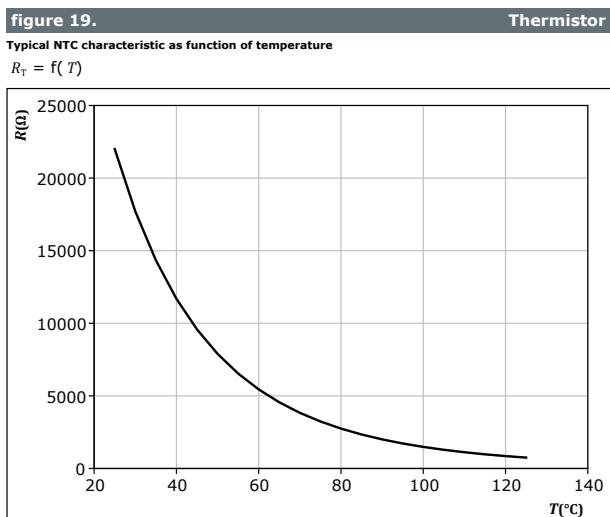
$$D = \frac{t_p / T}{0,45} \quad R_{th(j-s)} = \frac{t_p / T}{0,45} \text{ K/W}$$

Rectifier thermal model values

$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
3,06E-02	7,38E+00
5,87E-02	1,30E+00
1,21E-01	1,90E-01
2,00E-01	4,49E-02
2,12E-02	9,83E-03
1,85E-02	1,38E-03



## Thermistor Characteristics

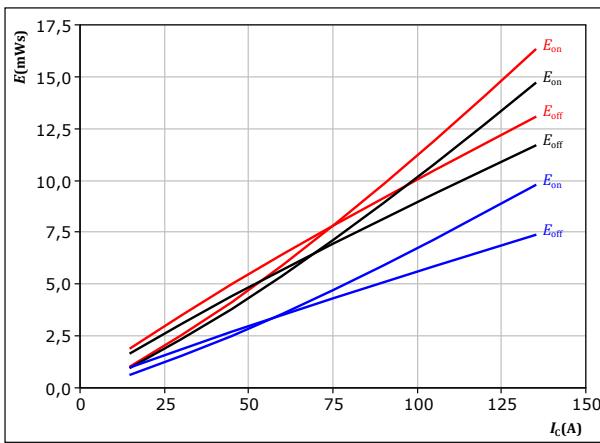


## Inverter Switching Characteristics

**figure 20.**

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_C)$$



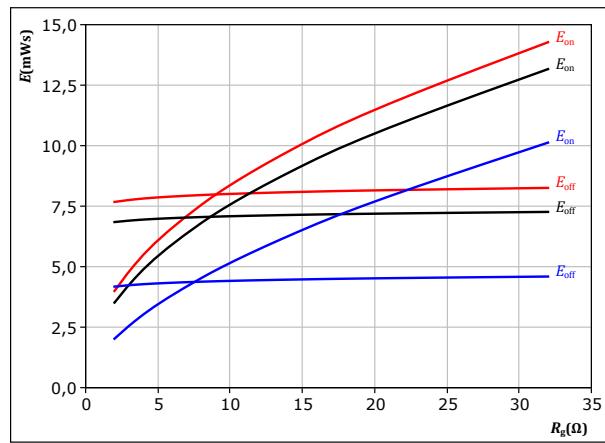
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_j:$	25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		125 °C
$R_{gon} =$	8	Ω		150 °C
$R_{goff} =$	8	Ω		

**IGBT****figure 21.**

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

$$E = f(R_g)$$



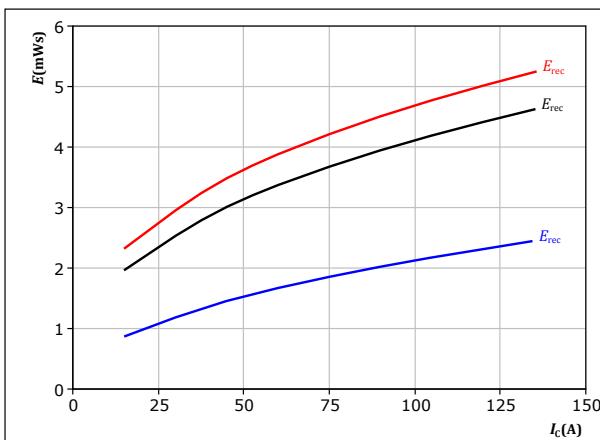
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_j:$	25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		125 °C
$I_C =$	75	A		150 °C

**IGBT****figure 22.**

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_C)$$



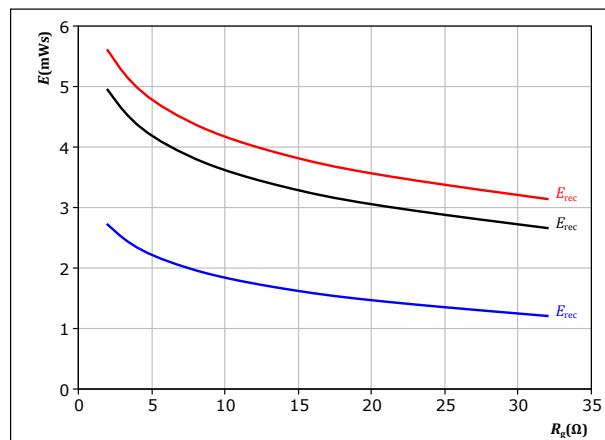
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_j:$	25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		125 °C
$R_{gon} =$	8	Ω		150 °C

**FWD****figure 23.**

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(R_g)$$



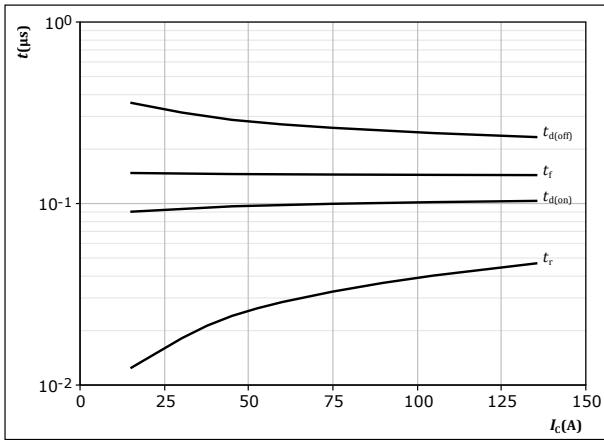
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_j:$	25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		125 °C
$I_C =$	75	A		150 °C

**FWD**

## Inverter Switching Characteristics

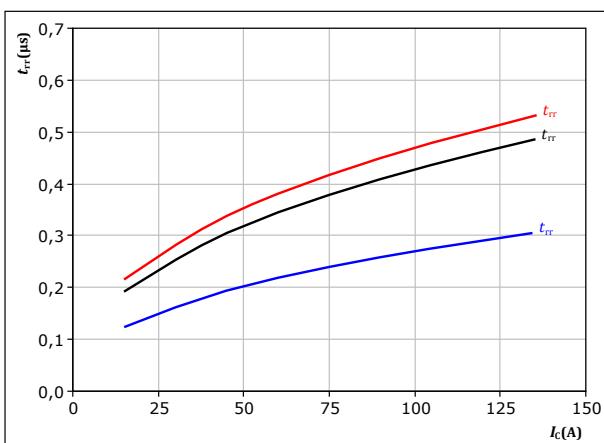
**figure 24.**
**IGBT**

Typical switching times as a function of collector current  
 $t = f(I_C)$ 


With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	600	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{gon} =$	8	Ω
$R_{goff} =$	8	Ω

**figure 26.**
**FWD**

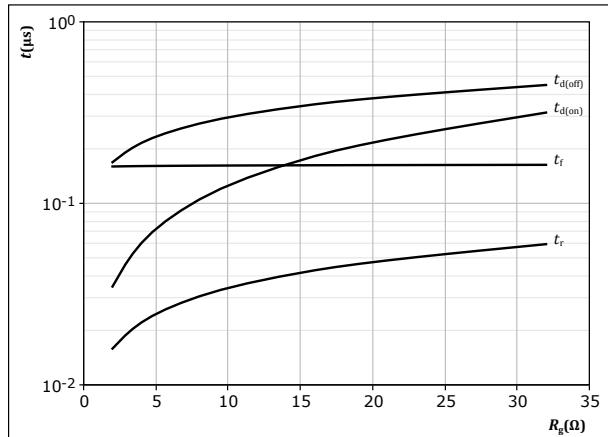
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current  
 $t_{rr} = f(I_C)$ 


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} =$	600	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{gon} =$	8	Ω

$T_j:$     — 25 °C    — 125 °C    — 150 °C

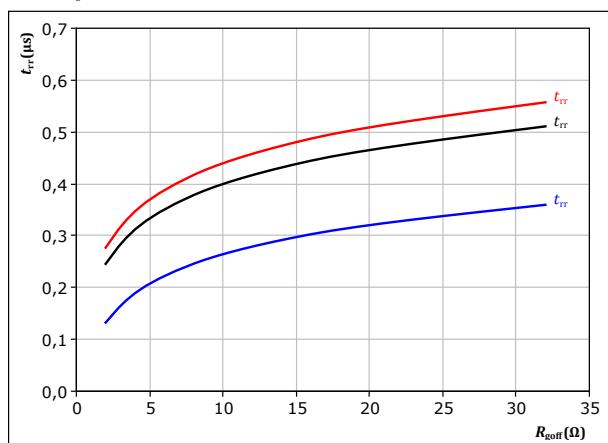
**figure 25.**
**IGBT**

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor  
 $t = f(R_g)$ 


With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	600	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$I_C =$	75	A

**figure 27.**
**FWD**

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn off gate resistor  
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{goff})$ 


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} =$	600	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$I_C =$	75	A

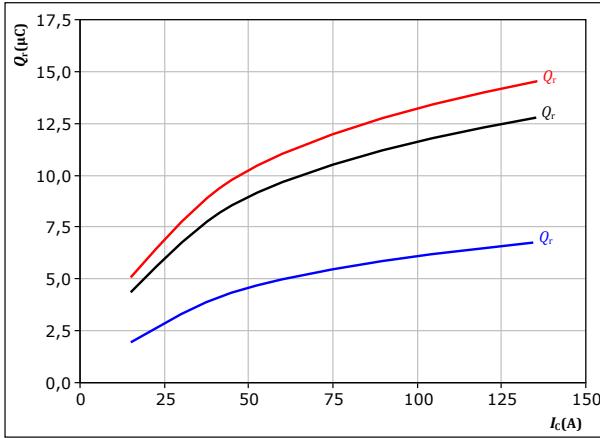
$T_j:$     — 25 °C    — 125 °C    — 150 °C

## Inverter Switching Characteristics

**figure 28.**

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



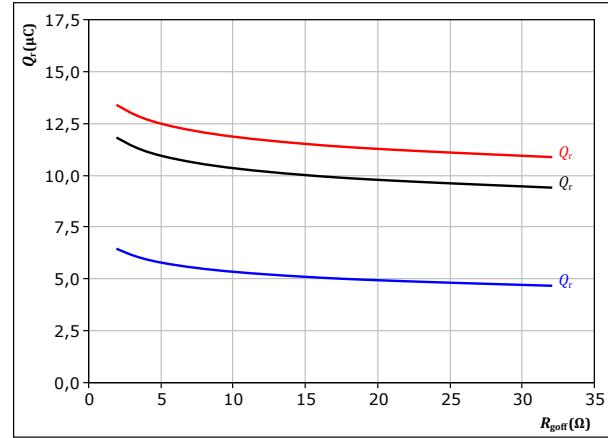
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 600 \text{ V} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \text{ V} \\ R_{gon} &= 8 \Omega \end{aligned}$$

**FWD**
**figure 29.**

Typical recovered charge as a function of turn off gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{goff})$$



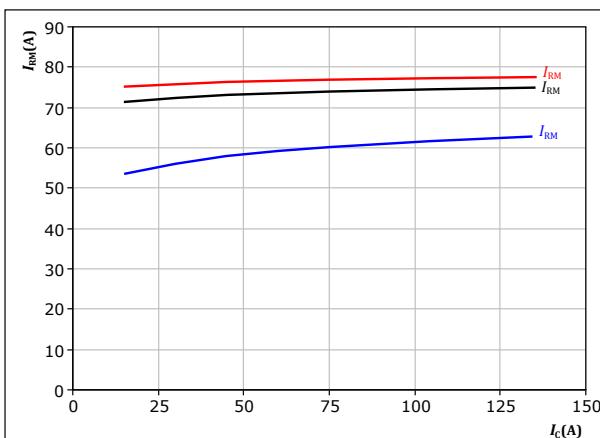
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 600 \text{ V} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \text{ V} \\ I_c &= 75 \text{ A} \end{aligned}$$

**FWD**
**figure 30.**

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



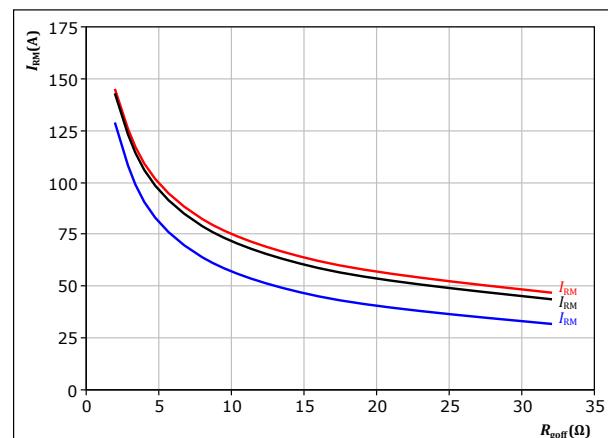
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 600 \text{ V} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \text{ V} \\ R_{gon} &= 8 \Omega \end{aligned}$$

**FWD**
**figure 31.**

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of turn off gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{goff})$$



With an inductive load at

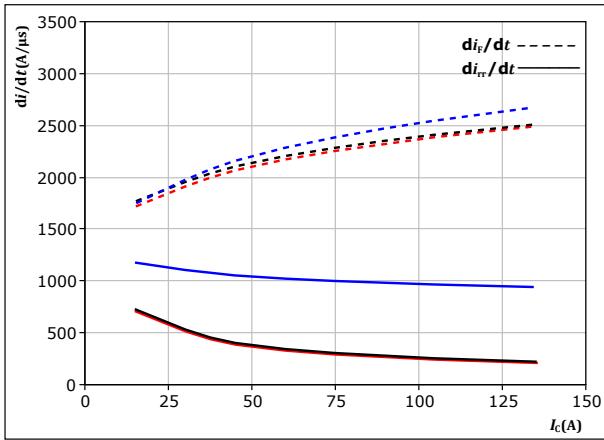
$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 600 \text{ V} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \text{ V} \\ I_c &= 75 \text{ A} \end{aligned}$$

**FWD**

## Inverter Switching Characteristics

**figure 32.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$

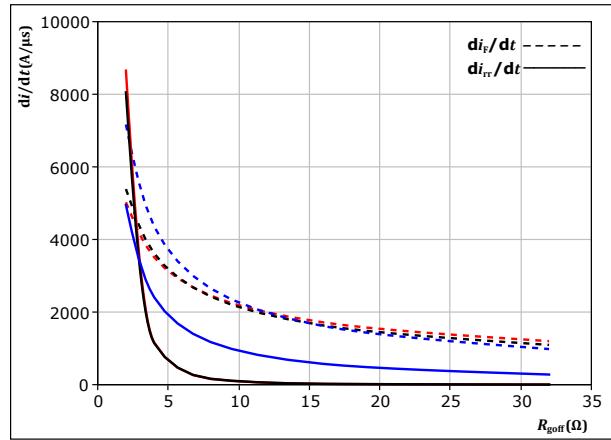


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_j =$	25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	$\pm 15$	V	$T_j =$	125 °C
$R_{gon} =$	8	Ω	$T_j =$	150 °C

**figure 33.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn off gate resistor  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{goff})$



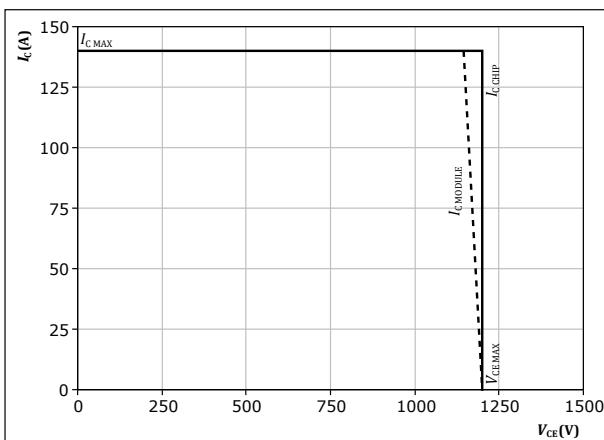
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_j =$	25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	$\pm 15$	V	$T_j =$	125 °C
$I_c =$	75	A	$T_j =$	150 °C

**figure 34.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$$I_c = f(V_{CE})$$



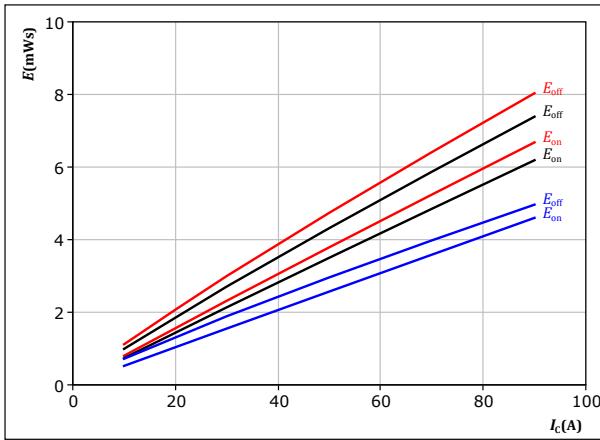
At  $T_j = 150$  °C  
 $R_{gon} = 8$  Ω  
 $R_{goff} = 8$  Ω

## Brake Switching Characteristics

**figure 35.**

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_c)$$



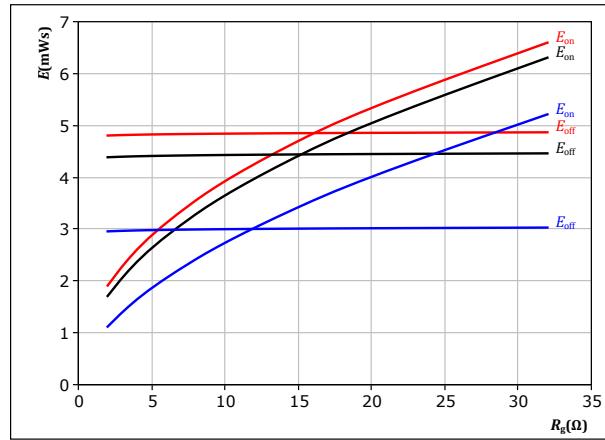
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 600 \text{ V} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \text{ V} \\ R_{gon} &= 8 \Omega \\ R_{goff} &= 8 \Omega \end{aligned}$$

**IGBT**
**figure 36.**

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

$$E = f(R_g)$$



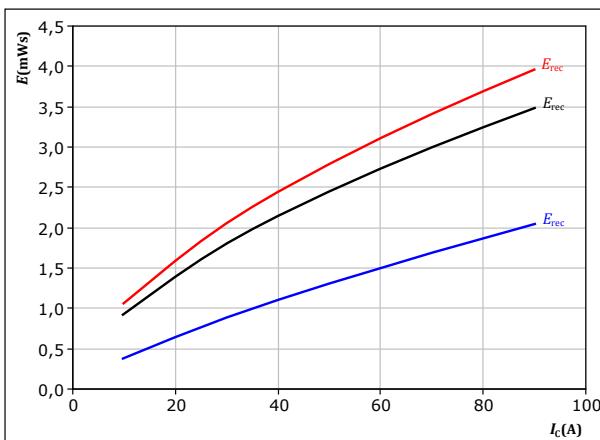
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 600 \text{ V} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \text{ V} \\ I_C &= 50 \text{ A} \end{aligned}$$

**IGBT**
**figure 37.**

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_c)$$



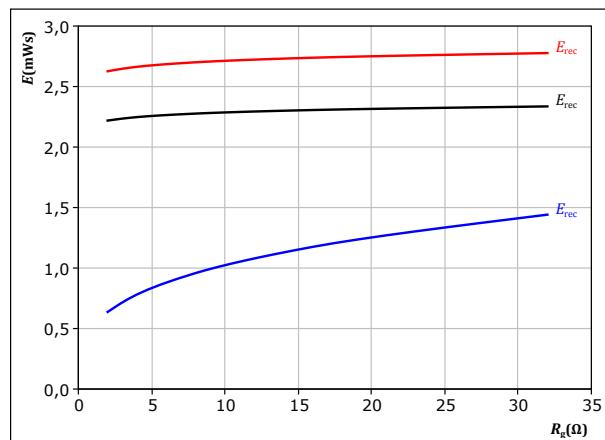
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 600 \text{ V} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \text{ V} \\ R_{gon} &= 8 \Omega \end{aligned}$$

**FWD**
**figure 38.**

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 600 \text{ V} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \text{ V} \\ I_C &= 50 \text{ A} \end{aligned}$$

**FWD**

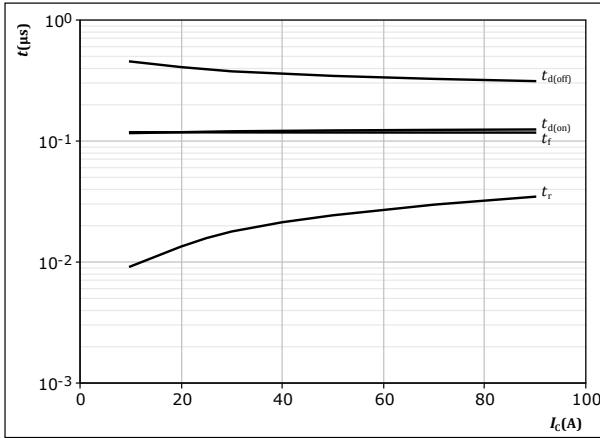


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## Brake Switching Characteristics

figure 39. IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current  
 $t = f(I_C)$

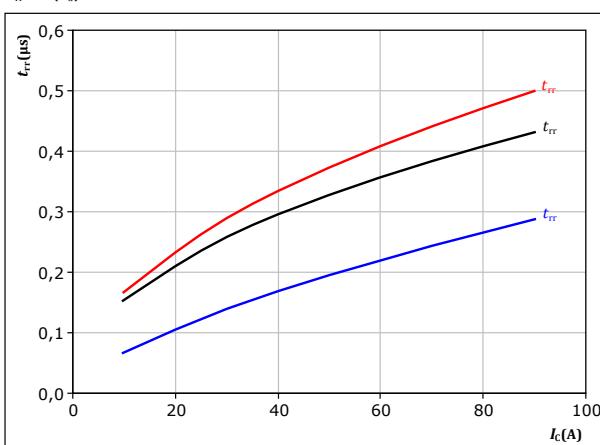


With an inductive load at

T<sub>j</sub> = 150 °C  
V<sub>CE</sub> = 600 V  
V<sub>GE</sub> = ±15 V  
R<sub>gon</sub> = 8 Ω  
R<sub>goff</sub> = 8 Ω

figure 41. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current  
 $t_{rr} = f(I_C)$

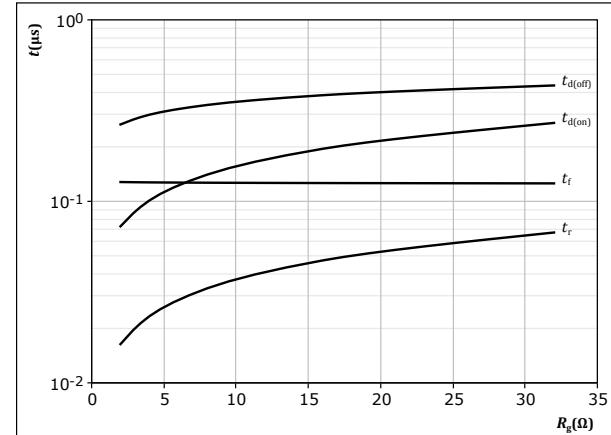


With an inductive load at

V<sub>CE</sub> = 600 V  
V<sub>GE</sub> = ±15 V  
R<sub>gon</sub> = 8 Ω

figure 40. IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor  
 $t = f(R_g)$

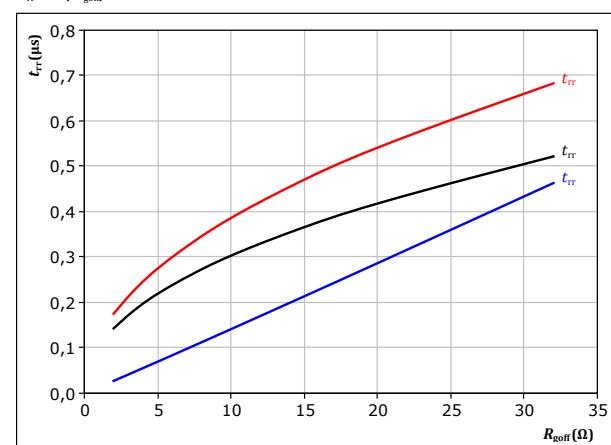


With an inductive load at

T<sub>j</sub> = 150 °C  
V<sub>CE</sub> = 600 V  
V<sub>GE</sub> = ±15 V  
I<sub>C</sub> = 50 A

figure 42. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn off gate resistor  
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{goff})$



With an inductive load at

V<sub>CE</sub> = 600 V  
V<sub>GE</sub> = ±15 V  
I<sub>C</sub> = 50 A



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## Brake Switching Characteristics

figure 43.

FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$

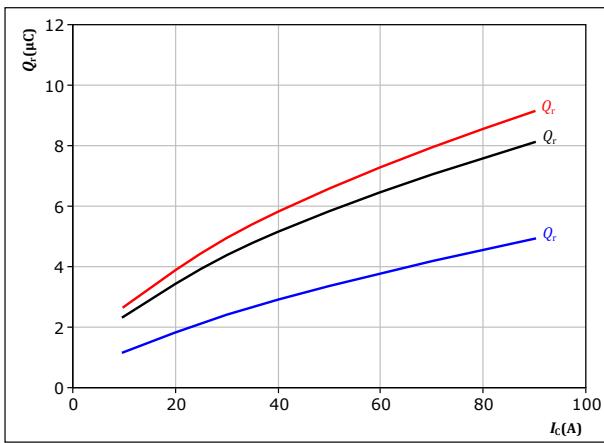


figure 45.

FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$

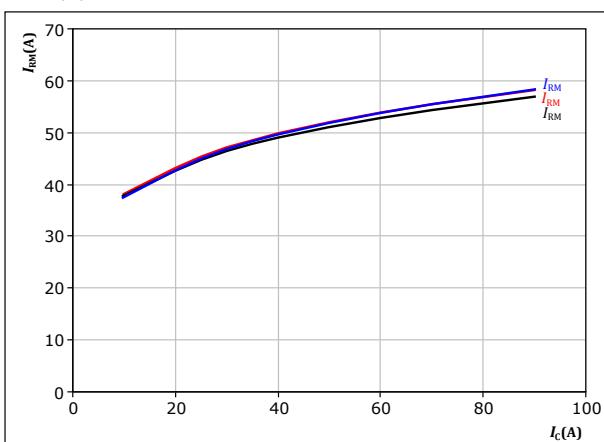


figure 44.

FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of turn off gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{go\bar{f}})$$

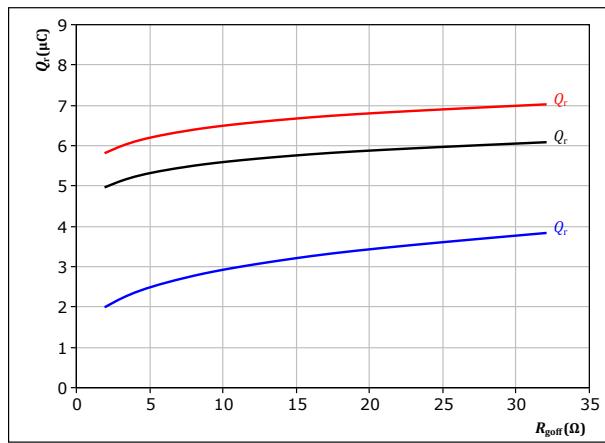
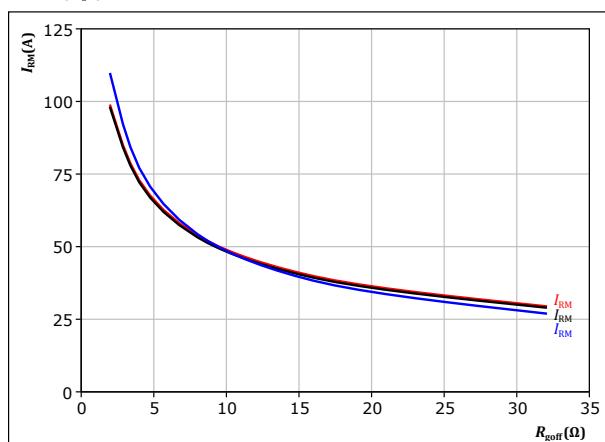


figure 46.

FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of turn off gate resistor

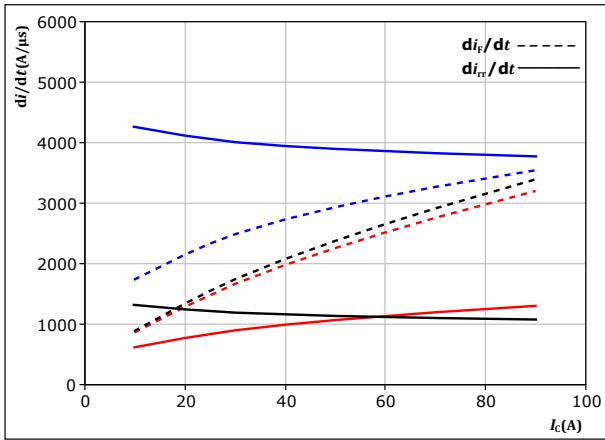
$$I_{RM} = f(R_{go\bar{f}})$$



## Brake Switching Characteristics

**figure 47.****FWD**

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$

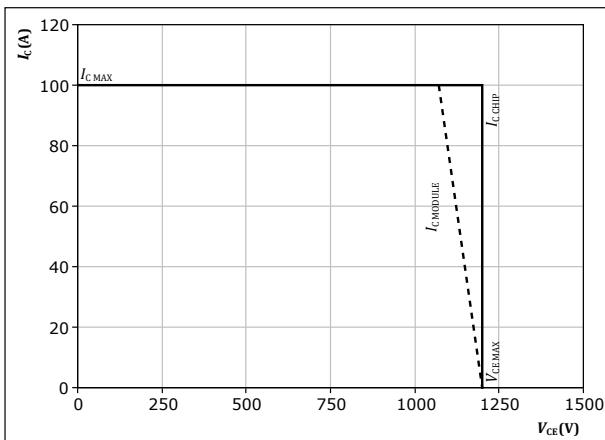


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_j =$	25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		125 °C
$R_{gon} =$	8	Ω		150 °C

**figure 49.****IGBT**

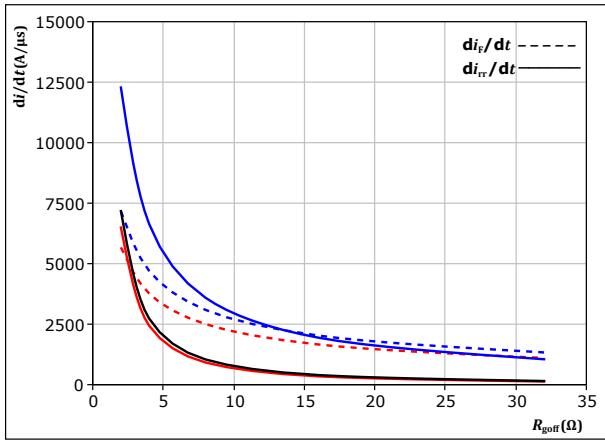
Reverse bias safe operating area

 $I_c = f(V_{CE})$ 

At  $T_j = 150$  °C  
 $R_{gon} = 8$  Ω  
 $R_{goff} = 8$  Ω

**figure 48.****FWD**

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn off gate resistor  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{goff})$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_j =$	25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		125 °C
$I_c =$	50	A		150 °C

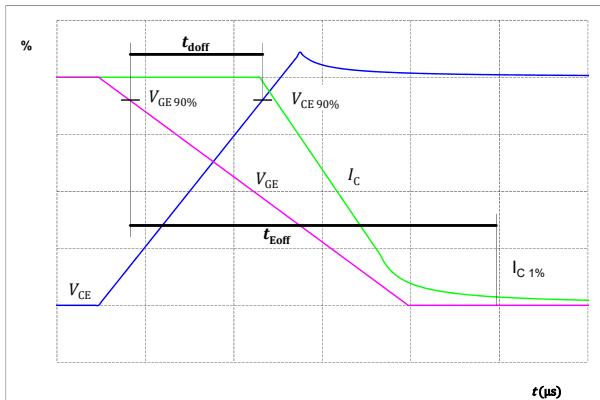


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## Switching Definitions

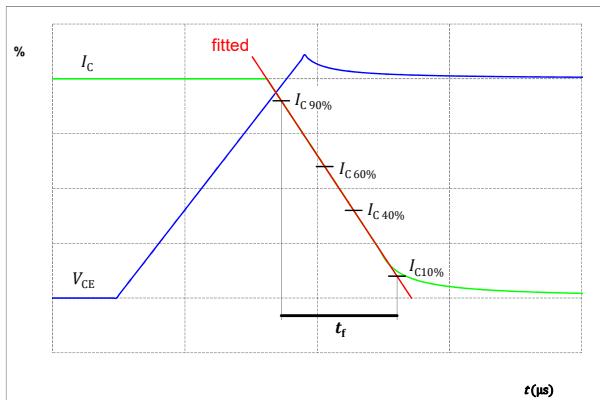
**figure 50.** IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$ ,  $t_{Eoff}$  ( $t_{Eoff}$  = integrating time for  $E_{off}$ )



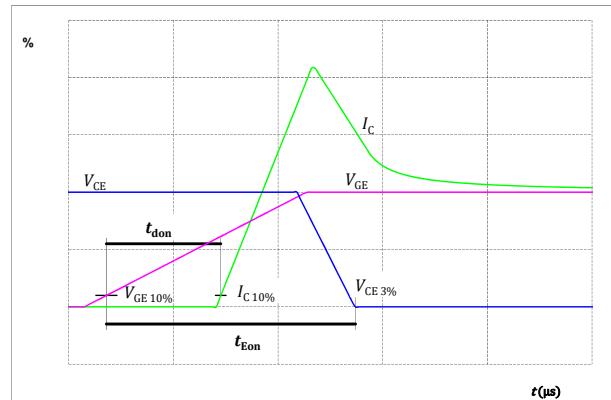
**figure 52.** IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_f$



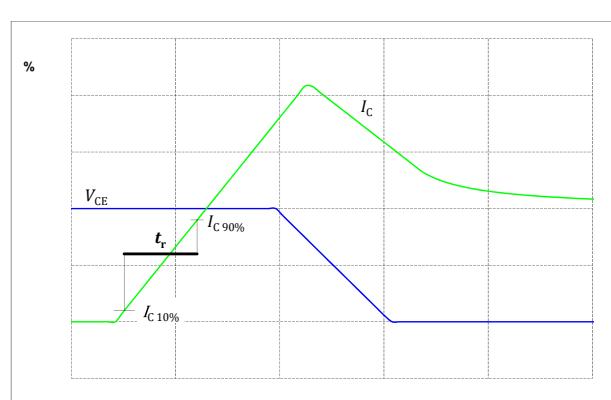
**figure 51.** IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{don}$ ,  $t_{Eon}$  ( $t_{Eon}$  = integrating time for  $E_{on}$ )



**figure 53.** IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$



## Switching Definitions

figure 54.  
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{tr}$

FWD

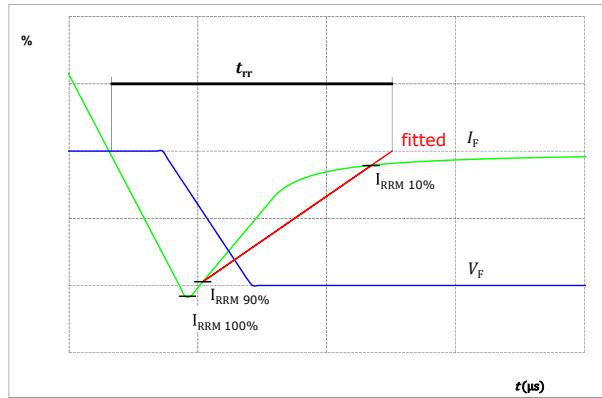
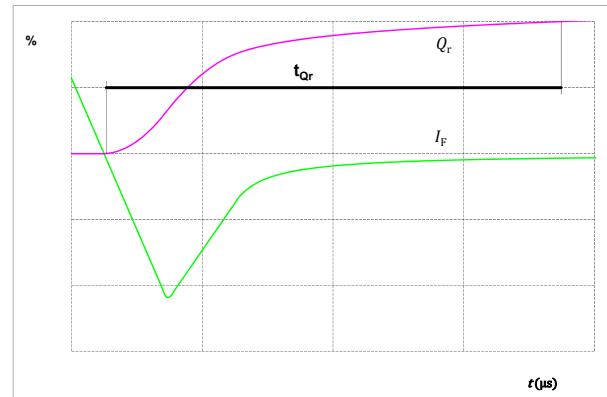
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{tr}$ 

figure 55.  
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{qr}$  ( $t_{qr}$  = integrating time for  $Q_r$ )

FWD

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{qr}$  ( $t_{qr}$  = integrating time for  $Q_r$ )

**V23990-P769-AY-PM**

datasheet

**Vincotech****Ordering Code**

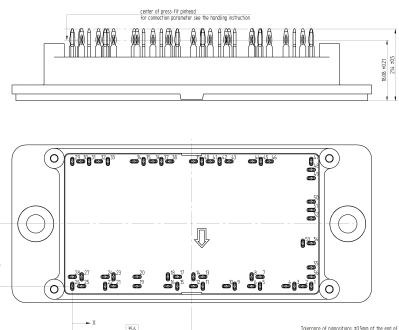
Version	Ordering Code
Without thermal paste	V23990-P769-AY-PM
With thermal paste (3,4 W/mK, PSX-P7)	V23990-P769-AY-/3/-PM

**Marking**

Text	VIN	Date code	Type&Ver	UL	Lot	Serial
	VIN	WWYY	TTTTTTVV	UL	LLLLL	SSSS
	Type&Ver	Lot number	Serial	Date code		
Datamatrix	TTTTTTVV	LLLLL	SSSS	WWYY		

**Outline**

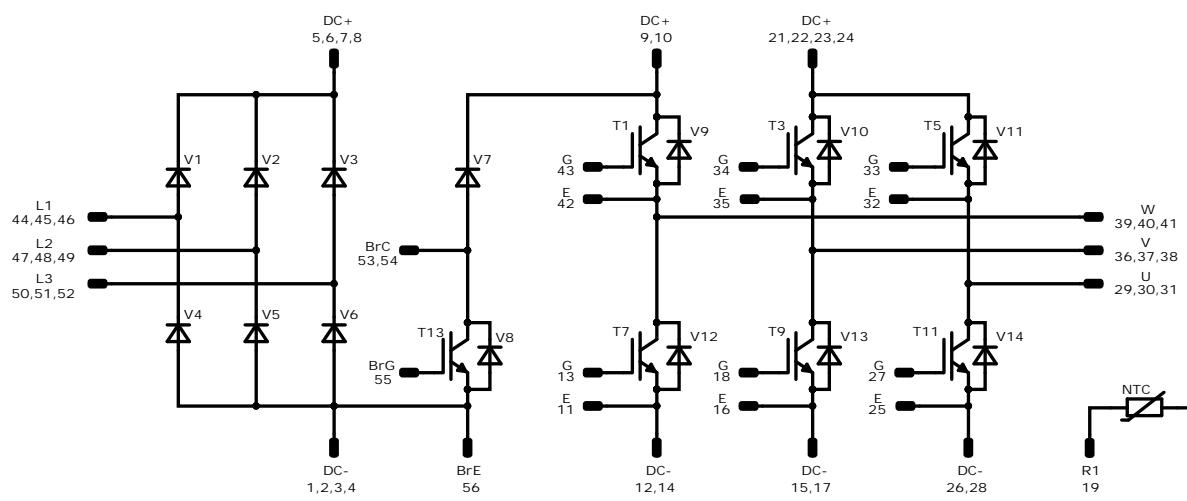
Pin table [mm]						
Pin	X	Y	Function	29	0	37,2
1	71,2	0	DC-	30	2,5	37,2
2	68,7	0	DC-	31	5	37,2
3	66,2	0	DC-	32	7,8	37,2
4	63,7	0	DC-	33	10,6	37,2
5	55,95	0	DC+	34	18,45	37,2
6	53,45	0	DC+	35	21,25	37,2
7	55,95	2,8	DC+	36	24,05	37,2
8	53,45	2,8	DC+	37	26,55	37,2
9	48,4	0	DC+	38	29,05	37,2
10	45,9	0	DC+	39	36,1	37,2
11	38,9	0	E	40	38,6	37,2
12	36,1	0	DC-	41	41,1	37,2
13	38,9	2,8	G	42	43,9	37,2
14	36,1	2,8	DC-	43	46,7	37,2
15	31,3	0	DC-	44	53,7	37,2
16	28,5	0	E	45	56,2	37,2
17	31,3	2,8	DC-	46	58,7	37,2
18	28,5	2,8	G	47	71,2	37,2
19	19,3	0	R2	48	71,2	34,7
20	19,3	2,8	R1	49	71,2	32,2
21	12,3	0	DC+	50	71,2	25,2
22	9,8	0	DC+	51	71,2	22,7
23	12,3	2,8	DC+	52	71,2	20,2
24	9,8	2,8	DC+	53	68,7	12,8
25	2,8	0	E	54	71,2	12,8
26	0	0	DC-	55	71,2	5,6
27	2,8	2,8	G	56	71,2	2,8
28	0	2,8	DC-			

Topview of component: #30m at the end of pins  
Dimension of coordinate axis: a slight offset without tolerance



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### Pinout



### Identification

ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T7, T1, T9, T3, T11, T5	IGBT	1200 V	70 A	Inverter Switch	
V9, V12, V10, V13, V11, V14	FWD	1200 V	75 A	Inverter Diode	
T13	IGBT	1200 V	50 A	Brake Switch	
V7	FWD	1200 V	25 A	Brake Diode	
V8	FWD	1200 V	10 A	Brake Sw. Protection Diode	
V4, V1, V5, V2, V6, V3	Rectifier	1600 V	75 A	Rectifier Diode	
NTC	Thermistor			Thermistor	



# Vincotech

<b>Packaging instruction</b>				
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 36	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ	Sample
<b>Handling instruction</b>				
Handling instructions for flow 2 packages see vincotech.com website.				
<b>Package data</b>				
Package data for flow 2 packages see vincotech.com website.				
<b>Vincotech thermistor reference</b>				
See Vincotech thermistor reference table at vincotech.com website.				
<b>UL recognition and file number</b>				
This device is certified according to UL 1557 standard, UL file number E192116. For more information see vincotech.com website.				

<b>Document No.:</b>	<b>Date:</b>	<b>Modification:</b>	<b>Pages</b>
V23990-P769-AY-PM-D10-14	12 Sep. 2021	New Datasheet format, module is unchanged Update Dynamic measurements Separate datasheet for pressfit pin version	

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Vincotech products are not authorised for use as critical components in life support devices or systems without the express written approval of Vincotech.

As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, or (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in labelling can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.
2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.