

flow90PACK 1 2nd gen

Output Inverter Application

1200V/8A

General conditions
3phase SPWM

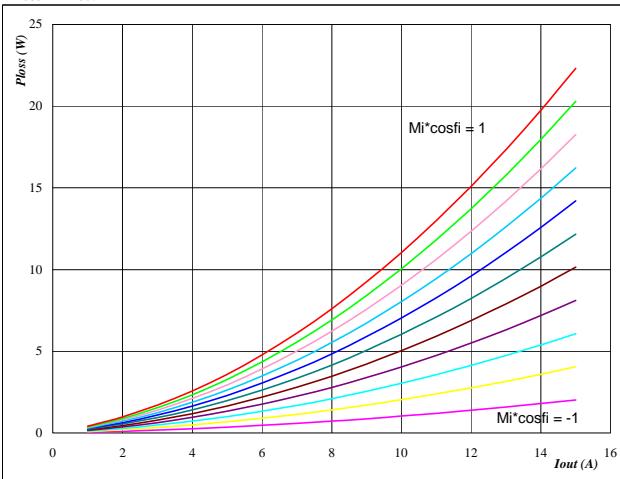
V_{GEon}	=	15 V
V_{GEoff}	=	-15 V
R_{gon}	=	64 Ω
R_{goff}	=	64 Ω

Figure 1

IGBT

Typical average static loss as a function of output current

$$P_{loss} = f(I_{out})$$

**At**

$$T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

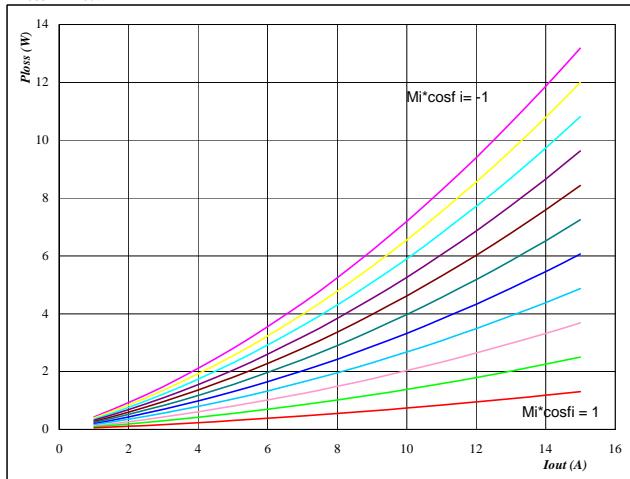
Mi*cosφ from -1 to 1 in steps of 0,2

Figure 2

FWD

Typical average static loss as a function of output current

$$P_{loss} = f(I_{out})$$

**At**

$$T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

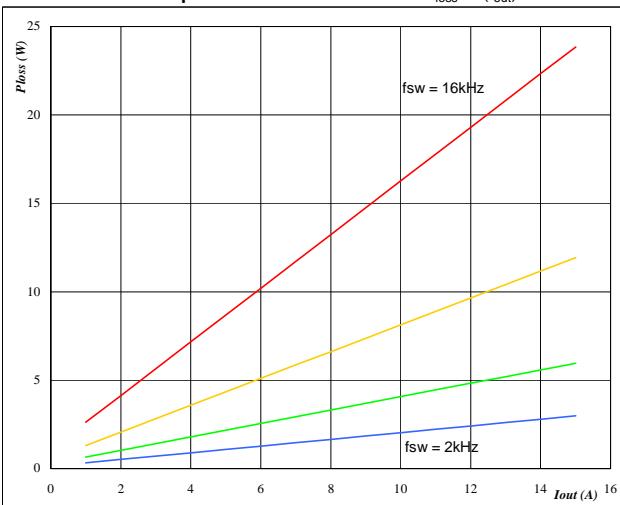
Mi*cosφ from -1 to 1 in steps of 0,2

Figure 3

IGBT

Typical average switching loss as a function of output current

$$P_{loss} = f(I_{out})$$

**At**

$$T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

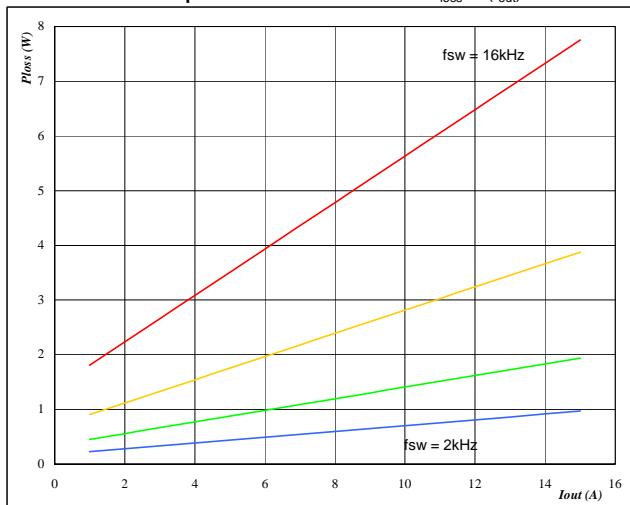
$$\text{DC link} = 600 \text{ V}$$

f_{sw} from 2 kHz to 16 kHz in steps of factor 2**Figure 4**

FWD

Typical average switching loss as a function of output current

$$P_{loss} = f(I_{out})$$

**At**

$$T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\text{DC link} = 600 \text{ V}$$

f_{sw} from 2 kHz to 16 kHz in steps of factor 2

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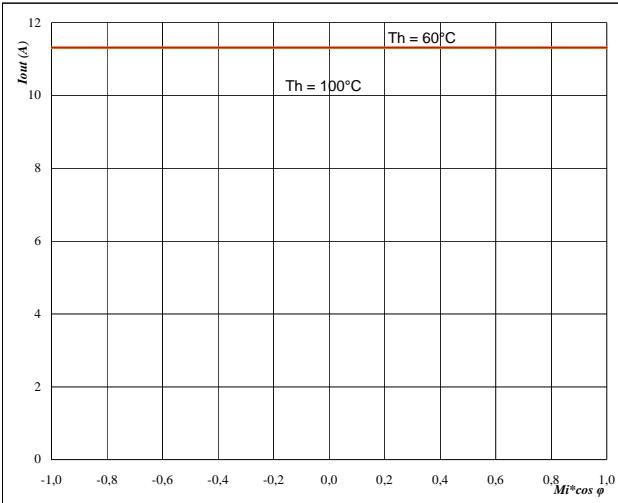
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Figure 5

Typical available 50Hz output current
as a function $M_i \cos \phi$

$$I_{out} = f(M_i \cos \phi)$$

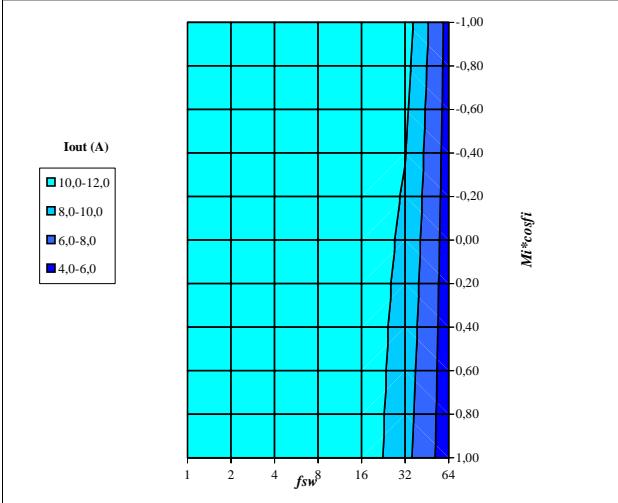
**At** $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

DC link = 600 V

 $f_{sw} = 4 \text{ kHz}$ T_h from 60 °C to 100 °C in steps of 5 °C**Figure 7**

Typical available 50Hz output current as a function of
 $M_i \cos \phi$ and switching frequency

$$I_{out} = f(f_{sw}, M_i \cos \phi)$$

**At** $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

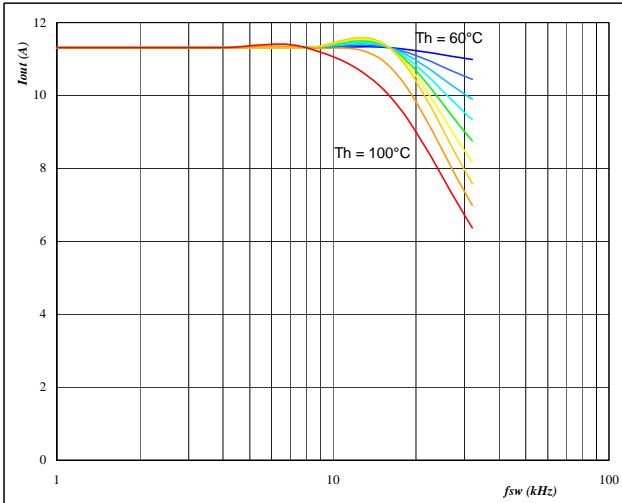
DC link = 600 V

 $T_h = 80 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ **Figure 6**

Phase

Typical available 50Hz output current
as a function of switching frequency

$$I_{out} = f(f_{sw})$$

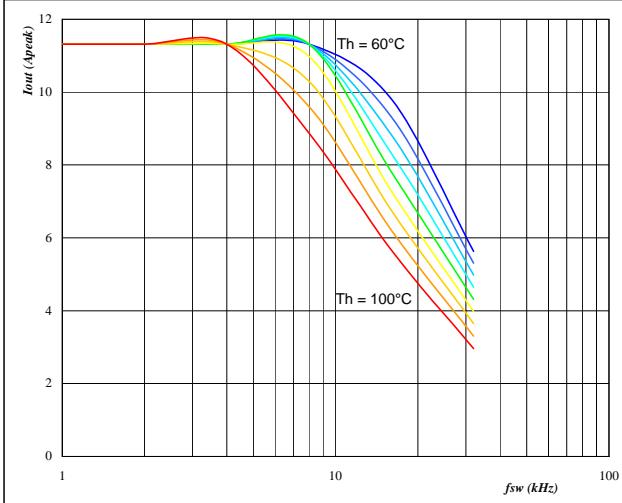
**At** $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

DC link = 600 V

 $M_i \cos \phi = 0,8$ T_h from 60 °C to 100 °C in steps of 5 °C**Figure 8**

Typical available 0Hz output current as a function
of switching frequency

$$I_{outpeak} = f(f_{sw})$$

**At** $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

DC link = 600 V

 T_h from 60 °C to 100 °C in steps of 5 °C $M_i = 0$

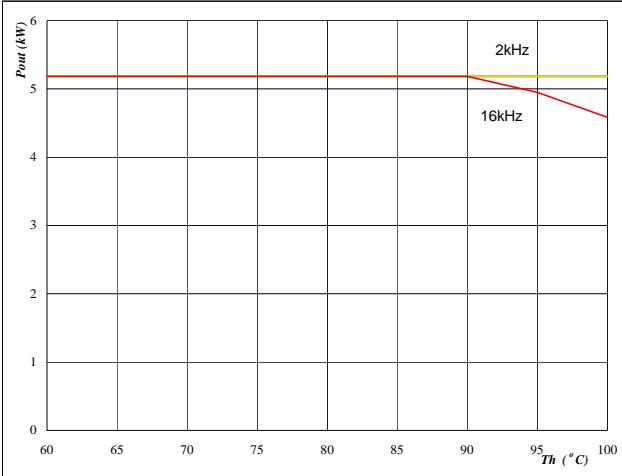
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Figure 9

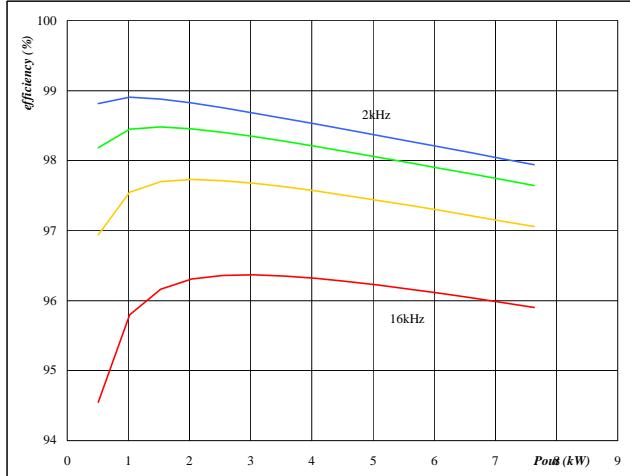
Typical available peak output power as a function of heatsink temperature
 $P_{out}=f(T_h)$

**At**

T_j = 150 °C
DC link = 600 V
Mi = 1
cos φ = 0,80
f_{sw} from 2 kHz to 16 kHz in steps of factor 2

Inverter**Figure 10**

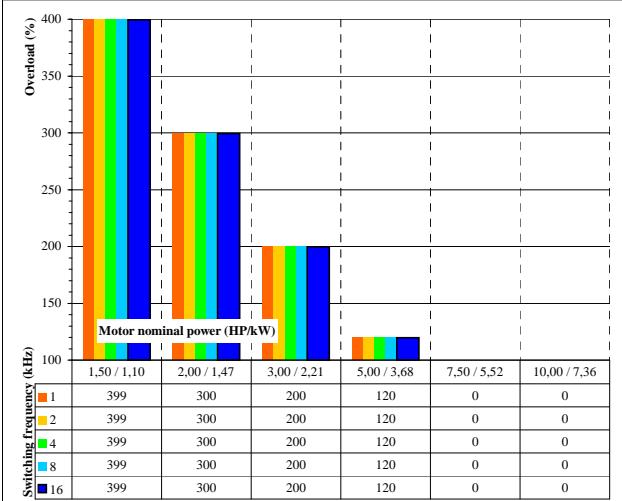
Typical efficiency as a function of output power
efficiency=f(P_{out})

**At**

T_j = 150 °C
DC link = 600 V
Mi = 1
cos φ = 0,80
f_{sw} from 2 kHz to 16 kHz in steps of factor 2

Figure 11

Typical available overload factor as a function of motor power and switching frequency
 $P_{peak} / P_{nom}=f(P_{nom}, f_{sw})$

**At**

T_j = 150 °C
DC link = 600 V
Mi = 1
cos φ = 0,8
f_{sw} from 1 kHz to 16 kHz in steps of factor 2
T_h = 80 °C
Motor eff = 0,85