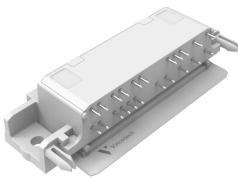
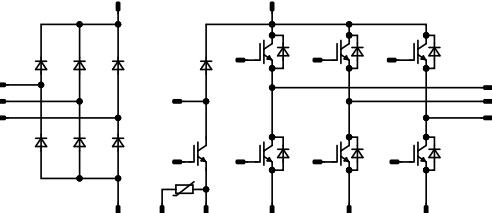




Vincotech

flow90PIM 1	1200 V / 25 A
Features <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Trench Fieldstop Technology IGBT4 for low saturation loss• Supports design with 90° mounting angle between heatsink and PCB• Clip-in PCB mounting• Clip or screw on heatsink mounting	flow90 1 housing 
Target applications <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Industrial drives	Schematic 
Types <ul style="list-style-type: none">• V23990-P630-A44-PM	



Vincotech

Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Inverter Switch				
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}		1200	V
Collector current (DC current)	I_C	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	32	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	75	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	90	W
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GES}		± 20	V
Short circuit ratings	t_{SC}	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = 800\text{ V}$ $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	10	μs
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^\circ\text{C}$
Inverter Diode				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	30	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	50	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	60	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^\circ\text{C}$
Brake Switch				
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}		1200	V
Collector current (DC current)	I_C	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	22	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	45	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	65	W
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GES}		± 20	V
Short circuit ratings	t_{SC}	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = 800\text{ V}$ $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	10	μs
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^\circ\text{C}$



Vincotech

Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Brake Diode				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	19	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	20	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	46	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^\circ\text{C}$

Rectifier Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		1600	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	33	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	I_{FSM}	Single Half Sine Wave, $t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$	200	A
Surge current capability	I^t	$T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	200	A^2s
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	44	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		150	$^\circ\text{C}$

Module Properties

Thermal Properties				
Storage temperature	T_{sig}		-40...+125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Operation temperature under switching condition	T_{jop}		-40...+($T_{jmax} - 25$)	$^\circ\text{C}$

Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	V_{isol}	DC Test Voltage* $t_p = 2 \text{ s}$	6000	V
Isolation voltage	V_{isol}	AC Voltage $t_p = 1 \text{ min}$	2500	V
Creepage distance			>12,7	mm
Clearance			11,84	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI		≥ 200	

*100 % tested in production



Vincotech

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions						Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V]	V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	I_C [A]	I_D [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max

Inverter Switch

Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,00085	25	5,3	5,8	6,3	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V_{CEsat}		15		25	25 150	1,58	1,96 2,3	2,07 ⁽¹⁾	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	I_{CES}		0	1200		25			2,4	µA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		25			120	nA
Internal gate resistance	r_g							None		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{res}	$f = 1 \text{ Mhz}$	0	25	25	25	1450			pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}									pF
Gate charge	Q_g		15		0	25		200		nC

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4 \text{ W/mK}$ (PSX)						1,05		K/W
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Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{gon} = 32 \Omega$ $R_{goff} = 32 \Omega$	± 15	600	25	25		126,8		
Rise time	t_r					125		129,6		
						150		130		ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25		45,2		
						125		46,6		
Fall time	t_f					150		46,2		ns
						25		239,6		
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	E_{on}					125		299,6		
						150		317,8		ns
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	E_{off}					25		68		
						125		119,96		
						150		135,85		ns
						25		2,61		mWs
						125		3,53		
						150		3,77		
						25		1,42		mWs
						125		2,22		
						150		2,45		



Vincotech

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions						Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V]	V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	I_C [A]	I_D [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max

Inverter Diode

Static

Forward voltage	V_F				25	25 125 150	1,35	1,85 1,83 1,82	2,05 ⁽¹⁾	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_F = 1200$ V			25			5,2	μ A	

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,59		K/W
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Dynamic

Peak recovery current	I_{RRM}	$di/dt=552$ A/ μ s $di/dt=488$ A/ μ s $di/dt=617$ A/ μ s	± 15	600	25	25 125 150		12,03 15,13 16,09		A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					25 125 150		345,06 500,67 564,26		ns
Recovered charge	Q_r					25 125 150		2,18 4,01 4,68		μ C
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}					25 125 150		0,768 1,46 1,74		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$					25 125 150		40,38 36,51 35,56		A/ μ s



Vincotech

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions						Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V]	V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	I_C [A]	I_D [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max

Brake Switch

Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,0005	25	5,3	5,8	6,3	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V_{CEsat}		15		15	25 150	1,58	1,89 2,28	2,07 ⁽¹⁾	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	I_{CES}		0	1200		25			2	µA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		25			120	nA
Internal gate resistance	r_g							None		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{res}	$f = 1 \text{ Mhz}$	0	25	25	25	890		pF	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}									
Gate charge	Q_g		20		0	25		120		nC

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4 \text{ W/mK}$ (PSX)						1,45		K/W
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Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{gon} = 32 \Omega$ $R_{goff} = 32 \Omega$	± 15	600	15	25		93,4		
Rise time	t_r					125		96,4		
						150		96,8		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25		36,8		
						125		37		
Fall time	t_f					150		38,2		
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	E_{on}	$Q_{fFWD}=1,2 \mu\text{C}$ $Q_{fFWD}=2,18 \mu\text{C}$ $Q_{fFWD}=2,49 \mu\text{C}$				25		198,6		
						125		255		
						150		266,8		
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	E_{off}					25		80,15		
						125		117,59		
						150		131,16		
						25		1,04		mWs
						125		1,4		
						150		1,49		
						25		0,855		
						125		1,33		
						150		1,44		



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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions						Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V]	V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	I_C [A]	I_D [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max

Brake Diode

Static

Forward voltage	V_F				10	25 150	1,35	1,87 1,8	2,05 ⁽¹⁾	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_r = 1200$ V			25				2,7	µA

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						2,07		K/W
--	---------------	---------------------------------------	--	--	--	--	--	------	--	-----

Dynamic

Peak recovery current	I_{RRM}	$di/dt=392$ A/µs $di/dt=326$ A/µs $di/dt=369$ A/µs	± 15	600	15	25		7,94		
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					125		10,27		A
Recovered charge	Q_r					150		10,77		
Recovered charge	Q_r		± 15	600	15	25		317,37		
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}					125		474,79		ns
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}					150		549,81		
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$		± 15	600	15	25		1,2		µC
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$					125		2,18		
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$					150		2,49		
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$		± 15	600	15	25		0,494		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$					125		0,929		
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$					150		1,08		
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$		± 15	600	15	25		50,61		A/µs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$					125		41,54		
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$					150		39,25		



Vincotech

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions						Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V]	V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	I_C [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

Rectifier Diode

Static

Forward voltage	V_F				8	25 125		0,996 0,907	1,21 ⁽¹⁾ 1,1 ⁽¹⁾	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_r = 1600$ V				25			50	µA

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,59		K/W
--	---------------	---------------------------------------	--	--	--	--	--	------	--	-----

Thermistor

Static

Rated resistance	R					25		22		kΩ
Deviation of R_{100}	$A_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 1486$ Ω				100	-12		14	%
Power dissipation	P							200		mW
Power dissipation constant	d					25		2		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. ±3 %						3950		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. ±3 %						3998		K
Vincotech Thermistor Reference									B	

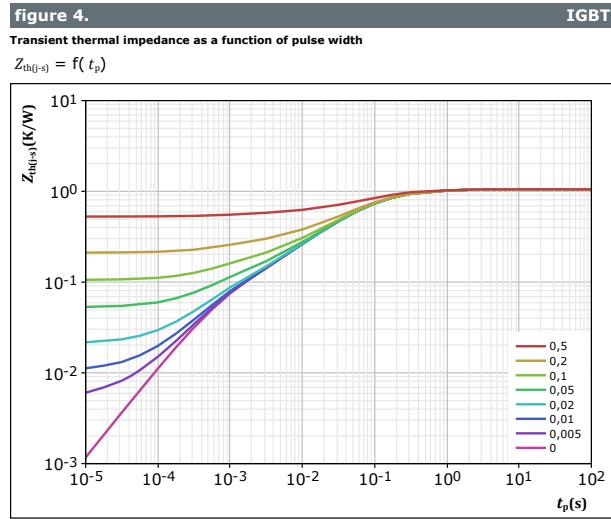
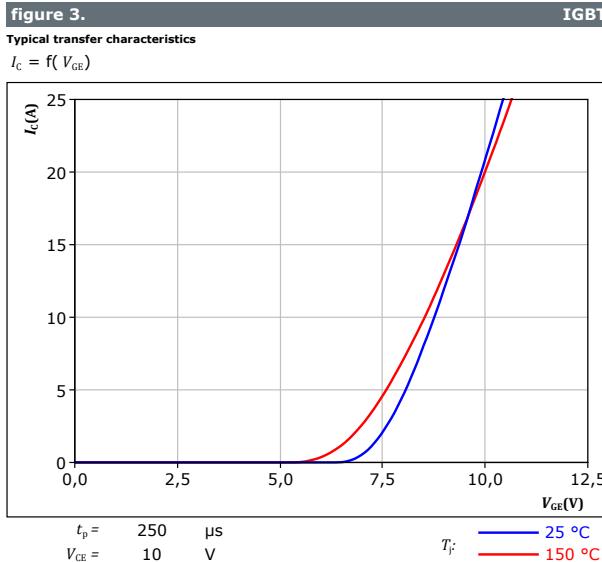
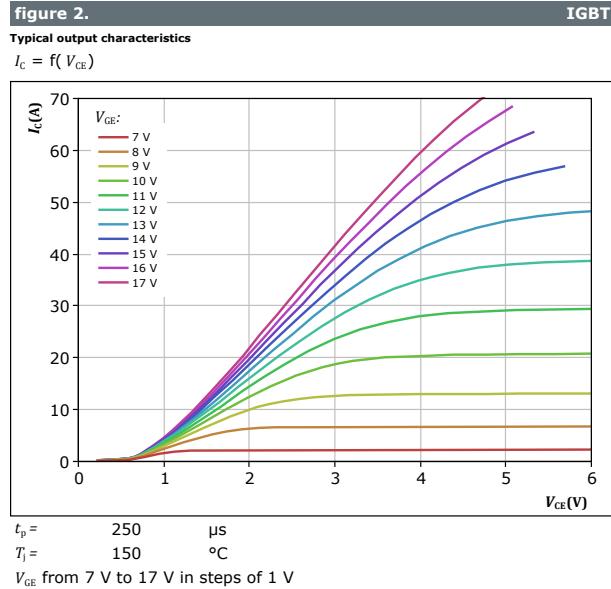
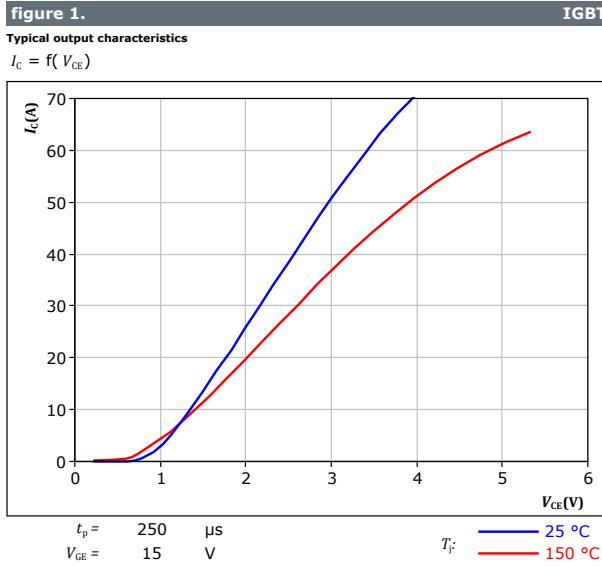
⁽¹⁾ Value at chip level

⁽²⁾ Only valid with pre-applied Vincotech thermal interface material.



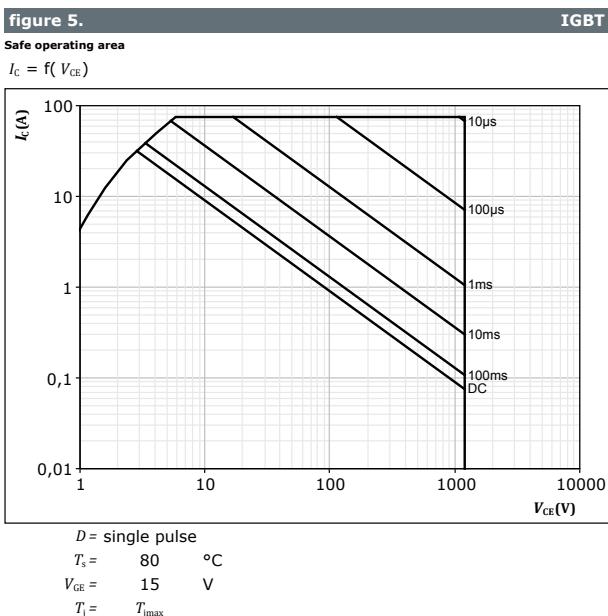
Vincotech

Inverter Switch Characteristics





Inverter Switch Characteristics

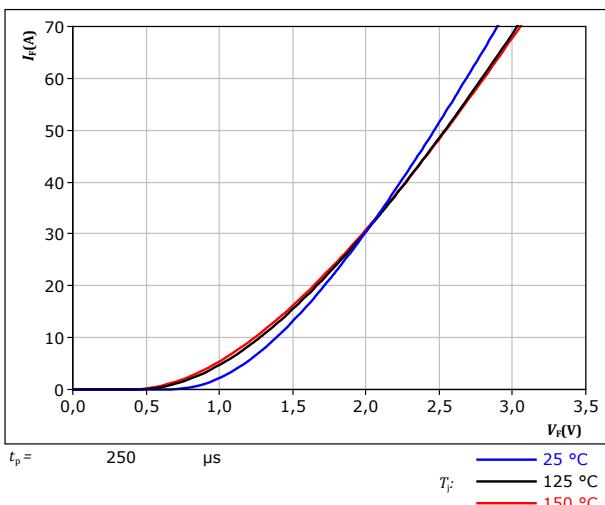


Inverter Diode Characteristics

figure 6.

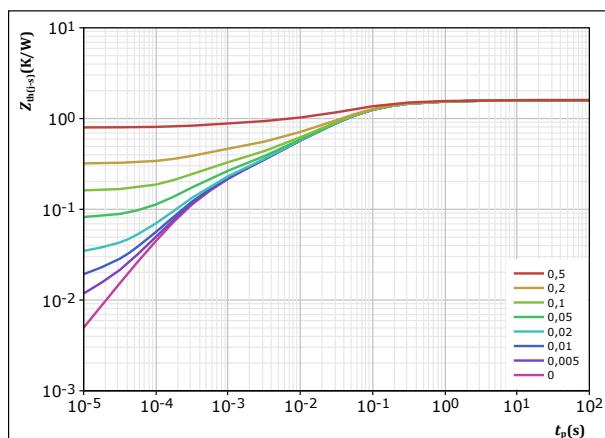
Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

FWD**figure 7.**

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

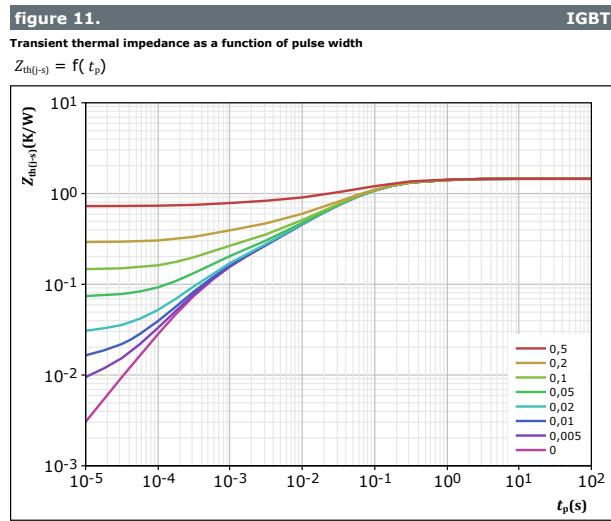
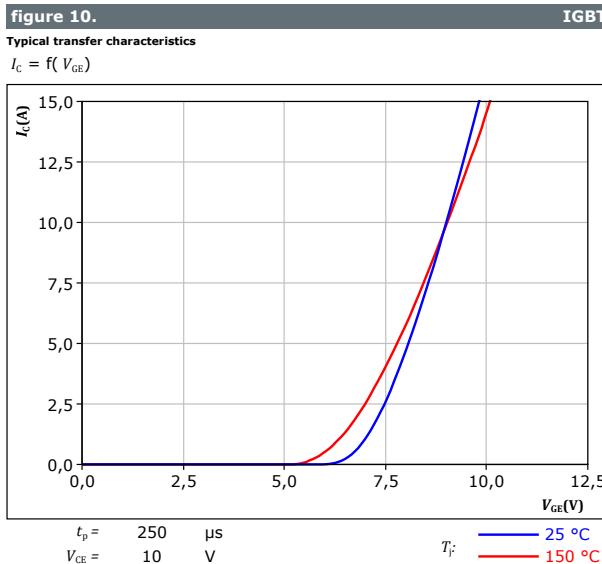
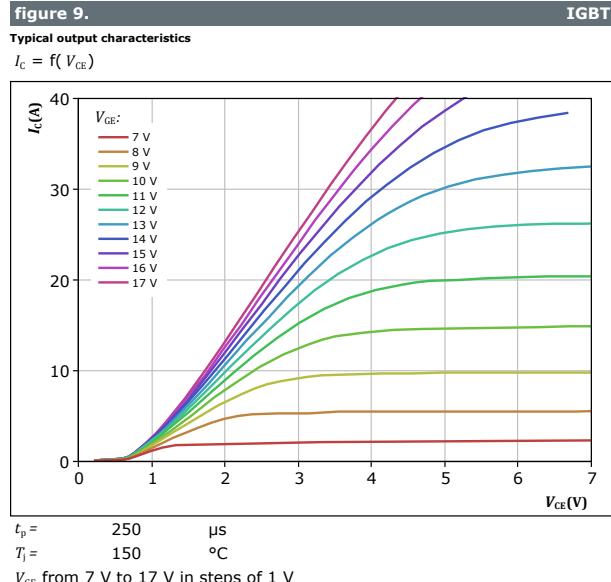
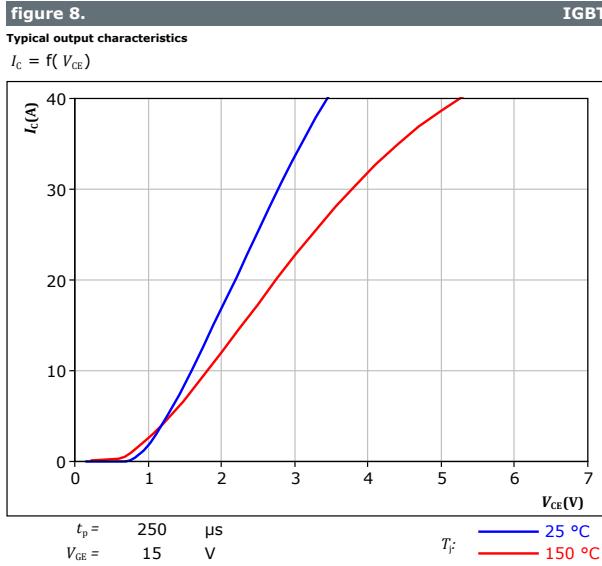
$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$

FWD



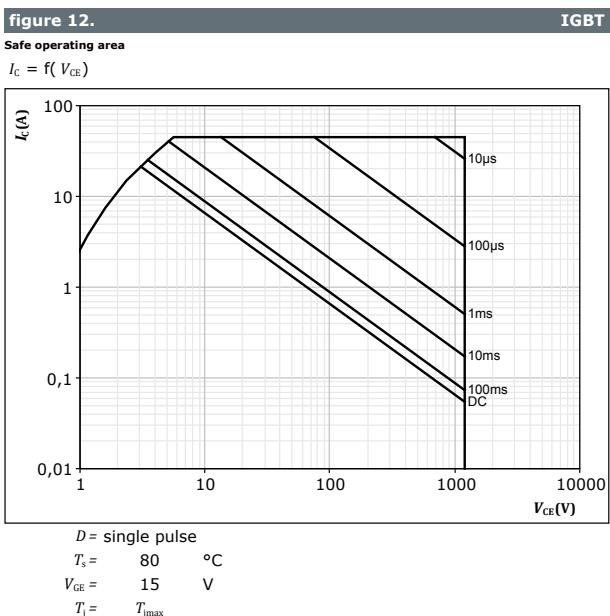
Vincotech

Brake Switch Characteristics



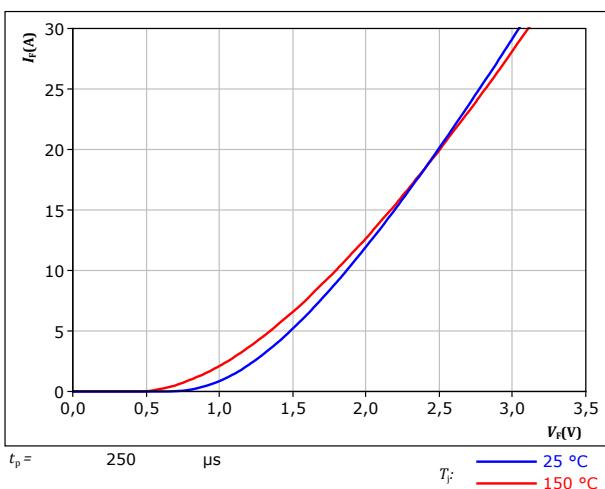


Brake Switch Characteristics



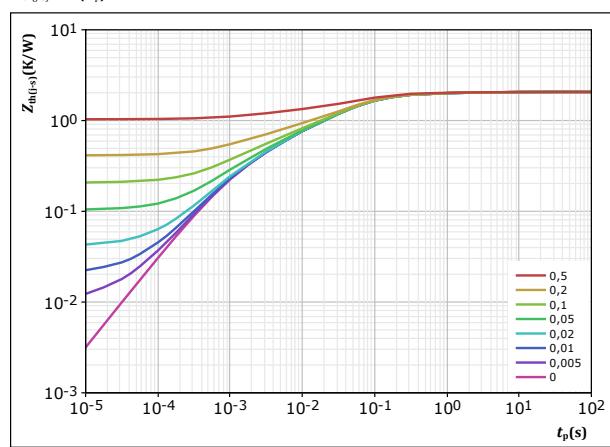
Brake Diode Characteristics

figure 13.
Typical forward characteristics
 $I_F = f(V_F)$



FWD

figure 14.
Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width
 $Z_{\text{th}(t-s)} = f(t_p)$



FWD

$D = t_p / T$	$R_{\text{th}(t-s)}$ (K/W)
0,5	4,26E+00
0,2	5,03E-01
0,1	7,89E-02
0,05	2,68E-02
0,02	5,03E-03
0,01	9,09E-04
0,005	
0	

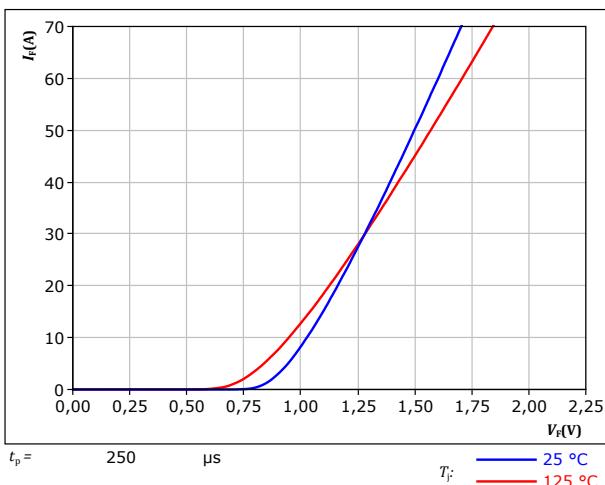
FWD thermal model values

Rectifier Diode Characteristics

figure 15.

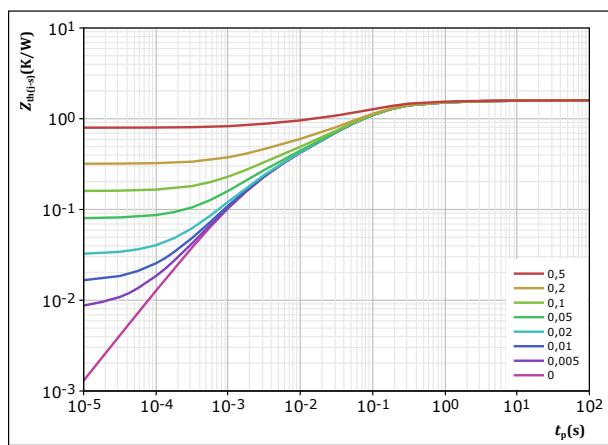
Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

**Rectifier****figure 16.**

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(t-s)} = f(t_p)$$

**Rectifier**

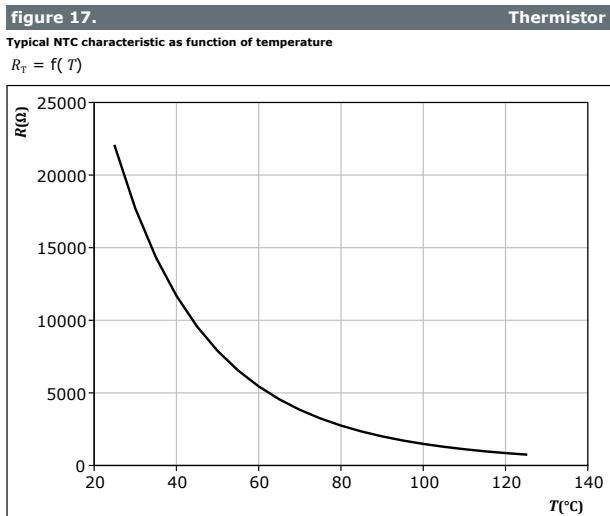
$$D = \frac{t_p / T}{1,594} \quad R_{th(t-s)} = \frac{1,594}{t_p / T} \text{ K/W}$$

Rectifier thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
3,44E-02	9,66E+00
1,12E-01	1,22E+00
5,81E-01	1,45E-01
4,89E-01	5,05E-02
2,38E-01	9,26E-03
1,22E-01	1,79E-03
1,81E-02	7,88E-04



Thermistor Characteristics

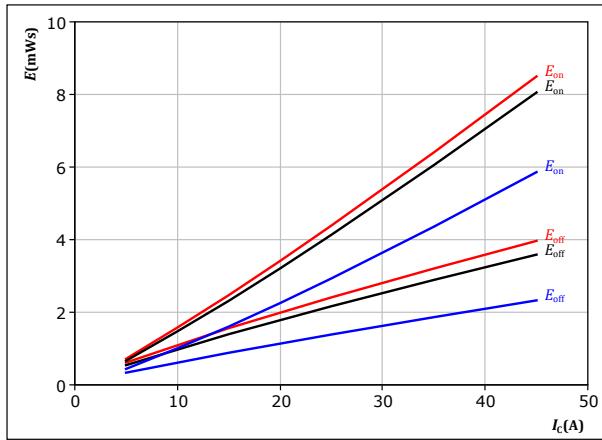


Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 18.

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_c)$$



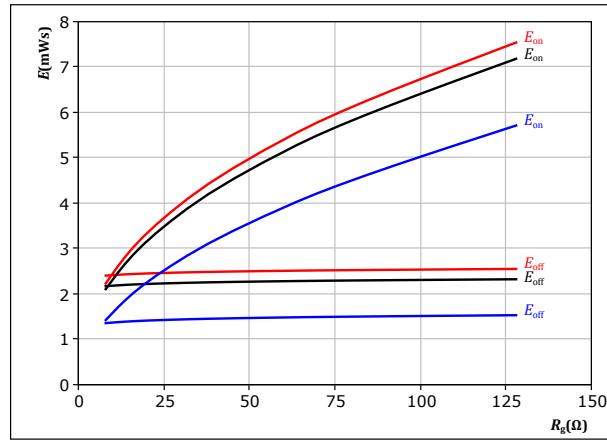
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_f =$	25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		125 °C
$R_{gon} =$	32	Ω		150 °C
$R_{goff} =$	32	Ω		

IGBT**figure 19.**

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

$$E = f(R_g)$$



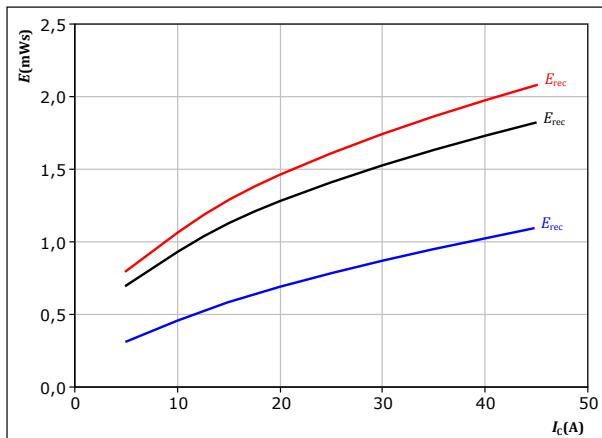
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_f =$	25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		125 °C
$I_c =$	25	A		150 °C

IGBT**figure 20.**

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_c)$$



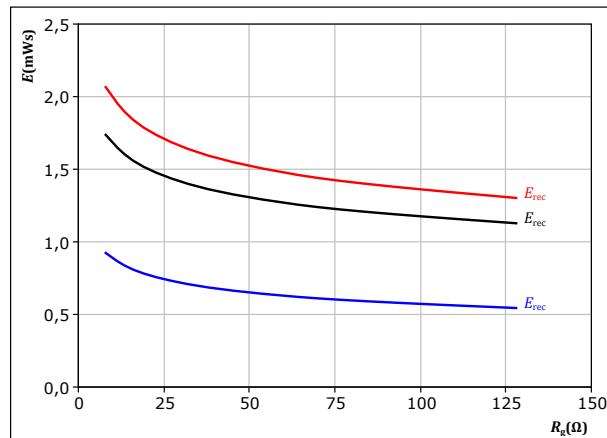
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_f =$	25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		125 °C
$R_{gon} =$	32	Ω		150 °C

FWD**figure 21.**

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_f =$	25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		125 °C
$I_c =$	25	A		150 °C

FWD



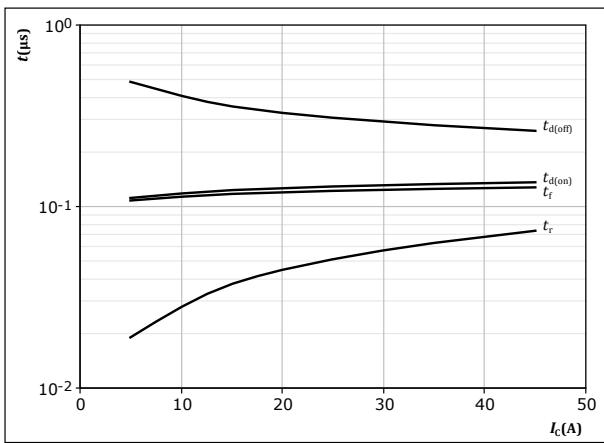
Vincotech

Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 22.

IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current
 $t = f(I_C)$



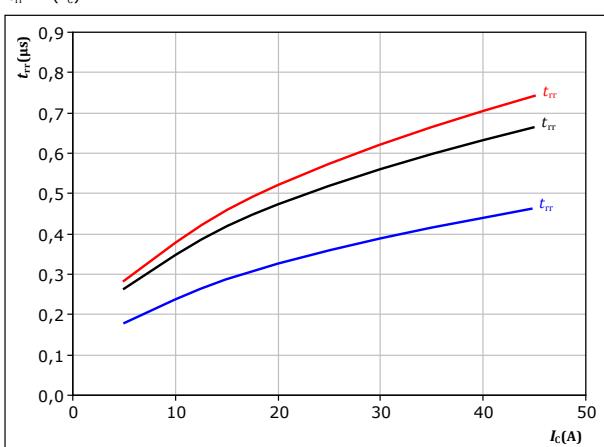
With an inductive load at

T_j = 150 °C
V_{CE} = 600 V
V_{GE} = ±15 V
R_{gon} = 32 Ω
R_{goff} = 32 Ω

figure 24.

FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current
 $t_{rr} = f(I_C)$



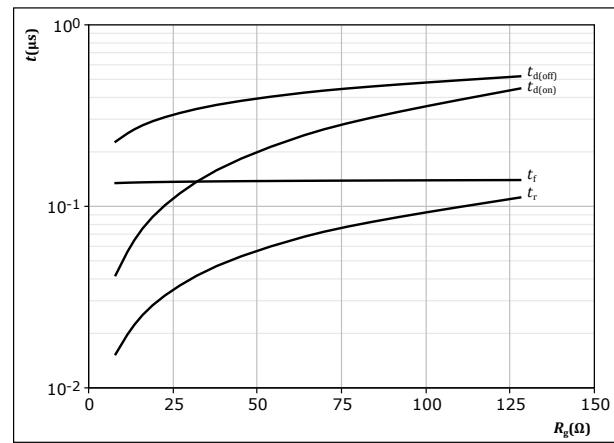
With an inductive load at

V_{CE} = 600 V
V_{GE} = ±15 V
R_{gon} = 32 Ω

figure 23.

IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor
 $t = f(R_g)$



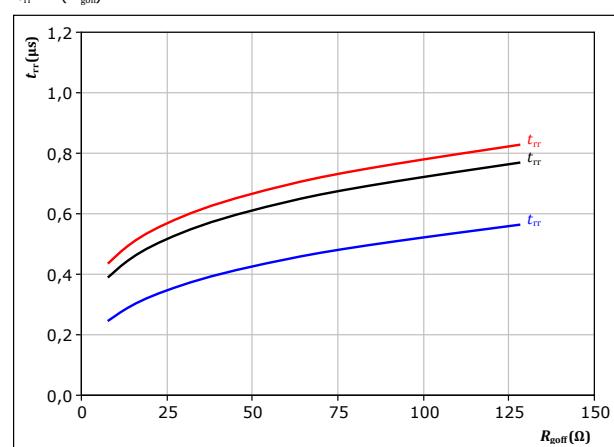
With an inductive load at

T_j = 150 °C
V_{CE} = 600 V
V_{GE} = ±15 V
I_C = 25 A

figure 25.

FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn off gate resistor
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{goff})$



With an inductive load at

V_{CE} = 600 V
V_{GE} = ±15 V
I_C = 25 A

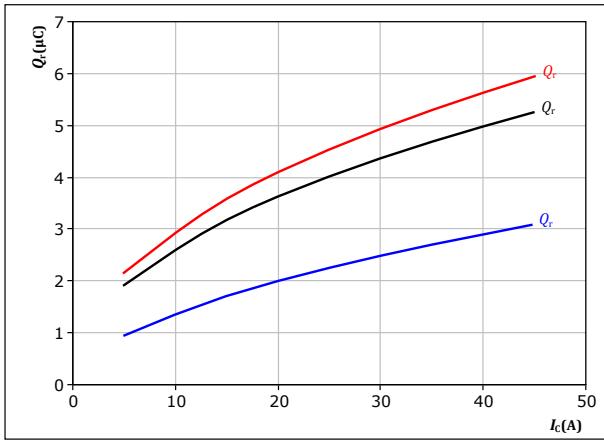
Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 26.

FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

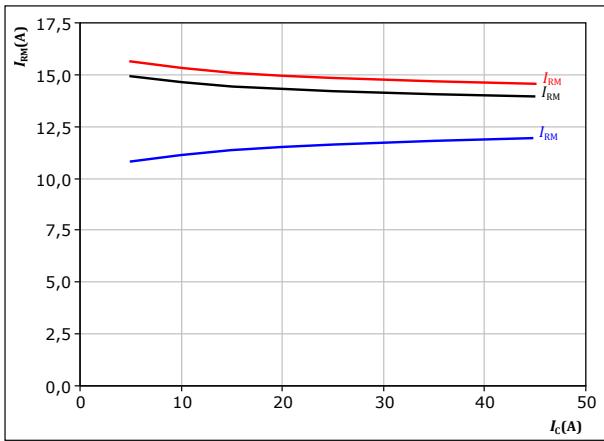
$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 32$ Ω

 $T_f: \quad$
 $\text{---} \quad 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
 $\text{---} \quad 125 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
 $\text{---} \quad 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
figure 28.

FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

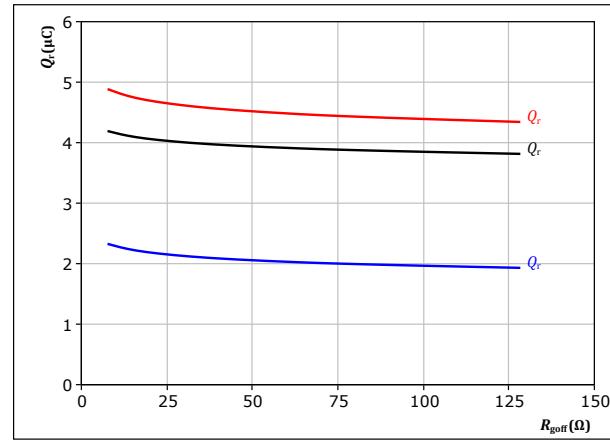
$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 32$ Ω

 $T_f: \quad$
 $\text{---} \quad 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
 $\text{---} \quad 125 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
 $\text{---} \quad 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
figure 27.

FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of turn off gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{go\bar{f}})$$



With an inductive load at

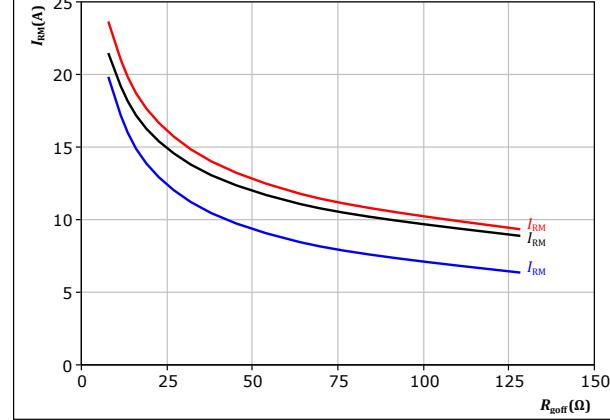
$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 25$ A

 $T_f: \quad$
 $\text{---} \quad 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
 $\text{---} \quad 125 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
 $\text{---} \quad 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
figure 29.

FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of turn off gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{go\bar{f}})$$



With an inductive load at

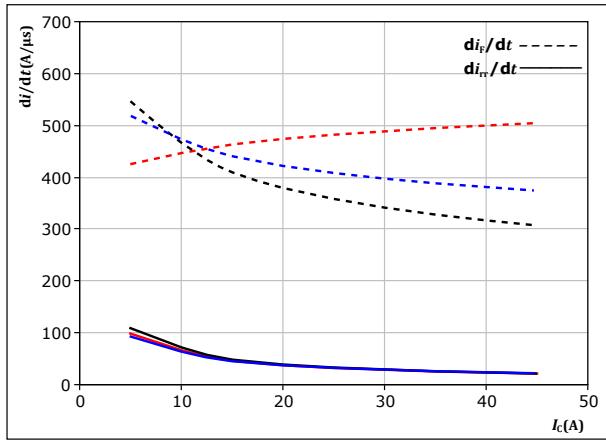
$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 25$ A

 $T_f: \quad$
 $\text{---} \quad 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
 $\text{---} \quad 125 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
 $\text{---} \quad 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 30. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



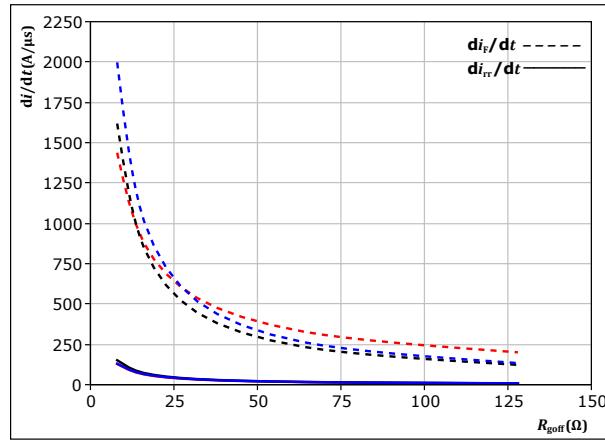
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 32$ Ω

$T_j = 25, 125, 150$ °C

figure 31. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn off gate resistor
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{goff})$



With an inductive load at

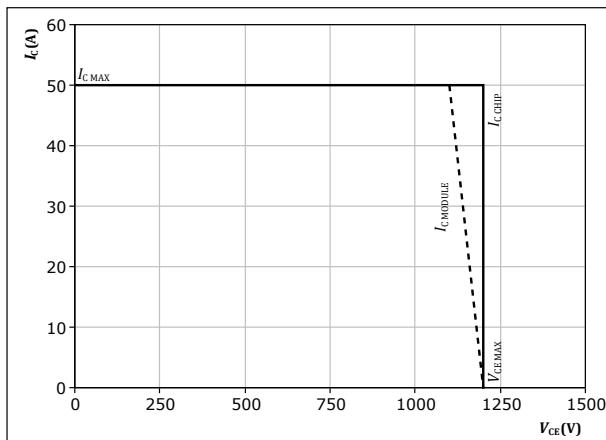
$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 25$ A

$T_j = 25, 125, 150$ °C

figure 32. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_c = f(V_{CE})$

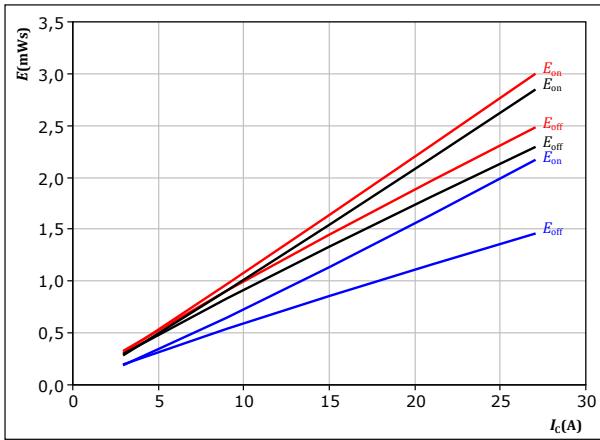


At $T_j = 150$ °C
 $R_{gon} = 32$ Ω
 $R_{goff} = 32$ Ω

Brake Switching Characteristics

figure 33. IGBT

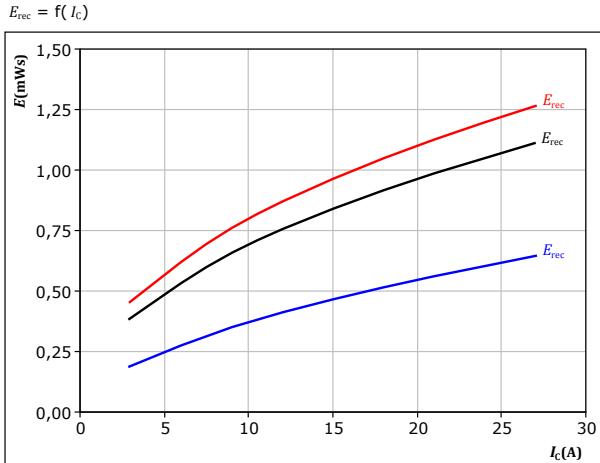
Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current
 $E = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$ $T_f = 25^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$ $T_f = 125^\circ\text{C}$
 $R_{gon} = 32 \Omega$ $T_f = 150^\circ\text{C}$
 $R_{goff} = 32 \Omega$

figure 35. FWD

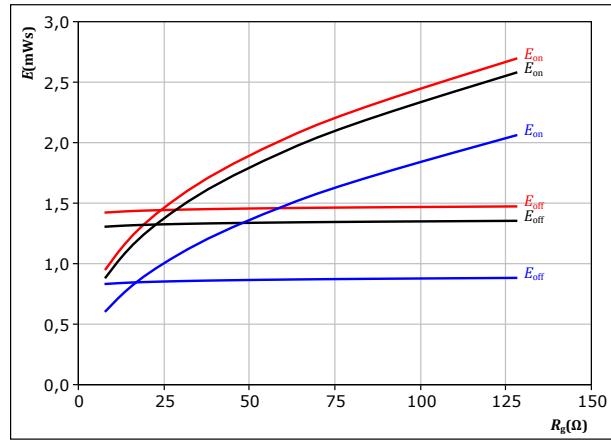
Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current
 $E_{rec} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$ $T_f = 25^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$ $T_f = 125^\circ\text{C}$
 $R_{gon} = 32 \Omega$ $T_f = 150^\circ\text{C}$

figure 34. IGBT

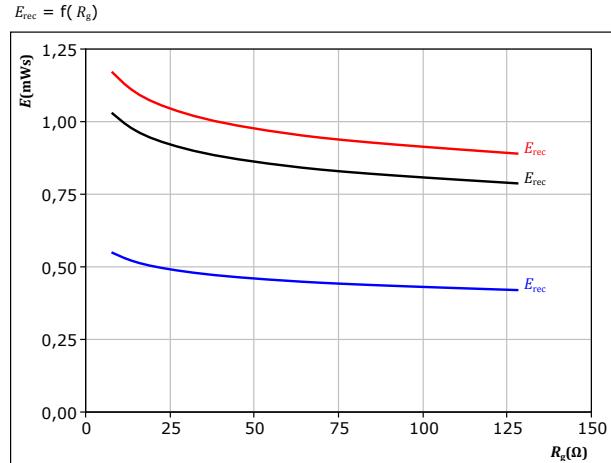
Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor
 $E = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$ $T_f = 25^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$ $T_f = 125^\circ\text{C}$
 $I_c = 15 \text{ A}$ $T_f = 150^\circ\text{C}$

figure 36. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor
 $E_{rec} = f(R_g)$

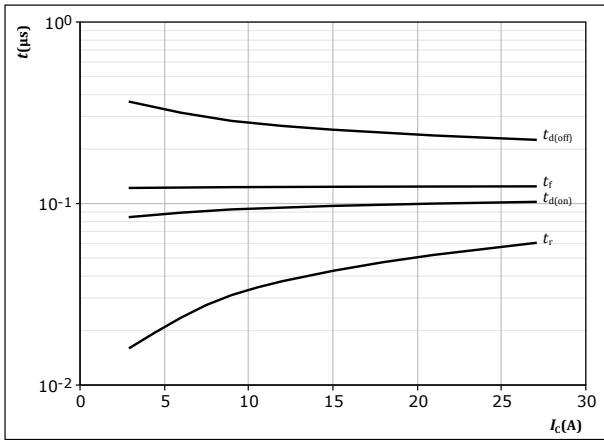


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$ $T_f = 25^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$ $T_f = 125^\circ\text{C}$
 $I_c = 15 \text{ A}$ $T_f = 150^\circ\text{C}$

Brake Switching Characteristics

figure 37.

Typical switching times as a function of collector current
 $t = f(I_C)$

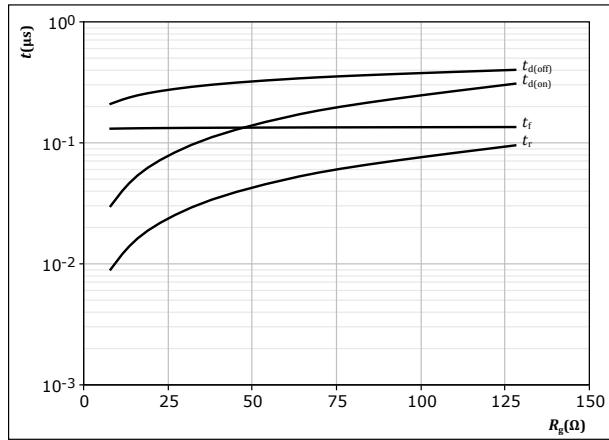


With an inductive load at

T _j =	150	°C
V _{CE} =	600	V
V _{GE} =	±15	V
R _{gon} =	32	Ω
R _{goff} =	32	Ω

IGBT**figure 38.**

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor
 $t = f(R_g)$

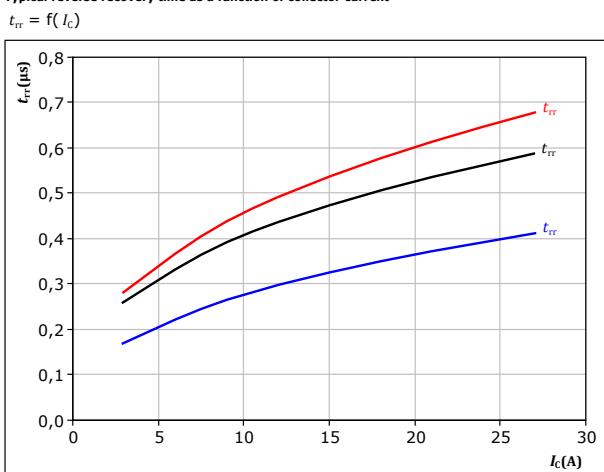


With an inductive load at

T _j =	150	°C
V _{CE} =	600	V
V _{GE} =	±15	V
I _C =	15	A

IGBT**figure 39.**

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current
 $t_{rr} = f(I_C)$

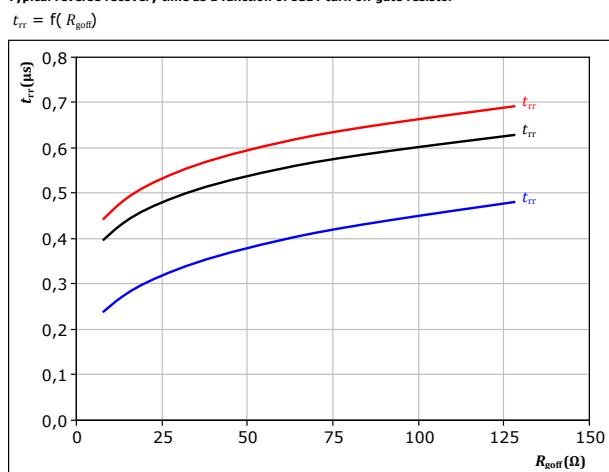


With an inductive load at

V _{CE} =	600	V	T _j =	25 °C
V _{GE} =	±15	V		125 °C
R _{gon} =	32	Ω		150 °C

FWD**figure 40.**

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn off gate resistor
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{goff})$



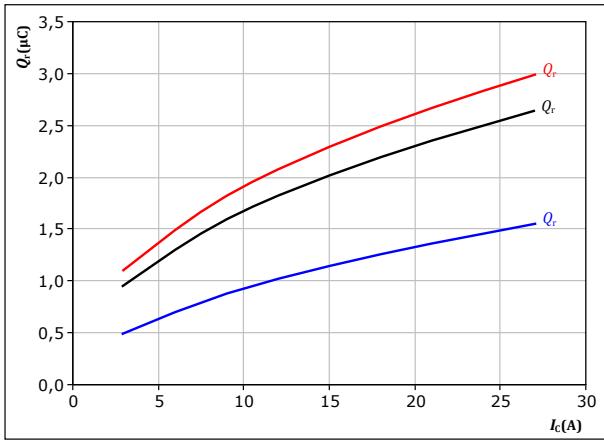
With an inductive load at

V _{CE} =	600	V	T _j =	25 °C
V _{GE} =	±15	V		125 °C
I _C =	15	A		150 °C

Brake Switching Characteristics**figure 41.**

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



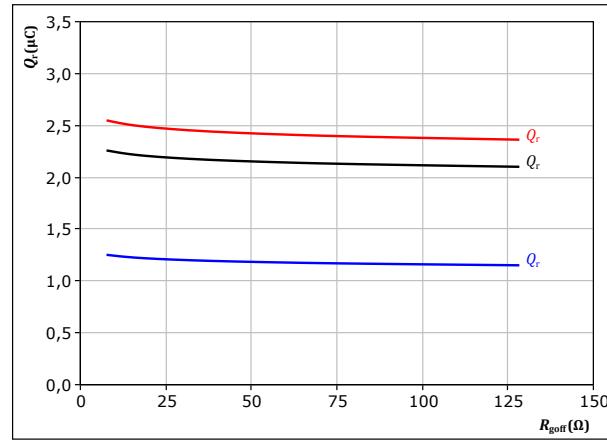
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 600 \quad \text{V} & T_f &= 25^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \quad \text{V} & & \\ R_{gon} &= 32 \quad \Omega & & \end{aligned}$$

FWD**figure 42.**

Typical recovered charge as a function of turn off gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{go\bar{n}})$$



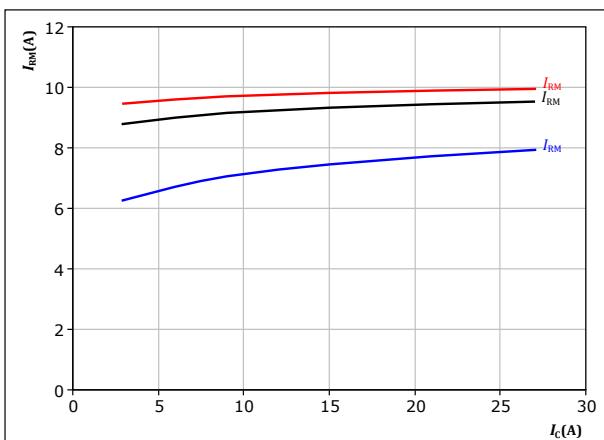
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 600 \quad \text{V} & T_f &= 25^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \quad \text{V} & & \\ I_c &= 15 \quad \text{A} & & \end{aligned}$$

FWD**figure 43.**

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



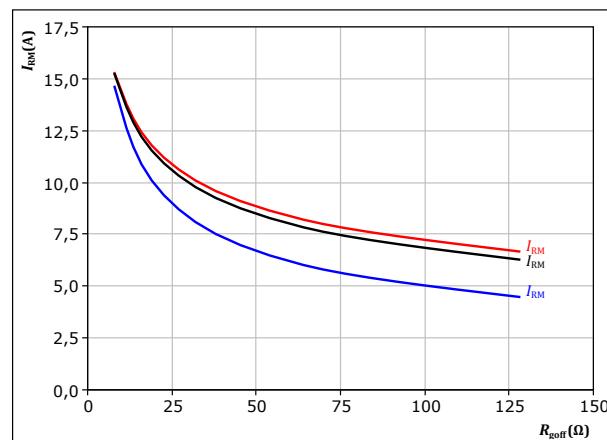
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 600 \quad \text{V} & T_f &= 25^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \quad \text{V} & & \\ R_{gon} &= 32 \quad \Omega & & \end{aligned}$$

FWD**figure 44.**

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of turn off gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{go\bar{n}})$$



With an inductive load at

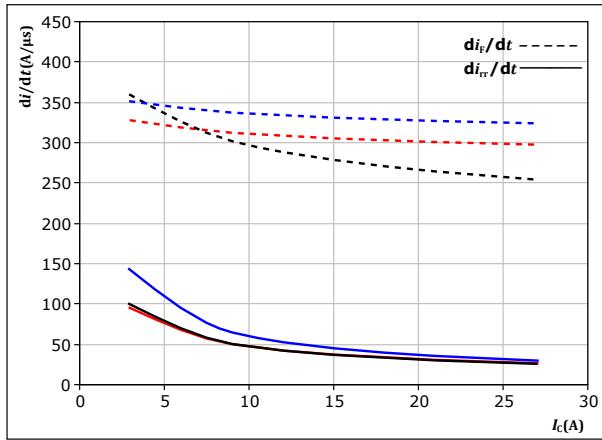
$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 600 \quad \text{V} & T_f &= 25^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \quad \text{V} & & \\ I_c &= 15 \quad \text{A} & & \end{aligned}$$

FWD

Brake Switching Characteristics

figure 45. FWD

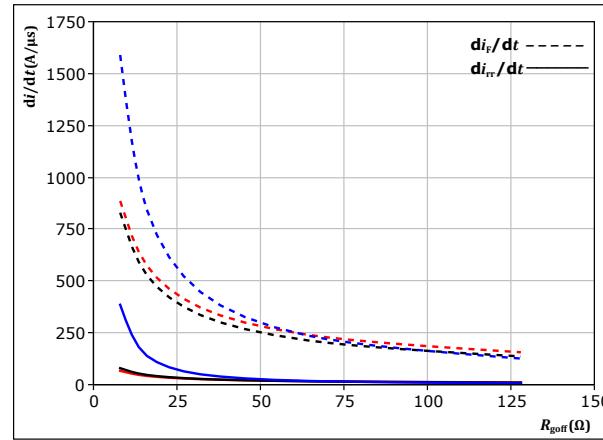
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$


With an inductive load at

 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 32 \Omega$
 $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$
 $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$
 $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$
figure 46. FWD

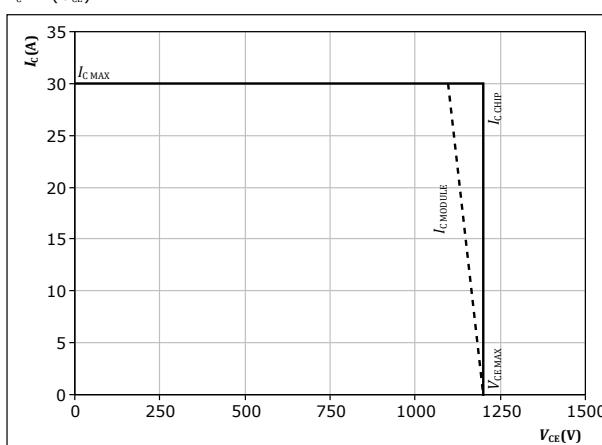
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn off gate resistor

 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{goff})$


With an inductive load at

 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 15 \text{ A}$
figure 47. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

 $I_c = f(V_{CE})$

At $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$
 $R_{gon} = 32 \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 32 \Omega$



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Switching Definitions

figure 48. IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} , t_{Eoff} (t_{Eoff} = integrating time for E_{off})

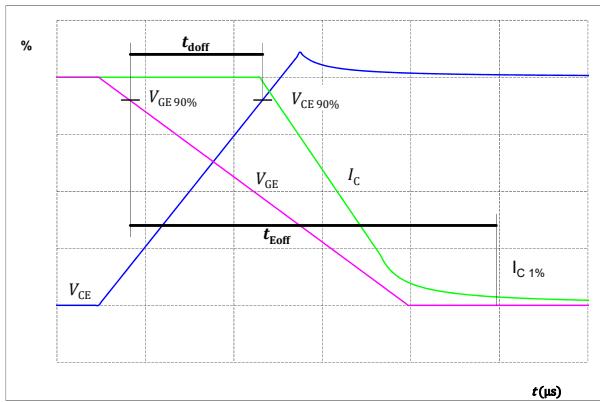


figure 50. IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f

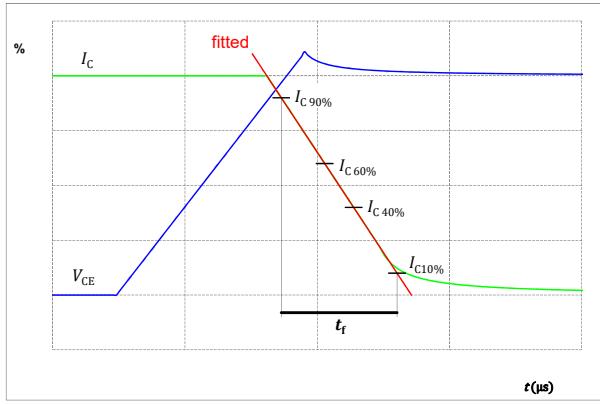


figure 49. IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} , t_{Eon} (t_{Eon} = integrating time for E_{on})

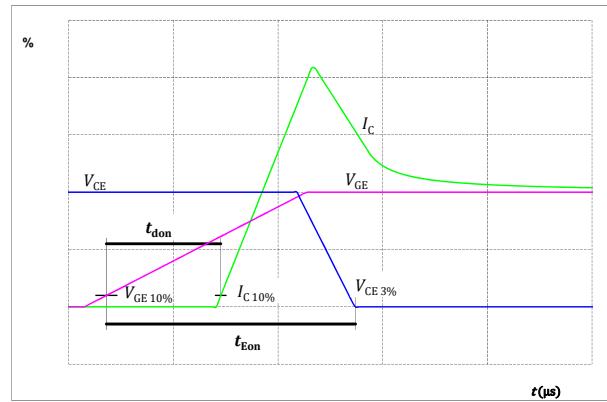
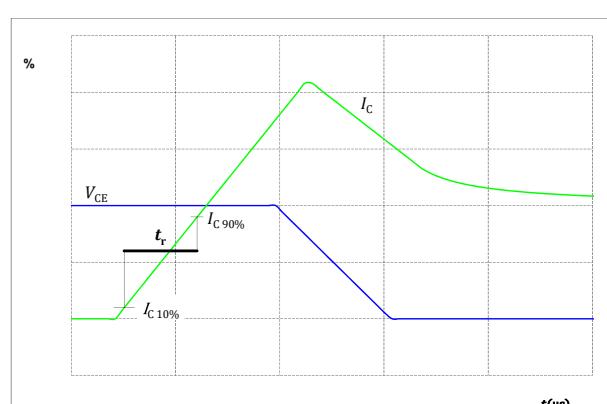


figure 51. IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r



Switching Definitions

figure 52.
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{tr}

FWD

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{tr}

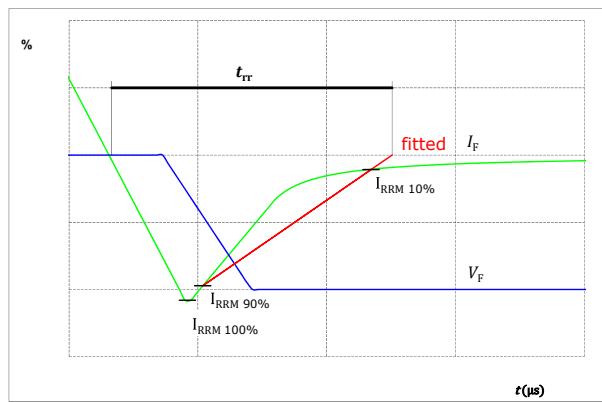
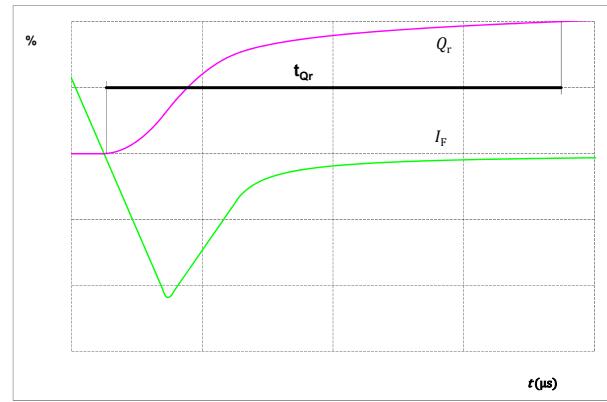


figure 53.
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{qr} (t_{qr} = integrating time for Q_r)

FWD

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{qr} (t_{qr} = integrating time for Q_r)



**V23990-P630-A44-PM**

datasheet

Vincotech**Ordering Code**

Version	Ordering Code
Without thermal paste	V23990-P630-A44-PM
With thermal paste (3,4 W/mK, PSX-P7)	V23990-P630-A44-/3/-PM

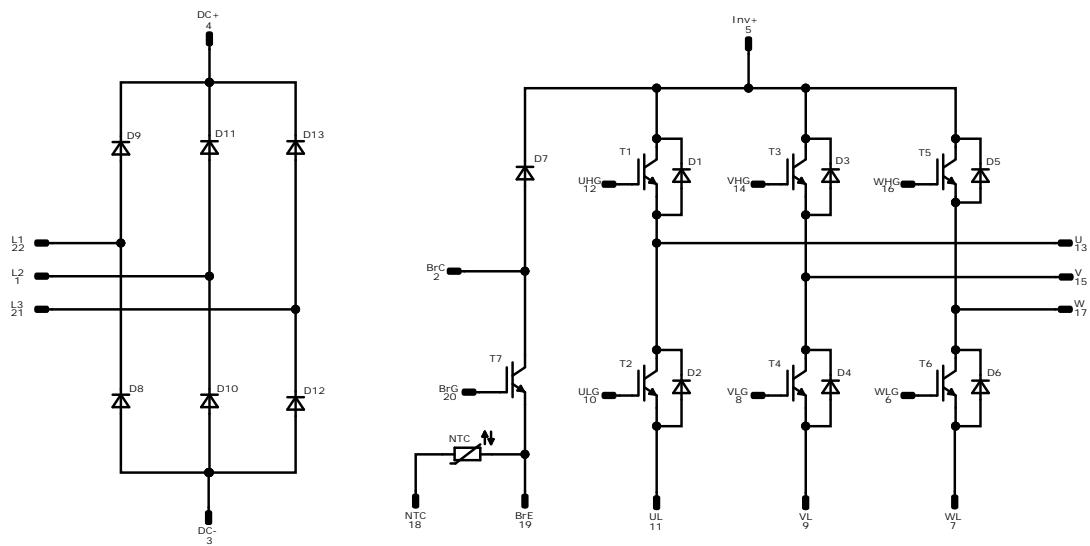
Marking

Text	VIN	Date code	Type&Ver	UL	Lot	Serial
	VIN	WWYY	TTTTTTVV	UL	LLLLL	SSSS
	Type&Ver	Lot number	Serial	Date code		
Datamatrix	TTTTTTVV	LLLLL	SSSS	WWYY		

Outline

Pin table [mm]			
Pin	X	Y	Function
1	53	0	L2
2	46	0	BrC
3	39,5	0	DC-
4	32,5	0	DC+
5	28,1	0	Inv+
6	18	0	WLG
7	15	0	WL
8	12	0	VLG
9	9	0	VL
10	3	0	ULG
11	0	0	UL
12	0	7	UHG
13	3	7	U
14	8,5	7	VHG
15	11,5	7	V
16	17	7	WHG
17	20	7	W
18	33	7	NTC
19	36	7	BrE
20	39	7	BrG
21	46	7	L3
22	53	7	L1

Tolerance of pinpositions: ±0.5mm at the end of pins
Dimension of coordinate axis is only offset without tolerance

Pinout**Identification**

ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T2, T1, T4, T3, T6, T5	IGBT	1200 V	25 A	Inverter Switch	
D1, D2, D3, D4, D5, D6	FWD	1200 V	25 A	Inverter Diode	
T7	IGBT	1200 V	15 A	Brake Switch	
D7	FWD	1200 V	10 A	Brake Diode	
D8, D9, D10, D11, D12, D13	Rectifier	1600 V	25 A	Rectifier Diode	
NTC	Thermistor			Thermistor	



Vincotech

Packaging instruction				
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 80	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ	Sample

Handling instruction				
Handling instructions for flow90 1 packages see vincotech.com website.				

Package data				
Package data for flow90 1 packages see vincotech.com website.				

Vincotech thermistor reference				
See Vincotech thermistor reference table at vincotech.com website.				

UL recognition and file number				
This device is certified according to UL 1557 standard, UL file number E192116. For more information see vincotech.com website.				



Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
V23990-P630-A44-PM-D4-14	9 Jun. 2021	New Datasheet format Update all Rth to PSX thermal interface material Correct Thermistor tolerance	

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.