



Vincotech

V23990-P629-L59-PM

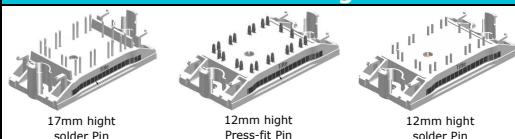
V23990-P629-L58-PM

V23990-P629-L58Y-PM

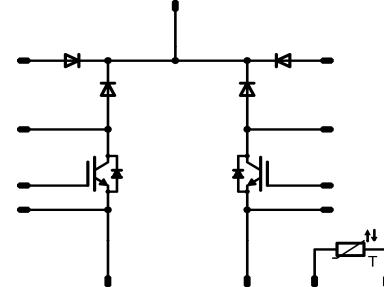
datasheet

flow BOOST**1200 V / 40 A****Features**

- High efficiency dual boost
- Ultra fast switching frequency
- Low Inductance Layout
- 1200V IGBT and 1200V Si diode

flow 0 housing**Target Applications**

- solar inverter

Schematic**Types**

- V23990-P629-L59-PM
- V23990-P629-L58-PM
- V23990-P629-L58Y-PM

Maximum Ratings $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
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Bypass Diode (D7 , D8)

Repetitive peak reverse voltage	V_{RRM}	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	1600	V
DC forward current	I_{FAV}	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	34 40	A
Surge forward current	I_{FSM}	$t_p=10\text{ms}$ $\sin 180^\circ$	220	A
I^2t -value	I^2t	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	240	A^2s
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	42 63	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	T_{jmax}		150	$^\circ\text{C}$

Boost IGBT (T1 , T2)

Collector-emitter break down voltage	V_{CE}	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	1200	V
DC collector current	I_C	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	40 45	A
Pulsed collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	120	A
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	113 171	W
Gate-emitter peak voltage	V_{GE}		± 20	V
Short circuit ratings	t_{SC} V_{CC}	$T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$	10 800	μs V
Maximum Junction Temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^\circ\text{C}$



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V23990-P629-L58Y-PM

datasheet

Maximum Ratings

$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
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Boost IGBT Protection Diode (D9 , D10)

Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	1200	V
DC forward current	I_F	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	10 13	A
Surge forward current	I_{FSM}	$t_p=10\text{ms}$, sin 180°, $T_j=T_{jmax}$	21	A
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	26 39	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	T_{jmax}		150	°C

Boost FWD (D1 , D4)

Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	1200	V
DC forward current	I_F	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	39 53	A
Surge forward current	I_{FSM}	$t_p=10\text{ms}$, sin 180°, $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	270	A
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	89 134	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C

Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	T_{op}		-40...+(T_{jmax} - 25)	°C

Insulation Properties

Insulation voltage	V_{is}	$t=2\text{s}$	DC voltage	4000	V
Creepage distance				min 12,7	mm
Clearance				min 12,7	mm

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions				Value			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] or V_{GS} [V]	V_r [V] or V_{CE} [V] or V_{DS} [V]	I_c [A] or I_f [A] or I_d [A]	T_j	Min	Typ	Max	
Bypass Diode (D7 , D8)									
Forward voltage	V_F			25	$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$	0,7	1,15 1,11	1,4	V
Threshold voltage (for power loss calc. only)	V_{to}			24	$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$		0,92 0,82		V
Slope resistance (for power loss calc. only)	r_t			24	$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$		0,009 0,012		Ω
Reverse current	I_r		1600		$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$			0,05	mA
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	Thermal grease thickness≤50um $\lambda = 1 \text{ W/mK}$					1,67		K/W
Thermal resistance chip to case	$R_{th(j-c)}$						1,10		
Boost IGBT (T1 , T2)									
Gate emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$		$V_{GE}=V_{CE}$	0,0015	$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$	5,2	5,8	6,4	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V_{CESat}		15	40	$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$	1,7	2,10 2,48	2,6	V
Collector-emitter cut-off	I_{CES}		0	1200	$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$			0,25	mA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0	$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$			200	nA
Integrated Gate resistor	R_{gint}						none		Ω
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	Rgoff=4 Ω Rgon=4 Ω	15	700	24	$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$	22		ns
Rise time	t_r					$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$	35		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$	225 293		
Fall time	t_f					$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$	35 68		
Turn-on energy loss	E_{on}					$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$	1,09 1,82		mWs
Turn-off energy loss	E_{off}					$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$	1,01 1,61		
Input capacitance	C_{ies}						2300		pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}	f=1MHz	0	25		$T_j=25^\circ C$	150		
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}						135		
Gate charge	Q_G						185		nC
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	Thermal grease thickness≤50um $\lambda = 1 \text{ W/mK}$					0,84		K/W
Thermal resistance chip to case	$R_{th(j-c)}$						0,56		
Boost IGBT Protection Diode (D9 , D1)									
Diode forward voltage	V_F			3	$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$	0,7	1,66 1,58	2,4	V
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	Thermal grease thickness≤50um $\lambda = 1 \text{ W/mK}$					2,72		K/W
Thermal resistance chip to case	$R_{th(j-c)}$						1,80		
Boost FWD (D1 , D4)									
Forward voltage	V_F			50	$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$	1,5	2,28 2,36	2,8	V
Reverse leakage current	I_{rm}		1200		$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$			60	μA
Peak recovery current	I_{RRM}	Rgon=4 Ω	15	700	24	$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$	63 78		A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$	83 208		ns
Reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}					$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$	2,25 5,02		μC
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}					$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$	0,98 2,42		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$					$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$	5304 3201		$A/\mu s$
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	Thermal grease thickness≤50um $\lambda = 1 \text{ W/mK}$					1,07		K/W
Thermal resistance chip to case	$R_{th(j-c)}$						0,71		

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] or V_{GS} [V]	V_r [V] or V_{CE} [V] or V_{DS} [V]	I_C [A] or I_F [A] or I_D [A]	T_j	Min	Typ	Max		
Thermistor										

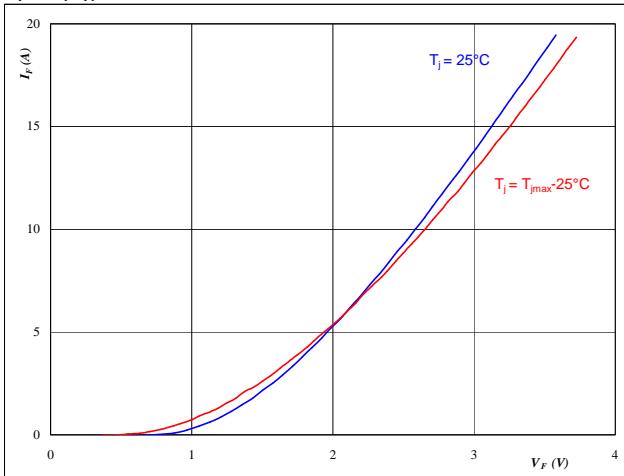
Rated resistance	R					$T_j=25^\circ C$		22		$k\Omega$
Deviation of R100	$\Delta R/R$	$R_{100}=1486\Omega$				$T_c=100^\circ C$	-4,5		+4,5	%
Power dissipation	P					$T_j=25^\circ C$		210		mW
Power dissipation constant						$T_j=25^\circ C$		3,5		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$					$T_j=25^\circ C$		3884		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. $\pm 1\%$				$T_j=25^\circ C$		3964		K
Vincotech NTC Reference									F	

Boost IGBT Protection Diode

Figure 1 Boost IGBT Protection Diode

Typical FWD forward current as a function of forward voltage

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$



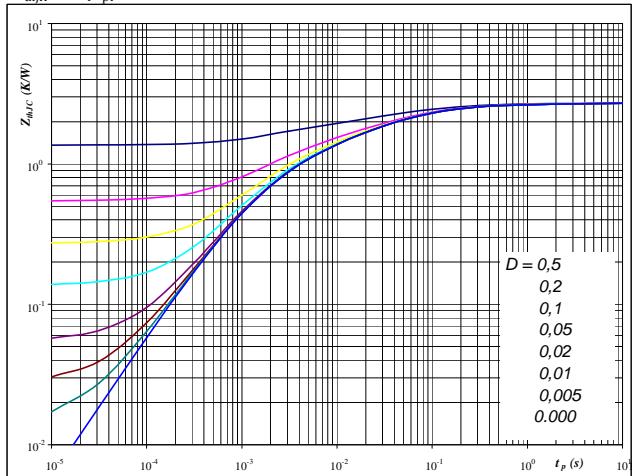
At

$$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$$

Figure 2 Boost IGBT Protection Diode

Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thH} = f(t_p)$$



At

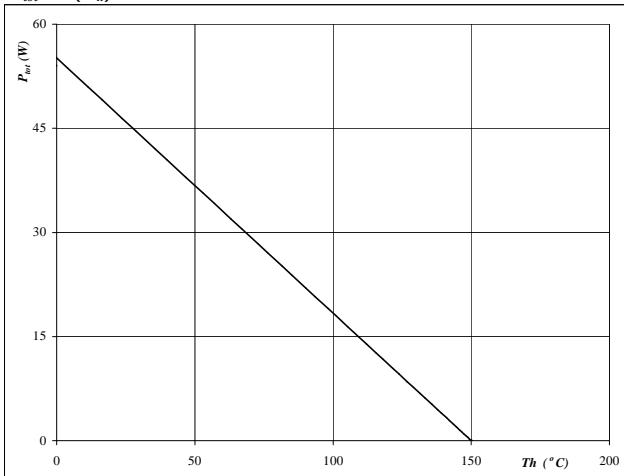
$$D = t_p / T$$

$$R_{thH} = 2,72 \text{ K/W}$$

Figure 3 Boost IGBT Protection Diode

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$$



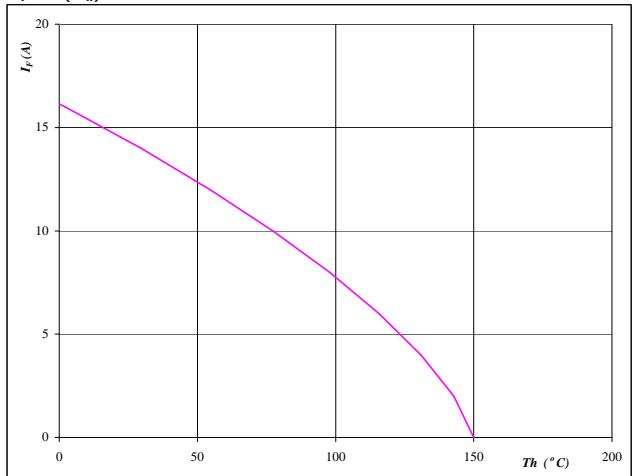
At

$$T_j = 150 ^\circ\text{C}$$

Figure 4 Boost IGBT Protection Diode

Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_F = f(T_h)$$

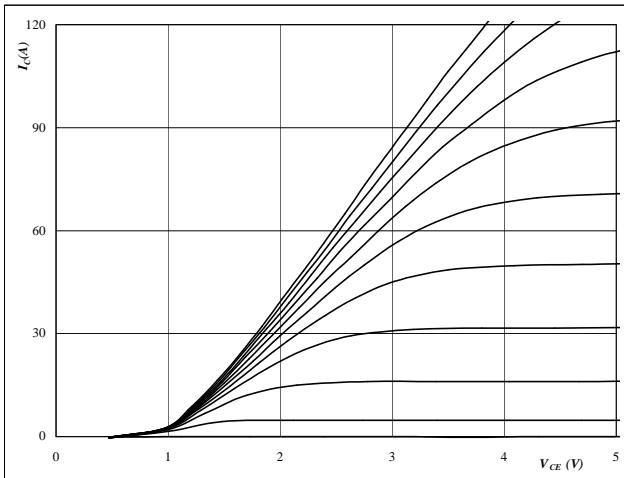


At

$$T_j = 150 ^\circ\text{C}$$

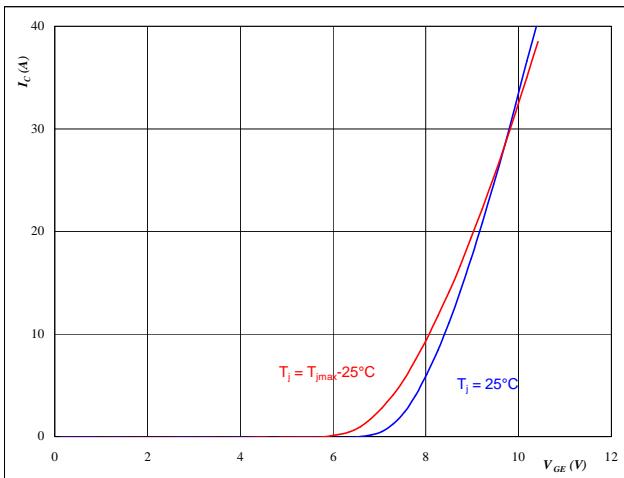
INPUT BOOST

Figure 3
Typical output characteristics
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



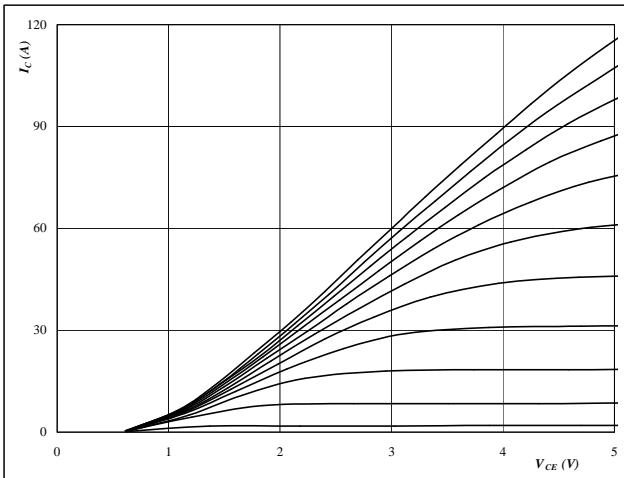
At
 $t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$
 $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$
 V_{GS} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 3
Typical transfer characteristics
 $I_C = f(V_{GE})$



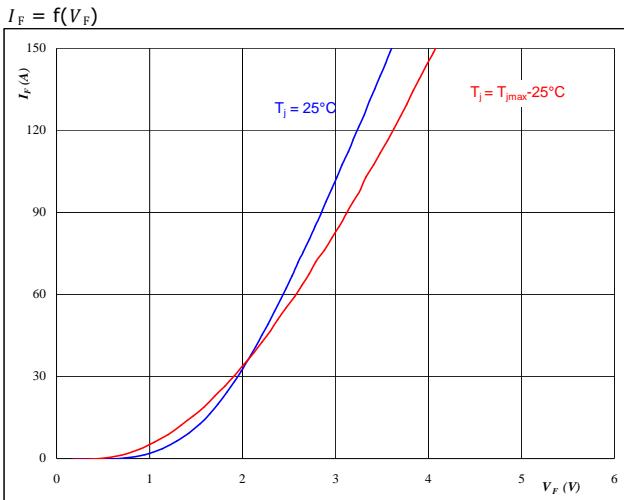
At
 $t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$
 $V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}$

Figure 4
Typical output characteristics
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



At
 $t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$
 $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$
 V_{GS} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 4
Typical FWD forward current as a function of forward voltage
 $I_F = f(V_F)$

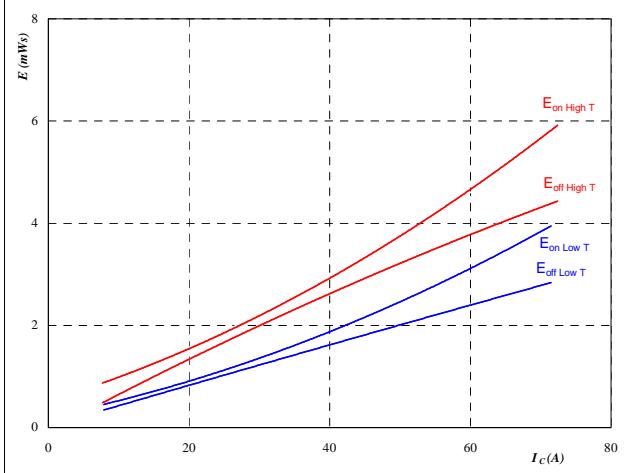


At
 $t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$

INPUT BOOST

Figure 5
Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_C)$$



With an inductive load at

$$T_j = 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{DS} = 700 \quad \text{V}$$

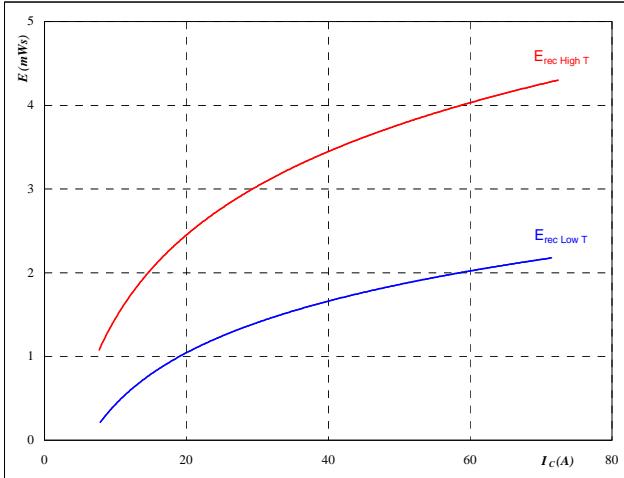
$$V_{GS} = 15 \quad \text{V}$$

$$R_{gon} = 4 \quad \Omega$$

$$R_{goff} = 4 \quad \Omega$$

Figure 7
Typical reverse recovery energy loss as a function of collector (drain) current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_C)$$



With an inductive load at

$$T_j = 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

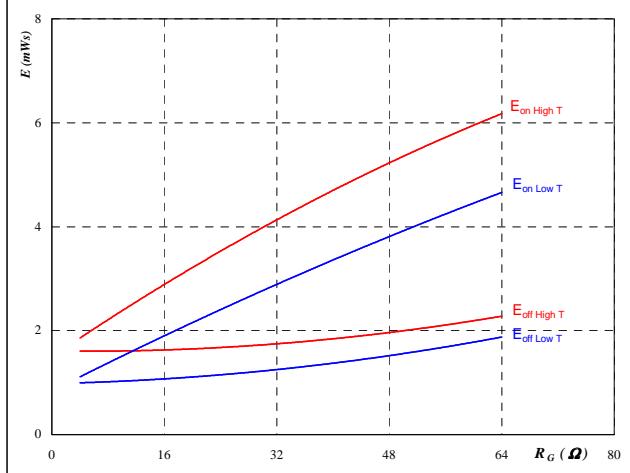
$$V_{DS} = 700 \quad \text{V}$$

$$V_{GS} = 15 \quad \text{V}$$

$$R_{gon} = 4 \quad \Omega$$

Figure 6
Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

$$E = f(R_G)$$



With an inductive load at

$$T_j = 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

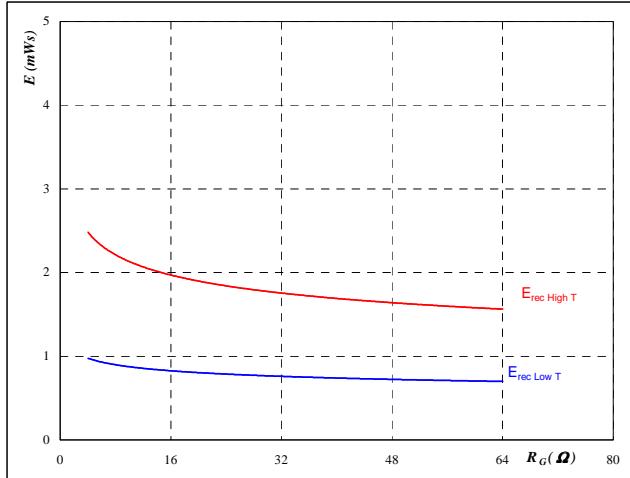
$$V_{DS} = 700 \quad \text{V}$$

$$V_{GS} = 15 \quad \text{V}$$

$$I_D = 24 \quad \text{A}$$

Figure 8
Typical reverse recovery energy loss as a function of gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(R_G)$$



With an inductive load at

$$T_j = 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{DS} = 700 \quad \text{V}$$

$$V_{GS} = 15 \quad \text{V}$$

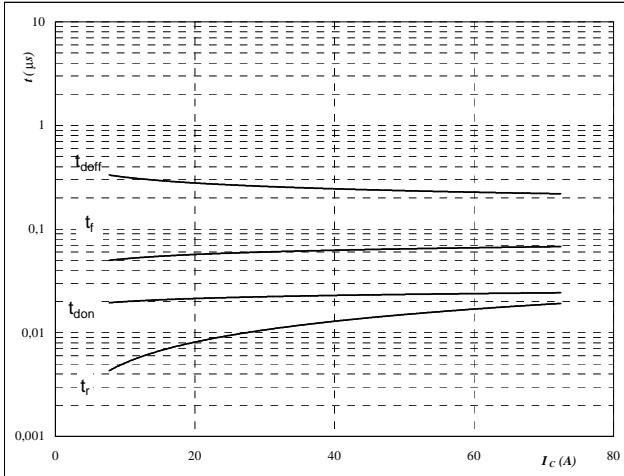
$$I_D = 24 \quad \text{A}$$

INPUT BOOST

Figure 9

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_C)$$



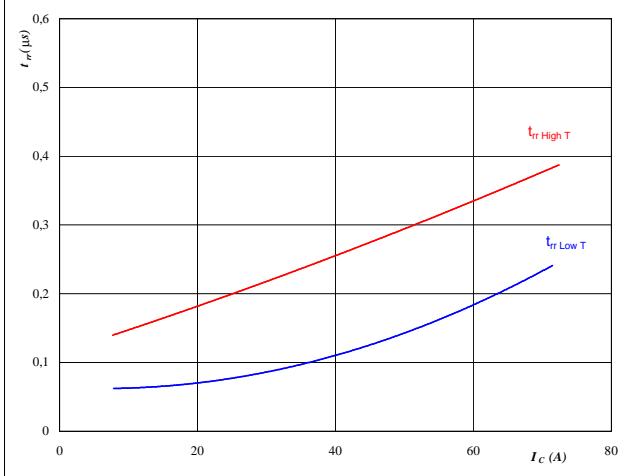
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{DS} &= 700 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GS} &= 15 \quad \text{V} \\ R_{gon} &= 4 \quad \Omega \\ R_{goff} &= 4 \quad \Omega \end{aligned}$$

Figure 11

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$$



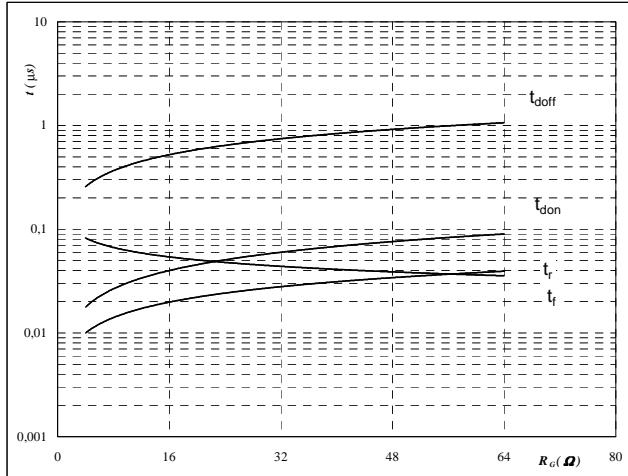
At

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{CE} &= 700 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GE} &= 15 \quad \text{V} \\ R_{gon} &= 4 \quad \Omega \end{aligned}$$

Figure 10

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(R_G)$$



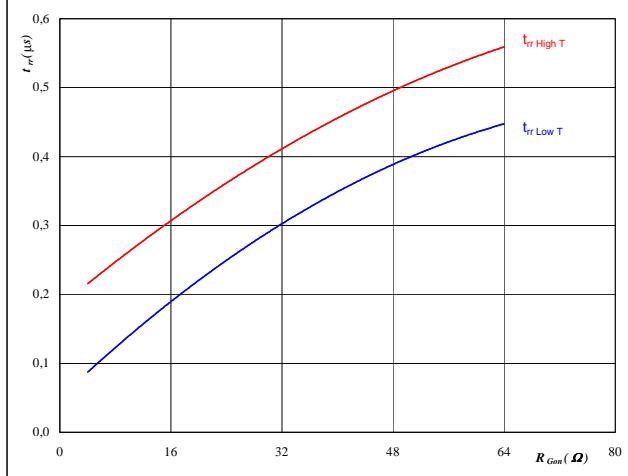
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{DS} &= 700 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GS} &= 15 \quad \text{V} \\ I_C &= 24 \quad \text{A} \end{aligned}$$

Figure 12

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$



At

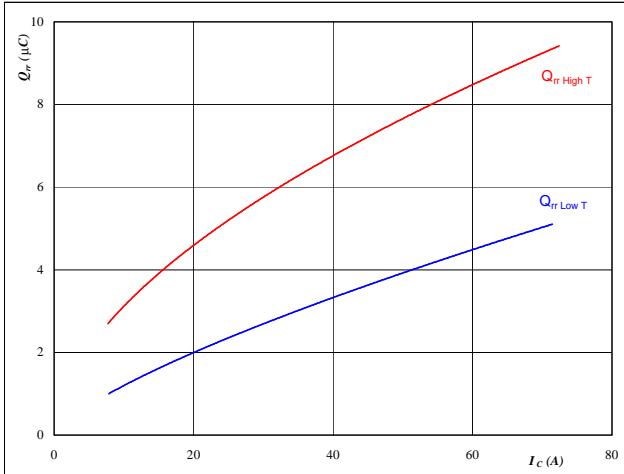
$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_R &= 700 \quad \text{V} \\ I_F &= 24 \quad \text{A} \\ V_{GS} &= 15 \quad \text{V} \end{aligned}$$

INPUT BOOST

Figure 13

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_{rr} = f(I_c)$$



At

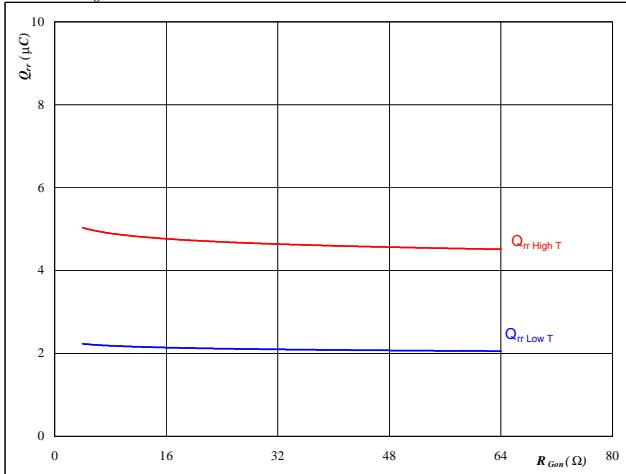
$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 700 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 4 \Omega$

BOOST FWD

Figure 14

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$



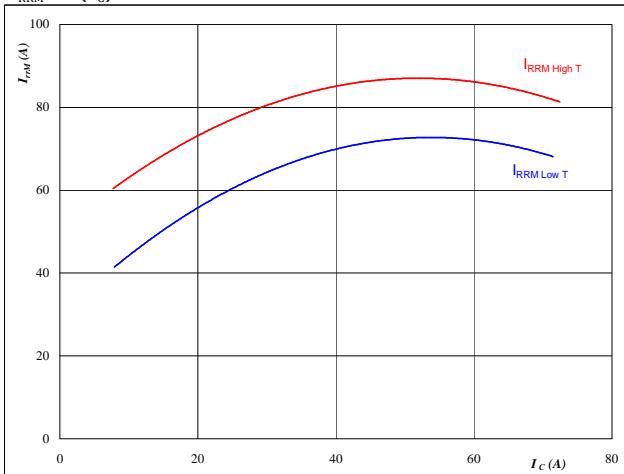
At

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 700 \text{ V}$
 $I_F = 24 \text{ A}$
 $V_{GS} = 15 \text{ V}$

Figure 15

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RRM} = f(I_c)$$



At

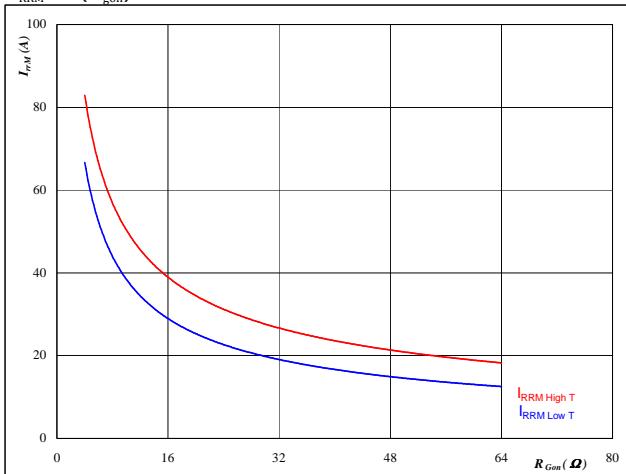
$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 700 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 4 \Omega$

BOOST FWD

Figure 16

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RRM} = f(R_{gon})$$



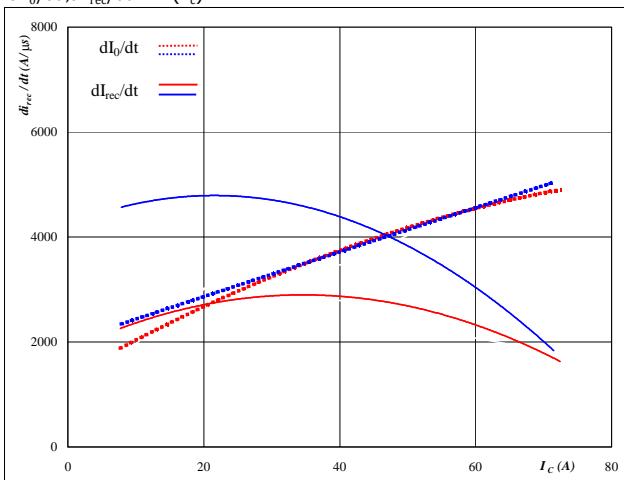
At

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 700 \text{ V}$
 $I_F = 24 \text{ A}$
 $V_{GS} = 15 \text{ V}$

INPUT BOOST

Figure 17

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(I_c)$

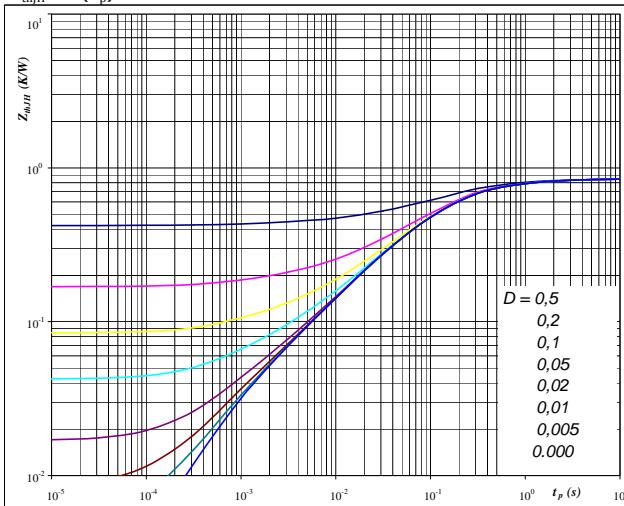

At

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 700 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 4 \Omega$

Figure 19

IGBT/MOSFET transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thIH} = f(t_p)$$


At

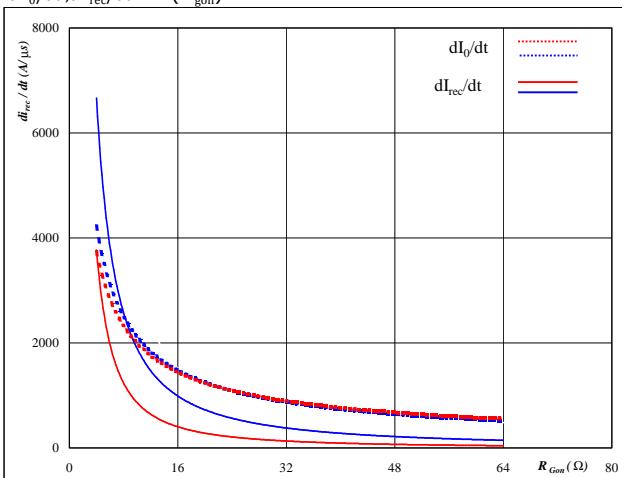
$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thIH} = 0,84 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

$R \text{ (K/W)}$	Tau (s)
0,107	1,413
0,391	0,188
0,223	0,056
0,092	0,011
0,030	0,001

Figure 18

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(R_{gon})$

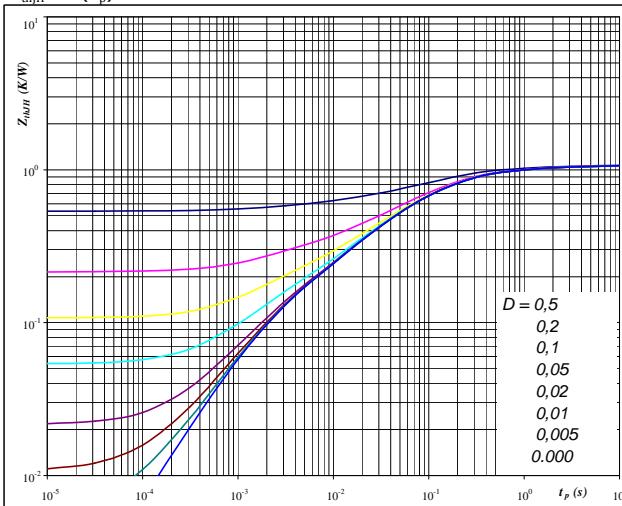

At

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 700 \text{ V}$
 $I_F = 24 \text{ A}$
 $V_{GS} = 15 \text{ V}$

Figure 20

FWD transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thIH} = f(t_p)$$


At

$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thIH} = 1,07 \text{ K/W}$

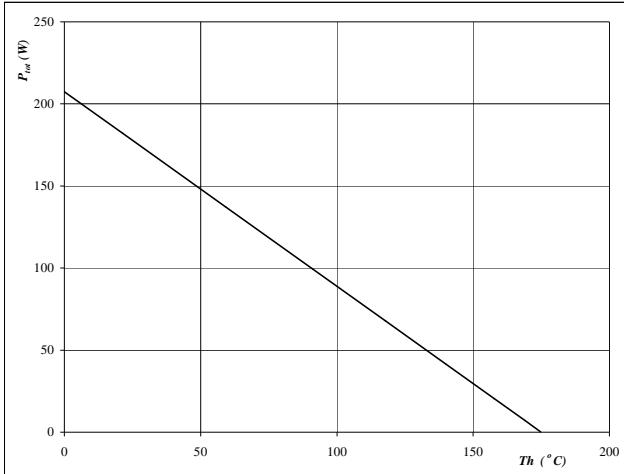
FWD thermal model values

$R \text{ (K/W)}$	Tau (s)
0,027	8,145
0,098	1,332
0,284	0,228
0,405	0,069
0,171	0,014

INPUT BOOST

Figure 21
BOOST IGBT
Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

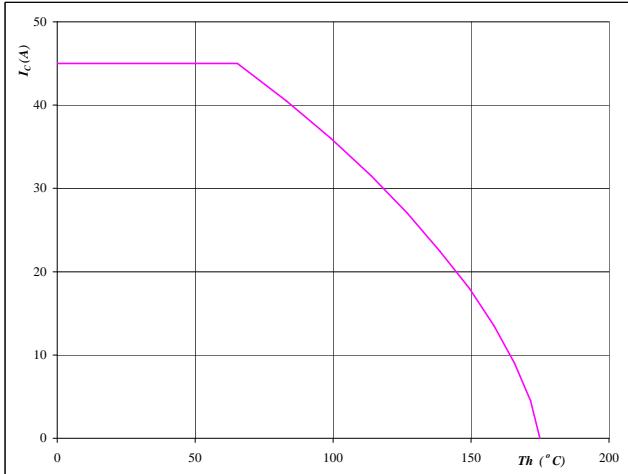
$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_h)$$


At

$$T_j = 175 \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

Figure 22
BOOST IGBT
Collector/Drain current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_C = f(T_h)$$

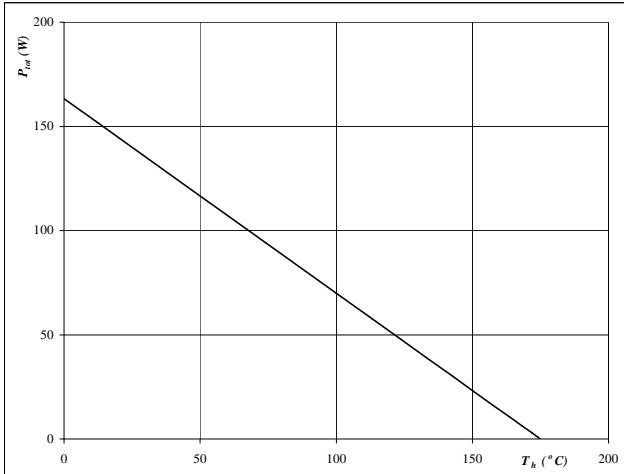

At

$$T_j = 175 \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{GS} = 15 \quad \text{V}$$

Figure 23
BOOST FWD
Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

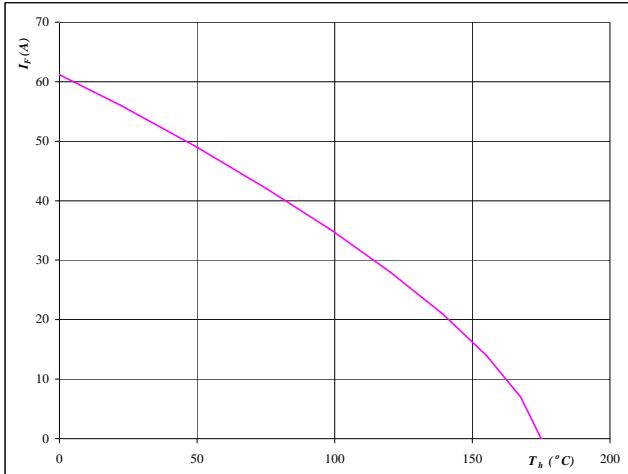
$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_h)$$


At

$$T_j = 175 \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

Figure 24
BOOST FWD
Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

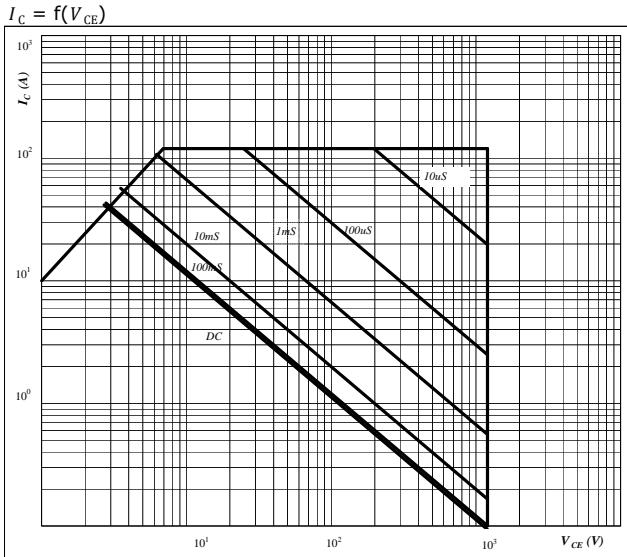
$$I_F = f(T_h)$$


At

$$T_j = 175 \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

INPUT BOOST

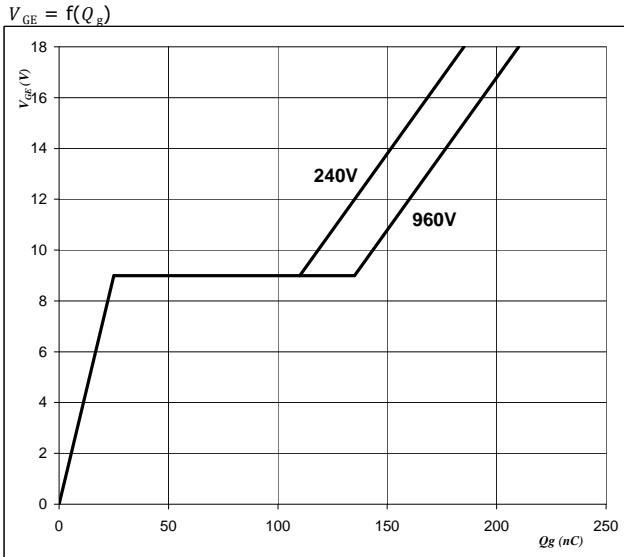
Figure 25
**Safe operating area as a function
of drain-source voltage**



At

$D =$	single pulse	
$T_h =$	80	°C
$V_{GS} =$	15	V
$T_j =$	T_{jmax}	°C

Figure 26
Gate voltage vs Gate charge



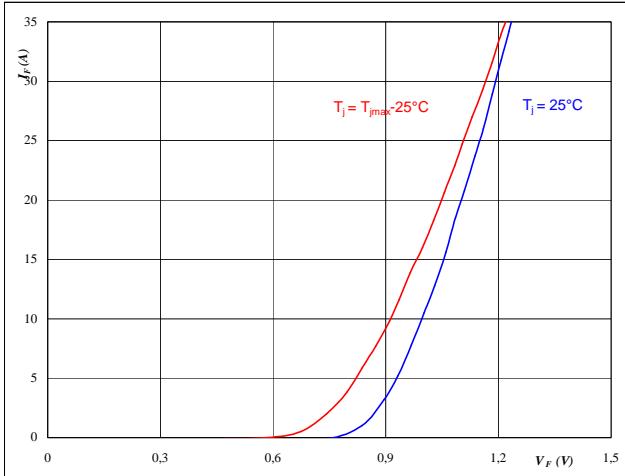
At

$I_D =$	24	A
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Bypass Diode

Figure 1
Typical Diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$



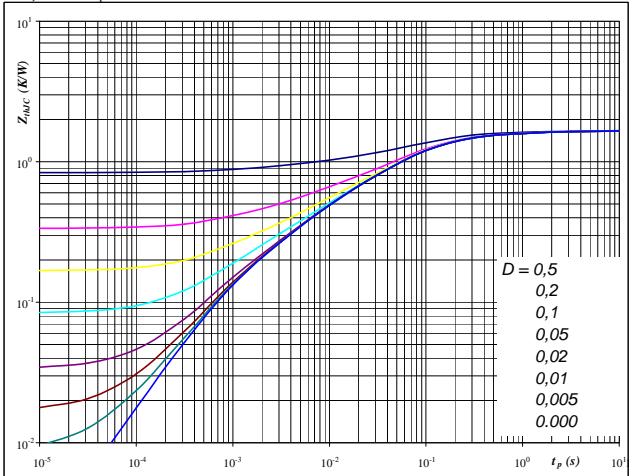
At

$$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$$

Bypass Diode

Figure 2
Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thH} = f(t_p)$$



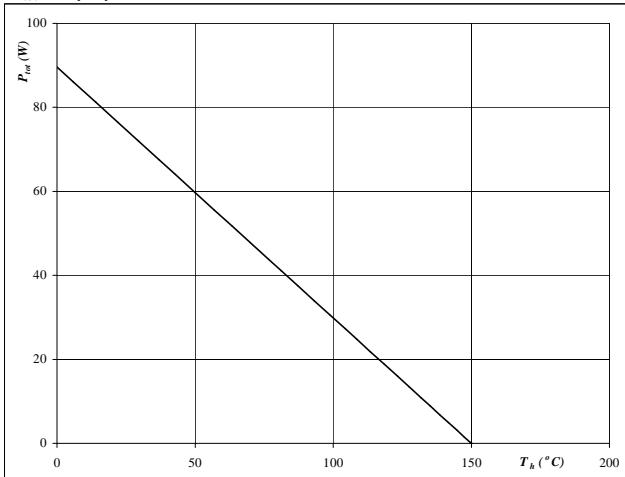
At

$$D = t_p / T$$

$$R_{thH} = 1,674 \text{ K/W}$$

Figure 3
Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$$



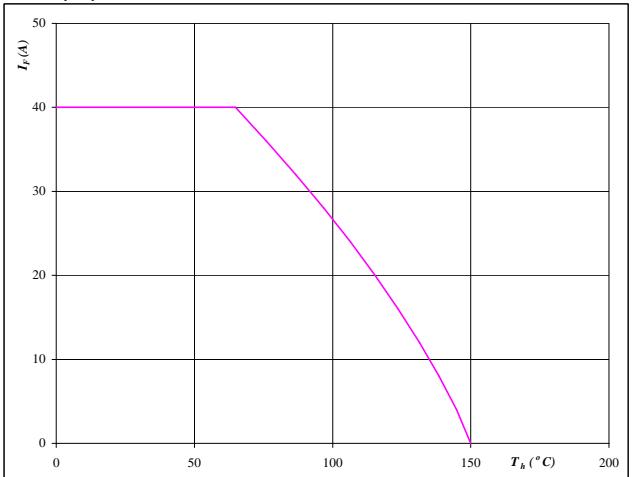
At

$$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$$

Bypass Diode

Figure 4
Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_F = f(T_h)$$



At

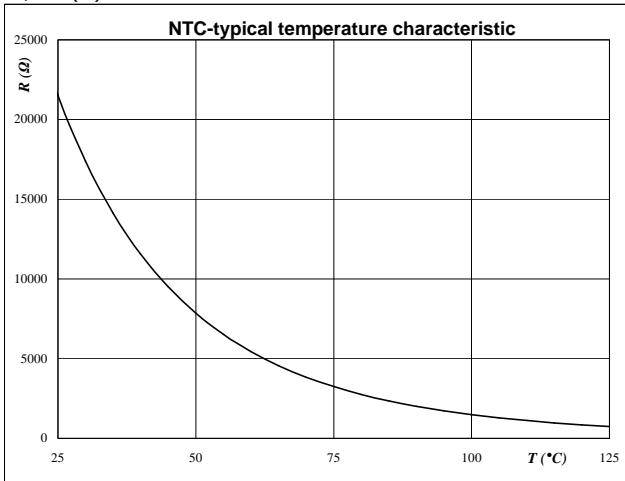
$$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$$

Thermistor

Figure 1 Thermistor

**Typical NTC characteristic
as a function of temperature**

$$R_T = f(T)$$



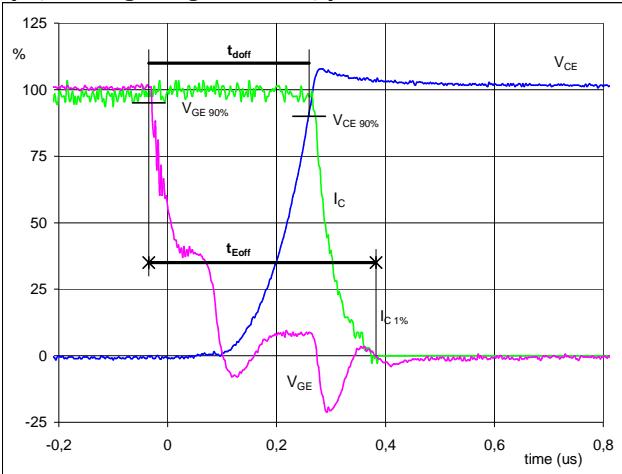
Switching Definitions BOOST IGBT

General conditions

T_j	= 125 °C
R_{gon}	= 4 Ω
R_{goff}	= 4 Ω

Figure 1

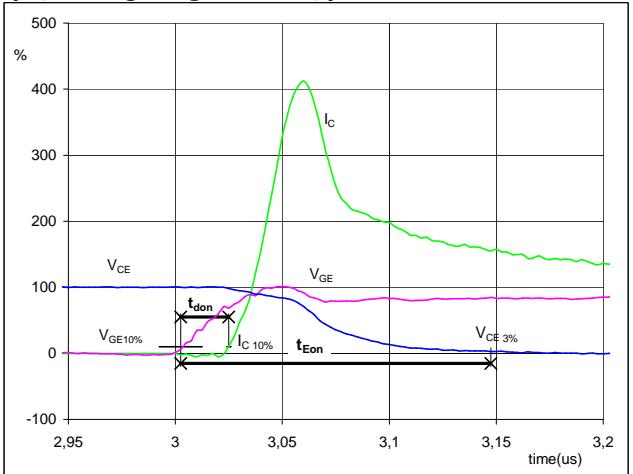
Boost IGBT
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} , t_{Eoff}
 $(t_{Eoff} = \text{integrating time for } E_{off})$



$V_{GE}(0\%) = 0 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE}(100\%) = 15 \text{ V}$
 $V_C(100\%) = 700 \text{ V}$
 $I_C(100\%) = 24 \text{ A}$
 $t_{doff} = 0,29 \mu\text{s}$
 $t_{Eoff} = 0,42 \mu\text{s}$

Figure 2

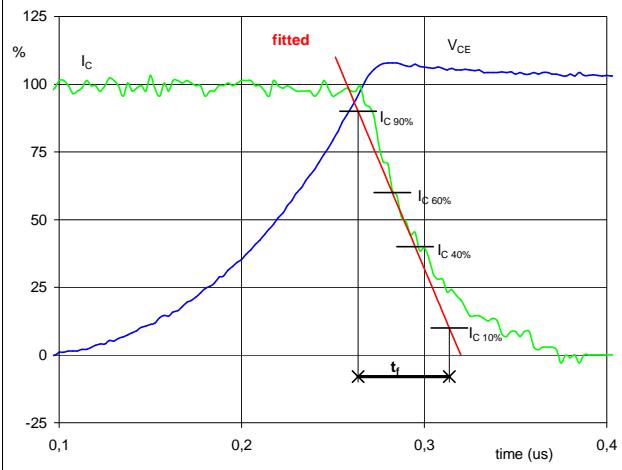
Boost IGBT
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} , t_{Eon}
 $(t_{Eon} = \text{integrating time for } E_{on})$



$V_{GE}(0\%) = 0 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE}(100\%) = 15 \text{ V}$
 $V_C(100\%) = 700 \text{ V}$
 $I_C(100\%) = 24 \text{ A}$
 $t_{don} = 0,02 \mu\text{s}$
 $t_{Eon} = 0,14 \mu\text{s}$

Figure 3

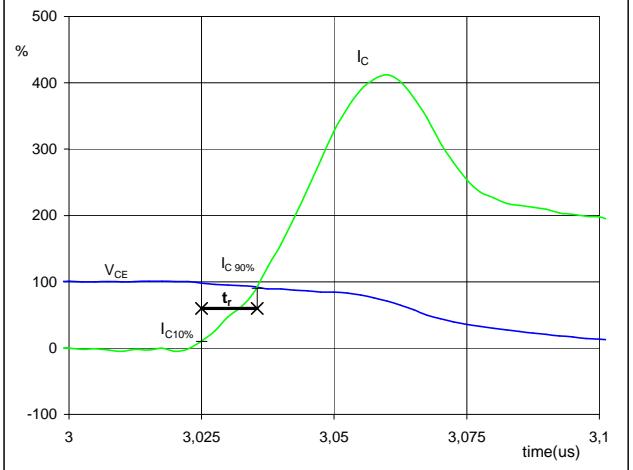
Boost IGBT
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f



$V_C(100\%) = 700 \text{ V}$
 $I_C(100\%) = 24 \text{ A}$
 $t_f = 0,06 \mu\text{s}$

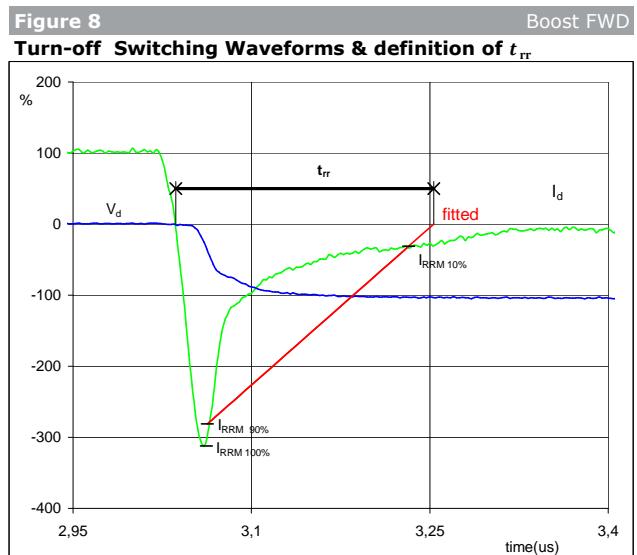
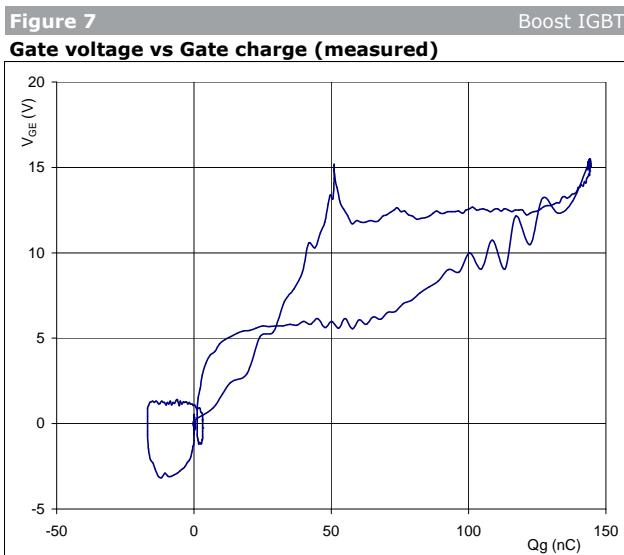
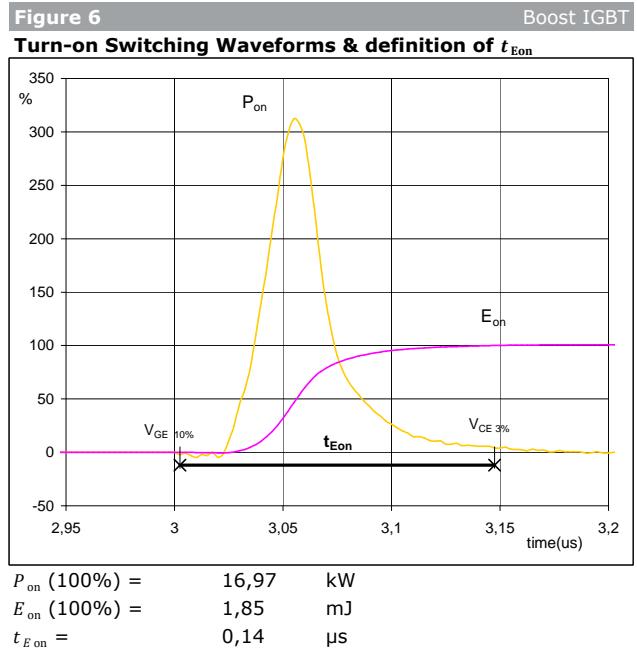
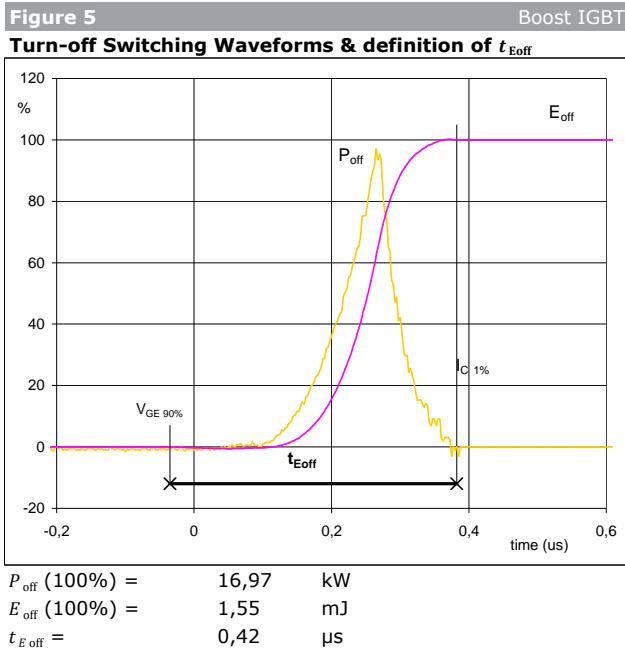
Figure 4

Boost IGBT
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r

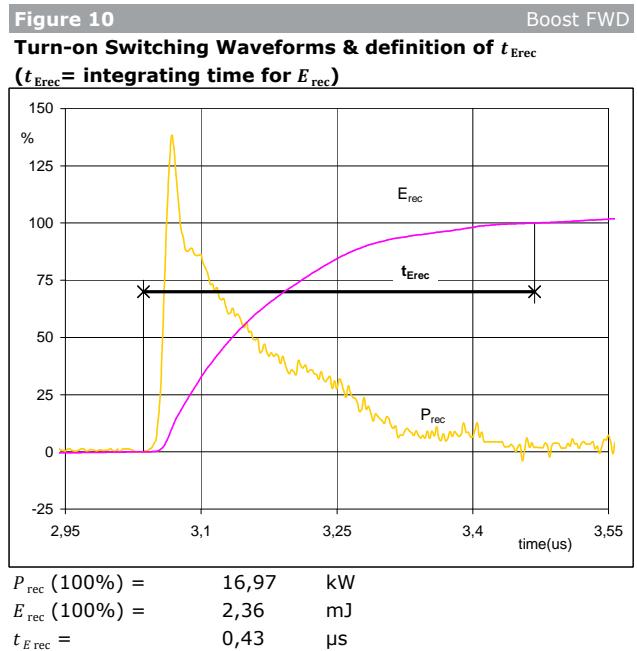
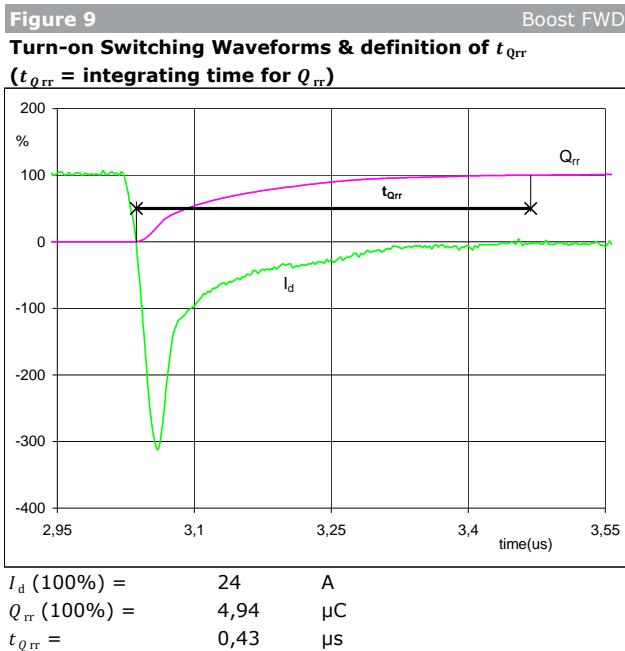


$V_C(100\%) = 700 \text{ V}$
 $I_C(100\%) = 24 \text{ A}$
 $t_r = 0,01 \mu\text{s}$

Switching Definitions BOOST IGBT



Switching Definitions BOOST FWD



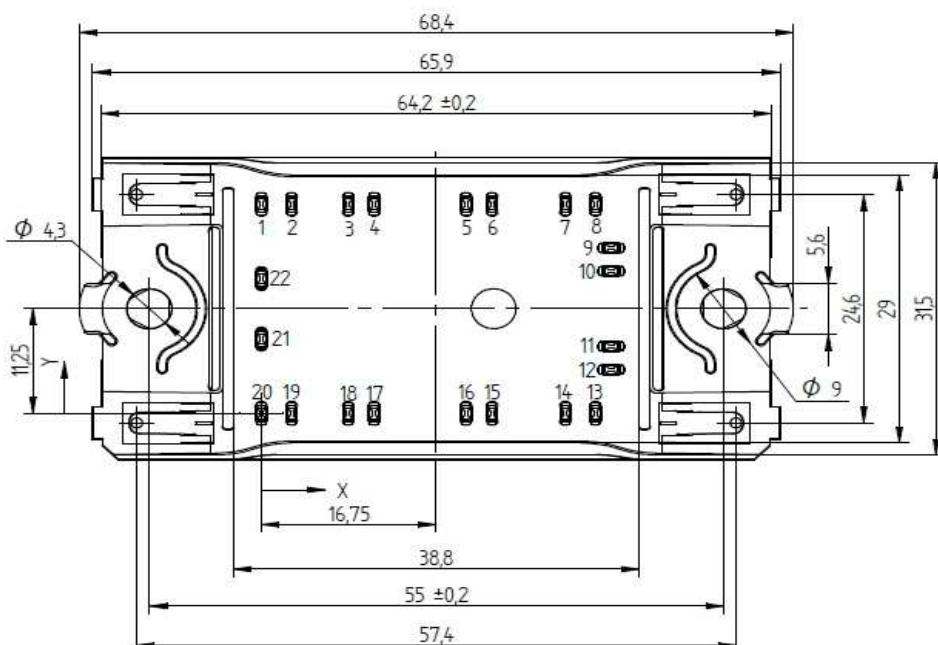
Ordering Code and Marking - Outline - Pinout

Ordering Code & Marking

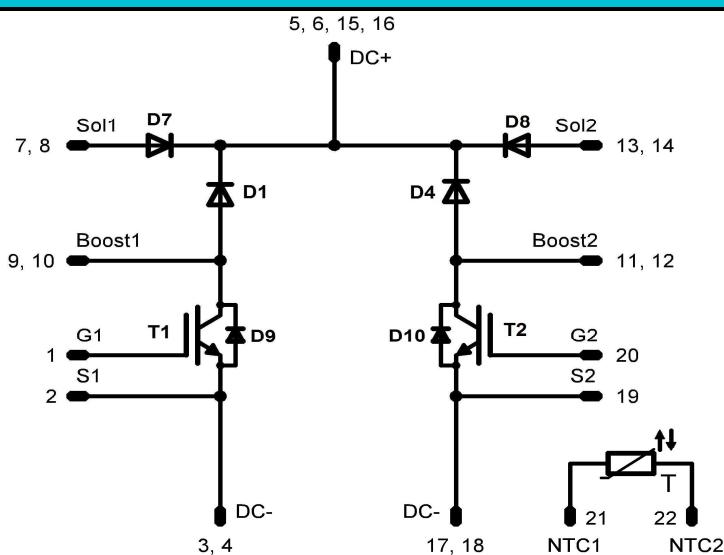
Version	Ordering Code	in DataMatrix as	in packaging barcode as
without thermal paste 17mm housing	V23990-P629-L59-PM	P629-L59-PM	P629-L59-PM
without thermal paste 12mm housing	V23990-P629-L58-PM	P629-L58-PM	P629-L58-PM
without thermal paste 12mm housing with Press-fit pins	V23990-P629-L58Y-PM	P629-L58Y-PM	P629-L58Y-PM

Outline

Pin table		
Pin	X	Y
1	0	225
2	2,9	225
3	8,3	225
4	10,8	225
5	19,6	225
6	22,1	225
7	29,1	225
8	32	225
9	33,5	17,8
10	33,5	15,3
11	33,5	7,2
12	33,5	4,7
13	32	0
14	29,1	0
15	22,1	0
16	19,6	0
17	10,8	0
18	8,3	0
19	2,9	0
20	0	0
21	0	8
22	0	14,5



Pinout



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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.