



<i>flow PIM 1</i>	1200 V / 35 A
<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <p style="text-align: center; background-color: #ccc; margin: 0;"><b>Features</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3phase rectifier, optional BRC, Inverter, NTC</li> <li>Very compact housing, easy to route</li> <li>Trench Fieldstop IGBT's for low saturation losses</li> </ul> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <p style="text-align: center; background-color: #ccc; margin: 0;"><b>Target Applications</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Industrial drives</li> <li>Embedded drives</li> </ul> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p style="text-align: center; background-color: #ccc; margin: 0;"><b>Types</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>V23990-P580-A-PM</li> <li>V23990-P580-C-PM</li> </ul> </div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <p style="text-align: center; background-color: #ccc; margin: 0;"><i>flow 1 17mm housing</i></p> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p style="text-align: center; background-color: #ccc; margin: 0;"><b>Schematic</b></p> </div>

## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
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### Rectifier Diode

Repetitive peak reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1600	V
DC forward current	$I_{FAV}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	45	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	$I_{FSM}$	$t_p = 10\text{ ms}$	280	A
I2t-value	$I^2t$		390	A <sup>2</sup> s
Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	59	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		150	°C

### Inverter Switch

Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{CE}$		1200	V
DC collector current	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	37	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	70	A
Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	85	W
Gate-emitter peak voltage	$V_{GE}$		±20	V
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		150	°C

### Inverter Diode

Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1200	V
DC forward current	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	33	A
Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	58	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		150	°C

**Maximum Ratings** $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
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**Brake Switch**

Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{CE}$		1200	V
DC collector current	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	31	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	75	A
Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	74	W
Gate-emitter peak voltage	$V_{GE}$		±20	V
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		150	°C

**Brake Diode**

Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1200	V
DC forward current	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	8	A
Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	32	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		150	°C

**Thermal Properties**

Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	$T_{op}$		-40...+( $T_{jmax} - 25$ )	°C

**Isolation Properties**

Isolation voltage	$V_{is}$	$t = 2\text{ s}$ DC Test Voltage	4000	V
Creepage distance			min 12,7	mm
Clearance			min 12,7	mm
Comparative tracking index	CTI		>200	



### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_r$ [V] $V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_F$ [A] $I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

#### Rectifier Diode

Forward voltage	$V_F$				30	25 125		1,17 1,12		V
Threshold voltage (for power loss calc. only)	$V_{to}$					25 125		0,9 0,77		V
Slope resistance (for power loss calc. only)	$r_t$					25 125		9 11		mΩ
Reverse current	$I_r$			1600		25			0,02	mA
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	phase-change material $\lambda = 3,4$ W/mK						1,19		K/W

#### Inverter Switch

Gate emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$				0,0015	25	5	5,8	6,5	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CESat}$		15			35	25 125	1,35	1,85 2,14	2,05	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current incl. Diode	$I_{CES}$		0	1200			25			250	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		30	0			25			600	nA
Integrated Gate resistor	$R_{gint}$								6		Ω
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{goff} = 16 \Omega$ $R_{gon} = 32 \Omega$	15	600	35		25		81		ns
Rise time	$t_r$						125		80		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$						25		27		
Fall time	$t_f$						125		33		
Turn-on energy loss	$E_{on}$						25		643		
Turn-off energy loss	$E_{off}$						125		727		
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$	$f = 1$ MHz	0	25		25			2530		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oss}$								132		
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{rss}$								115		
Gate charge	$Q_G$		±15	960	40	25			203		nC
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	phase-change material $\lambda = 3,4$ W/mK							0,82		K/W

#### Inverter Diode

Diode forward voltage	$V_F$					30	25 125		2,17 1,74		V
Peak reverse recovery current	$I_{RRM}$	$R_{gon} = 32 \Omega$	15	600	35		25		43,82		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$						125		60,8		
Reverse recovered charge	$Q_{rr}$						25		49		
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_m$						125		408		
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$						25		1,32		
							125		6,24		
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	phase-change material $\lambda = 3,4$ W/mK							2813 2316		A/μs
									0,21 2,2		mWs
									1,20		K/W



### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_r$ [V] $V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_F$ [A] $I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
<b>Brake Switch</b>										
Gate emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,00043	25	5	5,8	6,5	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		30	25 125	1,35	1,79 2,05	2,05	V
Collector-emitter cut-off incl diode	$I_{CES}$		0	1200		25			150	µA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0		25			600	nA
Integrated Gate resistor	$R_{gint}$							8		Ω
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{goff} = 20 \Omega$ $R_{gon} = 40 \Omega$	15	600	25	25		80		ns
Rise time	$t_r$					125		79		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25		47		
Fall time	$t_f$					125		53		
Turn-on energy loss	$E_{on}$					25		507		
Turn-off energy loss	$E_{off}$					125		567		
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$	$f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	0	25	25			1808		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oss}$							95		
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{rss}$							82		
Gate charge	$Q_G$		15	960	25	25		155		nC
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	phase-change material $\lambda = 3,4 \text{ W/mK}$						0,94		K/W
<b>Brake Diode</b>										
Diode forward voltage	$V_F$				20	25 125		2,1 1,56		V
Reverse leakage current	$I_r$	$R_{gon} = 40 \Omega$		1200		25			50	µA
Peak reverse recovery current	$I_{RRM}$	$R_{gon} = 40 \Omega$	15	600	25	25		15,37		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					125		19,96		
Reverse recovered charge	$Q_{rr}$					25		93		
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_m$					125		707		
Reverse recovery energy	$E_{rec}$					25		0,77		
						125		0,77		
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	phase-change material $\lambda = 3,4 \text{ W/mK}$						2,1		K/W
<b>Thermistor</b>										
Rated resistance	$R$					25		21500		Ω
Deviation of $R_{100}$	$\Delta_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 1486 \Omega$				100	-4,5		+4,5	%
Power dissipation	$P$					25		210		mW
Power dissipation constant						25		3,5		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. ±3%				25		3884		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. ±3%				25		3964		K
Vincotech NTC Reference						25			F	

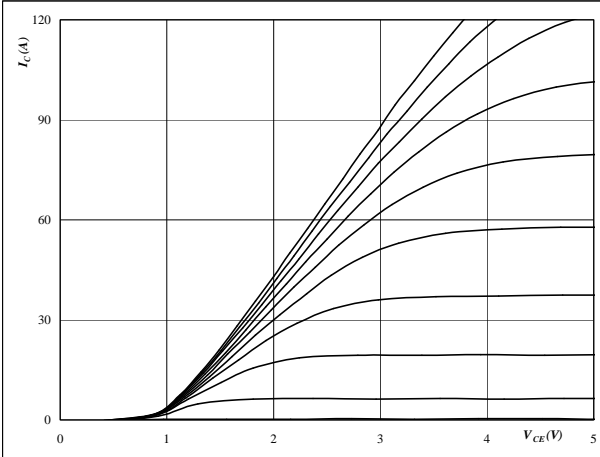


### Inverter Characteristics

**figure 1.** IGBT

**Typical output characteristics**

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

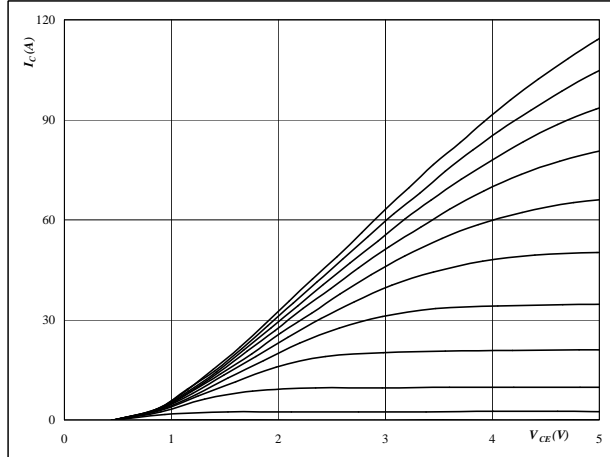


**At**  
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ C$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 6 V to 16 V in steps of 1 V

**figure 2.** IGBT

**Typical output characteristics**

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

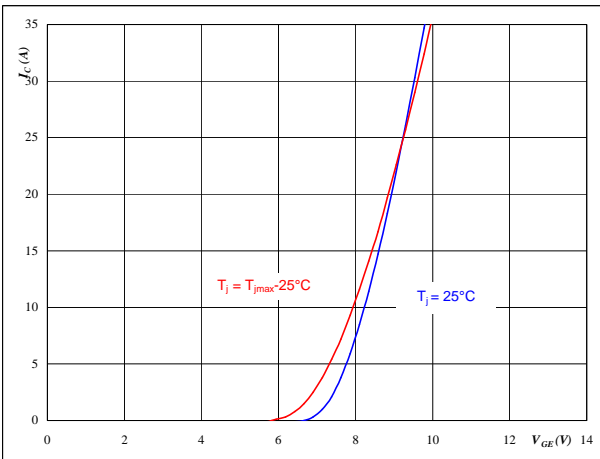


**At**  
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 125 \text{ }^\circ C$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 6 V to 16 V in steps of 1 V

**figure 3.** IGBT

**Typical transfer characteristics**

$I_C = f(V_{GE})$

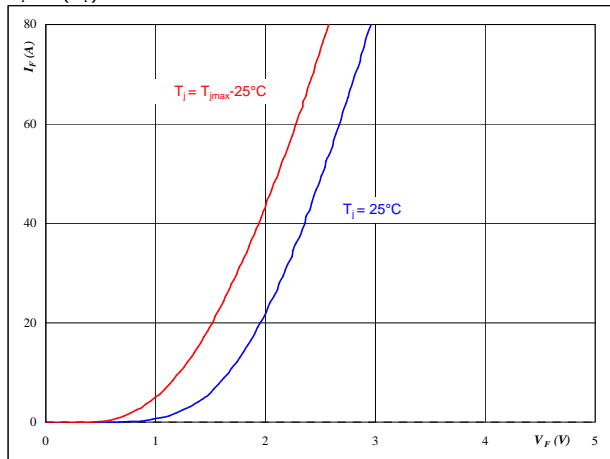


**At**  
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$

**figure 4.** FWD

**Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage**

$I_F = f(V_F)$



**At**  
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$

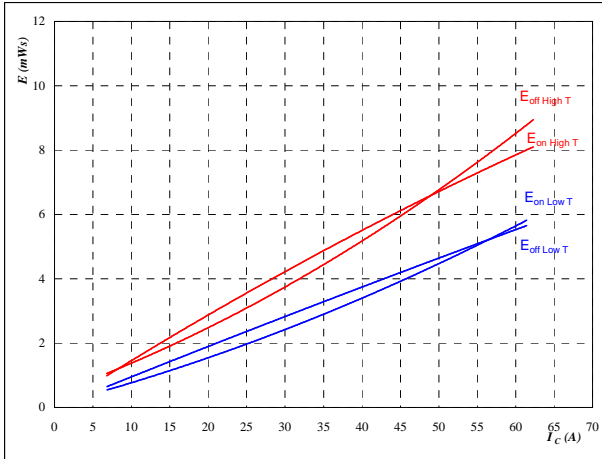


# Inverter Characteristics

**figure 5. IGBT**

Typical switching energy losses  
as a function of collector current

$E = f(I_C)$



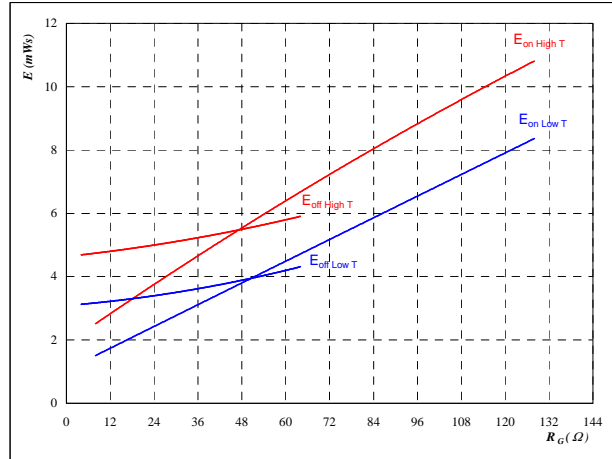
With an inductive load at

- $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
- $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$
- $R_{gon} = 32 \text{ } \Omega$
- $R_{goff} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 6. IGBT**

Typical switching energy losses  
as a function of gate resistor

$E = f(R_G)$



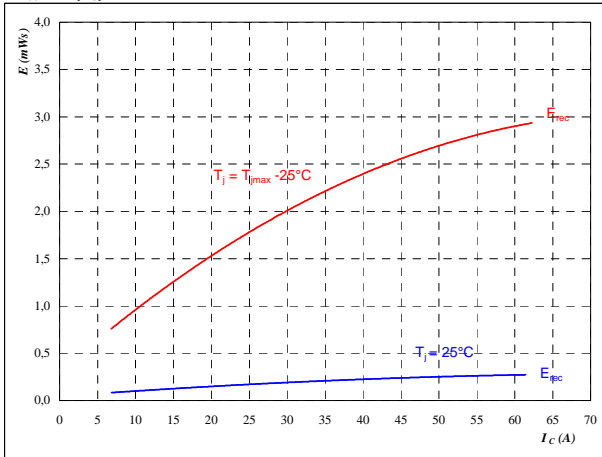
With an inductive load at

- $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
- $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$
- $I_C = 35 \text{ A}$

**figure 7. FWD**

Typical reverse recovery energy loss  
as a function of collector current

$E_{rec} = f(I_C)$



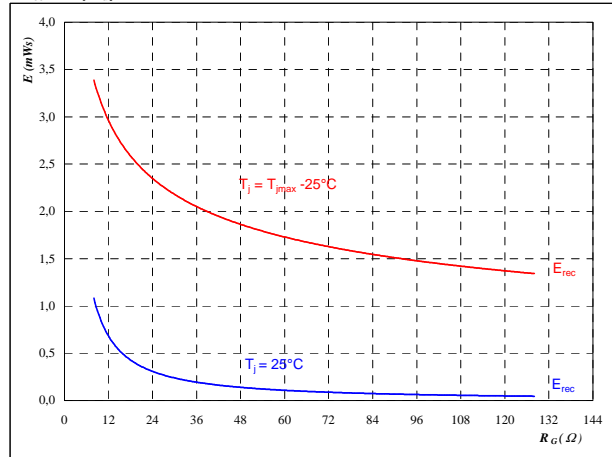
With an inductive load at

- $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
- $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$
- $R_{gon} = 32 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 8. FWD**

Typical reverse recovery energy loss  
as a function of gate resistor

$E_{rec} = f(R_G)$



With an inductive load at

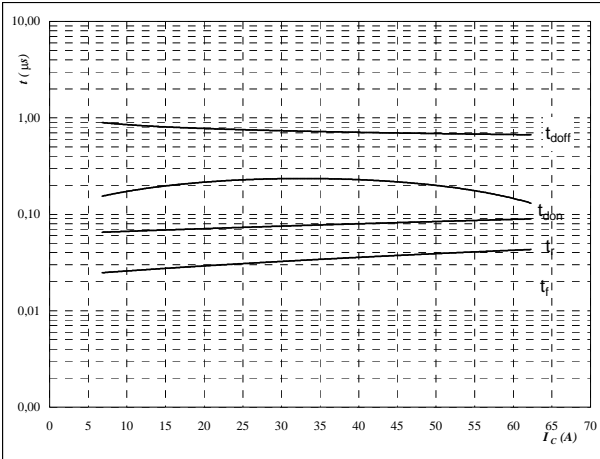
- $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
- $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$
- $I_C = 35 \text{ A}$



### Inverter Characteristics

**figure 9.** IGBT

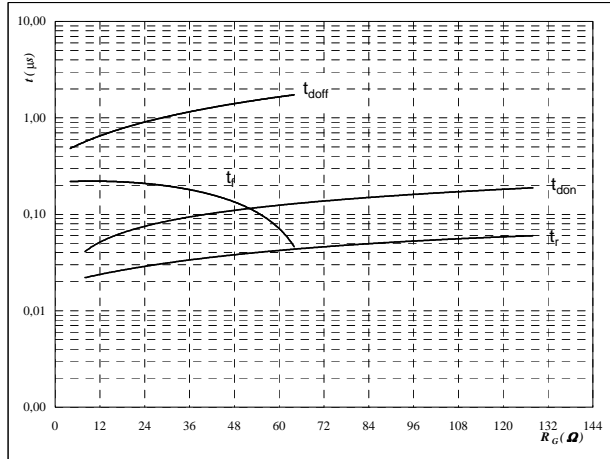
**Typical switching times as a function of collector current**  
 $t = f(I_C)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 32 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 10.** IGBT

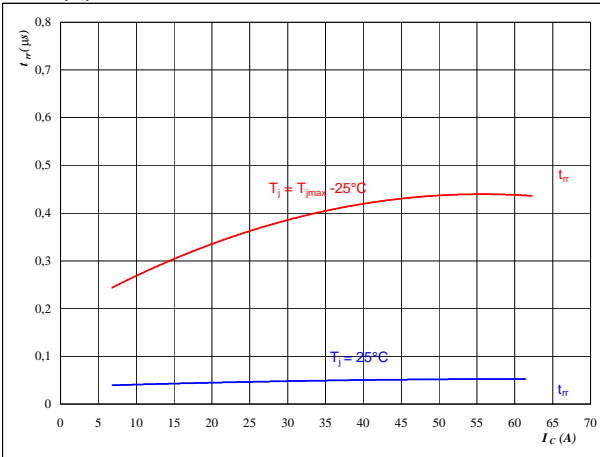
**Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor**  
 $t = f(R_G)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_C = 35 \text{ A}$

**figure 11.** FWD

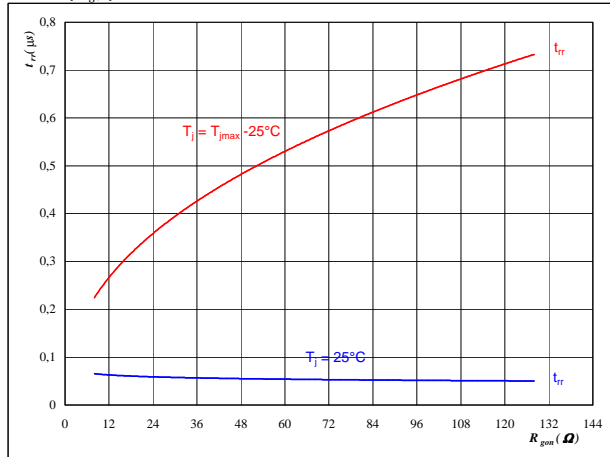
**Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current**  
 $t_{rr} = f(I_C)$



**At**  
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 32 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 12.** FWD

**Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor**  
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



**At**  
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_R = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $I_F = 35 \text{ A}$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$

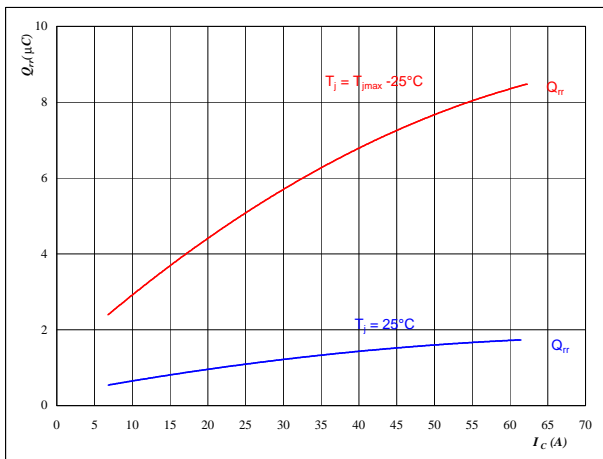


### Inverter Characteristics

**figure 13.** FWD

**Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current**

$Q_{rr} = f(I_C)$

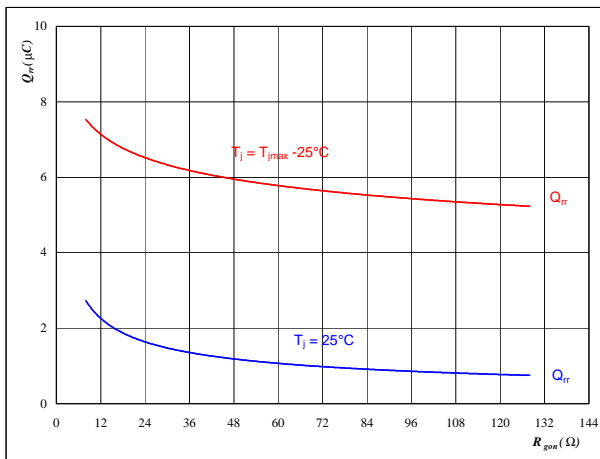


**At**  
 $T_j = 25/125$  °C  
 $V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 32$  Ω

**figure 14.** FWD

**Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor**

$Q_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$

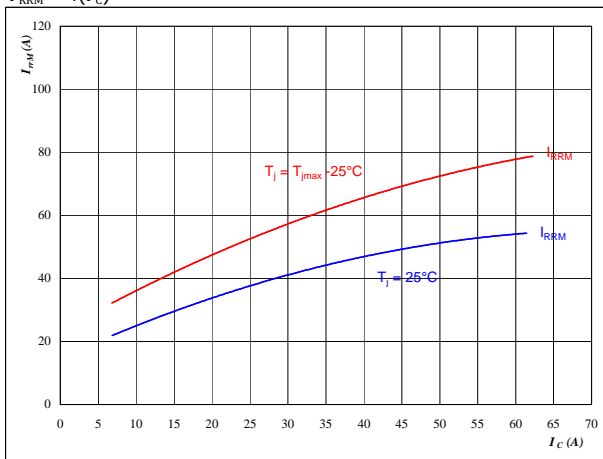


**At**  
 $T_j = 25/125$  °C  
 $V_R = 600$  V  
 $I_F = 35$  A  
 $V_{GE} = 15$  V

**figure 15.** FWD

**Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current**

$I_{RRM} = f(I_C)$

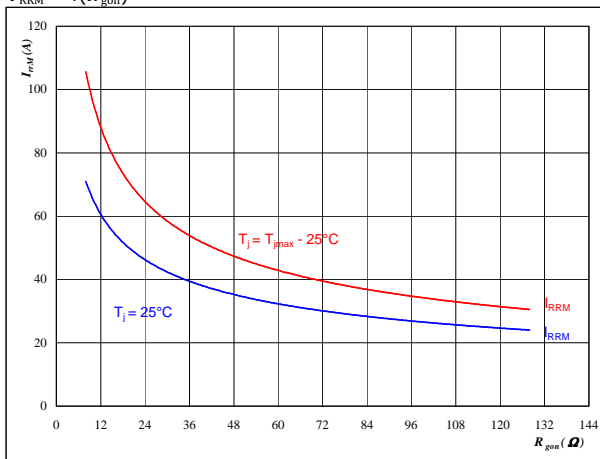


**At**  
 $T_j = 25/125$  °C  
 $V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 32$  Ω

**figure 16.** FWD

**Typical reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor**

$I_{RRM} = f(R_{gon})$



**At**  
 $T_j = 25/125$  °C  
 $V_R = 600$  V  
 $I_F = 35$  A  
 $V_{GE} = 15$  V



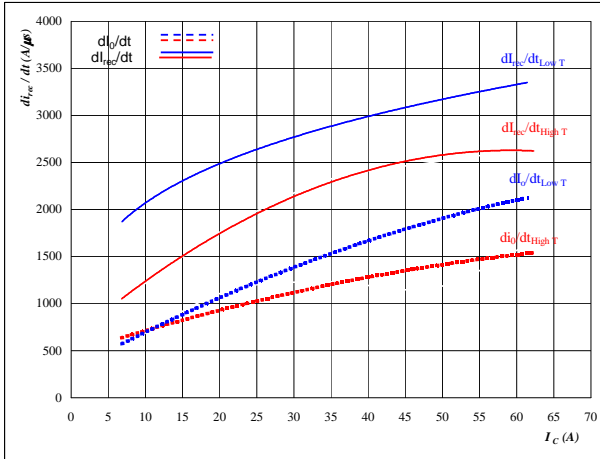


# Inverter Characteristics

**figure 17. FWD**

**Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current**

$$dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(I_C)$$

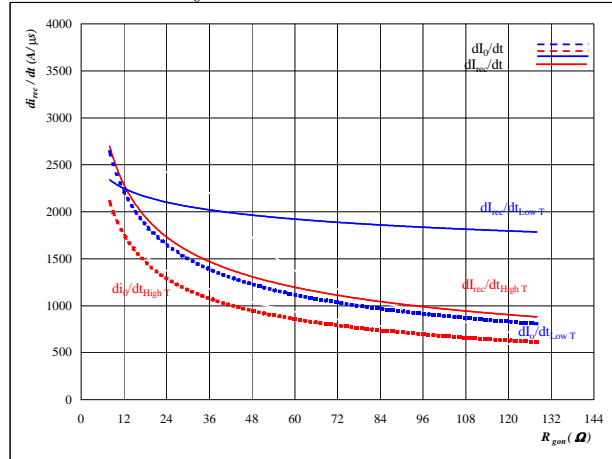


**At**  
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 32 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 18. FWD**

**Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor**

$$dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(R_{gon})$$

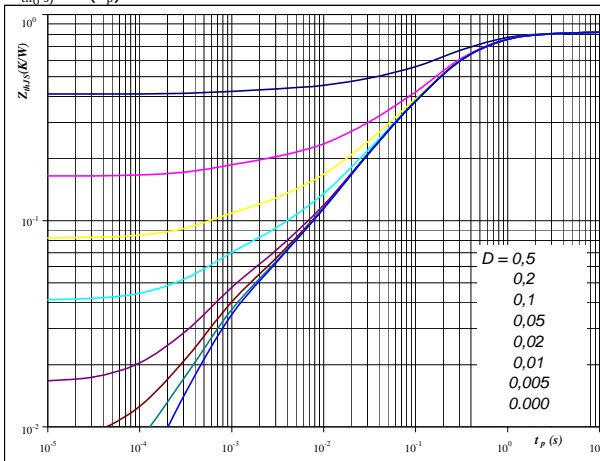


**At**  
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_R = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $I_F = 35 \text{ A}$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$

**figure 19. IGBT**

**IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width**

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



**At**  
 $D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,82 \text{ K/W}$

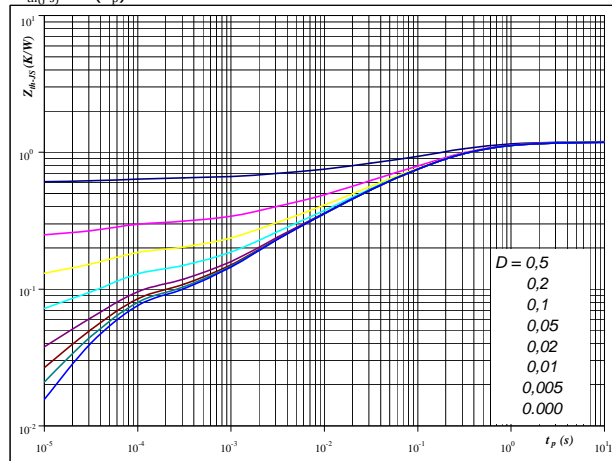
IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	Tau (s)
6,25E-02	2,16E+00
3,31E-01	3,85E-01
3,05E-01	1,15E-01
8,86E-02	1,42E-02
3,56E-02	7,97E-04

**figure 20. FWD**

**FWD transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width**

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



**At**  
 $D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,20 \text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	Tau (s)
2,86E-02	1,01E+02
8,35E-02	1,99E+00
3,35E-01	3,21E-01
3,59E-01	8,30E-02
2,23E-01	1,29E-02
1,07E-01	1,77E-03
7,67E-02	4,66E-05

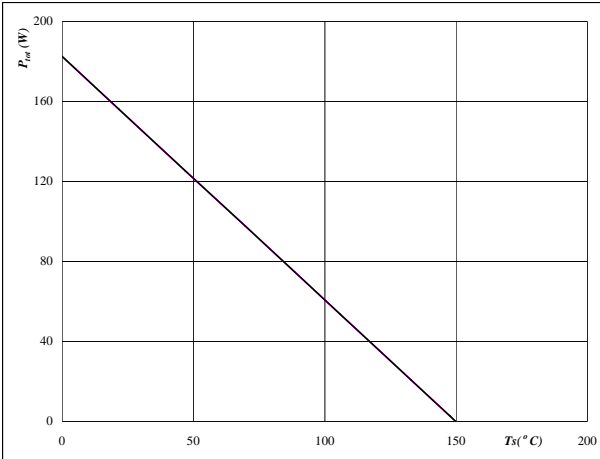


# Inverter Characteristics

**figure 21.** IGBT

**Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature**

$$P_{tot} = f(T_s)$$

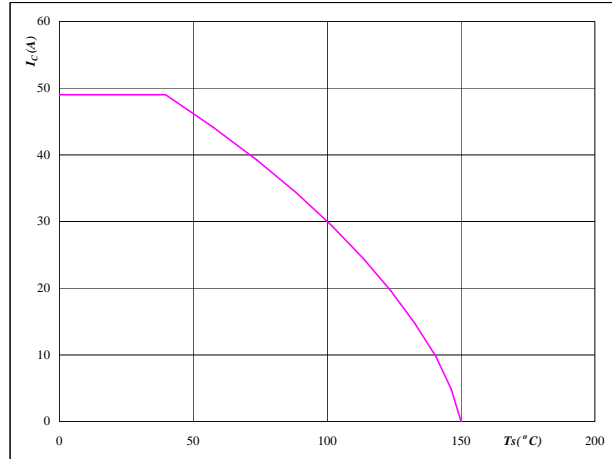


**At**  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

**figure 22.** IGBT

**Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature**

$$I_C = f(T_s)$$

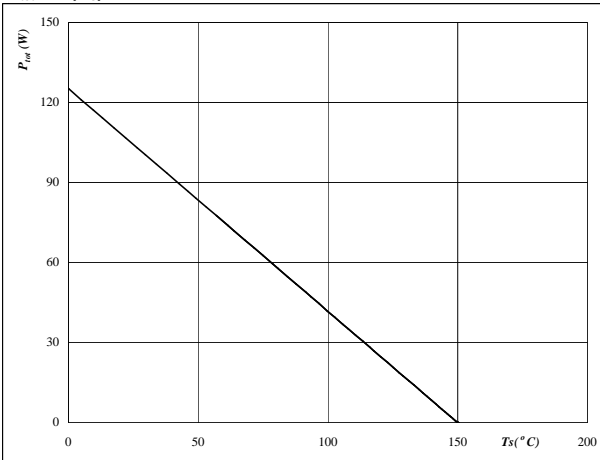


**At**  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$

**figure 23.** FWD

**Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature**

$$P_{tot} = f(T_s)$$

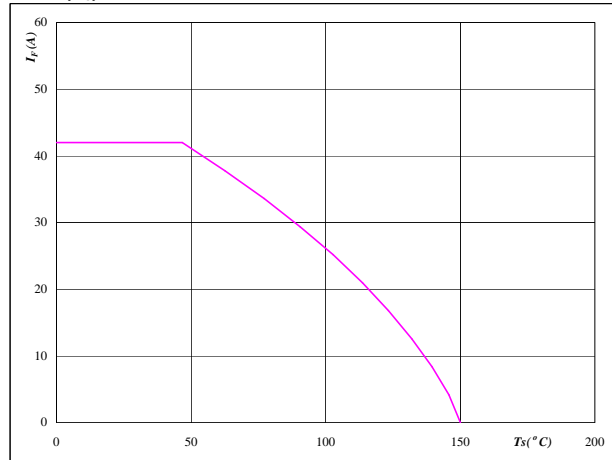


**At**  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

**figure 24.** FWD

**Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature**

$$I_F = f(T_s)$$



**At**  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

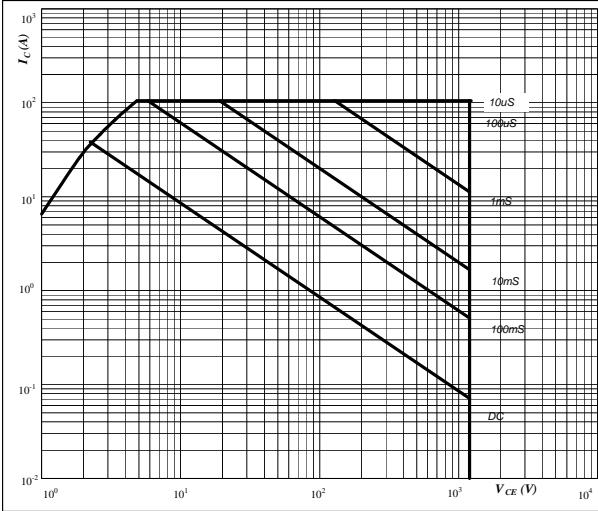


# Inverter Characteristics

**figure 25. IGBT**

Safe operating area as a function of collector-emitter voltage

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

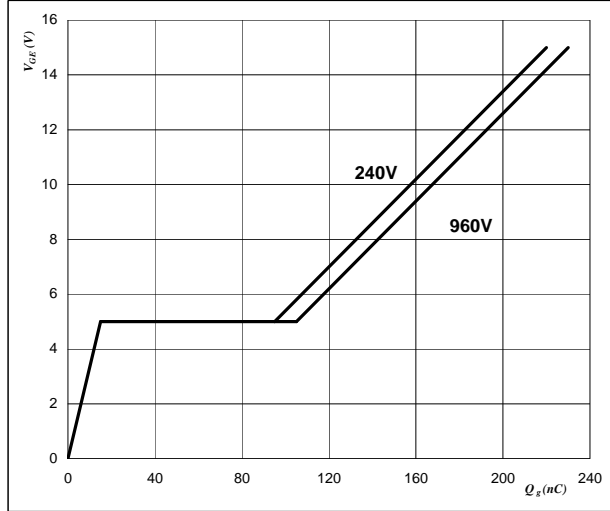


**At**  
 $D =$  single pulse  
 $T_s =$  80 °C  
 $V_{GE} =$  15 V  
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$  °C

**figure 26. IGBT**

Gate voltage vs Gate charge

$V_{GE} = f(Q_g)$

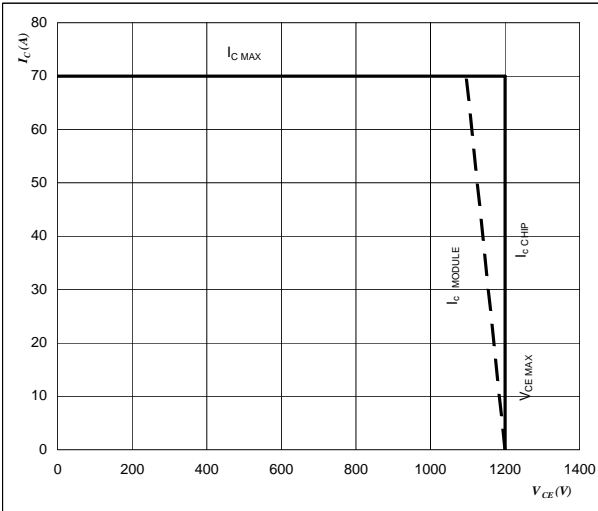


**At**  
 $I_C =$  35 A

**figure 29. IGBT**

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



**At**  
 $T_j =$  125 °C  
 $R_{gon} =$  32 Ω  
 $R_{goff} =$  16 Ω

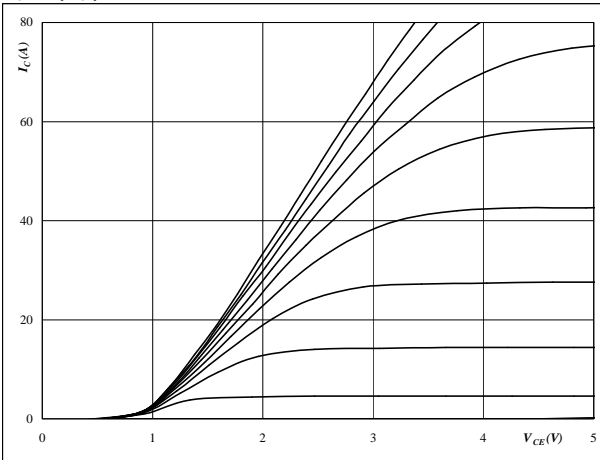


### Brake Characteristics

**figure 1. IGBT**

**Typical output characteristics**

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

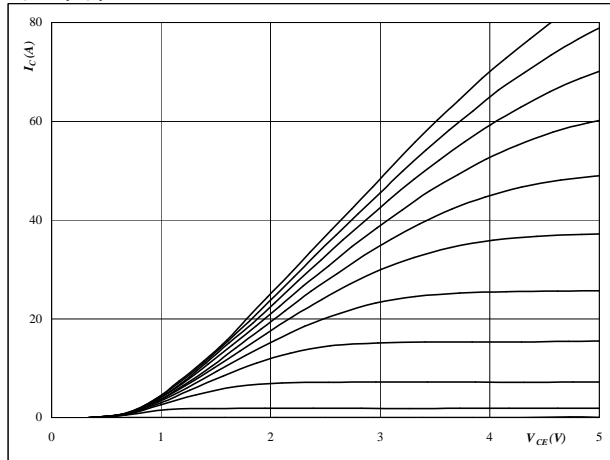


**At**  
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 6 V to 16 V in steps of 1 V

**figure 2. IGBT**

**Typical output characteristics**

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

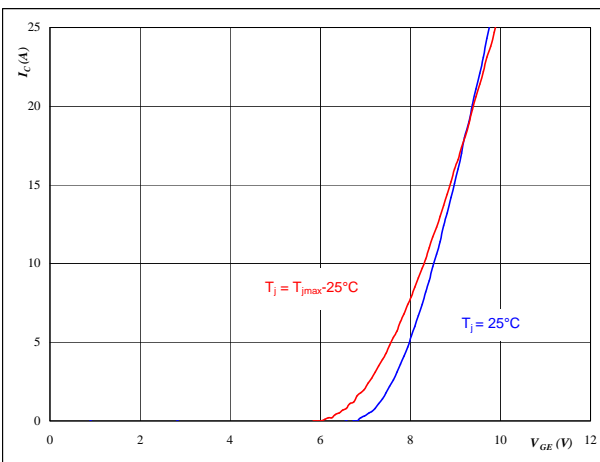


**At**  
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ C$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 6 V to 16 V in steps of 1 V

**figure 3. IGBT**

**Typical transfer characteristics**

$I_C = f(V_{GE})$

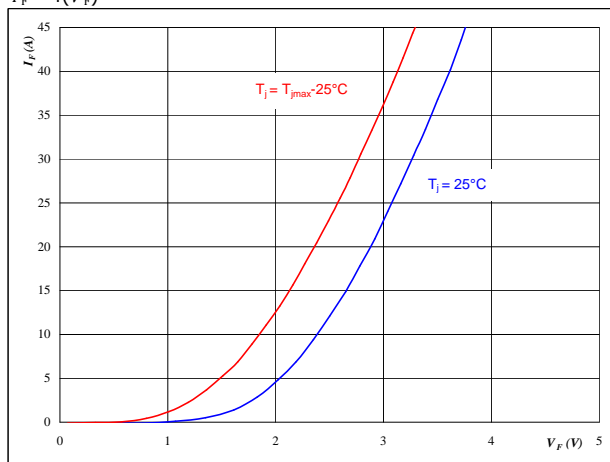


**At**  
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$

**figure 4. FWD**

**Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage**

$I_F = f(V_F)$



**At**  
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$

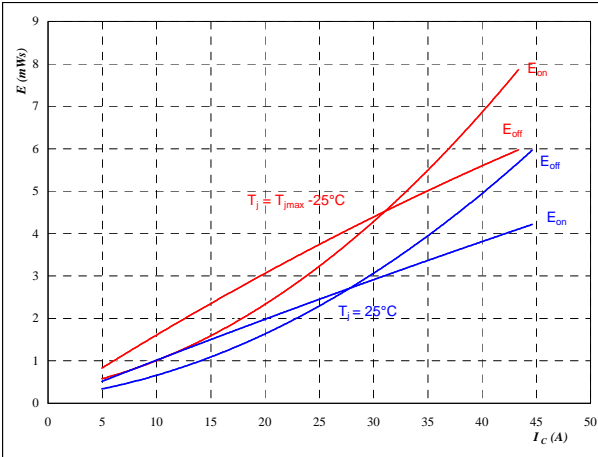


### Brake Characteristics

**figure 5. IGBT**

**Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current**

$E = f(I_C)$



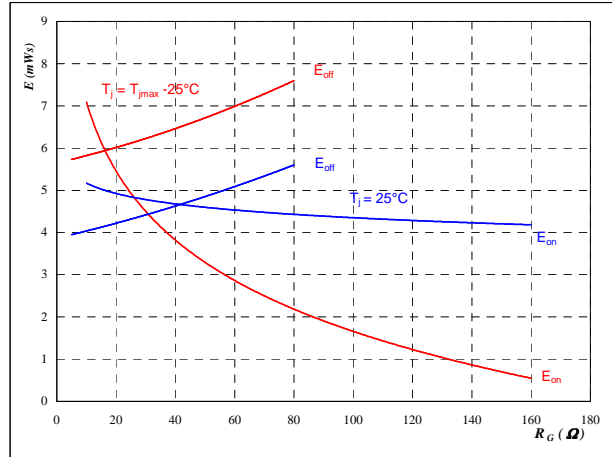
With an inductive load at

- $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
- $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$
- $R_{gon} = 40 \text{ } \Omega$
- $R_{goff} = 20 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 6. IGBT**

**Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor**

$E = f(R_G)$



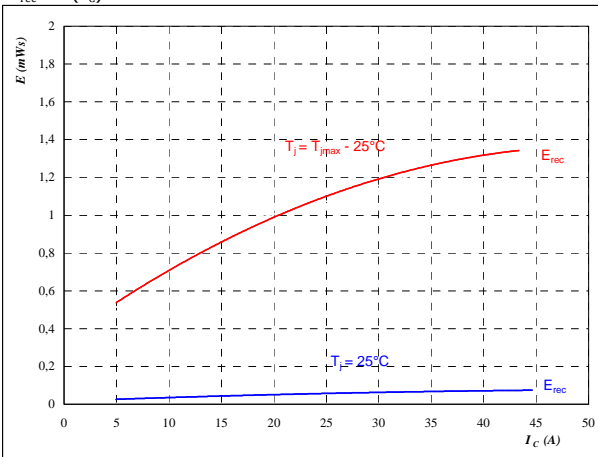
With an inductive load at

- $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
- $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$
- $I_C = 43 \text{ A}$

**figure 7. FWD**

**Typical reverse recovery energy loss as a function of collector current**

$E_{rec} = f(I_C)$



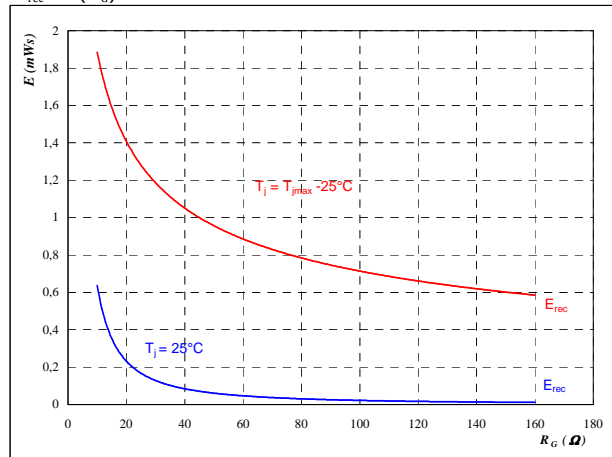
With an inductive load at

- $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
- $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$
- $R_{gon} = 40 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 8. FWD**

**Typical reverse recovery energy loss as a function of gate resistor**

$E_{rec} = f(R_G)$



With an inductive load at

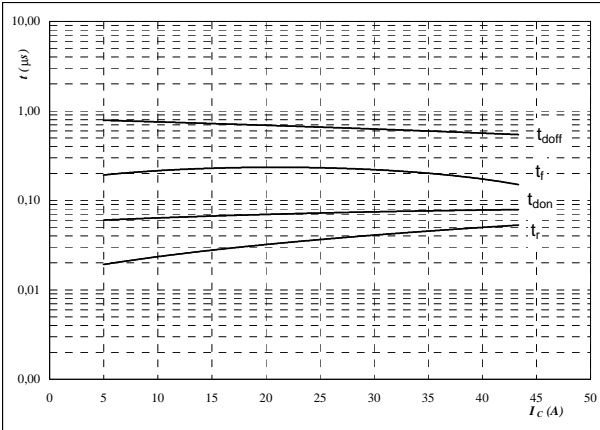
- $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
- $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$
- $I_C = 43 \text{ A}$



### Brake Characteristics

**figure 9. IGBT**

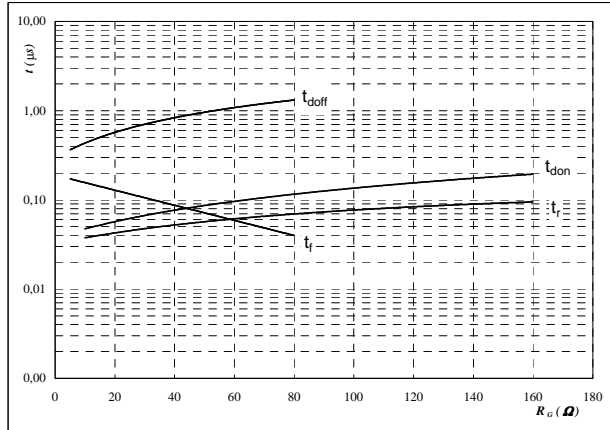
Typical switching times as a function of collector current  
 $t = f(I_C)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 40 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 20 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 10. IGBT**

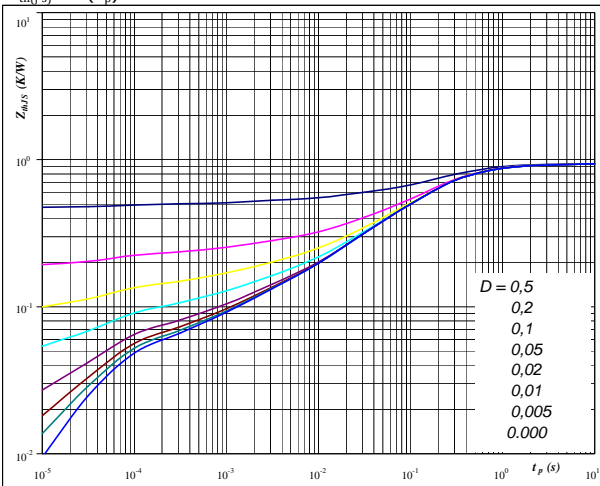
Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor  
 $t = f(R_G)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_C = 43 \text{ A}$

**figure 11. IGBT**

IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width  
 $Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$

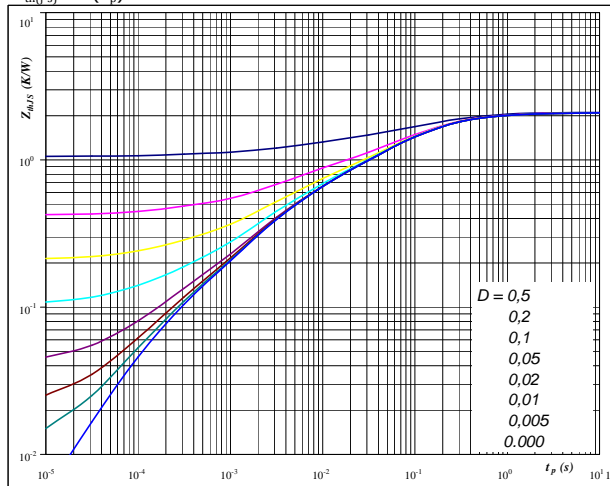


At  $D = t_p / T$

$R_{th(j-s)} = 0,94 \text{ K/W}$

**figure 12. FWD**

FWD transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width  
 $Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$



At  $D = t_p / T$

$R_{th(j-s)} = 2,10 \text{ K/W}$

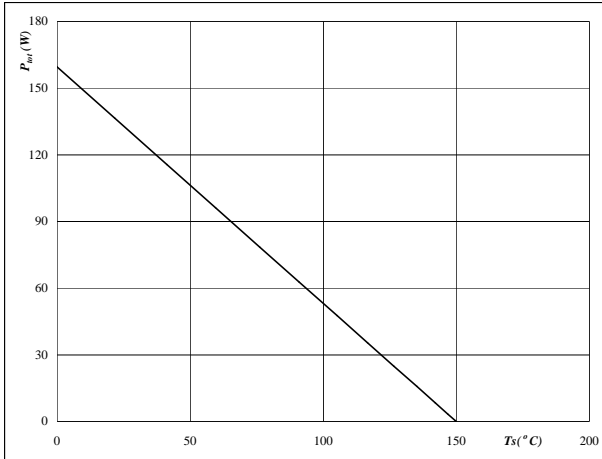


### Brake Characteristics

**figure 13.** IGBT

**Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature**

$$P_{tot} = f(T_s)$$

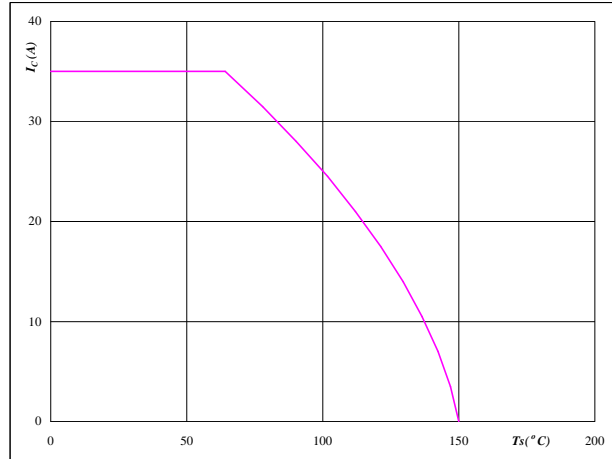


**At**  
T<sub>j</sub> = 150 °C

**figure 14.** IGBT

**Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature**

$$I_C = f(T_s)$$

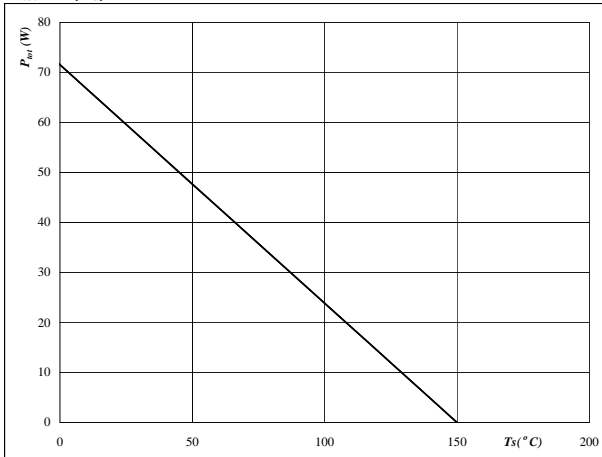


**At**  
T<sub>j</sub> = 150 °C  
V<sub>GE</sub> = 15 V

**figure 15.** FWD

**Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature**

$$P_{tot} = f(T_s)$$

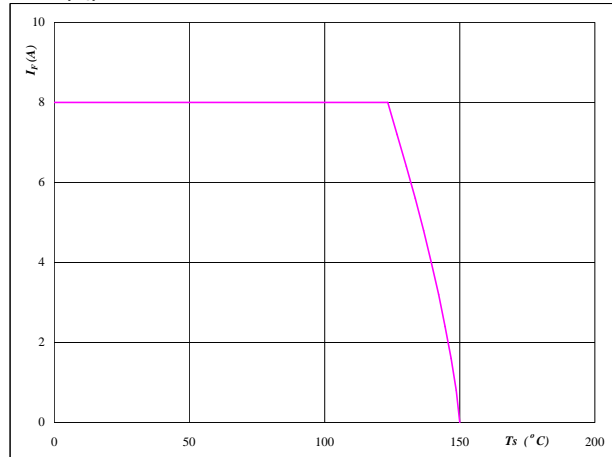


**At**  
T<sub>j</sub> = 150 °C

**figure 16.** FWD

**Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature**

$$I_F = f(T_s)$$



**At**  
T<sub>j</sub> = 150 °C

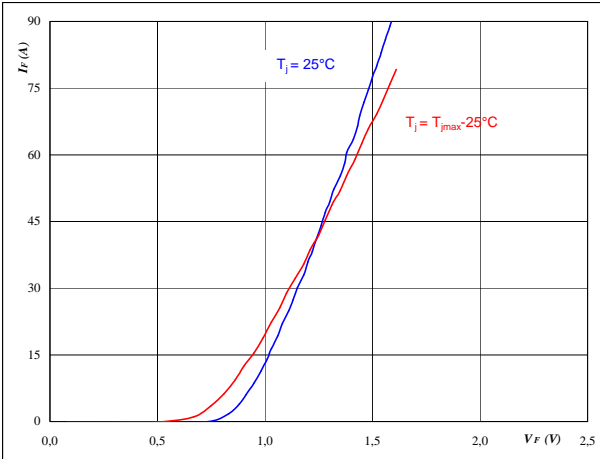


# Rectifier Characteristics

**figure 1. Rectifier Diode**

**Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage**

$I_F = f(V_F)$

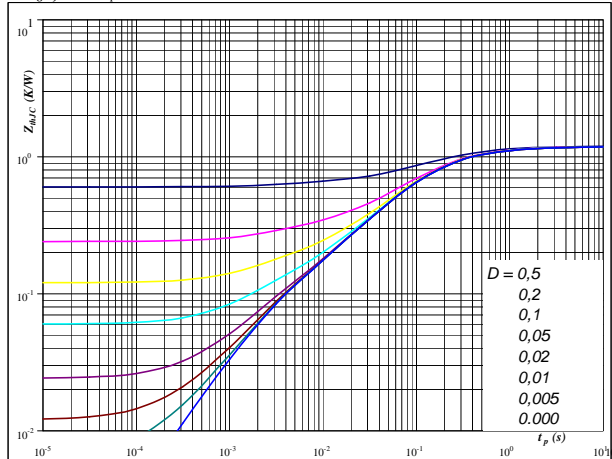


**At**  
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$

**figure 2. Rectifier Diode**

**Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width**

$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$

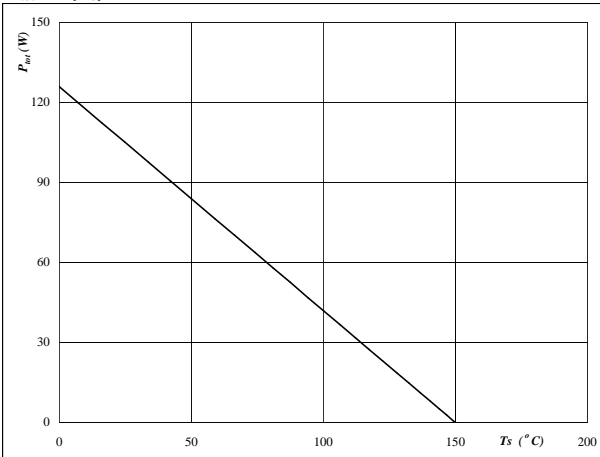


**At**  
 $D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,19 \text{ K/W}$

**figure 3. Rectifier Diode**

**Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature**

$P_{tot} = f(T_s)$

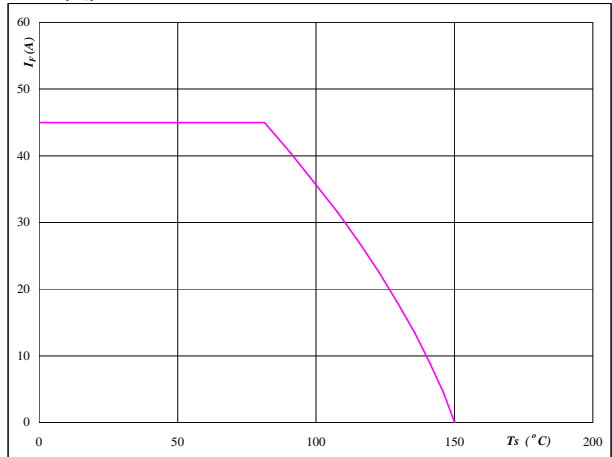


**At**  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$

**figure 4. Rectifier Diode**

**Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature**

$I_F = f(T_s)$



**At**  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$



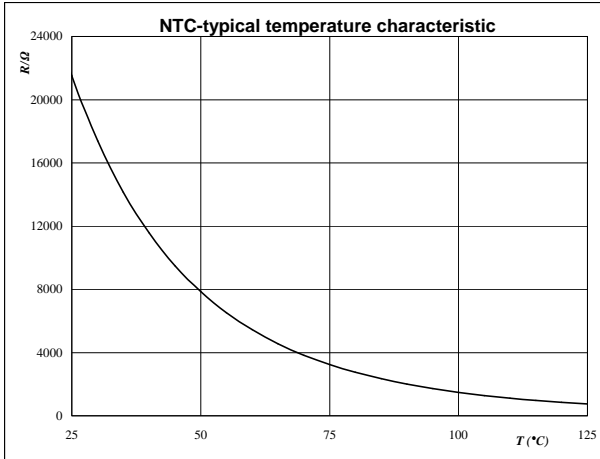


# Thermistor

**figure 1. Thermistor**

**Typical NTC characteristic  
as a function of temperature**

$$R_T = f(T)$$



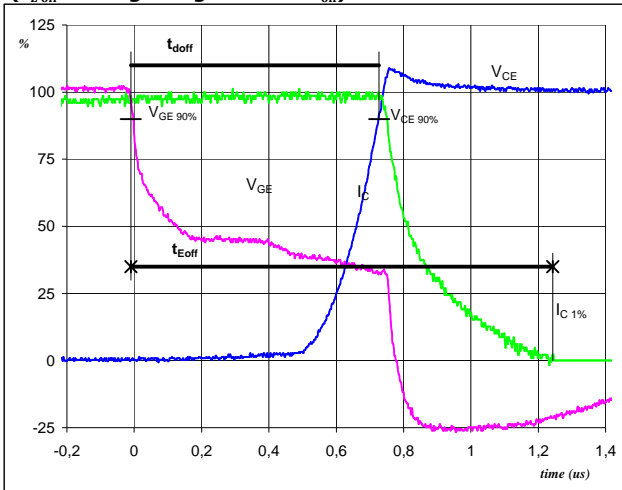


## Switching Definitions Output Inverter

### General conditions

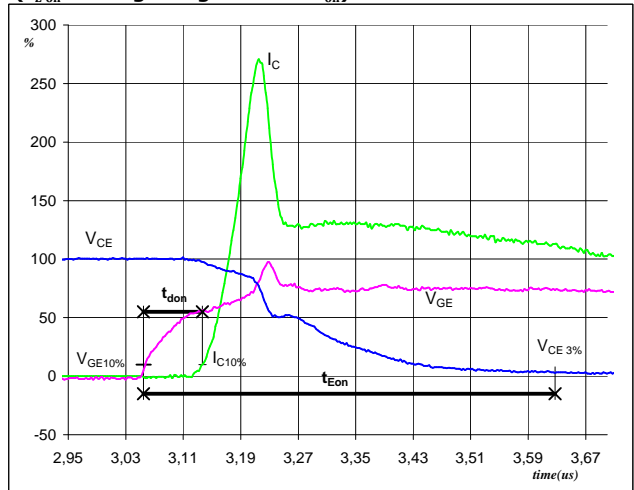
$T_j$	=	125 °C
$R_{gon}$	=	32 Ω
$R_{goff}$	=	16 Ω

**figure 1. IGBT**  
**Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$   $t_{Eoff}$**   
( $t_{Eoff}$  = integrating time for  $E_{off}$ )



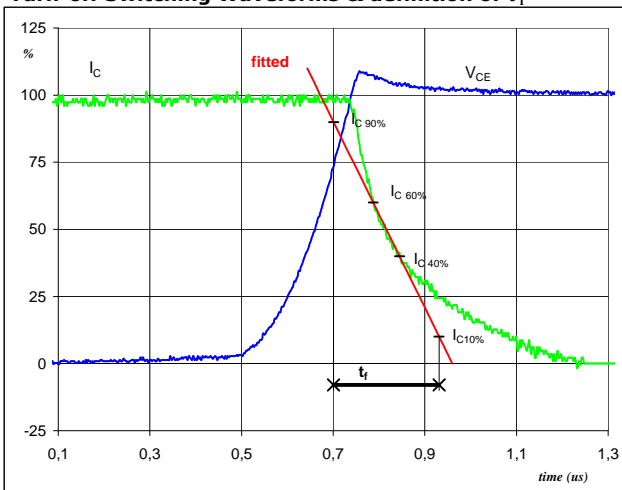
$V_{GE}$ (0%) =	0	V
$V_{GE}$ (100%) =	15	V
$V_C$ (100%) =	600	V
$I_C$ (100%) =	35	A
$t_{doff}$ =	0,73	μs
$t_{Eoff}$ =	1,25	μs

**figure 2. IGBT**  
**Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{don}$   $t_{Eon}$**   
( $t_{Eon}$  = integrating time for  $E_{on}$ )



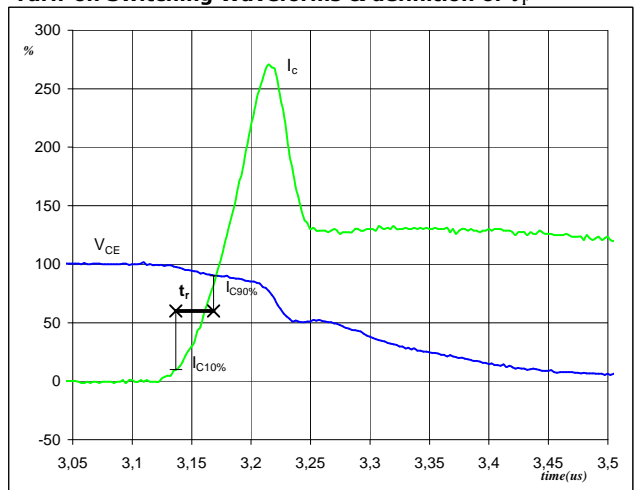
$V_{GE}$ (0%) =	0	V
$V_{GE}$ (100%) =	15	V
$V_C$ (100%) =	600	V
$I_C$ (100%) =	35	A
$t_{don}$ =	0,08	μs
$t_{Eon}$ =	0,57	μs

**figure 3. IGBT**  
**Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_f$**



$V_C$ (100%) =	600	V
$I_C$ (100%) =	35	A
$t_f$ =	0,24	μs

**figure 4. IGBT**  
**Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$**

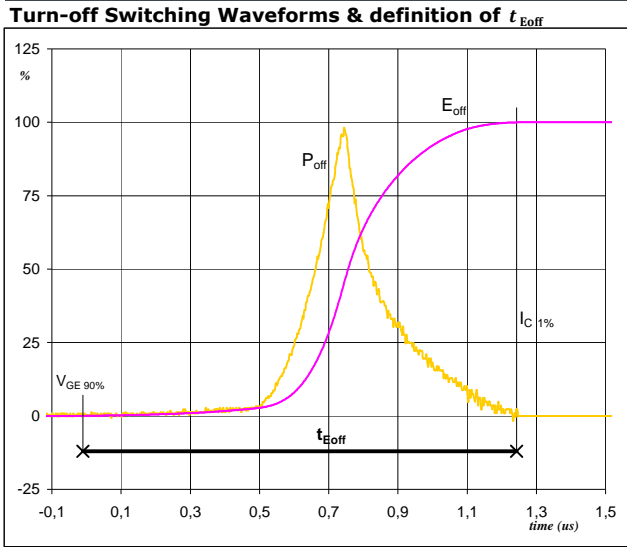


$V_C$ (100%) =	600	V
$I_C$ (100%) =	35	A
$t_r$ =	0,03	μs



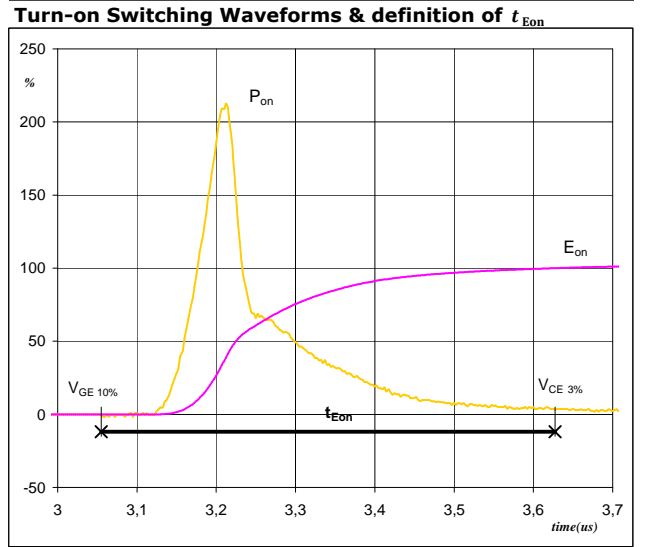
## Switching Definitions Output Inverter

**figure 5.** IGBT



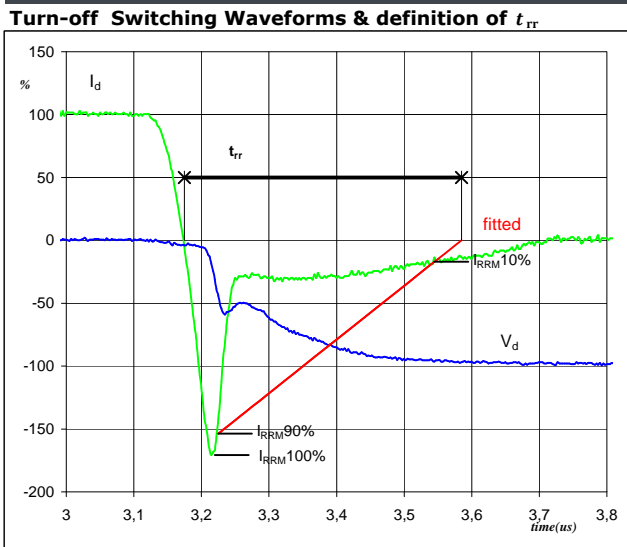
$P_{off} (100\%) = 21,00 \text{ kW}$   
 $E_{off} (100\%) = 4,83 \text{ mJ}$   
 $t_{Eoff} = 1,25 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$

**figure 6.** IGBT



$P_{on} (100\%) = 21,00 \text{ kW}$   
 $E_{on} (100\%) = 4,41 \text{ mJ}$   
 $t_{Eon} = 0,57 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$

**figure 7.** FWD



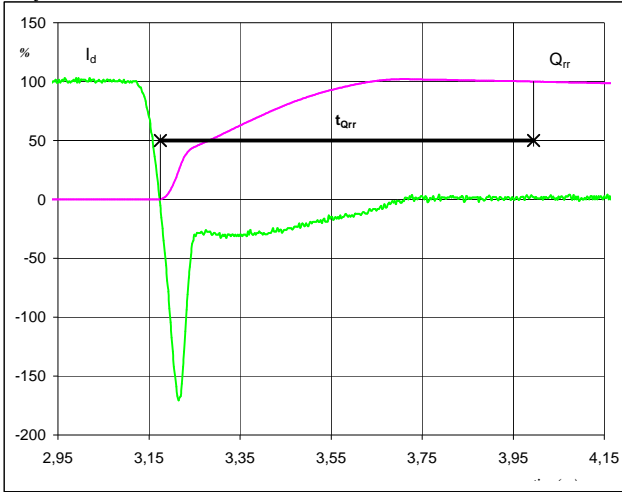
$V_d (100\%) = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $I_d (100\%) = 35 \text{ A}$   
 $I_{RRM} (100\%) = 61 \text{ A}$   
 $t_{rr} = 0,41 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$



### Switching Definitions Output Inverter

**figure 8.** FWD

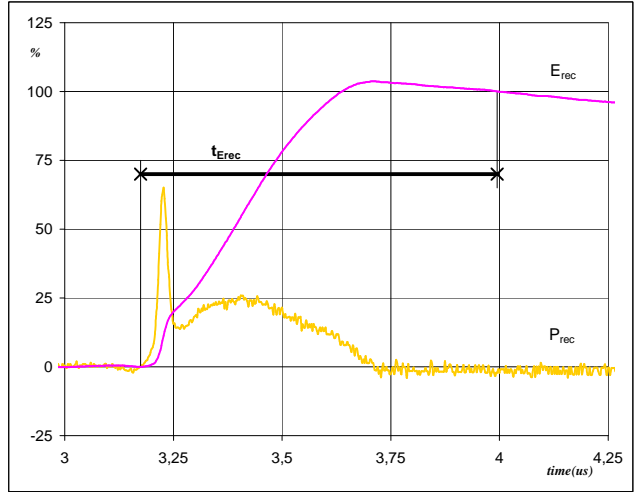
**Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Qrr}$**   
( $t_{Qrr}$  = integrating time for  $Q_{rr}$ )



$I_d$ (100%) =	35	A
$Q_{rr}$ (100%) =	6,24	$\mu\text{C}$
$t_{Qrr}$ =	0,82	$\mu\text{s}$

**figure 9.** FWD

**Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Erec}$**   
( $t_{Erec}$  = integrating time for  $E_{rec}$ )



$P_{rec}$ (100%) =	21,00	kW
$E_{rec}$ (100%) =	2,20	mJ
$t_{Erec}$ =	0,82	$\mu\text{s}$



## Ordering Code and Marking - Outline - Pinout

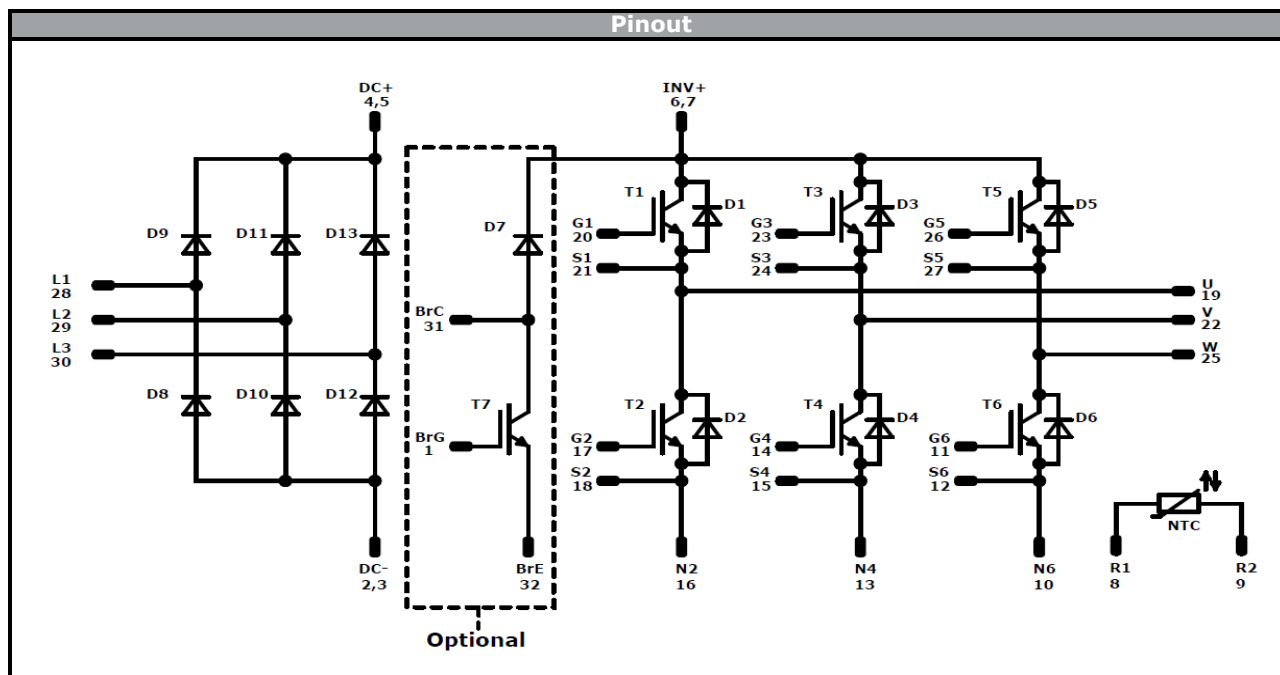
Ordering Code & Marking							
<b>Version</b>				<b>Ordering Code</b>			
without thermal paste 17mm housing with solder pins				V23990-P580-A-PM			
with thermal paste 17mm housing with solder pins				V23990-P580-A-/3/-PM			
without thermal paste 17mm housing with solder pins w/o BRC				V23990-P580-C-PM			
	Text	VIN	Date code	Name&Ver	UL	Lot	Serial
		VIN	WYYY	NNNNNVV	UL	LLLLL	SSSS
Datamatrix	Name&Ver	Lot number	Serial	Date code			
	NNNNNVV	LLLLL	SSSS	WYYY			

Pinout table				Outline	
Pin	X	Y	Function	<p>Tolerance of pinpositions: <math>\pm 0.5\text{mm}</math> at the end of pins Dimension of coordinate axis is only offset without tolerance</p>	
1	52,55	0	BrG		
2	47,7	0	DC-		
3	44,8	0	DC-		
4	37,8	0	DC+		
5	37,8	2,8	DC+		
6	35	0	Inv+		
7	35	2,8	Inv+		
8	28	0	R1		
9	25,2	0	R2		
10	22,4	0	N6		
11	19,6	0	G6		
12	16,8	0	S6		
13	14	0	N4		
14	11,2	0	G4		
15	8,4	0	S4		
16	5,6	0	N2		
17	2,8	0	G2		
18	0	0	S2		
19	0	28,5	U		
20	2,8	28,5	G1		
21	7,5	28,5	S1		
22	14,5	28,5	V		
23	17,3	28,5	G3		
24	22	28,5	S3		
25	29	28,5	W		
26	31,8	28,5	G5		
27	36,5	28,5	S5		
28	43,5	28,5	L1		
29	52,55	25	L2		
30	52,55	16,9	L3		
31	52,55	8,6	BrC		
32	52,55	2,8	BrE		

Pinout variation	
Module subtype	Not assembled pins
V23990-P580-A-PM	-
V23990-P580-C-PM	1, 31, 32



### Ordering Code and Marking - Outline - Pinout




Identification					
ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6	IGBT	1200 V	25 A	Inverter Switch	
D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6	FWD	1200 V	30 A	Inverter Diode	
T7	IGBT	1200 V	15 A	Brake Switch	
D7	FWD	1200 V	6 A	Brake Diode	
D8,D9,D10,D11,D12	Rectifier	1200 V	30 A	Rectifier Diode	
NTC	NTC			Thermistor	



Packaging instruction			
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ)	<b>100</b>	>SPQ	Standard
		<SPQ	Sample

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for <i>flow</i> 1 packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for <i>flow</i> 1 packages see vincotech.com website.

UL recognition and file number
This device is certified according to UL 1557 standard, UL file number E192116. For more information see vincotech.com website. 

Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
V23990-P580-A-C-D2-14	01 Aug. 2016	New brand, PCM Rth values	all

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