



**flowFC S3 split**

**950 V / 600 A**

**Features**

- Low inductive mid-power package
- High efficient Flying Capacitor topology
- Optimized for 1500 V applications
- Integrated DC capacitors

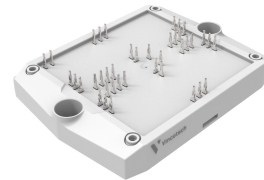
**Target applications**

- Solar Inverters

**Types**

- B0-SP10FSA600S7-LM69F98T
- B0-SP10FSB600S7-LM79F98T

**flow S3 12 mm housing**

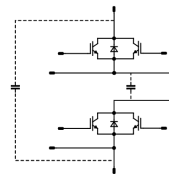


LM69F98T

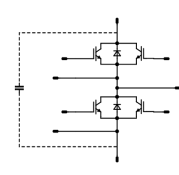


LM79F98T

**Schematic**



LM69F98T



LM79F98T

**Maximum Ratings** $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
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**AC 1 Switch L**

Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		950	V
Collector current (DC current)	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	357	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	1200	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	636	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		$\pm 20$	V
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C

**AC 1 Diode L**

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		950	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	295	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	506	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C

**AC 1 Switch H**

Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		950	V
Collector current (DC current)	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	357	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	1200	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	636	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		$\pm 20$	V
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C

**AC 1 Diode H**

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		950	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	295	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	506	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C



## Maximum Ratings

 $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
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### AC 2 Switch L

Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		950	V
Collector current (DC current)	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	357	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	1200	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	636	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		$\pm 20$	V
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C

### AC 2 Diode L

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		950	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	295	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	506	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C

### AC 2 Switch H

Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		950	V
Collector current (DC current)	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	357	A
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### AC 2 Diode H

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		950	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	295	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	506	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C



## Maximum Ratings

 $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
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### Flying Capacitor

Maximum DC voltage	$V_{MAX}$		1000	V
Operation Temperature	$T_{op}$		-55 ... 125	°C

### Capacitor (DC)

Maximum DC voltage	$V_{MAX}$		1500	V
Operation Temperature	$T_{op}$		-55 ... 125	°C

## Module Properties

### Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	$T_{jop}$		-40...+( $T_{jmax} - 25$ )	°C

### Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	$V_{isol}$	DC Test Voltage* $t_p = 2\text{ s}$	6000	V
Isolation voltage	$V_{isol}$	AC Voltage $t_p = 1\text{ min}$	2500	V
Creepage distance		LM69F98T LM79F98T	9,77 9,6	mm
Clearance		LM69F98T LM79F98T	8,72 8,22	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI		≥ 600	

\*100 % tested in production



### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

#### AC 1 Switch L

##### Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,01002	25	4,35	5,1	5,85	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		600	25 125 150		1,79 2,05 2,09	2,35 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	950		25			12	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0		25			600	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$							0,25		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$							39000		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oes}$	$f = 100$ kHz	0	25		25		834		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$							120		pF
Gate charge	$Q_g$		15		0	25		1380		nC

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 4,4$ W/mK (PTM)						0,15		K/W
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##### Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$					25 125 150		197,76 198,72 199,36		ns
Rise time	$t_r$					25 125 150		25,92 28,16 28,48		ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25 125 150		148,16 170,88 176,64		ns
Fall time	$t_f$					25 125 150		23,26 41,21 46,35		ns
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$	$Q_{tFWD} = 17,07$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 36,66$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 42$ μC				25 125 150		29,9 33,52 33,7		mWs
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$					25 125 150		15,19 23,63 25,62		mWs



### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
<b>AC 1 Diode L</b>										
<b>Static</b>										
Forward voltage	$V_F$			600	25 125 150	2,1	2,58 2,41 2,35	2,8 <sup>(1)</sup>		V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 950$ V			25			24		μA
<b>Thermal</b>										
Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 4,4$ W/mK (PTM)						0,19		K/W
<b>Dynamic</b>										
Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$				25 125 150		361,81 540,11 587,56			A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$				25 125 150		142,07 173,11 182,02			ns
Recovered charge	$Q_r$	$di/dt=19055$ A/μs $di/dt=19448$ A/μs $di/dt=19304$ A/μs	±15	600	600	25 125 150	17,07 36,66 42			μC
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$				25 125 150		4,8 12,05 14,24			mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_r/dt)_{max}$				25 125 150		15319 13469 14003			A/μs



### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

#### AC 1 Switch H

##### Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,01002	25	4,35	5,1	5,85	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		600	25 125 150		1,79 2,05 2,09	2,35 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	950		25			12	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0		25			600	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$							0,25		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$							39000		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oes}$	$f = 100$ kHz	0	25		25		834		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$							120		pF
Gate charge	$Q_g$		15		0	25		1380		nC

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 4,4$ W/mK (PTM)						0,15		K/W
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##### Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$					25 125 150		197,76 198,72 199,36		ns
Rise time	$t_r$					25 125 150		25,92 28,16 28,48		ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25 125 150		148,16 170,88 176,64		ns
Fall time	$t_f$					25 125 150		23,26 41,21 46,35		ns
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$	$Q_{tFWD} = 17,07$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 36,66$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 42$ μC				25 125 150		29,9 33,52 33,7		mWs
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$					25 125 150		15,19 23,63 25,62		mWs



### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
<b>AC 1 Diode H</b>										
<b>Static</b>										
Forward voltage	$V_F$			600	25 125 150	2,1	2,58 2,41 2,35	2,8 <sup>(1)</sup>		V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_T = 950$ V			25			24		μA
<b>Thermal</b>										
Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 4,4$ W/mK (PTM)						0,19		K/W
<b>Dynamic</b>										
Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$				25 125 150		361,81 540,11 587,56			A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$				25 125 150		142,07 173,11 182,02			ns
Recovered charge	$Q_r$	$di/dt=19055$ A/μs $di/dt=19448$ A/μs $di/dt=19304$ A/μs	±15	600	600	25 125 150	17,07 36,66 42			μC
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$				25 125 150		4,8 12,05 14,24			mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_r/dt)_{max}$				25 125 150		15319 13469 14003			A/μs





### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

#### AC 2 Switch L

##### Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,01002	25	4,35	5,1	5,85	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		600	25 125 150		1,79 2,05 2,09	2,35 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	950		25			12	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0		25			600	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$							0,25		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$							39000		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oes}$	$f = 100$ kHz	0	25		25		834		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$							120		pF
Gate charge	$Q_g$		15		0	25		1380		nC

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 4,4$ W/mK (PTM)						0,15		K/W
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##### Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$					25 125 150		199,04 200,32 200,64		ns
Rise time	$t_r$					25 125 150		24,32 26,56 27,52		ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25 125 150		151,04 175,36 181,76		ns
Fall time	$t_f$					25 125 150		22,91 42,32 49,49		ns
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$	$Q_{tFWD} = 17,05$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 38,32$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 44,72$ μC				25 125 150		29,33 33,29 34,4		mWs
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$					25 125 150		15,06 23,9 26,74		mWs



### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
<b>AC 2 Diode L</b>										
<b>Static</b>										
Forward voltage	$V_F$			600	25 125 150	2,1	2,58 2,41 2,35	2,8 <sup>(1)</sup>		V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_T = 950$ V			25			24		μA
<b>Thermal</b>										
Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 4,4$ W/mK (PTM)						0,19		K/W
<b>Dynamic</b>										
Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$				25 125 150		377,72 572,15 625,39			A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$				25 125 150		138,55 173,65 187,29			ns
Recovered charge	$Q_r$	$di/dt=20877$ A/μs $di/dt=20334$ A/μs $di/dt=20767$ A/μs	±15	600	600	25 125 150	17,05 38,32 44,72			μC
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$				25 125 150		4,65 12,41 15,01			mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_r/dt)_{max}$				25 125 150		16716 15210 15877			A/μs



### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

#### AC 2 Switch H

##### Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,01002	25	4,35	5,1	5,85	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		600	25 125 150		1,79 2,05 2,09	2,35 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	950		25			12	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0		25			600	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$							0,25		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$							39000		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oes}$	$f = 100$ kHz	0	25		25		834		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$							120		pF
Gate charge	$Q_g$		15		0	25		1380		nC

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 4,4$ W/mK (PTM)						0,15		K/W
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##### Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$					25 125 150		199,04 200,32 200,64		ns
Rise time	$t_r$					25 125 150		24,32 26,56 27,52		ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25 125 150		151,04 175,36 181,76		ns
Fall time	$t_f$					25 125 150		22,91 42,32 49,49		ns
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$	$Q_{tFWD} = 17,05$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 38,32$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 44,72$ μC				25 125 150		29,33 33,29 34,4		mWs
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$					25 125 150		15,06 23,9 26,74		mWs



### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
<b>AC 2 Diode H</b>										
<b>Static</b>										
Forward voltage	$V_F$			600	25 125 150	2,1	2,58 2,41 2,35	2,8 <sup>(1)</sup>		V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_i = 950$ V			25			24		μA
<b>Thermal</b>										
Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 4,4$ W/mK (PTM)						0,19		K/W
<b>Dynamic</b>										
Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$				25 125 150		377,72 572,15 625,39			A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$				25 125 150		138,55 173,65 187,29			ns
Recovered charge	$Q_r$	$di/dt=20877$ A/μs $di/dt=20334$ A/μs $di/dt=20767$ A/μs	±15	600	600	25 125 150	17,05 38,32 44,72			μC
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$				25 125 150		4,65 12,41 15,01			mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_r/dt)_{max}$				25 125 150		16716 15210 15877			A/μs



### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

#### Flying Capacitor

##### Static

Capacitance	$C$	DC bias voltage = 0 V				25		400		nF
Tolerance							-10		10	%
Dissipation factor		$f = 1$ kHz				25		2,5		%

#### Capacitor (DC)

##### Static

Capacitance	$C$	DC bias voltage = 0 V				25		112		nF
Tolerance							-10		10	%
Dissipation factor		$f = 1$ kHz				25		2,5		%

#### Thermistor

##### Static

Rated resistance	$R$					25		22		k $\Omega$
Deviation of $R_{100}$	$A_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 1484 \Omega$				100	-5		5	%
Power dissipation	$P$							5		mW
Power dissipation constant	$d$					25		1,5		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. $\pm 1$ %						3962		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. $\pm 1$ %						4000		K
Vincotech Thermistor Reference									I	

(1) Value at chip level

(2) Only valid with pre-applied Vincotech thermal interface material.

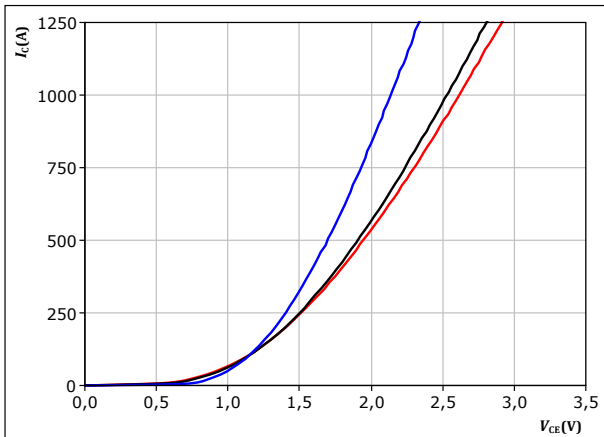


## AC 1, AC 2 Switch L Characteristics

**figure 1.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

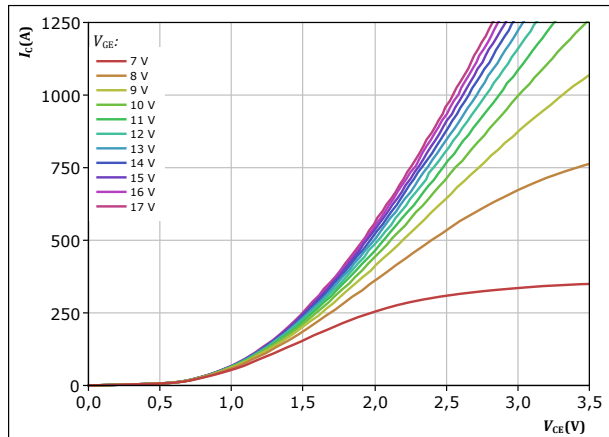


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$   
 $T_j:$  — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 2.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

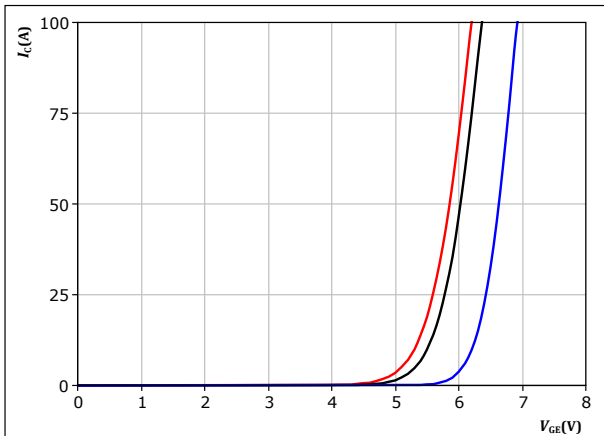


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

**figure 3.** IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

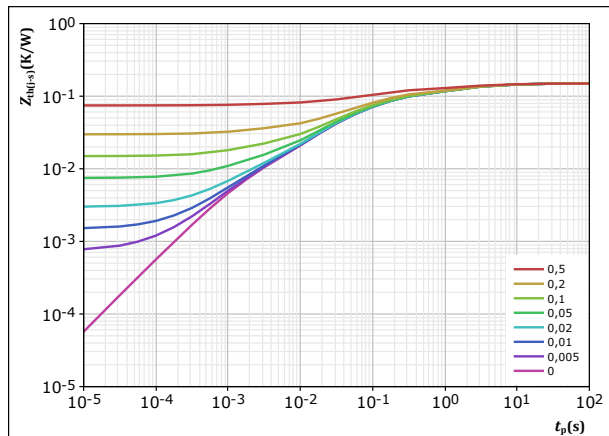


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{CE} = 14 V$   
 $T_j:$  — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 4.** IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,149 \text{ K/W}$   
 IGBT thermal model values  

R (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
1,26E-02	8,85E+00
4,17E-02	1,44E+00
6,06E-02	1,19E-01
2,86E-02	2,31E-02
5,81E-03	1,46E-03

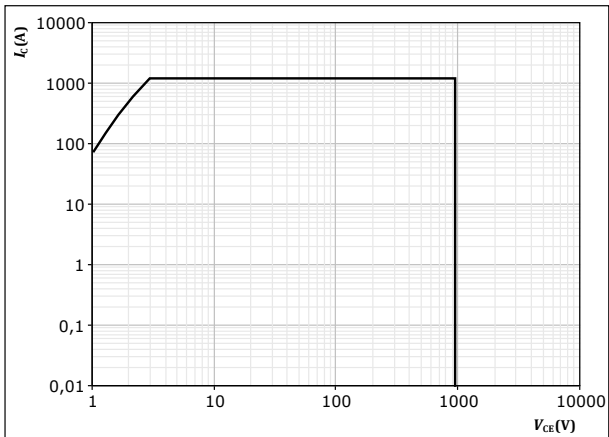


## AC 1, AC 2 Switch L Characteristics

**figure 5.** IGBT

Safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



$D =$  single pulse

$T_s = 80$  °C

$V_{CE} = 15$  V

$T_j = T_{jmax}$

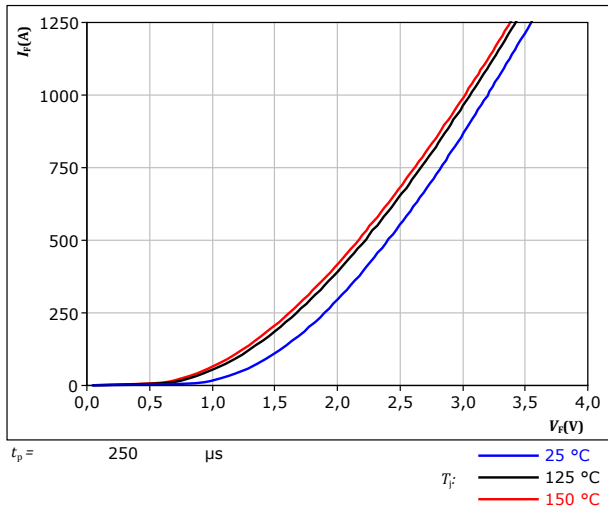


## AC 1, AC 2 Diode L Characteristics

**figure 6.** FWD

Typical forward characteristics

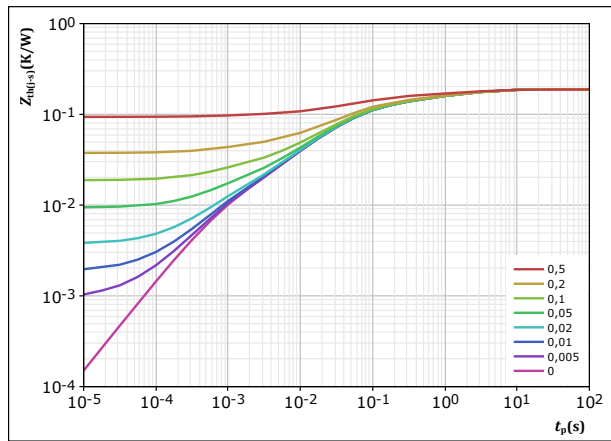
$$I_F = f(V_F)$$



**figure 7.** FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,188 \text{ K/W}$   
 FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
2,89E-02	3,31E+00
3,81E-02	5,82E-01
8,22E-02	6,14E-02
3,00E-02	1,08E-02
8,47E-03	7,78E-04



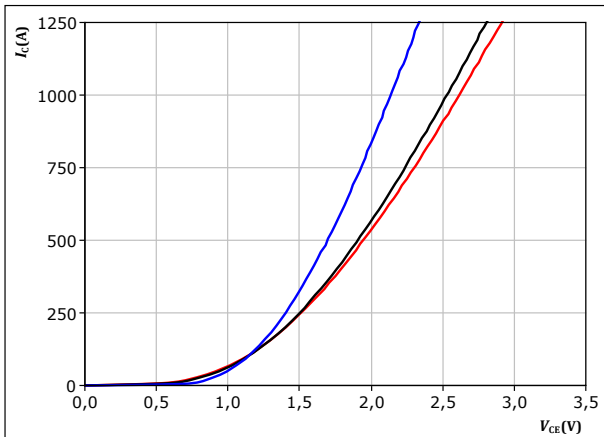


## AC 1, AC 2 Switch H Characteristics

**figure 8.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

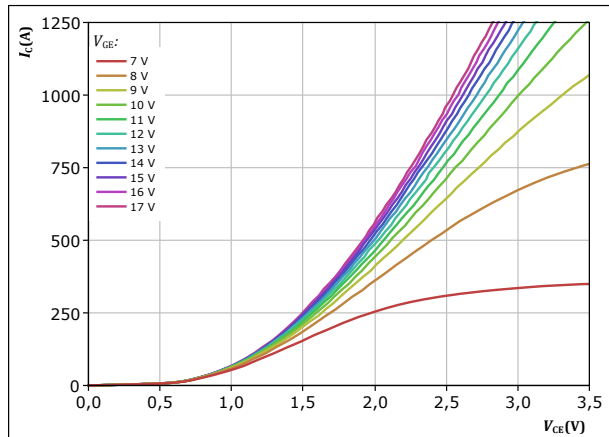


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$   
 $T_j:$  — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 9.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

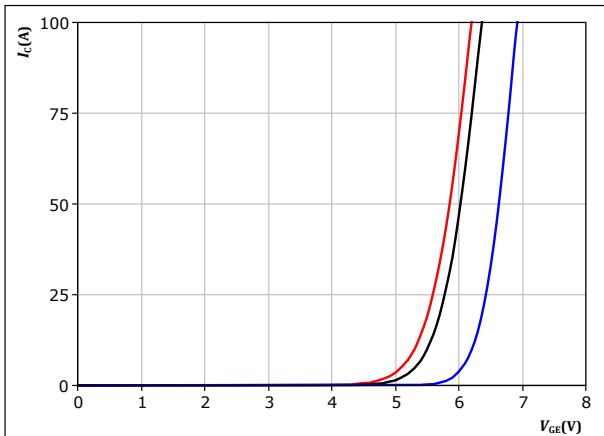


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

**figure 10.** IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

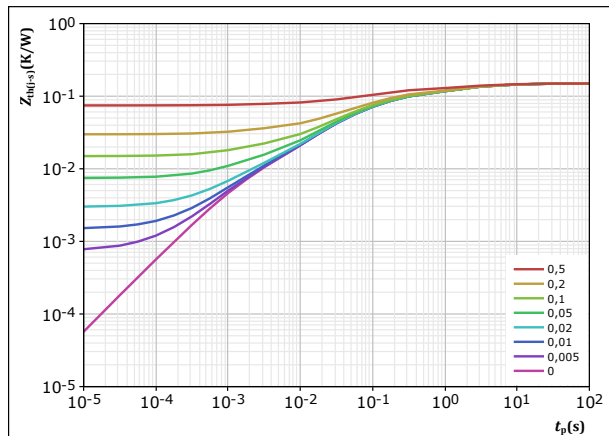


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{CE} = 14 V$   
 $T_j:$  — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 11.** IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,149 \text{ K/W}$   
 IGBT thermal model values  

R (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
1,26E-02	8,85E+00
4,17E-02	1,44E+00
6,06E-02	1,19E-01
2,86E-02	2,31E-02
5,81E-03	1,46E-03

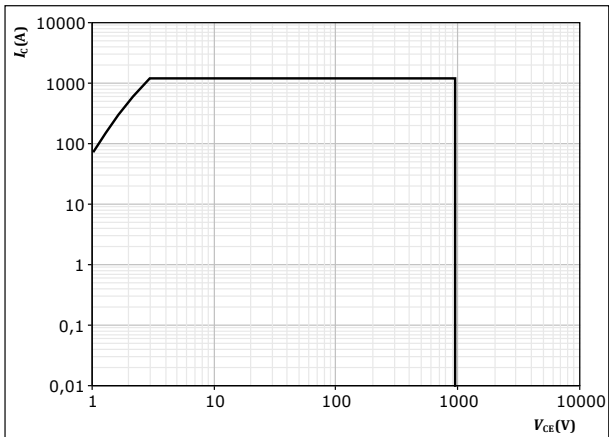


## AC 1, AC 2 Switch H Characteristics

**figure 12.** IGBT

Safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



$D =$  single pulse

$T_s = 80$  °C

$V_{CE} = 15$  V

$T_j = T_{jmax}$

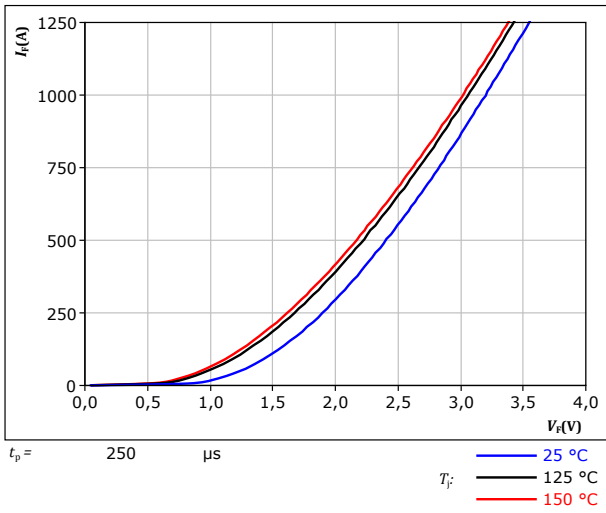


## AC 1, AC 2 Diode H Characteristics

**figure 13.** FWD

Typical forward characteristics

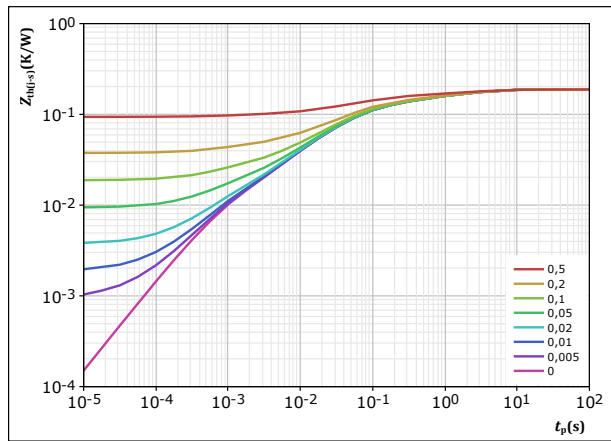
$$I_F = f(V_F)$$



**figure 14.** FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,188 \text{ K/W}$   
 FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
2,89E-02	3,31E+00
3,81E-02	5,82E-01
8,22E-02	6,14E-02
3,00E-02	1,08E-02
8,47E-03	7,78E-04

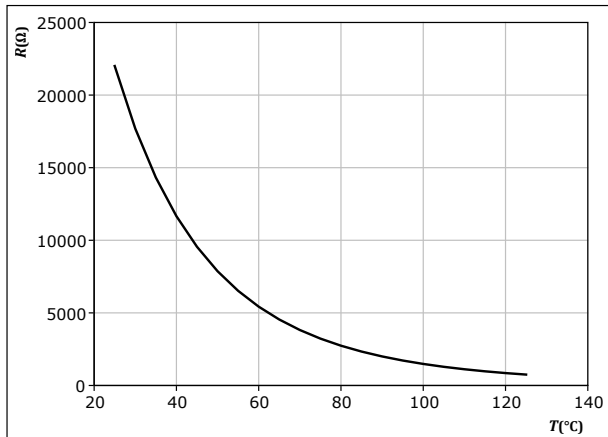


## Thermistor Characteristics

**figure 15.** Thermistor

Typical NTC characteristic as function of temperature

$$R_T = f(T)$$



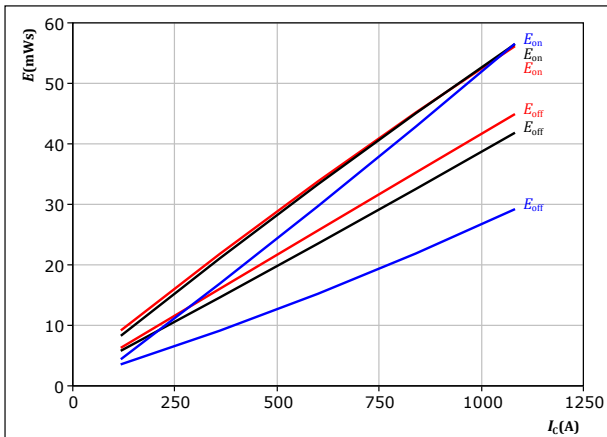


## AC 1 Switching Characteristics L

**figure 16.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

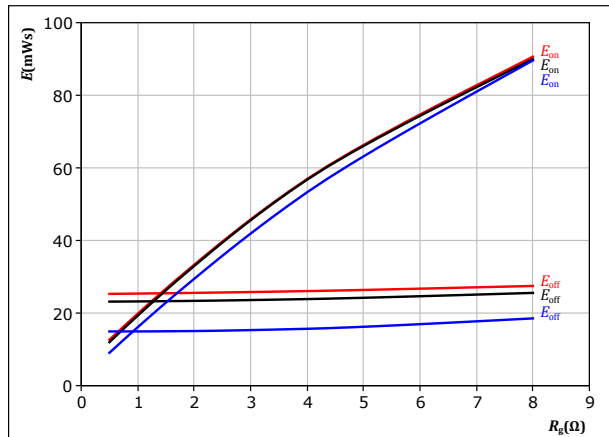
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{g(on)} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{g(off)} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 17.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

$$E = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

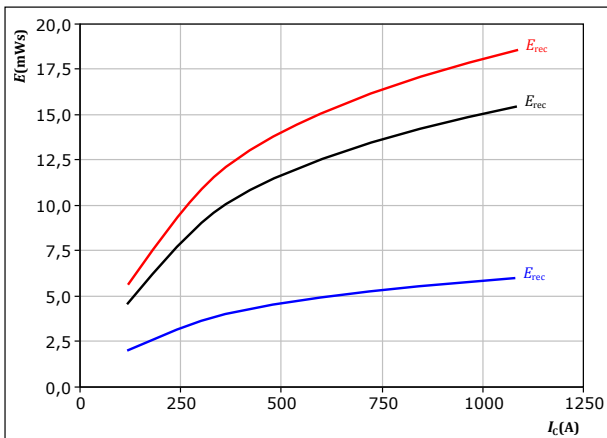
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 600 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 18.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

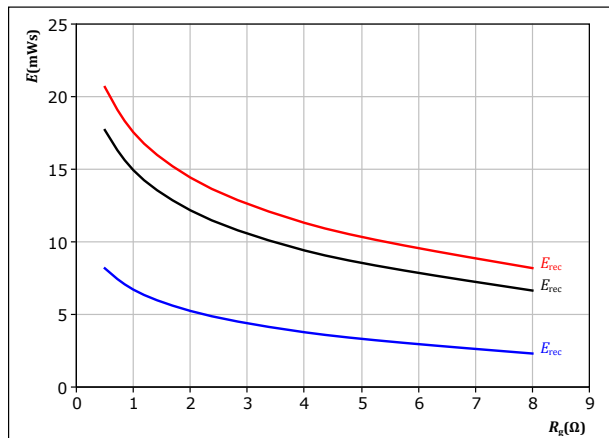
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{g(on)} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 19.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 600 \text{ A}$

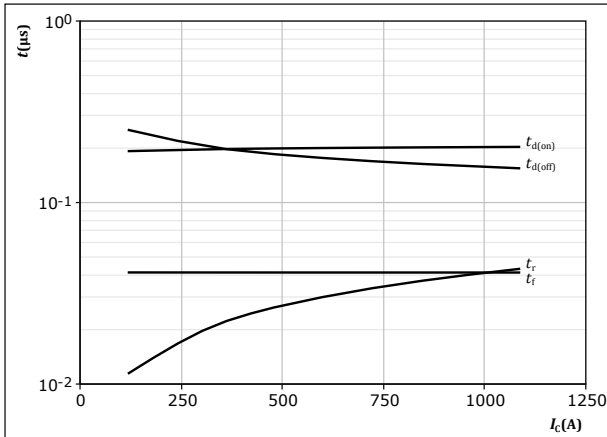
$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C



## AC 1 Switching Characteristics L

**figure 20.** IGBT

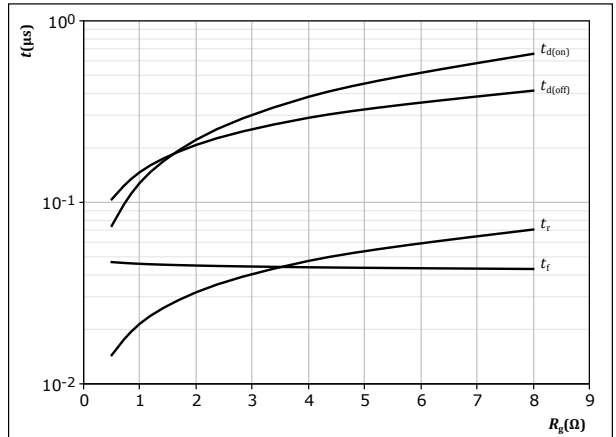
Typical switching times as a function of collector current  
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 21.** IGBT

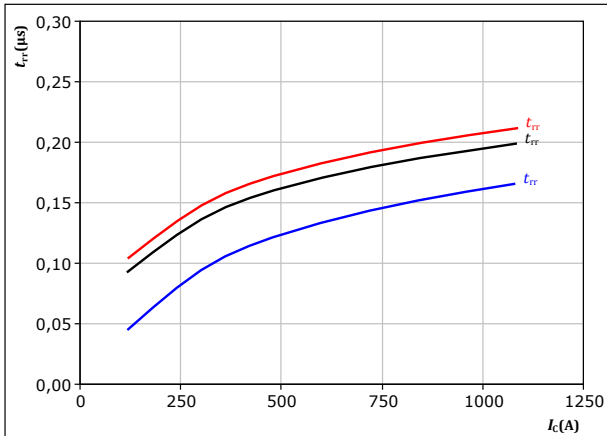
Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor  
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 600 \text{ A}$

**figure 22.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current  
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$

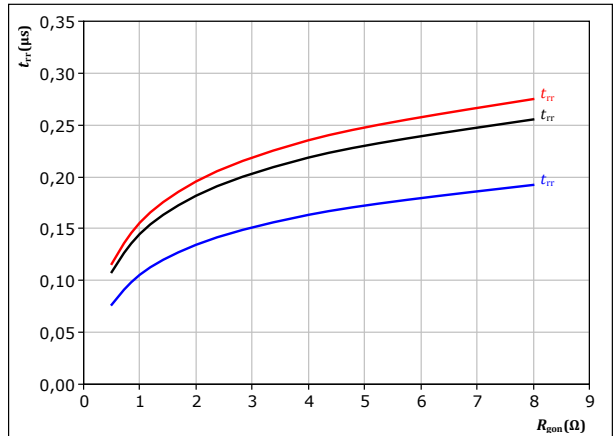


With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 23.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 600 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

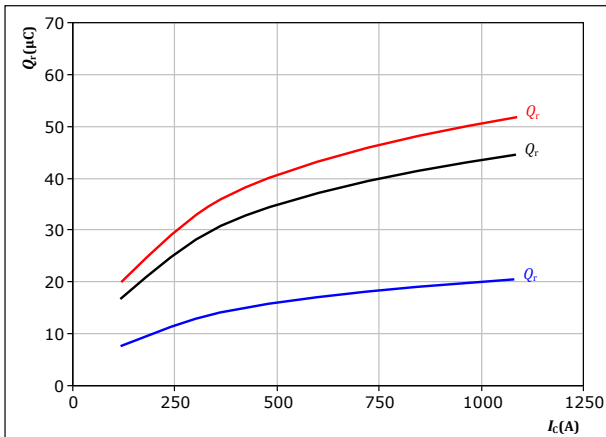


## AC 1 Switching Characteristics L

**figure 24.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

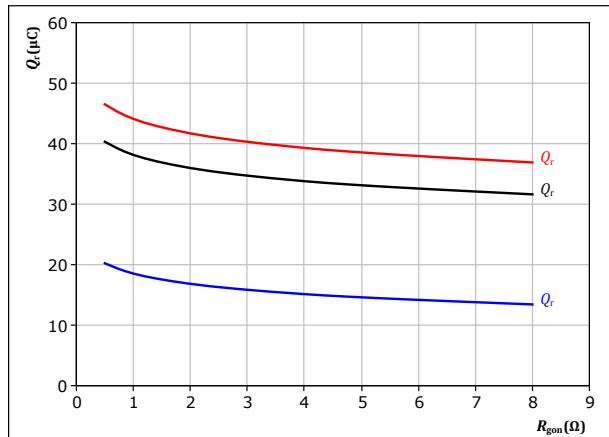
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 25.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

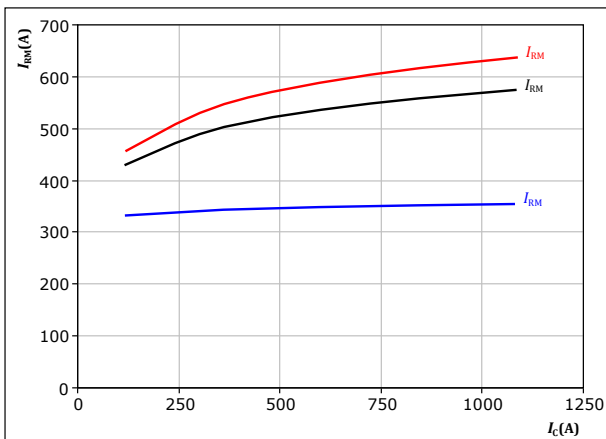
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 600 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 26.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

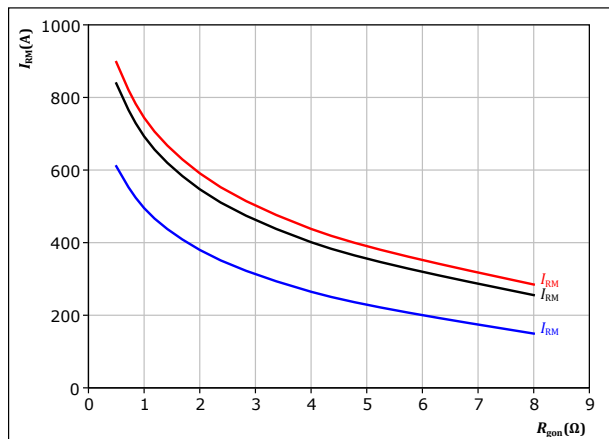
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 27.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 600 \text{ A}$

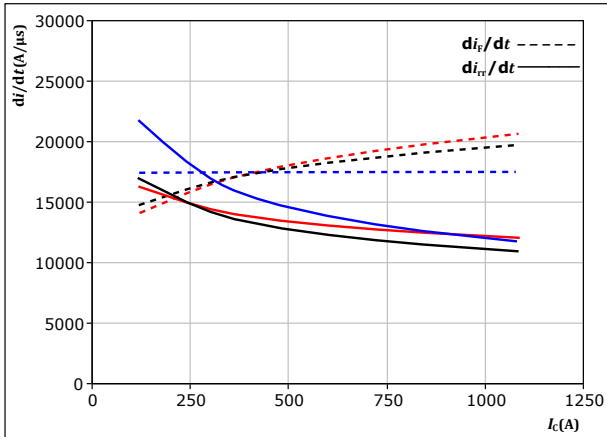
$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C



## AC 1 Switching Characteristics L

**figure 28.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



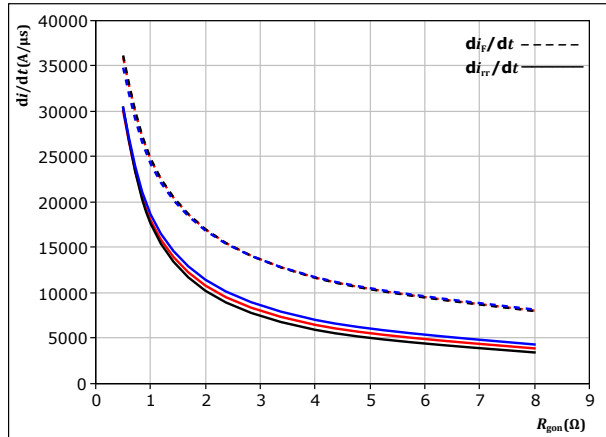
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$

$T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

**figure 29.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at

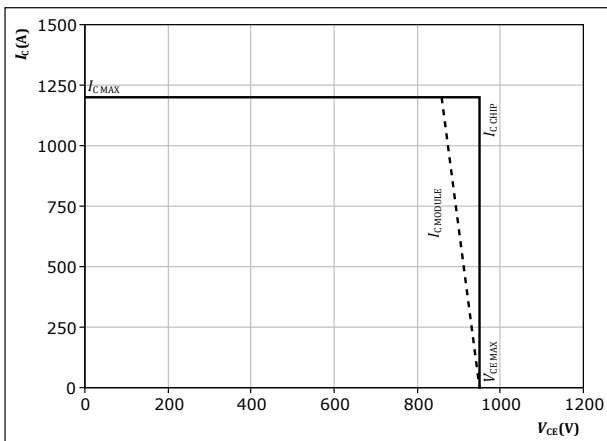
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 600 \text{ A}$

$T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

**figure 30.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At  $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 2 \ \Omega$



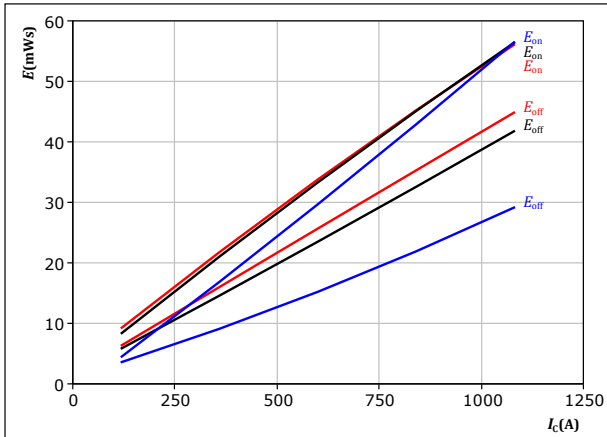


## AC 1 Switching Characteristics H

**figure 31.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

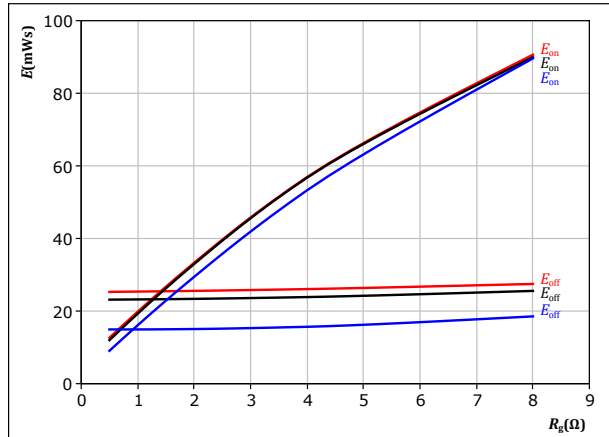
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 32.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

$$E = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

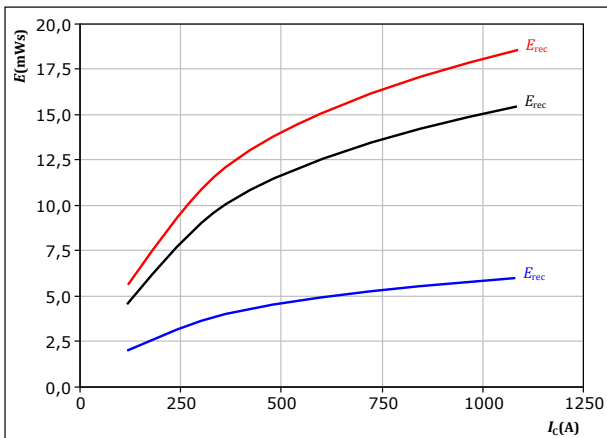
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 600 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 33.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

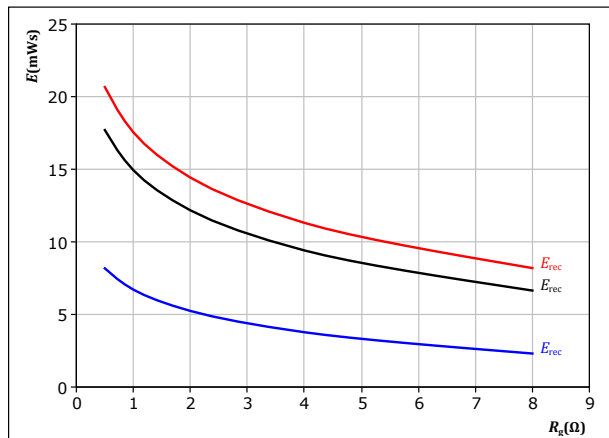
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 34.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 600 \text{ A}$

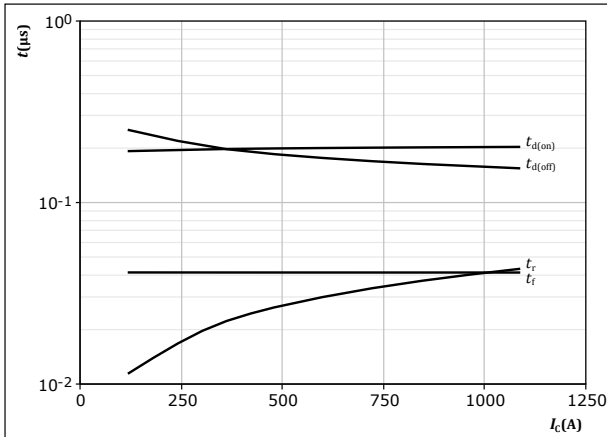
$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C



## AC 1 Switching Characteristics H

**figure 35.** IGBT

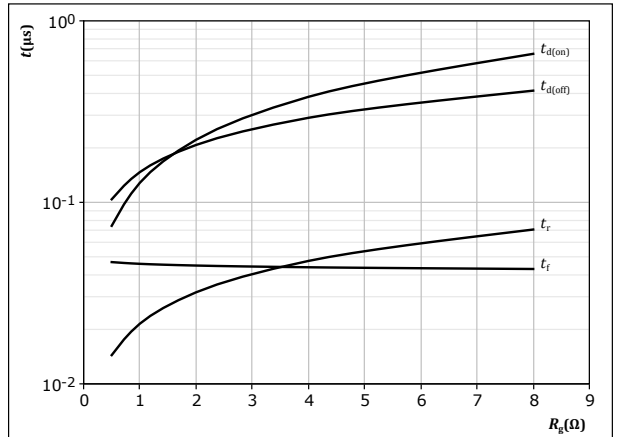
Typical switching times as a function of collector current  
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 36.** IGBT

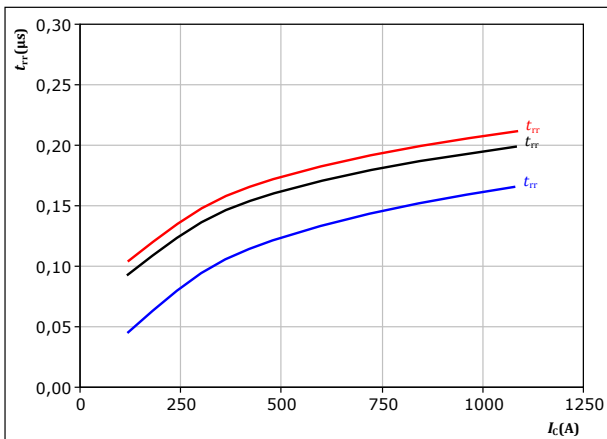
Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor  
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 600 \text{ A}$

**figure 37.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current  
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$

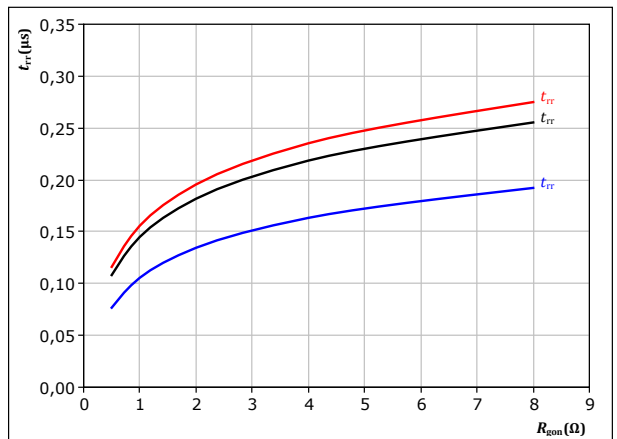


With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 38.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 600 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

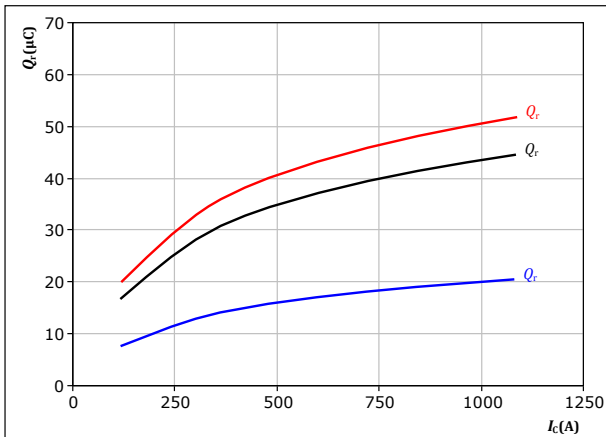


## AC 1 Switching Characteristics H

**figure 39.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

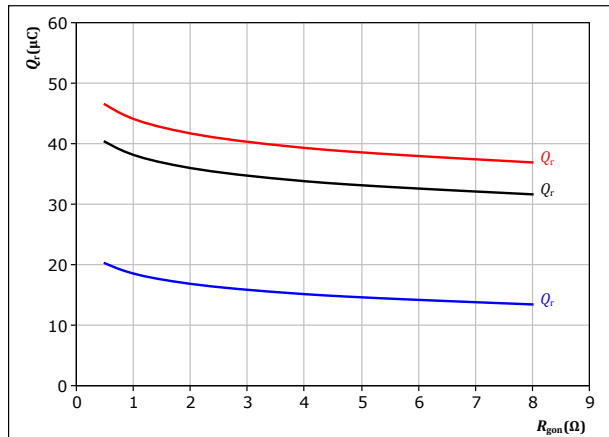
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 40.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

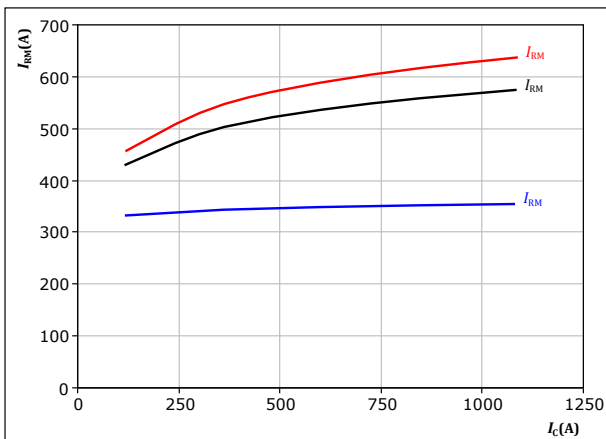
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 600 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 41.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

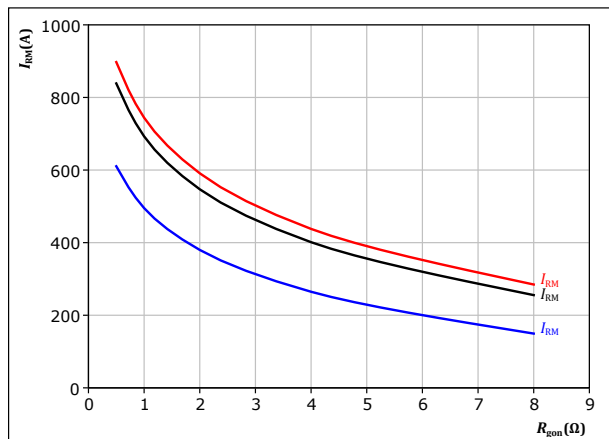
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 42.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 600 \text{ A}$

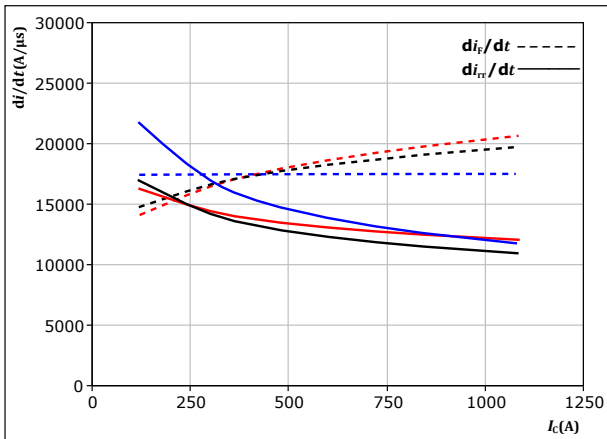
$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C



## AC 1 Switching Characteristics H

**figure 43.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



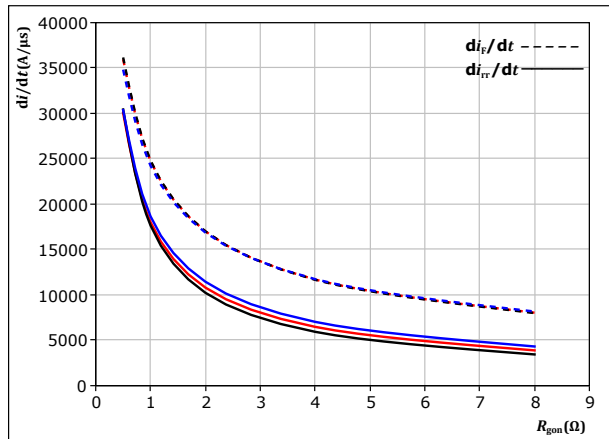
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 2$  Ω

$T_j = 25$  °C  
 $T_j = 125$  °C  
 $T_j = 150$  °C

**figure 44.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at

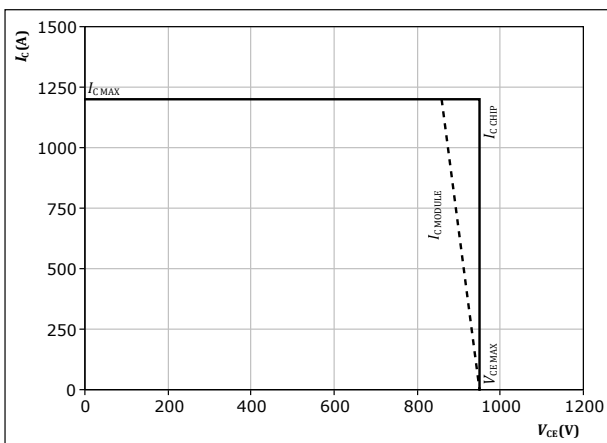
$V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 600$  A

$T_j = 25$  °C  
 $T_j = 125$  °C  
 $T_j = 150$  °C

**figure 45.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At  $T_j = 150$  °C  
 $R_{gon} = 2$  Ω  
 $R_{goff} = 2$  Ω

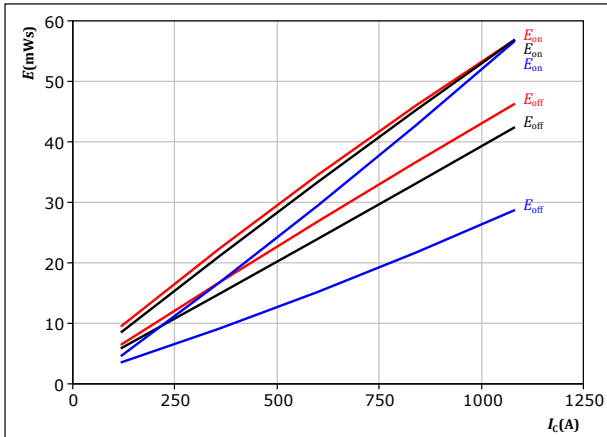


## AC 2 Switching Characteristics L

**figure 16.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

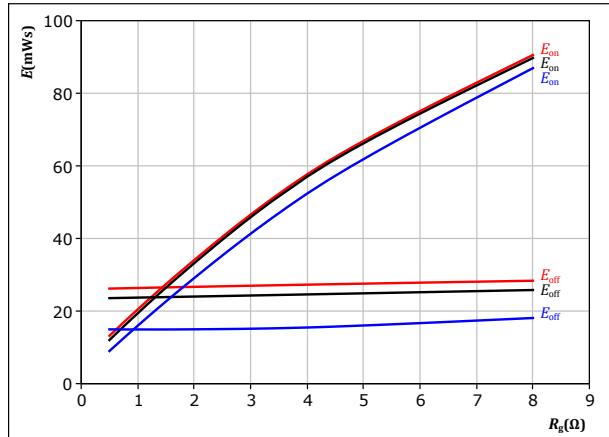
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 17.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

$$E = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

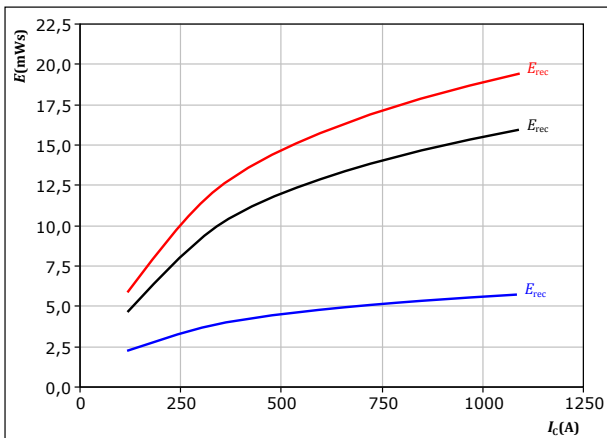
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 600 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 18.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

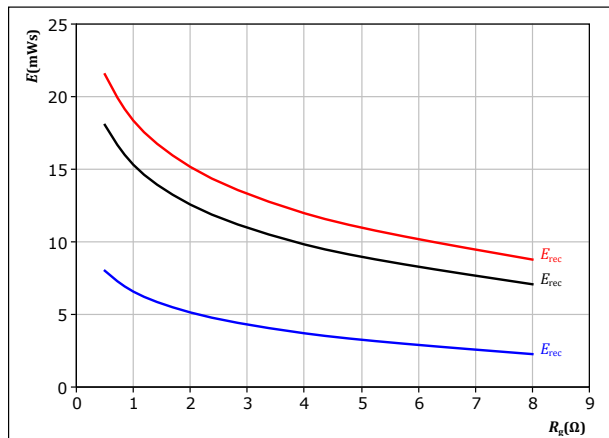
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 19.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 600 \text{ A}$

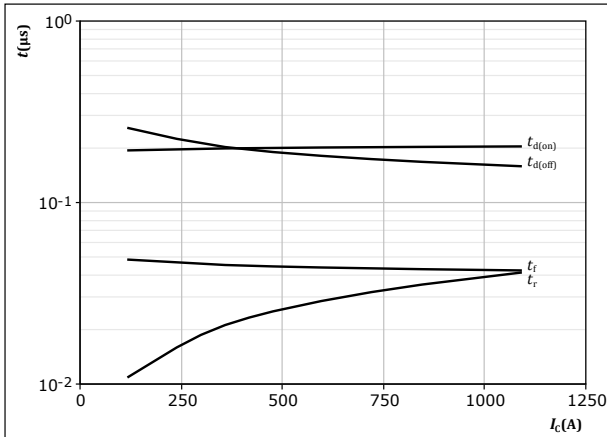
$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C



## AC 2 Switching Characteristics L

**figure 20.** IGBT

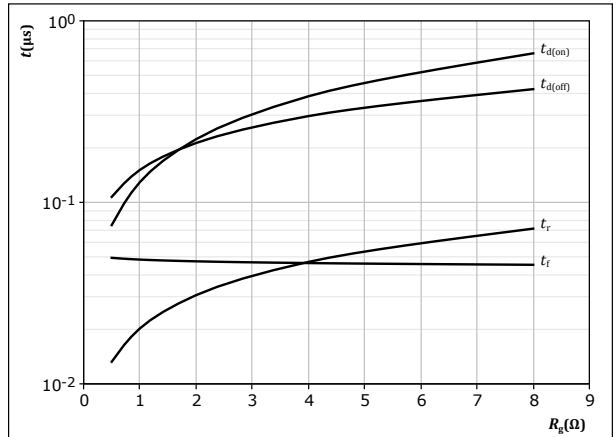
Typical switching times as a function of collector current  
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 21.** IGBT

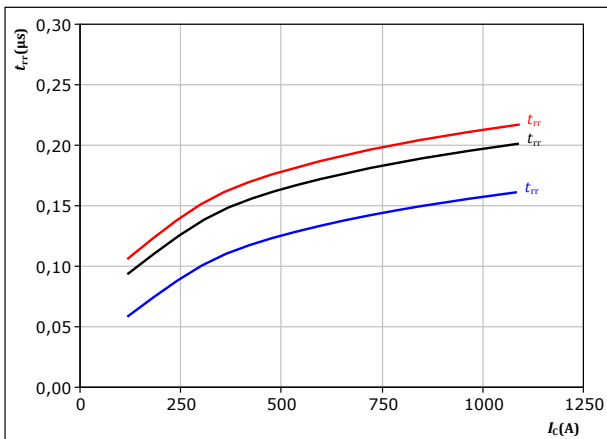
Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor  
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 600 \text{ A}$

**figure 22.** FWD

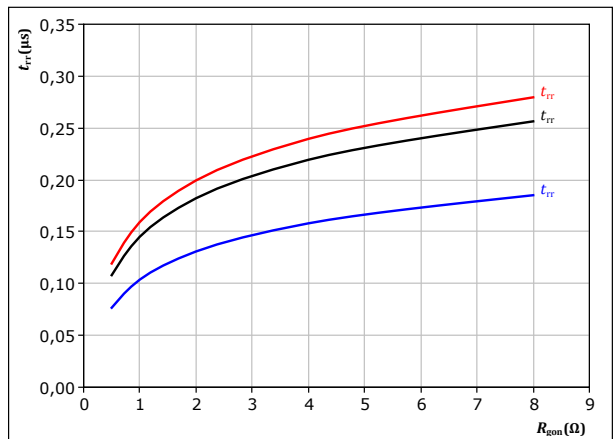
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current  
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $T_j: \text{ — } 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $\text{ — } 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $\text{ — } 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

**figure 23.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 600 \text{ A}$   
 $T_j: \text{ — } 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $\text{ — } 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $\text{ — } 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

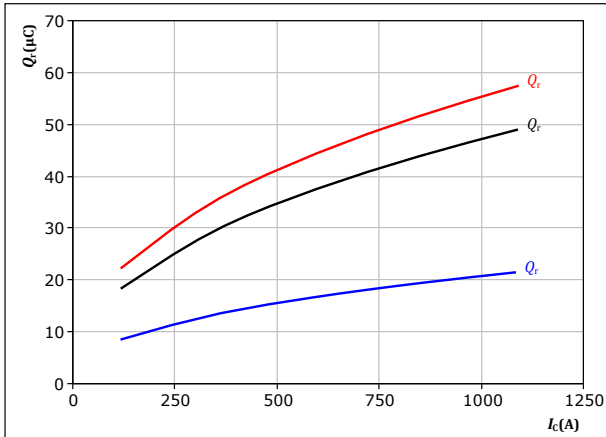


## AC 2 Switching Characteristics L

**figure 24.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

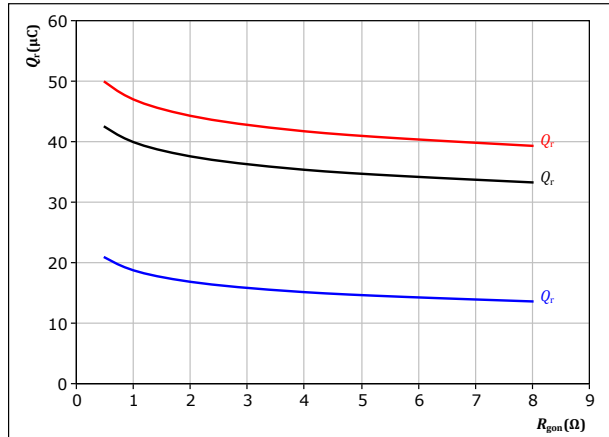
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 25.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

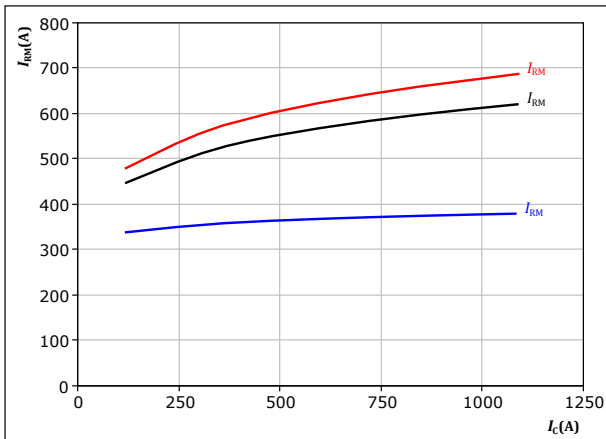
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 600 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 26.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

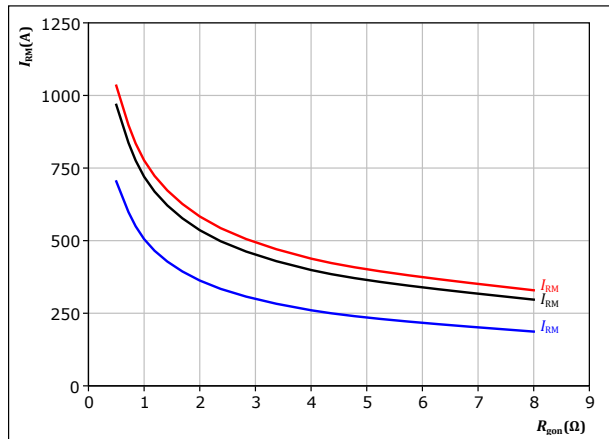
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 27.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 600 \text{ A}$

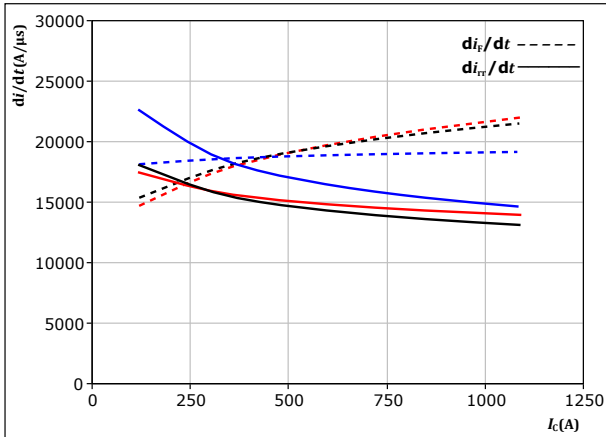
$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C



## AC 2 Switching Characteristics L

**figure 28.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



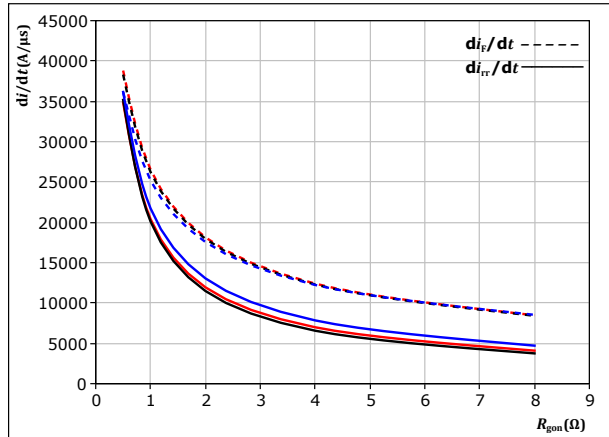
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$

$T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

**figure 29.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at

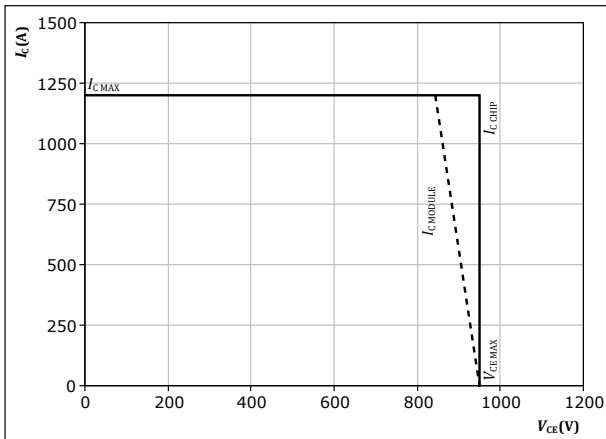
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 600 \text{ A}$

$T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

**figure 30.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At  $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 2 \ \Omega$



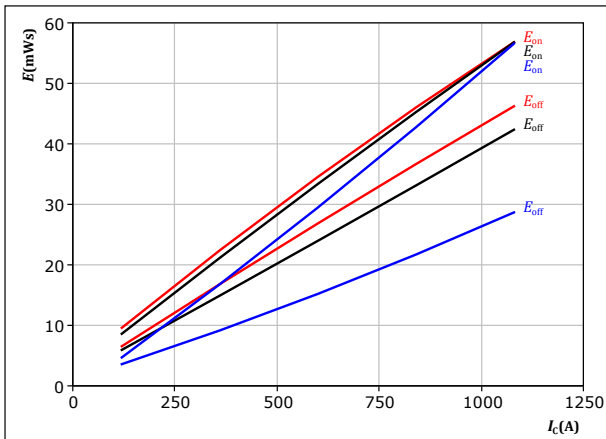


## AC 2 Switching Characteristics H

**figure 31.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

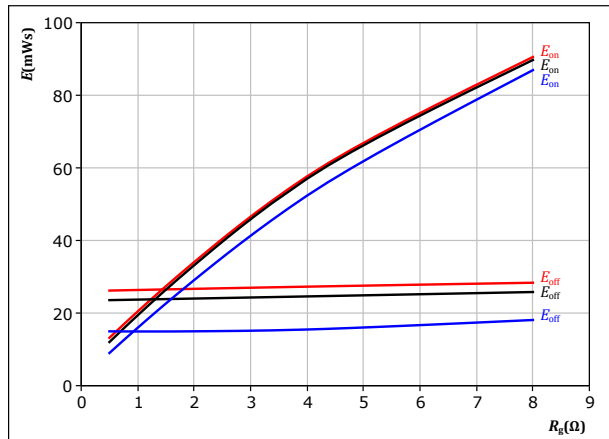
$V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 2$   $\Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 2$   $\Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 32.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

$$E = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

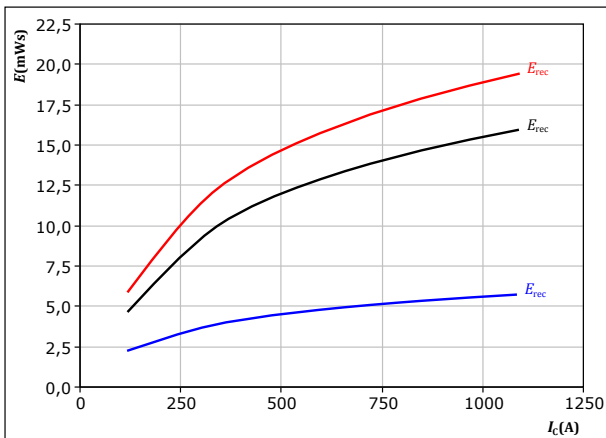
$V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 600$  A

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 33.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

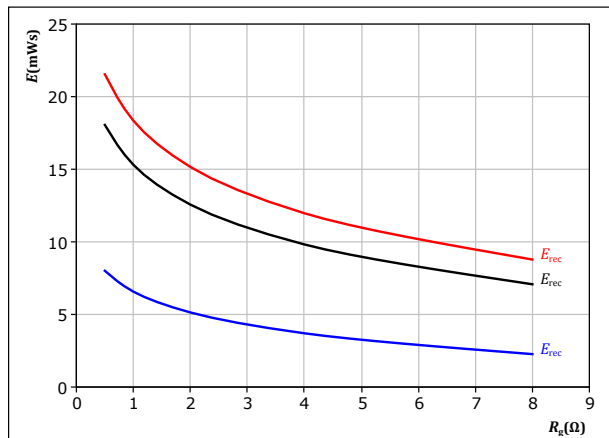
$V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 2$   $\Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 34.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 600$  A

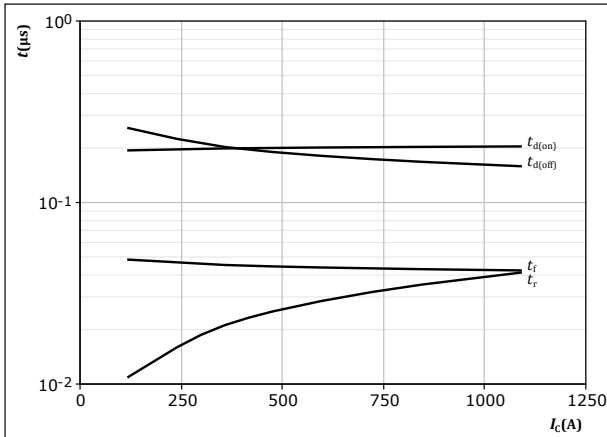
$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C



## AC 2 Switching Characteristics H

**figure 35.** IGBT

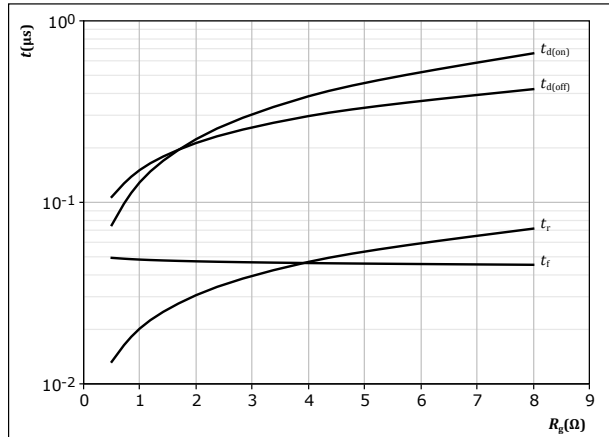
Typical switching times as a function of collector current  
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 36.** IGBT

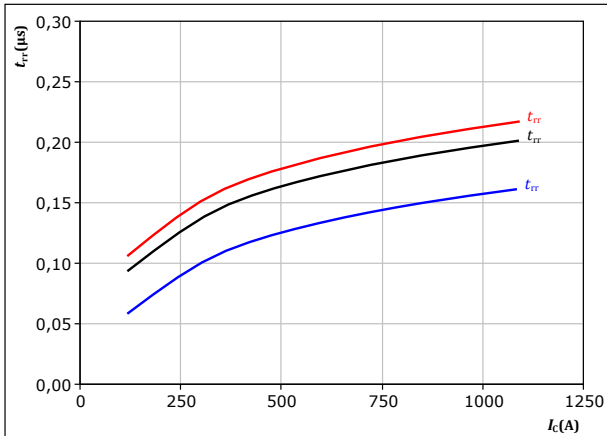
Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor  
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 600 \text{ A}$

**figure 37.** FWD

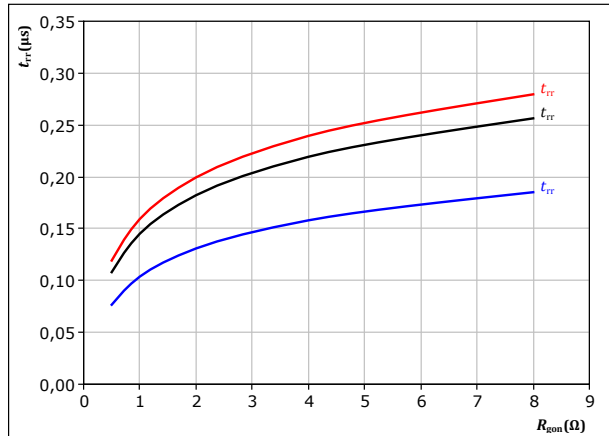
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current  
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $T_j: \text{ — } 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $\text{ — } 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $\text{ — } 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

**figure 38.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 600 \text{ A}$   
 $T_j: \text{ — } 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $\text{ — } 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $\text{ — } 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

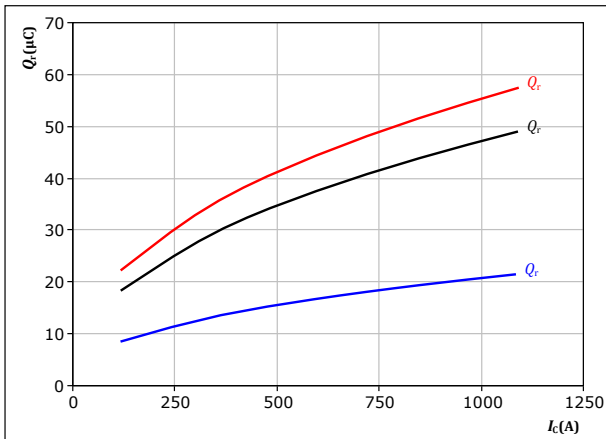


## AC 2 Switching Characteristics H

**figure 39.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

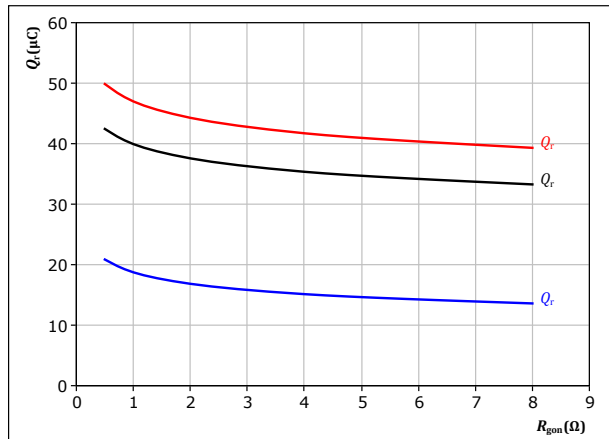
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 40.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

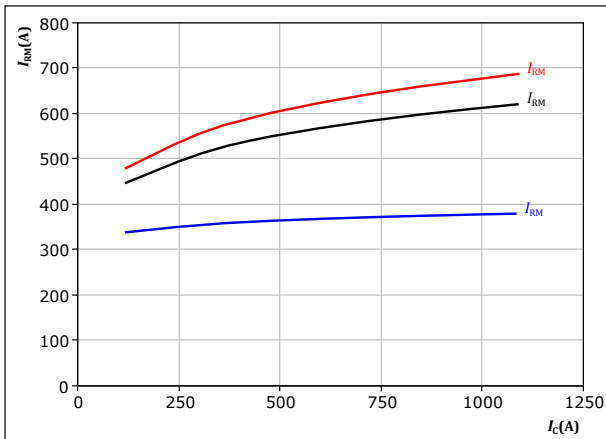
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 600 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 41.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

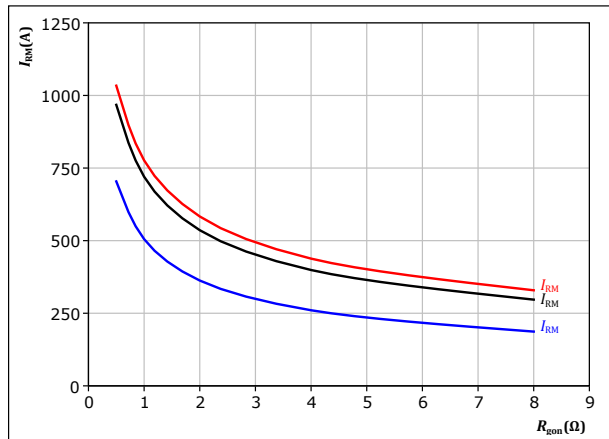
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 42.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 600 \text{ A}$

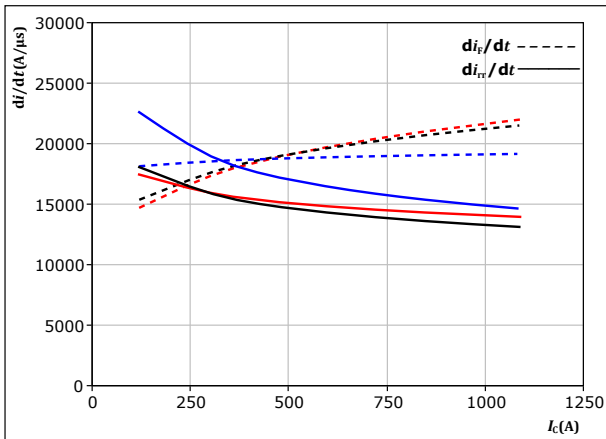
$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C



## AC 2 Switching Characteristics H

**figure 43.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



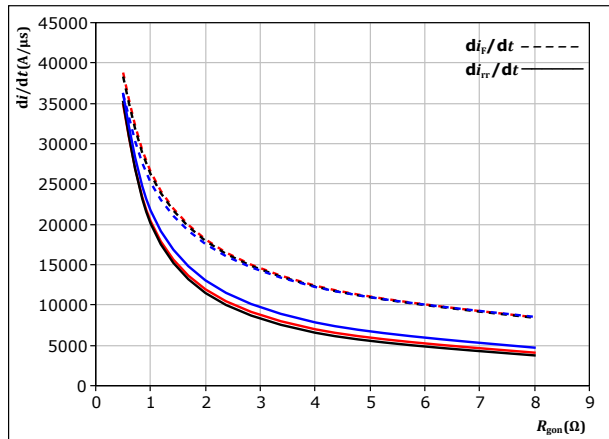
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$

$T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

**figure 44.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at

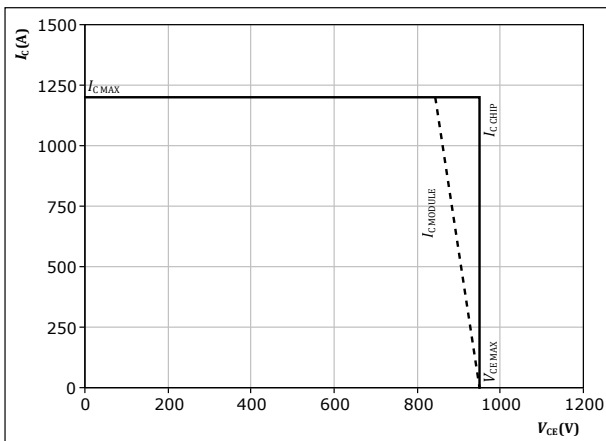
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 600 \text{ A}$

$T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

**figure 45.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_c = f(V_{CE})$



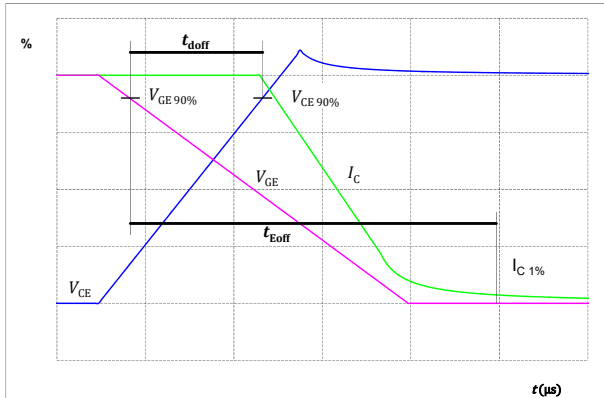
At  $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 2 \ \Omega$



## Switching Definitions

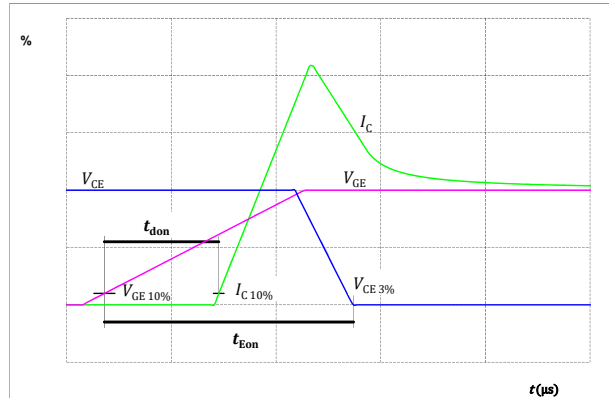
**figure 46.** IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$ ,  $t_{Eoff}$  ( $t_{Eoff}$  = integrating time for  $E_{off}$ )



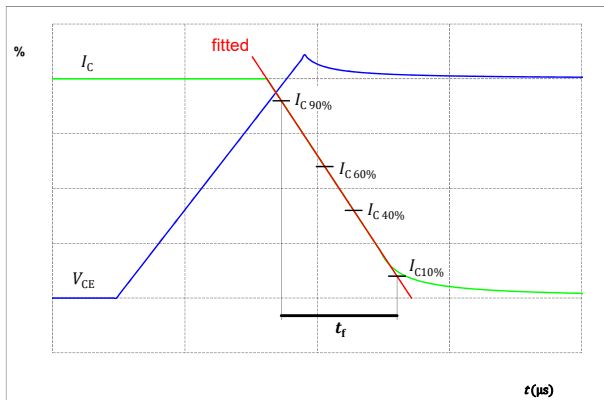
**figure 47.** IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{don}$ ,  $t_{Eon}$  ( $t_{Eon}$  = integrating time for  $E_{on}$ )



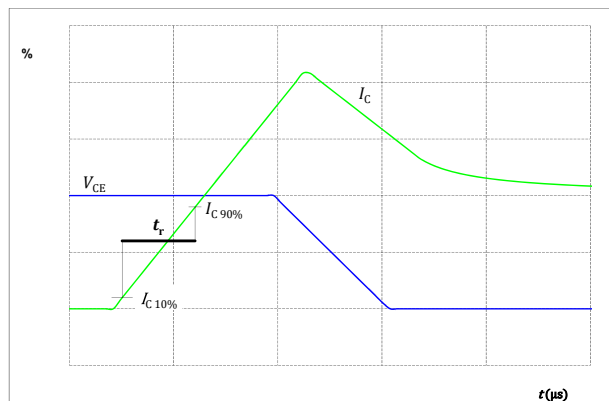
**figure 48.** IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_f$



**figure 49.** IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$





## Switching Definitions

figure 50. FWD

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{rr}$

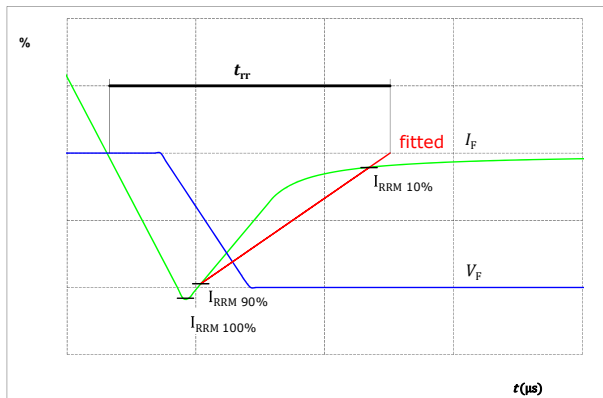
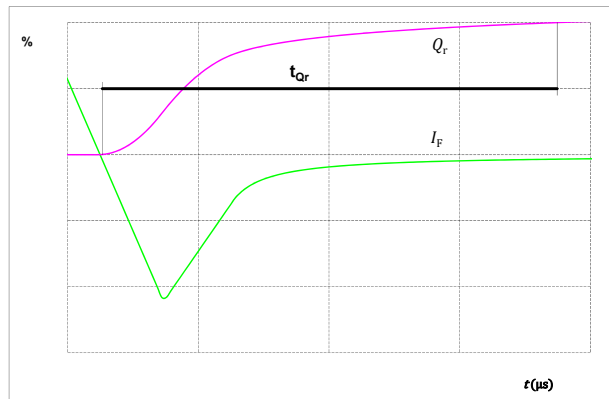


figure 51. FWD

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Qr}$  ( $t_{Qr}$  = integrating time for  $Q_r$ )





Ordering Code	
<b>Version</b>	<b>Ordering Code</b>
With thermal paste	B0-SP10FSA600S7-LM69F98T-/7/

Marking						
	<b>Text</b>	<b>Name</b> NN-NNNNNNNNNNNNNN- TTTTTTVV	<b>Date code</b> WWYY	<b>Logo</b> VIN	<b>Lot</b> LLLLL	<b>Serial</b> SSSS
	<b>Datamatrix</b>	<b>Type&amp;Ver</b> TTTTTTVV	<b>Lot number</b> LLLLL	<b>Serial</b> SSSS	<b>Date code</b> WWYY	

**B0-SP10FSA600S7-LM69F98T**

Pin table [mm]			
Pin	X	Y	Function
1	0	14,8	DC-
2	0	17,5	DC-
3	0	20,2	DC-
4	0	30,2	DC+
5	0	32,9	DC+
6	0	35,6	DC+
7	0	50,4	Therm1
8	3	50,4	Therm2
9	4,8	28,2	C+
10	7,5	28,2	C+
11	10,2	28,2	C+
12	12,9	28,2	C+
13	4,8	22,2	C-
14	7,5	22,2	C-
15	10,2	22,2	C-
16	12,9	22,2	C-
17	23,2	50,4	G11-a
18	26,2	50,4	S11
19	29,2	50,4	G11-b
20	26,2	32,9	DC+
21	26,2	30,2	DC+
22	26,2	20,2	DC-
23	26,2	17,5	DC-
24	23,2	0	G12-a
25	26,2	0	S12
26	29,2	0	G12-b
27	30,75	28,2	C+
28	42,2	28,2	C+
29	44,9	28,2	C+
30	47,6	28,2	C+
31	30,75	22,2	C-
32	42,2	22,2	C-
33	44,9	22,2	C-
34	47,6	22,2	C-
35	52,4	35,6	DC+
36	52,4	32,9	DC+
37	52,4	30,2	DC+
38	52,4	20,2	DC-
39	52,4	17,5	DC-
40	52,4	14,8	DC-

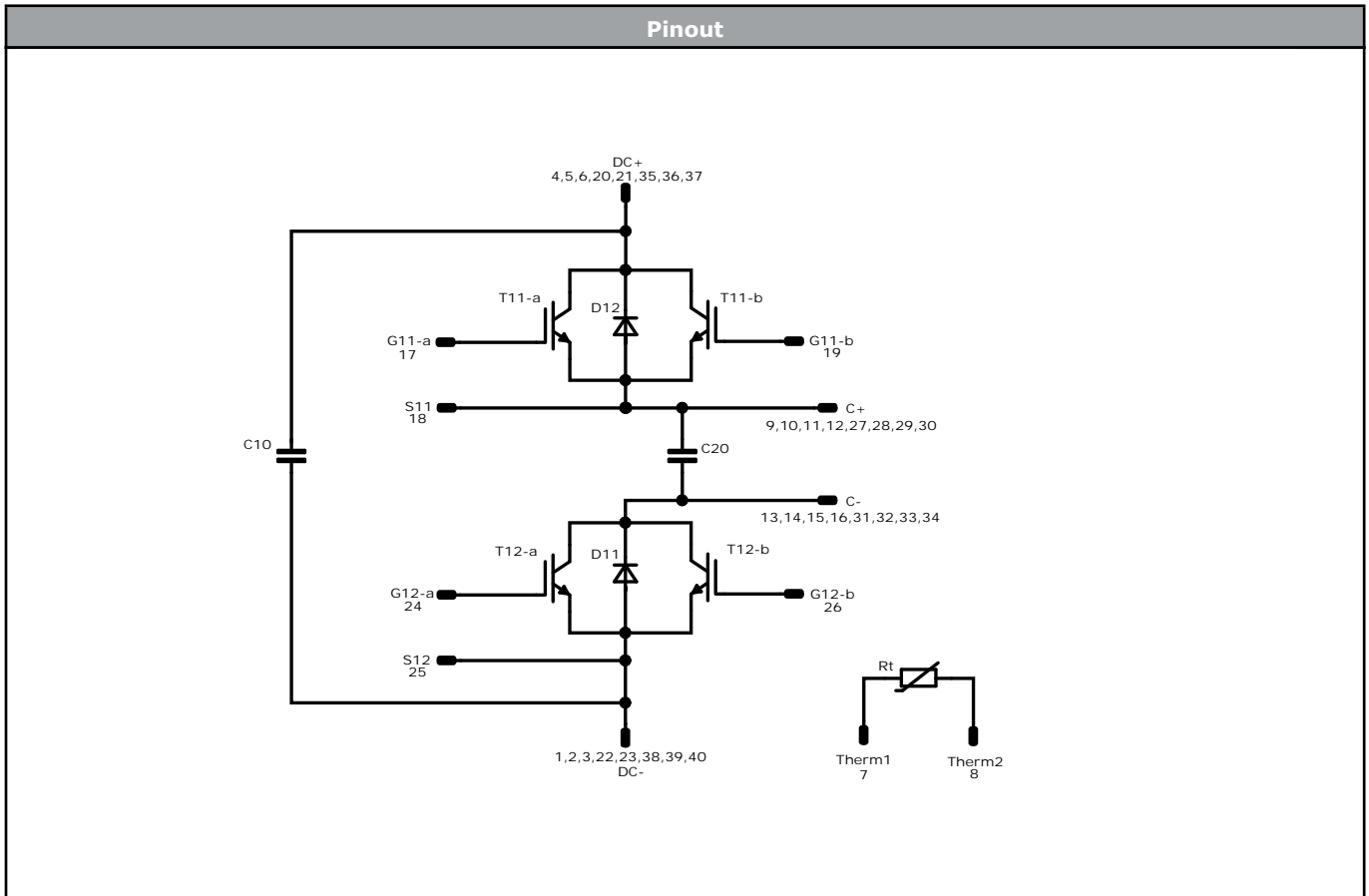
  

center of press-fit pin head  
pin head type 'T', PCB plated through-hole  $\Phi 1 \text{ mm } +0.09 / -0.06$   
for further PCB design rules refer to the latest handling instruction

Tolerance of positions  $\pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$  at the end of pins  
Dimension of coordinate axis is only offset without tolerance



**B0-SP10FSA600S7-LM69F98T**



Identification					
ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T12	IGBT	950 V	600 A	AC 1 Switch L	Parallel devices with separate control. Values apply to complete device.
D11	FWD	950 V	600 A	AC 1 Diode L	
T11	IGBT	950 V	600 A	AC 1 Switch H	Parallel devices with separate control. Values apply to complete device.
D12	FWD	950 V	600 A	AC 1 Diode H	
C20	Capacitor	1000 V		Flying Capacitor	
C10	Capacitor	1500 V		Capacitor (DC)	
Rt	Thermistor			Thermistor	





Vincotech

**B0-SP10FSA600S7-LM69F98T**  
**B0-SP10FSB600S7-LM79F98T**

datasheet

Ordering Code	
<b>Version</b>	<b>Ordering Code</b>
With thermal paste	B0-SP10FSB600S7-LM79F98T-/7/

Marking						
	<b>Text</b>	<b>Name</b> NN-NNNNNNNNNNNNNN- TTTTTVV	<b>Date code</b> WWYY	<b>Logo</b> VIN	<b>Lot</b> LLLLL	<b>Serial</b> SSSS
	<b>Datamatrix</b>	<b>Type&amp;Ver</b> TTTTTVV	<b>Lot number</b> LLLLL	<b>Serial</b> SSSS	<b>Date code</b> WWYY	

**B0-SP10FSB600S7-LM79F98T**

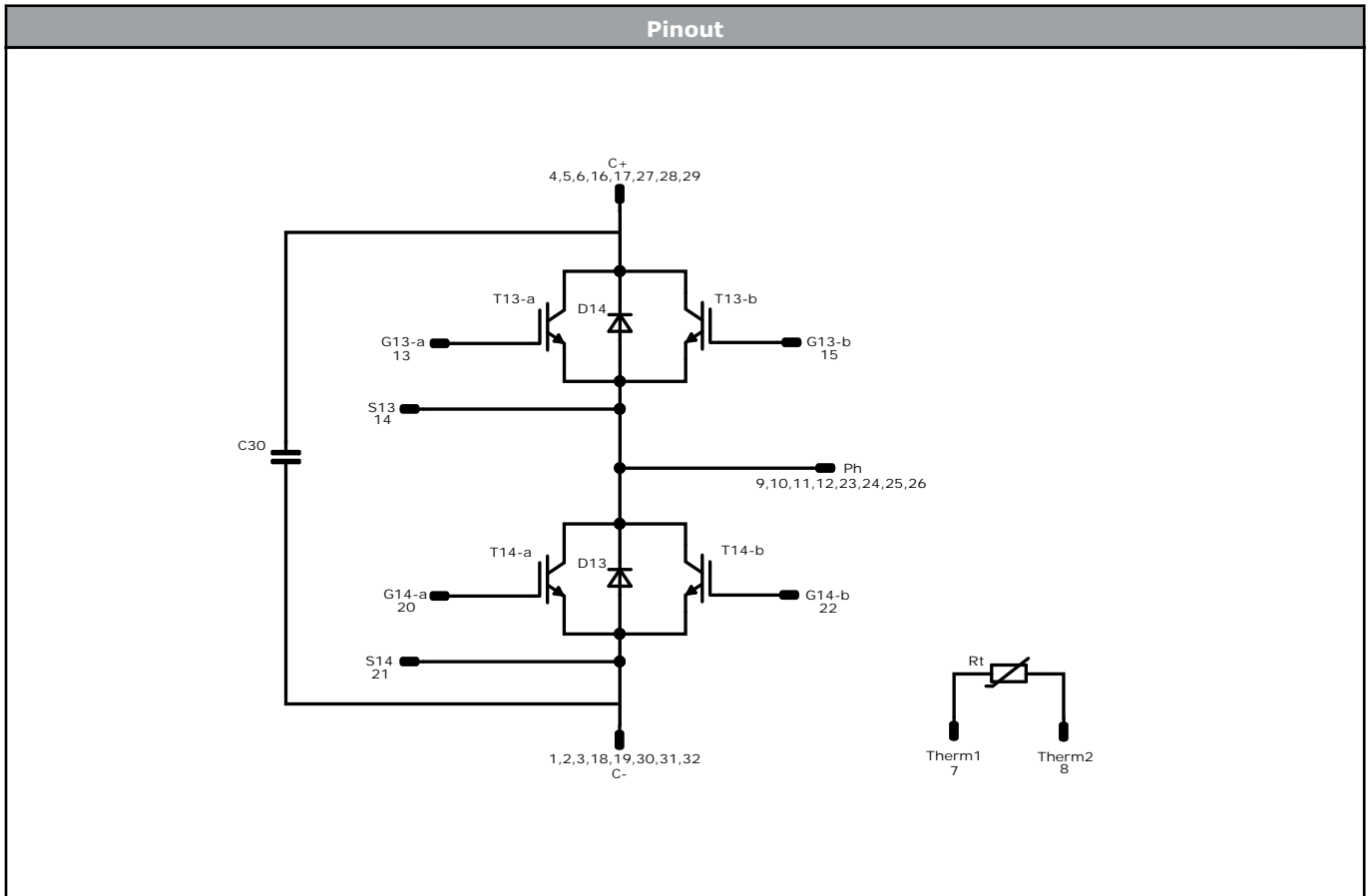
Pin table [mm]			
Pin	X	Y	Function
1	0	16,8	C-
2	0	19,5	C-
3	0	22,2	C-
4	0	28,2	C+
5	0	30,9	C+
6	0	33,6	C+
7	0	50,4	Therm1
8	3	50,4	Therm2
9	11,5	26,35	Ph
10	14,22	26,35	Ph
11	16,9	26,35	Ph
12	19,62	26,35	Ph
13	23,2	50,4	G13-a
14	26,2	50,4	S13
15	29,2	50,4	G13-b
16	26,2	31,9	C+
17	26,2	29,2	C+
18	26,2	21,2	C-
19	26,2	18,5	C-
20	23,2	0	G14-a
21	26,2	0	S14
22	29,2	0	G14-b
23	32,8	26,35	Ph
24	35,5	26,35	Ph
25	38,2	26,35	Ph
26	40,9	26,35	Ph
27	52,4	33,6	C+
28	52,4	30,9	C+
29	52,4	28,2	C+
30	52,4	22,2	C-
31	52,4	19,5	C-
32	52,4	16,8	C-

Outline	
<p>center of press-fit pin head  pin head type: T1, PCB pushed through hole <math>\Phi 1 \text{ mm } +0.05 / -0.06</math>  for further PCB design rules refer to the latest handling instruction</p>	<p>Tolerance of positions <math>\pm 0.05 \text{ mm}</math> at the end of pins  Dimension of coordinate axis is only offset without tolerance</p>



**B0-SP10FSB600S7-LM79F98T**



Identification					
ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T16	IGBT	950 V	600 A	AC 2 Switch L	Parallel devices with separate control. Values apply to complete device.
D13	FWD	950 V	600 A	AC 2 Diode L	
T13	IGBT	950 V	600 A	AC 2 Switch H	Parallel devices with separate control. Values apply to complete device.
D14	FWD	950 V	600 A	AC 2 Diode H	
C30	Capacitor	1000 V		Flying Capacitor	
Rt	Thermistor			Thermistor	



Packaging instruction				
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 45	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ	Sample

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for <i>flow</i> S3 packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for <i>flow</i> S3 packages see vincotech.com website.

Vincotech thermistor reference
See Vincotech thermistor reference table at vincotech.com website.

UL recognition and file number
Certification pending. For more information see vincotech.com website.

Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
B0-SP10FSx600S7-LMx9F98T-D1-14	29 Jan. 2021		

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