



**flowFC S3**

**950 V / 200 A**

**Features**

- High efficient flying capacitor topology
- Optimized for 1500 Vdc applications
- Low inductive package
- Enhanced thermal performance

**Target applications**

- Solar Inverters

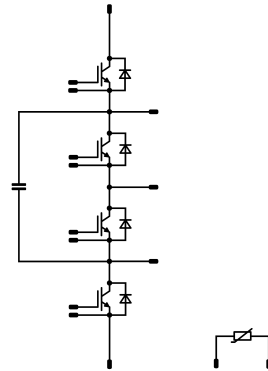
**Types**

- B0-SP10FCA200S701-LM87F98T

**flow S3 12 mm housing**



**Schematic**





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**B0-SP10FCA200S701-LM87F98T**  
datasheet

## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
<b>AC 1 Switch L</b>				
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		950	V
Collector current (DC current)	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	148	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	400	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	283	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		$\pm 20$	V
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C
<b>AC 1 Diode L</b>				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	79	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	273	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	$I_{FSM}$	Single Half Sine Wave, $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$	390	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	197	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C
<b>AC 1 Switch H</b>				
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		950	V
Collector current (DC current)	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	148	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	400	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	283	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		$\pm 20$	V
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C



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## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
<b>AC 1 Diode H</b>				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	79	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	273	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	$I_{FSM}$	Single Half Sine Wave, $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$	390	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	197	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C
<b>AC 2 Switch L</b>				
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		950	V
Collector current (DC current)	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	148	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	400	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	283	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		±20	V
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C
<b>AC 2 Diode L</b>				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	79	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	273	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	$I_{FSM}$	Single Half Sine Wave, $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$	390	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	197	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C



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## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
<b>AC 2 Switch H</b>				
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		950	V
Collector current (DC current)	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	148	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	400	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	283	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		$\pm 20$	V
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C
<b>AC 2 Diode H</b>				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	79	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	273	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	$I_{FSM}$	Single Half Sine Wave, $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$	390	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	197	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C
<b>Flying Capacitor</b>				
Maximum DC voltage	$V_{MAX}$		1000	V
Operation Temperature	$T_{op}$		-55 ... 125	°C



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## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
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### Module Properties

#### Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	$T_{jop}$		-40...+( $T_{jmax} - 25$ )	°C

#### Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	$V_{isol}$	DC Test Voltage* $t_p = 2\text{ s}$	6000	V
Isolation voltage	$V_{isol}$	AC Voltage $t_p = 1\text{ min}$	2500	V
Creepage distance			>12,7	mm
Clearance			>12,7	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI		≥ 600	

\*100 % tested in production



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### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

#### AC 1 Switch L

##### Static

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$				0,00334	25	4,35	5,1	5,85	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15			200	25 125 150		1,83 2,06 2,11	2,35 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	950			25			4	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0			25			200	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$								0,75		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$								13000		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oes}$	$f = 100$ kHz	0	25			25		278		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$								40		pF
Gate charge	$Q_g$		15			0	25		460		nC

##### Thermal

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 4,4$ W/mK (PTM)							0,34		K/W

##### Dynamic

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$						25 125 150		72 66,24 64,64		ns
Rise time	$t_r$						25 125 150		18,88 21,44 22,4		ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$						25 125 150		443,52 494,08 509,44		ns
Fall time	$t_f$						25 125 150		20,58 66,19 80,08		ns
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$	$Q_{tFWD} = 0,343$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 0,349$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 0,347$ μC					25 125 150		5,04 5,16 5,17		mWs
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$						25 125 150		4,12 6,68 7,48		mWs



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datasheet

### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
<b>AC 1 Diode L</b>										
<b>Static</b>										
Forward voltage	$V_F$			60	25 125 150		1,5 1,86 2,01	1,8 <sup>(1)</sup>		V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 1200$ V			25		105	600		μA
<b>Thermal</b>										
Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 4,4$ W/mK (PTM)					0,48			K/W
<b>Dynamic</b>										
Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$				25 125 150		48,52 46,87 46,53			A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$				25 125 150		14,75 15,49 15,58			ns
Recovered charge	$Q_r$	$di/dt=8183$ A/μs $di/dt=7191$ A/μs $di/dt=7139$ A/μs	0/15	600	135	25 125 150	0,343 0,349 0,347			μC
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$				25 125 150		0,033 0,036 0,035			mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_r/dt)_{max}$				25 125 150		8531 8226 7968			A/μs



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### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

#### AC 1 Switch H

##### Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,00334	25	4,35	5,1	5,85	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		200	25 125 150		1,83 2,06 2,11	2,35 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	950		25			4	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0		25			200	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$							0,75		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$							13000		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oes}$	$f = 100$ kHz	0	25		25		278		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$							40		pF
Gate charge	$Q_g$		15		0	25		460		nC

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 4,4$ W/mK (PTM)						0,34		K/W
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##### Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$					25 125 150		72 66,24 64,64		ns
Rise time	$t_r$	$R_{gon} = 8$ Ω $R_{goff} = 8$ Ω				25 125 150		18,88 21,44 22,4		ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		0/15	600	135	25 125 150		443,52 494,08 509,44		ns
Fall time	$t_f$					25 125 150		20,58 66,19 80,08		ns
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$	$Q_{tFWD} = 0,343$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 0,349$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 0,347$ μC				25 125 150		5,04 5,16 5,17		mWs
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$					25 125 150		4,12 6,68 7,48		mWs





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### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
<b>AC 1 Diode H</b>										
<b>Static</b>										
Forward voltage	$V_F$			60	25 125 150		1,5 1,86 2,01	1,8 <sup>(1)</sup>		V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 1200$ V			25		105	600		μA
<b>Thermal</b>										
Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 4,4$ W/mK (PTM)					0,48			K/W
<b>Dynamic</b>										
Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$				25 125 150		48,52 46,87 46,53			A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$				25 125 150		14,75 15,49 15,58			ns
Recovered charge	$Q_r$	$di/dt=8183$ A/μs $di/dt=7191$ A/μs $di/dt=7139$ A/μs	0/15	600	135	25 125 150	0,343 0,349 0,347			μC
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$				25 125 150		0,033 0,036 0,035			mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_r/dt)_{max}$				25 125 150		8531 8226 7968			A/μs



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### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

#### AC 2 Switch L

##### Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,00334	25	4,35	5,1	5,85	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		200	25 125 150		1,83 2,06 2,11	2,35 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	950		25			4	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0		25			200	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$							0,75		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$							13000		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oes}$	$f = 100$ kHz	0	25		25		278		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$							40		pF
Gate charge	$Q_g$		15		0	25		460		nC

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 4,4$ W/mK (PTM)						0,34		K/W
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##### Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$					25 125 150		72 66,24 64,64		ns
Rise time	$t_r$	$R_{gon} = 8$ Ω $R_{goff} = 8$ Ω				25 125 150		18,88 21,44 22,4		ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		0/15	600	135	25 125 150		443,52 494,08 509,44		ns
Fall time	$t_f$					25 125 150		20,58 66,19 80,08		ns
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$	$Q_{tFWD} = 0,343$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 0,349$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 0,347$ μC				25 125 150		5,04 5,16 5,17		mWs
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$					25 125 150		4,12 6,68 7,48		mWs



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datasheet

### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
<b>AC 2 Diode L</b>										
<b>Static</b>										
Forward voltage	$V_F$			60	25 125 150		1,5 1,86 2,01	1,8 <sup>(1)</sup>		V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 1200$ V			25		105	600		μA
<b>Thermal</b>										
Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 4,4$ W/mK (PTM)					0,48			K/W
<b>Dynamic</b>										
Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$				25 125 150		48,52 46,87 46,53			A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$				25 125 150		14,75 15,49 15,58			ns
Recovered charge	$Q_r$	$di/dt=8183$ A/μs $di/dt=7191$ A/μs $di/dt=7139$ A/μs	0/15	600	135	25 125 150	0,343 0,349 0,347			μC
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$				25 125 150		0,033 0,036 0,035			mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_r/dt)_{max}$				25 125 150		8531 8226 7968			A/μs



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### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

#### AC 2 Switch H

##### Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,00334	25	4,35	5,1	5,85	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		200	25 125 150		1,83 2,06 2,11	2,35 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	950		25			4	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0		25			200	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$							0,75		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$							13000		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oes}$	$f = 100$ kHz	0	25		25		278		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$							40		pF
Gate charge	$Q_g$		15		0	25		460		nC

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 4,4$ W/mK (PTM)						0,34		K/W
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##### Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$					25 125 150		72 66,24 64,64		ns
Rise time	$t_r$					25 125 150		18,88 21,44 22,4		ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25 125 150		443,52 494,08 509,44		ns
Fall time	$t_f$					25 125 150		20,58 66,19 80,08		ns
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$	$Q_{tFWD} = 0,343$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 0,349$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 0,347$ μC				25 125 150		5,04 5,16 5,17		mWs
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$					25 125 150		4,12 6,68 7,48		mWs



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### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
<b>AC 2 Diode H</b>										
<b>Static</b>										
Forward voltage	$V_F$			60	25 125 150		1,5 1,86 2,01	1,8 <sup>(1)</sup>		V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 1200$ V			25		105	600		μA
<b>Thermal</b>										
Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 4,4$ W/mK (PTM)					0,48			K/W
<b>Dynamic</b>										
Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$				25 125 150		48,52 46,87 46,53			A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$				25 125 150		14,75 15,49 15,58			ns
Recovered charge	$Q_r$	$di/dt=8183$ A/μs $di/dt=7191$ A/μs $di/dt=7139$ A/μs	0/15	600	135	25 125 150	0,343 0,349 0,347			μC
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$				25 125 150		0,033 0,036 0,035			mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_r/dt)_{max}$				25 125 150		8531 8226 7968			A/μs



### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

#### Flying Capacitor

##### Static

Capacitance	$C$	DC bias voltage = 0 V				25		200		nF
Tolerance							-10		10	%
Dissipation factor		$f = 1$ kHz				25		2,5		%

#### Thermistor

##### Static

Rated resistance	$R$					25		22		k $\Omega$
Deviation of $R_{100}$	$A_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 1484 \Omega$				100	-5		5	%
Power dissipation	$P$							5		mW
Power dissipation constant	$d$					25		1,5		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. $\pm 1$ %						3962		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. $\pm 1$ %						4000		K
Vincotech Thermistor Reference									I	

(1) Value at chip level

(2) Only valid with pre-applied Vincotech thermal interface material.

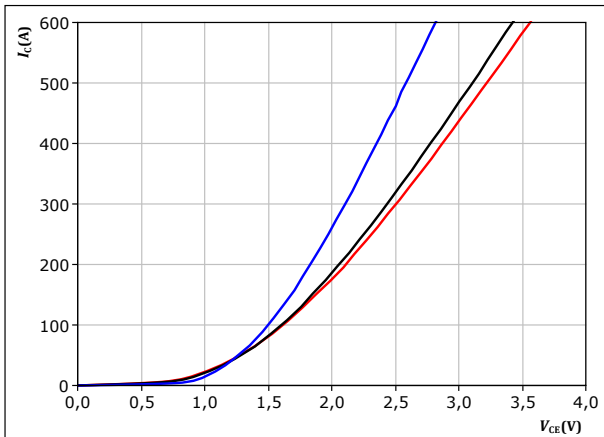


## AC 1 Switch L Characteristics

**figure 1.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



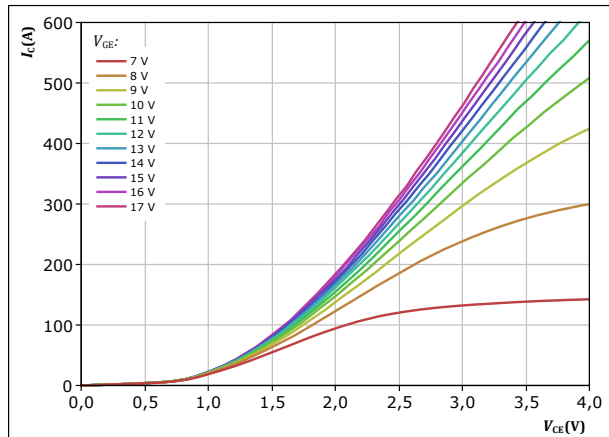
$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$

$T_j$ : 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)

**figure 2.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

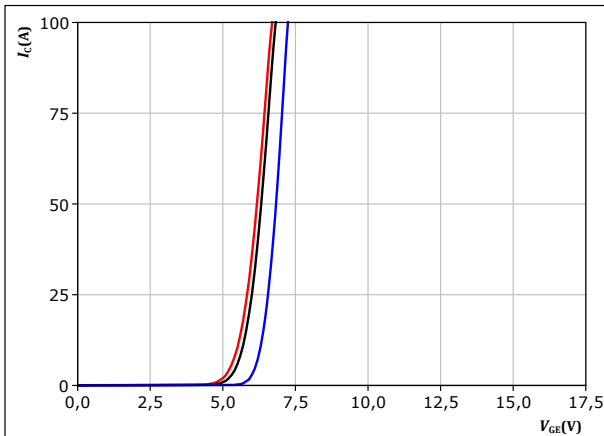


$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$   
 $T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

**figure 3.** IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$



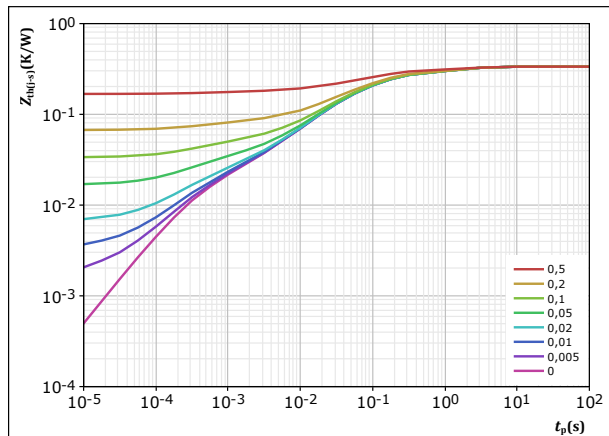
$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$   
 $V_{CE} = 8 \text{ V}$

$T_j$ : 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)

**figure 4.** IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,336 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
6,56E-02	1,61E+00
1,54E-01	1,15E-01
9,21E-02	2,31E-02
1,13E-02	2,30E-03
1,31E-02	3,26E-04

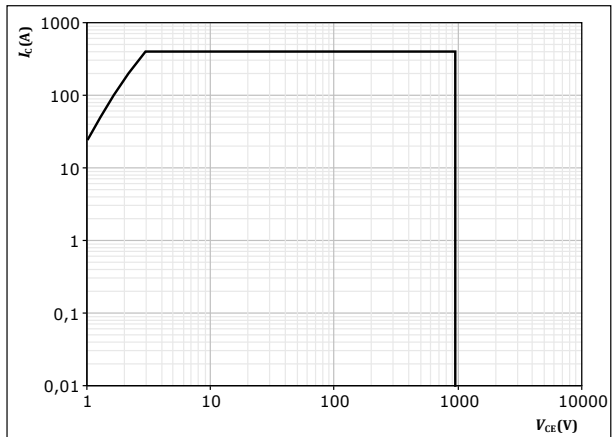


### AC 1 Switch L Characteristics

**figure 5.** IGBT

Safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



$D =$  single pulse  
 $T_s = 80 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$   
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$



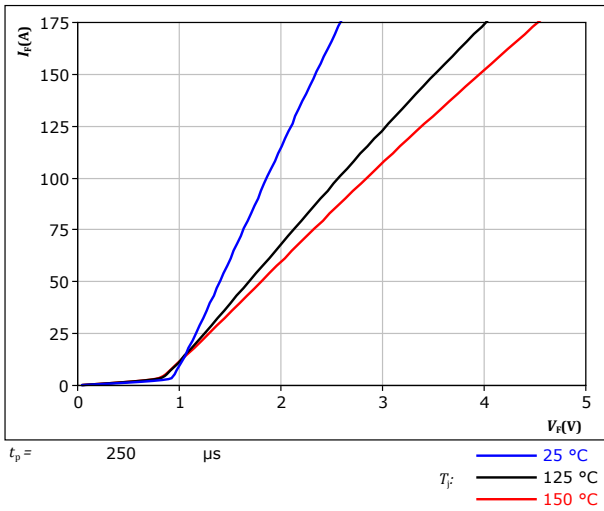


### AC 1 Diode L Characteristics

**figure 6.** FWD

Typical forward characteristics

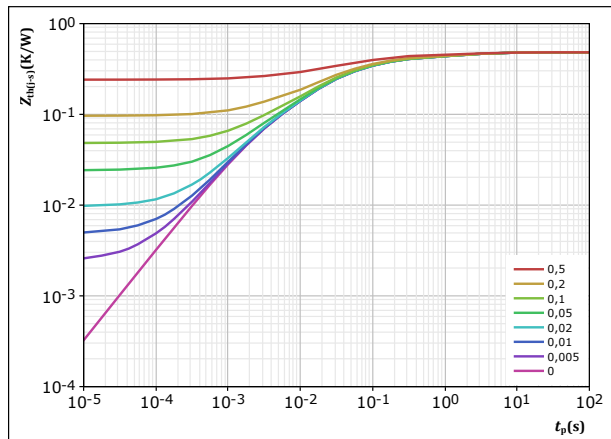
$$I_F = f(V_F)$$



**figure 7.** FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$

$R_{th(j-s)} = 0,482 \text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

$R \text{ (K/W)}$	$\tau \text{ (s)}$
3,66E-02	3,84E+00
5,22E-02	8,76E-01
1,74E-01	8,75E-02
1,75E-01	1,75E-02
4,55E-02	2,23E-03

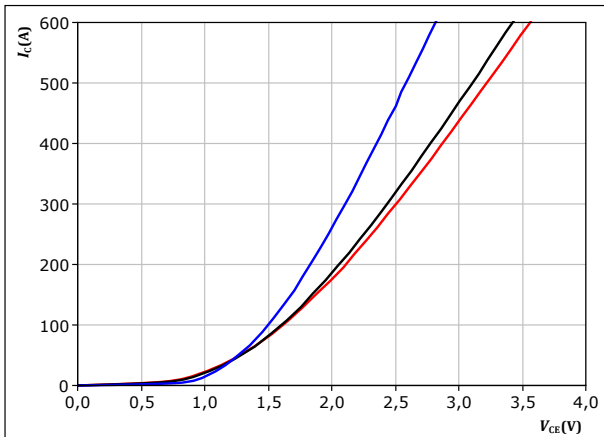


## AC 1 Switch H Characteristics

**figure 8.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

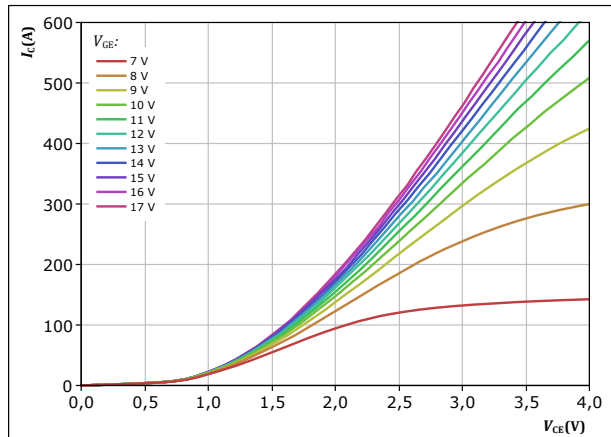


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$   
 $T_j:$  — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 9.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

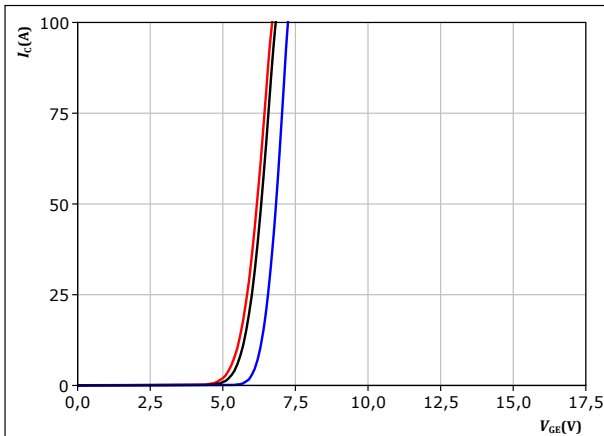


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

**figure 10.** IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

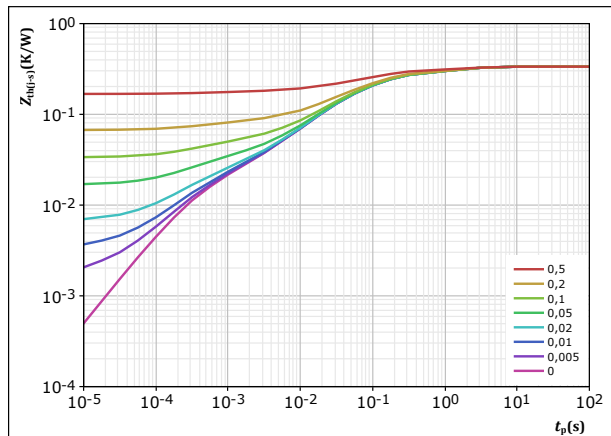


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{CE} = 8 V$   
 $T_j:$  — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 11.** IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,336 \text{ K/W}$   
IGBT thermal model values

$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
6,56E-02	1,61E+00
1,54E-01	1,15E-01
9,21E-02	2,31E-02
1,13E-02	2,30E-03
1,31E-02	3,26E-04

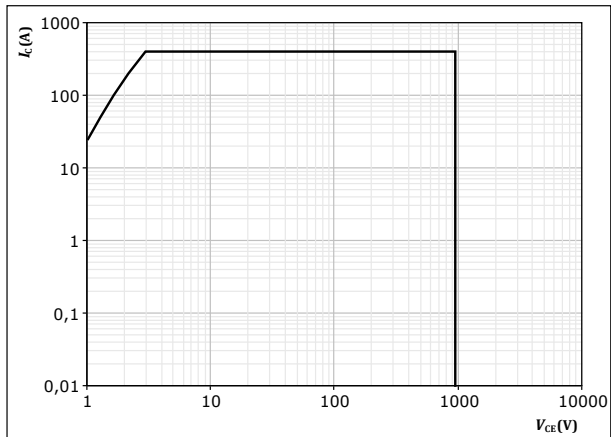


### AC 1 Switch H Characteristics

**figure 12.** IGBT

Safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



$D =$  single pulse  
 $T_s = 80 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$   
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$

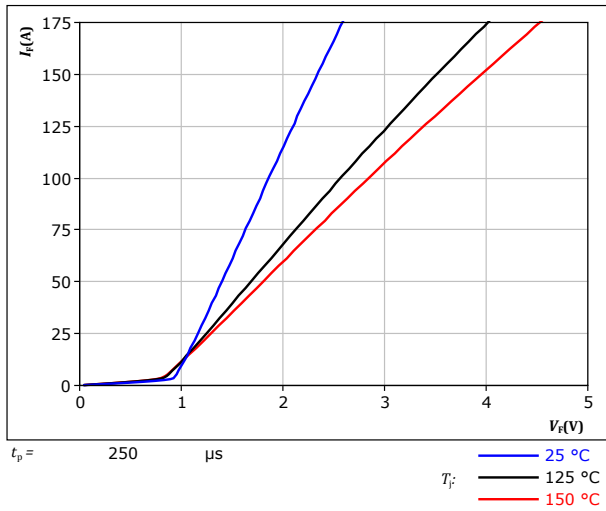


### AC 1 Diode H Characteristics

**figure 13.** FWD

Typical forward characteristics

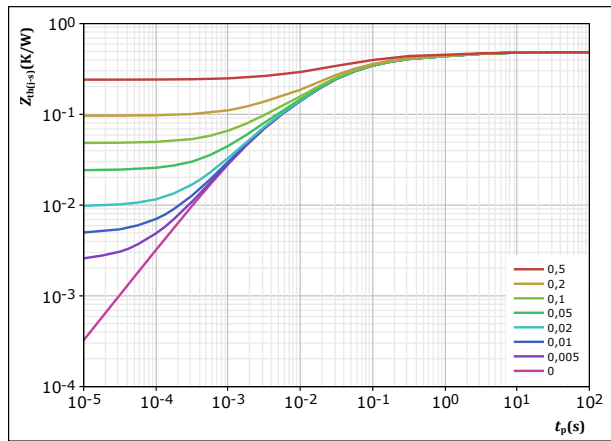
$$I_F = f(V_F)$$



**figure 14.** FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,482$  K/W  
 FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
3,66E-02	3,84E+00
5,22E-02	8,76E-01
1,74E-01	8,75E-02
1,75E-01	1,75E-02
4,55E-02	2,23E-03

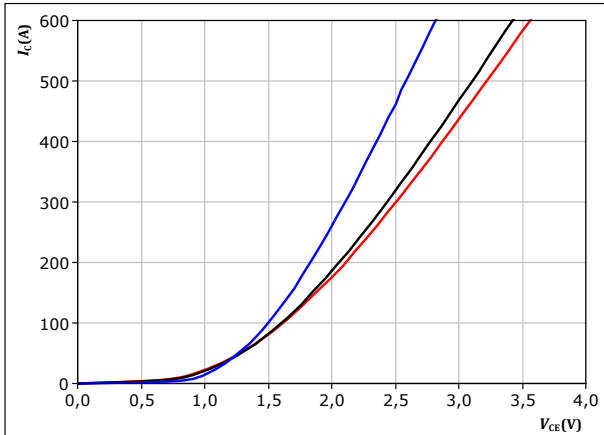


## AC 2 Switch L Characteristics

**figure 15.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

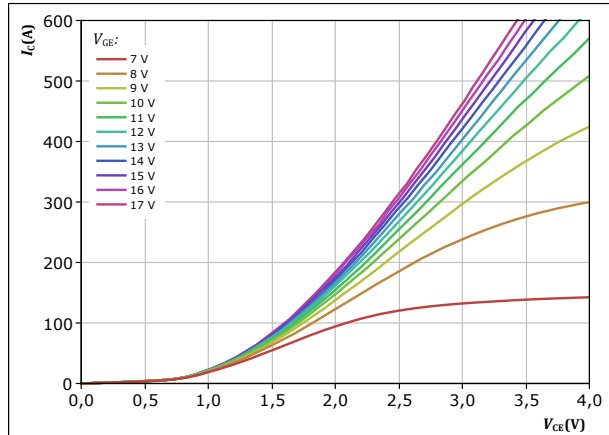


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$   
 $T_j:$  — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 16.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

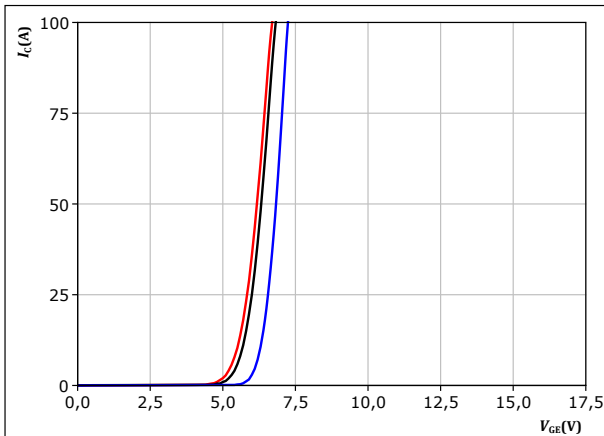


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

**figure 17.** IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

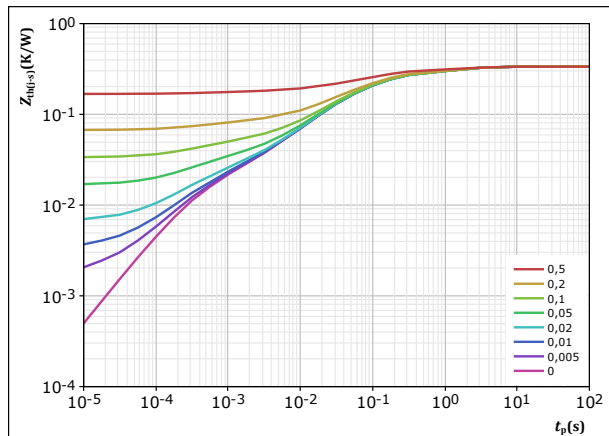


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{CE} = 8 V$   
 $T_j:$  — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 18.** IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,336 \text{ K/W}$   
IGBT thermal model values  

$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
6,56E-02	1,61E+00
1,54E-01	1,15E-01
9,21E-02	2,31E-02
1,13E-02	2,30E-03
1,31E-02	3,26E-04

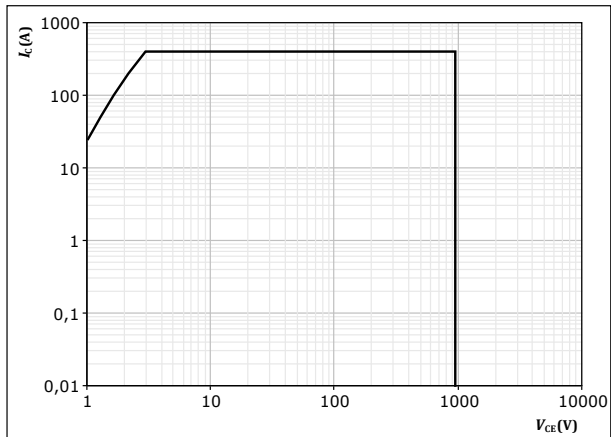


### AC 2 Switch L Characteristics

**figure 19.** IGBT

Safe operating area

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



$D =$  single pulse  
 $T_s = 80$  °C  
 $V_{GE} = 15$  V  
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$

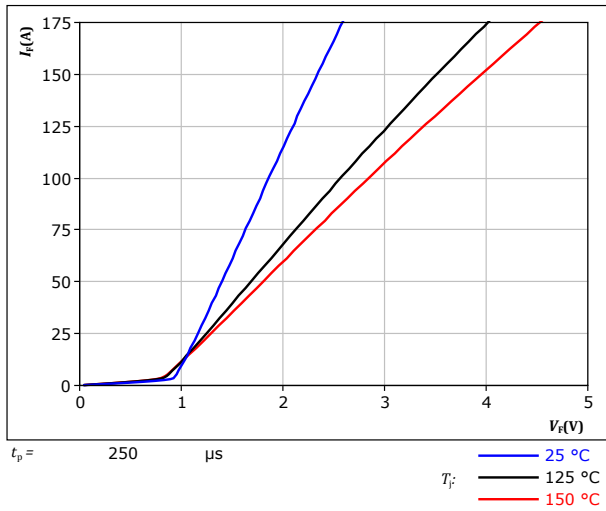


### AC 2 Diode L Characteristics

**figure 20.** FWD

Typical forward characteristics

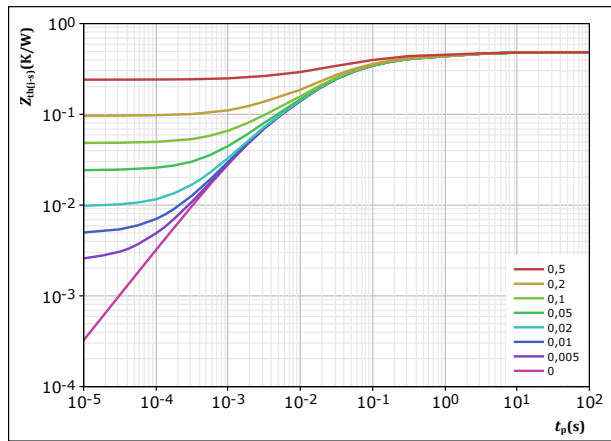
$$I_F = f(V_F)$$



**figure 21.** FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$

$R_{th(j-s)} = 0,482 \text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

$R \text{ (K/W)}$	$\tau \text{ (s)}$
3,66E-02	3,84E+00
5,22E-02	8,76E-01
1,74E-01	8,75E-02
1,75E-01	1,75E-02
4,55E-02	2,23E-03

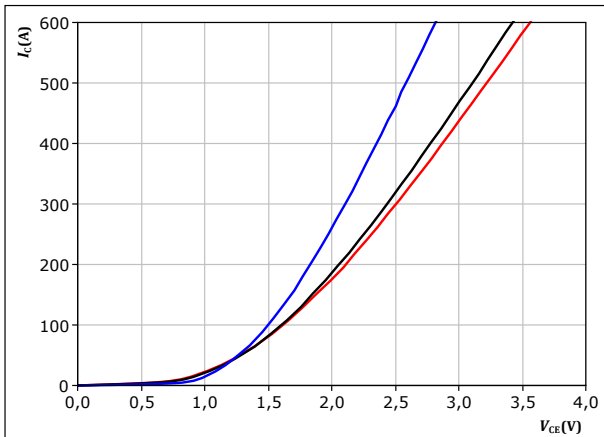


## AC 2 Switch H Characteristics

**figure 22.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



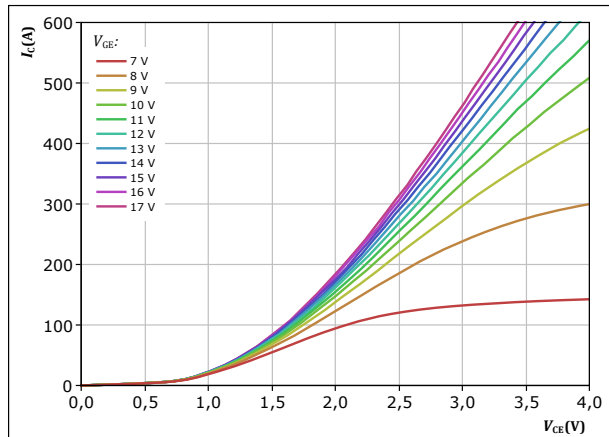
$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$

$T_j$ :  
— 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 23.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

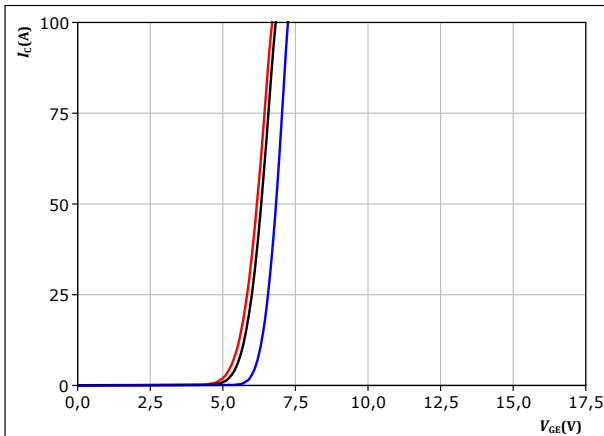


$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$   
 $T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

**figure 24.** IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$



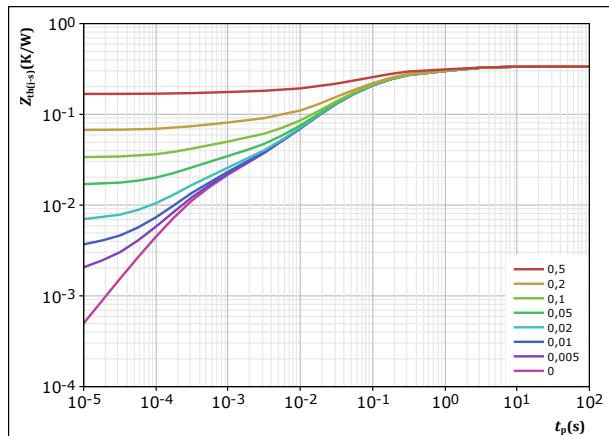
$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$   
 $V_{CE} = 8 \text{ V}$

$T_j$ :  
— 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 25.** IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,336 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
6,56E-02	1,61E+00
1,54E-01	1,15E-01
9,21E-02	2,31E-02
1,13E-02	2,30E-03
1,31E-02	3,26E-04



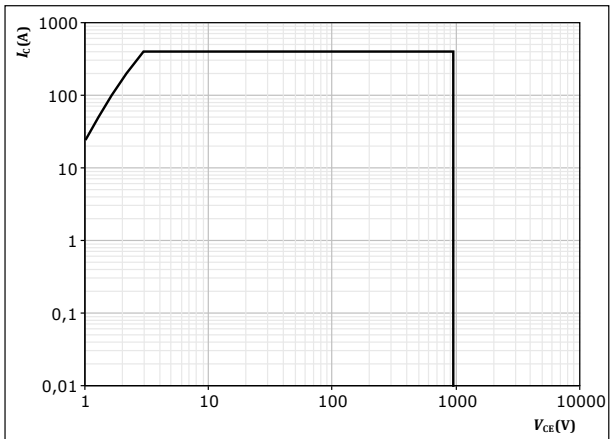


### AC 2 Switch H Characteristics

**figure 26.** IGBT

Safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



$D =$  single pulse  
 $T_s = 80 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$   
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$

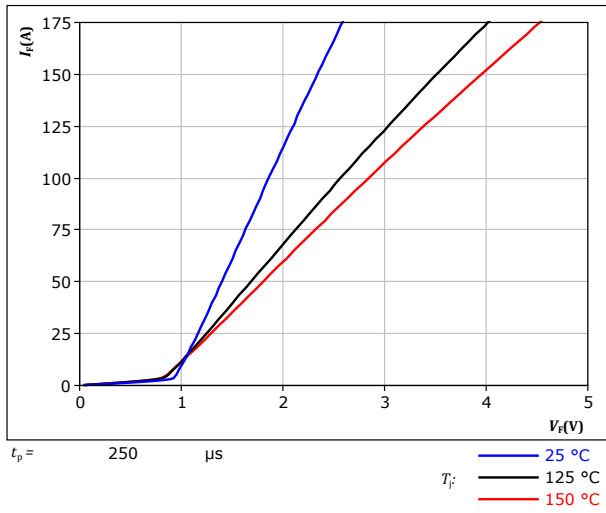


### AC 2 Diode H Characteristics

**figure 27.** FWD

Typical forward characteristics

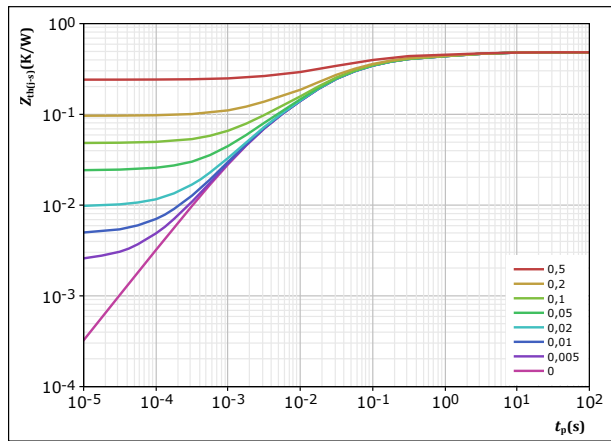
$$I_F = f(V_F)$$



**figure 28.** FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$

$R_{th(j-s)} = 0,482 \text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

$R \text{ (K/W)}$	$\tau \text{ (s)}$
3,66E-02	3,84E+00
5,22E-02	8,76E-01
1,74E-01	8,75E-02
1,75E-01	1,75E-02
4,55E-02	2,23E-03

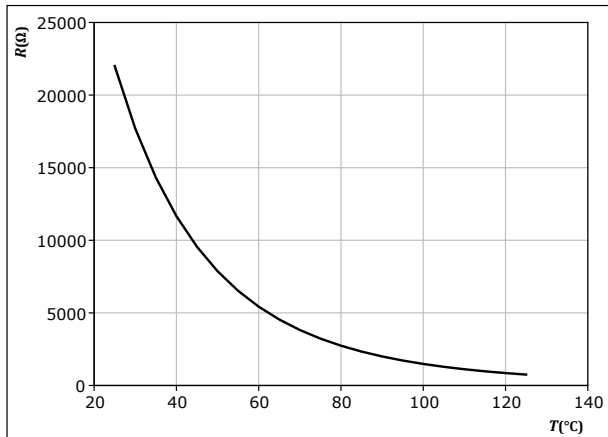


## Thermistor Characteristics

**figure 29.** Thermistor

Typical NTC characteristic as function of temperature

$$R_T = f(T)$$



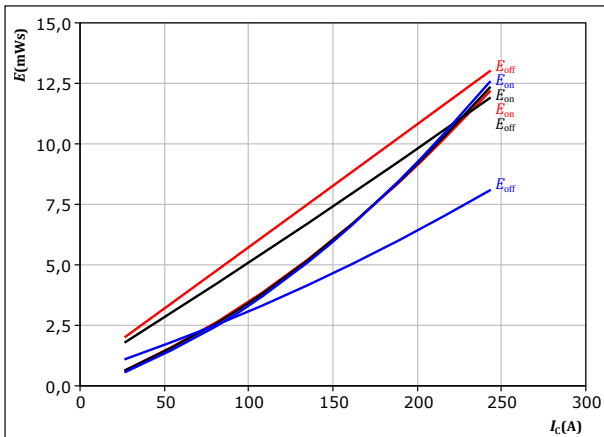


## AC 1 Switching Characteristics L

**figure 30.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

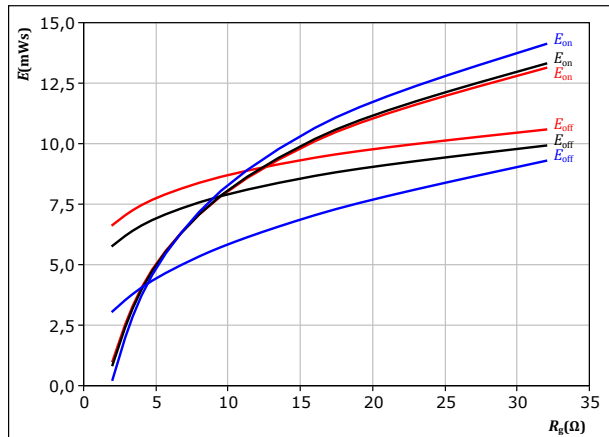
$V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = 0/15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 8$   $\Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 8$   $\Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 31.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

$$E = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

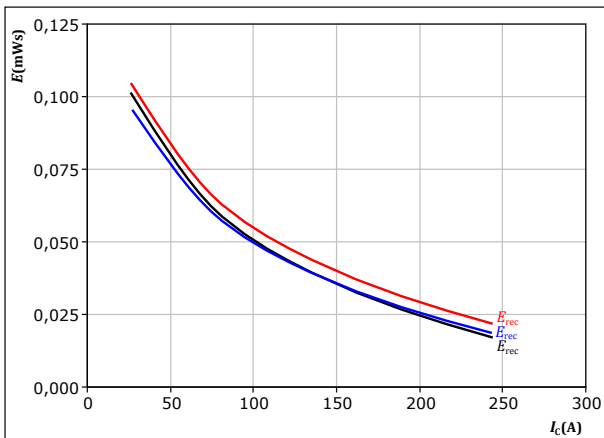
$V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = 0/15$  V  
 $I_c = 135$  A

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 32.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

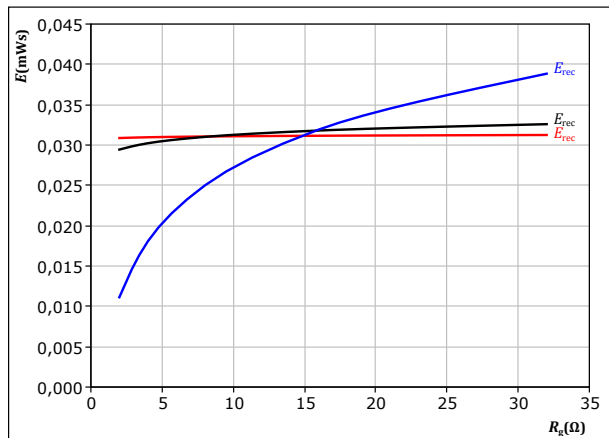
$V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = 0/15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 8$   $\Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 33.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = 0/15$  V  
 $I_c = 135$  A

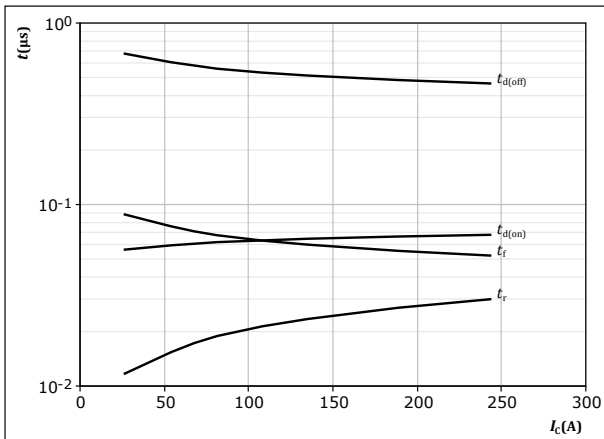
$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C



## AC 1 Switching Characteristics L

**figure 34.** IGBT

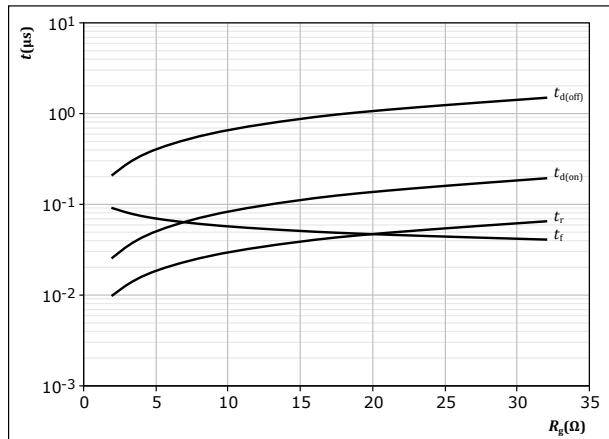
Typical switching times as a function of collector current  
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{g(on)} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{g(off)} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 35.** IGBT

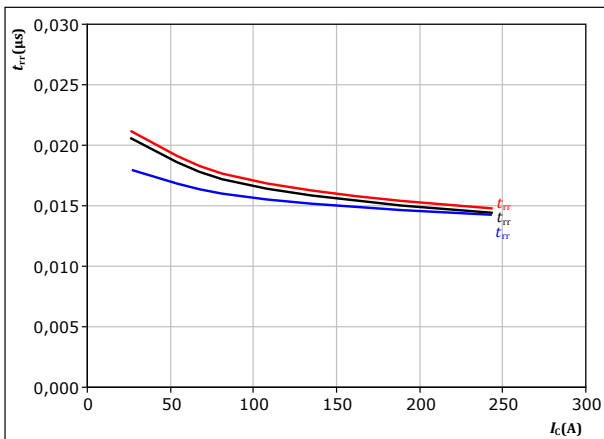
Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor  
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 135 \text{ A}$

**figure 36.** FWD

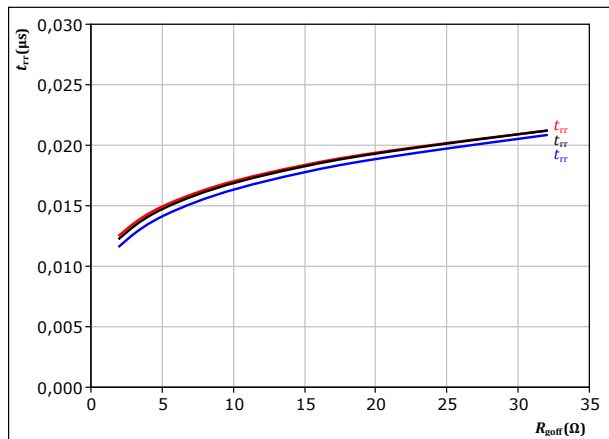
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current  
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{g(on)} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $T_j: \text{ — } 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $\text{ — } 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $\text{ — } 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

**figure 37.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn off gate resistor  
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{g(off)})$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 135 \text{ A}$   
 $T_j: \text{ — } 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $\text{ — } 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $\text{ — } 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

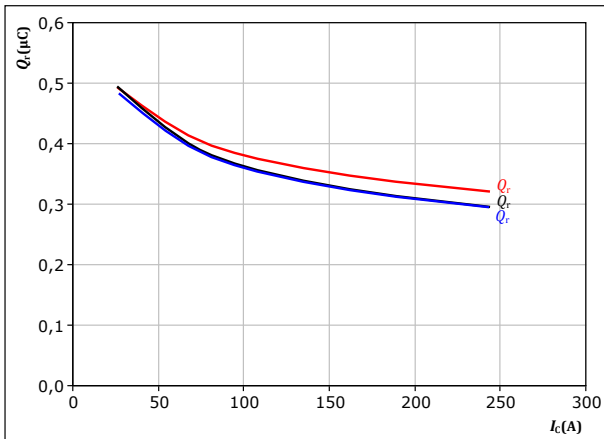


## AC 1 Switching Characteristics L

**figure 38.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

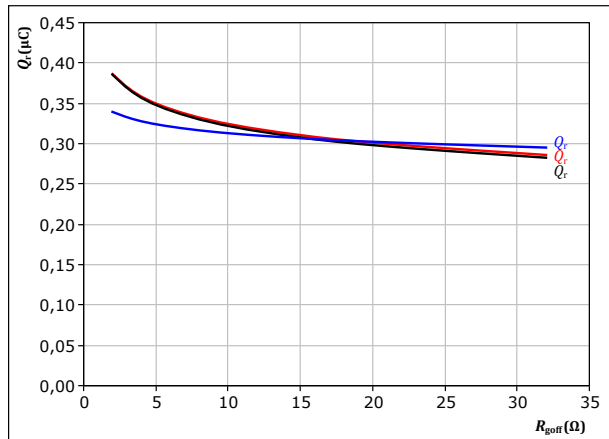
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{goff} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 39.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of turn off gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{goff})$$



With an inductive load at

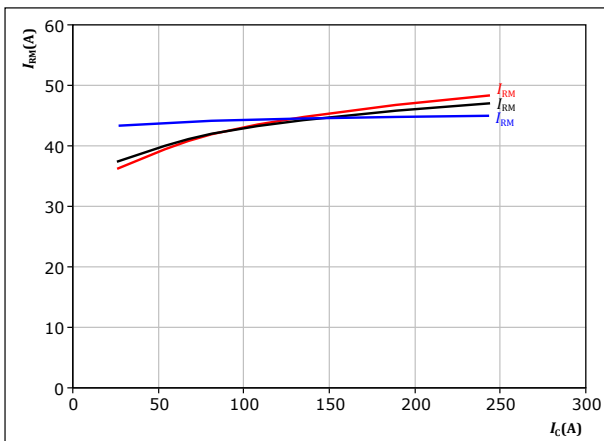
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 135 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 40.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

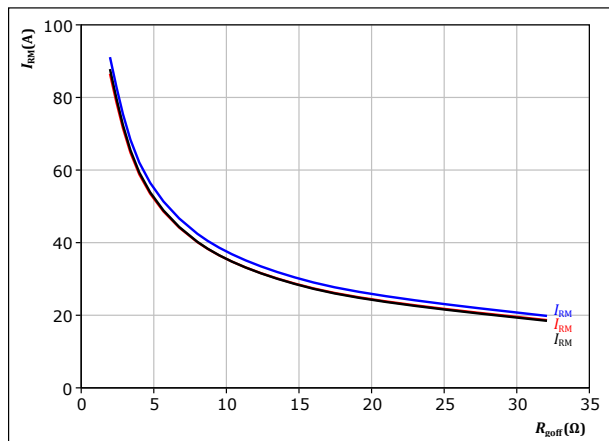
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{goff} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 41.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of turn off gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{goff})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 135 \text{ A}$

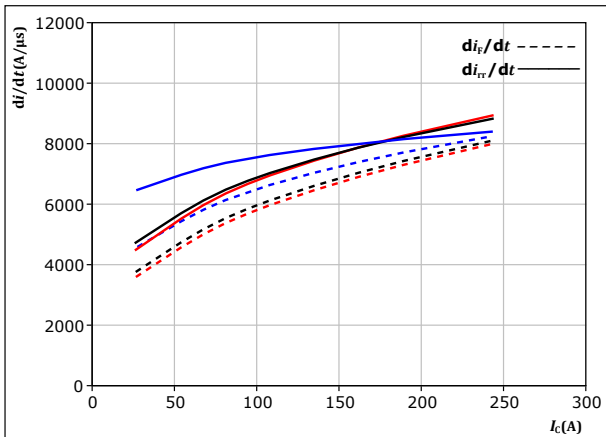
$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C



## AC 1 Switching Characteristics L

**figure 42.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_i/dt, di_r/dt = f(I_c)$



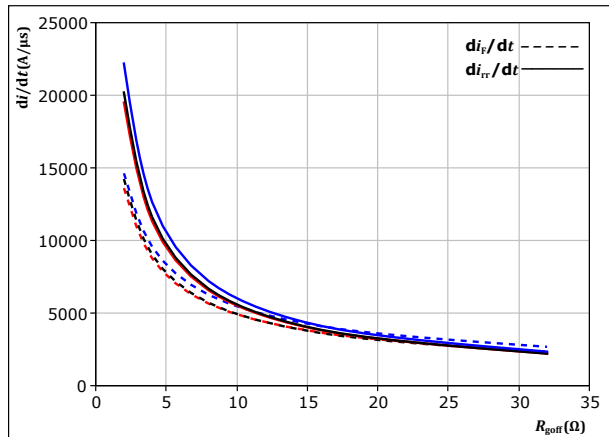
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{goff} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$

$T_j = 25 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

**figure 43.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn off gate resistor  
 $di_i/dt, di_r/dt = f(R_{goff})$



With an inductive load at

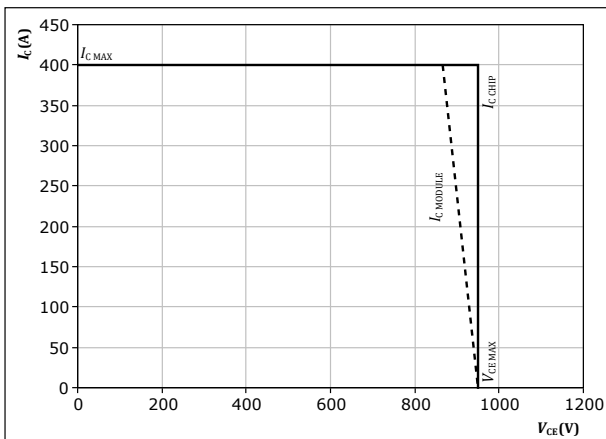
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 135 \text{ A}$

$T_j = 25 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

**figure 44.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At  $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $R_{goff} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$

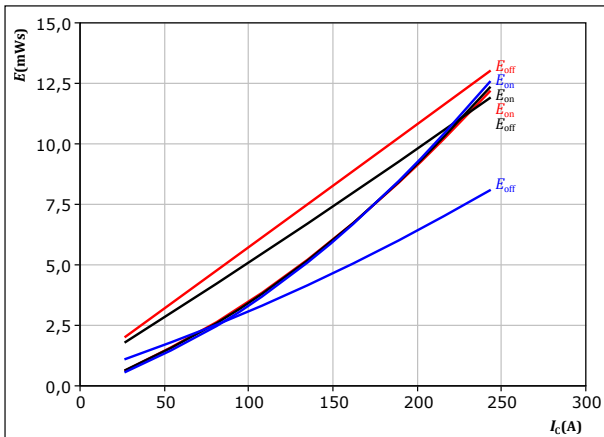


## AC 1 Switching Characteristics H

**figure 45.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

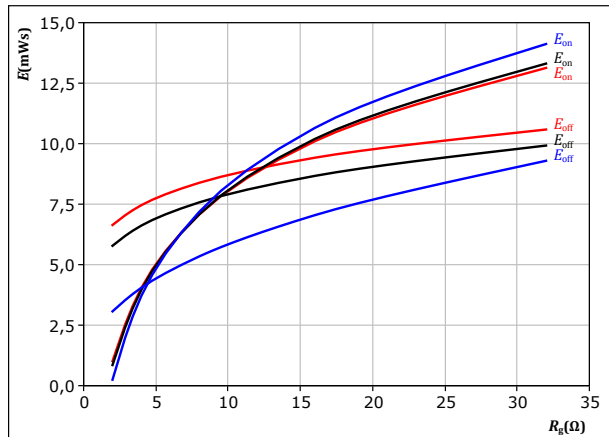
$V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = 0/15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 8$   $\Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 8$   $\Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 46.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

$$E = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

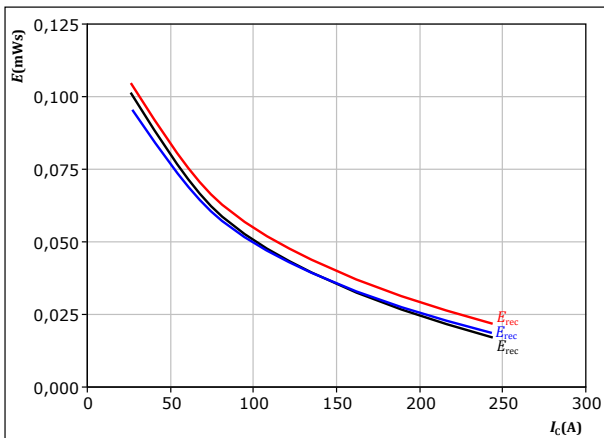
$V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = 0/15$  V  
 $I_c = 135$  A

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 47.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

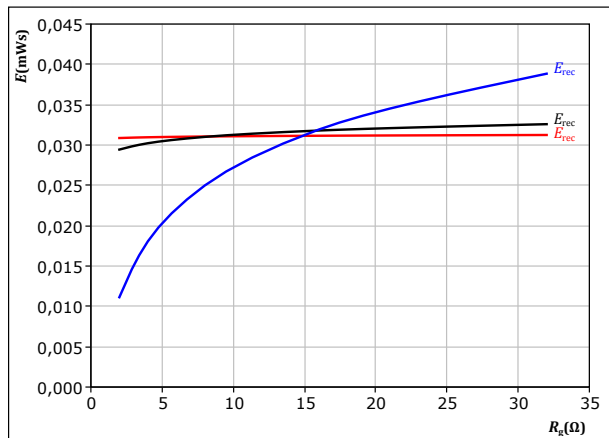
$V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = 0/15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 8$   $\Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 48.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = 0/15$  V  
 $I_c = 135$  A

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

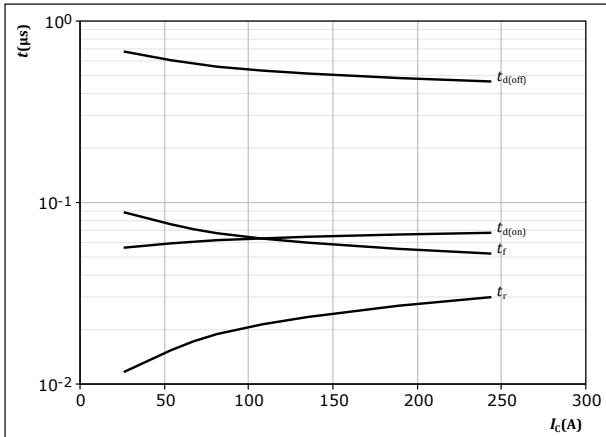




## AC 1 Switching Characteristics H

**figure 49.** IGBT

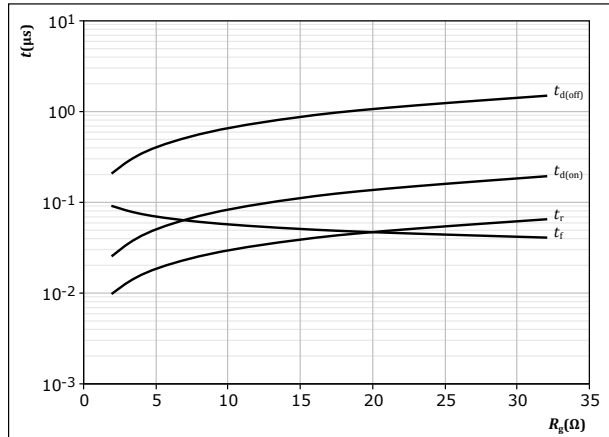
Typical switching times as a function of collector current  
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 50.** IGBT

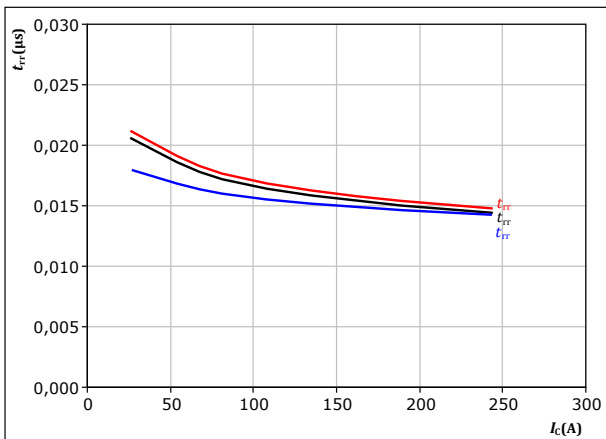
Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor  
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 135 \text{ A}$

**figure 51.** FWD

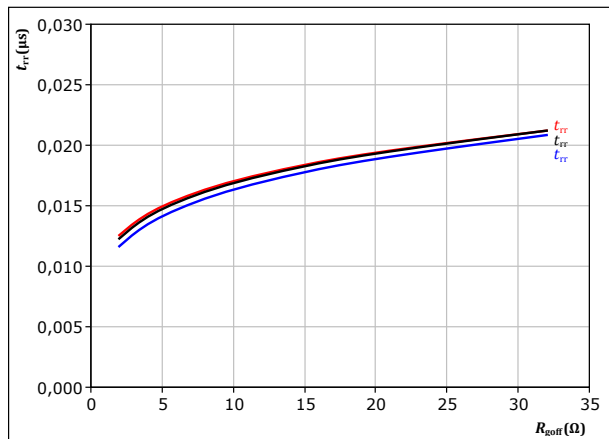
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current  
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $T_j: \text{ — } 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $\text{ — } 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $\text{ — } 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

**figure 52.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn off gate resistor  
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{goff})$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 135 \text{ A}$   
 $T_j: \text{ — } 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $\text{ — } 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $\text{ — } 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

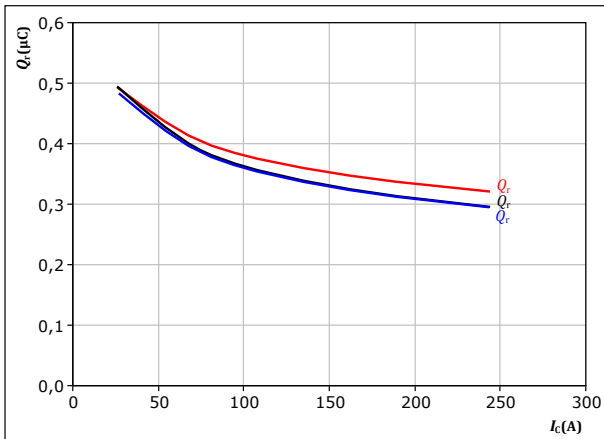


## AC 1 Switching Characteristics H

**figure 53.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

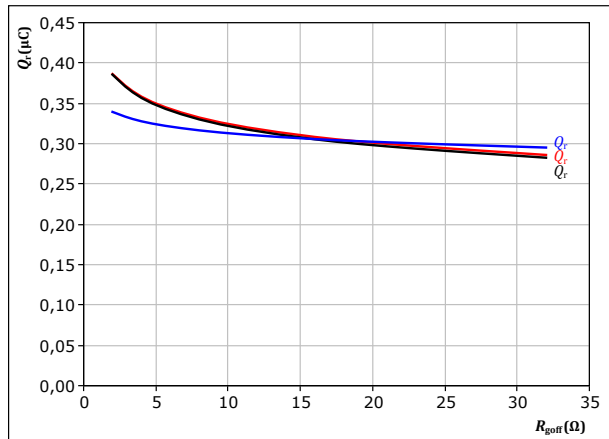
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{goff} = 8 \ \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 54.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of turn off gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{goff})$$



With an inductive load at

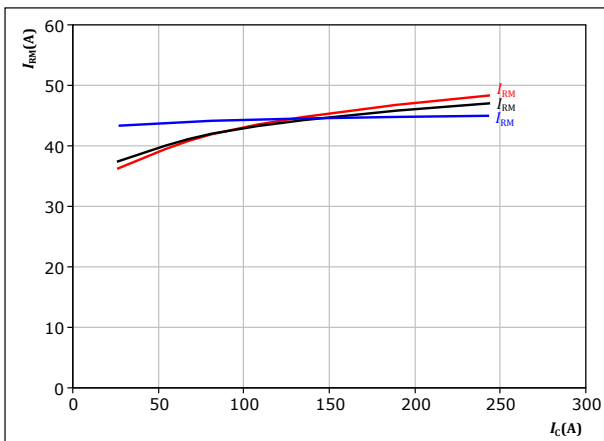
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 135 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 55.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

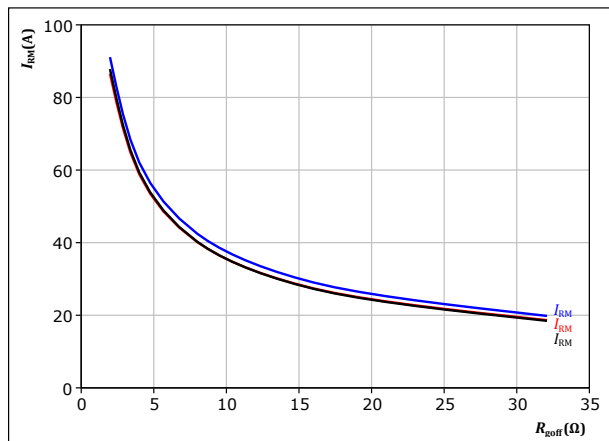
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{goff} = 8 \ \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 56.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of turn off gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{goff})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 135 \text{ A}$

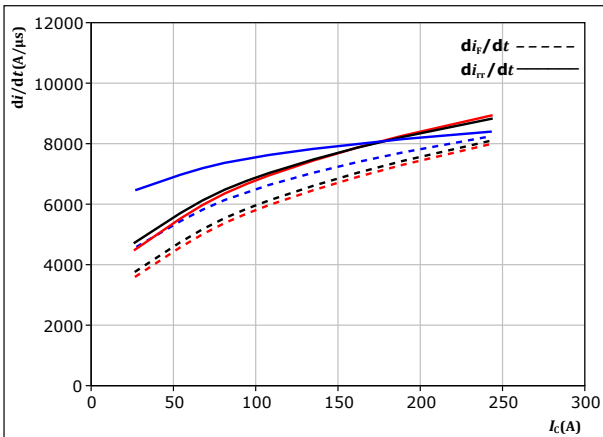
$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C



## AC 1 Switching Characteristics H

**figure 57.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_i/dt, di_r/dt = f(I_C)$



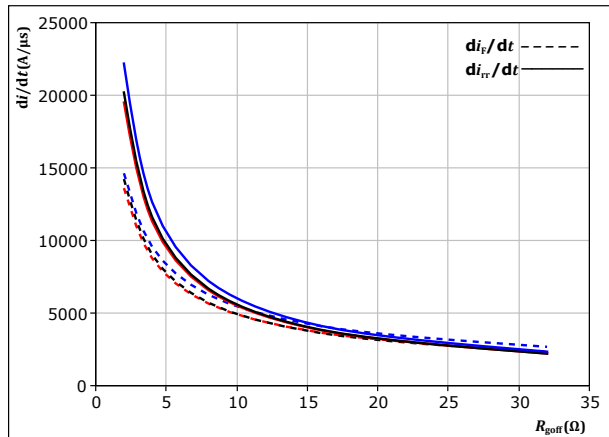
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{goff} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 58.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn off gate resistor  
 $di_i/dt, di_r/dt = f(R_{goff})$



With an inductive load at

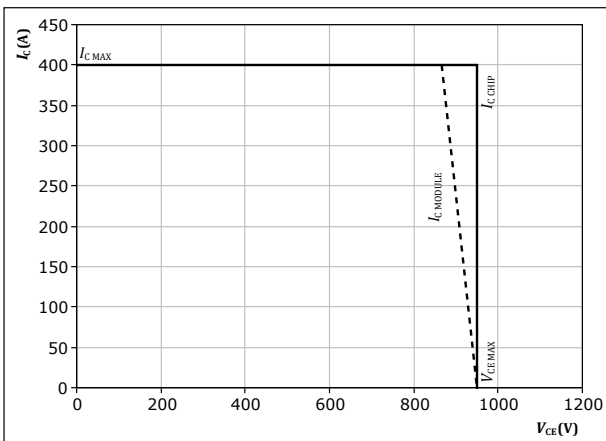
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_C = 135 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 59.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



At  $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $R_{goff} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$

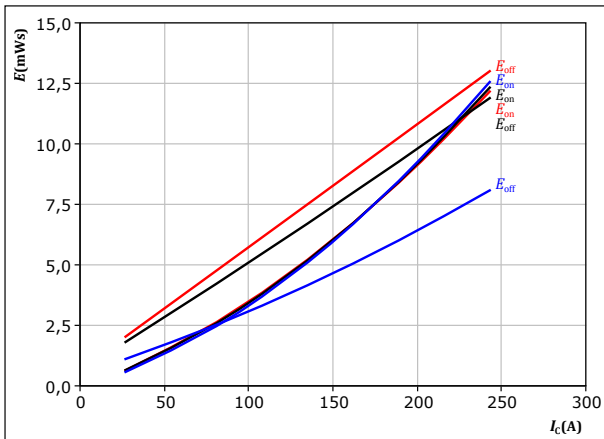


## AC 2 Switching Characteristics L

**figure 60.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

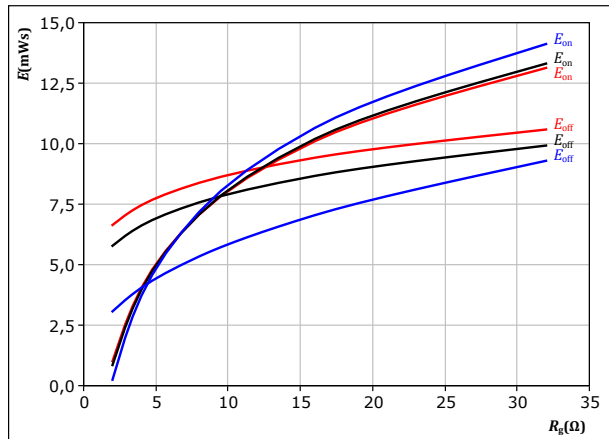
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 8 \ \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 8 \ \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 61.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

$$E = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

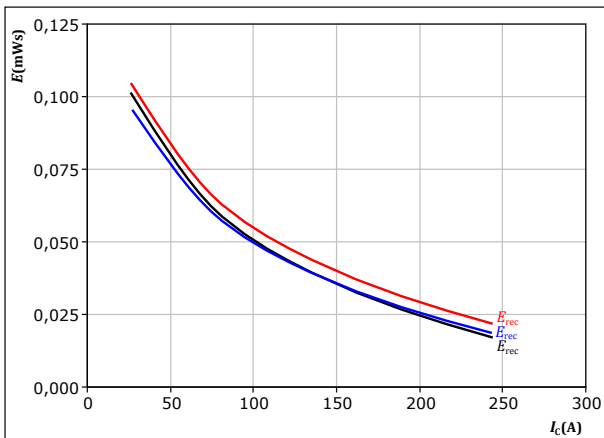
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 135 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 62.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

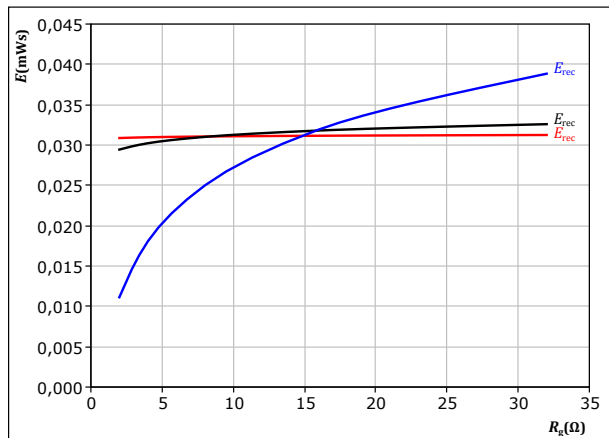
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 8 \ \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 63.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 135 \text{ A}$

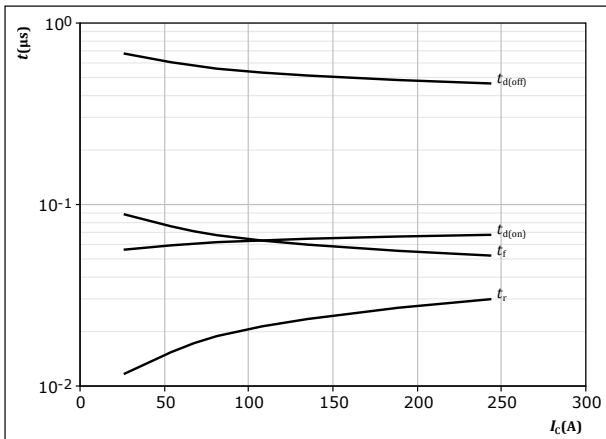
$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C



## AC 2 Switching Characteristics L

**figure 64.** IGBT

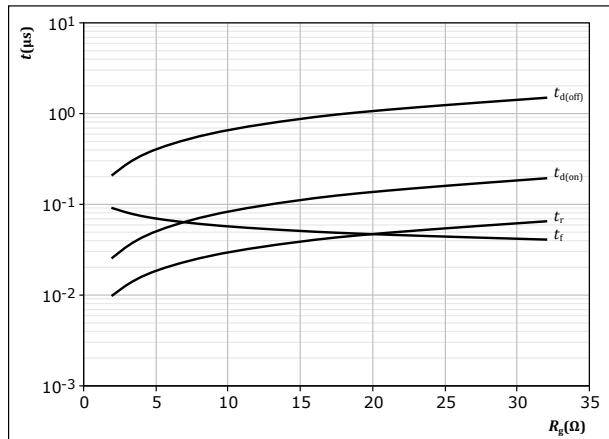
Typical switching times as a function of collector current  
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 65.** IGBT

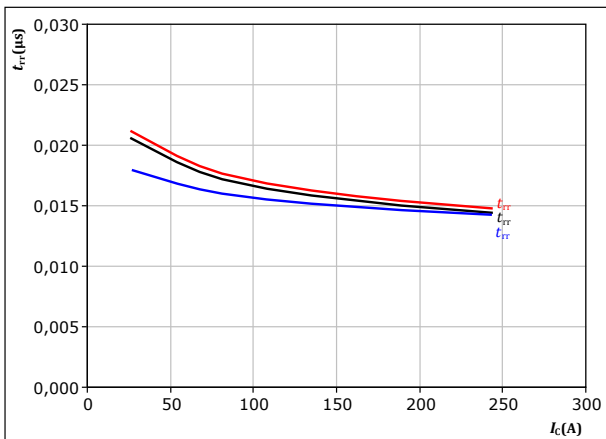
Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor  
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 135 \text{ A}$

**figure 66.** FWD

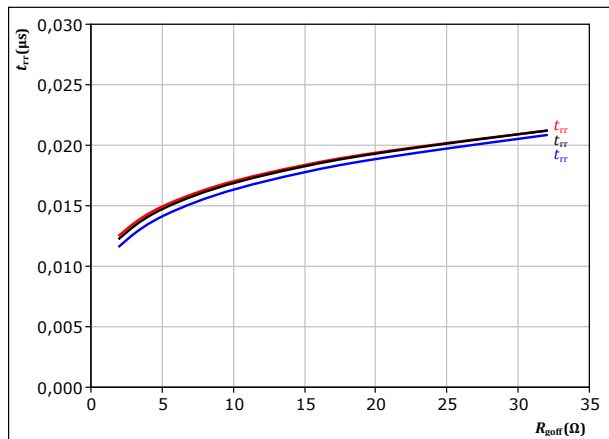
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current  
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $T_j: \text{ — } 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $\text{ — } 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $\text{ — } 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

**figure 67.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn off gate resistor  
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{goff})$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 135 \text{ A}$   
 $T_j: \text{ — } 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $\text{ — } 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $\text{ — } 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

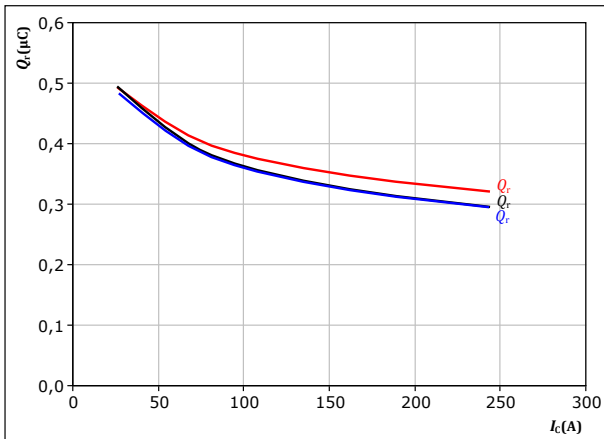


## AC 2 Switching Characteristics L

**figure 68.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

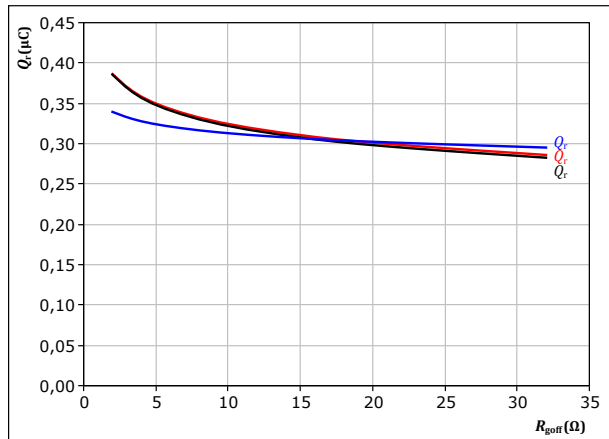
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{goff} = 8 \ \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 69.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of turn off gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{goff})$$



With an inductive load at

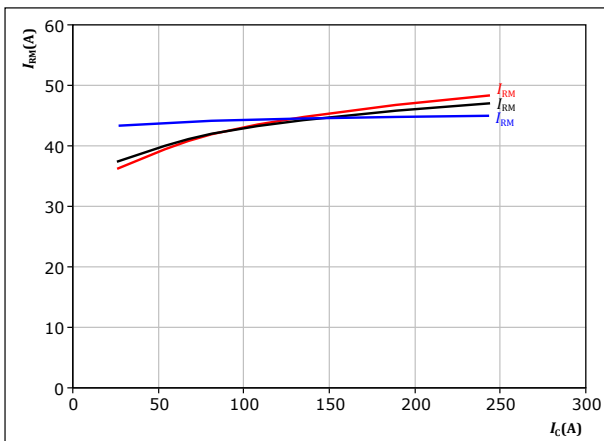
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 135 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 70.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

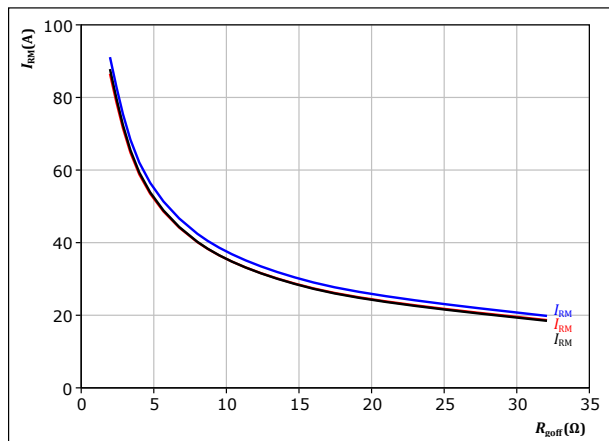
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{goff} = 8 \ \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 71.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of turn off gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{goff})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 135 \text{ A}$

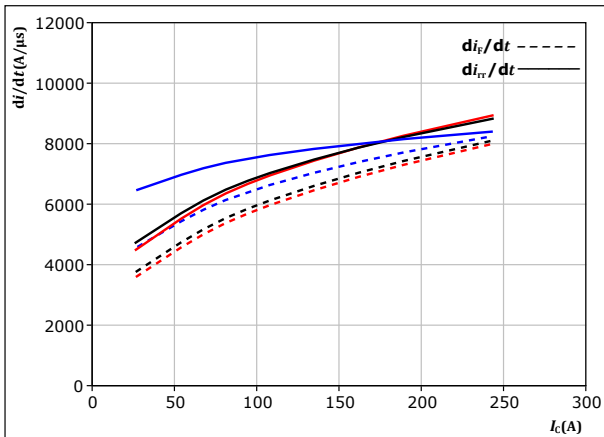
$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C



## AC 2 Switching Characteristics L

**figure 72.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_i/dt, di_r/dt = f(I_c)$



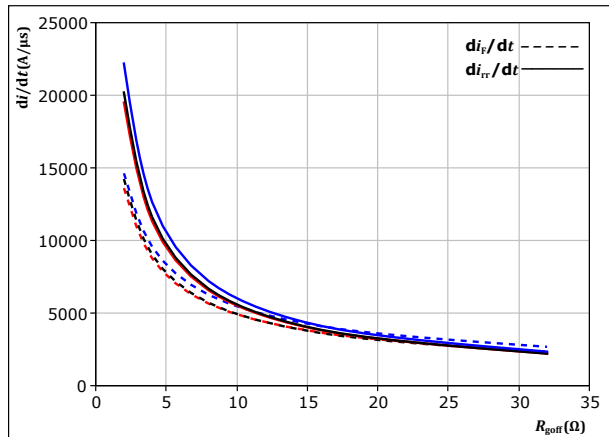
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{goff} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$

$T_j =$  — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 73.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn off gate resistor  
 $di_i/dt, di_r/dt = f(R_{goff})$



With an inductive load at

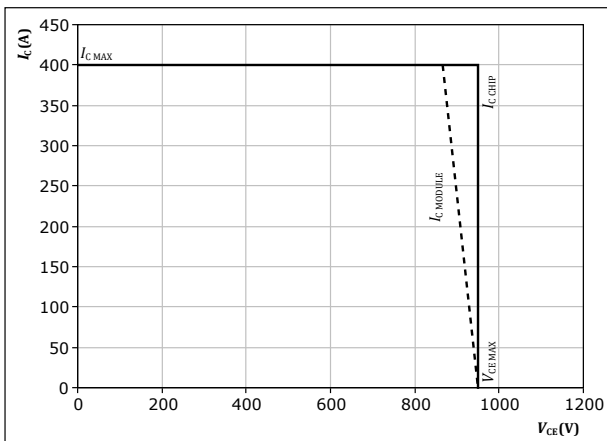
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 135 \text{ A}$

$T_j =$  — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 74.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At  $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $R_{goff} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$

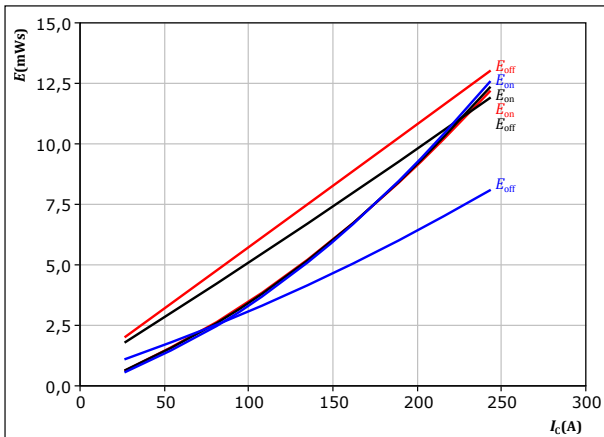


## AC 2 Switching Characteristics H

**figure 75.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

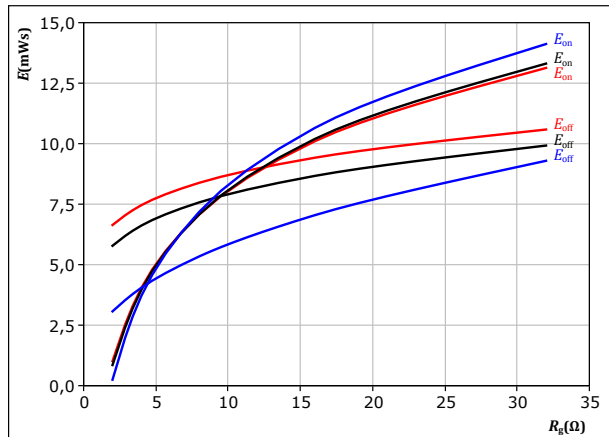
$V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = 0/15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 8$   $\Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 8$   $\Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 76.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

$$E = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

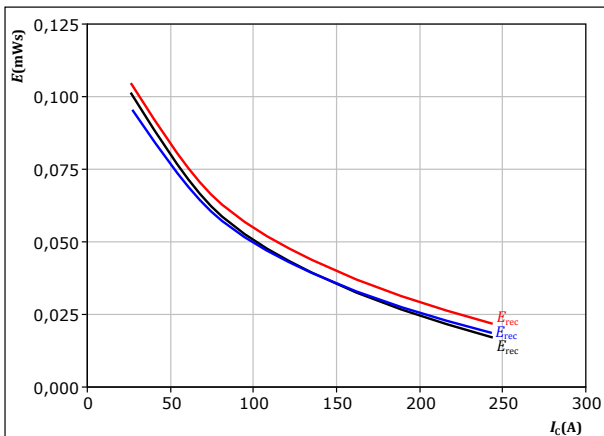
$V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = 0/15$  V  
 $I_c = 135$  A

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 77.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

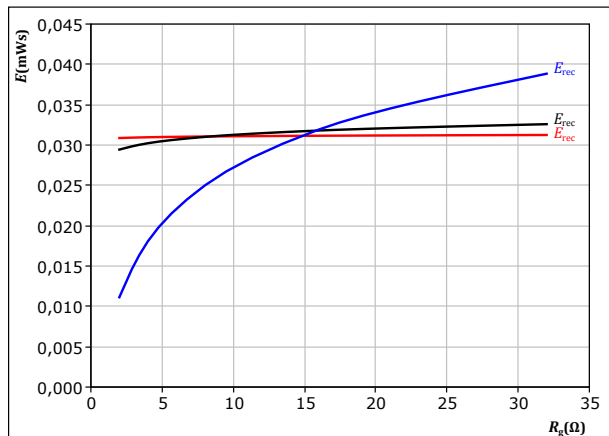
$V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = 0/15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 8$   $\Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 78.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = 0/15$  V  
 $I_c = 135$  A

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

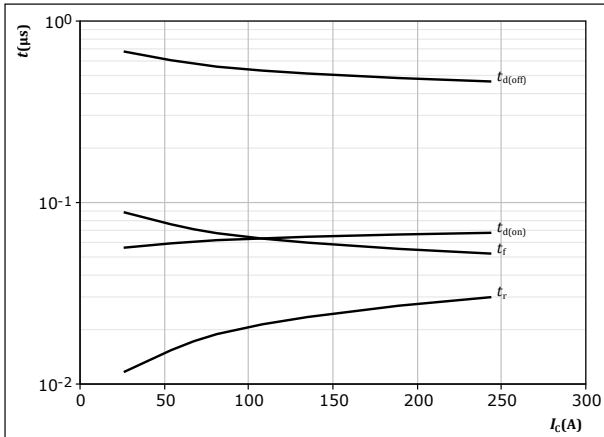




## AC 2 Switching Characteristics H

**figure 79.** IGBT

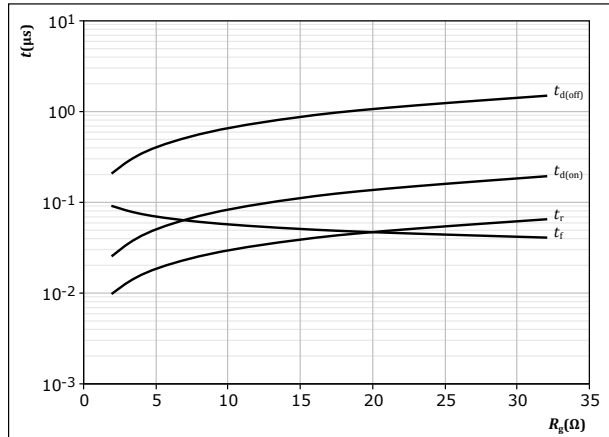
Typical switching times as a function of collector current  
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{g(on)} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{g(off)} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 80.** IGBT

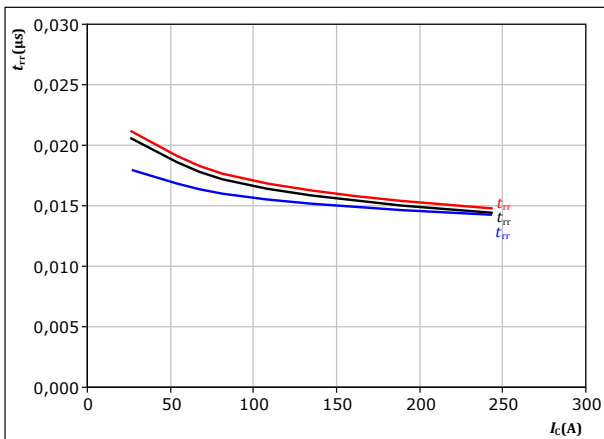
Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor  
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 135 \text{ A}$

**figure 81.** FWD

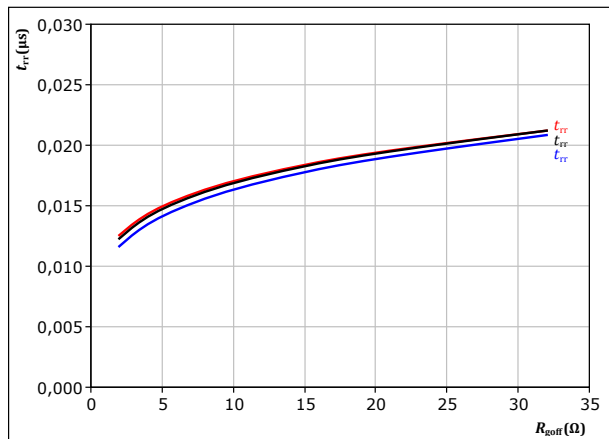
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current  
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{g(on)} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $T_j: \text{ — } 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $\text{ — } 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $\text{ — } 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

**figure 82.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn off gate resistor  
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{g(off)})$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 135 \text{ A}$   
 $T_j: \text{ — } 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $\text{ — } 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $\text{ — } 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

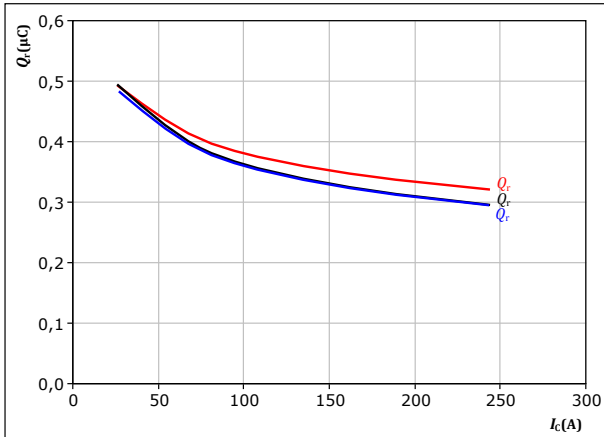


## AC 2 Switching Characteristics H

**figure 83.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

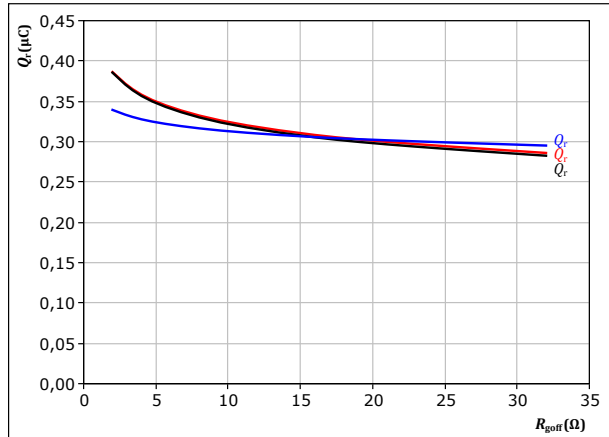
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{goff} = 8 \ \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 84.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of turn off gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{goff})$$



With an inductive load at

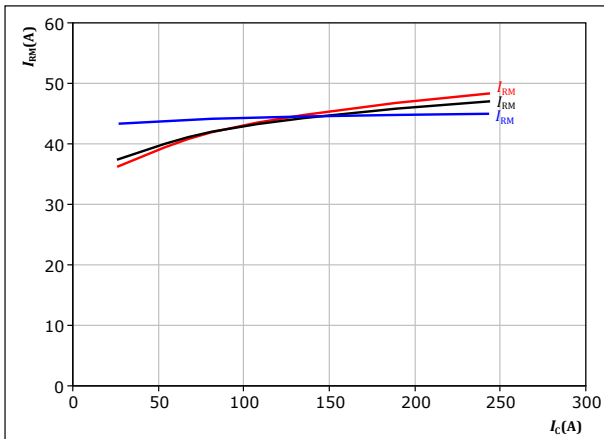
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 135 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 85.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

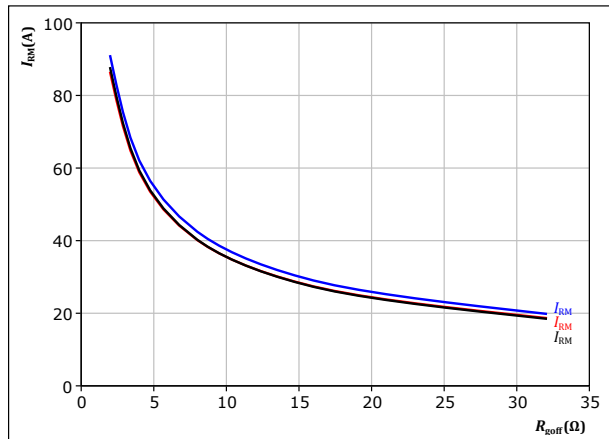
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{goff} = 8 \ \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

**figure 86.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of turn off gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{goff})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 135 \text{ A}$

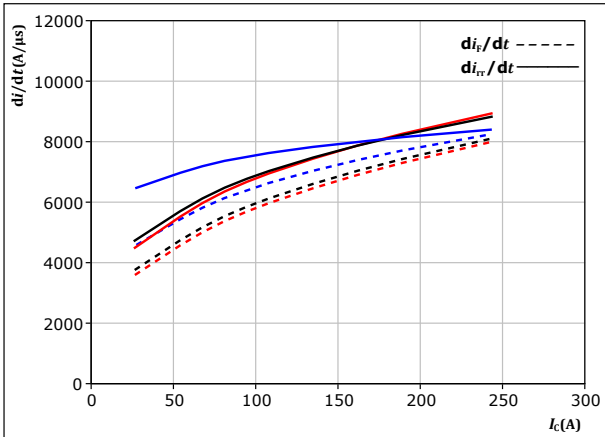
$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C



## AC 2 Switching Characteristics H

**figure 87.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_i/dt, di_r/dt = f(I_C)$



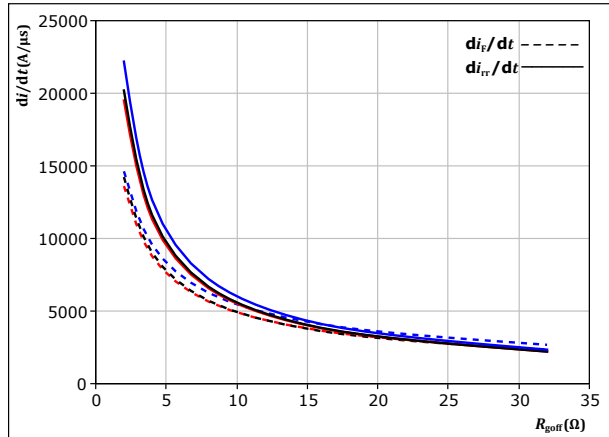
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{goff} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$

$T_j =$  — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 88.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn off gate resistor  
 $di_i/dt, di_r/dt = f(R_{goff})$



With an inductive load at

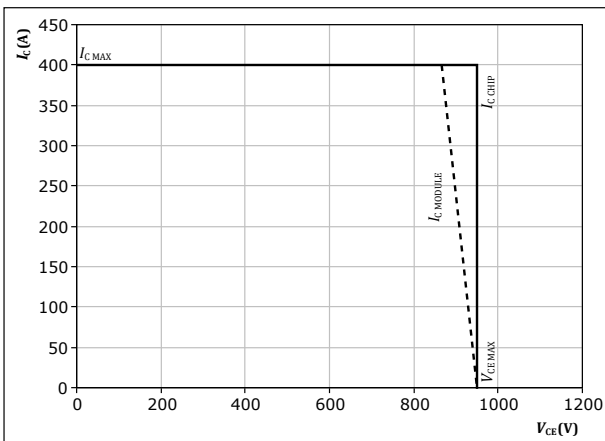
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_C = 135 \text{ A}$

$T_j =$  — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 89.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

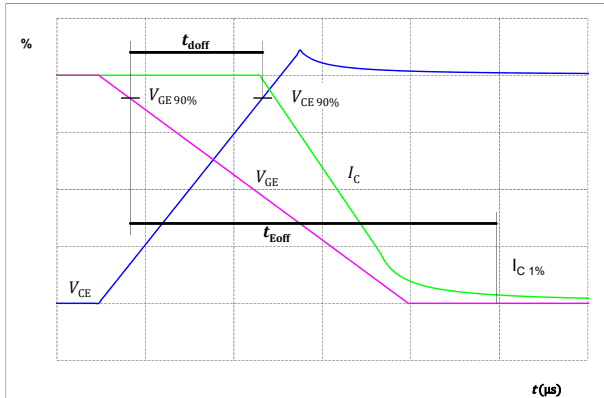


At  $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $R_{goff} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$

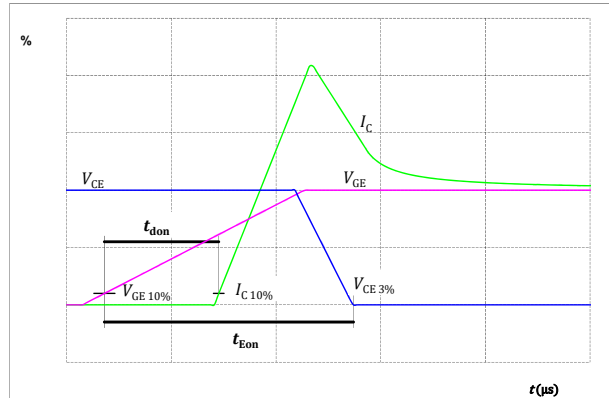


## Switching Definitions

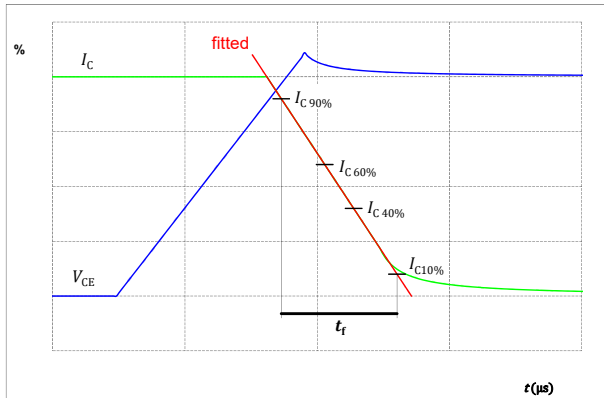
**figure 90.** IGBT  
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$ ,  $t_{Eoff}$  ( $t_{Eoff}$  = integrating time for  $E_{off}$ )



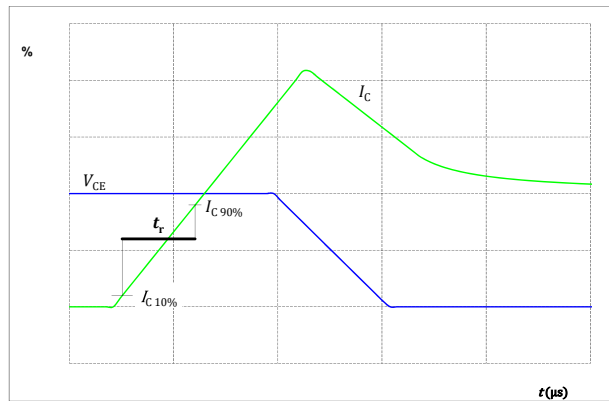
**figure 91.** IGBT  
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{don}$ ,  $t_{Eon}$  ( $t_{Eon}$  = integrating time for  $E_{on}$ )



**figure 92.** IGBT  
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_f$



**figure 93.** IGBT  
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$





### Switching Definitions

figure 94. FWD

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{rr}$

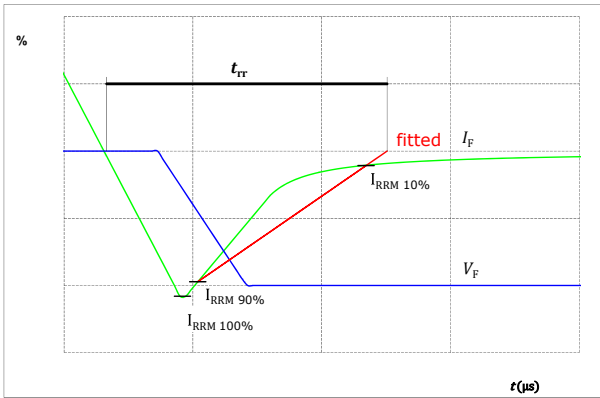
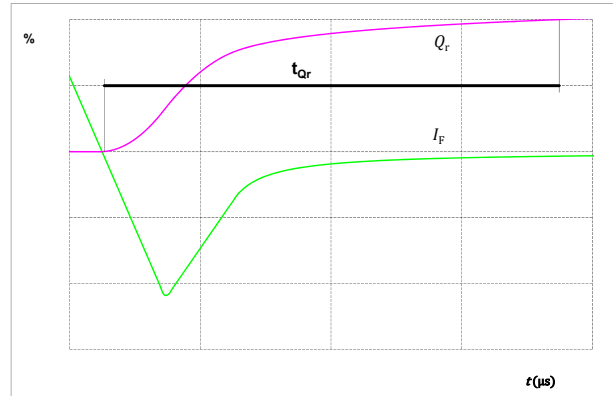


figure 95. FWD

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Qr}$  ( $t_{Qr}$  = integrating time for  $Q_r$ )





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**B0-SP10FCA200S701-LM87F98T**  
datasheet

Ordering Code	
<b>Version</b>	<b>Ordering Code</b>
With thermal paste (4,4 W/mK, PTM6000)	B0-SP10FCA200S701-LM87F98T-/7/

Marking						
	<b>Text</b>	<b>Name</b> NN-NNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN- TTTTIV	<b>Date code</b> WWYY	<b>UL &amp; VIN</b> UL VIN	<b>Lot</b> LLLLL	<b>Serial</b> SSSS
	<b>Datamatrix</b>	<b>Type&amp;Ver</b> TTTTIV	<b>Lot number</b> LLLLL	<b>Serial</b> SSSS	<b>Date code</b> WWYY	

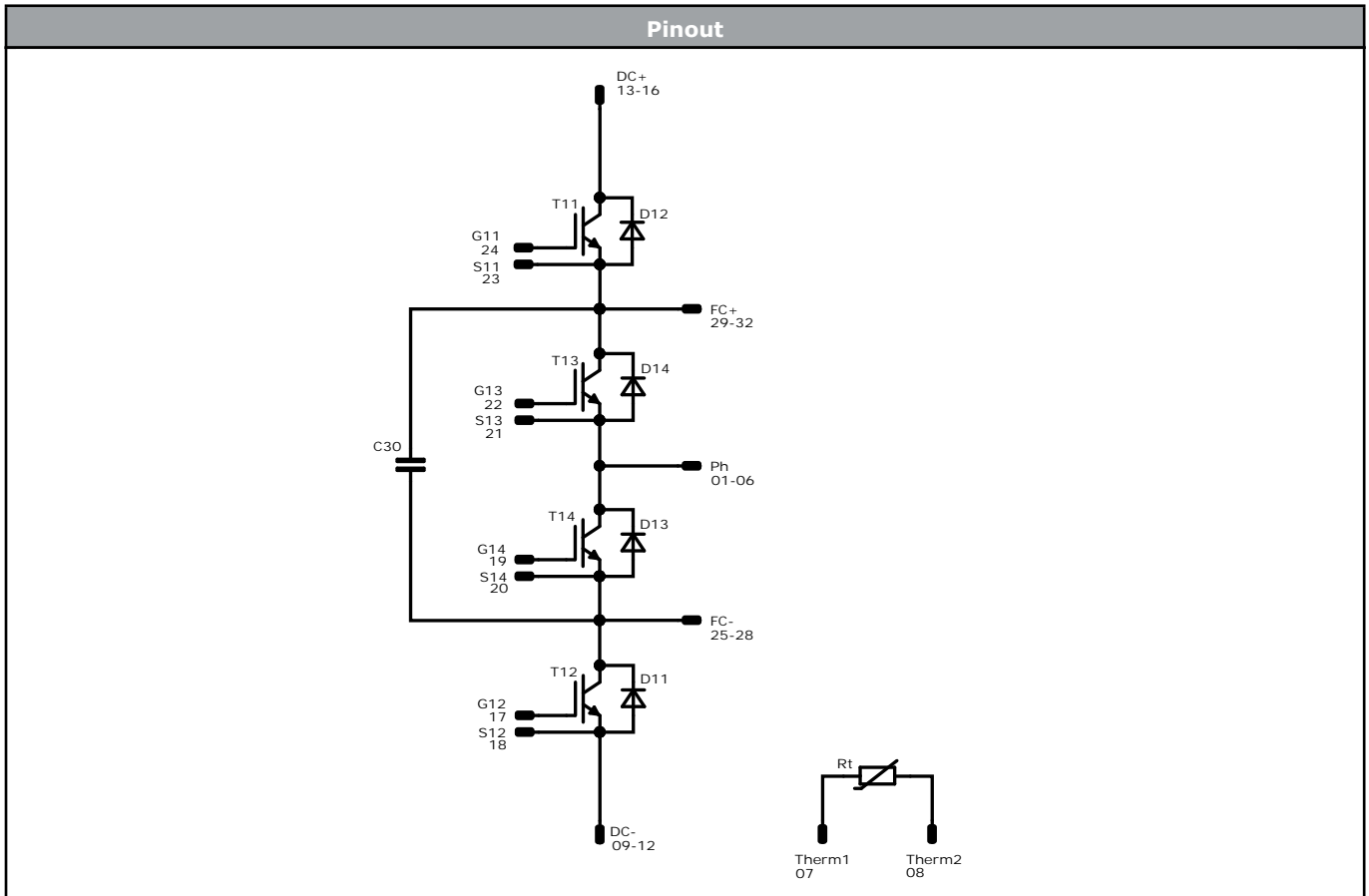
Pin table [mm]			
Pin	X	Y	Function
1	28,6	0	Ph
2	25,9	0	Ph
3	23,2	0	Ph
4	20,5	0	Ph
5	17,8	0	Ph
6	15,1	0	Ph
7	0	0	Therm1
8	0	6,8	Therm2
9	0	50,4	DC-
10	2,7	50,4	DC-
11	18,4	50,4	DC-
12	21,1	50,4	DC-
13	31,3	50,4	DC+
14	34	50,4	DC+
15	49,7	50,4	DC+
16	52,4	50,4	DC+
17	5,5	45,6	G12
18	8,5	46,6	S12
19	6,95	21,65	G14
20	9,95	22,65	S14
21	43,6	0	S13
22	46,6	1	G13
23	43,65	23	S11
24	46,65	24	G11
25	23,9	45,2	FC-
26	25,3	34,5	FC-
27	25,3	31,8	FC-
28	25,3	29,1	FC-
29	30,25	45,2	FC+
30	28,45	21,55	FC+
31	28,45	18,85	FC+
32	28,45	16,15	FC+

Tolerance of positions:  $\pm 0.05\text{mm}$  at the end of pins.  
Dimension of coordinate axis is only offset without tolerance



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Identification					
ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T12	IGBT	950 V	200 A	AC 1 Switch L	
D11	FWD	1200 V	60 A	AC 1 Diode L	
T11	IGBT	950 V	200 A	AC 1 Switch H	
D12	FWD	1200 V	60 A	AC 1 Diode H	
T14	IGBT	950 V	200 A	AC 2 Switch L	
D13	FWD	1200 V	60 A	AC 2 Diode L	
T13	IGBT	950 V	200 A	AC 2 Switch H	
D14	FWD	1200 V	60 A	AC 2 Diode H	
C30	Capacitor	1000 V		Flying Capacitor	
Rt	Thermistor			Thermistor	




Vincotech

Packaging instruction				
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 45	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ	Sample

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for <i>flow</i> S3 packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for <i>flow</i> S3 packages see vincotech.com website.

Vincotech thermistor reference
See Vincotech thermistor reference table at vincotech.com website.

UL recognition and file number
This device is certified according to UL 1557 standard, UL file number E192116. For more information see vincotech.com website. 

Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
B0-SP10FCA200S701-LM87F98T-D1-14	24 Sep. 2020	Initial Release	
B0-SP10FCA200S701-LM87F98T-D2-14	7 Jul. 2021	Module marking is updated with UL logo, product is unchanged	

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.