



**flowNPC S3 split**

**950 V / 600 A**

**Topology features**

- Kelvin Emitter for improved switching performance
- Temperature sensor
- Neutral Point Clamped Topology (I-Type)
- Split topology

**Component features**

- Low collector emitter saturation voltage
- High speed and smooth switching

**Housing features**

- Base isolation: AlN
- CTI600 housing material
- Compact, baseplate-less housing
- VINcoPress Technology
- Thermo-mechanical push-and-pull force relief
- Press-fit pin
- Reliable cold welding connection

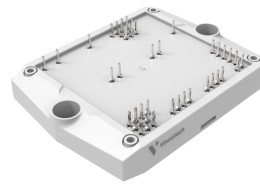
**Target applications**

- Solar Inverters

**Types**

- B0-SL10NIB600S702-PA29F78Z
- B0-SL10NIC600S702-PA39F78Z

**flow S3 12 mm housing**

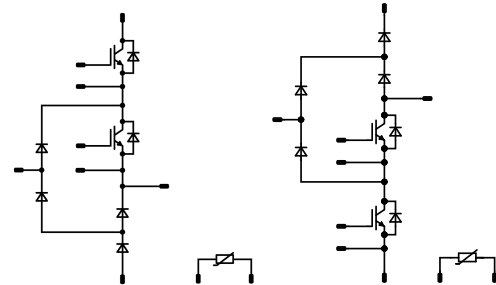


PA29F78Z



PA39F78Z

**Schematic**



PA29F78Z

PA39F78Z



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## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
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### Buck Switch

Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		950	V
Collector current (DC current)	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	444	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	1200	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	864	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		$\pm 20$	V
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C

### Buck Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	171	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	488	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	$I_{FSM}$	Single Half Sine Wave, $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$	1040	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	432	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C

### Buck Sw. Protection Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		950	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	77	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	200	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	160	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C



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## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
<b>Boost Switch</b>				
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		1200	V
Collector current (DC current)	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	528	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	1200	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	981	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		$\pm 20$	V
Short circuit ratings	$t_{SC}$	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ , $V_{CC} = 800\text{ V}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	9,5	$\mu\text{s}$
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

## Boost Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		950	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	209	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	600	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	413	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

## Boost Sw. Inv. Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	220	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	450	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	390	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$



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## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
<b>Boost Sw. Protection Diode</b>				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	40	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	$I_{FSM}$	Single Half Sine Wave, $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	170	A
Surge current capability	$I^2t$		145	A <sup>2</sup> s
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	113	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C

## Boost D. Protection Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		950	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	77	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{ERM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	200	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	160	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C

## Module Properties

### Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	$T_{jop}$		-40...+( $T_{jmax} - 25$ )	°C

### Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	$V_{isol}$	DC Test Voltage* $t_p = 2\text{ s}$	6000	V
Creepage distance		B0-SL10NIB600S702-PA29F78Z	>12,7	mm
		B0-SL10NIC600S702-PA39F78Z	9,93	
Clearance		B0-SL10NIB600S702-PA29F78Z	11,58	mm
		B0-SL10NIC600S702-PA39F78Z	8,06	
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI		≥ 600	

\*100 % tested in production



## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

### Buck Switch

#### Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,00975	25	4,35	5,1	5,85	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		600	25 125 150		1,82 2,07 2,13	2,25 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	950		25			12	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0		25			300	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$							0,5		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$							37800		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oes}$	$f = 100$ kHz	0	25		25		810		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$							120		pF
Gate charge	$Q_g$		±15		0	25		1350		nC

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 5,2$ W/mK (PTM)						0,11		K/W
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#### Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$					25 125 150		211,78 215,26 216,47		ns
Rise time	$t_r$					25 125 150		34,5 37,3 37,75		ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25 125 150		270,24 311,24 321,97		ns
Fall time	$t_f$					25 125 150		29,46 45,96 56,5		ns
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$	$Q_{tFWD} = 0,835$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 0,851$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 0,855$ μC				25 125 150		9,16 10,02 9,98		mWs
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$					25 125 150		11,55 17,35 19,23		mWs



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**B0-SL10NIB600S702-PA29F78Z**  
**B0-SL10NIC600S702-PA39F78Z**  
 datasheet

### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
<b>Buck Diode</b>										
<b>Static</b>										
Forward voltage	$V_F$			160	25 125 150		1,72 2,17 2,32	1,8 <sup>(1)</sup>		V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 1200$ V			25		280	1600		μA
<b>Thermal</b>										
Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 5,2$ W/mK (PTM)					0,22			K/W
<b>Dynamic</b>										
Peak recovery current	$I_{RM}$	$di/dt=9122$ A/μs $di/dt=6238$ A/μs $di/dt=6469$ A/μs	±15	600	355	25		61,78		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					125		62,06		
						150		62,93		
						25		22,52		
Recovered charge	$Q_r$					125		22,77		
						150		23,05		
		25		0,835						
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$	125		0,851						
		150		0,855						
		25		0,26						
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_r/dt)_{max}$	125		0,263						
		150		0,266						
		25		6756,77						
		125		7049,49						
		150		6408,11						



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### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$V_F$ [V]	$I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	

#### Buck Sw. Protection Diode

##### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				100	25 125 150	2,1	2,64 2,44 2,36	2,8 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 950$ V				25			4	μA

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 5,2$ W/mK (PTM)						0,59		K/W
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## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

### Boost Switch

#### Static

Parameter	Symbol	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$		10	0,06	25	5,4	6	6,6	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	15		600	25 125 150		1,69 1,88 1,93	1,85 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$	0	1200		25			300	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$	20	0		25			1500	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$						0,667		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$						111000		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oes}$	0	10		25		3300		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$						1260		pF
Gate charge	$Q_g$	$V_{CC} = 600$ V	15		600	25		3600	nC

#### Thermal

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 5,2$ W/mK (PTM)	K/W

#### Dynamic

Parameter	Symbol	$R_{gon}$	$R_{goff}$	$I_D$ [A]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$V_{GS}$ [V]	25	125	150	Unit			
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$2 \Omega$	$2 \Omega$	$\pm 15$	600	600	579,15	583,32	587	ns			
Rise time	$t_r$						159,66	178,99	185,61	ns			
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$						356,71	389,7	401,8	ns			
Fall time	$t_f$						76,99	97,68	103,24	ns			
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$						$Q_{tFWD} = 5 \mu C$	$Q_{tFWD} = 14,99 \mu C$	$Q_{tFWD} = 18,2 \mu C$	69,98	89,22	95,96	mWs
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$									39,36	49,08	51,32	mWs





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### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
<b>Boost Diode</b>										
<b>Static</b>										
Forward voltage	$V_F$				300	25 125 150	2,1	2,59 2,43 2,37	2,8 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 950$ V				25			12	μA
<b>Thermal</b>										
Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 5,2$ W/mK (PTM)						0,23		K/W
<b>Dynamic</b>										
Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$					25 125 150		65,6 113,82 120,13		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					25 125 150		169,26 278,24 317,94		ns
Recovered charge	$Q_r$	$di/dt=2823$ A/μs $di/dt=2590$ A/μs $di/dt=2276$ A/μs	±15	600	600	25 125 150		5 14,99 18,2		μC
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$					25 125 150		1,12 3,78 4,67		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_r/dt)_{max}$					25 125 150		722,67 604,7 472,81		A/μs



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### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions						Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max			

#### Boost Sw. Inv. Diode

##### Static

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Forward voltage	$V_F$				225	25 125 150	1,45	1,9 1,83 1,8	1,95 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_i = 1200$ V				25			2,28	μA

##### Thermal

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 5,2$ W/mK (PTM)						0,24		K/W

#### Boost Sw. Protection Diode

##### Static

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Forward voltage	$V_F$				35	25 125 150		2,53 2,67 2,58	2,62 <sup>(1)</sup> 2,62 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_i = 1200$ V				25 150			60 5500	μA

##### Thermal

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 5,2$ W/mK (PTM)						0,84		K/W



### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

#### Boost D. Protection Diode

##### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				100	25 125 150	2,1	2,64 2,44 2,36	2,8 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_T = 950$ V				25			4	μA

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 5,2$ W/mK (PTM)						0,59		K/W
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#### Thermistor

##### Static

Rated resistance	$R$					25		22		kΩ
Deviation of $R_{100}$	$A_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 1484$ Ω				100	-5		5	%
Power dissipation	$P$					25		130		mW
Power dissipation constant	$d$					25		1,5		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. ±1 %						3962		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. ±1 %						4000		K
Vincotech Thermistor Reference									I	

<sup>(1)</sup> Value at chip level

<sup>(2)</sup> Only valid with pre-applied Vincotech thermal interface material.

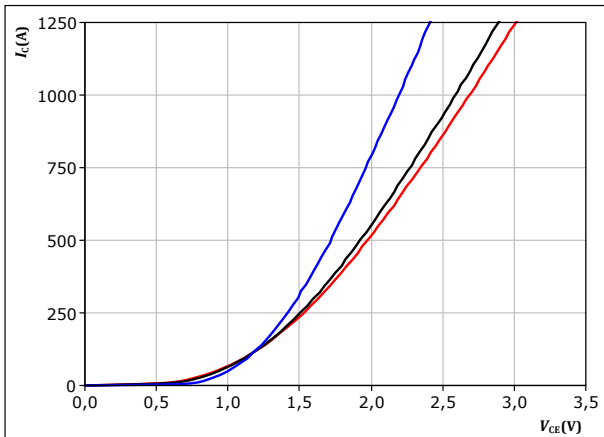


## Buck Switch Characteristics

**figure 1.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



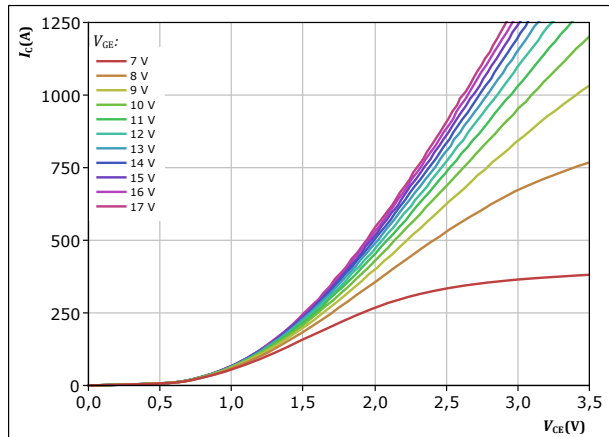
$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$

$T_j$ : 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)

**figure 2.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

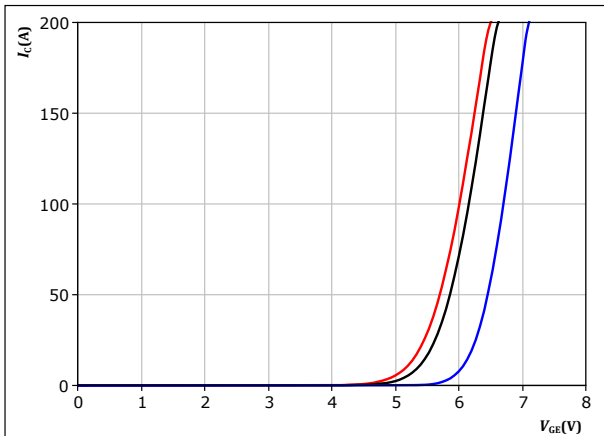


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

**figure 3.** IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$



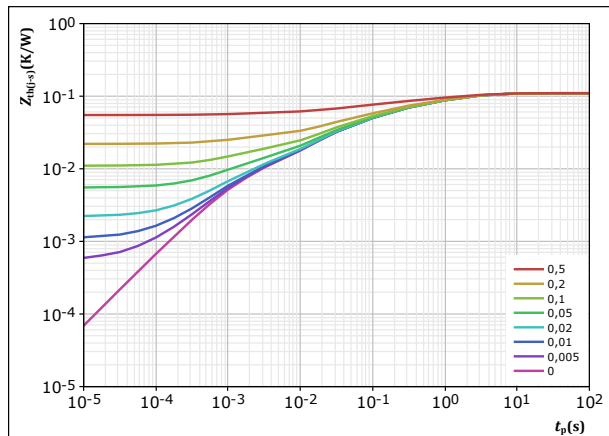
$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{CE} = 24 V$

$T_j$ : 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)

**figure 4.** IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,11 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
1,72E-02	3,12E+00
2,61E-02	9,92E-01
3,34E-02	1,78E-01
2,60E-02	2,52E-02
7,27E-03	1,28E-03



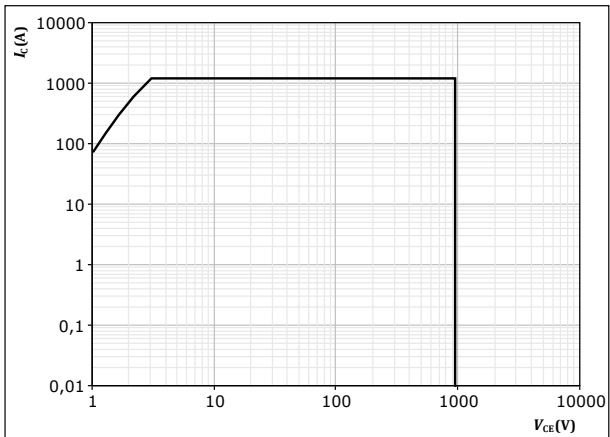
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## Buck Switch Characteristics

**figure 5.** IGBT

Safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



$D =$  single pulse  
 $T_s = 80$  °C  
 $V_{GE} = 15$  V  
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$

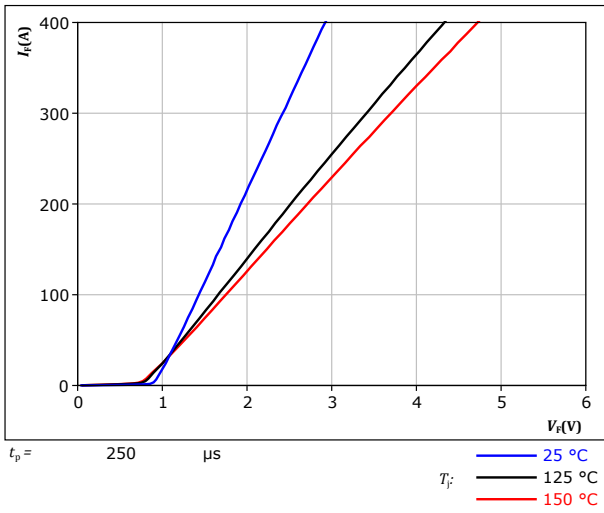


## Buck Diode Characteristics

**figure 6.** FWD

Typical forward characteristics

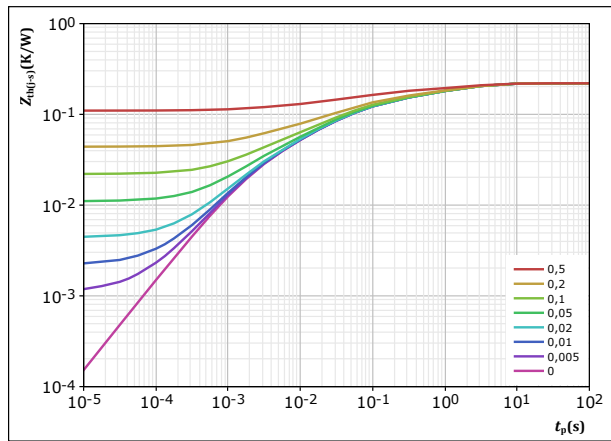
$$I_F = f(V_F)$$



**figure 7.** FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D =$	$t_p / T$	
$R_{th(j-s)} =$	0,22	K/W
FWD thermal model values		
$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)	
3,69E-02	3,31E+00	
5,12E-02	6,84E-01	
7,45E-02	6,90E-02	
3,95E-02	1,11E-02	
1,79E-02	1,70E-03	

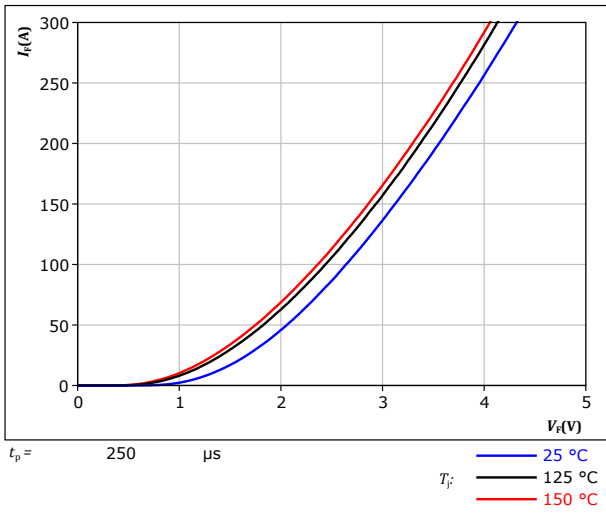


## Buck Sw. Protection Diode Characteristics

**figure 8.** FWD

Typical forward characteristics

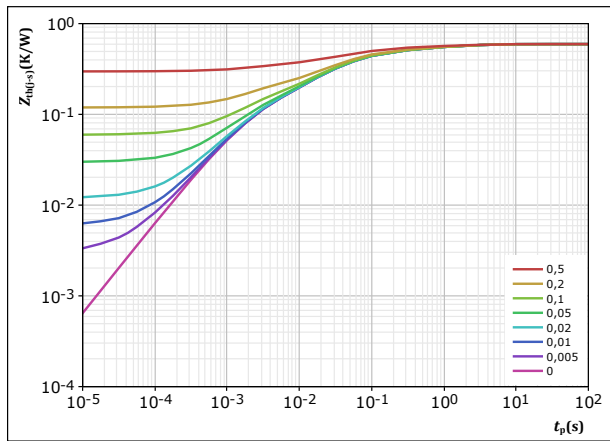
$$I_F = f(V_F)$$



**figure 9.** FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D =$	$t_p / T$	
$R_{th(j-s)} =$	0,594	K/W
FWD thermal model values		
$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)	
5,02E-02	2,46E+00	
7,95E-02	4,43E-01	
2,28E-01	5,90E-02	
1,50E-01	1,50E-02	
8,75E-02	1,73E-03	

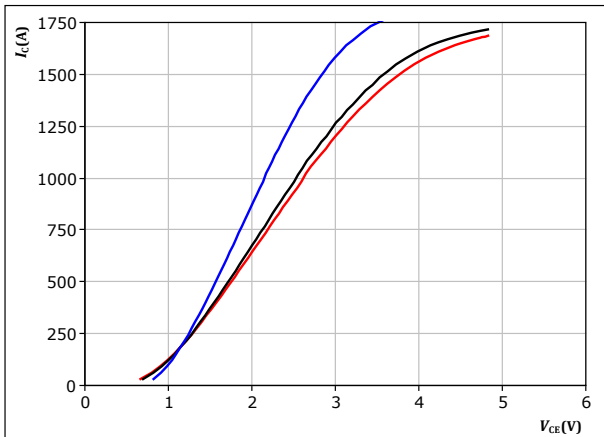


## Boost Switch Characteristics

**figure 10.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

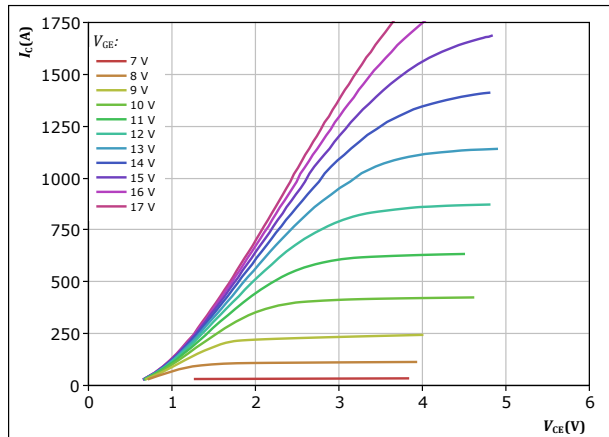


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$   
 $T_j:$  — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 11.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

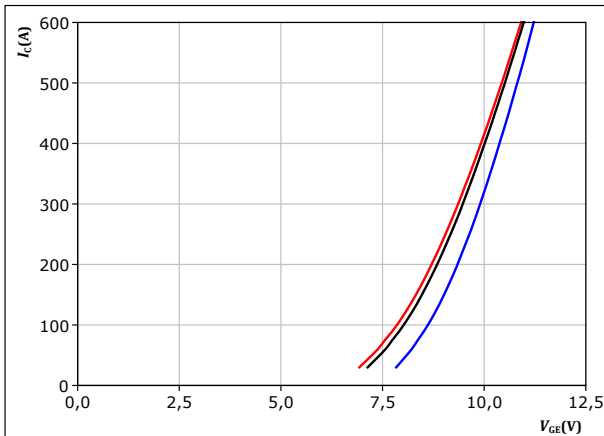


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

**figure 12.** IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

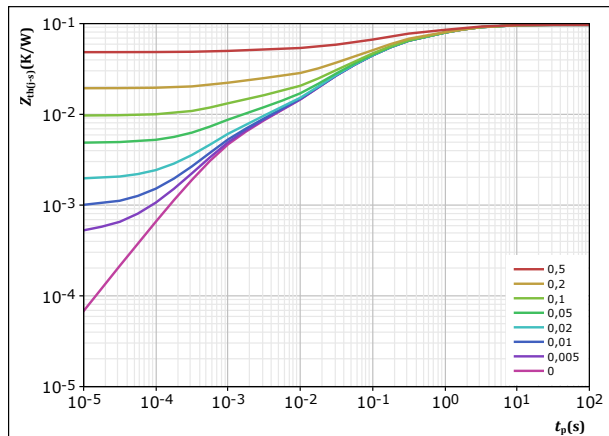


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$   
 $T_j:$  — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 13.** IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,097 \text{ K/W}$   
 IGBT thermal model values

$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
1,01E-02	3,90E+00
2,69E-02	9,57E-01
3,87E-02	1,31E-01
1,54E-02	2,17E-02
5,74E-03	9,87E-04





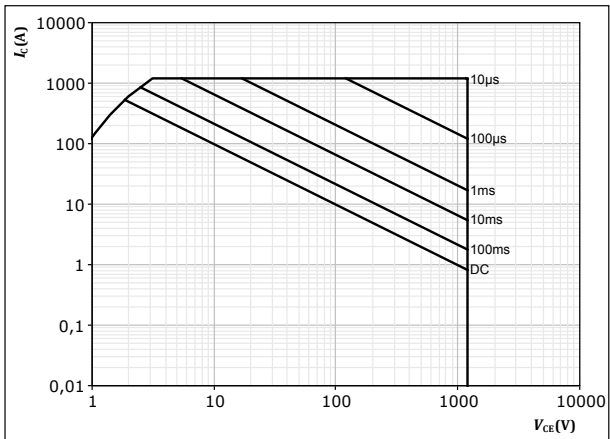
Vincotech

## Boost Switch Characteristics

figure 14. IGBT

Safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



$D =$  single pulse

$T_s = 80$  °C

$V_{CE} = 15$  V

$T_j = T_{jmax}$

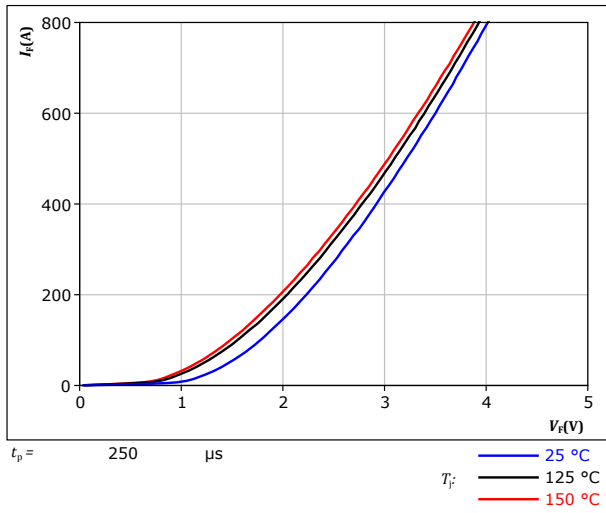


## Boost Diode Characteristics

**figure 15.** FWD

Typical forward characteristics

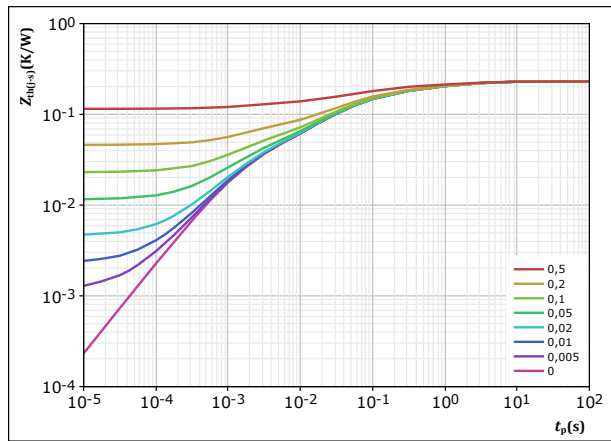
$$I_F = f(V_F)$$



**figure 16.** FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = \frac{t_p}{T}$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,23 \text{ K/W}$   
 FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
2,56E-02	2,90E+00
4,35E-02	5,53E-01
9,09E-02	6,81E-02
4,34E-02	1,43E-02
2,66E-02	1,41E-03

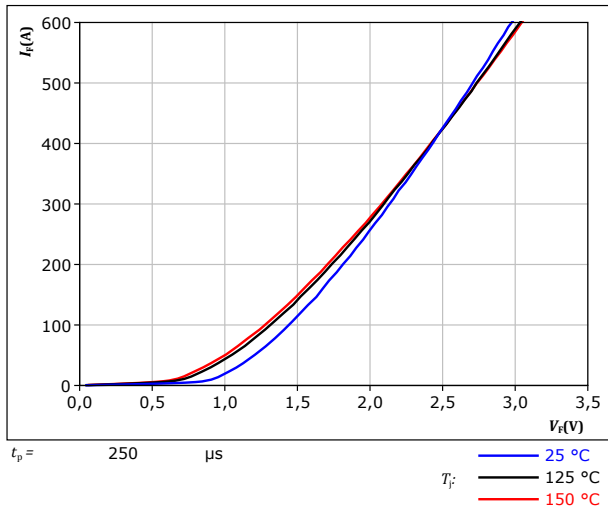


## Boost Sw. Inv. Diode Characteristics

**figure 17.** FWD

Typical forward characteristics

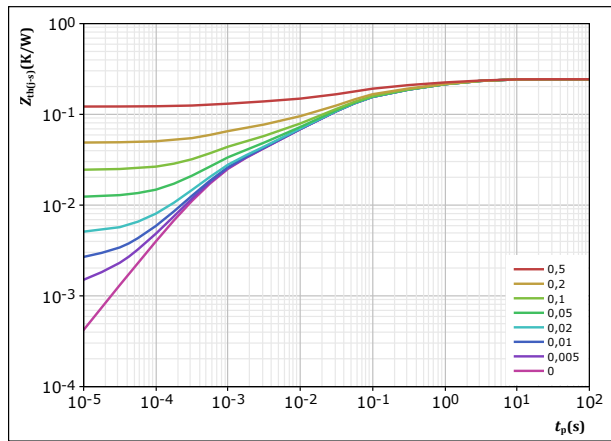
$$I_F = f(V_F)$$



**figure 18.** FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,244 \text{ K/W}$   
 FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
3,51E-02	2,48E+00
5,14E-02	4,38E-01
9,82E-02	5,01E-02
3,42E-02	7,68E-03
2,47E-02	6,90E-04

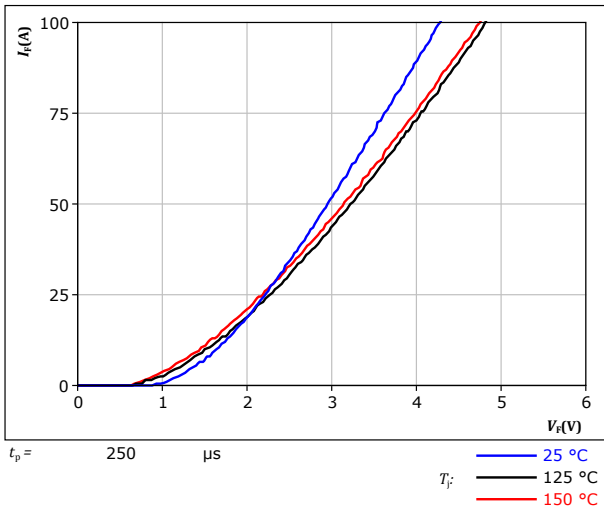


## Boost Sw. Protection Diode Characteristics

**figure 19.** FWD

Typical forward characteristics

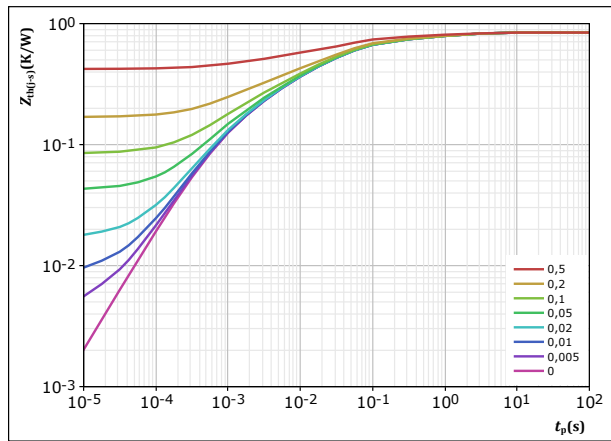
$$I_F = f(V_F)$$



**figure 20.** FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D =$	$t_p / T$	
$R_{th(j-s)} =$	0,843	K/W
FWD thermal model values		
$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)	
9,03E-02	1,79E+00	
1,29E-01	1,94E-01	
3,56E-01	2,98E-02	
1,83E-01	3,56E-03	
8,48E-02	6,09E-04	

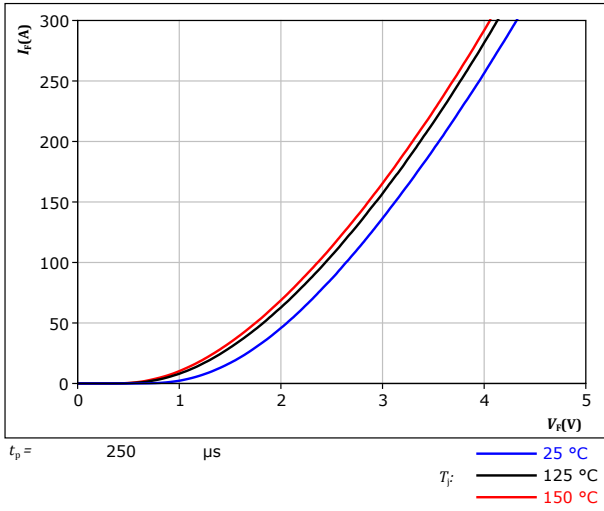


## Boost D. Protection Diode Characteristics

**figure 21.** FWD

Typical forward characteristics

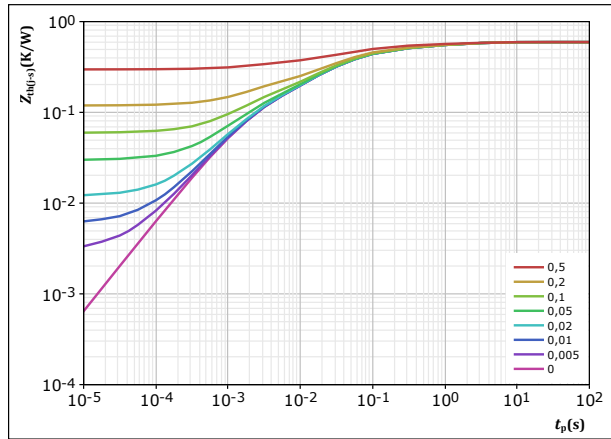
$$I_F = f(V_F)$$



**figure 22.** FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = \frac{t_p}{T}$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,594 \text{ K/W}$   
 FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
5,02E-02	2,46E+00
7,95E-02	4,43E-01
2,28E-01	5,90E-02
1,50E-01	1,50E-02
8,75E-02	1,73E-03

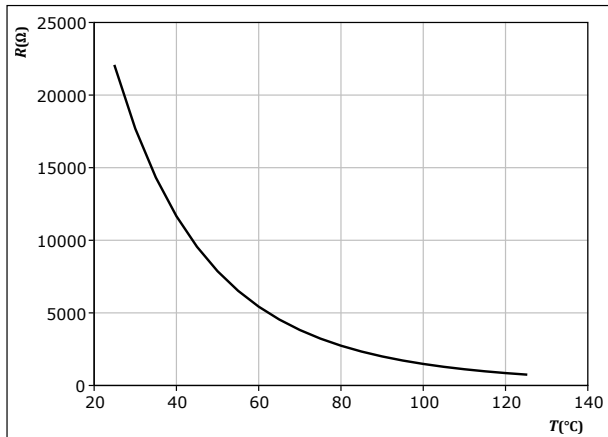


## Thermistor Characteristics

**figure 23.** Thermistor

Typical NTC characteristic as function of temperature

$$R_T = f(T)$$

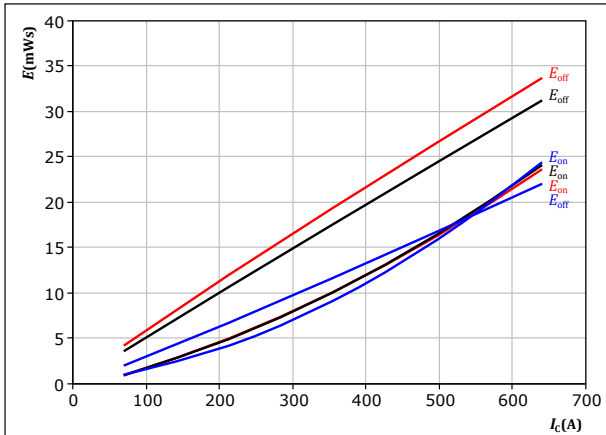




## Buck Switching Characteristics

**figure 25.** IGBT

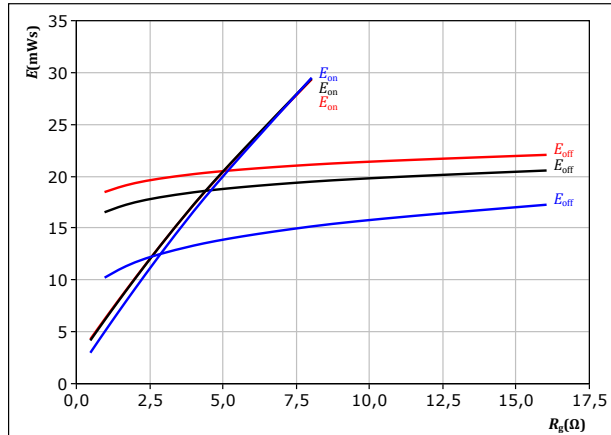
Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current  
 $E = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $T_j$ : 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)

**figure 26.** IGBT

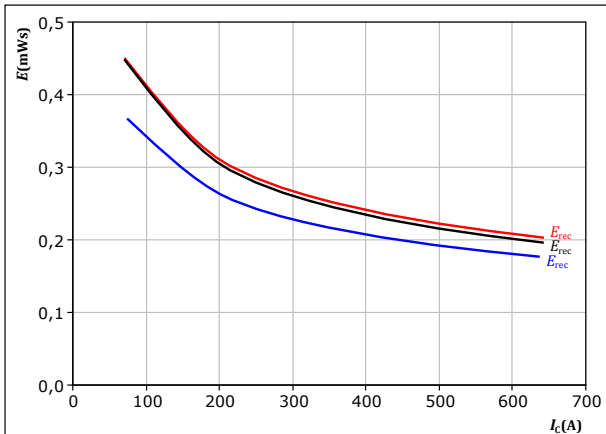
Typical switching energy losses as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $E = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 355 \text{ A}$   
 $T_j$ : 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)

**figure 27.** FWD

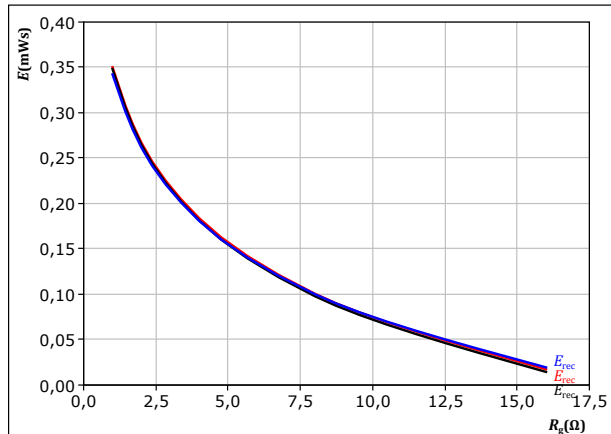
Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current  
 $E_{rec} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $T_j$ : 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)

**figure 28.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $E_{rec} = f(R_g)$



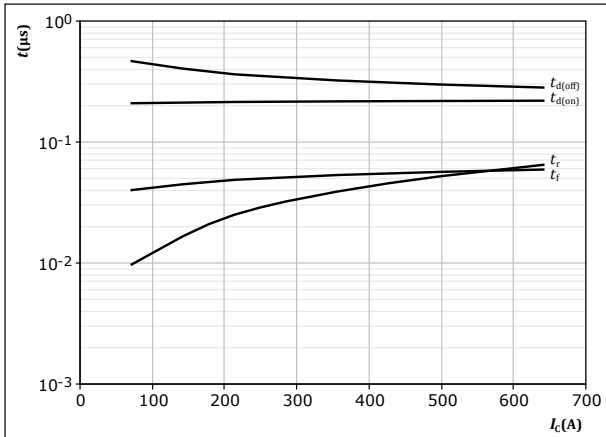
With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 355 \text{ A}$   
 $T_j$ : 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)



## Buck Switching Characteristics

**figure 29.** IGBT

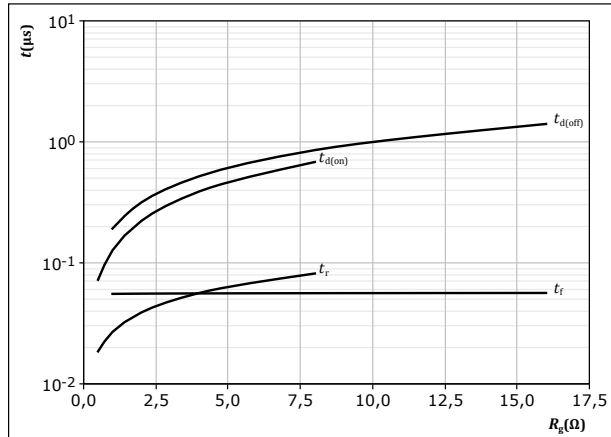
Typical switching times as a function of collector current  
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 30.** IGBT

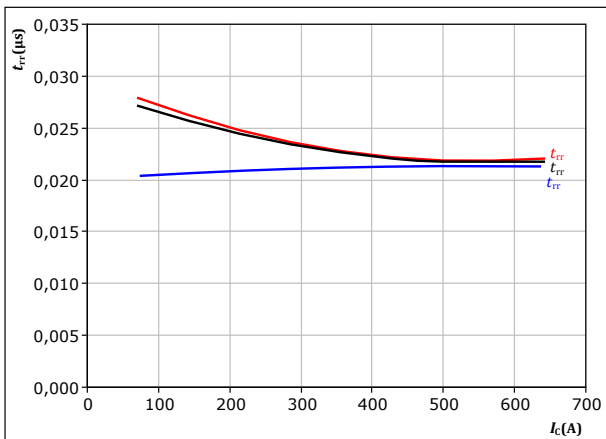
Typical switching times as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 355 \text{ A}$

**figure 31.** FWD

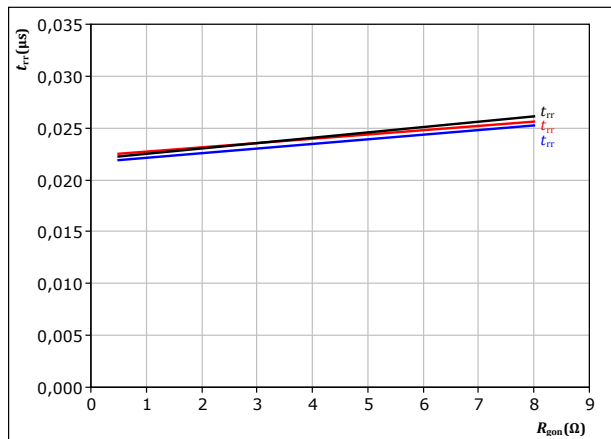
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current  
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $T_j:$  — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 32.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 355 \text{ A}$   
 $T_j:$  — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C



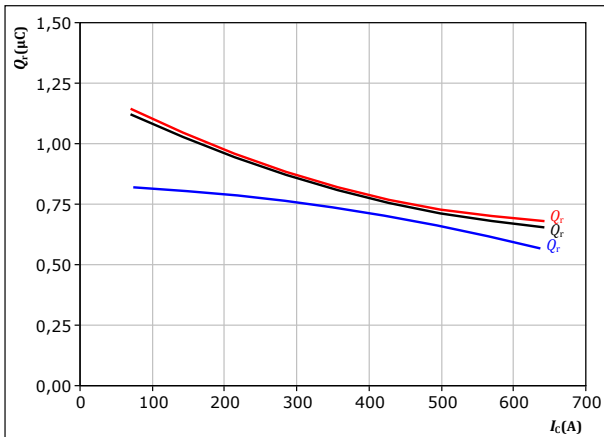


## Buck Switching Characteristics

**figure 33.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

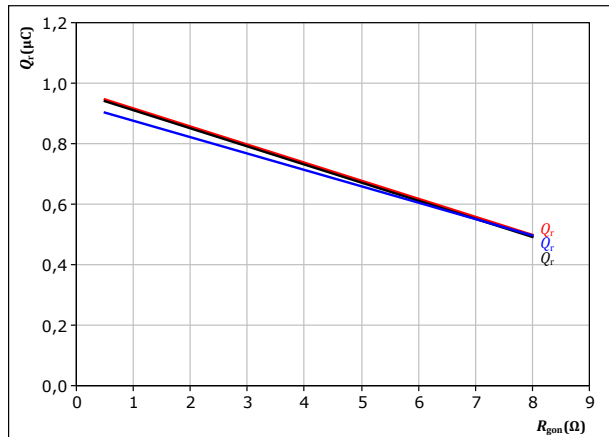
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$

$T_j$ : 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)

**figure 34.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

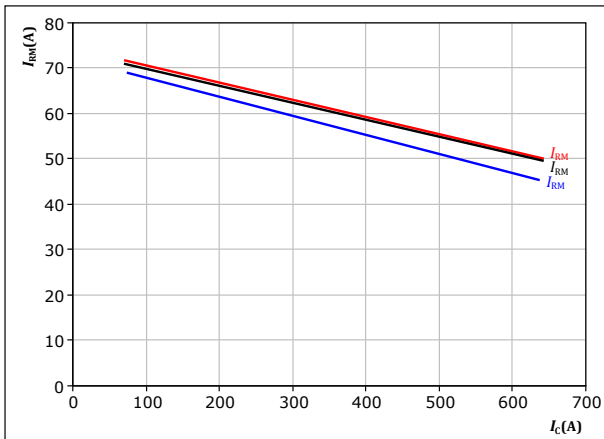
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 355 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ : 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)

**figure 35.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

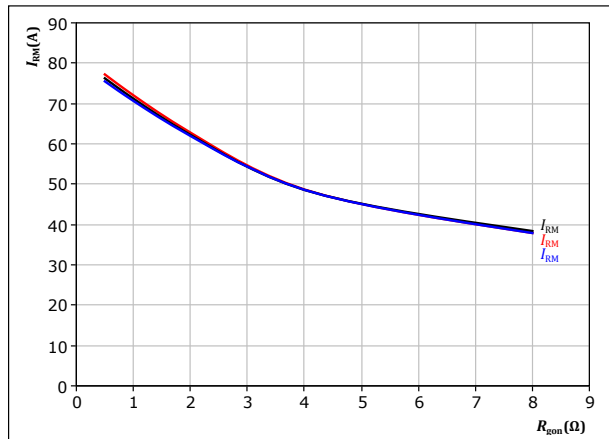
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$

$T_j$ : 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)

**figure 36.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 355 \text{ A}$

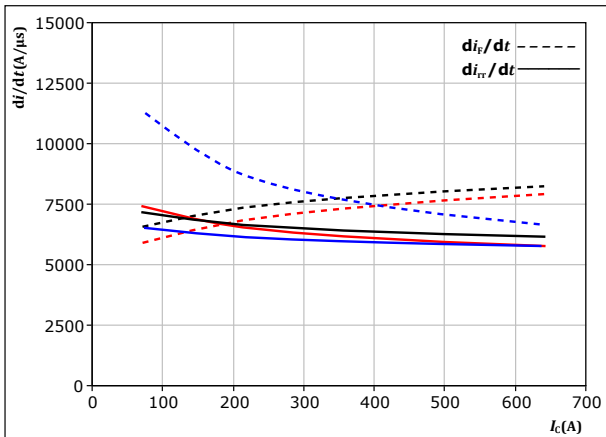
$T_j$ : 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)



## Buck Switching Characteristics

**figure 37.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



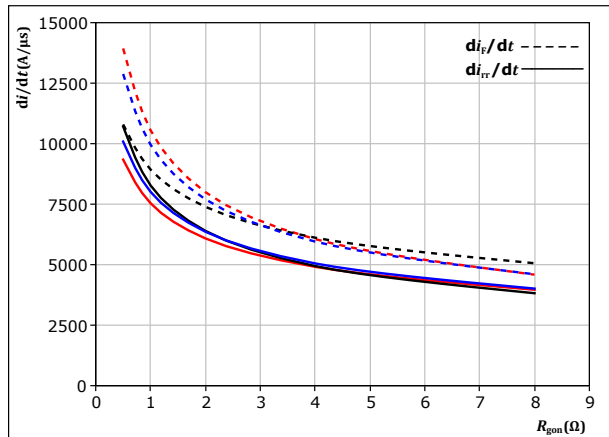
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$

$T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

**figure 38.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at

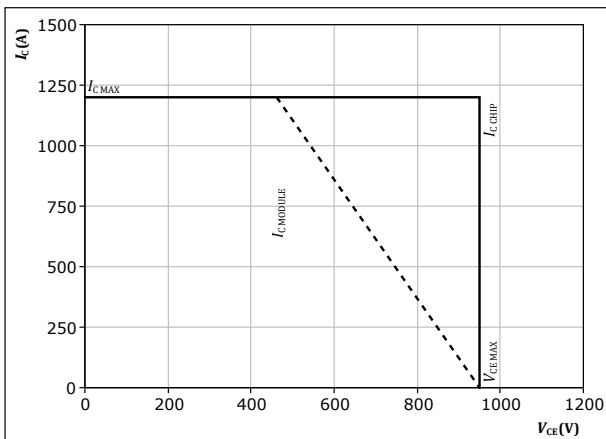
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 355 \text{ A}$

$T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

**figure 39.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At  $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 4 \ \Omega$

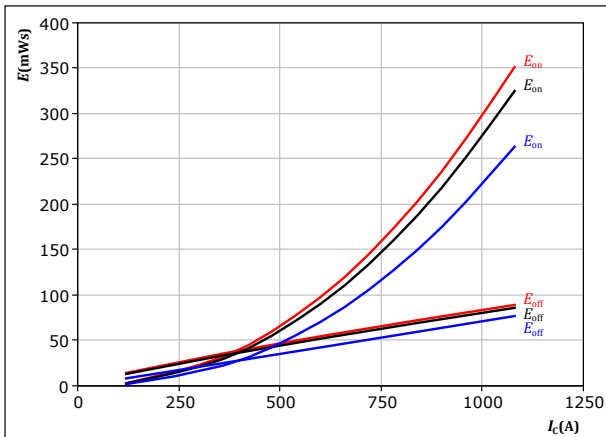


## Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 39.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

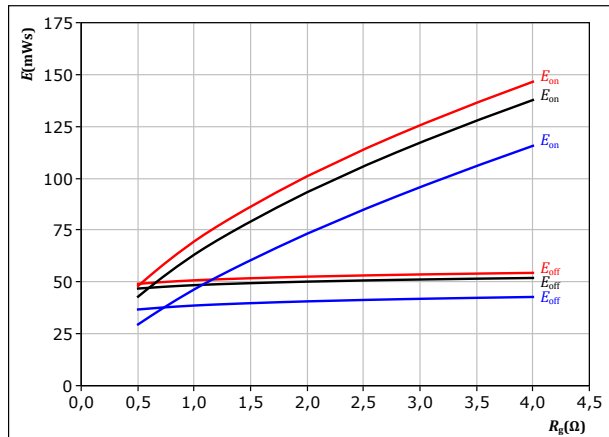
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{g(on)} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{g(off)} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 40.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

$$E = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

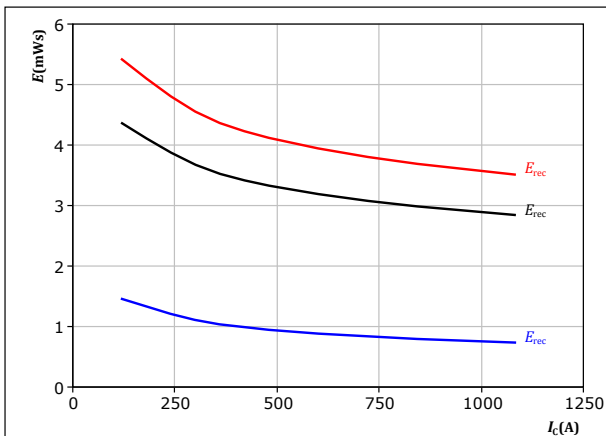
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 600 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 41.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

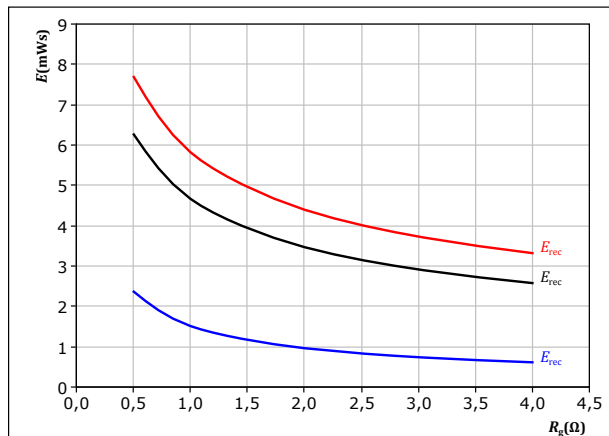
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{g(on)} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 42.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 600 \text{ A}$

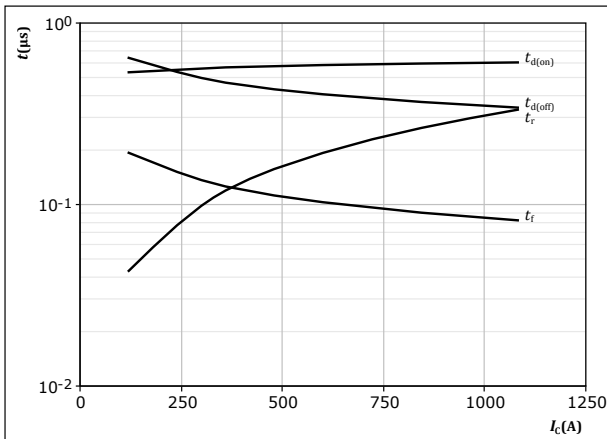
$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C



## Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 43.** IGBT

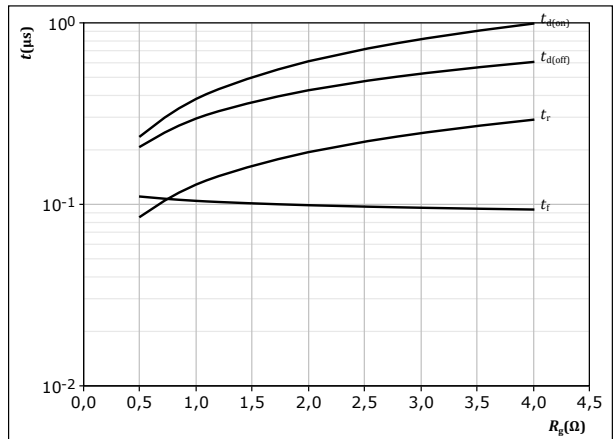
Typical switching times as a function of collector current  
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{g(on)} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{g(off)} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 44.** IGBT

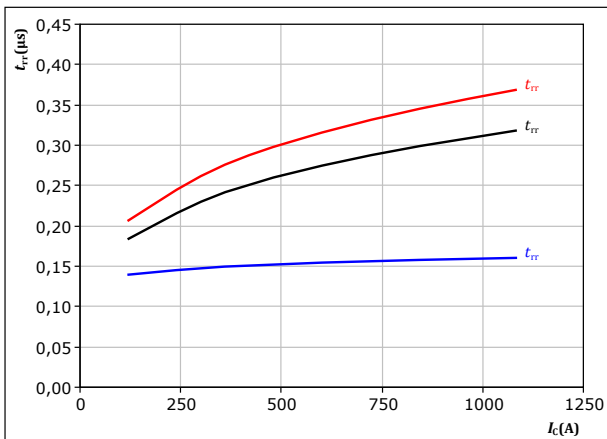
Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor  
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 600 \text{ A}$

**figure 45.** FWD

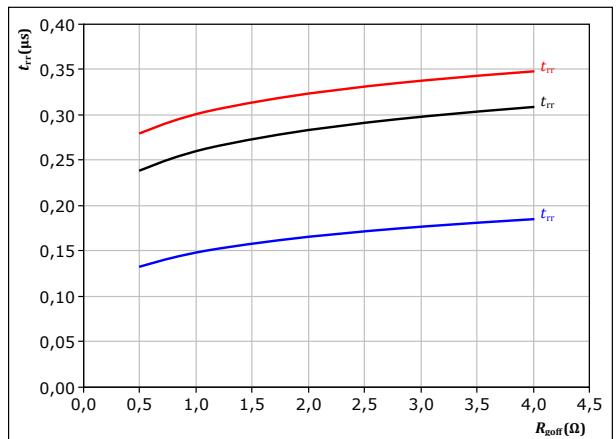
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current  
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{g(on)} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $T_j:$  — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 46.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn off gate resistor  
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{g(off)})$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 600 \text{ A}$   
 $T_j:$  — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

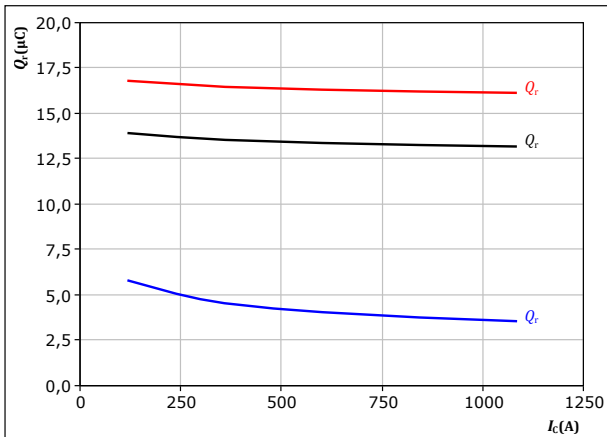


## Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 47.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

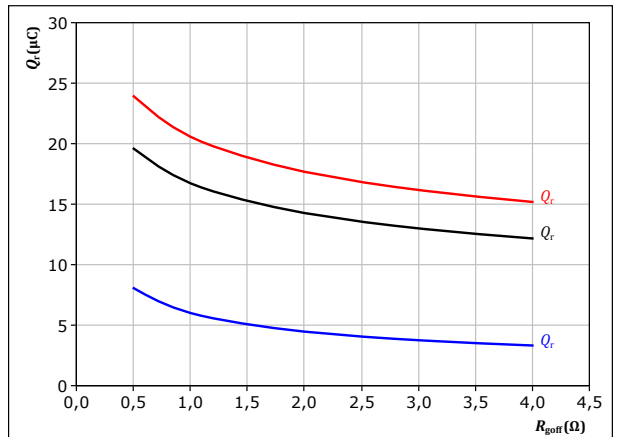
$V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{goff} = 2$   $\Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 48.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of turn off gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{goff})$$



With an inductive load at

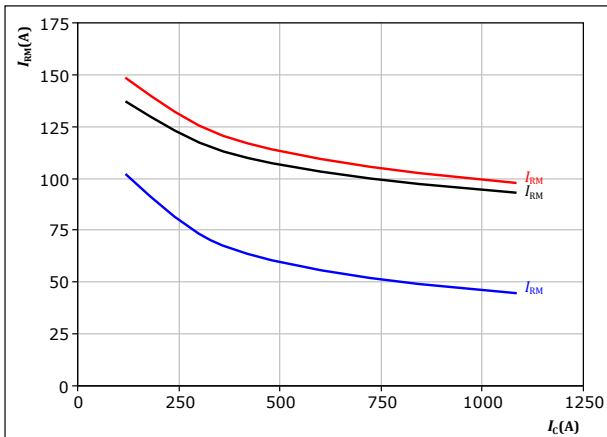
$V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 600$  A

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 49.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

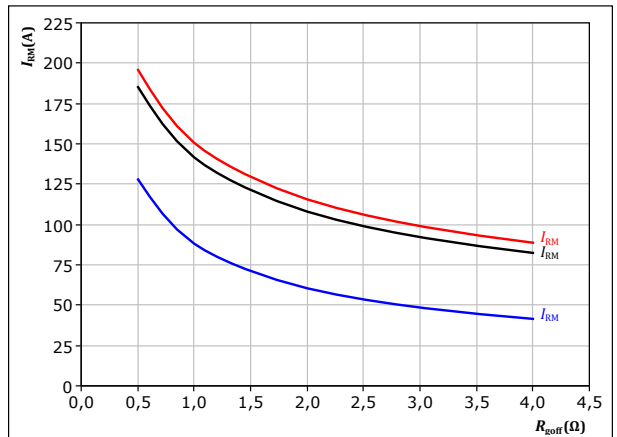
$V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{goff} = 2$   $\Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 50.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of turn off gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{goff})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 600$  A

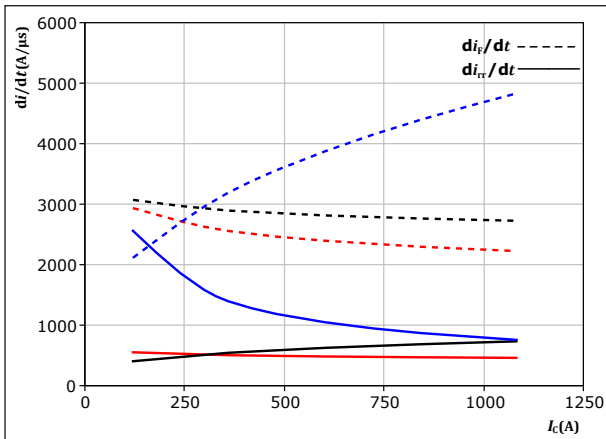
$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C



## Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 51.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(I_c)$



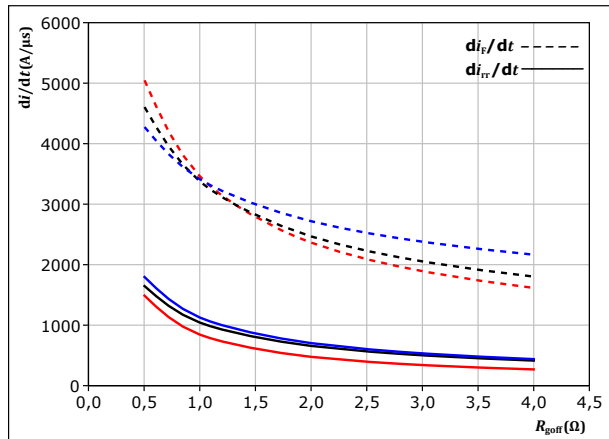
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{g\text{on}} = 2$  Ω

$T_j$ : 25 °C  
 125 °C  
 150 °C

**figure 52.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn off gate resistor  
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(R_{g\text{off}})$



With an inductive load at

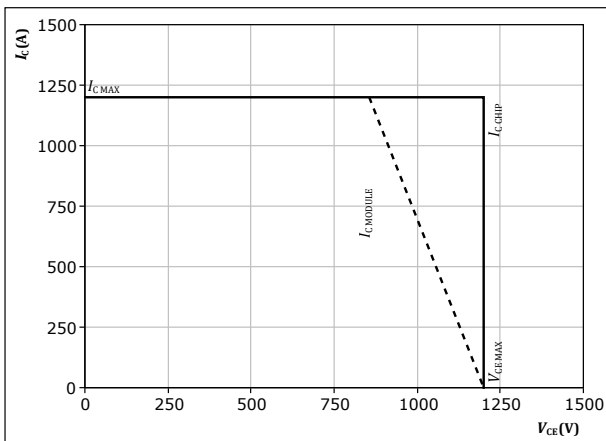
$V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 600$  A

$T_j$ : 25 °C  
 125 °C  
 150 °C

**figure 53.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_c = f(V_{CE})$



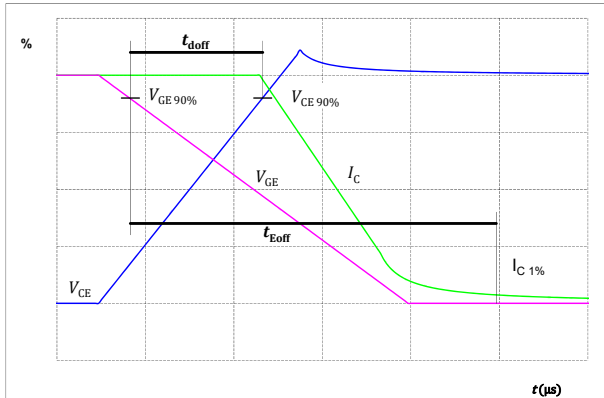
At  $T_j = 150$  °C  
 $R_{g\text{on}} = 2$  Ω  
 $R_{g\text{off}} = 2$  Ω



## Switching Definitions

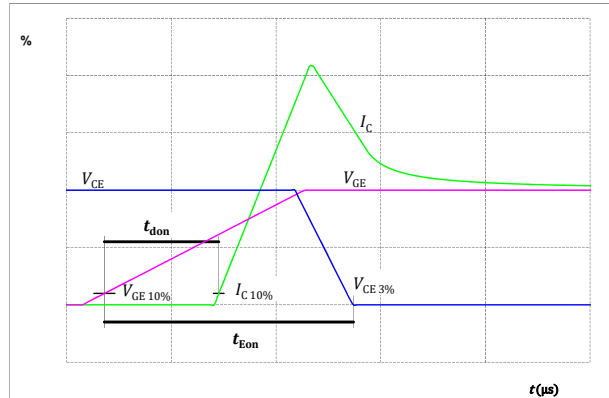
**figure 54. IGBT**

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$ ,  $t_{Eoff}$  ( $t_{Eoff}$  = integrating time for  $E_{off}$ )



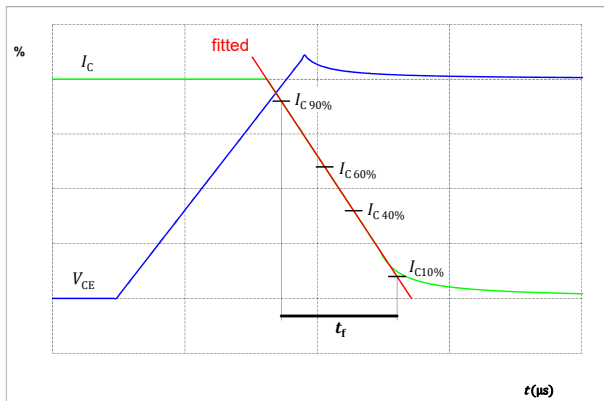
**figure 55. IGBT**

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{don}$ ,  $t_{Eon}$  ( $t_{Eon}$  = integrating time for  $E_{on}$ )



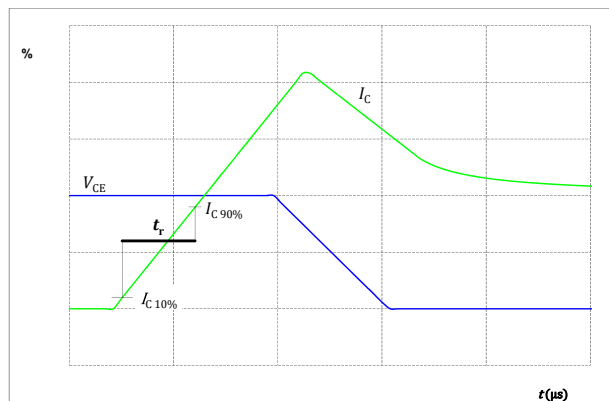
**figure 56. IGBT**

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_f$



**figure 57. IGBT**

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$





### Switching Definitions

figure 58. FWD  
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{rr}$

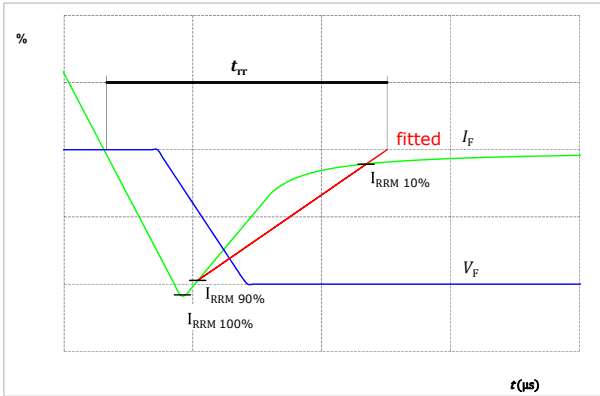
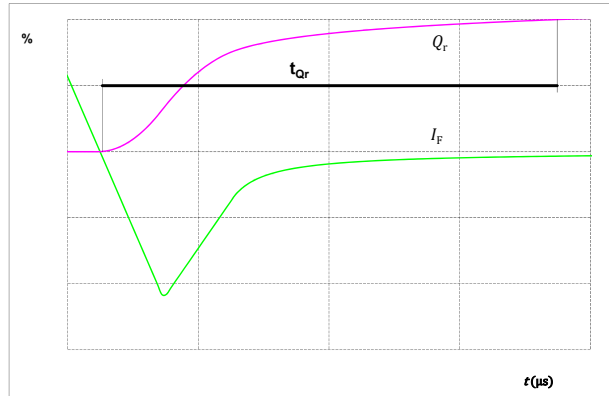


figure 59. FWD  
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Qr}$  ( $t_{Qr}$  = integrating time for  $Q_r$ )



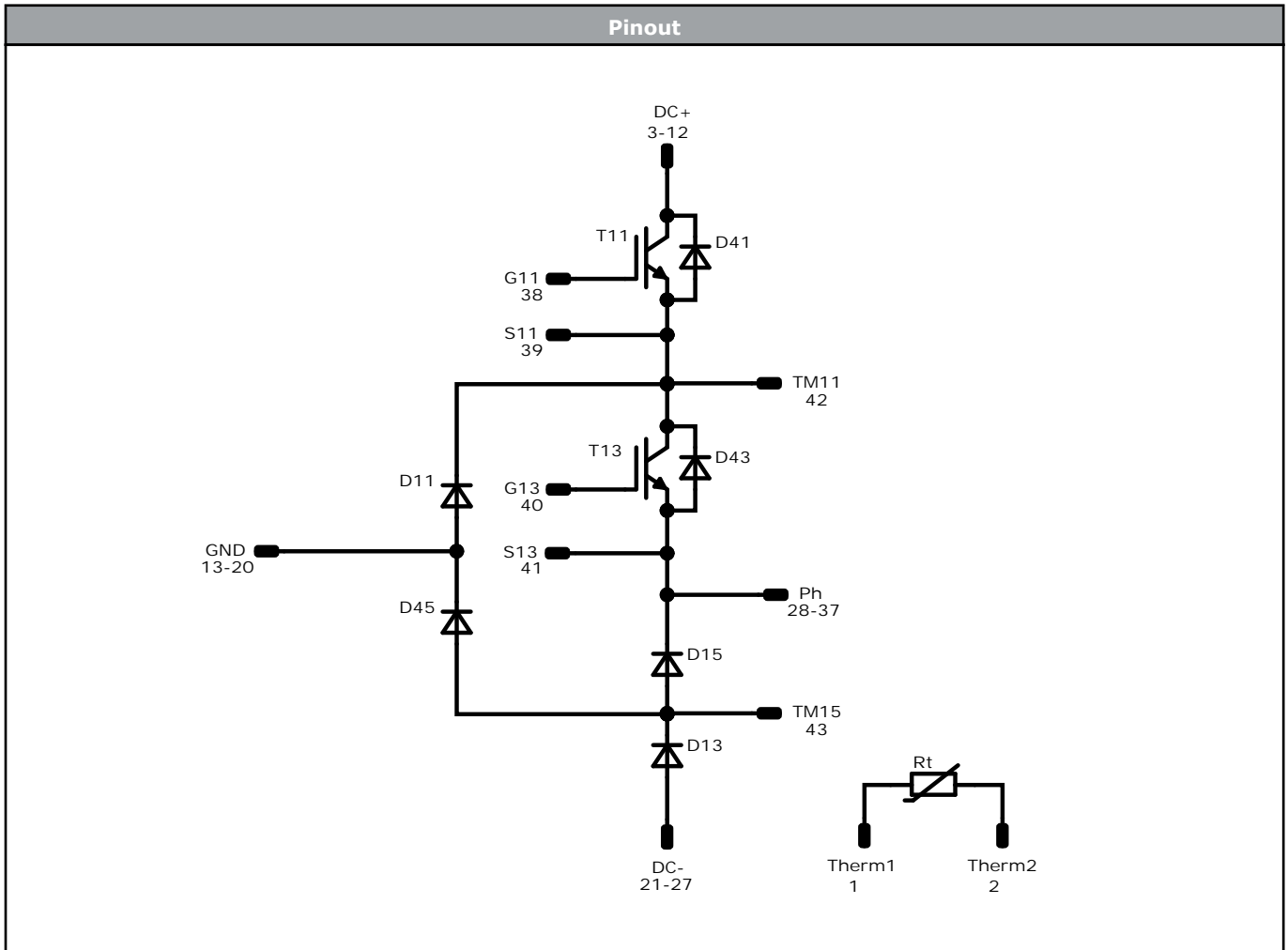






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**High Side Module B0-SL10NIB600S702-PA29F78Z**



Identification					
ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T11	IGBT	950 V	600 A	Buck Switch	
D11	FWD	1200 V	160 A	Buck Diode	
D41	FWD	950 V	100 A	Buck Sw. Protection Diode	
T13	IGBT	1200 V	600 A	Boost Switch	
D13	FWD	950 V	300 A	Boost Diode	
D15	FWD	1200 V	225 A	Boost Sw. Inv. Diode	
D43	FWD	1200 V	35 A	Boost Sw. Protection Diode	
D45	FWD	950 V	100 A	Boost D. Protection Diode	
Rt	Thermistor			Thermistor	



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Ordering Code	
<b>Version</b>	<b>Ordering Code</b>
With thermal paste (5,2 W/mK, PTM6000HV)	B0-SL10NIC600S702-PA39F78Z-/7/

Marking						
	<b>Text</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>Date code</b>	<b>UL &amp; VIN</b>	<b>Lot</b>	<b>Serial</b>
		NN-NNNNNNNNNNNNNN- TTTTTTVV	WWYY	UL VIN	LLLLL	SSSS
	<b>Datamatrix</b>	<b>Type&amp;Ver</b>	<b>Lot number</b>	<b>Serial</b>	<b>Date code</b>	
		TTTTTTVV	LLLLL	SSSS	WWYY	

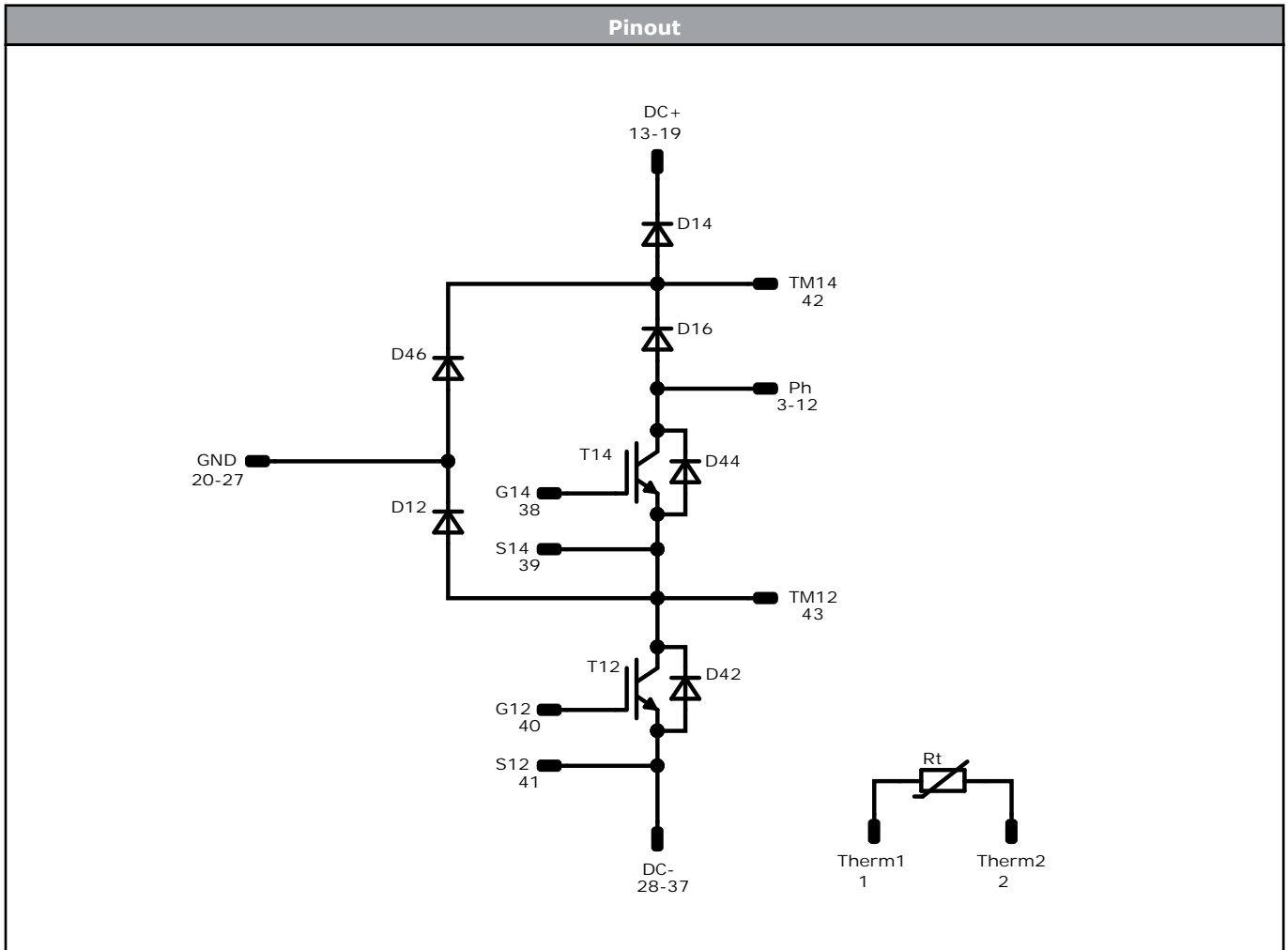
**Low Side Module B0-SL10NIC600S702-PA39F78Z**

Pin table [mm]				Outline	
Pin	X	Y	Function		
1	51,45	49,45	Therm1		
2	46	49,45	Therm2		
3	21,8	49,1	Ph		
4	19,1	49,1	Ph		
5	16,4	49,1	Ph		
6	13,7	49,1	Ph		
7	11	49,1	Ph		
8	21,8	46,4	Ph		
9	19,1	46,4	Ph		
10	16,4	46,4	Ph		
11	13,7	46,4	Ph		
12	11	46,4	Ph		
13	0	25	DC+		
14	0	22,3	DC+		
15	0	19,6	DC+		
16	0	16,9	DC+		
17	0	14,2	DC+		
18	0	11,5	DC+		
19	0	8,8	DC+		
20	0	0	GND		
21	2,6	0	GND		
22	5,2	0	GND		
23	7,8	0	GND		
24	39	0	GND		
25	41,6	0	GND		
26	44,2	0	GND		
27	46,8	0	GND		
28	51,1	6,45	DC-		
29	48,4	9,15	DC-		
30	51,1	9,15	DC-		
31	51,1	11,85	DC-		
32	51,1	14,55	DC-		
33	51,1	17,25	DC-		
34	48,4	19,95	DC-		
35	51,1	19,95	DC-		
36	51,1	22,65	DC-		
37	51,1	25,35	DC-		
38	28,6	26,95	G14		
39	32,3	26,95	S14		
40	46,05	29,35	G12		
41	49,75	29,35	S12		
42	7,35	33,6	TM14		
43	32,3	49,1	TM12		



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**Low Side Module B0-SL10NIC600S702-PA39F78Z**



Identification					
ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T12	IGBT	950 V	600 A	Buck Switch	
D12	FWD	1200 V	160 A	Buck Diode	
D42	FWD	950 V	100 A	Buck Sw. Protection Diode	
T14	IGBT	1200 V	600 A	Boost Switch	
D14	FWD	950 V	300 A	Boost Diode	
D16	FWD	1200 V	225 A	Boost Sw. Inv. Diode	
D44	FWD	1200 V	35 A	Boost Sw. Protection Diode	
D46	FWD	950 V	100 A	Boost D. Protection Diode	
Rt	Thermistor			Thermistor	




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Packaging instruction				
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 45	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ	Sample

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for <i>flow</i> S3 packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for <i>flow</i> S3 packages see vincotech.com website.

Vincotech thermistor reference
See Vincotech thermistor reference table at vincotech.com website.

UL recognition and file number
This device is certified according to UL 1557 standard, UL file number E192116. For more information see vincotech.com website. 

Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
B0-SL10Nix600S702-PAx9F78Z-D1-14	23 Jul. 2021		
B0-SL10Nix600S702-PAx9F78Z-D2-14	16 Jan. 2022	Dynamic measurements without connection of P/N	
B0-SL10Nix600S702-PAx9F78Z-D3-14	8 May. 2022	Buck dynamic with asymmetric Rg	

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.