



MiniSKiiP® PACK 3

1200 V / 50 A

Topology features

- Open Emitter configuration
- Temperature sensor
- 2xInverter

Component features

- Easy paralleling
- Low turn-off losses
- Low collector emitter saturation voltage
- Positive temperature coefficient
- Short tail current

Housing features

- Base isolation: Al₂O₃
- Easy assembly in one mounting step
- Flexible PCB design w/o pin holes
- Rugged solderless spring contacts

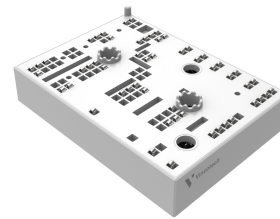
Target applications

- Industrial Drives

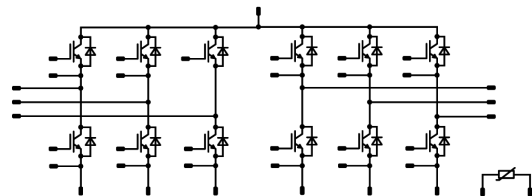
Types

- 80-M312WPA050SC-K889F41

MiniSKiiP® 3 16 mm housing



Schematic





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Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Inverter Switch				
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}		1200	V
Collector current (DC current)	I_C	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	61	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	150	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	163	W
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GES}		± 20	V
Short circuit ratings	t_{SC}	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = 800\text{ V}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	10	μs
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Inverter Diode				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	53	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	I_{FSM}	Single Half Sine Wave, $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	270	A
Surge current capability	I^2t		365	A^2s
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	123	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Inverter Switch 2				
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}		1200	V
Collector current (DC current)	I_C	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	61	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	150	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	163	W
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GES}		± 20	V
Short circuit ratings	t_{SC}	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = 800\text{ V}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	10	μs
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

**Maximum Ratings** $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Inverter Diode 2				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	53	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	I_{FSM}	Single Half Sine Wave, $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	270	A
Surge current capability	I^2t		365	A ² s
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	123	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C

Module Properties**Thermal Properties**

Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	T_{jop}		-40...+($T_{jmax} - 25$)	°C

Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	V_{isol}	DC Test Voltage* $t_p = 2\text{ s}$	5500	V
Isolation voltage	V_{isol}	AC Voltage $t_p = 1\text{ min}$	2500	V
Creepage distance		With std lid For more informations see handling instructions	6,3	mm
Clearance		With std lid For more informations see handling instructions	6,3	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI		≥ 600	

*100 % tested in production



Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

Inverter Switch

Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,0017	25	5,3	5,8	6,3	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		50	25 150	1,58	1,88 2,26	2,07 ⁽¹⁾	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	I_{CES}		0	1200		25			1	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		25			120	nA
Internal gate resistance	r_g							4		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{ies}	$f = 1 \text{ Mhz}$	0	25		25		2800		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}							100		pF
Gate charge	Q_g		±15		0	25		380		nC

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 2,5 \text{ W/mK}$ (HPTP)						0,58		K/W
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Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{gon} = 8 \Omega$ $R_{goff} = 8 \Omega$	±15	600	50	25		99,86		ns
						125		102,84		
						150		103,78		
Rise time	t_r					25		27,45		
						125		30,5		
						150		31,41		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25		215,98		
		125		285,86						
		150		305,33						
Fall time	t_f	25		97,86						
		125		165,91						
		150		190,71						
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	E_{on}	$Q_{tFWD} = 2,44 \mu\text{C}$ $Q_{tFWD} = 5,64 \mu\text{C}$ $Q_{tFWD} = 7,02 \mu\text{C}$				25		2,66		mWs
						125		3,99		
						150		4,46		
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	E_{off}					25		3,42		mWs
						125		5,59		
						150		6,27		



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80-M312WPA050SC-K889F41
datasheet

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
Inverter Diode										
Static										
Forward voltage	V_F				50	25 125 150		2,22 2,31 2,21	2,54 ⁽¹⁾ 2,5 ⁽¹⁾	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_i = 1200$ V				25 150		4400	60 8800	μA
Thermal										
Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 2,5$ W/mK (HPTP)						0,77		K/W
Dynamic										
Peak recovery current	I_{RM}					25 125 150		45,53 55,83 60,58		A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					25 125 150		172,37 345,38 396,52		ns
Recovered charge	Q_r	$di/dt=2045$ A/μs $di/dt=1845$ A/μs $di/dt=1852$ A/μs	±15	600	50	25 125 150		2,44 5,64 7,02		μC
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}					25 125 150		0,823 2,19 2,76		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_r/dt)_{max}$					25 125 150		1906,71 1269,9 1138,37		A/μs



Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

Inverter Switch 2

Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,0017	25	5,3	5,8	6,3	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		50	25 150	1,58	1,88 2,26	2,07 ⁽¹⁾	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	I_{CES}		0	1200		25			1	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		25			120	nA
Internal gate resistance	r_g							4		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{ies}	$f = 1 \text{ Mhz}$	0	25		25		2800		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}							100		pF
Gate charge	Q_g		±15		0	25		380		nC

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 2,5 \text{ W/mK}$ (HPTP)						0,58		K/W
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Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{gon} = 8 \Omega$ $R_{goff} = 8 \Omega$	±15	600	50	25		99,86		ns
Rise time	t_r					125		102,84		ns
						150		103,78		
						25		27,45		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					125		30,5		ns
						150		31,41		
						25		215,98		
Fall time	t_f	125		285,86		ns				
		150		305,33						
		25		97,86						
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	E_{on}	$Q_{tFWD} = 2,44 \mu\text{C}$ $Q_{tFWD} = 5,64 \mu\text{C}$ $Q_{tFWD} = 7,02 \mu\text{C}$				25		2,66		mWs
						125		3,99		
						150		4,46		
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	E_{off}					25		3,42		mWs
						125		5,59		
						150		6,27		



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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
Inverter Diode 2										
Static										
Forward voltage	V_F			50	25 125 150		2,22 2,31 2,21	2,54 ⁽¹⁾ 2,5 ⁽¹⁾		V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_r = 1200$ V			25 150		4400	60 8800		μA
Thermal										
Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 2,5$ W/mK (HPTP)					0,77			K/W
Dynamic										
Peak recovery current	I_{RM}				25 125 150		45,53 55,83 60,58			A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}				25 125 150		172,37 345,38 396,52			ns
Recovered charge	Q_r	$di/dt=2045$ A/μs $di/dt=1845$ A/μs $di/dt=1852$ A/μs	±15	600	50		2,44 5,64 7,02			μC
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}				25 125 150		0,823 2,19 2,76			mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_r/dt)_{max}$				25 125 150		1906,71 1269,9 1138,37			A/μs



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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	V_{CE} [V]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

Thermistor

Static

Rated resistance	R					25		1		kΩ
Deviation of R100	$A_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 1670 \Omega$				100	-2		2	%
Maximum Current	I_{max}							3		mA
Power dissipation constant	d					25		0,76		mW/K
A-value	A							$7,635 \times 10^{-3}$		1/K
B-value	B							$1,73 \times 10^{-5}$		1/K ²
Vincotech Thermistor Reference									E	

⁽¹⁾ Value at chip level

⁽²⁾ Only valid with pre-applied Vincotech thermal interface material.

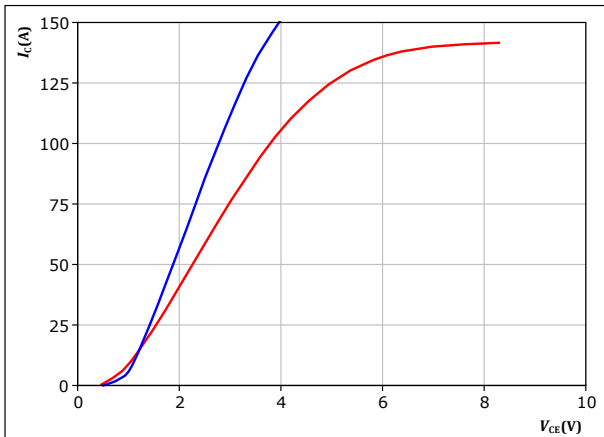


Inverter Switch Characteristics

figure 1. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

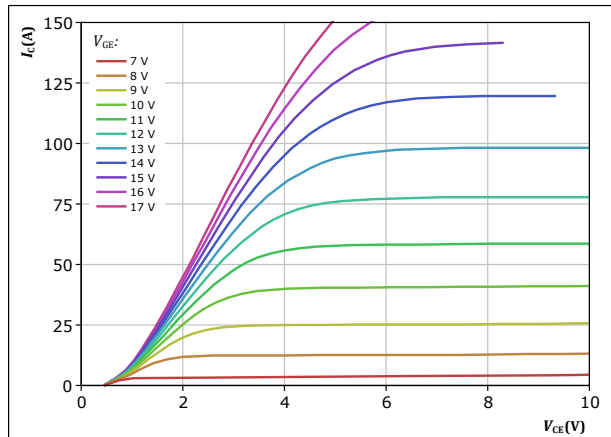


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$
 $T_j: 25^\circ C$ (blue), $150^\circ C$ (red)

figure 2. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

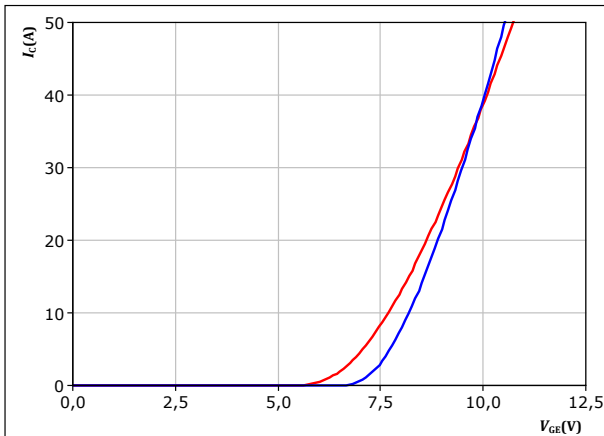


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 150^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 3. IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

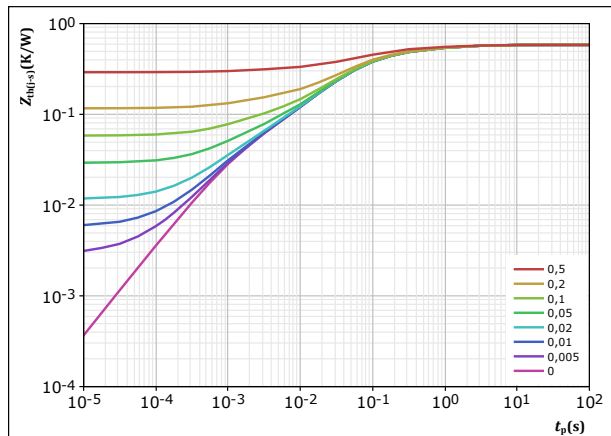


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$
 $T_j: 25^\circ C$ (blue), $150^\circ C$ (red)

figure 4. IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,582 K/W$
IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
4,21E-02	2,45E+00
1,10E-01	4,64E-01
3,06E-01	6,90E-02
9,13E-02	1,52E-02
3,27E-02	1,26E-03

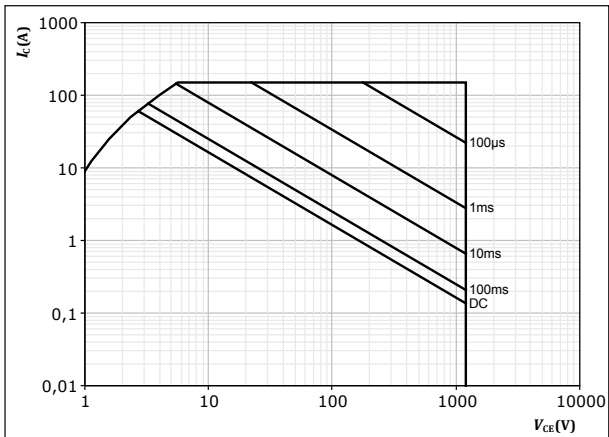


Inverter Switch Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT

Safe operating area

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



$D =$ single pulse
 $T_s = 80$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 15$ V
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$



Inverter Diode Characteristics

figure 6. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

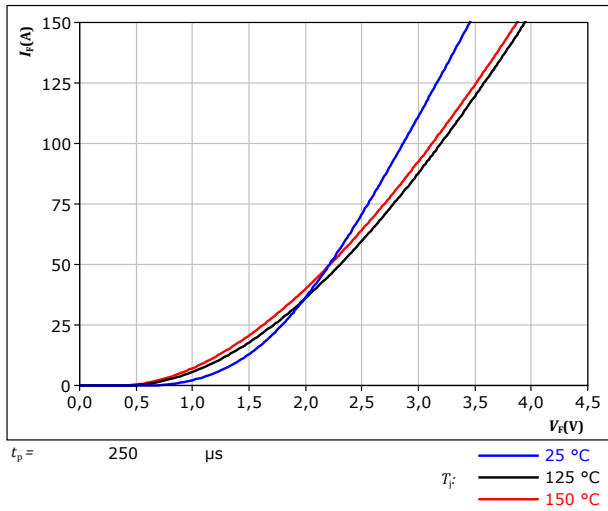
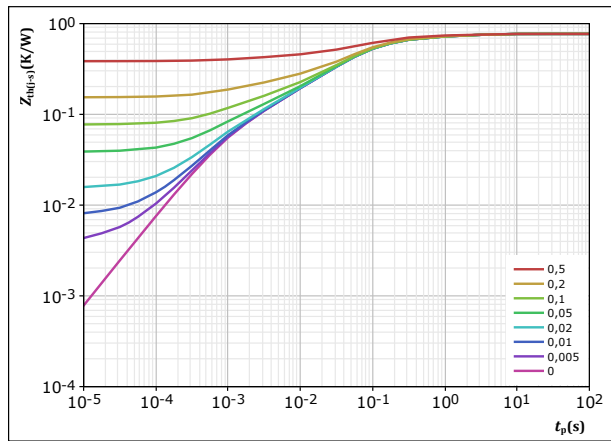


figure 7. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D =$	t_p / T	
$R_{th(j-s)} =$	0,77	K/W
FWD thermal model values		
R (K/W)	τ (s)	
6,81E-02	2,32E+00	
1,41E-01	2,74E-01	
4,03E-01	6,14E-02	
1,01E-01	8,37E-03	
5,84E-02	9,85E-04	



Inverter Switch 2 Characteristics

figure 8. IGBT

Typical output characteristics
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$

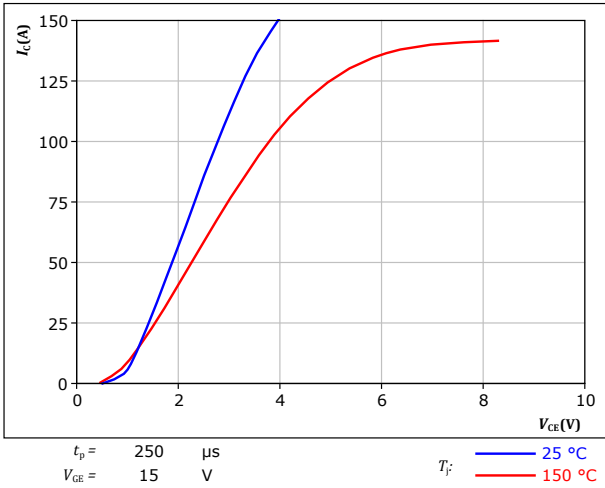


figure 9. IGBT

Typical output characteristics
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$

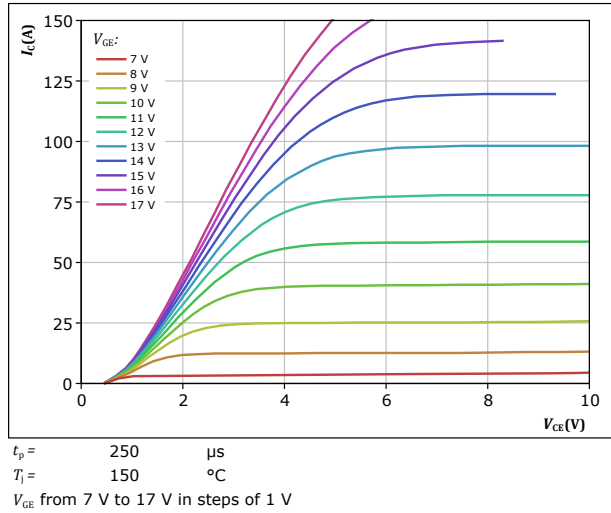


figure 10. IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics
 $I_C = f(V_{GE})$

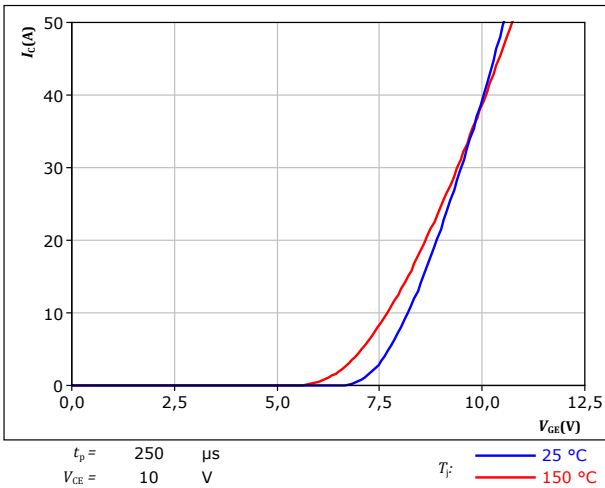
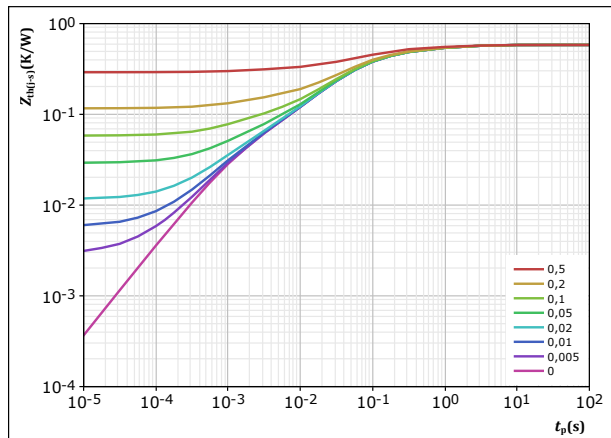


figure 11. IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width
 $Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,582 \text{ K/W}$
 IGBT thermal model values

$R \text{ (K/W)}$	$\tau \text{ (s)}$
4,21E-02	2,45E+00
1,10E-01	4,64E-01
3,06E-01	6,90E-02
9,13E-02	1,52E-02
3,27E-02	1,26E-03

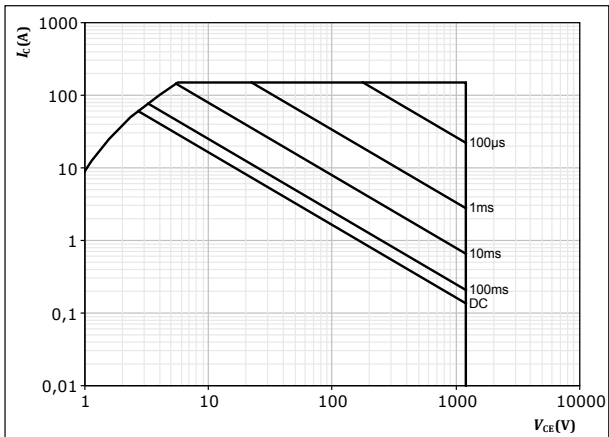


Inverter Switch 2 Characteristics

figure 12. IGBT

Safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



$D =$ single pulse
 $T_s = 80 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 15 \text{ V}$
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$



Inverter Diode 2 Characteristics

figure 13. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

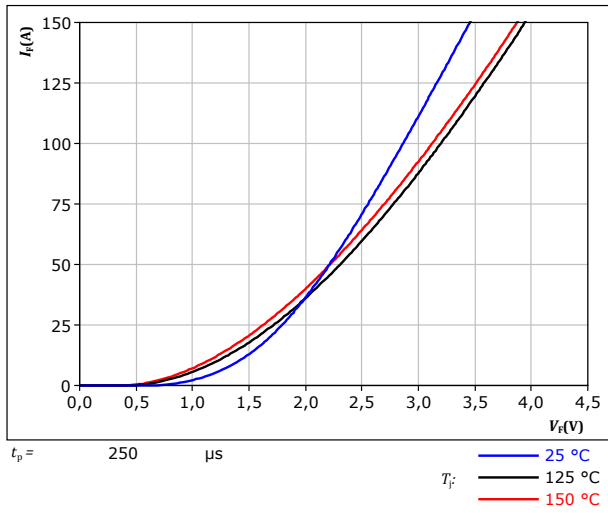
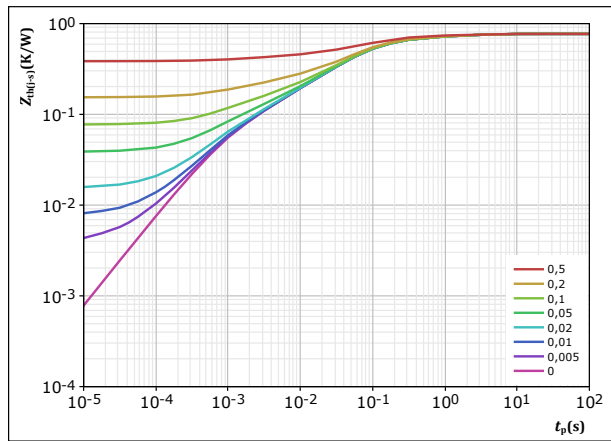


figure 14. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,77$ K/W
 FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
6,81E-02	2,32E+00
1,41E-01	2,74E-01
4,03E-01	6,14E-02
1,01E-01	8,37E-03
5,84E-02	9,85E-04

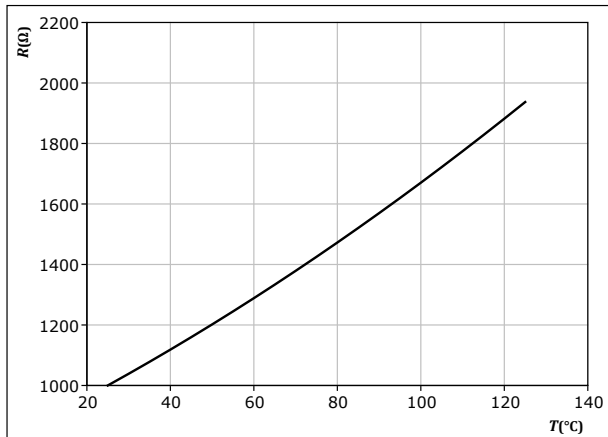


Thermistor Characteristics

figure 15. Thermistor

Typical PTC characteristic as function of temperature

$$R_T = f(T)$$

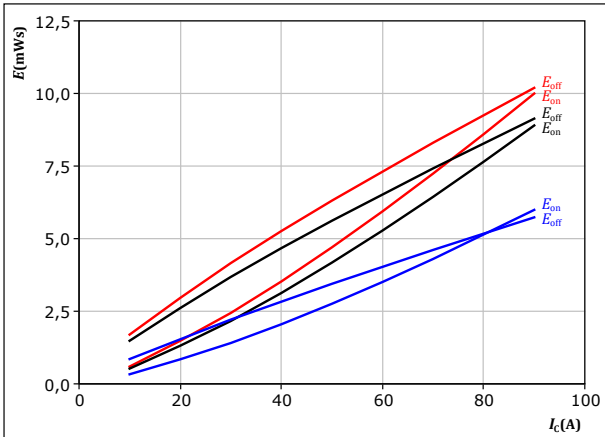




Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 16. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current
 $E = f(I_c)$

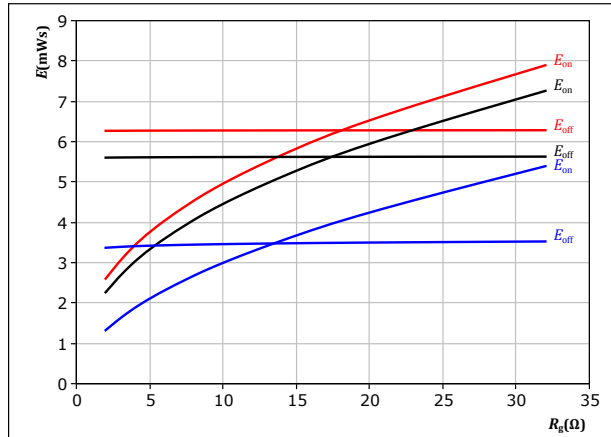


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_f:$	—	25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		—	125 °C
$R_{gon} =$	8	Ω		—	150 °C
$R_{goff} =$	8	Ω			

figure 17. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $E = f(R_g)$

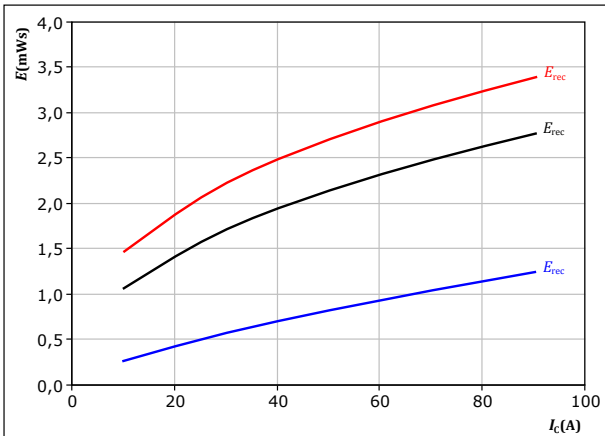


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_f:$	—	25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		—	125 °C
$I_c =$	50	A		—	150 °C

figure 18. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current
 $E_{rec} = f(I_c)$

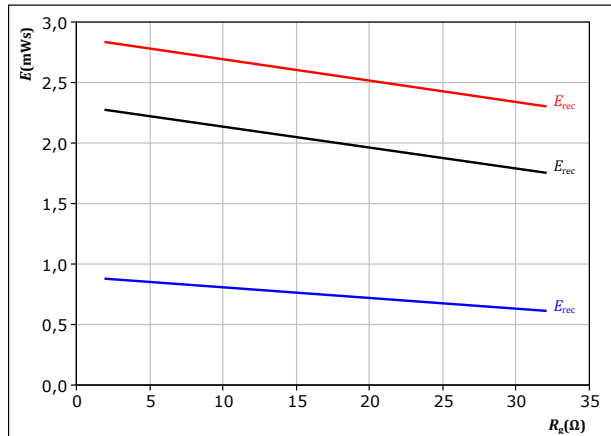


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_f:$	—	25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		—	125 °C
$R_{gon} =$	8	Ω		—	150 °C

figure 19. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $E_{rec} = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at

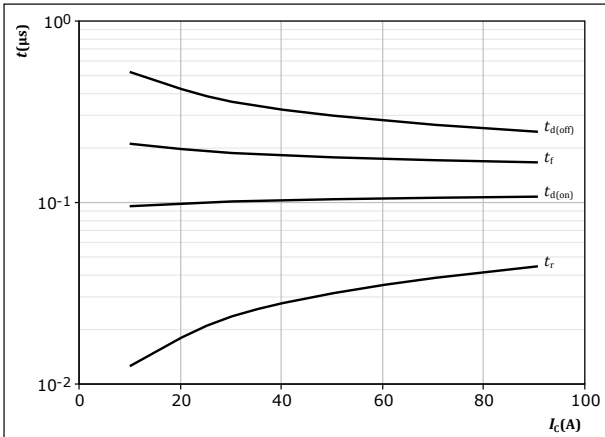
$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_f:$	—	25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		—	125 °C
$I_c =$	50	A		—	150 °C



Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 20. IGBT

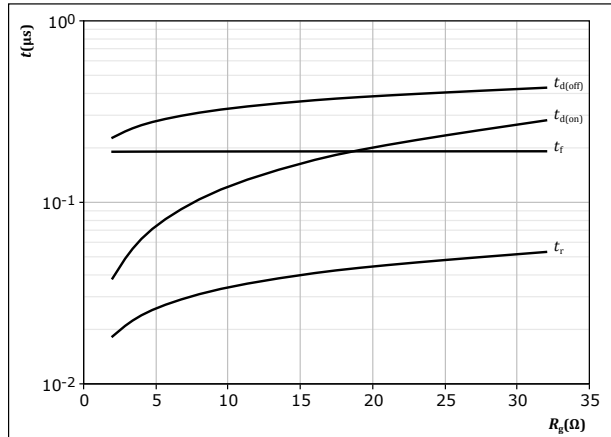
Typical switching times as a function of collector current
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$

figure 21. IGBT

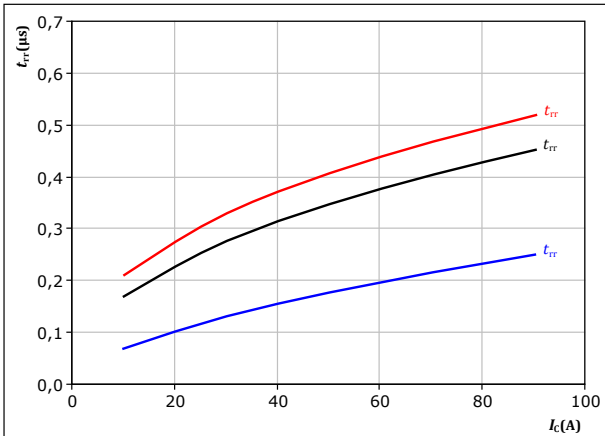
Typical switching times as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 50 \text{ A}$

figure 22. FWD

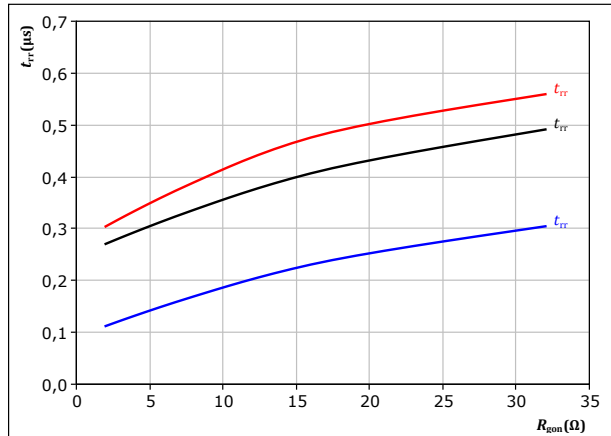
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$
 $T_j:$ — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 23. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 50 \text{ A}$
 $T_j:$ — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

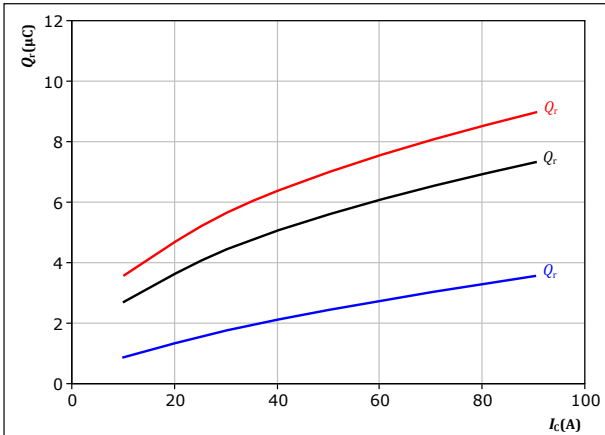


Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 24. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



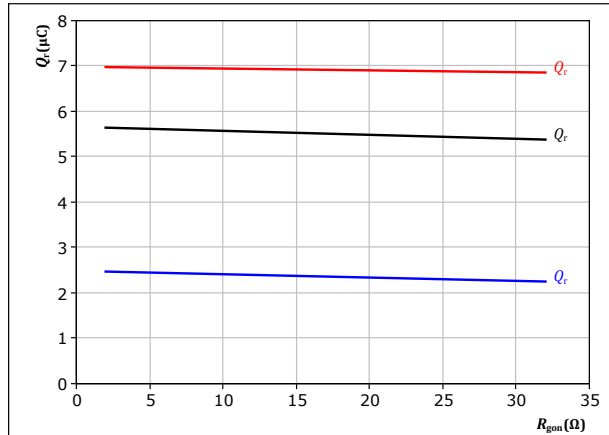
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 8$ Ω
 $T_j:$ 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)

figure 25. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$



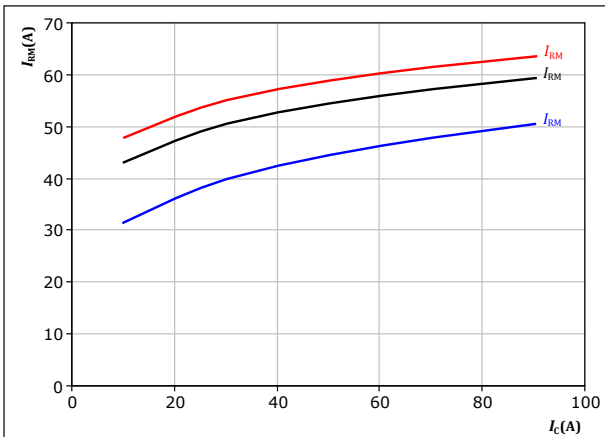
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 50$ A
 $T_j:$ 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)

figure 26. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



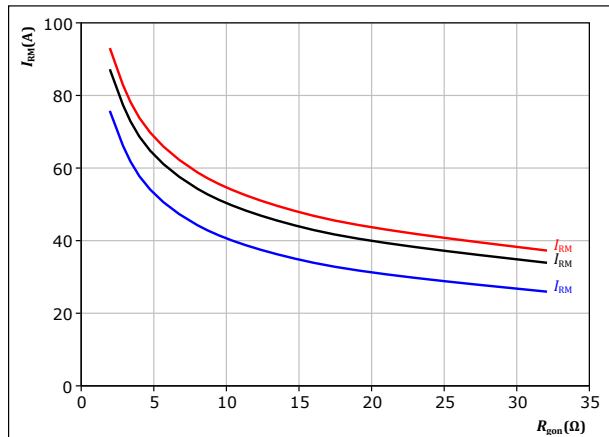
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 8$ Ω
 $T_j:$ 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)

figure 27. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

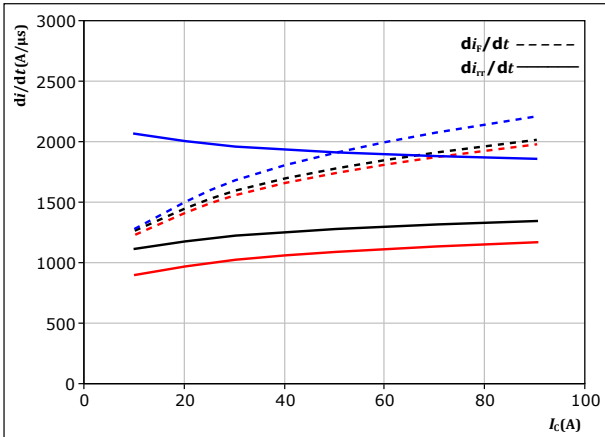
$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 50$ A
 $T_j:$ 25 °C (blue), 125 °C (black), 150 °C (red)



Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 28. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_C)$

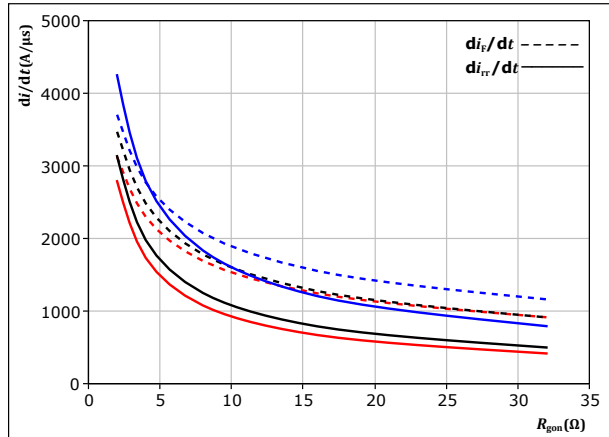


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V	$T_j = 25$ °C
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V	$T_j = 125$ °C
$R_{gon} = 8$ Ω	$T_j = 150$ °C

figure 29. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{gon})$

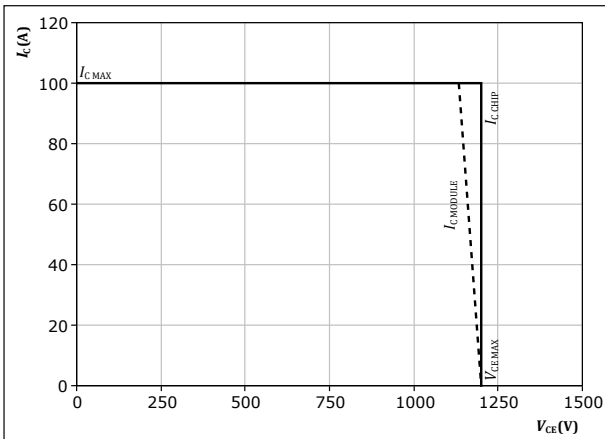


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V	$T_j = 25$ °C
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V	$T_j = 125$ °C
$I_C = 50$ A	$T_j = 150$ °C

figure 30. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



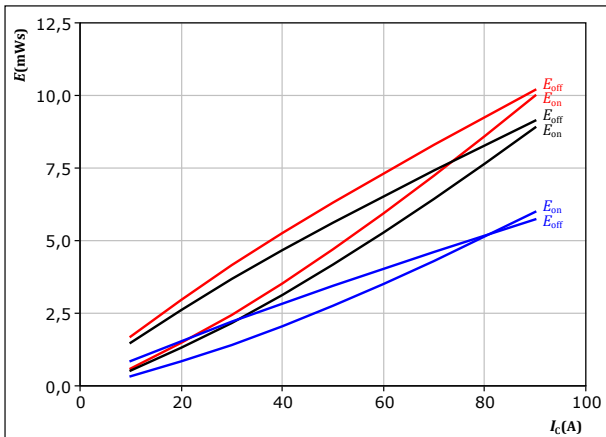
At $T_j = 150$ °C
 $R_{gon} = 8$ Ω
 $R_{goff} = 8$ Ω



Inverter Switching Characteristics 2

figure 31. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current
 $E = f(I_c)$

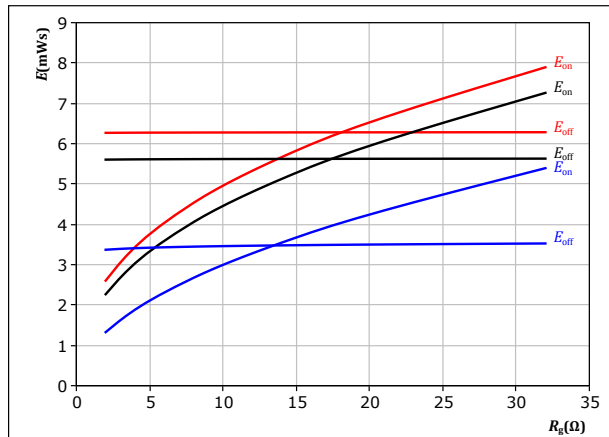


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_j:$	25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		125 °C
$R_{gon} =$	8	Ω		150 °C
$R_{goff} =$	8	Ω		

figure 32. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $E = f(R_g)$

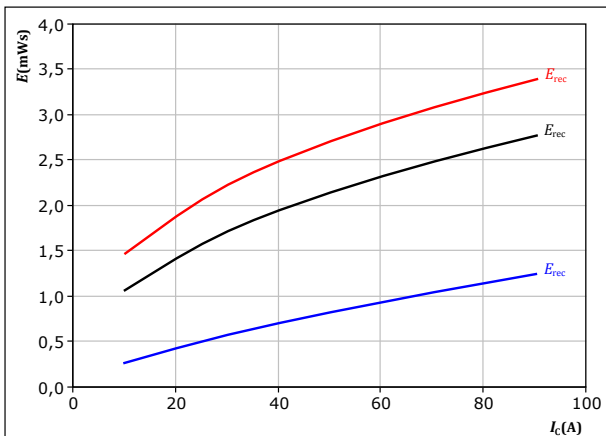


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_j:$	25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		125 °C
$I_c =$	50	A		150 °C

figure 33. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current
 $E_{rec} = f(I_c)$

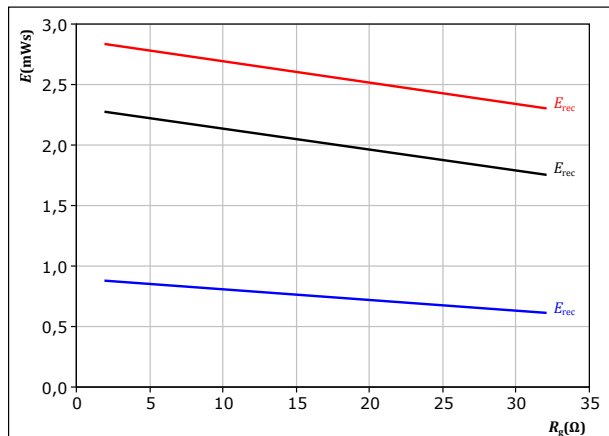


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_j:$	25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		125 °C
$R_{gon} =$	8	Ω		150 °C

figure 34. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $E_{rec} = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at

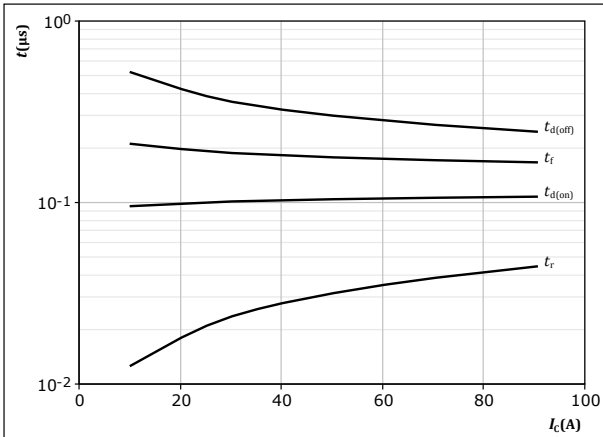
$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_j:$	25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		125 °C
$I_c =$	50	A		150 °C



Inverter Switching Characteristics 2

figure 35. IGBT

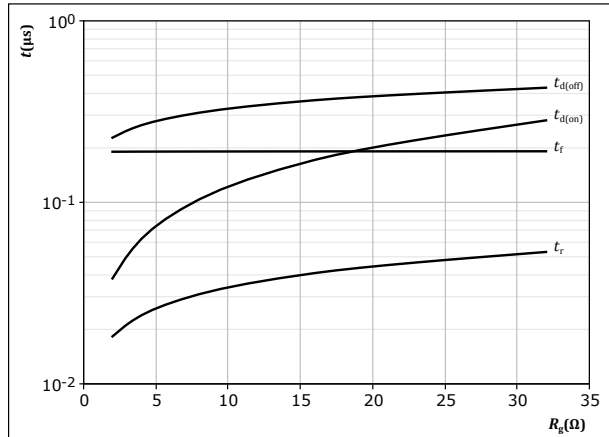
Typical switching times as a function of collector current
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$

figure 36. IGBT

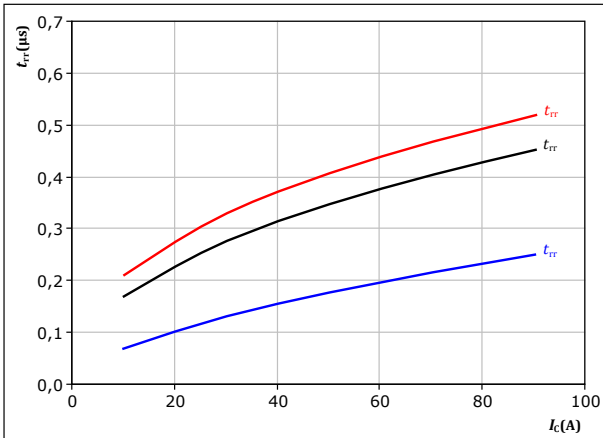
Typical switching times as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 50 \text{ A}$

figure 37. FWD

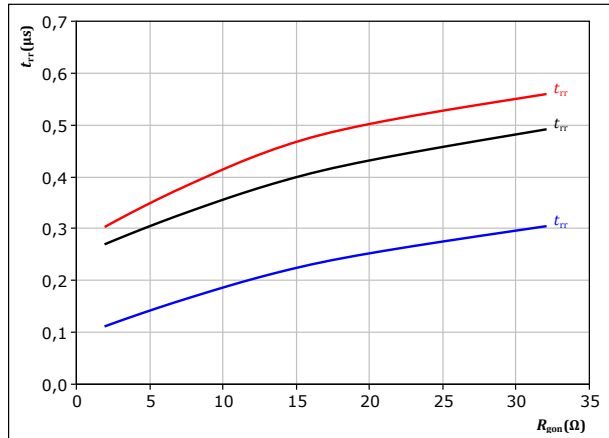
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$
 $T_j:$ — 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 38. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 50 \text{ A}$
 $T_j:$ — 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

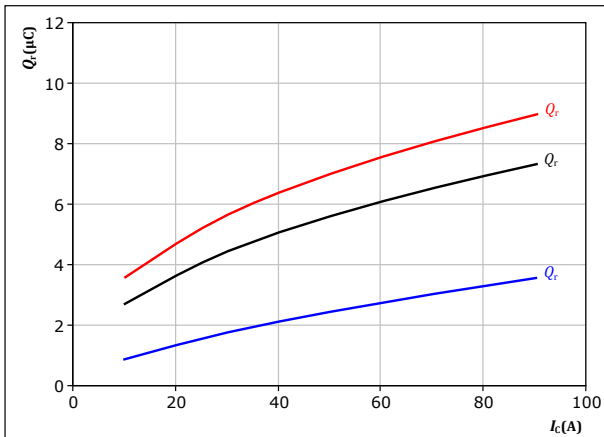


Inverter Switching Characteristics 2

figure 39. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

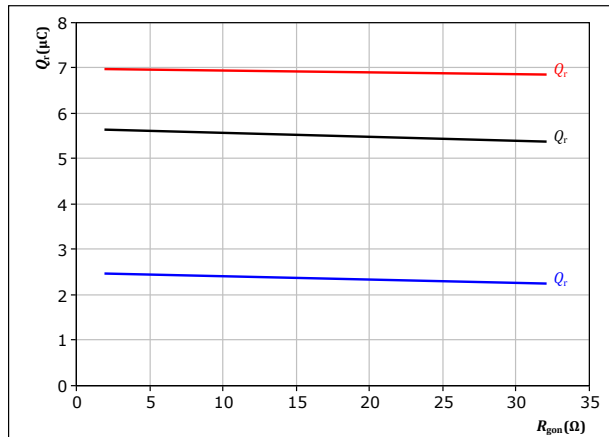
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 8 \ \Omega$

T_j :
— 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 40. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

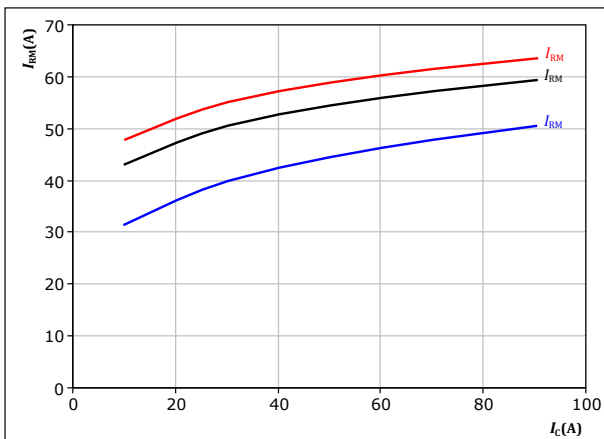
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 50 \text{ A}$

T_j :
— 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 41. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

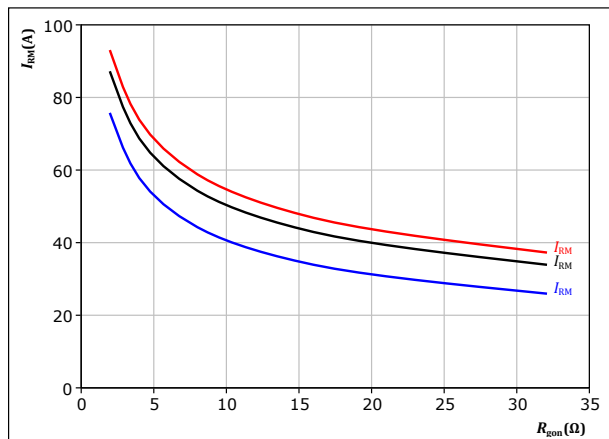
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 8 \ \Omega$

T_j :
— 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 42. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 50 \text{ A}$

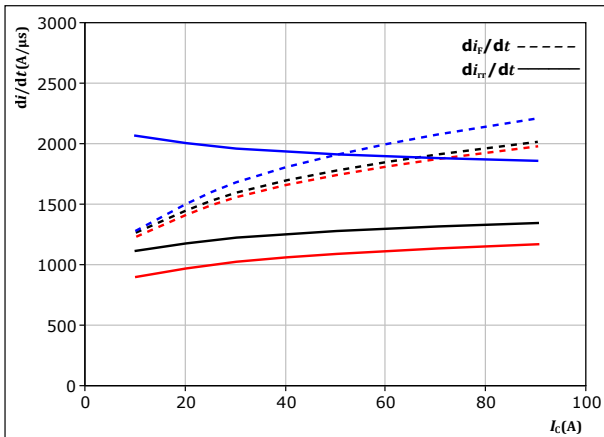
T_j :
— 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C



Inverter Switching Characteristics 2

figure 43. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_C)$



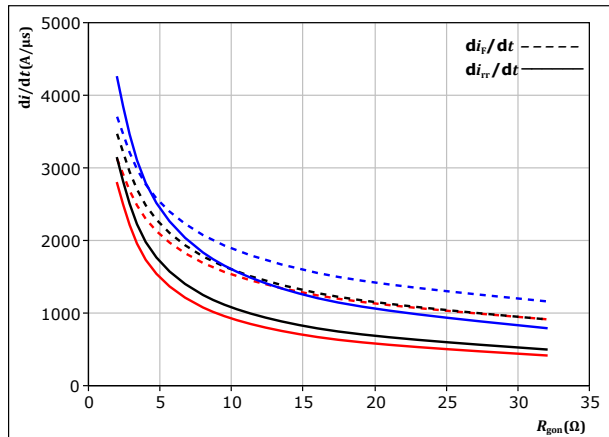
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 8$ Ω

T_j :
— 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 44. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at

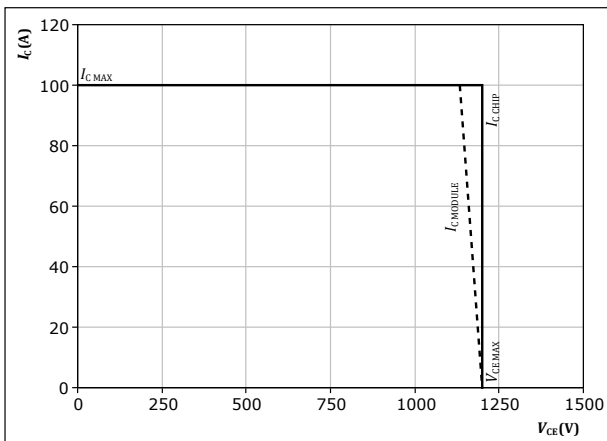
$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_C = 50$ A

T_j :
— 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 45. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



At $T_j = 150$ °C
 $R_{gon} = 8$ Ω
 $R_{goff} = 8$ Ω



Switching Definitions

figure 46. IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} , t_{Eoff} (t_{Eoff} = integrating time for E_{off})

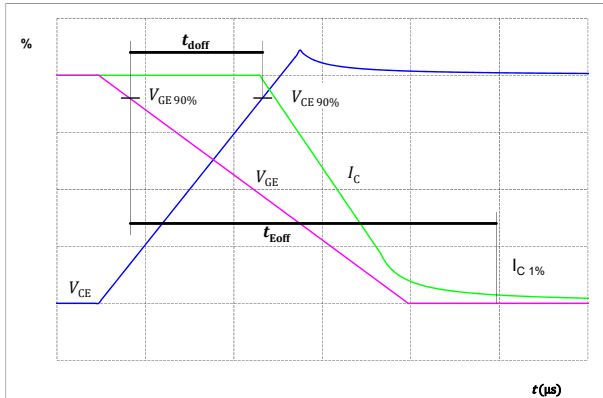


figure 47. IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} , t_{Eon} (t_{Eon} = integrating time for E_{on})

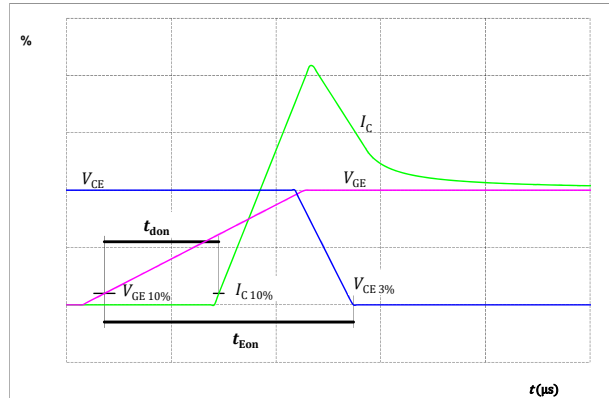


figure 48. IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f

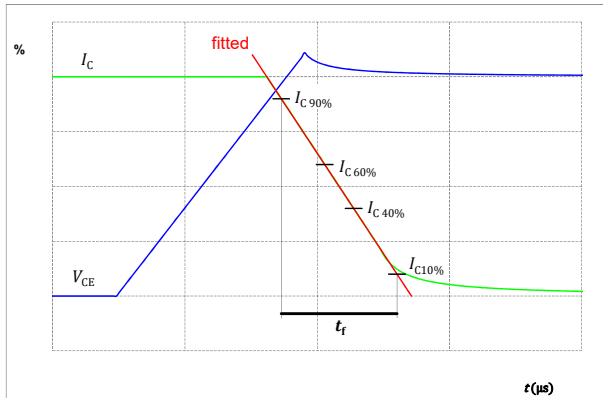
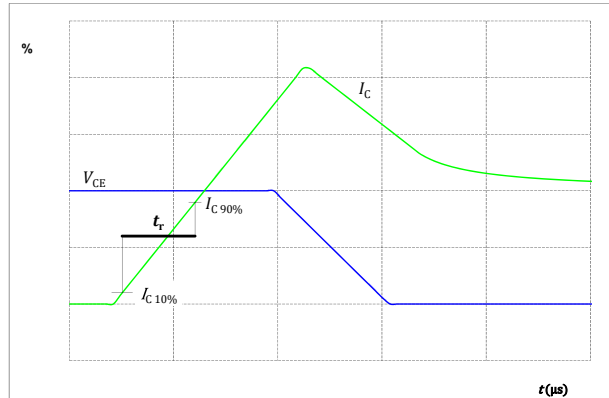


figure 49. IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r





Switching Definitions

figure 50. FWD

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{rr}

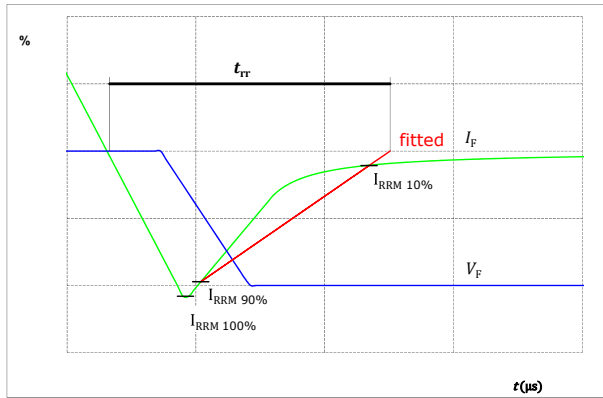
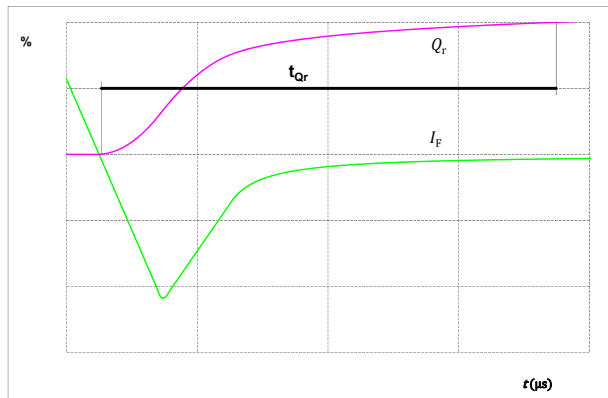


figure 51. FWD


Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Qr} (t_{Qr} = integrating time for Q_r)



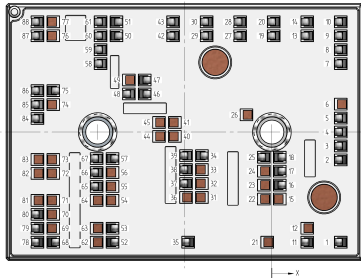


Vincotech

Ordering Code	
Version	Ordering Code
With std lid (6.5mm height) + no thermal grease	80-M312WPA050SC-K889F41-/0A/
With thin lid (2.8mm height) + no thermal grease	80-M312WPA050SC-K889F41-/0B/
With std lid (6.5mm height) + thermal grease (0,8 W/mK, P12, silicone-based)	80-M312WPA050SC-K889F41-/1A/
With thin lid (2.8mm height) + thermal grease (0,8 W/mK, P12, silicone-based)	80-M312WPA050SC-K889F41-/1B/
With std lid (6.5mm height) + thermal grease (2,5 W/mK, TG20032, silicone-free)	80-M312WPA050SC-K889F41-/4A/
With thin lid (2.8mm height) + thermal grease (2,5 W/mK, TG20032, silicone-free)	80-M312WPA050SC-K889F41-/4B/
With std lid (6.5mm height) + thermal grease (2,5 W/mK, HPTP, silicone-based)	80-M312WPA050SC-K889F41-/5A/
With thin lid (2.8mm height) + thermal grease (2,5 W/mK, HPTP, silicone-based)	80-M312WPA050SC-K889F41-/5B/

Marking						
Text	Name		Date code	UL & VIN	Lot	Serial
		NN-NNNNNNNNNNNNNN- TTTTTTTV		WWYY	UL VIN	LLLLL
Datamatrix		Type&Ver	Lot number	Serial	Date code	
	TTTTTTTV	LLLLL	SSSS	WWYY		

Outline							
Pin table [mm]							
Pin	X	Y	Function	45	not assembled		
1	15,83	-25,3	+DC	46	-29,18	8,74	L3
2	15,83	-6,4	G11	47	-29,18	11,94	G5
3	15,83	-3,2	E11	48	-32,82	8,74	L3
4	15,83	0	L3'	49	not assembled		
5	15,83	3,2	L3'	50	-35,68	22,1	-DC/W
6	not assembled			51	-35,68	25,3	-DC/V
7	15,83	15,7	-DC/W'	52	-36,58	-25,3	+DC
8	15,83	18,9	-DC/W'	53	-36,58	-22,1	+DC
9	15,83	22,1	E12	54	not assembled		
10	15,83	25,3	G12	55	not assembled		
11	8,13	-25,3	+DC	56	not assembled		
12	not assembled			57	-36,58	-6,1	L2
13	8,13	22,1	-DC/V'	58	-39,32	15,7	T-
14	8,13	25,3	E10	59	-39,32	18,9	T+
15	not assembled			60	-39,32	22,1	-DC/W
16	1,82	-12,18	G9	61	-39,32	25,3	-DC/V
17	1,82	-8,98	E9	62	not assembled		
18	1,82	-5,79	L2'	63	not assembled		
19	0,43	22,1	-DC/V'	64	not assembled		
20	0,43	25,3	G10	65	-40,22	-12,5	G3
21	not assembled			66	-40,22	-9,3	E3
22	not assembled			67	-40,22	-6,09	L2
23	not assembled			68	-50,18	-25,3	L1
24	not assembled			69	not assembled		
25	-1,82	-5,79	L2'	70	not assembled		
26	not assembled			71	not assembled		
27	-7,27	22,1	-DC/U'	72	not assembled		
28	-7,27	25,3	E8	73	not assembled		
29	-14,97	22,1	-DC/U'	74	not assembled		
30	-14,97	25,3	G8	75	-50,18	9,5	-DC/U
31	not assembled			76	not assembled		
32	not assembled			77	not assembled		
33	not assembled			78	-53,82	-25,3	L1
34	-16,05	-5,42	L1'	79	-53,82	-22,1	G1
35	-19,22	-25,3	+DC	80	-53,82	-18,9	E1
36	not assembled			81	not assembled		
37	-19,7	-11,82	G7	82	not assembled		
38	-19,7	-8,62	E7	83	not assembled		
39	-19,7	-5,42	L1'	84	-53,82	3,1	G2
40	not assembled			85	-53,82	6,3	E2
41	not assembled			86	-53,82	9,5	-DC/U
42	-22,67	22,1	E6	87	-53,82	22,1	E4
43	-22,67	25,3	G6	88	-53,82	25,3	G4
44	not assembled						



Pad positions refers to center point. For more informations on pad design please see package data




Packaging instruction				
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 48	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ	Sample

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for MiniSKiiP® 3 packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for MiniSKiiP® 3 packages see vincotech.com website.

Vincotech thermistor reference
See Vincotech thermistor reference table at vincotech.com website.

UL recognition and file number
This device is certified according to UL 1557 standard, UL file number E192116. For more information see vincotech.com website. 

Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
80-M312WPA050SC-K889F41-D1-14	20 Jan. 2023		

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.