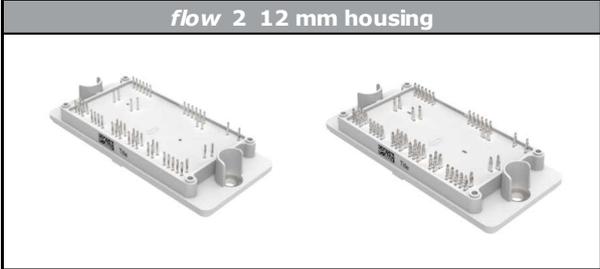
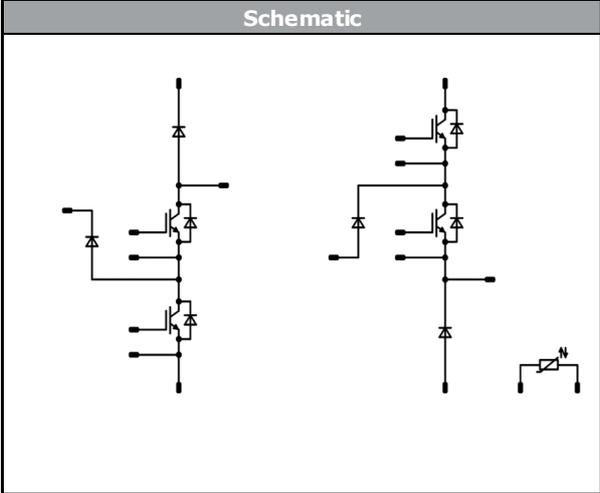




<i>flow NPC 2</i>	1200 V / 200 A
<div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;"><b>Features</b></div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Three-level topology</li> <li>High efficiency</li> <li>Low inductive package</li> </ul>	<div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;"><i>flow 2 12 mm housing</i></div> 
<div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;"><b>Target applications</b></div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Solar Inverters</li> </ul>	<div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;"><b>Schematic</b></div> 
<div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;"><b>Types</b></div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>30-FT07NIB200SG02-L965F08</li> <li>30-PT07NIB200SG02-L965F08Y</li> </ul>	

## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
<b>Buck Switch</b>				
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		650	V
Collector current	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	162	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	600	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	318	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		$\pm 20$	V
Short circuit ratings	$t_{SC}$	$T_j \leq 150\text{ °C}$	5	$\mu s$
	$V_{CC}$	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$	400	V
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^{\circ}C$



Vincotech

## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
<b>Boost Switch</b>				
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		650	V
Collector current	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	176	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	600	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	290	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		±20	V
Short circuit ratings	$t_{SC}$	$T_j \leq 150\text{ °C}$	6	µs
	$V_{CC}$	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$	360	V
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C
<b>Buck Diode</b>				
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	$V_{RRM}$		650	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	132	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$		400	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	174	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C
<b>Boost Diode</b>				
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1200	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	120	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	248	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C
<b>Sw. Protection Diode</b>				
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	$V_{RRM}$		650	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	36	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$		60	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	59	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C



### Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
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### Module Properties

#### Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	$T_{top}$		-40...(T <sub>max</sub> - 25)	°C

#### Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	$V_{isol}$	DC Test Voltage* $t_p = 2\text{ s}$	4000	V
		Equivalent AC Voltage $t_p = 1\text{ min}$	2500	V
Creepage distance			min. 12,7	mm
Clearance			min. 12,7	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI		> 200	

\* 100 % tested in production



## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

### Buck Switch

#### Static

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{CE}$					0,0032		25	4,2	5,1	5,6	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CEsat}$		15				200		25	1,38	1,83	2,22	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	650					25			11,2	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0					25			600	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$										none		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$	$f = 1$ MHz	0	25					25		12400		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$										360		

#### Thermal

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	phase-change material $\lambda = 3,4$ W/mK									0,30		K/W

#### Dynamic

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{goff} = 2$ Ω $R_{gon} = 2$ Ω	±15	350	121				25		137		ns
Rise time	$t_r$										125	140	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$										25	186	
Fall time	$t_f$										125	214	
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$										25	7	
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$										125	12	
		$Q_{tFWD} = 4,8$ μC							25		1,215		mWs
		$Q_{tFWD} = 9,2$ μC							125		1,923		
									25		0,909		mWs
									125		1,585		



## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

### Boost Switch

#### Static

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{CE}$					0,0032		25	5,1	5,8	6,4	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CEsat}$		15				200		25 125	0,93	1,49 1,66	1,77	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	650					25			10,8	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0					25			1200	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$										1		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$	$f = 1$ MHz	0	25					25		12320		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$										366		

#### Thermal

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	phase-change material $\lambda = 3,4$ W/mK			0,33	K/W

#### Dynamic

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{goff} = 2 \Omega$ $R_{gon} = 2 \Omega$	$\pm 15$		350		121		25 125		163		ns	
Rise time	$t_r$										18			
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$										22			
Fall time	$t_f$										260			
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$									$Q_{iFWD} = 7,2 \mu C$ $Q_{iFWD} = 16,4 \mu C$		295		
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$											25 125		
											1,531	2,389	mWs	
											3,141	4,557		



### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	

#### Buck Diode

##### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				200	25 125 150		1,65 1,60 1,58	1,77	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_r$			650		25			10,6	$\mu$ A

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	phase-change material $\lambda = 3,4$ W/mK						0,55		K/W
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##### Dynamic

Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$	$di/dt = 8324$ A/ $\mu$ s $di/dt = 9600$ A/ $\mu$ s	$\pm 15$	350	121	25 125		167 210		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					25 125		49 76		ns
Recovered charge	$Q_r$					25 125		4,801 9,186		$\mu$ C
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$					25 125		1,130 2,121		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$					25 125		4342 3296		A/ $\mu$ s

#### Boost Diode

##### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				150	25 150		2,39 2,40	2,49	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_r$			1200		25 150			240 28000	$\mu$ A

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	phase-change material $\lambda = 3,4$ W/mK						0,38		K/W
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##### Dynamic

Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$	$di/dt = 6421$ A/ $\mu$ s $di/dt = 7125$ A/ $\mu$ s	$\pm 15$	350	121	25 125		196 245		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					25 125		42 148		ns
Recovered charge	$Q_r$					25 125		7,227 16,387		$\mu$ C
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$					25 125		1,757 4,325		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$					25 125		15923 11505		A/ $\mu$ s



## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
		$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]						
		$V_F$ [V]		$I_F$ [A]						

### Sw. Protection Diode

#### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				30	25 150		1,64 1,56	1,87	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_r$			650		25			0,36	μA

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	phase-change material $\lambda = 3,4$ W/mK						1,61		K/W
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### Thermistor

Rated resistance	$R$					25		22		kΩ
Deviation of $R_{100}$	$\Delta_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 1484 \Omega$				100	-5		5	%
Power dissipation	$P$					25		5		mW
Power dissipation constant						25		1,5		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. $\pm 1$ %				25		3962		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. $\pm 1$ %				25		4000		K
Vincotech NTC Reference									I	

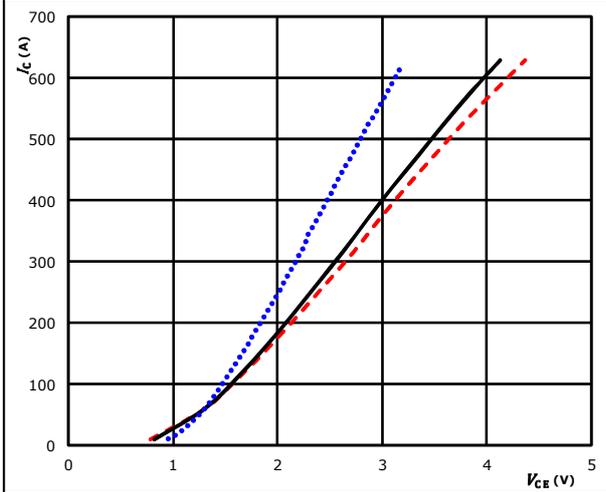


## Buck Switch Characteristics

**figure 1.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

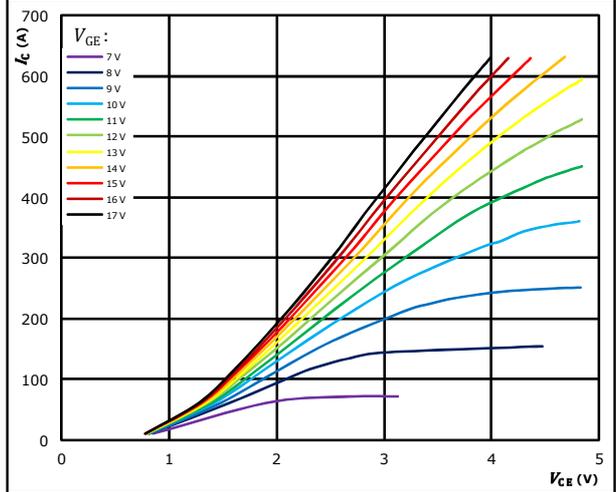


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ C$  (blue dotted line)  
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$   $T_j: 125 \text{ }^\circ C$  (black solid line)  
 $T_j: 150 \text{ }^\circ C$  (red dashed line)

**figure 2.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

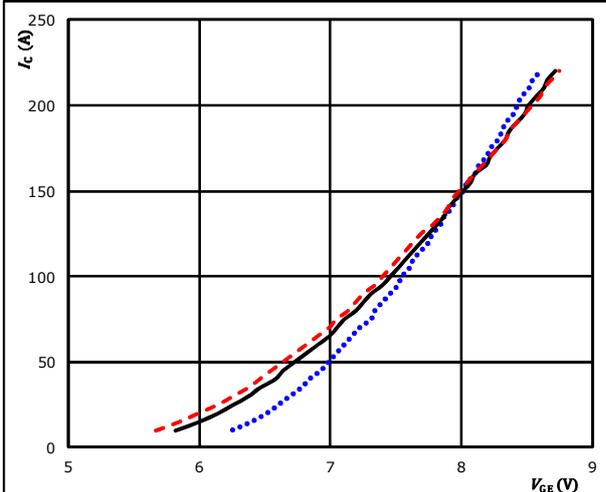


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 125 \text{ }^\circ C$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

**figure 3.** IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

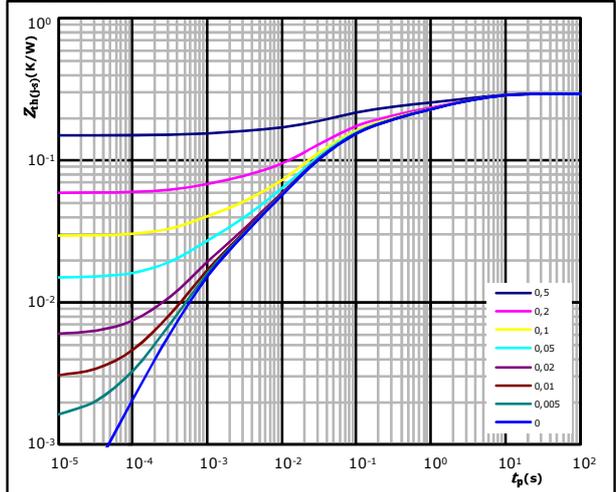


$t_p = 100 \mu s$   $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ C$  (blue dotted line)  
 $V_{CE} = 0 \text{ V}$   $T_j: 125 \text{ }^\circ C$  (black solid line)  
 $T_j: 150 \text{ }^\circ C$  (red dashed line)

**figure 4.** IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as function of pulse duration

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$$D = t_p / T$$

$$R_{th(j-s)} = 0,30 \text{ K/W}$$

IGBT thermal model values

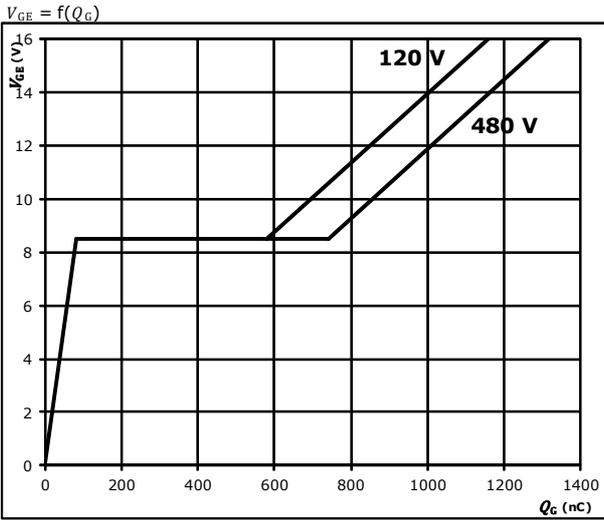
R (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
5,84E-02	4,27E+00
5,19E-02	1,01E+00
5,81E-02	1,59E-01
8,89E-02	3,67E-02
2,61E-02	9,09E-03
1,53E-02	9,16E-04



### Buck Switch Characteristics

**figure 5.** IGBT

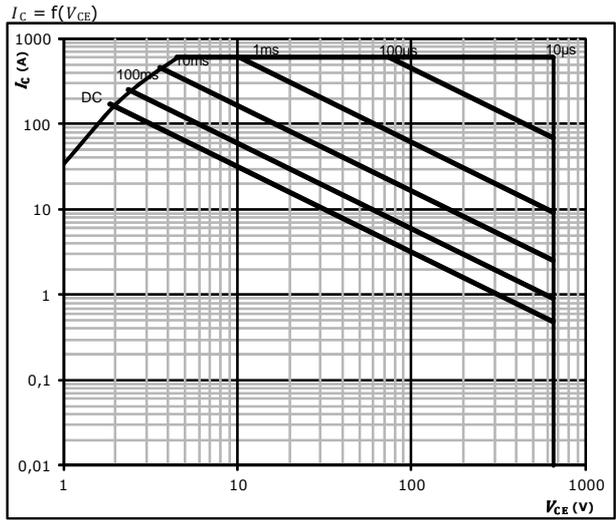
Gate voltage vs gate charge



$I_C = 200$  A

**figure 6.** IGBT

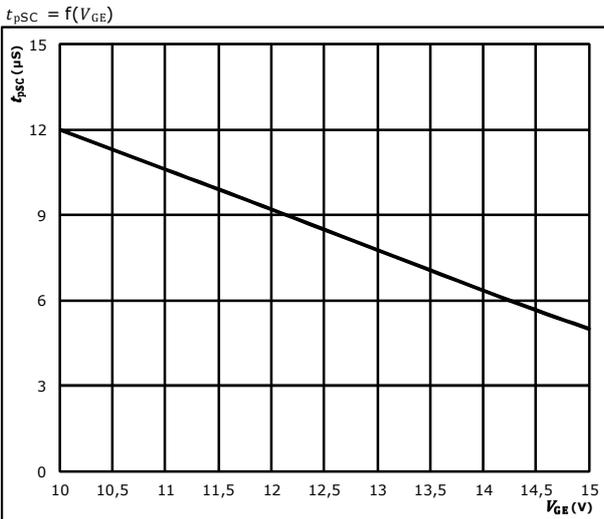
Safe operating area



$D =$  single pulse  
 $T_s = 80$  °C  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$  °C

**figure 7.** IGBT

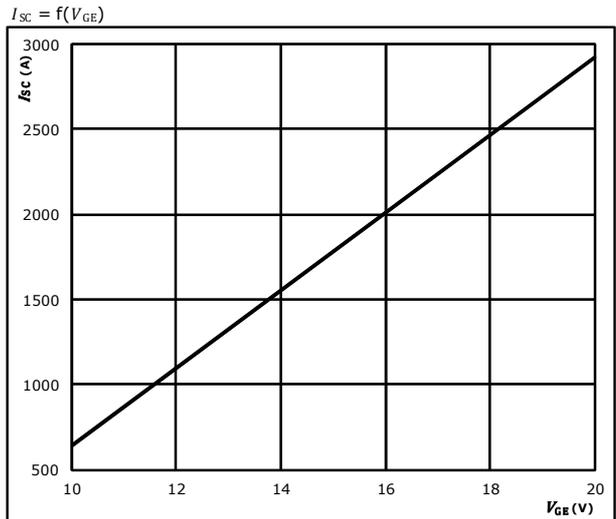
Short circuit duration as a function of  $V_{CE}$



$V_{CE} = 400$  V  
 $T_j \leq 150$  °C

**figure 8.** IGBT

Typical short circuit current as a function of  $V_{CE}$



$V_{CE} \leq 400$  V  
 $T_j \leq 25$  °C

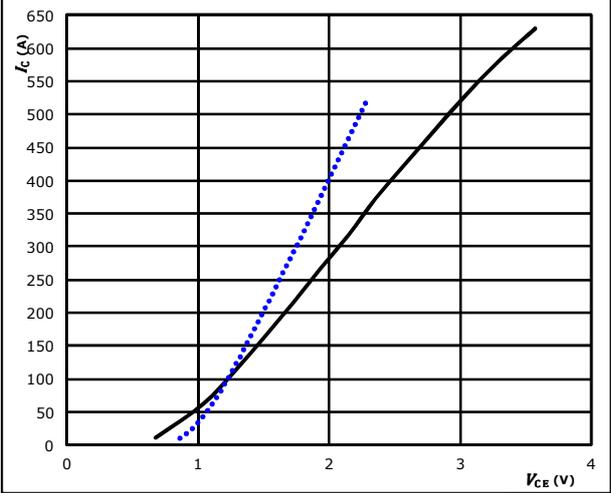


### Boost Switch Characteristics

**figure 1.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

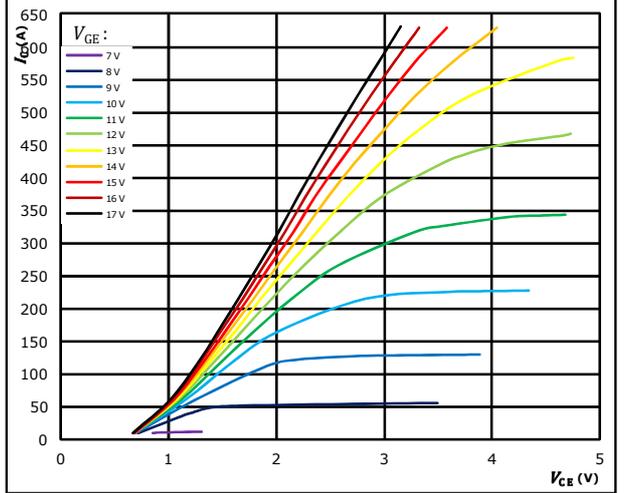


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   $T_j: 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$  (dotted blue line)  
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$   $T_j: 125 \text{ } ^\circ C$  (solid black line)

**figure 2.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

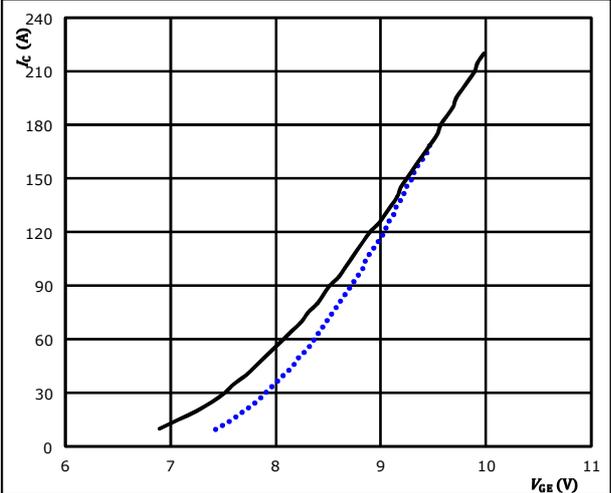


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   $T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ C$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

**figure 3.** IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{GE})$

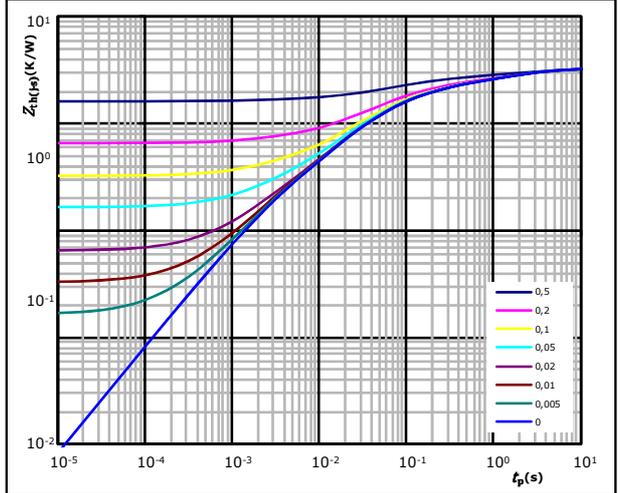


$t_p = 100 \mu s$   $T_j: 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$  (dotted blue line)  
 $V_{CE} = 0 V$   $T_j: 125 \text{ } ^\circ C$  (solid black line)

**figure 4.** IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as function of pulse duration

$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,33 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
9,52E-02	2,20E+00
5,70E-02	3,31E-01
9,58E-02	8,43E-02
6,81E-02	2,66E-02
1,14E-02	2,55E-03



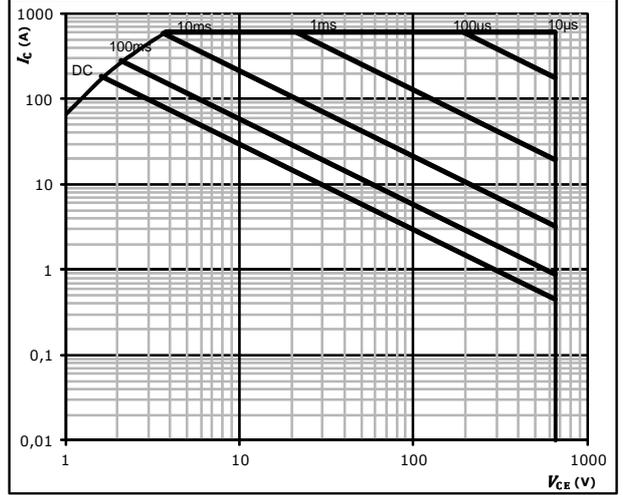
Vincotech

### Boost Switch Characteristics

**figure 5. IGBT**

Safe operating area

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



- $D =$  single pulse
- $T_s = 80$  °C
- $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V
- $T_j = T_{jmax}$  °C

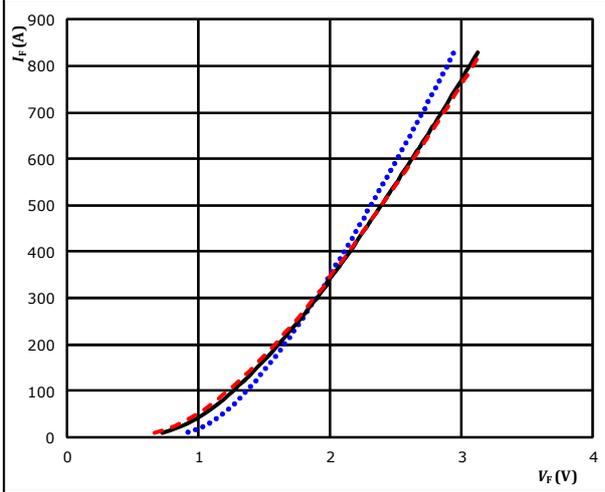


### Buck Diode Characteristics

**figure 1.** FWD

**Typical forward characteristics**

$I_F = f(V_F)$

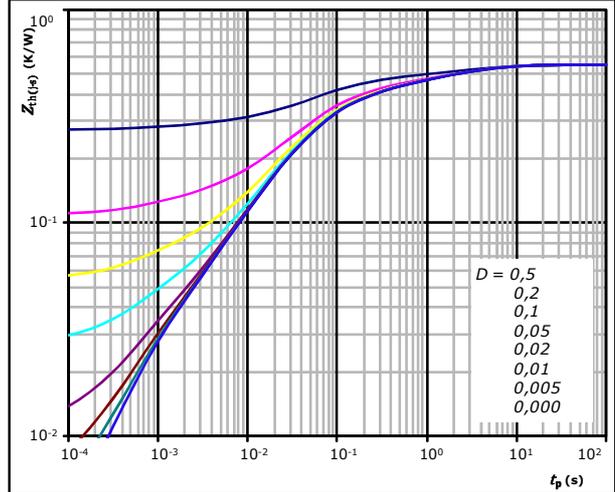


$t_p =$  250  $\mu$ s  
 $T_j$ : 25 °C (blue dotted line)  
 125 °C (black solid line)  
 150 °C (red dashed line)

**figure 2.** FWD

**Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width**

$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$



$D =$   $t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} =$  0,55 K/W  
 FWD thermal model values

$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
6,80E-02	4,53E+00
7,78E-02	9,81E-01
1,35E-01	1,52E-01
2,08E-01	3,50E-02
3,75E-02	5,94E-03
2,03E-02	7,75E-04

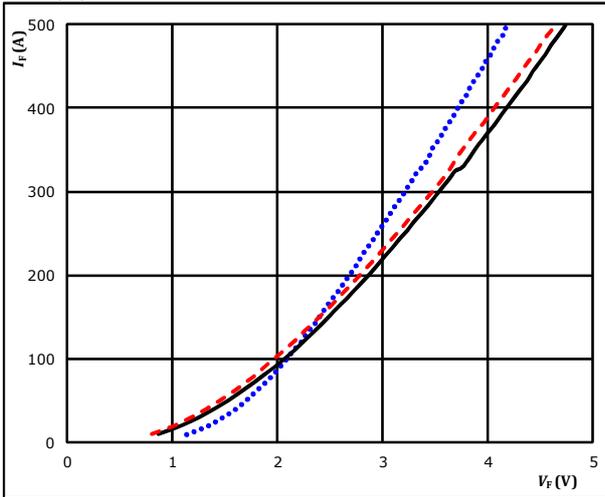


### Boost Diode Characteristics

**figure 1.** FWD

**Typical forward characteristics**

$I_F = f(V_F)$



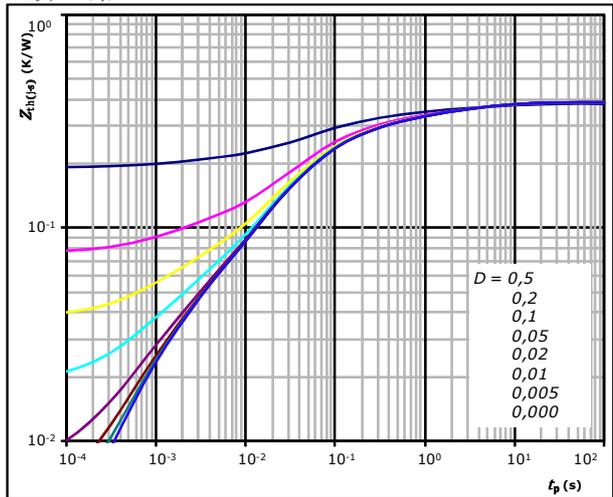
$t_p = 250 \mu s$

$T_j$ : 25 °C (blue dotted), 125 °C (black solid), 150 °C (red dashed)

**figure 2.** FWD

**Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width**

$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$



$D = t_p / T$

$R_{th(j-s)} = 0,38 \text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
4,05E-02	5,75E+00
4,94E-02	1,04E+00
8,90E-02	1,83E-01
1,31E-01	4,42E-02
4,31E-02	1,33E-02
2,25E-02	1,80E-03

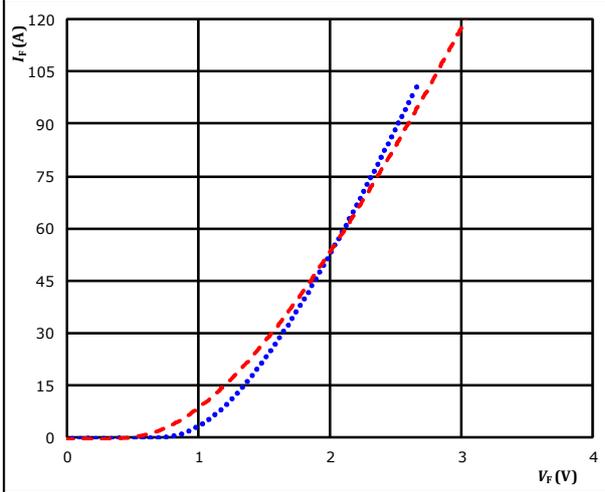


## Sw. Protection Diode Characteristics

**figure 1.** FWD

**Typical forward characteristics**

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

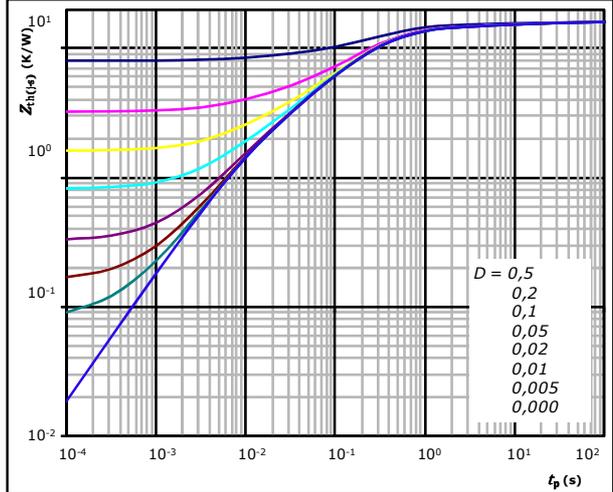


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j$ : 25 °C (blue dotted line), 150 °C (red dashed line)

**figure 2.** FWD

**Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width**

$$Z_{th(\theta-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(\theta-s)} = 1,61 \text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

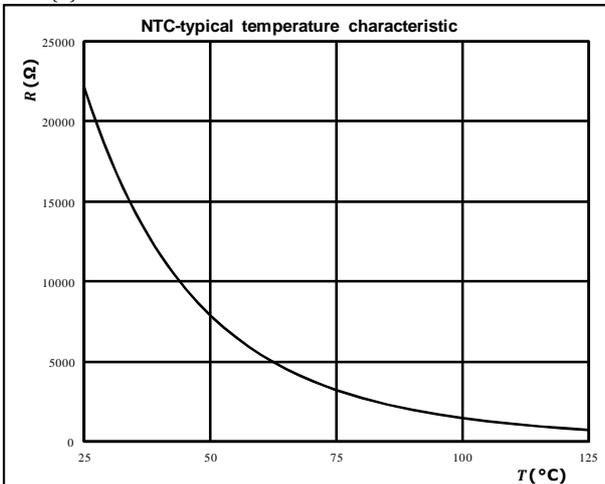
R (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
1,05E-01	3,05E+00
1,86E-01	2,04E-01
8,60E-01	3,00E-02
3,40E-01	8,15E-03
1,24E-01	1,07E-03

## Thermistor Characteristics

**figure 1.** Thermistor

**Typical NTC characteristic as a function of temperature**

$$R = f(T)$$

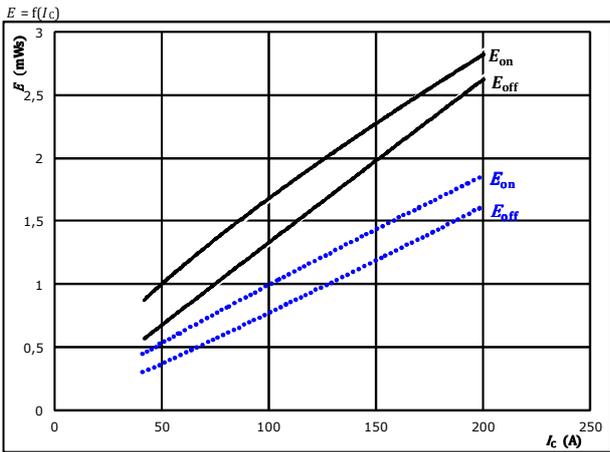




## Buck Switching Characteristics

**figure 1.** IGBT

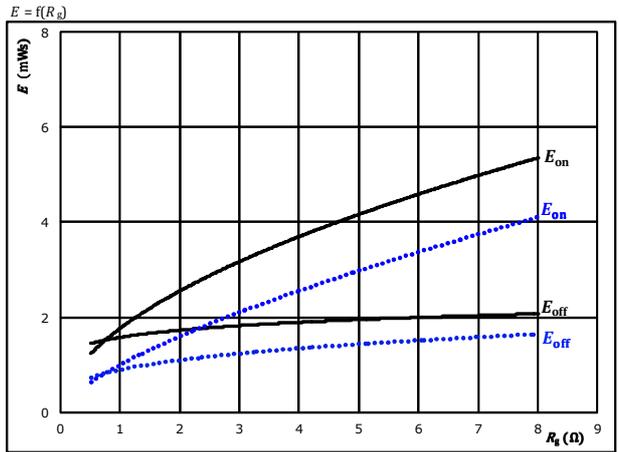
Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 2$   $\Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 2$   $\Omega$   
 $T_j: 25$  °C (dotted blue)  
 $125$  °C (solid black)

**figure 2.** IGBT

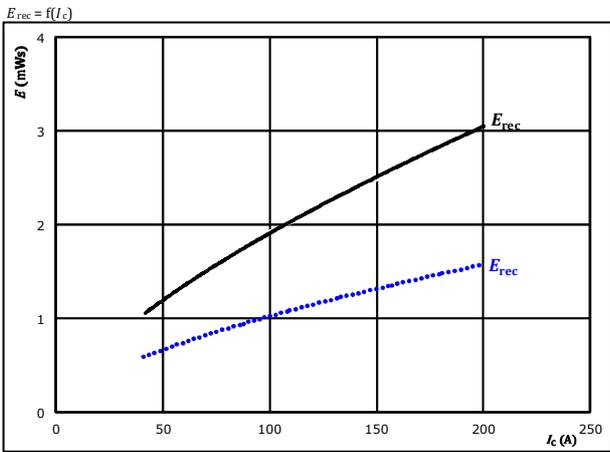
Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_C = 121$  A  
 $T_j: 25$  °C (dotted blue)  
 $125$  °C (solid black)

**figure 3.** FWD

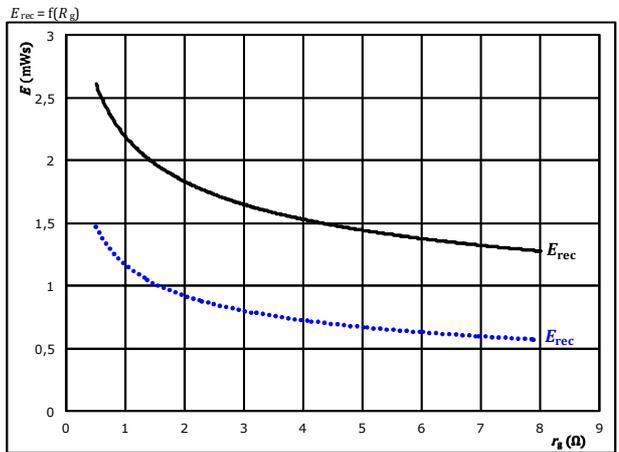
Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 2$   $\Omega$   
 $T_j: 25$  °C (dotted blue)  
 $125$  °C (solid black)

**figure 4.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_C = 121$  A  
 $T_j: 25$  °C (dotted blue)  
 $125$  °C (solid black)

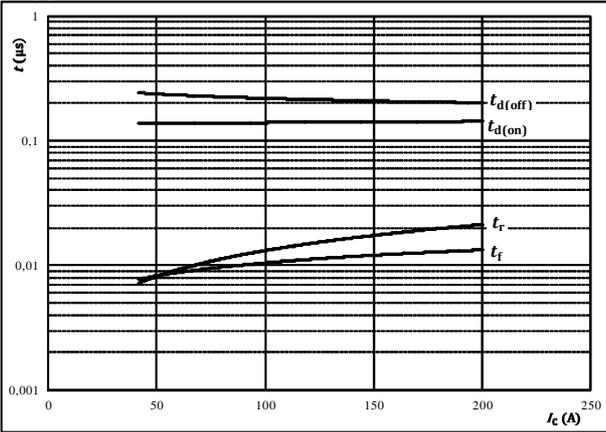


## Buck Switching Characteristics

**figure 5.** IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_C)$$



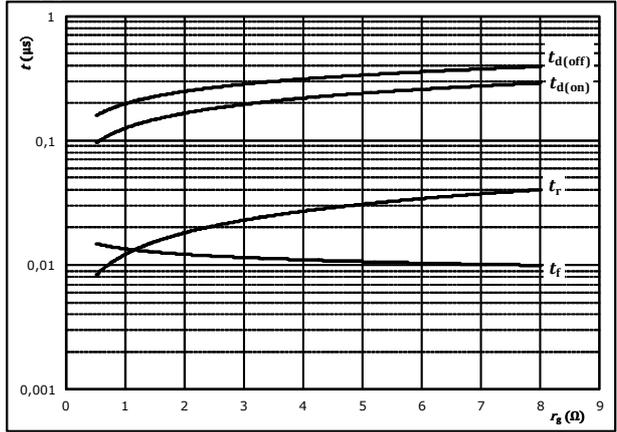
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{gon} =$	2	Ω
$R_{goff} =$	2	Ω

**figure 6.** IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(R_g)$$



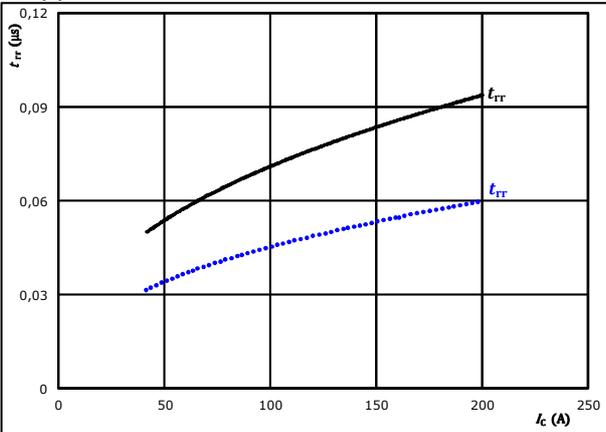
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$I_C =$	121	A

**figure 7.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$$

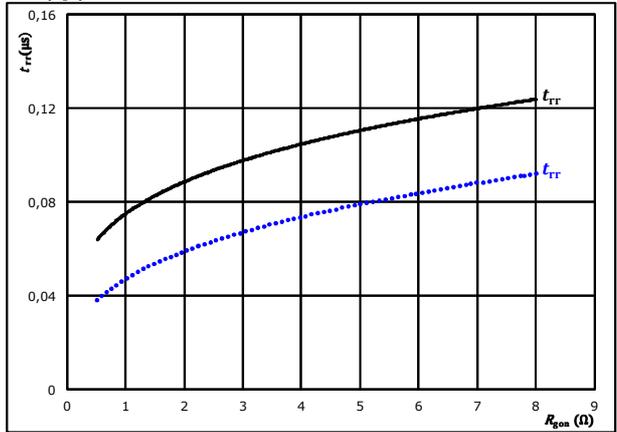


At	$V_{CE} =$	350	V	$T_j =$	25 °C	.....
	$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		125 °C	————
	$R_{gon} =$	2	Ω			

**figure 8.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$



At	$V_{CE} =$	350	V	$T_j =$	25 °C	.....
	$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		125 °C	————
	$I_C =$	121	A			

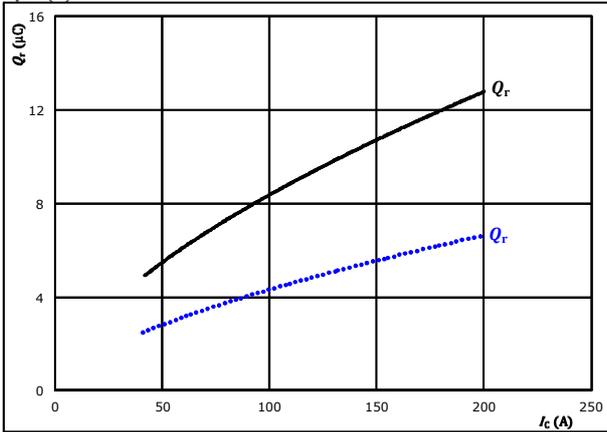


## Buck Switching Characteristics

**figure 9.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$

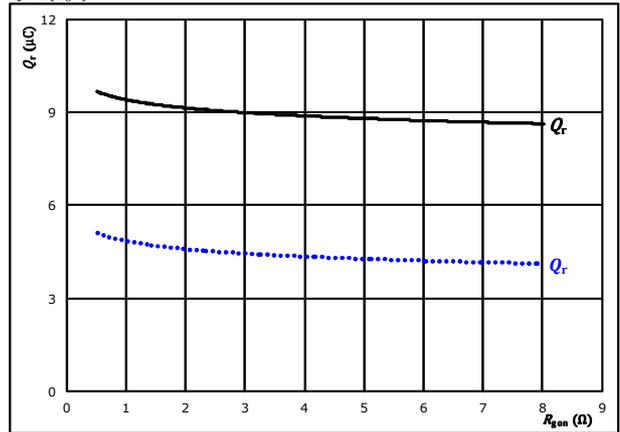


At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C .....  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C ———  
 $R_{gdn} = 2$  Ω

**figure 10.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gdn})$$

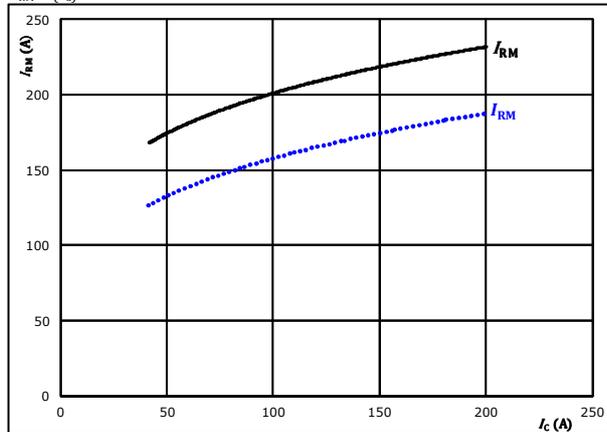


At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C .....  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C ———  
 $I_c = 121$  A

**figure 11.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$

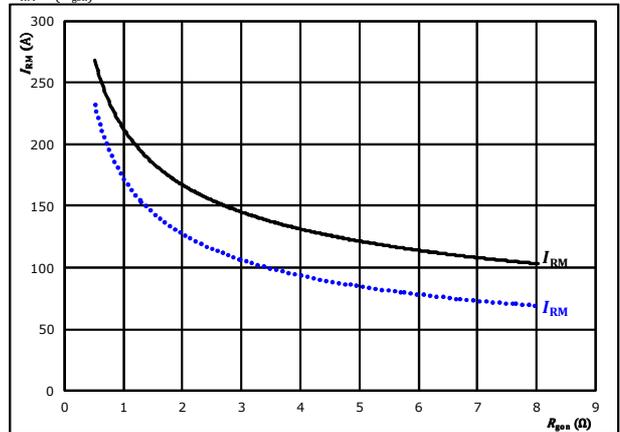


At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C .....  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C ———  
 $R_{gdn} = 2$  Ω

**figure 12.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gdn})$$



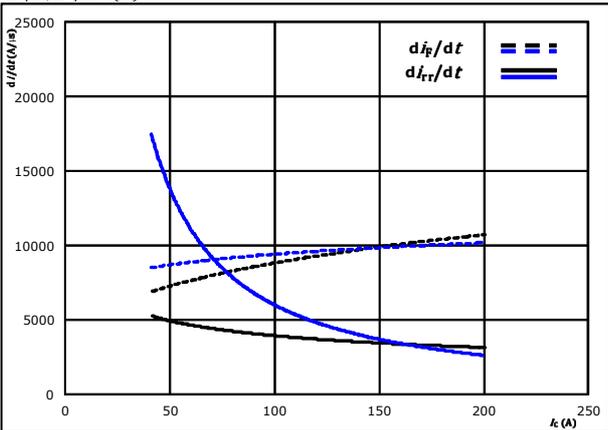
At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C .....  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C ———  
 $I_c = 121$  A



## Buck Switching Characteristics

**figure 13.** FWD

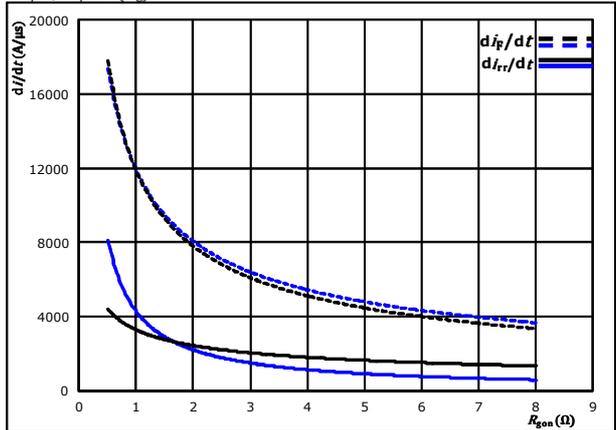
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C .....  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C ———  
 $R_{gon} = 2$  Ω

**figure 14.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_g)$

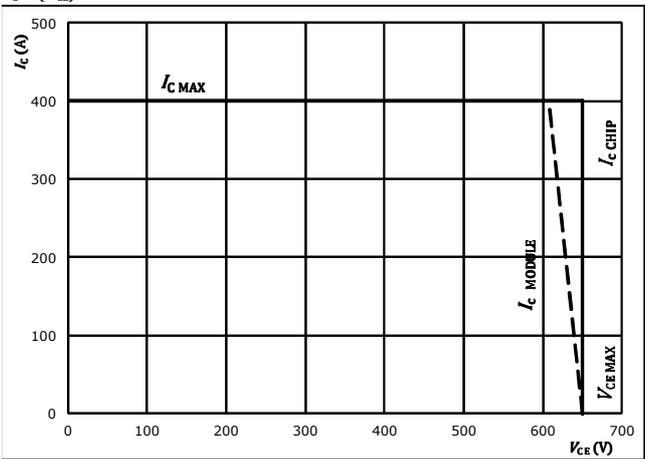


At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C .....  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C ———  
 $I_c = 121$  A

**figure 15.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At  $T_j = 175$  °C  
 $R_{gon} = 2$  Ω  
 $R_{goff} = 2$  Ω

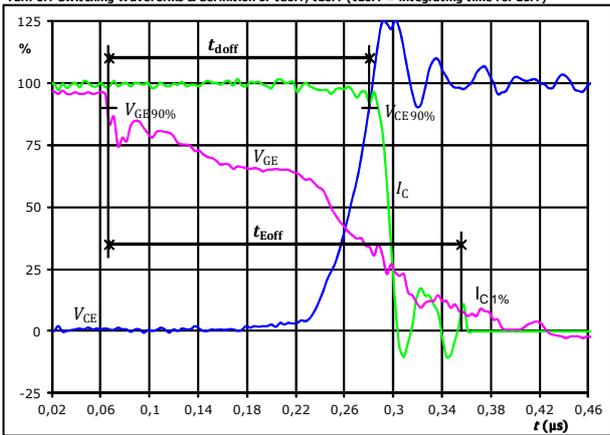


## Buck Switching Characteristics

**General conditions**

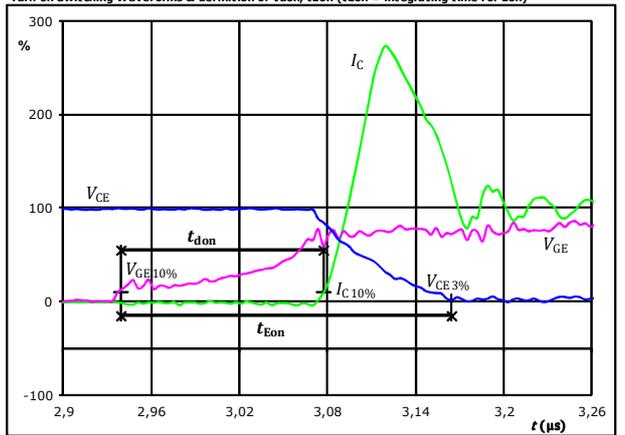
$T_j$	=	125 °C
$R_{gon}$	=	2 $\Omega$
$R_{goff}$	=	2 $\Omega$

**figure 1.** IGBT  
 Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$ ,  $t_{Eoff}$  ( $t_{Eoff}$  = integrating time for Eoff)



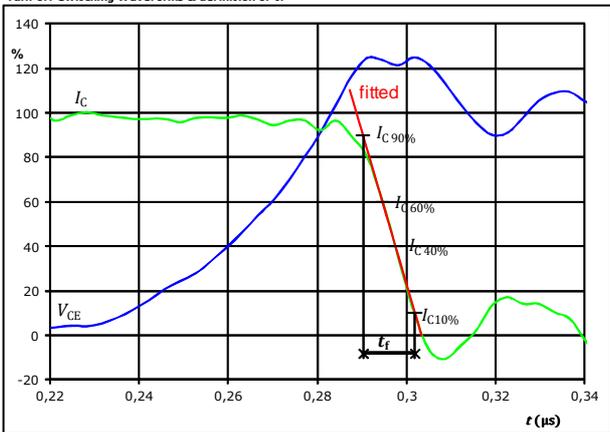
$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	121	A
$t_{doff} =$	0,214	$\mu s$
$t_{Eoff} =$	0,289	$\mu s$

**figure 2.** IGBT  
 Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{don}$ ,  $t_{Eon}$  ( $t_{Eon}$  = integrating time for Eon)



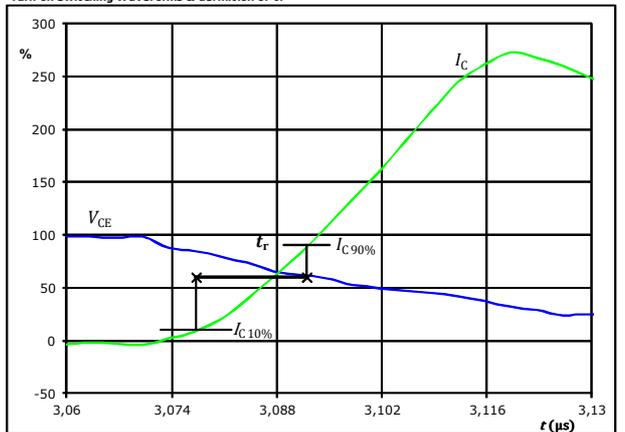
$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	121	A
$t_{don} =$	0,140	$\mu s$
$t_{Eon} =$	0,225	$\mu s$

**figure 3.** IGBT  
 Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_f$



$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	121	A
$t_f =$	0,012	$\mu s$

**figure 4.** IGBT  
 Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$



$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	121	A
$t_r =$	0,015	$\mu s$

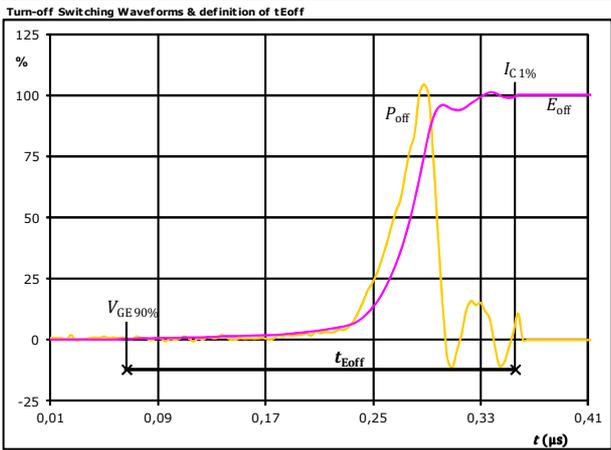


Vincotech

**30-FT07NIB200SG02-L965F08**  
**30-PT07NIB200SG02-L965F08Y**  
 datasheet

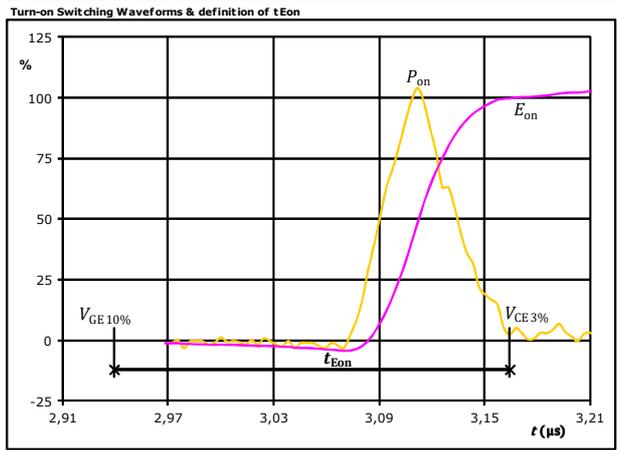
## Buck Switching Characteristics

**figure 5.** IGBT



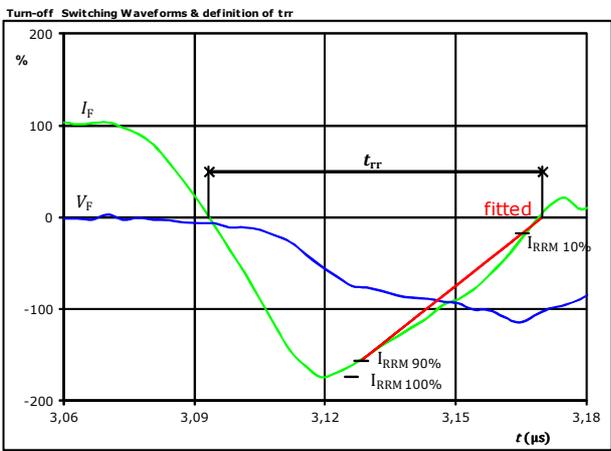
$P_{off}(100\%) = 42,21$  kW  
 $E_{off}(100\%) = 1,59$  mJ  
 $t_{Eoff} = 0,29$  µs

**figure 6.** IGBT



$P_{on}(100\%) = 42,21$  kW  
 $E_{on}(100\%) = 1,92$  mJ  
 $t_{Eon} = 0,23$  µs

**figure 7.** FWD

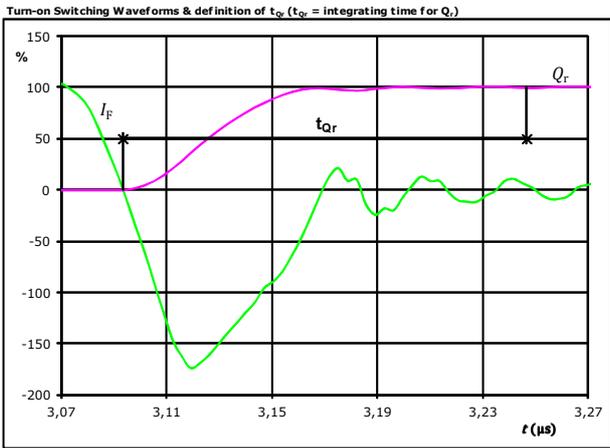


$V_F(100\%) = 350$  V  
 $I_F(100\%) = 121$  A  
 $I_{RRM}(100\%) = -210$  A  
 $t_{rr} = 0,076$  µs



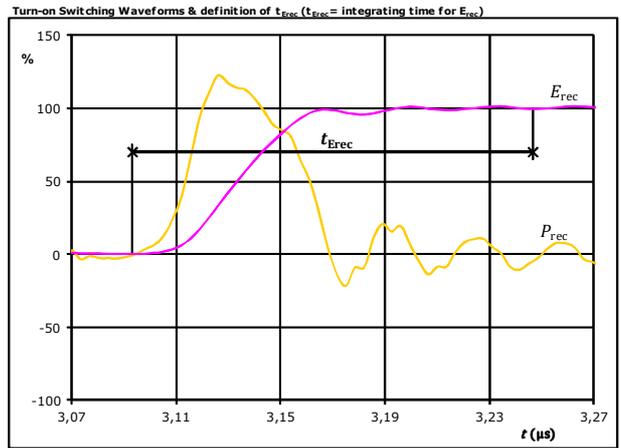
## Buck Switching Characteristics

**figure 8.** FWD



$I_F$ (100%) =	121	A
$Q_r$ (100%) =	9,19	$\mu\text{C}$
$t_{Qr}$ =	0,15	$\mu\text{s}$

**figure 9.** FWD



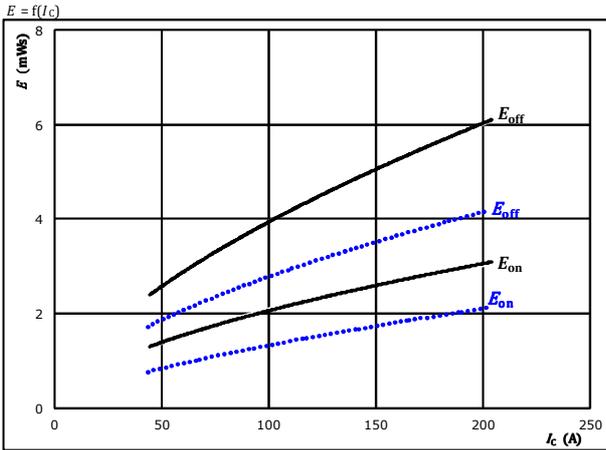
$P_{rec}$ (100%) =	41,01	kW
$E_{rec}$ (100%) =	2,12	mJ
$t_{Erec}$ =	0,15	$\mu\text{s}$



## Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 1.** IGBT

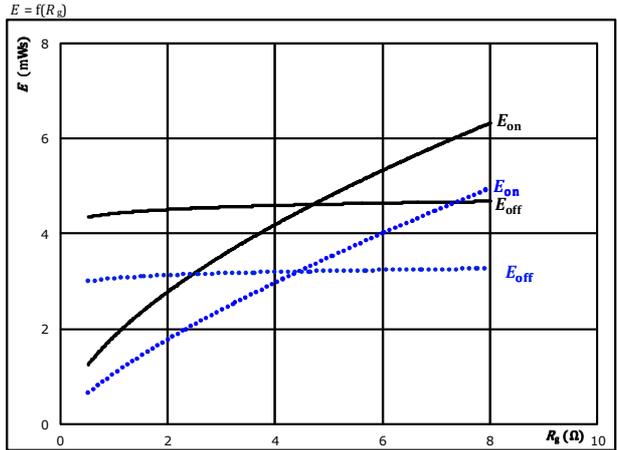
Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 2$   $\Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 2$   $\Omega$   
 $T_j: 25$   $^{\circ}\text{C}$  (dotted blue)  
 $125$   $^{\circ}\text{C}$  (solid black)

**figure 2.** IGBT

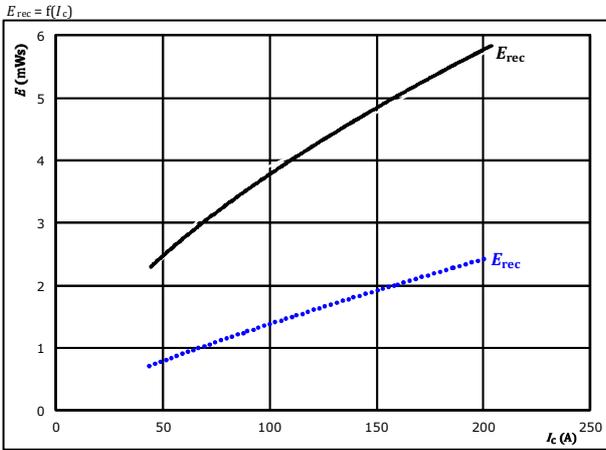
Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 121$  A  
 $T_j: 25$   $^{\circ}\text{C}$  (dotted blue)  
 $125$   $^{\circ}\text{C}$  (solid black)

**figure 3.** FWD

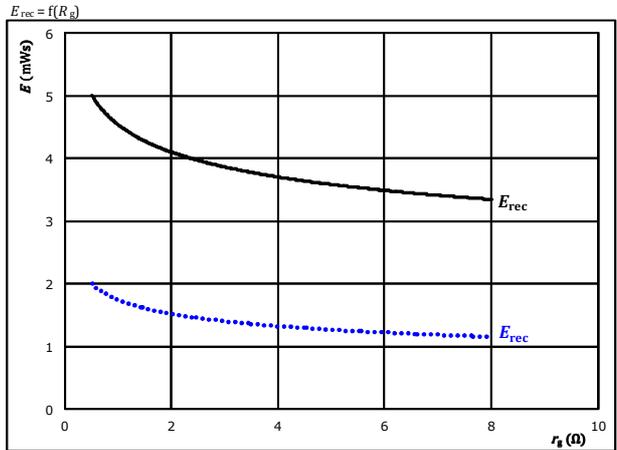
Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 2$   $\Omega$   
 $T_j: 25$   $^{\circ}\text{C}$  (dotted blue)  
 $125$   $^{\circ}\text{C}$  (solid black)

**figure 4.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 121$  A  
 $T_j: 25$   $^{\circ}\text{C}$  (dotted blue)  
 $125$   $^{\circ}\text{C}$  (solid black)

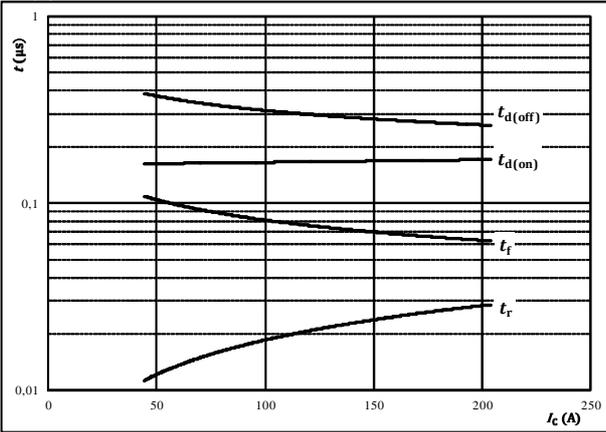


## Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 5.** IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_C)$$



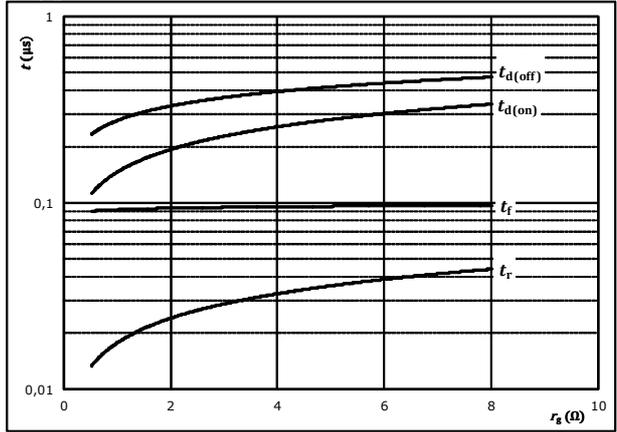
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{gon} =$	2	Ω
$R_{goff} =$	2	Ω

**figure 6.** IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(R_g)$$



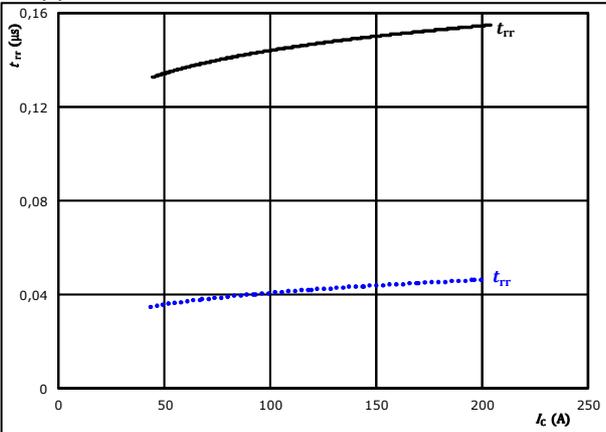
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$I_C =$	121	A

**figure 7.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$$

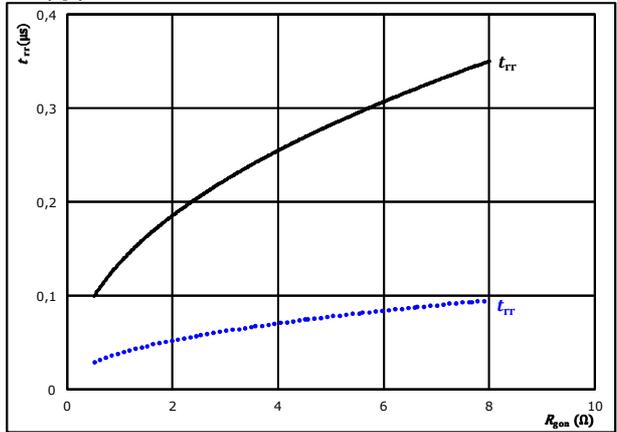


At	$V_{CE} =$	350	V	$T_j =$	25 °C	.....
	$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		125 °C	————
	$R_{gon} =$	2	Ω			

**figure 8.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$



At	$V_{CE} =$	350	V	$T_j =$	25 °C	.....
	$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		125 °C	————
	$I_C =$	121	A			

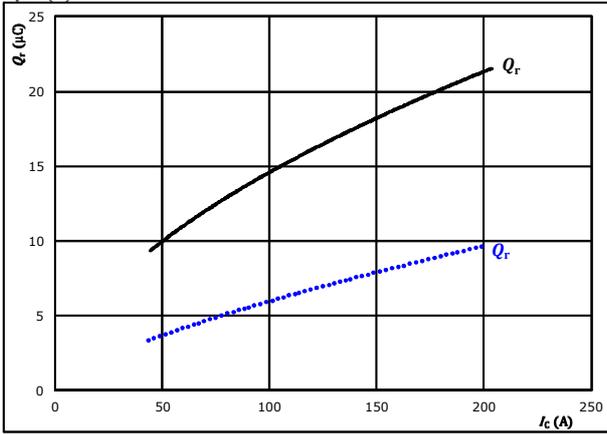


## Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 9.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$

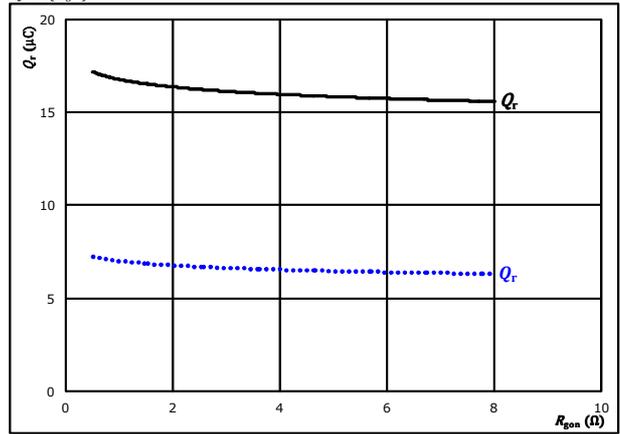


At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C .....  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C ———  
 $R_{gpn} = 2$  Ω

**figure 10.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gpn})$$

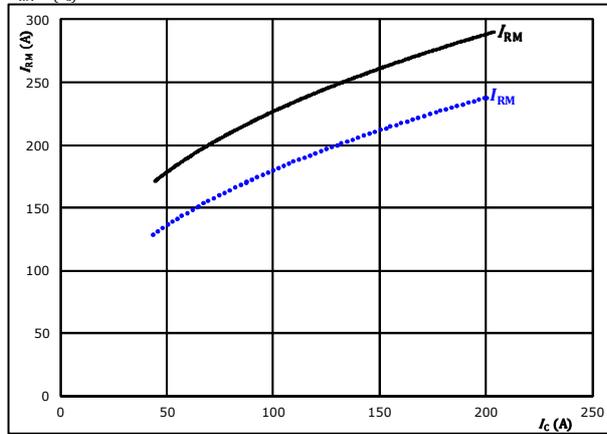


At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C .....  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C ———  
 $I_c = 121$  A

**figure 11.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$

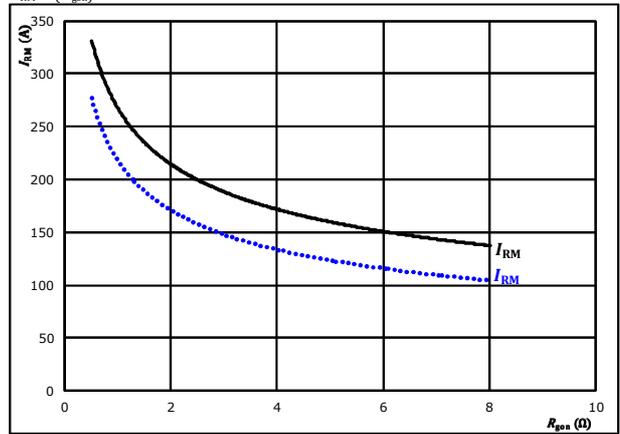


At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C .....  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C ———  
 $R_{gpn} = 2$  Ω

**figure 12.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gpn})$$



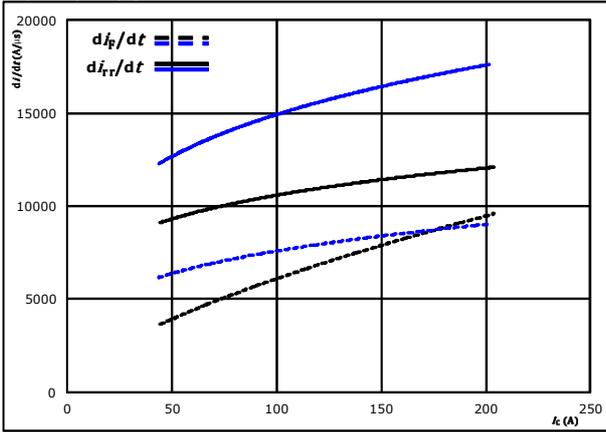
At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C .....  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C ———  
 $I_c = 121$  A



## Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 13.** FWD

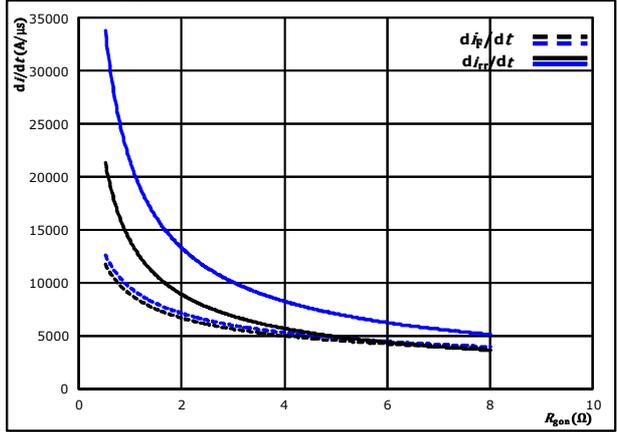
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C  $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C  $R_{gon} = 2$  Ω

**figure 14.** FWD

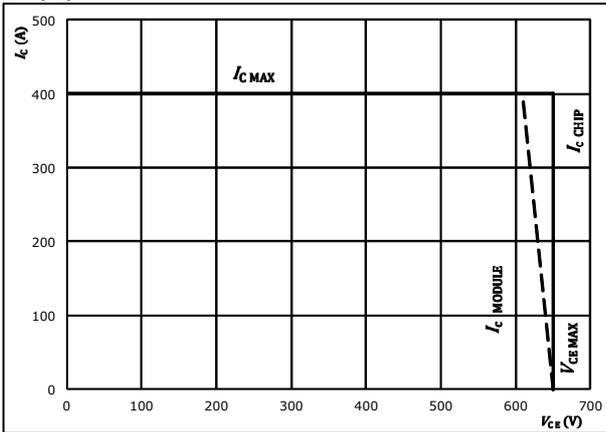
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_g)$



At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C  $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C  $I_c = 121$  A

**figure 15.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area  
 $I_c = f(V_{CE})$



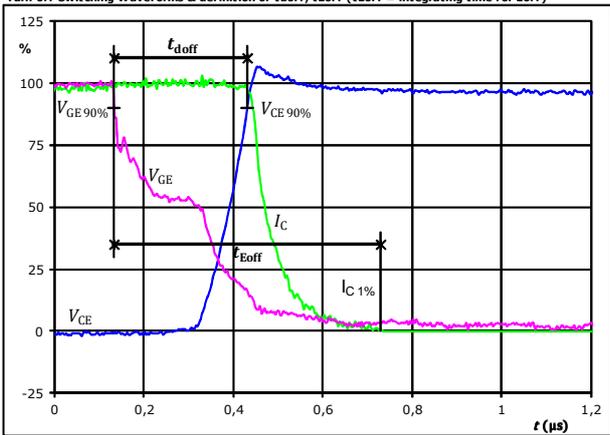
At  $T_j = 175$  °C  $R_{gon} = 2$  Ω  $R_{goff} = 2$  Ω



## Boost Switching Characteristics

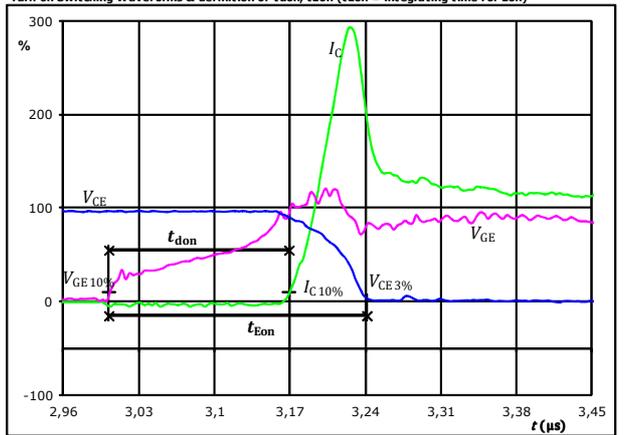
General conditions		
$T_j$	=	125 °C
$R_{gon}$	=	2 $\Omega$
$R_{goff}$	=	2 $\Omega$

**figure 1.** IGBT  
 Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$ ,  $t_{Eoff}$  ( $t_{Eoff}$  = integrating time for  $E_{off}$ )



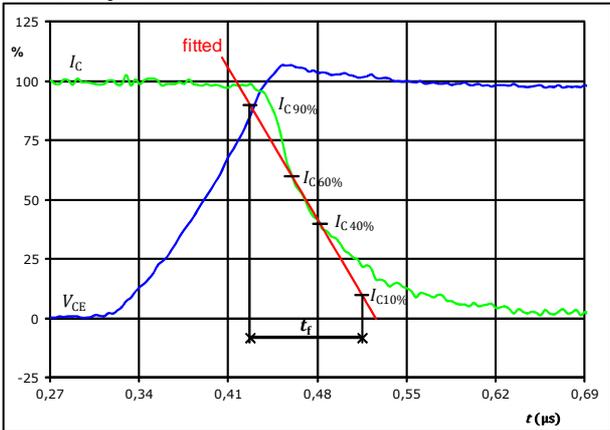
$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	126	A
$t_{doff} =$	0,295	$\mu s$
$t_{Eoff} =$	0,596	$\mu s$

**figure 2.** IGBT  
 Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{don}$ ,  $t_{Eon}$  ( $t_{Eon}$  = integrating time for  $E_{on}$ )



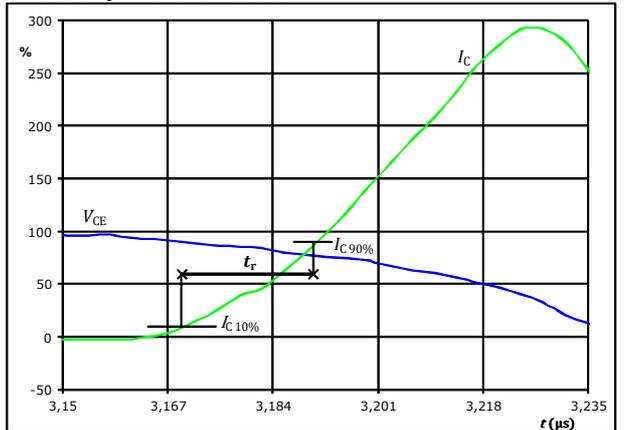
$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	126	A
$t_{don} =$	0,166	$\mu s$
$t_{Eon} =$	0,239	$\mu s$

**figure 3.** IGBT  
 Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_f$



$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	126	A
$t_f =$	0,088	$\mu s$

**figure 4.** IGBT  
 Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$



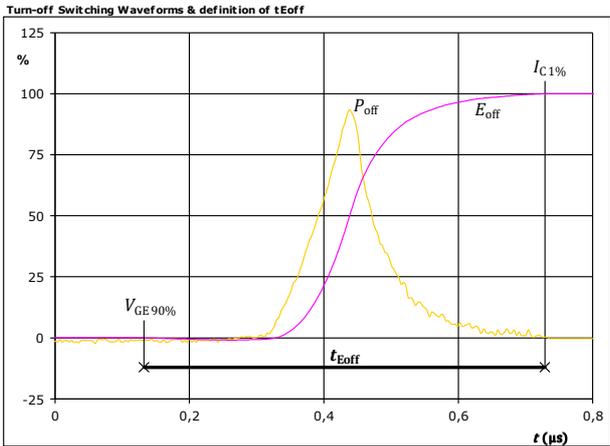
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	126	A
$t_r =$	0,022	$\mu s$



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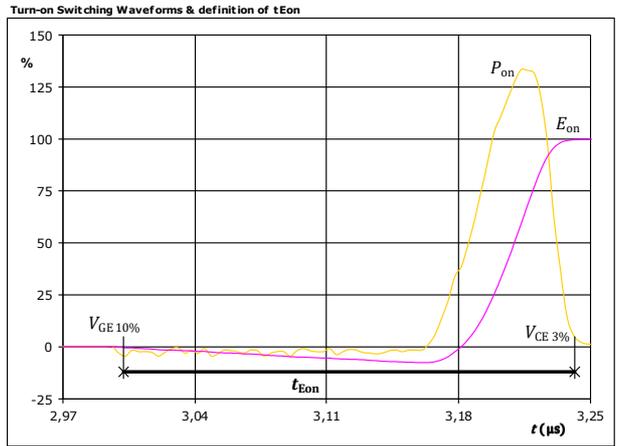
## Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 5.** IGBT



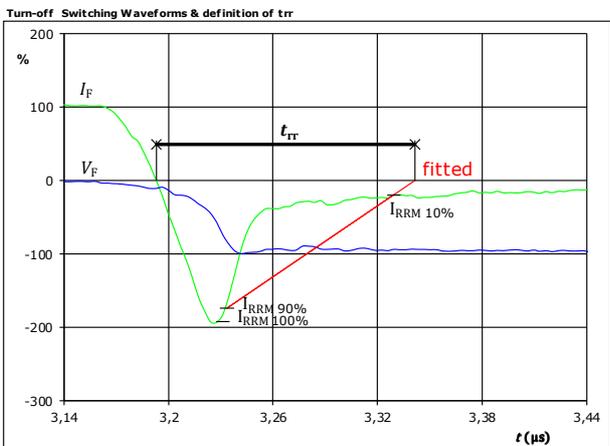
$P_{off}(100\%) = 43,94$  kW  
 $E_{off}(100\%) = 4,56$  mJ  
 $t_{Eoff} = 0,60$  µs

**figure 6.** IGBT



$P_{on}(100\%) = 43,94$  kW  
 $E_{on}(100\%) = 2,39$  mJ  
 $t_{Eon} = 0,24$  µs

**figure 7.** FWD

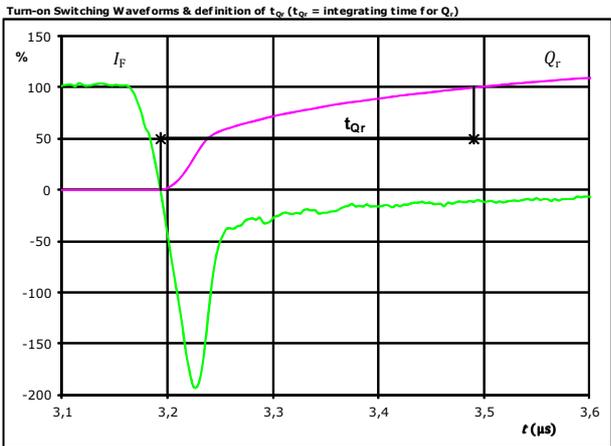


$V_F(100\%) = 350$  V  
 $I_F(100\%) = 126$  A  
 $I_{RRM}(100\%) = -245$  A  
 $t_{rr} = 0,148$  µs



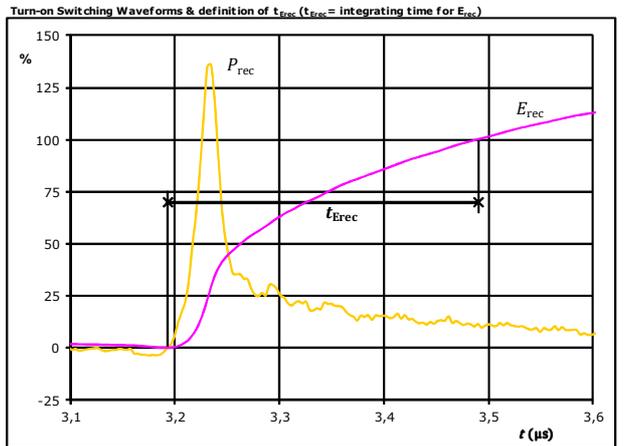
### Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 8.** FWD



$I_F$ (100%) =	126	A
$Q_r$ (100%) =	16,39	$\mu\text{C}$
$t_{Qr}$ =	0,30	$\mu\text{s}$

**figure 9.** FWD



$P_{rec}$ (100%) =	43,94	kW
$E_{rec}$ (100%) =	4,33	mJ
$t_{Erec}$ =	0,30	$\mu\text{s}$



# 30-FT07NIB200SG02-L965F08 30-PT07NIB200SG02-L965F08Y

datasheet

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Ordering Code & Marking								
Version			Ordering Code					
without thermal paste			30-FT07NIB200SG02-L965F08					
without thermal paste with press-fit pins			30-PT07NIB200SG02-L965F08Y					
with thermal paste			30-FT07NIB200SG02-L965F08-/3/					
with thermal paste with press-fit pins			30-PT07NIB200SG02-L965F08Y-/3/					
NN-NNNNNNNNNNNN TTTTUVVWWYY UL VIN LLLL SSSS			<b>Text</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>Date code</b>	<b>UL &amp; VIN</b>	<b>Lot</b>	<b>Serial</b>
				N-NNNNNNNNNNNNNN-TTTTUVV	WWYY	UL VIN	LLLLL	SSSS
			<b>Datamatrix</b>	<b>Type&amp;Ver</b>	<b>Lot number</b>	<b>Serial</b>	<b>Date code</b>	
			TTTTTUVV	LLLLL	SSSS	WWYY		

Outline							
Pin table [mm]				Pin table [mm]			
Pin	X	Y	Function	Pin	X	Y	Function
1	70	3	DC+2	52	Not assembled		
2	70	0	DC+2	53	64,2	36,6	Therm1
3	67,5	0	DC+2	54	70,6	36,55	Therm2
4	65	0	DC+2	55	70	18,9	S11
5	62,5	0	DC+2	56	68,55	15,9	G11
6	60	0	DC+2				
7	52,75	3	GND2				
8	52,75	0	GND2				
9	50,25	3	GND2				
10	50,25	0	GND2				
11	43	3	DC-2				
12	43	0	DC-2				
13	40,5	3	DC-2				
14	40,5	0	DC-2				
15	38	3	DC-2				
16	38	0	DC-2				
17	32	3	DC-1				
18	32	0	DC-1				
19	29,5	3	DC-1				
20	29,5	0	DC-1				
21	27	3	DC-1				
22	27	0	DC-1				
23	19,75	0	GND1				
24	17,25	0	GND1				
25	14,75	0	GND1				
26	12,25	0	GND1				
27	5	3	DC+1				
28	5	0	DC+1				
29	2,5	3	DC+1				
30	2,5	0	DC+1				
31	0	3	DC+1				
32	0	0	DC+1				
33	5,75	19,45	G14				
34	5,75	22,45	S14				
35	Not assembled						
36	19,25	22,85	G12				
37	17,85	19,85	S12				
38	2	36	Ph1				
39	4,5	36	Ph1				
40	7	36	Ph1				
41	9,5	36	Ph1				
42	12	36	Ph1				
43	14,5	36	Ph1				
44	38	36	Ph2				
45	40,5	36	Ph2				
46	43	36	Ph2				
47	45,5	36	Ph2				
48	48	36	Ph2				
49	50,5	36	Ph2				
50	49,9	32	G13				
51	52,9	32	S13				

**solder pins**

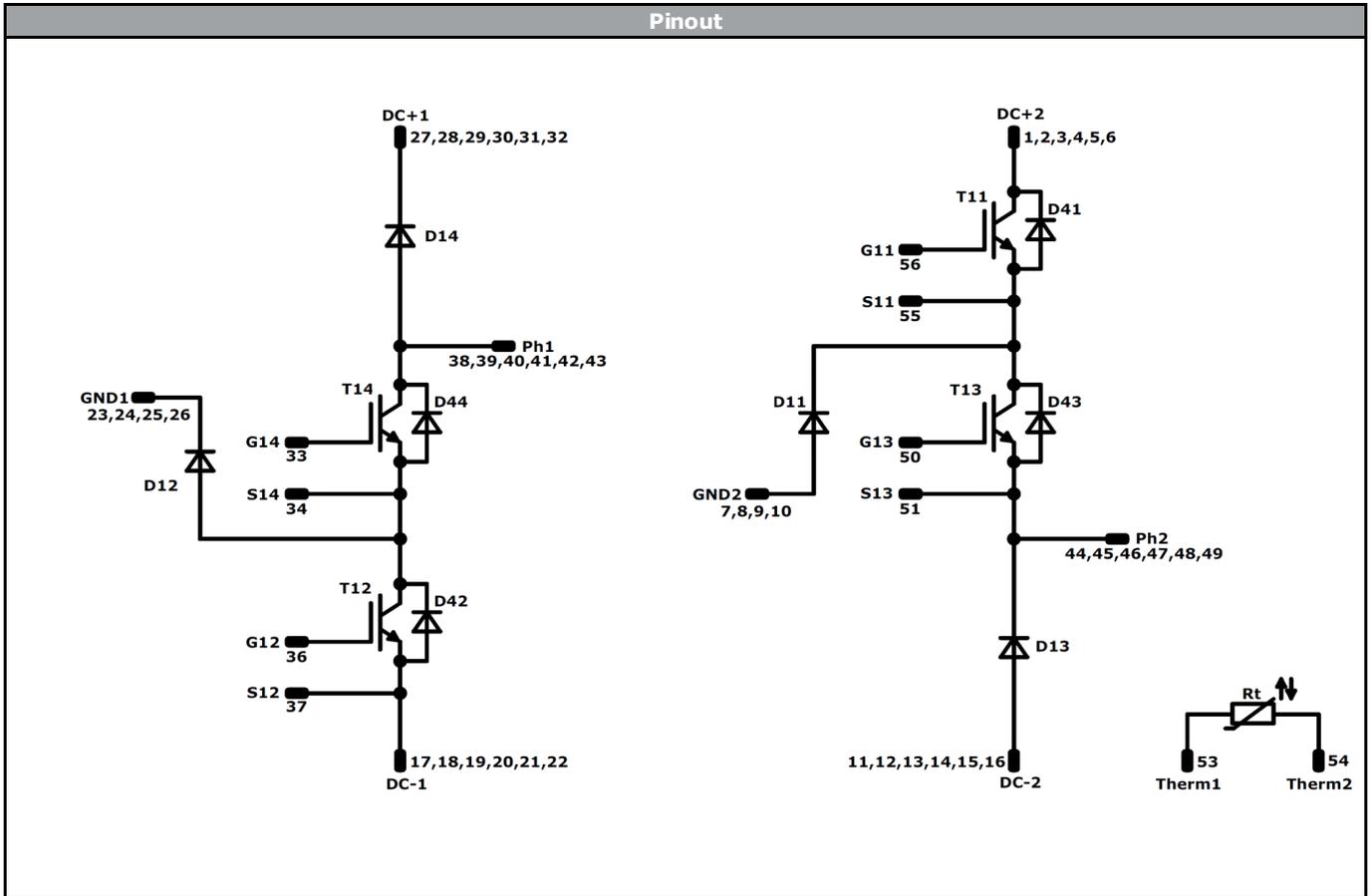
**press-fit pins**

Tolerance of pinpositions: ±0.5mm at the end of pins  
Dimension of coordinate axis is only offset without tolerance

Tolerance of pinpositions: ±0.5mm at the end of pins  
Dimension of coordinate axis is only offset without tolerance



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<b>Identification</b>					
<b>ID</b>	<b>Component</b>	<b>Voltage</b>	<b>Current</b>	<b>Function</b>	<b>Comment</b>
T11 , T12	IGBT	650 V	200 A	Buck Switch	
T13 , T14	IGBT	650 V	180 A	Boost Switch	
D11 , D12	FWD	650 V	200 A	Buck Diode	
D13 , D14	FWD	1200 V	150 A	Boost Diode	
D41,D42,D43,D44	FWD	650 V	30 A	Sw. Protection Diode	
Rt	Thermistor			Thermistor	



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Packaging instruction			
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 36	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ Sample

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for <i>flow 2</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for <i>flow 2</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

UL recognition and file number
This device is certified according to UL 1557 standard, UL file number E192116. For more information see vincotech.com website. 

Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
30-xT07NIB200SG02-L965F08x-D1-14	04 Apr. 2017		

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.