



<i>flow PIM 2</i>	1200 V / 75 A
<div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"><b>Features</b></div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IGBT M7 with low <math>V_{CEsat}</math> and improved EMC behavior</li> <li>Open emitter configuration</li> <li>Compact and low inductive design</li> <li>Built-in NTC</li> </ul>	<div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"><b>flow 2 housing</b></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> </div> <p style="text-align: center; margin-top: 5px;">Solder pins      Press-fit pins</p>
<div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"><b>Target applications</b></div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Industrial Drives</li> </ul>	<div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"><b>Schematic</b></div>
<div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"><b>Types</b></div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>30-F212PMA075M7-L889A79</li> <li>30-P212PMA075M7-L889A79Y</li> </ul>	

## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
<b>Rectifier Diode</b>				
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1600	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	$I_F$		75	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	$I_{FSM}$	$t_p = 10\text{ ms, sin } 180^\circ$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	890	A
Surge current capability	$I^2t$		3960	A <sup>2</sup> s
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	156	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		150	°C



## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
<b>Inverter Switch</b>				
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		1200	V
Collector current	$I_C$		75	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	150	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	190	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		$\pm 20$	V
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

<b>Inverter Diode</b>				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1200	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	89	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$T_j$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	200	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	165	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

<b>Brake Switch</b>				
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		1200	V
Collector current	$I_C$		50	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	100	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	162	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		$\pm 20$	V
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

<b>Brake Diode</b>				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1200	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	$I_F$		25	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$T_j$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	50	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	70	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$



## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
<b>Brake Sw. Protection Diode</b>				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1200	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	$I_F$		5	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$		10	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	34	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C

## Module Properties

### Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	$T_{jop}$		-40...(T <sub>jmax</sub> - 25)	°C

### Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	$V_{isol}$	DC Test Voltage* $t_p = 2\text{ s}$	6000	V
		AC Voltage $t_p = 1\text{ min}$	2500	V
Creepage distance			min. 12,7	mm
Clearance		Solder Pins	11,82	mm
		Press-fit Pins	11,58	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI		> 200	

\*100 % tested in production



### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

#### Rectifier Diode

##### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$			75	25 125 150		1,10 1,04 1,05	1,8	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_F$		1600		25 145			50 1100	$\mu$ A

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)					0,45		K/W
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## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

### Inverter Switch

#### Static

Parameter	Symbol	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}$	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$				0,0075	25	5,4	6	6,6	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CEsat}$		15		75	25 125 150		1,55 1,70 1,75	1,90	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	1200		25			100	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0		25			500	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$							4		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$							16000		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oes}$		0	10		25		480		
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$							190		
Gate charge	$Q_g$		15	600	75	25		570		nC

#### Thermal

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)	K/W

#### Dynamic

Parameter	Symbol	$R_{goff} = 4 \Omega$ $R_{gon} = 4 \Omega$	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$		±15	600	75	25		259		ns
Rise time	$t_r$						125	267		
							150	269		
							25	40		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$						125	50		
		150	51							
		25	227							
Fall time	$t_f$	125	259							
		150	266							
		25	87							
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$	$Q_{tFWD} = 8 \mu C$ $Q_{tFWD} = 12,6 \mu C$ $Q_{tFWD} = 14,2 \mu C$				25		6,83		mWs
							125	9,29		
							150	9,94		
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$					25		5,17		
							125	6,89		
							150	7,30		



### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

#### Inverter Diode

##### Static

Parameter	Symbol	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Forward voltage	$V_F$			100	25 125 150		1,82 1,96 1,97	2,1	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$		1200		25			40	μA

##### Thermal

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)	0,58	K/W

##### Dynamic

Parameter	Symbol	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$				25 125 150		63 64 66		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$				25 125 150		297 458 502		ns
Recovered charge	$Q_r$			±15	600	75	8,02 12,63 14,17		μC
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$				25 125 150		2,75 4,59 5,24		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$				25 125 150		592 340 314		A/μs



## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

### Brake Switch

#### Static

Parameter	Symbol	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}$	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$				0,005	25	5,4	6	6,6	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CEsat}$		15		50	25 125 150		1,55 1,77 1,83	1,9	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	1200		25			90	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		15	0		25			500	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$							none		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$							10000		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oes}$		0	10		25		350		
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$							130		
Gate charge	$Q_g$		15	600	50	25		410		nC

#### Thermal

Parameter	Symbol	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$							0,59		K/W

#### Dynamic

Parameter	Symbol	$R_{goff} = 8$ Ω $R_{gon} = 8$ Ω	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$		15/0	700	50	25		116		ns
Rise time	$t_r$					125		105		
						150		105		
						25		58		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	25		330						
		125		369						
		150		374						
Fall time	$t_f$	25		85						
		125		117						
		150		124						
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$	$Q_{FWD} = 3,8$ μC $Q_{FWD} = 5,6$ μC $Q_{FWD} = 6,2$ μC				25		4,49		mWs
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$	125		5,50						
		150		5,80						
		25		4,94						
						125		5,48		
						150		5,76		



### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

#### Brake Diode

##### Static

Parameter	Symbol	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Forward voltage	$V_F$			25	25 125 150		1,63 1,70 1,69	2,1	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$			1200	25			35	µA

##### Thermal

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)	1,36	K/W

##### Dynamic

Parameter	Symbol	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$				25 125 150		30 32 33		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$				25 125 150		263 376 411		ns
Recovered charge	$Q_r$			15/0	700	50	3,82 5,59 6,19		µC
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$				25 125 150		1,70 2,62 2,95		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{ri}/dt)_{max}$				25 125 150		272 192 183		A/µs

#### Brake Sw. Protection Diode

##### Static

Parameter	Symbol	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Forward voltage	$V_F$			5	25 125 150		1,57 1,65 1,65	2,1	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$			1200	25			20	µA

##### Thermal

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)	2,76	K/W





### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions				Value			Unit
		$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

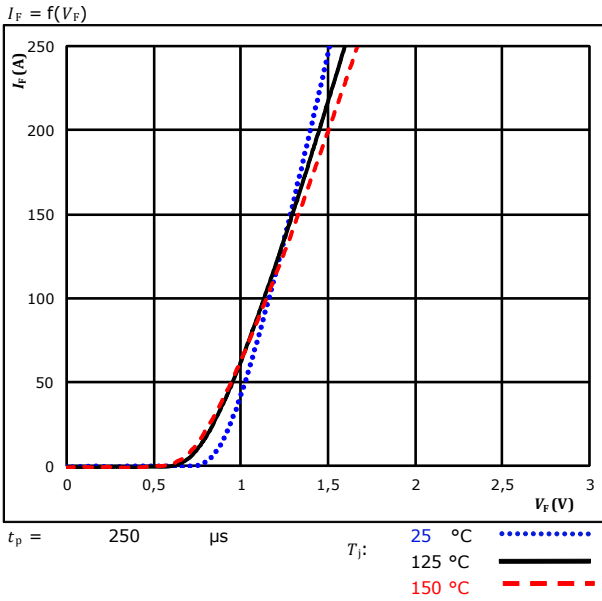
#### Thermistor

Rated resistance	$R$				25		22		kΩ
Deviation of $R_{100}$	$\Delta_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 1484 \Omega$			100	-5		5	%
Power dissipation	$P$				25		5		mW
Power dissipation constant					25		1,5		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. $\pm 1 \%$			25		3962		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. $\pm 1 \%$			25		4000		K
Vincotech NTC Reference								I	

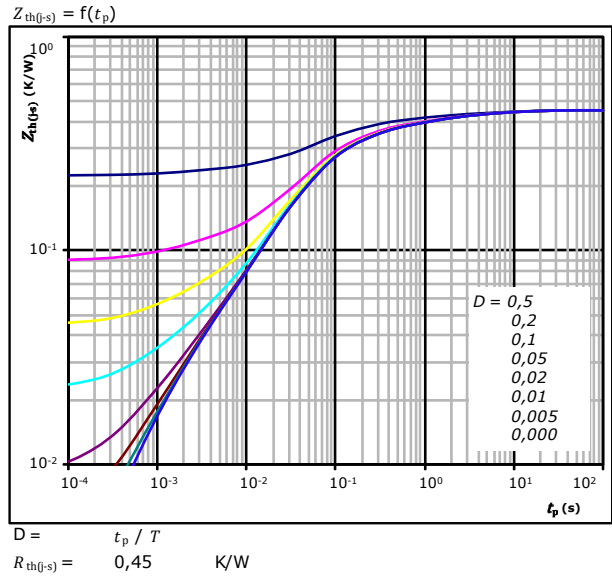


## Rectifier Diode Characteristics

**figure 1. Rectifier Diode**  
**Typical forward characteristics**



**figure 2. Rectifier Diode**  
**Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width**



Diode thermal model values

$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
3,06E-02	7,38E+00
5,87E-02	1,30E+00
1,21E-01	1,90E-01
2,00E-01	4,49E-02
2,12E-02	9,83E-03
1,85E-02	1,38E-03

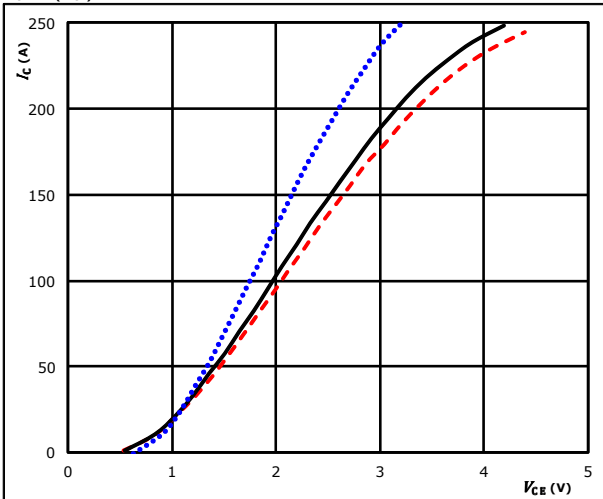


## Inverter Switch Characteristics

**figure 1.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

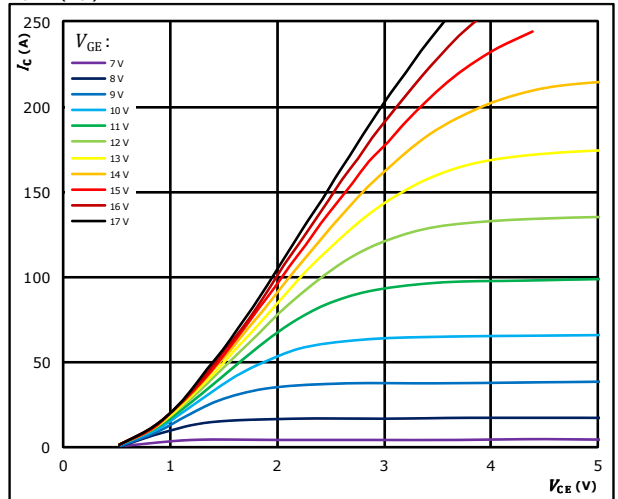


$t_p = 250 \mu s$        $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ C$       .....  
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$        $T_j: 125 \text{ }^\circ C$       ———  
                           $T_j: 150 \text{ }^\circ C$       - - - -

**figure 2.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

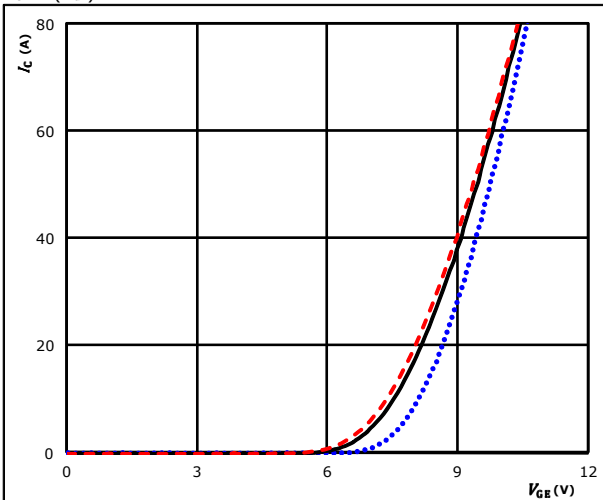


$t_p = 250 \mu s$        $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ C$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

**figure 3.** IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{GE})$

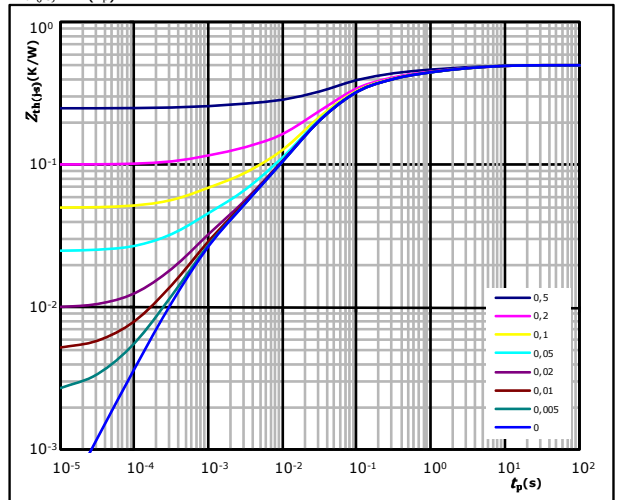


$t_p = 100 \mu s$        $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ C$       .....  
 $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$        $T_j: 125 \text{ }^\circ C$       ———  
                           $T_j: 150 \text{ }^\circ C$       - - - -

**figure 4.** IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as function of pulse duration

$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,50 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
3,92E-02	4,73E+00
6,01E-02	9,48E-01
1,18E-01	1,70E-01
2,25E-01	3,80E-02
3,32E-02	9,18E-03
2,48E-02	8,63E-04

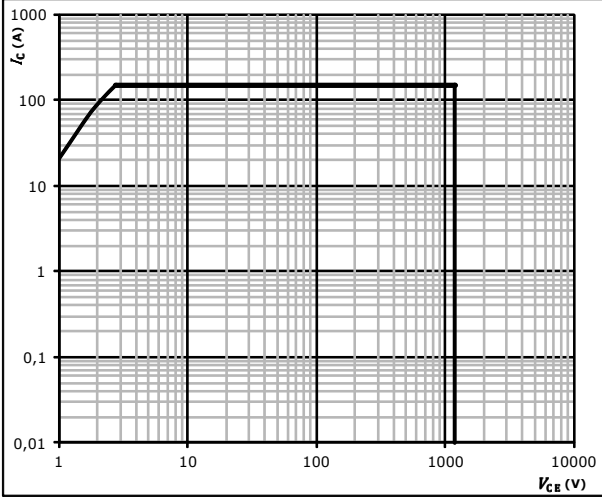


### Inverter Switch Characteristics

**figure 5. IGBT**

Safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



- $D =$  single pulse
- $T_s =$  80 °C
- $V_{GE} =$  ±15 V
- $T_j =$   $T_{jmax}$

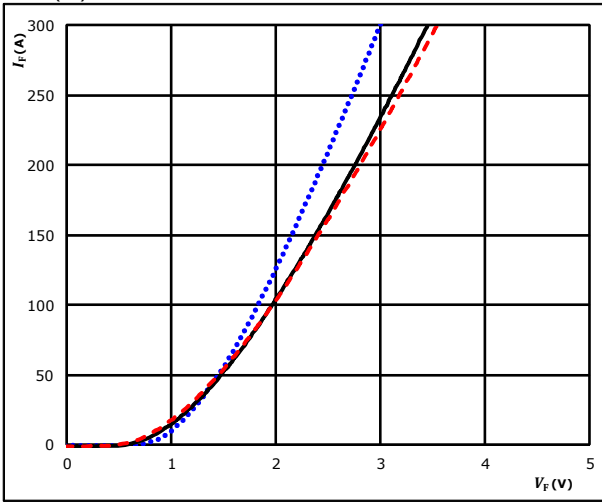


## Inverter Diode Characteristics

**figure 1.** FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$



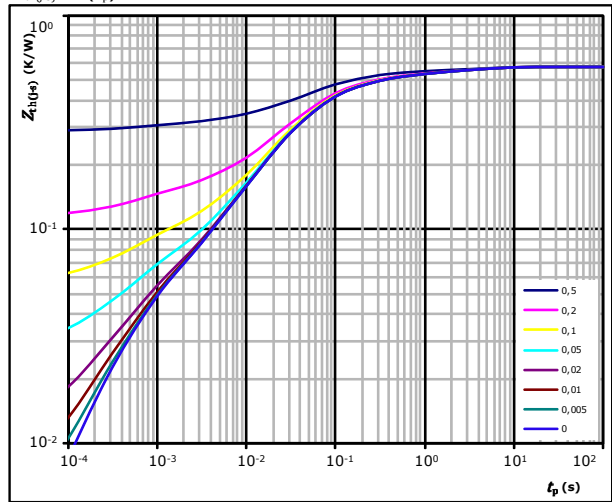
$t_p = 250 \mu s$

$T_j$ : 25 °C (blue dotted line)  
 125 °C (black solid line)  
 150 °C (red dashed line)

**figure 2.** FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$

$R_{th(j-s)} = 0,58$  K/W

FWD thermal model values

$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
4,89E-02	3,41E+00
7,07E-02	4,06E-01
2,02E-01	7,46E-02
1,90E-01	2,27E-02
3,24E-02	3,47E-03
3,35E-02	4,78E-04

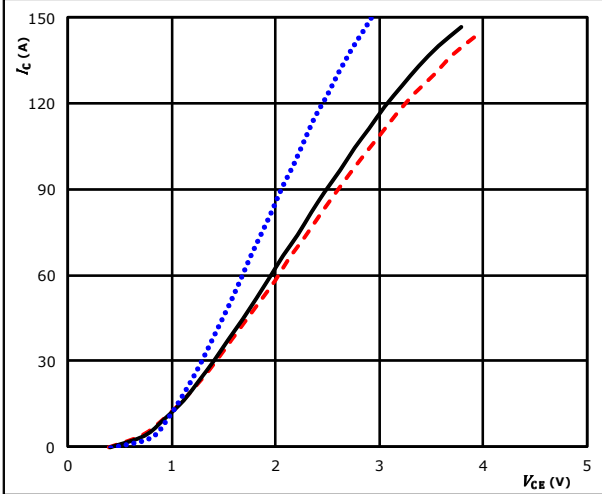


## Brake Switch Characteristics

**figure 1.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

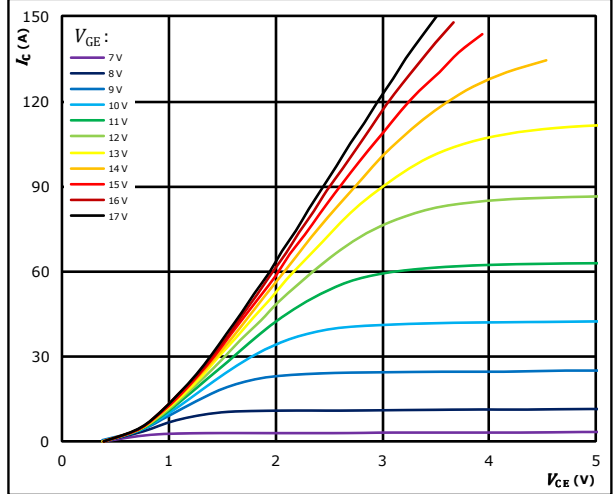


$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$   $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (blue dotted)  
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$   $T_j: 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (black solid)  
 $T_j: 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (red dashed)

**figure 2.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

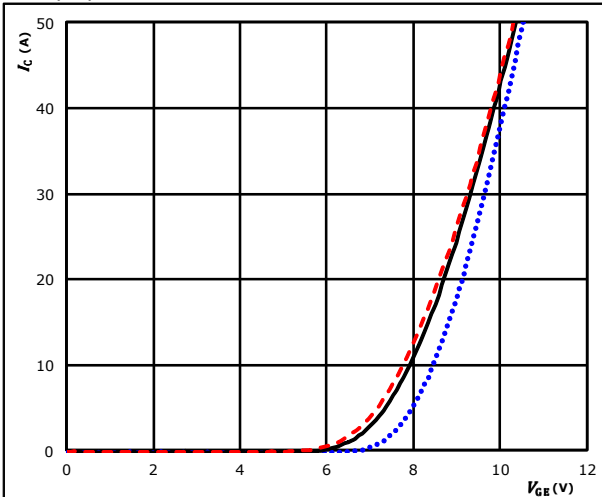


$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$   
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

**figure 3.** IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

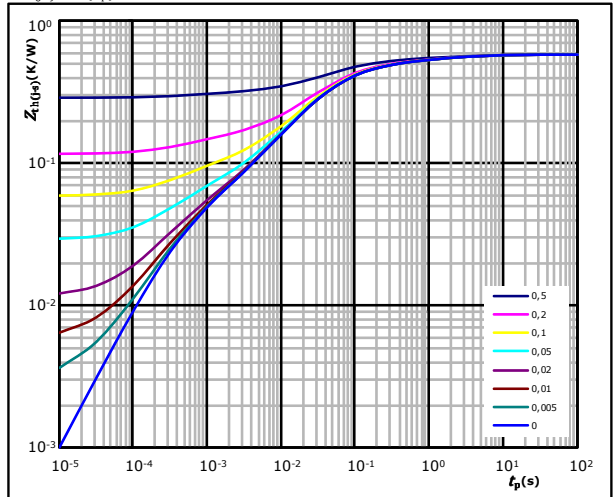


$t_p = 100 \mu\text{s}$   $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (blue dotted)  
 $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$   $T_j: 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (black solid)  
 $T_j: 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (red dashed)

**figure 4.** IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as function of pulse duration

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$$D = t_p / T$$

$$R_{th(j-s)} = 0,59 \text{ K/W}$$

IGBT thermal model values

$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
3,16E-02	4,80E+00
5,30E-02	1,05E+00
1,21E-01	1,71E-01
2,39E-01	4,01E-02
9,09E-02	1,21E-02
2,38E-02	1,71E-03
2,73E-02	3,65E-04

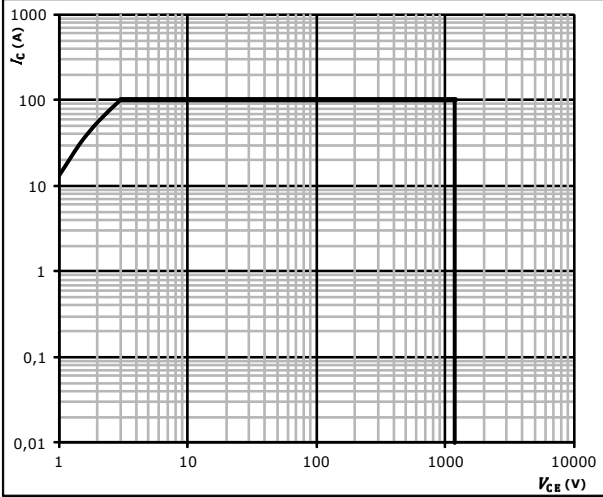


### Brake Switch Characteristics

**figure 5. IGBT**

Safe operating area

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



- $D =$  single pulse
- $T_s =$  80 °C
- $V_{GE} =$  ±15 V
- $T_j =$   $T_{jmax}$

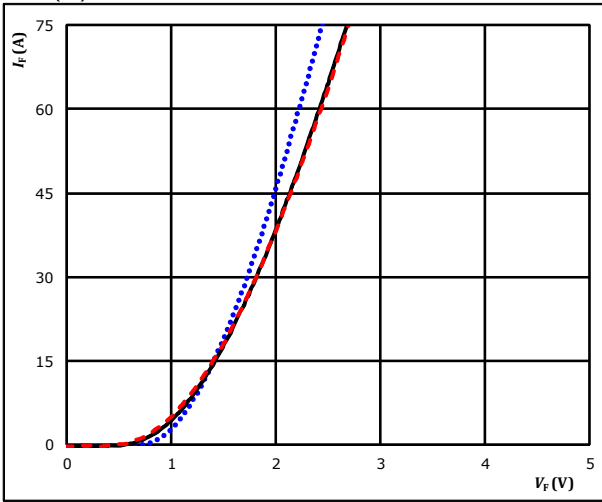


## Brake Diode Characteristics

**figure 1.** FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

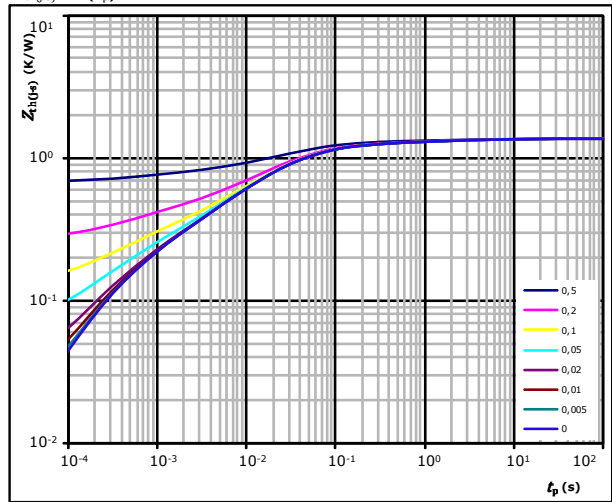


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j$ : 25 °C .....  
 125 °C ———  
 150 °C - - - -

**figure 2.** FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,36 \text{ K/W}$   
 FWD thermal model values

$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
4,30E-02	6,93E+00
7,33E-02	1,01E+00
1,84E-01	1,33E-01
5,52E-01	2,95E-02
2,85E-01	7,43E-03
1,16E-01	1,34E-03
1,06E-01	3,07E-04



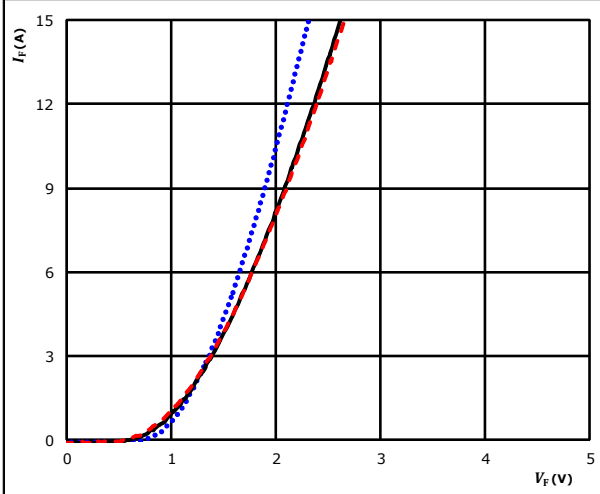


## Brake Sw. Protection Diode Characteristics

**figure 1. Prot. Diode**

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

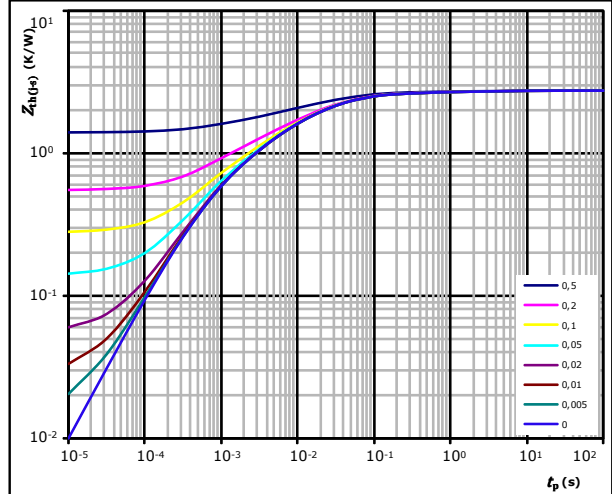


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j$ : 25 °C .....  
 125 °C ———  
 150 °C - - - -

**figure 2. Prot. Diode**

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 2,76 \text{ K/W}$   
 Prot. Diode thermal model values

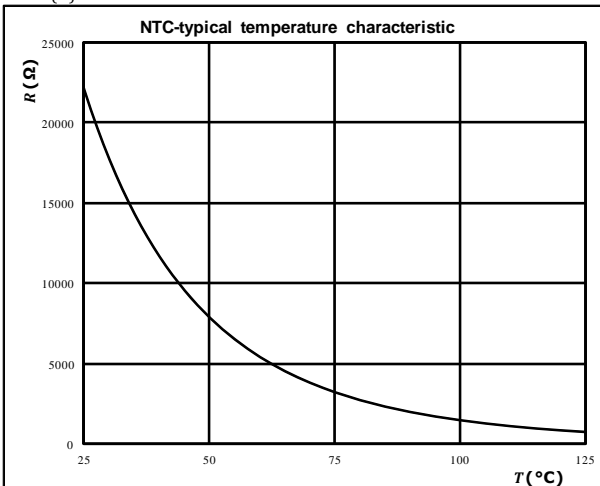
$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
6,58E-02	4,81E+00
1,43E-01	3,47E-01
6,08E-01	4,61E-02
8,65E-01	1,40E-02
7,08E-01	2,91E-03
3,69E-01	5,42E-04

## Thermistor Characteristics

**figure 1. Thermistor**

Typical NTC characteristic as a function of temperature

$$R = f(T)$$



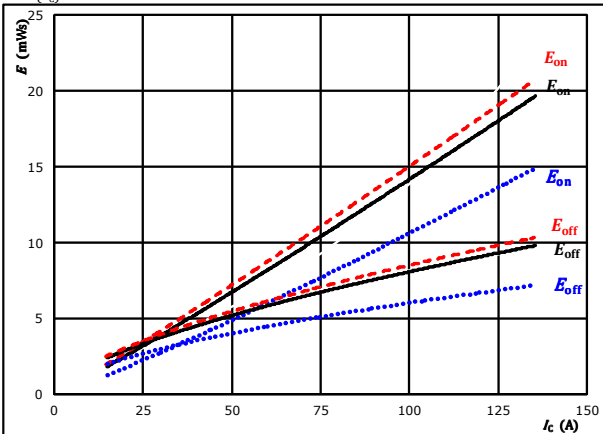


## Inverter Switching Characteristics

**figure 1.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_c)$$



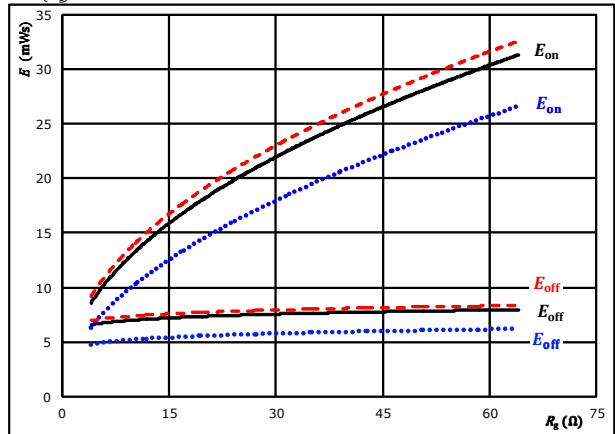
With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 4$   $\Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 4$   $\Omega$

$T_j$ : 25 °C (dotted blue), 125 °C (solid black), 150 °C (dashed red)

**figure 2.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

$$E = f(R_g)$$



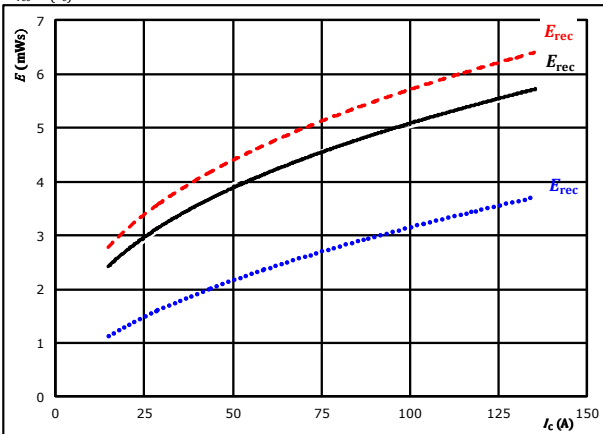
With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 75$  A

$T_j$ : 25 °C (dotted blue), 125 °C (solid black), 150 °C (dashed red)

**figure 3.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_c)$$



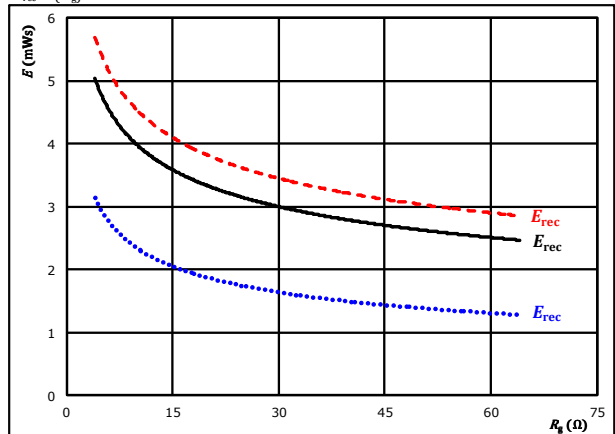
With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 4$   $\Omega$

$T_j$ : 25 °C (dotted blue), 125 °C (solid black), 150 °C (dashed red)

**figure 4.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(R_g)$$



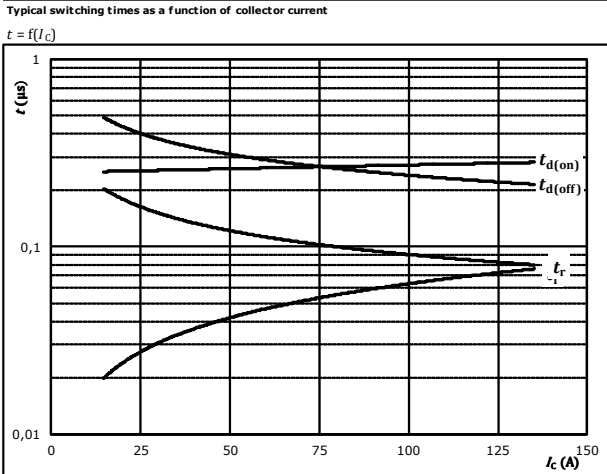
With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 75$  A

$T_j$ : 25 °C (dotted blue), 125 °C (solid black), 150 °C (dashed red)

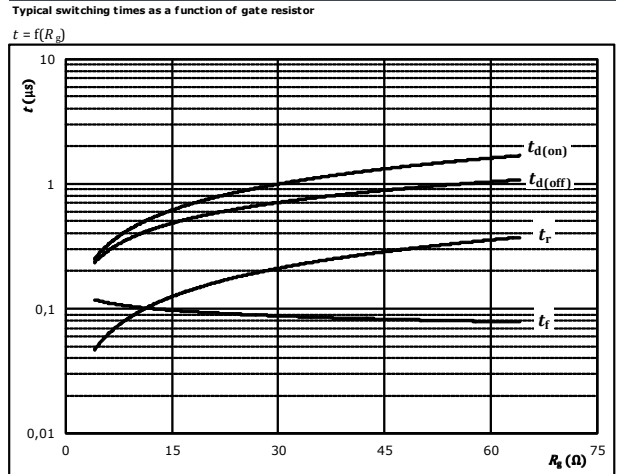


## Inverter Switching Characteristics

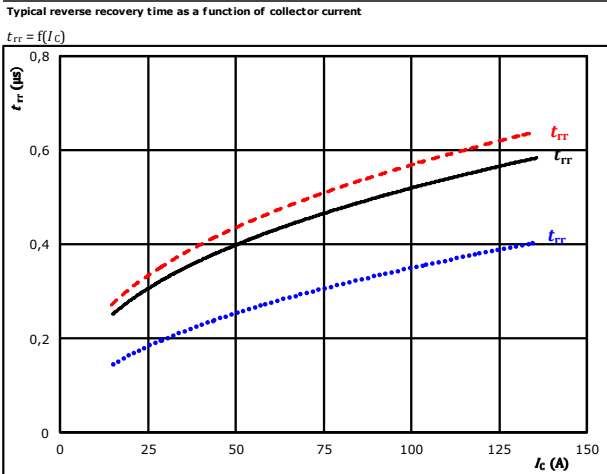
**figure 5. IGBT**  
 Typical switching times as a function of collector current



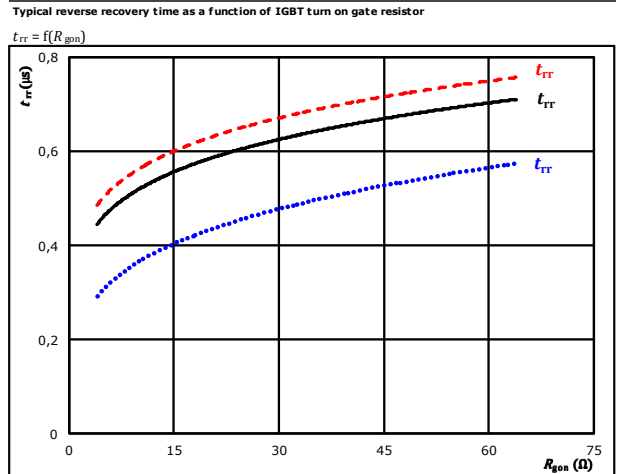
**figure 6. IGBT**  
 Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor



**figure 7. FWD**  
 Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current



**figure 8. FWD**  
 Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor



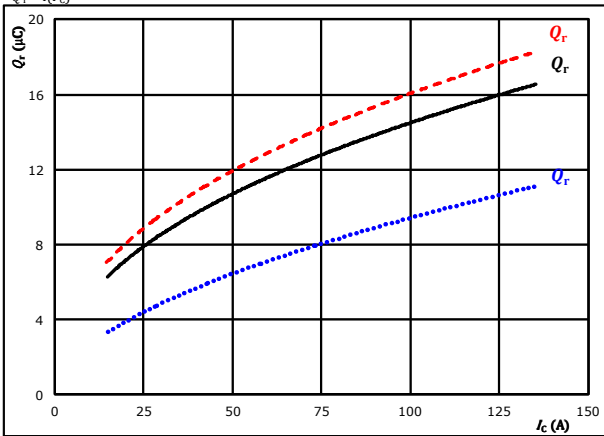


## Inverter Switching Characteristics

**figure 9.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$

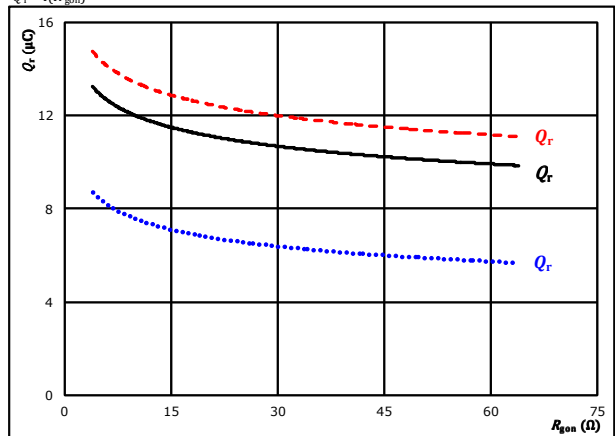


At  $V_{CE} = 600$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C .....  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C ———  
 $R_{gdn} = 4$  Ω  $T_j = 150$  °C - - - - -

**figure 10.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gdn})$$

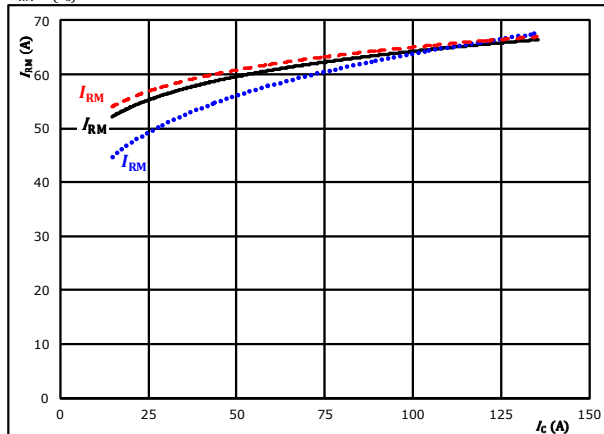


At  $V_{CE} = 600$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C .....  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C ———  
 $I_c = 75$  A  $T_j = 150$  °C - - - - -

**figure 11.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$

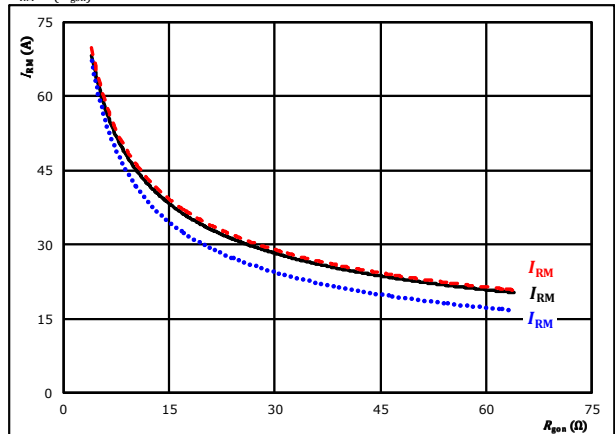


At  $V_{CE} = 600$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C .....  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C ———  
 $R_{gdn} = 4$  Ω  $T_j = 150$  °C - - - - -

**figure 12.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gdn})$$



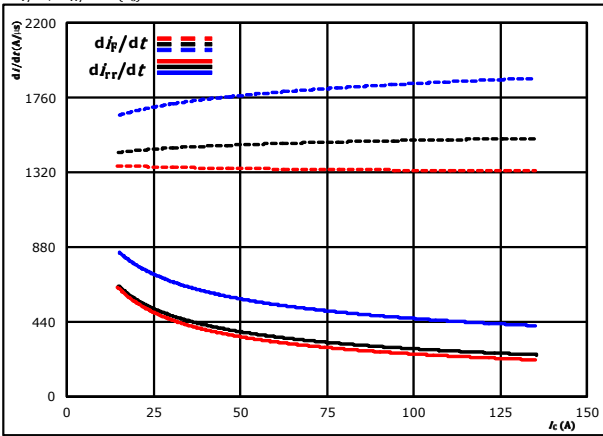
At  $V_{CE} = 600$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C .....  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C ———  
 $I_c = 75$  A  $T_j = 150$  °C - - - - -



## Inverter Switching Characteristics

**figure 13.** FWD

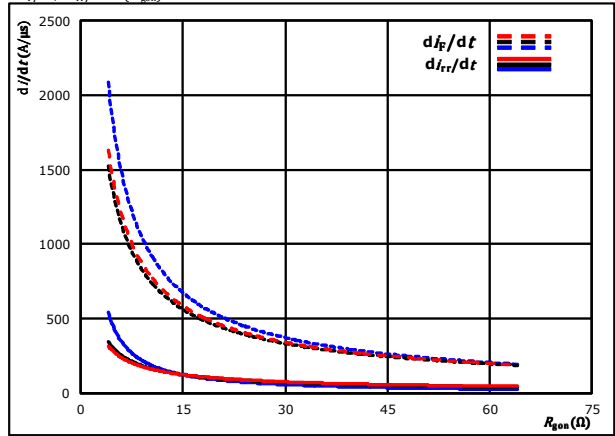
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



At  $V_{CE} = 600$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C  $R_{gpn} = 4$  Ω  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C  
 $R_{gpn} = 4$  Ω  $T_j = 150$  °C

**figure 14.** FWD

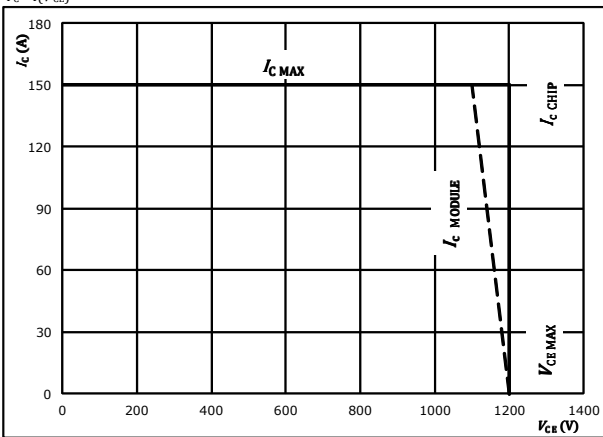
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{gpn})$



At  $V_{CE} = 600$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C  $I_c = 75$  A  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C  
 $T_j = 150$  °C

**figure 15.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area  
 $I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At  $T_j = 175$  °C  
 $R_{gpn} = 4$  Ω  
 $R_{goff} = 4$  Ω



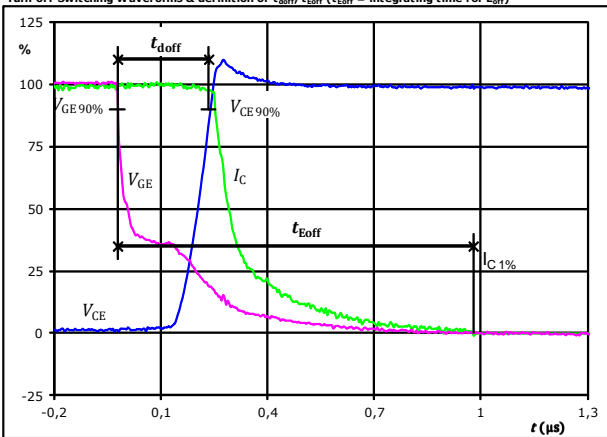
## Inverter Switching Definitions

**General conditions**

$T_j$	=	125 °C
$R_{gon}$	=	4 $\Omega$
$R_{goff}$	=	4 $\Omega$

**figure 1.** IGBT

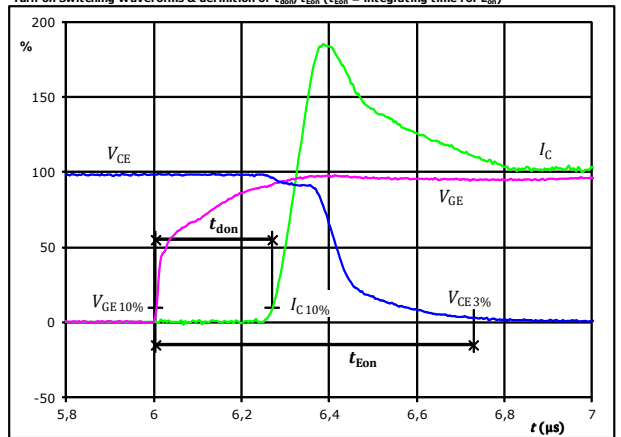
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$ ,  $t_{Eoff}$  ( $t_{Eoff}$  = integrating time for  $E_{off}$ )



$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	600	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	75	A
$t_{doff} =$	0,259	$\mu s$
$t_{Eoff} =$	1,000	$\mu s$

**figure 2.** IGBT

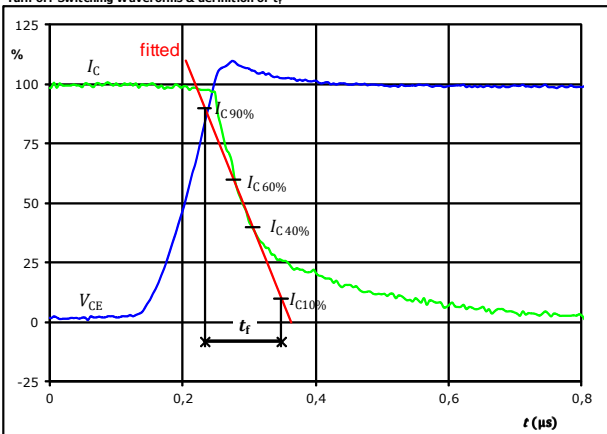
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{don}$ ,  $t_{Eon}$  ( $t_{Eon}$  = integrating time for  $E_{on}$ )



$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	600	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	75	A
$t_{don} =$	0,267	$\mu s$
$t_{Eon} =$	0,725	$\mu s$

**figure 3.** IGBT

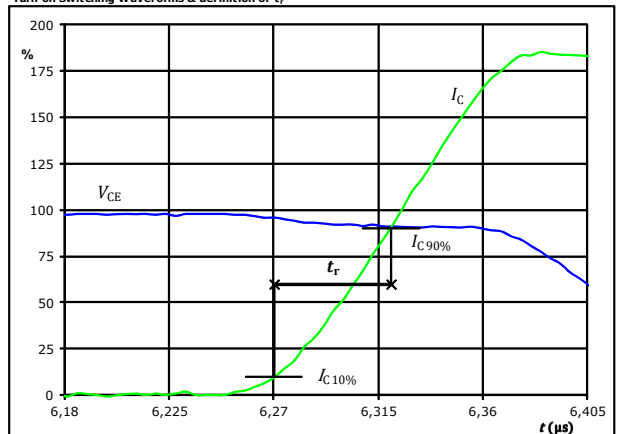
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$



$V_C(100\%) =$	600	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	75	A
$t_r =$	0,106	$\mu s$

**figure 4.** IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$



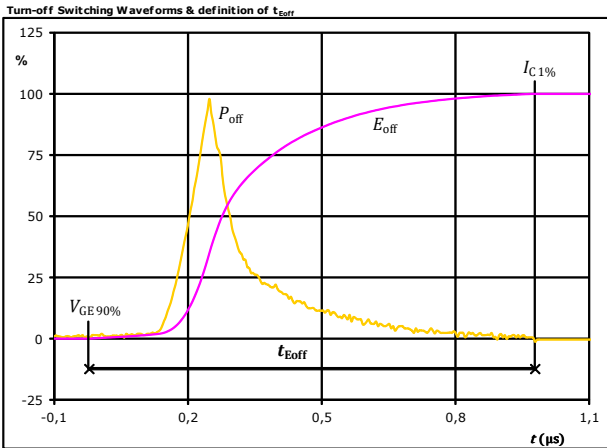
$V_C(100\%) =$	600	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	75	A
$t_r =$	0,050	$\mu s$



Vincotech

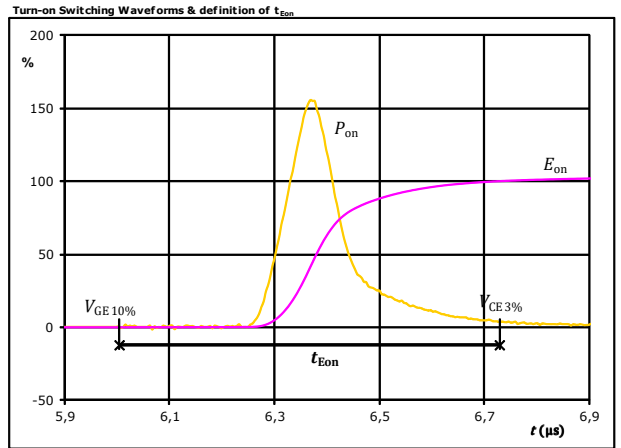
## Inverter Switching Characteristics

**figure 5.** IGBT



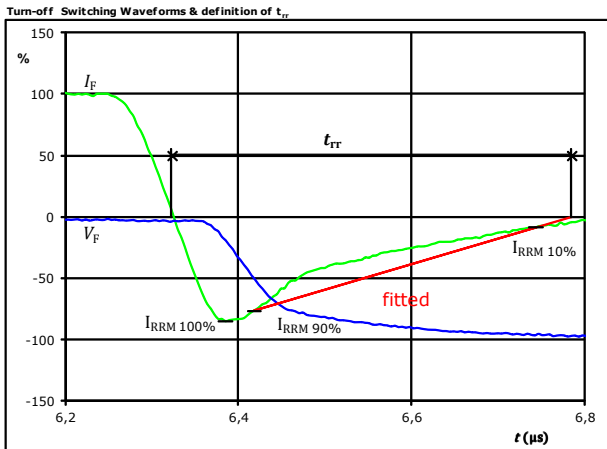
$P_{\text{off}}(100\%) = 45,05$  kW  
 $E_{\text{off}}(100\%) = 6,89$  mJ  
 $t_{\text{Eoff}} = 1,00$  μs

**figure 6.** IGBT



$P_{\text{on}}(100\%) = 45,05$  kW  
 $E_{\text{on}}(100\%) = 9,29$  mJ  
 $t_{\text{Eon}} = 0,73$  μs

**figure 7.** FWD



$V_F(100\%) = 600$  V  
 $I_F(100\%) = 75$  A  
 $I_{\text{RRM}}(100\%) = -64$  A  
 $t_{\text{rr}} = 0,458$  μs

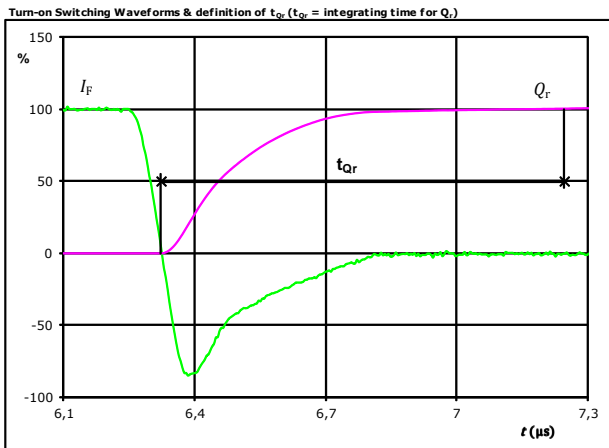


Vincotech

**30-F212PMA075M7-L889A79**  
**30-P212PMA075M7-L889A79Y**  
 datasheet

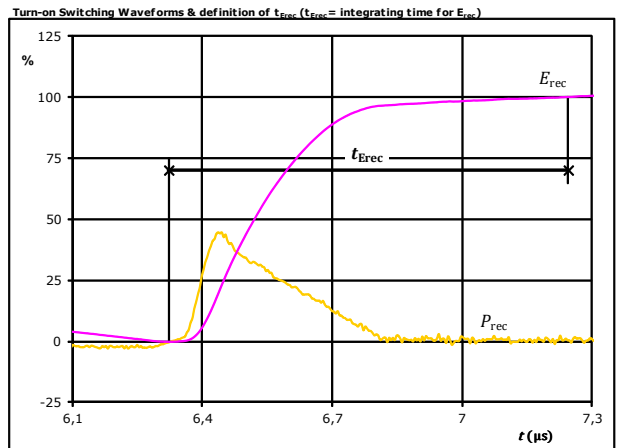
## Inverter Switching Characteristics

**figure 8.** FWD



$I_F$  (100%) = 75 A  
 $Q_r$  (100%) = 12,63  $\mu\text{C}$   
 $t_{Qr}$  = 0,92  $\mu\text{s}$

**figure 9.** FWD



$P_{rec}$  (100%) = 45,05 kW  
 $E_{rec}$  (100%) = 4,59 mJ  
 $t_{Erec}$  = 0,92  $\mu\text{s}$

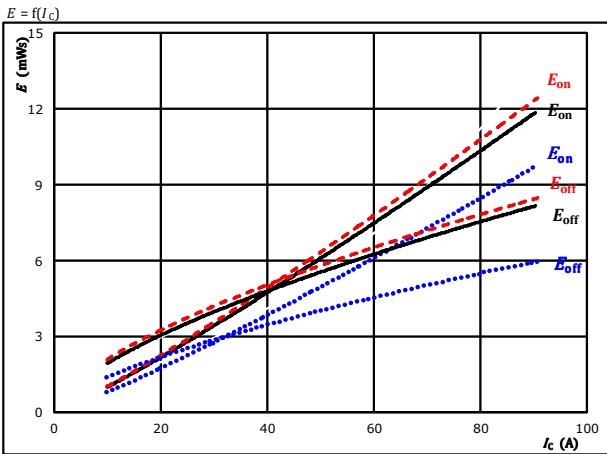




## Brake Switching Characteristics

**figure 1.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

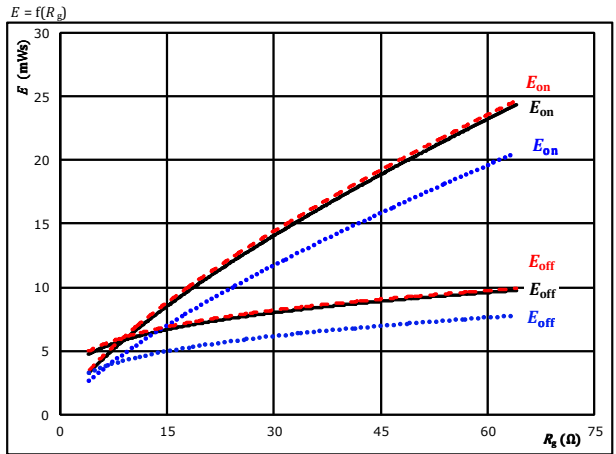


With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 700$  V  
 $V_{GE} = 15/0$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 8$   $\Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 8$   $\Omega$

$T_j$ : 25 °C (dotted), 125 °C (solid), 150 °C (dashed)

**figure 2.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

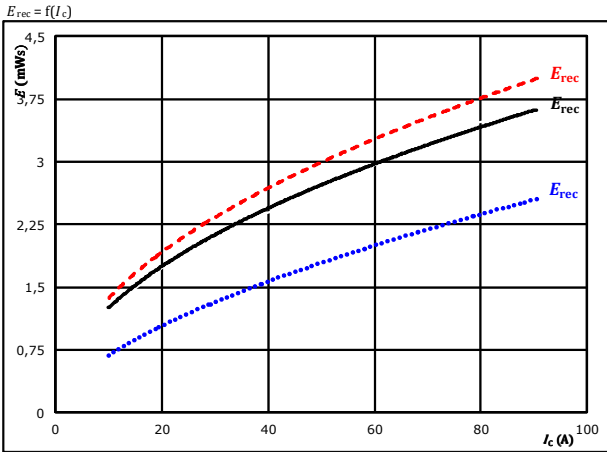


With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 700$  V  
 $V_{GE} = 15/0$  V  
 $I_c = 50$  A

$T_j$ : 25 °C (dotted), 125 °C (solid), 150 °C (dashed)

**figure 3.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current

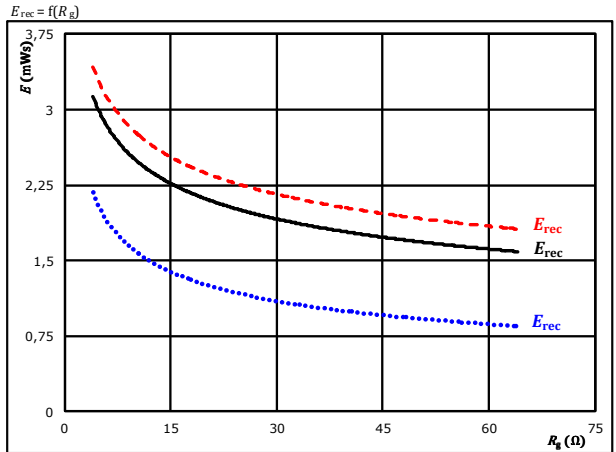


With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 700$  V  
 $V_{GE} = 15/0$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 8$   $\Omega$

$T_j$ : 25 °C (dotted), 125 °C (solid), 150 °C (dashed)

**figure 4.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 700$  V  
 $V_{GE} = 15/0$  V  
 $I_c = 50$  A

$T_j$ : 25 °C (dotted), 125 °C (solid), 150 °C (dashed)



Vincotech

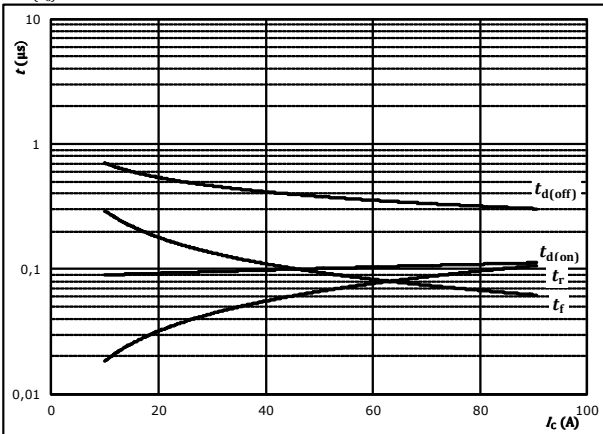
**30-F212PMA075M7-L889A79**  
**30-P212PMA075M7-L889A79Y**  
 datasheet

## Brake Switching Characteristics

**figure 5.** IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_C)$$



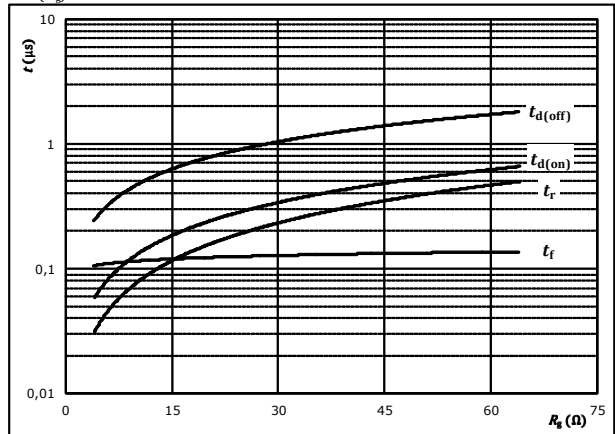
With an inductive load at

$T_j = 150$  °C  
 $V_{CE} = 700$  V  
 $V_{GE} = 15/0$  V  
 $R_{g(on)} = 8$  Ω  
 $R_{g(off)} = 8$  Ω

**figure 6.** IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(R_g)$$



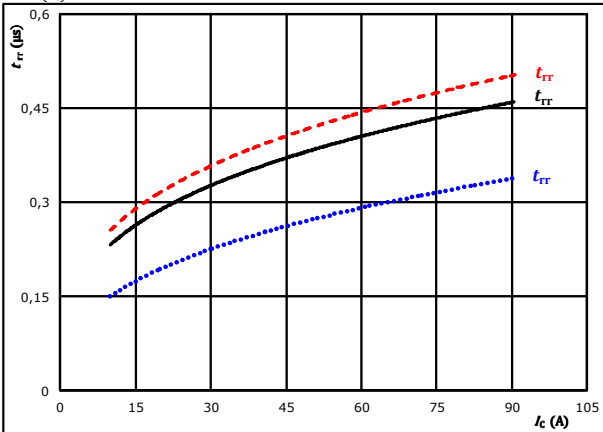
With an inductive load at

$T_j = 150$  °C  
 $V_{CE} = 700$  V  
 $V_{GE} = 15/0$  V  
 $I_C = 50$  A

**figure 7.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$$

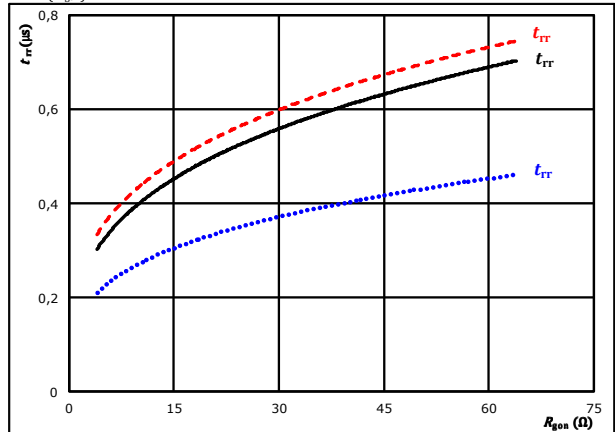


At  $V_{CE} = 700$  V  
 $V_{GE} = 15/0$  V  
 $R_{g(on)} = 8$  Ω  
 $T_j: 25$  °C (dotted blue)  
 $125$  °C (solid black)  
 $150$  °C (dashed red)

**figure 8.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{g(on)})$$



At  $V_{CE} = 700$  V  
 $V_{GE} = 15/0$  V  
 $I_C = 50$  A  
 $T_j: 25$  °C (dotted blue)  
 $125$  °C (solid black)  
 $150$  °C (dashed red)

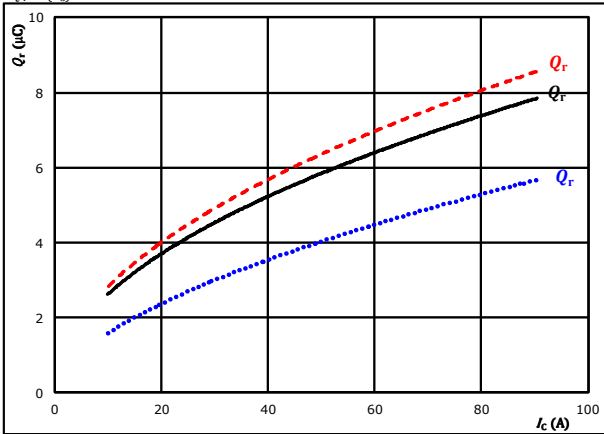


## Brake Switching Characteristics

**figure 9.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$

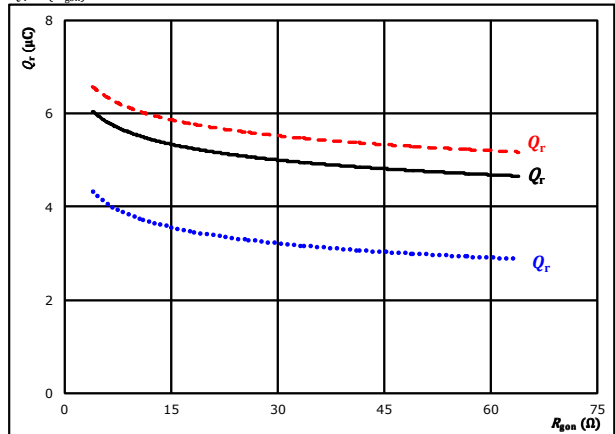


At  $V_{CE} = 700$  V  $T_j: 25$  °C .....  
 $V_{GE} = 15/0$  V  $T_j: 125$  °C ———  
 $R_{gpn} = 8$  Ω  $T_j: 150$  °C - - - - -

**figure 10.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gpn})$$

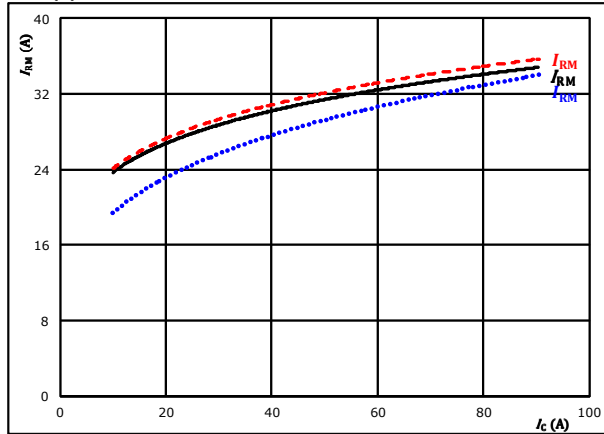


At  $V_{CE} = 700$  V  $T_j: 25$  °C .....  
 $V_{GE} = 15/0$  V  $T_j: 125$  °C ———  
 $I_c = 50$  A  $T_j: 150$  °C - - - - -

**figure 11.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$

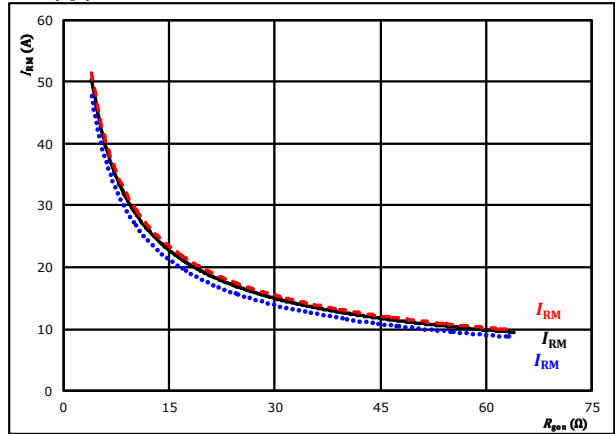


At  $V_{CE} = 700$  V  $T_j: 25$  °C .....  
 $V_{GE} = 15/0$  V  $T_j: 125$  °C ———  
 $R_{gpn} = 8$  Ω  $T_j: 150$  °C - - - - -

**figure 12.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gpn})$$



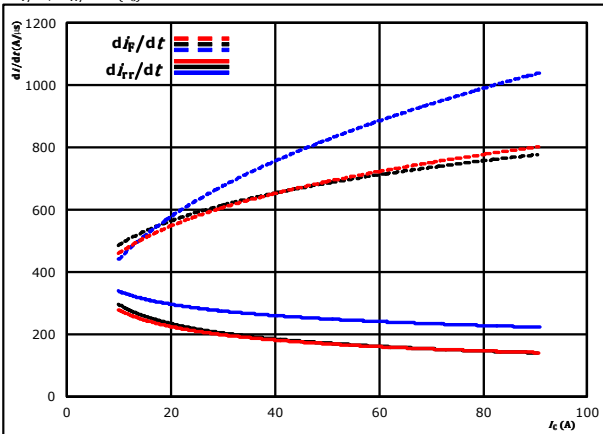
At  $V_{CE} = 700$  V  $T_j: 25$  °C .....  
 $V_{GE} = 15/0$  V  $T_j: 125$  °C ———  
 $I_c = 50$  A  $T_j: 150$  °C - - - - -



## Brake Switching Characteristics

**figure 13.** FWD

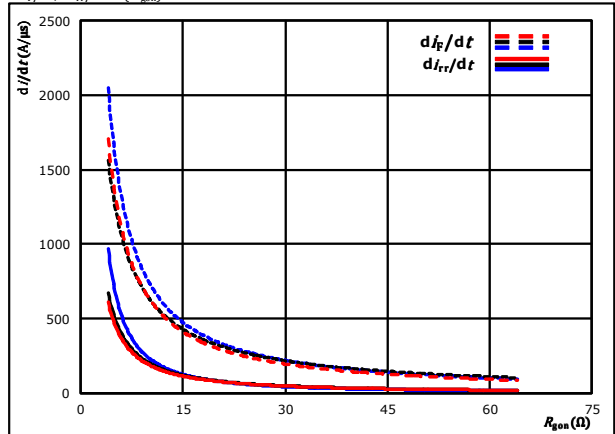
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



At  $V_{CE} = 700$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C .....  
 $V_{GE} = 15/0$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C ———  
 $R_{g(on)} = 8$  Ω  $T_j = 150$  °C - - - - -

**figure 14.** FWD

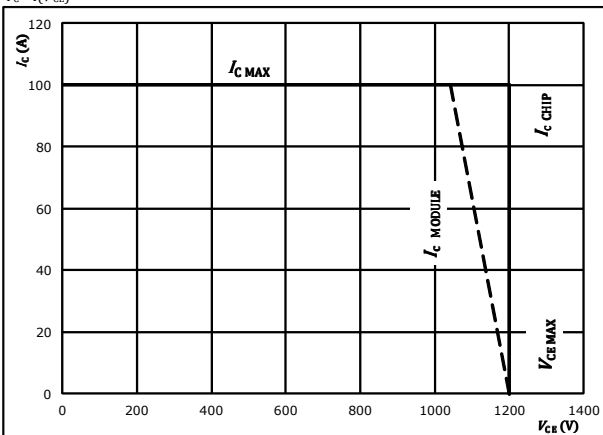
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{g(on)})$



At  $V_{CE} = 700$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C .....  
 $V_{GE} = 15/0$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C ———  
 $I_c = 50$  A  $T_j = 150$  °C - - - - -

**figure 15.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area  
 $I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At  $T_j = 175$  °C  
 $R_{g(on)} = 8$  Ω  
 $R_{g(off)} = 8$  Ω



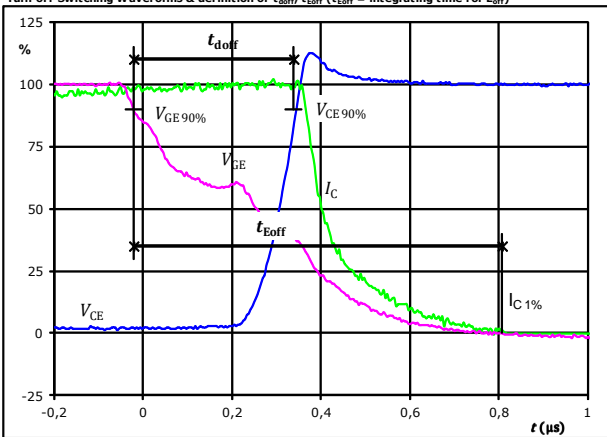
## Brake Switching Definitions

**General conditions**

$T_j$	=	125 °C
$R_{gon}$	=	8 $\Omega$
$R_{goff}$	=	8 $\Omega$

**figure 1.** IGBT

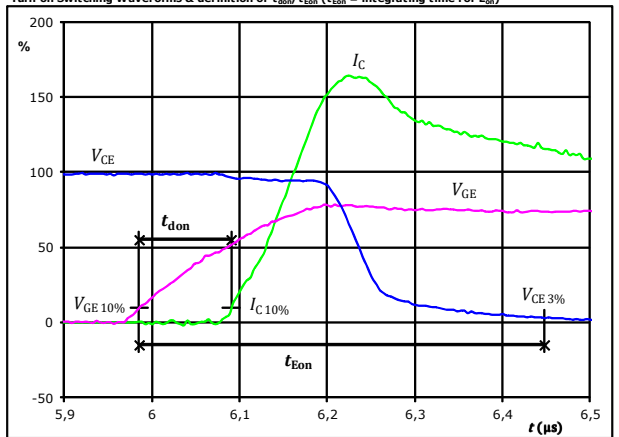
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$ ,  $t_{Eoff}$  ( $t_{Eoff}$  = integrating time for  $E_{off}$ )



$V_{CE}(0\%) =$	0	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	700	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	50	A
$t_{doff} =$	0,369	$\mu$ s
$t_{Eoff} =$	0,829	$\mu$ s

**figure 2.** IGBT

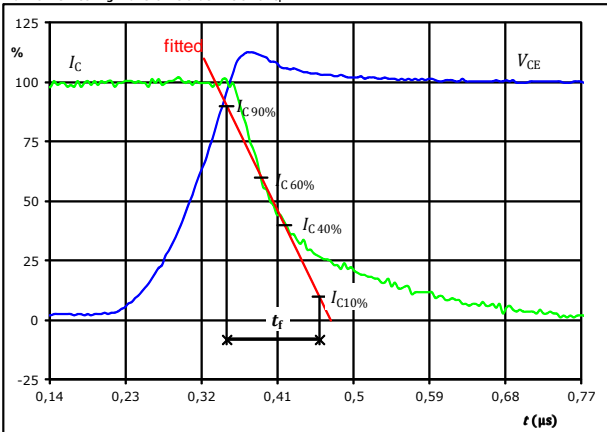
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{don}$ ,  $t_{Eon}$  ( $t_{Eon}$  = integrating time for  $E_{on}$ )



$V_{CE}(0\%) =$	0	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	700	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	50	A
$t_{don} =$	0,105	$\mu$ s
$t_{Eon} =$	0,462	$\mu$ s

**figure 3.** IGBT

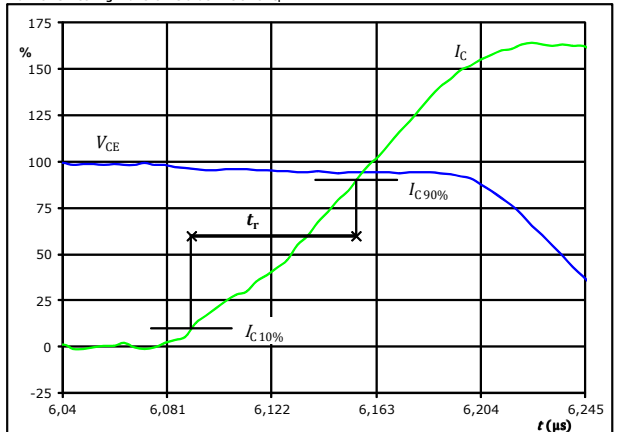
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$



$V_C(100\%) =$	700	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	50	A
$t_r =$	0,117	$\mu$ s

**figure 4.** IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$

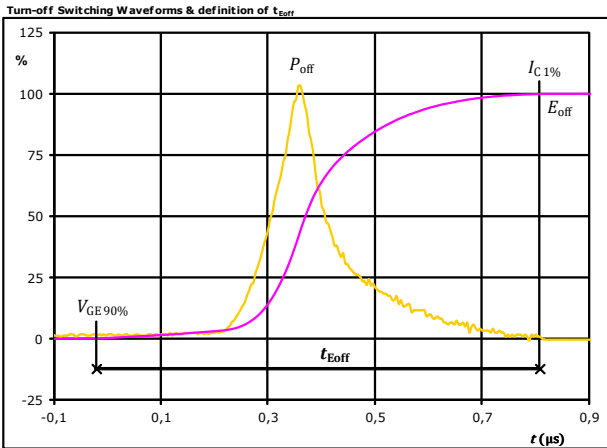


$V_C(100\%) =$	700	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	50	A
$t_r =$	0,064	$\mu$ s



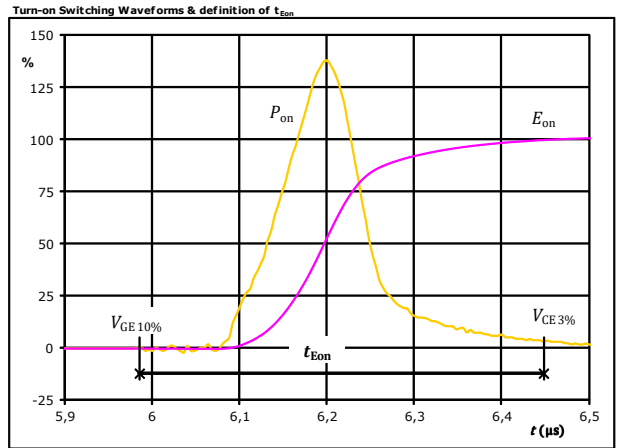
## Brake Switching Characteristics

**figure 5.** IGBT



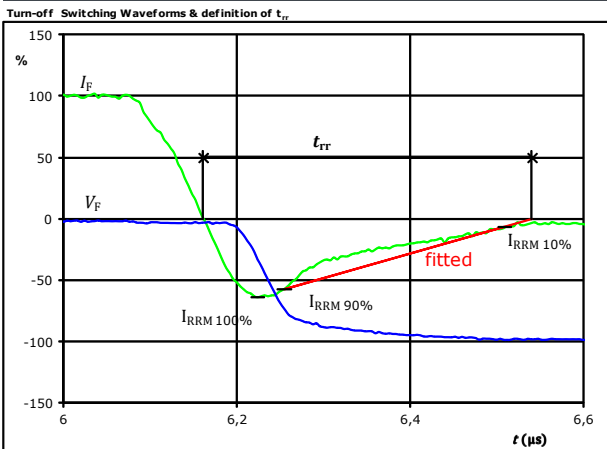
$P_{off}(100\%) = 35,10$  kW  
 $E_{off}(100\%) = 5,48$  mJ  
 $t_{Eoff} = 0,83$  µs

**figure 6.** IGBT



$P_{on}(100\%) = 35,10$  kW  
 $E_{on}(100\%) = 5,50$  mJ  
 $t_{Eon} = 0,46$  µs

**figure 7.** FWD

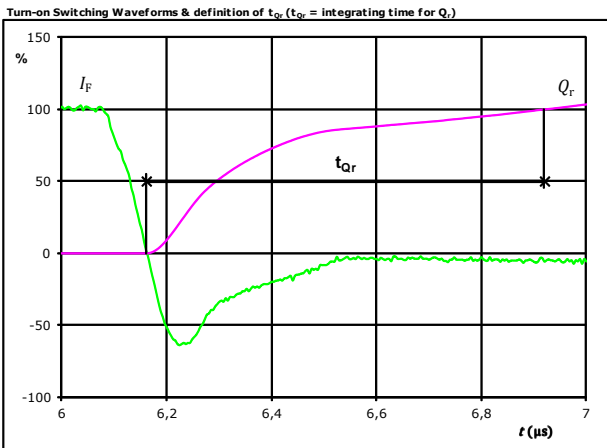


$V_F(100\%) = 700$  V  
 $I_F(100\%) = 50$  A  
 $I_{RRM}(100\%) = -32$  A  
 $t_{rr} = 0,375$  µs



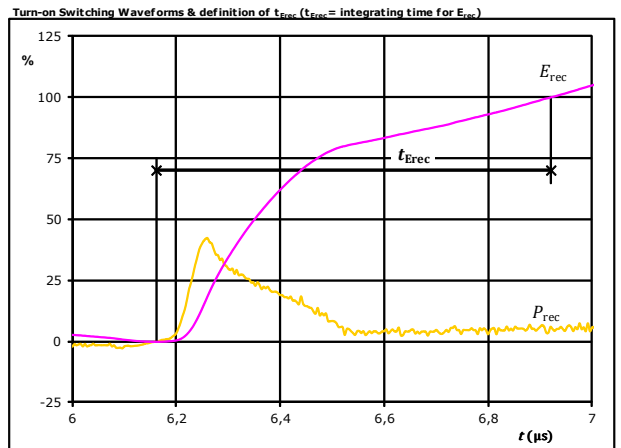
### Brake Switching Characteristics

**figure 8.** FWD



$I_F$ (100%) =	50	A
$Q_r$ (100%) =	5,59	$\mu\text{C}$
$t_{Qr}$ =	0,76	$\mu\text{s}$

**figure 9.** FWD



$P_{rec}$ (100%) =	35,10	kW
$E_{rec}$ (100%) =	2,62	mJ
$t_{Erec}$ =	0,76	$\mu\text{s}$



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**30-F212PMA075M7-L889A79**  
**30-P212PMA075M7-L889A79Y**  
 datasheet

Ordering Code & Marking								
Version				Ordering Code				
without thermal paste 17 mm housing with solder pins				30-F212PMA075M7-L889A79				
with thermal paste 17 mm housing with solder pins				30-F212PMA075M7-L889A79-/3/				
without thermal paste 17 mm housing with press-fit pins				30-P212PMA075M7-L889A79Y				
with thermal paste 17 mm housing with press-fit pins				30-P212PMA075M7-L889A79Y-/3/				
NN-NNNNNNNNNNNNNN TTTTIVV WWYY UL VIN LLLL SSSS			Text	Name	Date code	UL & VIN	Lot	Serial
				NN-NNNNNNNNNNNNNN-TTTTIVV WWYY UL VIN LLLL SSSS	WWYY UL VIN LLLL SSSS			
			Datamatrix	Type&Ver	Lot number	Serial	Date code	
			TTTTIVV	LLLL	SSSS	WWYY		

Outline							
Pin table							
Pin	X	Y	Function	Pin	X	Y	Function
1	71,2	0	DC-Rect	52	71,2	20,2	ACIn3
2	68,7	0	DC-Rect	53	71,2	12,8	Br
3	66,2	0	DC-Rect	54	68,7	12,8	Br
4	63,7	0	DC-Rect	55	71,2	5,6	G27
5	55,95	0	DC+Rect	56	71,2	2,8	DC-Br
6	53,45	0	DC+Rect	52	71,2	20,2	ACIn3
7	55,95	2,8	DC+Rect	53	71,2	12,8	Br
8	53,45	2,8	DC+Rect	54	68,7	12,8	Br
9	48,4	0	DC+Inv1	55	71,2	5,6	G27
10	45,9	0	DC+Inv1	56	71,2	2,8	DC-Br
11	38,9	0	S11				
12	36,1	0	DC-1				
13	38,9	2,8	G11				
14	36,1	2,8	DC-1				
15	31,3	0	DC-2				
16	28,5	0	S13				
17	31,3	2,8	DC-2				
18	28,5	2,8	G13				
19	19,3	0	Therm2				
20	19,3	2,8	Therm1				
21	12,3	0	DC+Inv2				
22	9,8	0	DC+Inv2				
23	12,3	2,8	DC+Inv2				
24	9,8	2,8	DC+Inv2				
25	2,8	0	S15				
26	0	0	DC-3				
27	2,8	2,8	G15				
28	0	2,8	DC-3				
29	0	37,2	Ph3				
30	2,5	37,2	Ph3				
31	5	37,2	Ph3				
32	7,8	37,2	S16				
33	10,6	37,2	G16				
34	18,45	37,2	G14				
35	21,25	37,2	S14				
36	24,05	37,2	Ph2				
37	26,55	37,2	Ph2				
38	29,05	37,2	Ph2				
39	36,1	37,2	Ph1				
40	38,6	37,2	Ph1				
41	41,1	37,2	Ph1				
42	43,9	37,2	S12				
43	46,7	37,2	G12				
44	53,7	37,2	ACIn1				
45	56,2	37,2	ACIn1				
46	58,7	37,2	ACIn1				
47	71,2	37,2	ACIn2				
48	71,2	34,7	ACIn2				
49	71,2	32,2	ACIn3				
50	71,2	25,2	ACIn3				
51	71,2	22,7	ACIn3				

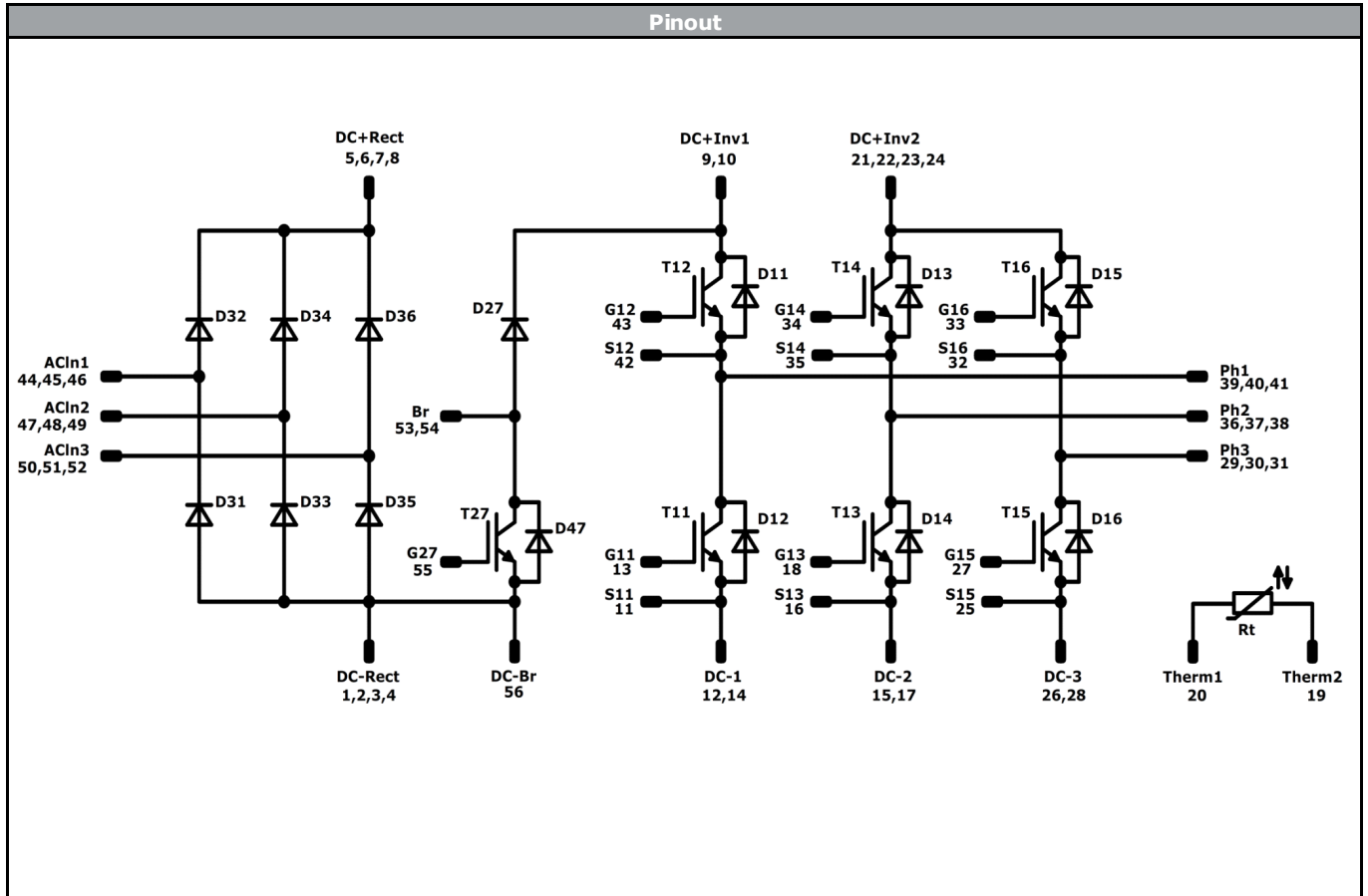
**Solder pins**

**Press-fit**

Tolerance of pinpositions  $\pm 0.05$ mm at the end of pins  
 Dimension of coordinate axis is only offset without tolerance





<b>Identification</b>					
<b>ID</b>	<b>Component</b>	<b>Voltage</b>	<b>Current</b>	<b>Function</b>	<b>Comment</b>
D31, D32, D33, D34, D35, D36	Rectifier	1600 V	75 A	Rectifier Diode	
T11, T12, T13, T14, T15, T16	IGBT	1200 V	75 A	Inverter Switch	
D11, D12, D13, D14, D15, D16	FWD	1200 V	100 A	Inverter Diode	
T27	IGBT	1200 V	50 A	Brake Switch	
D27	FWD	1200 V	25 A	Brake Diode	
D47	FWD	1200 V	5 A	Brake Sw. Protection Diode	
Rt	NTC			Thermistor	




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Packaging instruction			
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 36	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ Sample

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for <i>flow 2</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for <i>flow 2</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

UL recognition and file number
This device is certified according to UL 1557 standard, UL file number E192116. For more information see vincotech.com website. 

Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
30-x212PMA075M7-L889A79x-D2-14	29 Jun. 2018	Inverter Diode characteristic and Rth value has been updated	2, 6

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.