



flowANPC 2

950 V / 200 A

Topology features

- Temperature sensor
- Advanced Neutral Point Clamped topology

Component features

- Low collector emitter saturation voltage
- High speed and smooth switching

Housing features

- Base isolation: Al₂O₃
- Convex shaped baseplate for superior thermal contact
- Cu baseplate
- Thermo-mechanical push-and-pull force relief
- Press-fit pin
- Reliable cold welding connection

Target applications

- Energy Storage Systems
- Solar Inverters

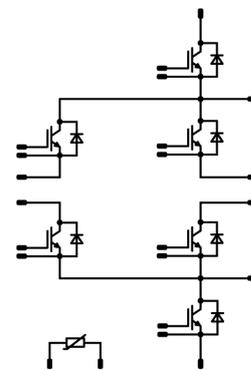
Types

- 30-PT10NAA200S701-PE59F08Y

flow 2 13 mm housing



Schematic





Vincotech

30-PT10NAA200S701-PE59F08Y
datasheet

Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
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AC Switch

Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}		950	V
Collector current (DC current)	I_C	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	203	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	400	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	256	W
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GES}		± 20	V
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C

AC Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		950	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	108	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	400	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	192	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C

Neutral Point Switch

Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}		950	V
Collector current (DC current)	I_C	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	153	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	400	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	300	W
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GES}		± 20	V
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C



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Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
DC-Link Diode				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		950	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	108	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	400	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	192	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C

DC-Link Switch

Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}		950	V
Collector current (DC current)	I_C	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	153	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	400	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	300	W
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GES}		±20	V
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C

Neutral Point Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		950	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	108	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	400	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	192	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C



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30-PT10NAA200S701-PE59F08Y
datasheet

Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
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Module Properties

Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	T_{jop}		-40...+(T_{jmax} - 25)	°C

Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	V_{isol}	DC Test Voltage* $t_p = 2\text{ s}$	6000	V
Creepage distance			>12,7	mm
Clearance			>12,7	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI		≥ 600	

*100 % tested in production



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datasheet

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

AC Switch

Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,00325	25	4,15	4,85	5,65	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		200	25 125 150		1,22 1,25 1,26	1,4 ⁽¹⁾	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	I_{CES}		0	950		25			4	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		25			100	nA
Internal gate resistance	r_g							1,5		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{ies}							24600		pF
Output capacitance	C_{oes}	$f = 100$ kHz	0	25		25		265		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}							110		pF
Gate charge	Q_g		±15		0	25		2050		nC

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						0,37		K/W
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AC Diode

Static

Forward voltage	V_F				200	25 125 150	2,1	2,64 2,44 2,36	2,8 ⁽¹⁾	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_r = 950$ V				25			8	μA

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						0,5		K/W
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Vincotech

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	I_D [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

Neutral Point Switch

Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,00334	25	4,35	5,1	5,85	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		200	25 125 150		1,83 2,06 2,11	2,35 ⁽¹⁾	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	I_{CES}		0	950		25			4	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		25			200	nA
Internal gate resistance	r_g							0,75		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{ies}							13000		pF
Output capacitance	C_{oes}	$f = 100$ kHz	0	25		25		278		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}							40		pF
Gate charge	Q_g		±15		0	25		460		nC

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						0,32		K/W
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Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$					25 125 150		85,83 88,21 89,19		ns
Rise time	t_r	$R_{gon} = 2$ Ω $R_{goff} = 2$ Ω				25 125 150		13,34 15,07 15,31		ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		±15	750	170	25 125 150		101,78 131,72 139,97		ns
Fall time	t_f					25 125 150		19,65 41,02 50,59		ns
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	E_{on}	$Q_{tFWD} = 4,95$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 11,2$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 13,4$ μC				25 125 150		7,2 9,86 10,58		mWs
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	E_{off}					25 125 150		5,22 9,58 10,81		mWs



Vincotech

30-PT10NAA200S701-PE59F08Y
datasheet

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
DC-Link Diode										
Static										
Forward voltage	V_F			200	25 125 150	2,1	2,64 2,44 2,36	2,8 ⁽¹⁾		V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_r = 950$ V			25			8		μA
Thermal										
Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)					0,5			K/W
Dynamic										
Peak recovery current	I_{RM}				25 125 150		104,12 156,48 171,85			A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}				25 125 150		110,17 150,99 166,05			ns
Recovered charge	Q_r	$di/dt=6941$ A/μs $di/dt=7416$ A/μs $di/dt=7571$ A/μs	±15	750	170	25 125 150	4,95 11,2 13,4			μC
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}				25 125 150		1,88 4,69 5,74			mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_r/dt)_{max}$				25 125 150		2387,68 1344,81 1455,48			A/μs



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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

DC-Link Switch

Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,00334	25	4,35	5,1	5,85	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		200	25 125 150		1,83 2,06 2,11	2,35 ⁽¹⁾	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	I_{CES}		0	950		25			4	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		25			200	nA
Internal gate resistance	r_g							0,75		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{ies}							13000		pF
Output capacitance	C_{oes}	$f = 100$ kHz	0	25		25		278		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}							40		pF
Gate charge	Q_g		±15		0	25		460		nC

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						0,32		K/W
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Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$					25 125 150		260,37 258,01 257,36		ns
Rise time	t_r	$R_{gon} = 8$ Ω $R_{goff} = 8$ Ω				25 125 150		38,04 40,64 41,29		ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		±15	750	170	25 125 150		189,81 221,15 229,97		ns
Fall time	t_f					25 125 150		20,63 41,58 49,96		ns
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	E_{on}	$Q_{tFWD} = 4,32$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 10,47$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 12,58$ μC				25 125 150		12,71 15,81 16,54		mWs
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	E_{off}					25 125 150		5,16 8,57 9,48		mWs



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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
Neutral Point Diode										
Static										
Forward voltage	V_F				200	25 125 150	2,1	2,64 2,44 2,36	2,8 ⁽¹⁾	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_T = 950$ V				25			8	μA
Thermal										
Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						0,5		K/W
Dynamic										
Peak recovery current	I_{RM}					25 125 150		81,59 123,07 133,99		A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					25 125 150		127,76 182,08 197,89		ns
Recovered charge	Q_r	$di/dt=3481$ A/μs $di/dt=3450$ A/μs $di/dt=3656$ A/μs	±15	750	170	25 125 150		4,32 10,47 12,58		μC
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}					25 125 150		1,35 3,66 4,58		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_r/dt)_{max}$					25 125 150		1504,45 1171,27 1258,98		A/μs



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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	V_{CE} [V]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

Thermistor

Static

Rated resistance	R					25		22		kΩ
Deviation of R100	$A_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 1484 \Omega$				100	-5		5	%
Power dissipation	P					25		130		mW
Power dissipation constant	d					25		1,5		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. $\pm 1 \%$						3962		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. $\pm 1 \%$						4000		K
Vincotech Thermistor Reference									I	

⁽¹⁾ Value at chip level

⁽²⁾ Only valid with pre-applied Vincotech thermal interface material.

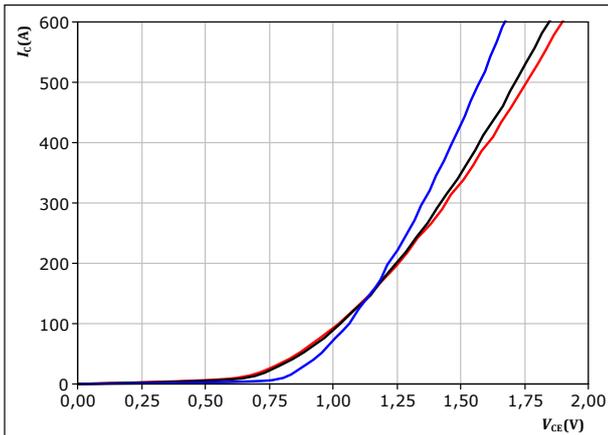


AC Switch Characteristics

figure 1. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

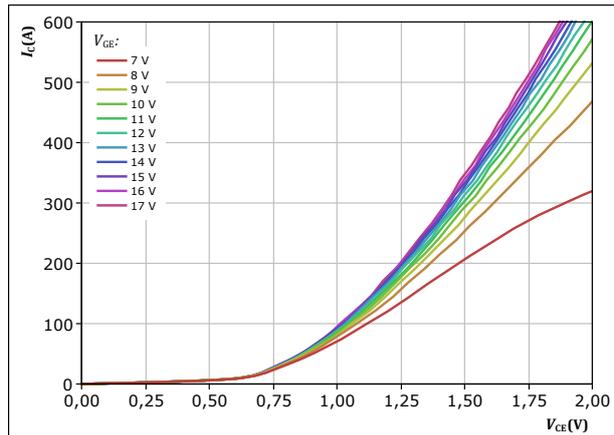


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$
 $T_j:$ 25 °C, 125 °C, 150 °C

figure 2. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

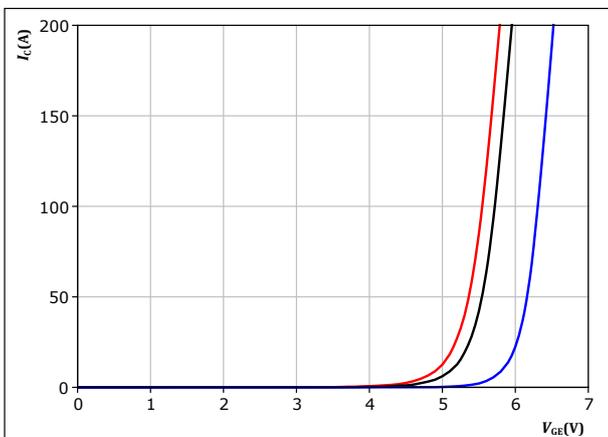


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 3. IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

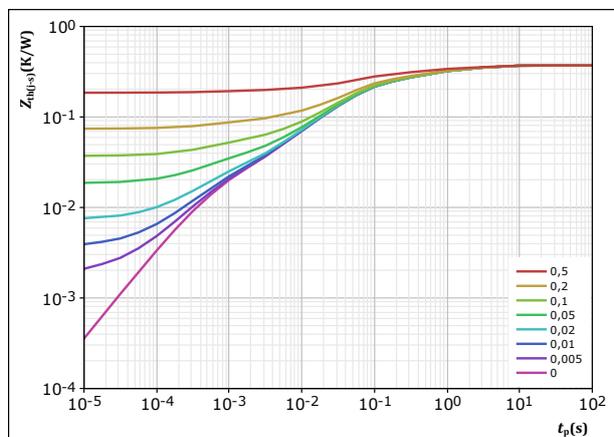


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 59 V$
 $T_j:$ 25 °C, 125 °C, 150 °C

figure 4. IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,371 \text{ K/W}$
 IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
6,29E-02	2,66E+00
9,87E-02	3,54E-01
1,71E-01	4,59E-02
2,32E-02	6,22E-03
1,51E-02	5,38E-04

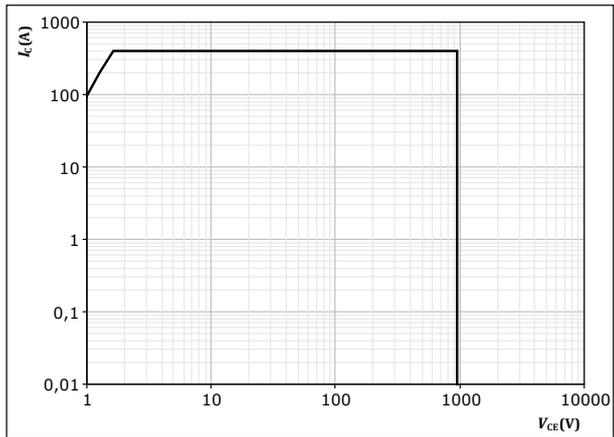


AC Switch Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT

Safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



$D =$ single pulse

$T_s = 80$ °C

$V_{CE} = 15$ V

$T_j = T_{jmax}$



AC Diode Characteristics

figure 6. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

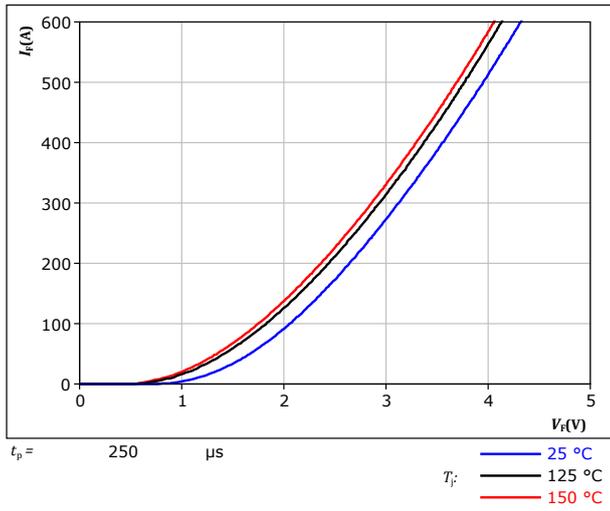
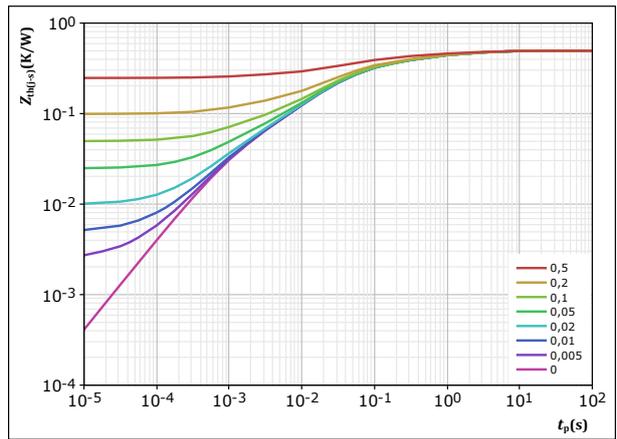


figure 7. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,495 \text{ K/W}$
 FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
5,54E-02	3,24E+00
1,07E-01	4,54E-01
1,95E-01	5,74E-02
1,05E-01	1,25E-02
3,26E-02	1,12E-03

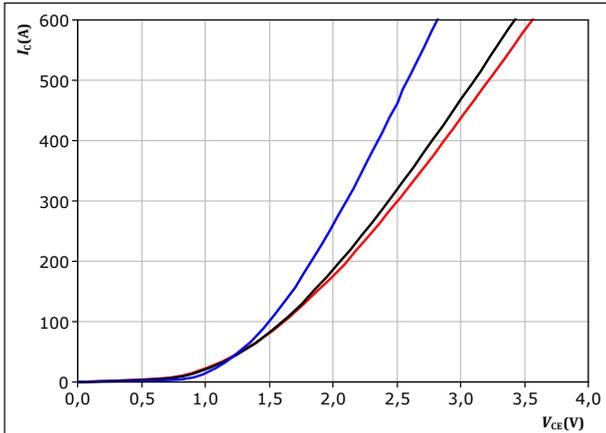


Neutral Point Switch Characteristics

figure 8. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



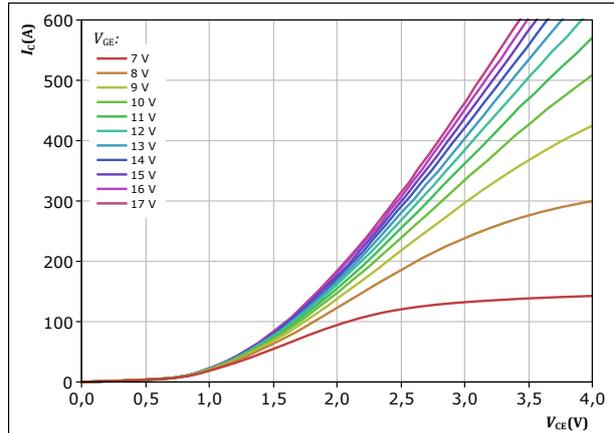
$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$

T_j : — 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 9. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

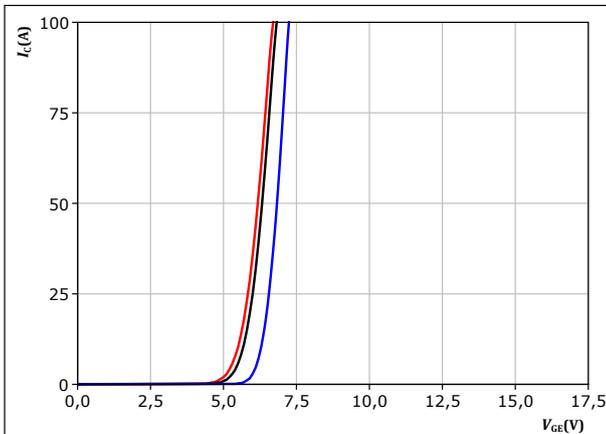


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 10. IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$



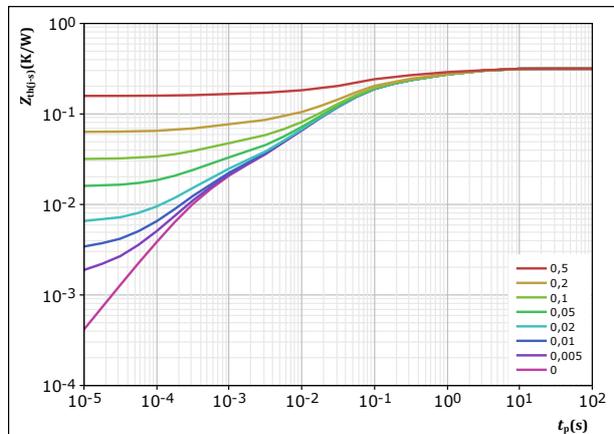
$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 8 V$

T_j : — 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 11. IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,316 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
6,47E-02	2,21E+00
8,02E-02	2,58E-01
1,36E-01	3,99E-02
2,02E-02	4,97E-03
1,51E-02	4,41E-04

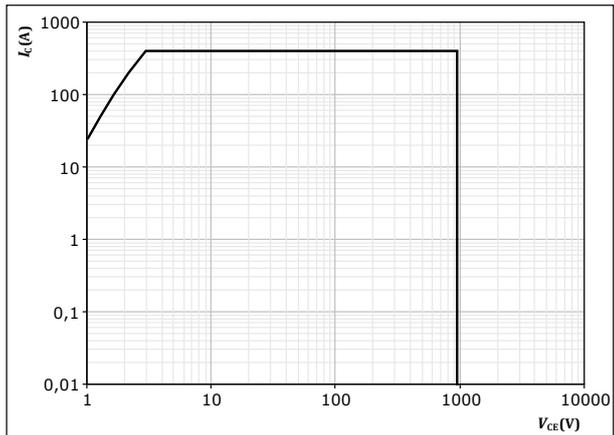


Neutral Point Switch Characteristics

figure 12. IGBT

Safe operating area

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



$D = \text{single pulse}$
 $T_s = 80 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 15 \text{ V}$
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$



DC-Link Diode Characteristics

figure 13. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

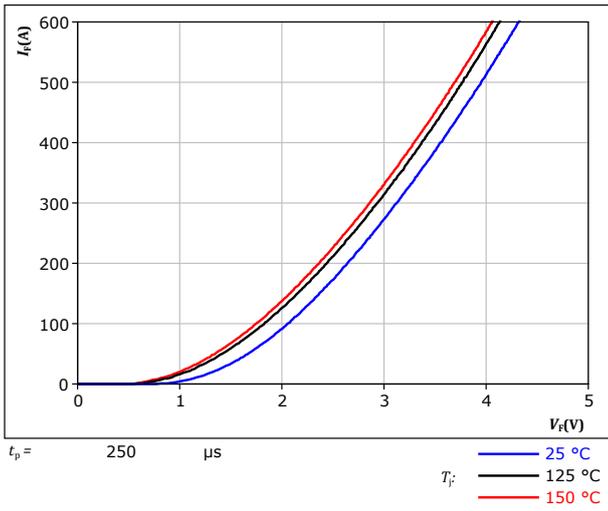
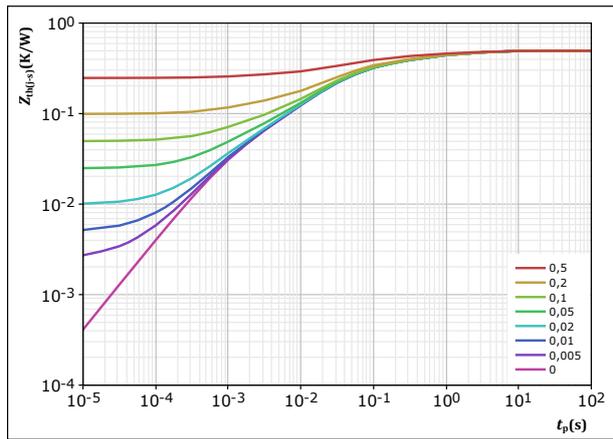


figure 14. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,495 \text{ K/W}$
 FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
5,54E-02	3,24E+00
1,07E-01	4,54E-01
1,95E-01	5,74E-02
1,05E-01	1,25E-02
3,26E-02	1,12E-03

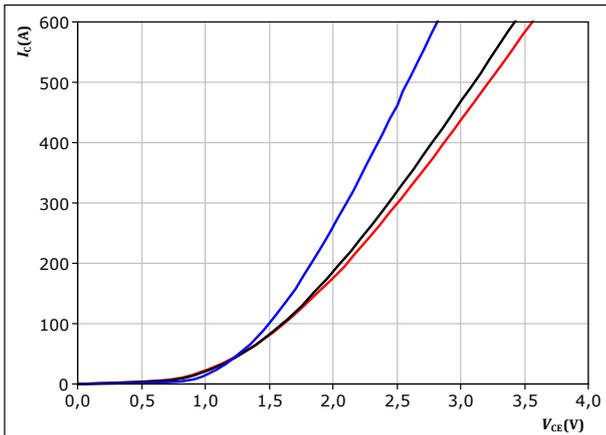


DC-Link Switch Characteristics

figure 15. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



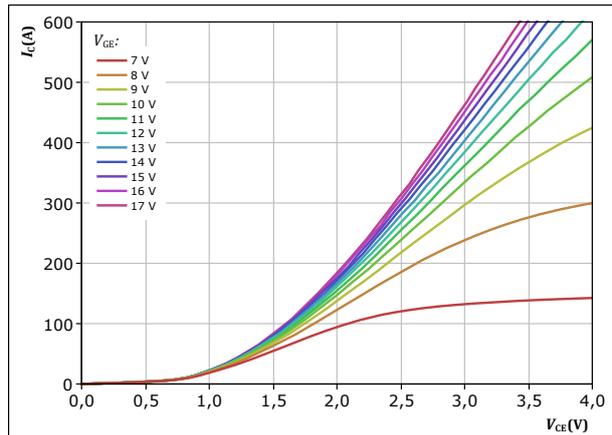
$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$

T_j : 25 °C
125 °C
150 °C

figure 16. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



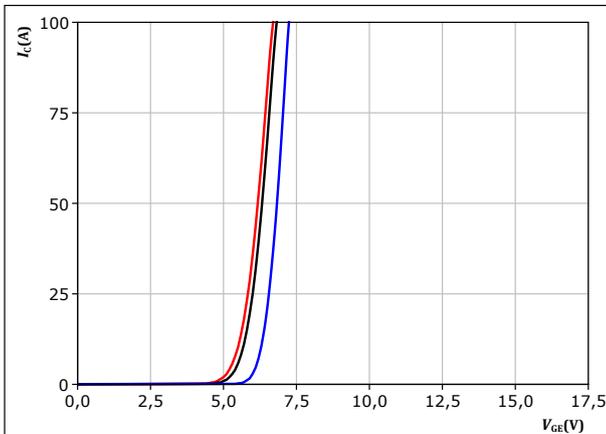
$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$

V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 17. IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$



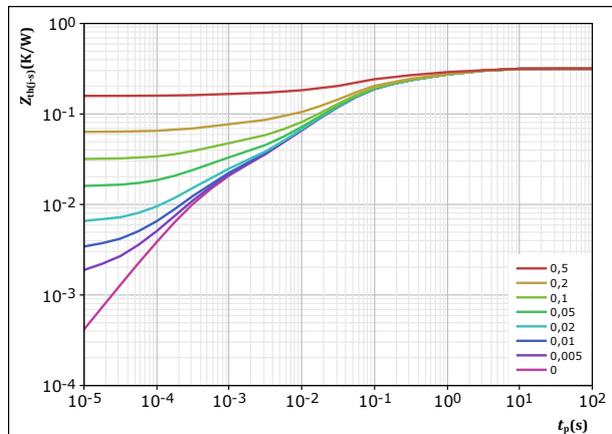
$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 8 V$

T_j : 25 °C
125 °C
150 °C

figure 18. IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$

$R_{th(j-s)} = 0,316 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
6,47E-02	2,21E+00
8,02E-02	2,58E-01
1,36E-01	3,99E-02
2,02E-02	4,97E-03
1,51E-02	4,41E-04

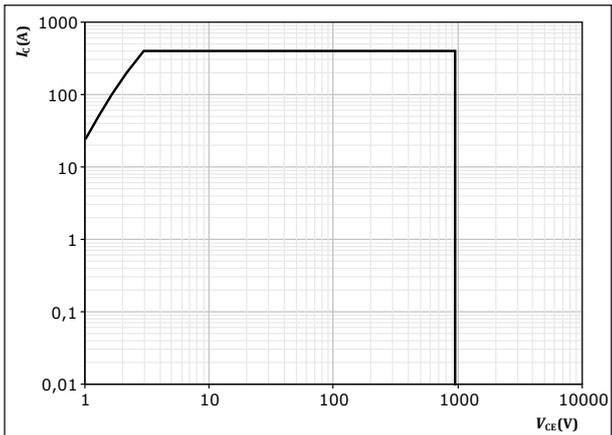


DC-Link Switch Characteristics

figure 19. IGBT

Safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



$D =$ single pulse
 $T_s = 80$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 15$ V
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$



Neutral Point Diode Characteristics

figure 20. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

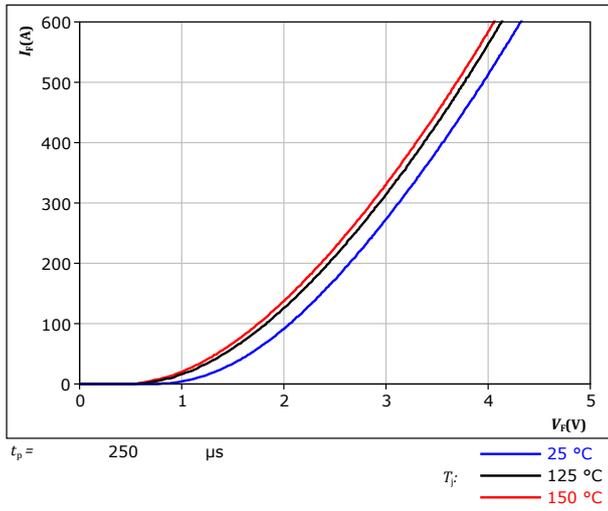
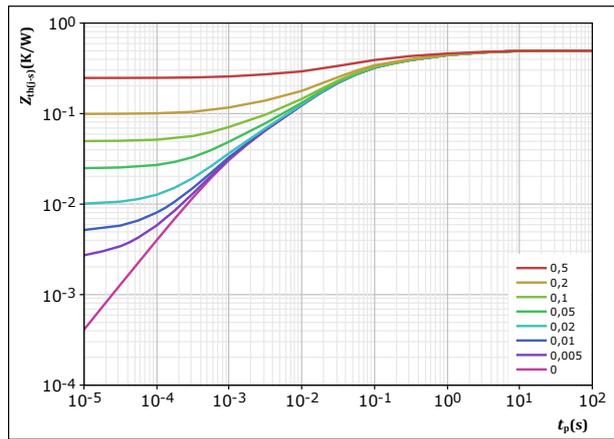


figure 21. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = \frac{t_p}{T}$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,495 \text{ K/W}$
 FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
5,54E-02	3,24E+00
1,07E-01	4,54E-01
1,95E-01	5,74E-02
1,05E-01	1,25E-02
3,26E-02	1,12E-03

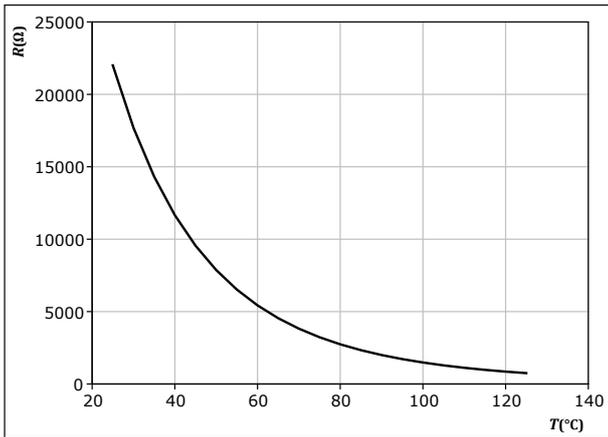


Thermistor Characteristics

figure 22. Thermistor

Typical NTC characteristic as function of temperature

$$R_T = f(T)$$

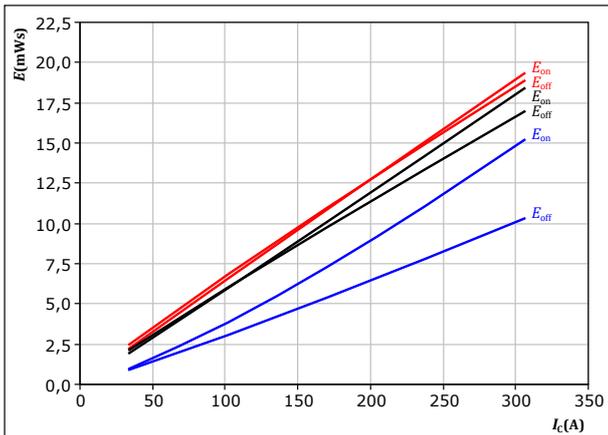




Neutral Point Switching Characteristics

figure 23. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current
 $E = f(I_c)$



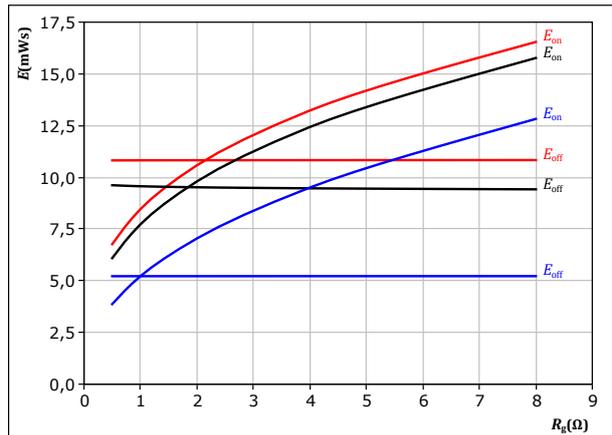
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 750$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 2$ Ω
 $R_{goff} = 2$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 24. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $E = f(R_g)$



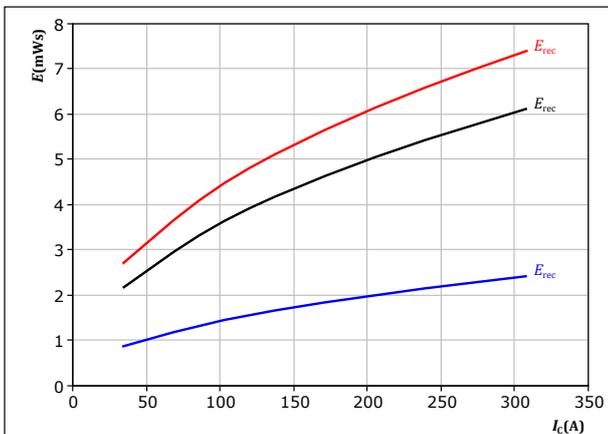
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 750$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 170$ A

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 25. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current
 $E_{rec} = f(I_c)$



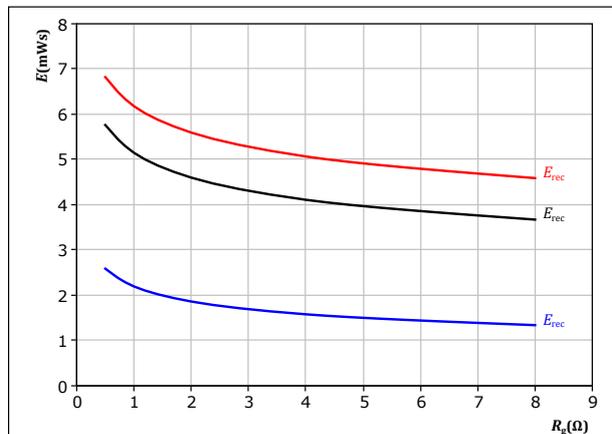
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 750$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 2$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 26. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $E_{rec} = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 750$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 170$ A

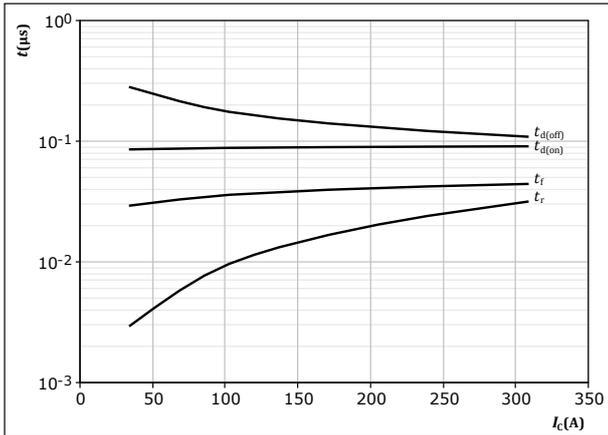
T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C



Neutral Point Switching Characteristics

figure 27. IGBT

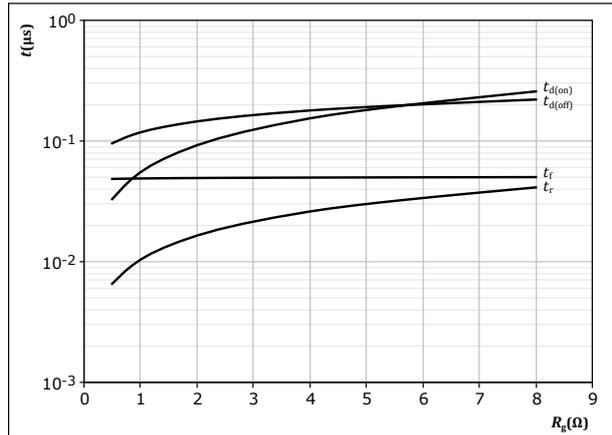
Typical switching times as a function of collector current
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 750 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

figure 28. IGBT

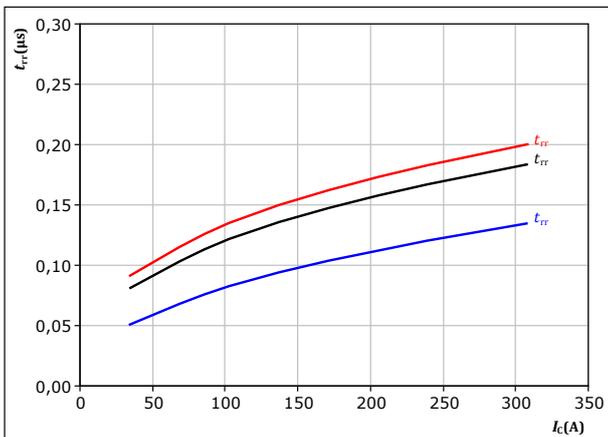
Typical switching times as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 750 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 170 \text{ A}$

figure 29. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$

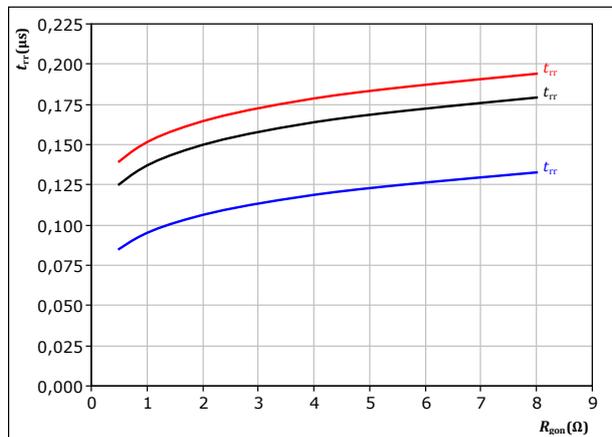


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 750 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 30. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 750 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 170 \text{ A}$

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

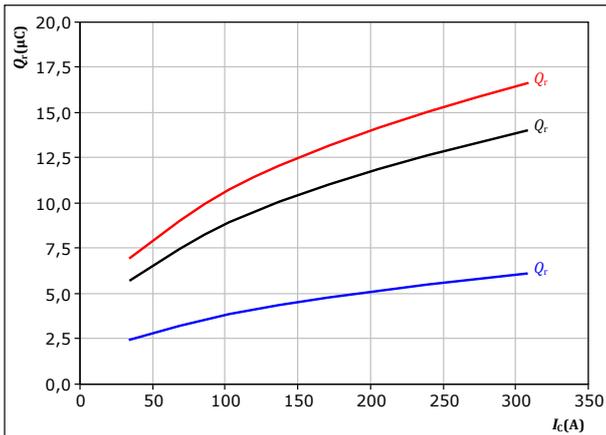


Neutral Point Switching Characteristics

figure 31. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

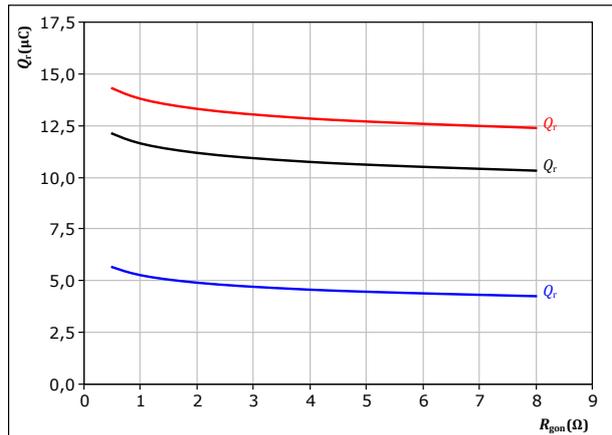
$V_{CE} = 750$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 2$ Ω

T_j :
— 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 32. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

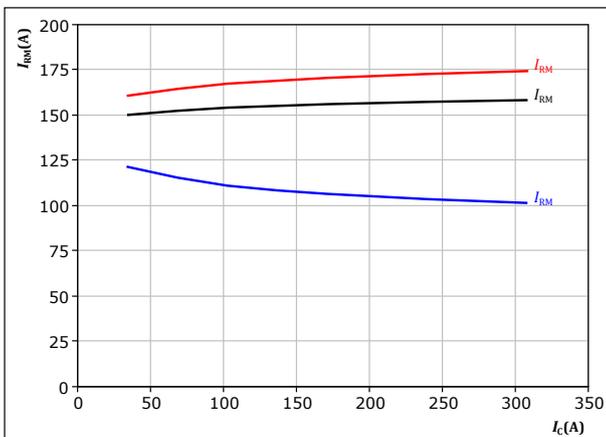
$V_{CE} = 750$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 170$ A

T_j :
— 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 33. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

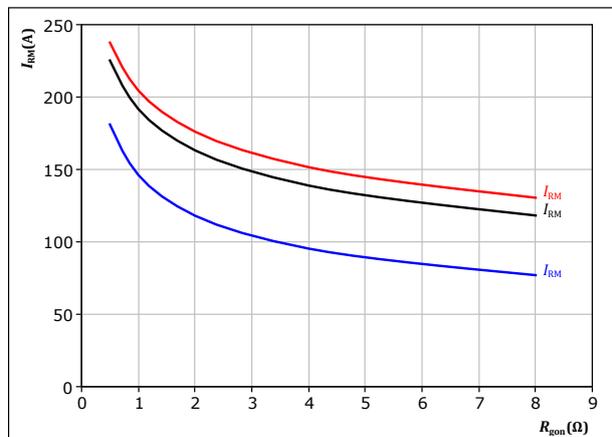
$V_{CE} = 750$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 2$ Ω

T_j :
— 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 34. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 750$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 170$ A

T_j :
— 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

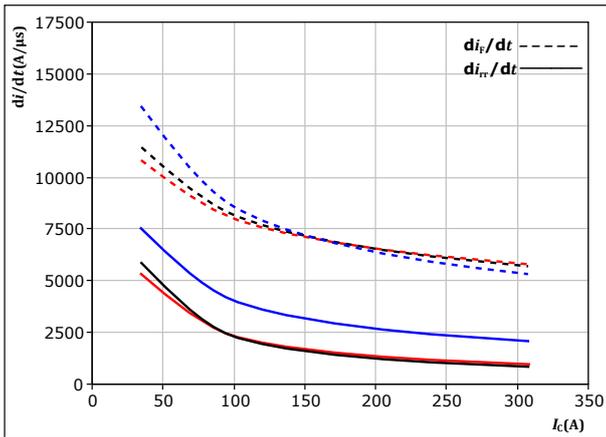


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Neutral Point Switching Characteristics

figure 35. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(I_C)$



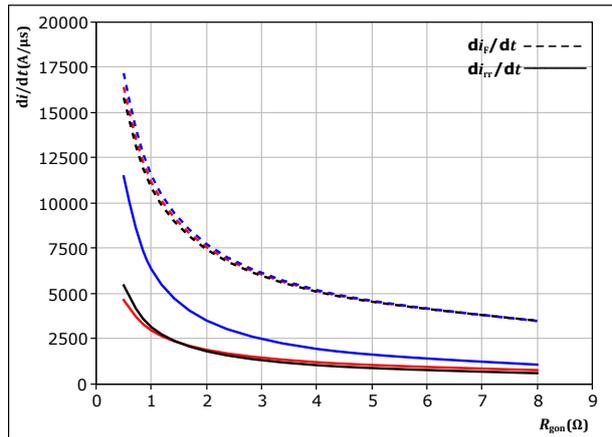
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 750 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$

$T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

figure 36. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at

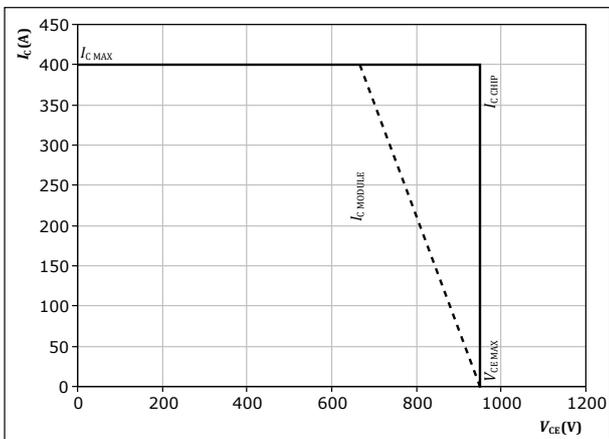
$V_{CE} = 750 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_C = 170 \text{ A}$

$T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

figure 37. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



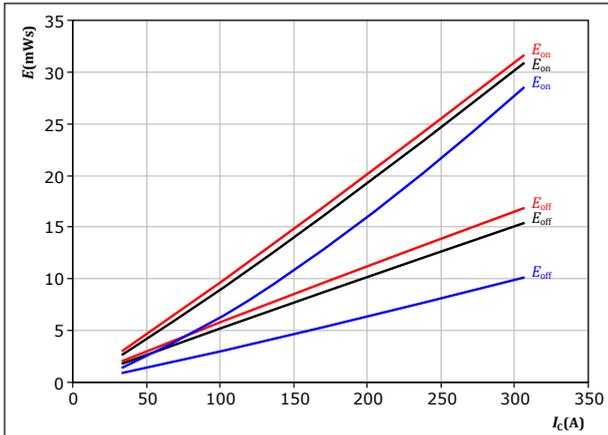
At $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 2 \ \Omega$



DC-Link Switching Characteristics

figure 38. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current
 $E = f(I_c)$

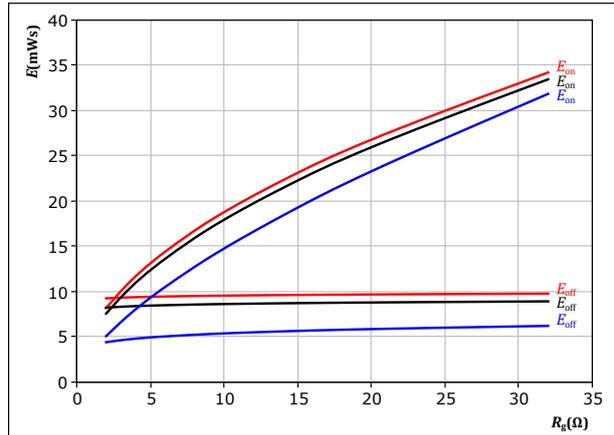


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 750$ V	$T_j:$ — 25 °C
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V	— 125 °C
$R_{g(on)} = 8$ Ω	— 150 °C
$R_{g(off)} = 8$ Ω	

figure 39. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $E = f(R_g)$

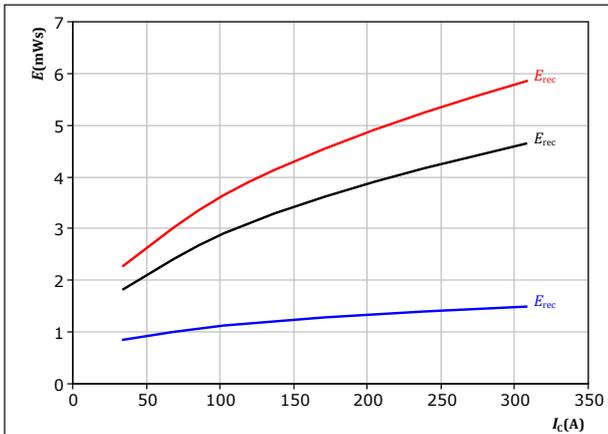


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 750$ V	$T_j:$ — 25 °C
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V	— 125 °C
$I_c = 170$ A	— 150 °C

figure 40. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current
 $E_{rec} = f(I_c)$

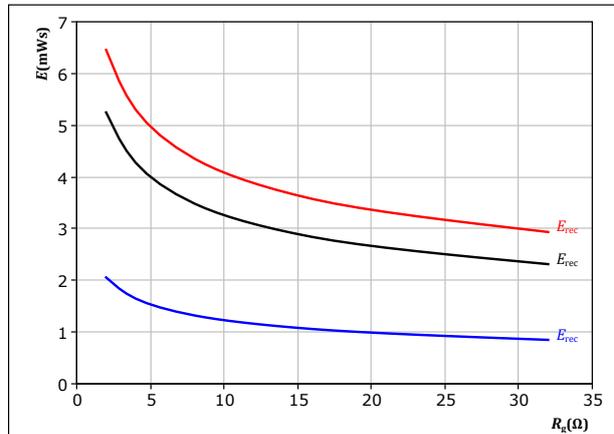


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 750$ V	$T_j:$ — 25 °C
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V	— 125 °C
$R_{g(on)} = 8$ Ω	— 150 °C

figure 41. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $E_{rec} = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at

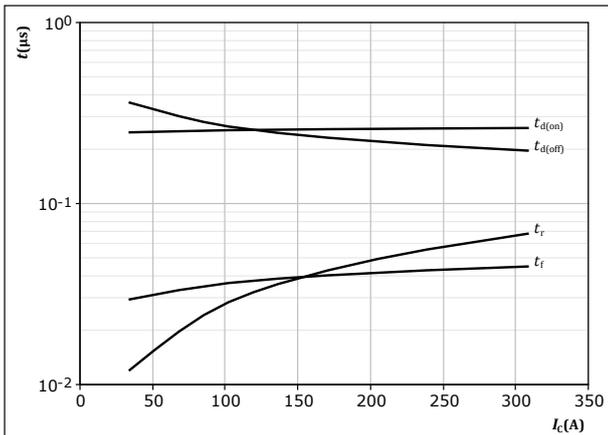
$V_{CE} = 750$ V	$T_j:$ — 25 °C
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V	— 125 °C
$I_c = 170$ A	— 150 °C



DC-Link Switching Characteristics

figure 42. IGBT

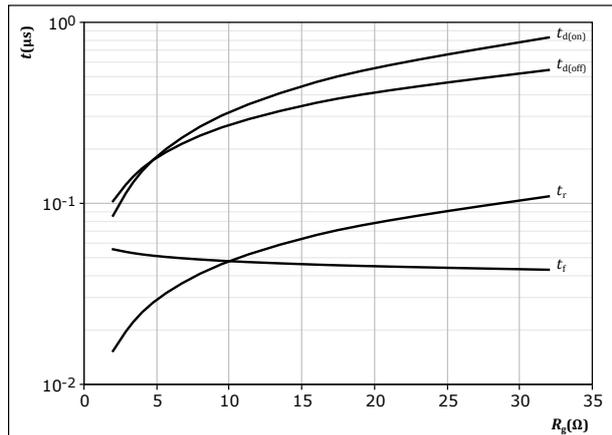
Typical switching times as a function of collector current
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 750 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{g(on)} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$
 $R_{g(off)} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$

figure 43. IGBT

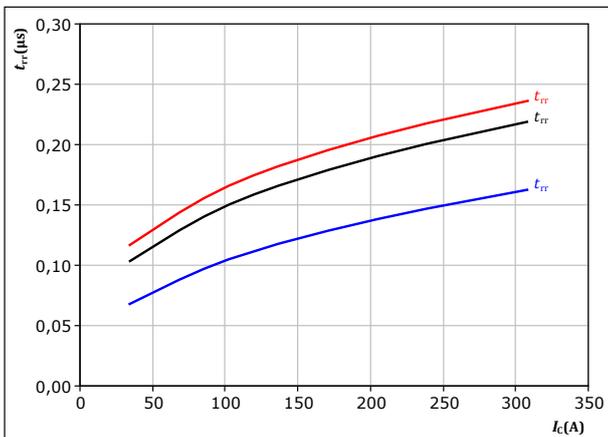
Typical switching times as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 750 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 170 \text{ A}$

figure 44. FWD

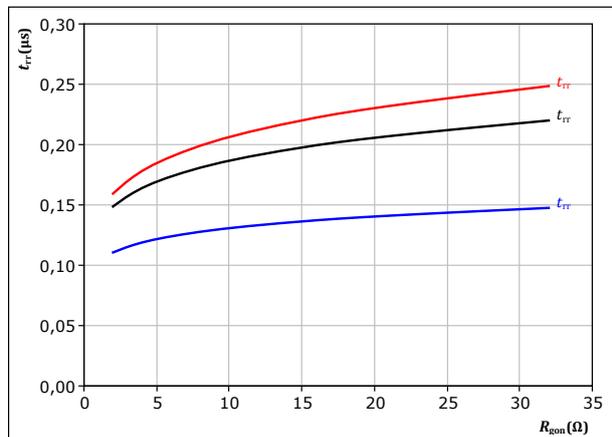
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 750 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{g(on)} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$
 $T_j: \text{ — } 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $\text{ — } 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $\text{ — } 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

figure 45. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{g(on)})$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 750 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 170 \text{ A}$
 $T_j: \text{ — } 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $\text{ — } 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $\text{ — } 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

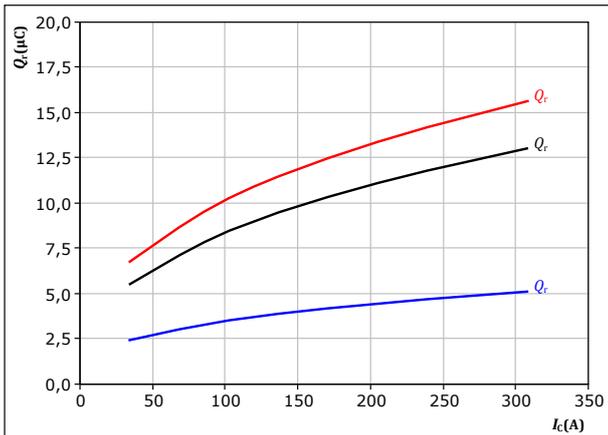


DC-Link Switching Characteristics

figure 46. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

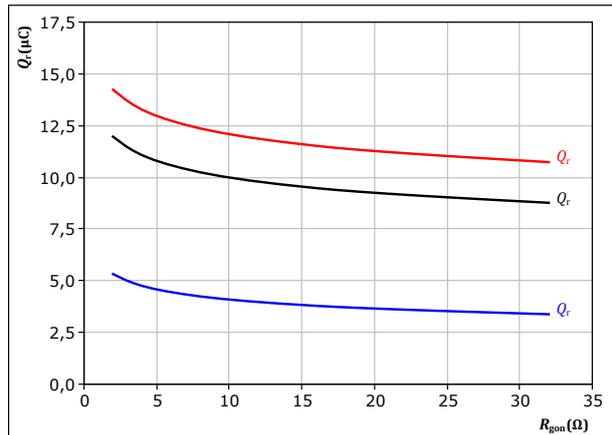
$V_{CE} = 750$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 8$ Ω

T_j :
— 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 47. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

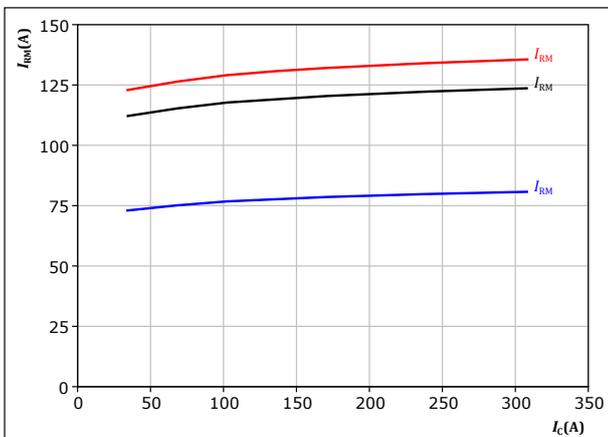
$V_{CE} = 750$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 170$ A

T_j :
— 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 48. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

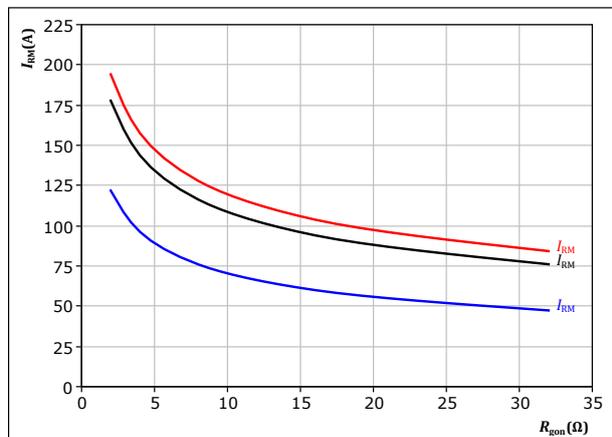
$V_{CE} = 750$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 8$ Ω

T_j :
— 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 49. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 750$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 170$ A

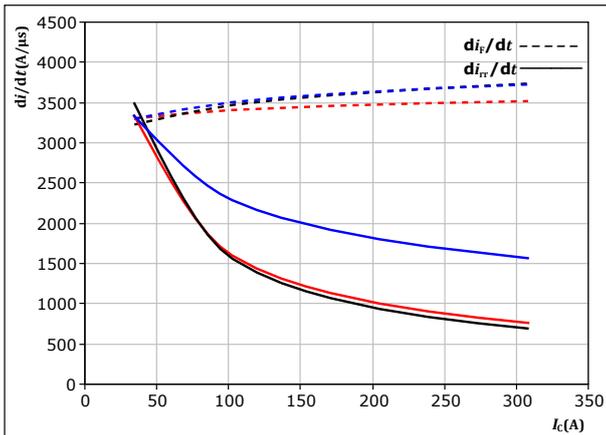
T_j :
— 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C



DC-Link Switching Characteristics

figure 50. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(I_C)$



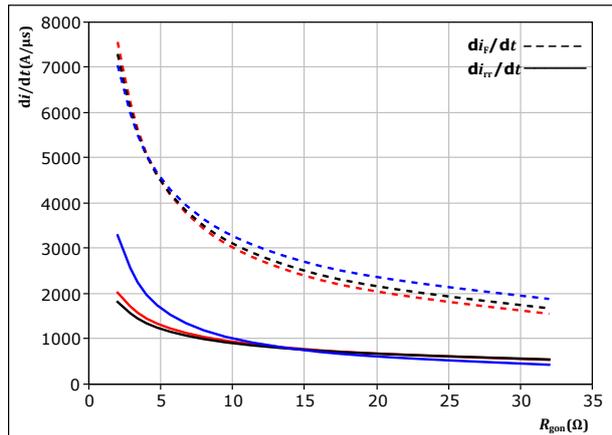
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 750 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 8 \ \Omega$

T_j :
— 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 51. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at

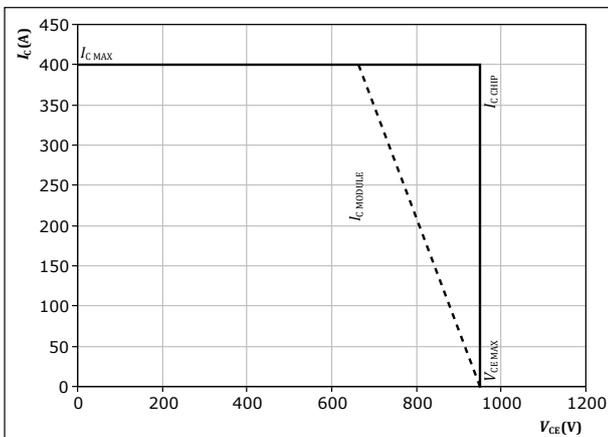
$V_{CE} = 750 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_C = 170 \text{ A}$

T_j :
— 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 52. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



At $T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$
 $R_{gon} = 8 \ \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 8 \ \Omega$



Switching Definitions

figure 53. IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} , t_{Eoff} (t_{Eoff} = integrating time for E_{off})

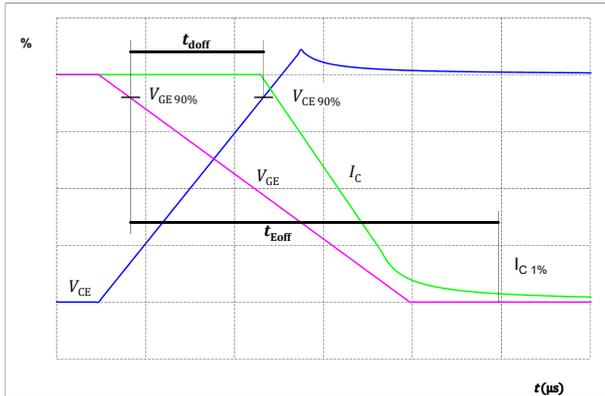


figure 54. IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} , t_{Eon} (t_{Eon} = integrating time for E_{on})

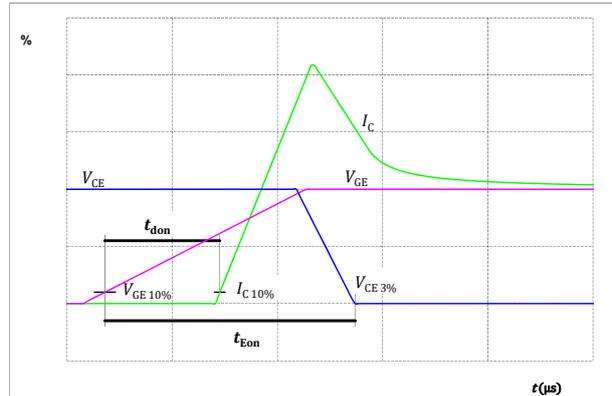


figure 55. IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f

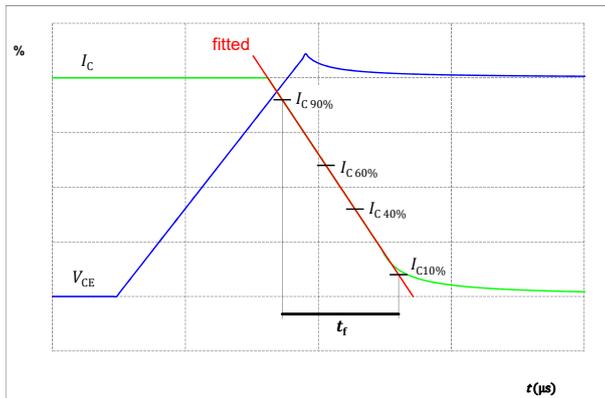
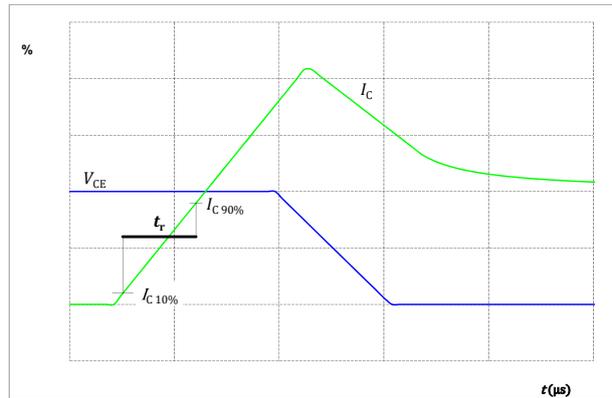


figure 56. IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r





Switching Definitions

figure 57. FWD

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{rr}

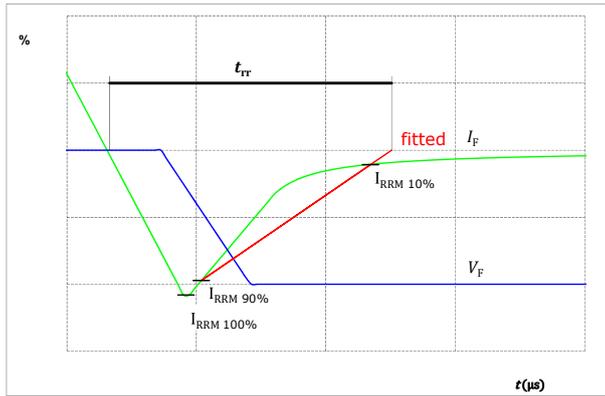
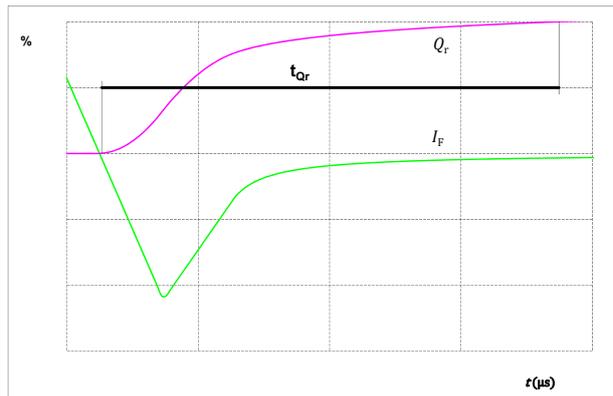


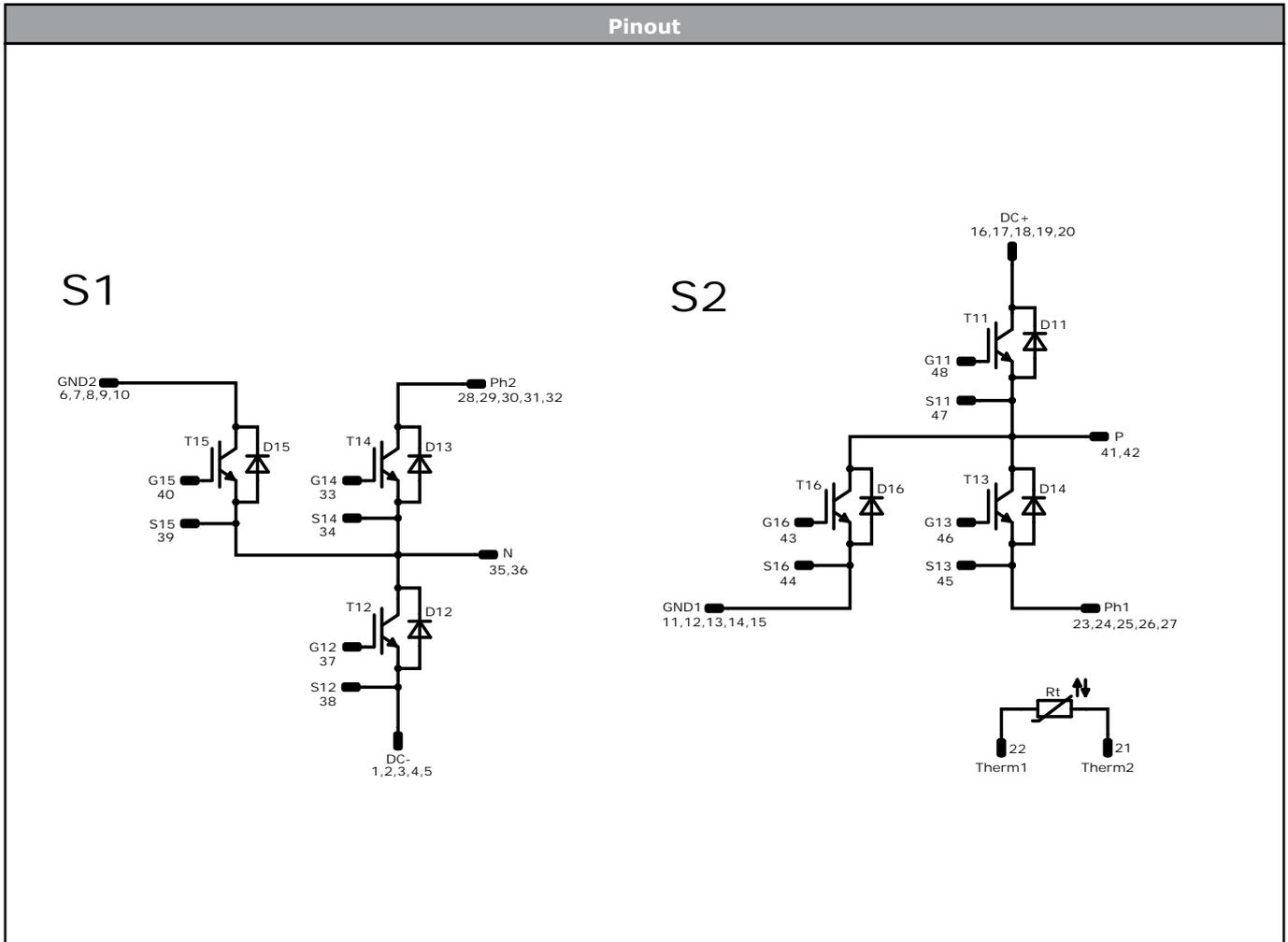
figure 58. FWD

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Qr} (t_{Qr} = integrating time for Q_r)





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Identification					
ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T13, T14	IGBT	950 V	200 A	AC Switch	
D13, D14	FWD	950 V	200 A	AC Diode	
T15, T16	IGBT	950 V	200 A	Neutral Point Switch	
D15, D16	FWD	950 V	200 A	DC-Link Diode	
T11, T12	IGBT	950 V	200 A	DC-Link Switch	
D11, D12	FWD	950 V	200 A	Neutral Point Diode	
Rt	Thermistor			Thermistor	



Vincotech

Packaging instruction				
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 36	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ	Sample

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for <i>flow 2</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for <i>flow 2</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

Vincotech thermistor reference
See Vincotech thermistor reference table at vincotech.com website.

UL recognition and file number
This device is UL 1557 recognized under E192116 up to a junction temperature under switching condition $T_{j,op}=175^{\circ}\text{C}$ and up to 4000VAC/1min isolation voltage. For more information see vincotech.com website.



Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
30-PT10NAA200S701-PE59F08Y-D2-14	4 Apr. 2025	Remove Capacitor (PCN-2025-008)	

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.