



flowMNPC 2

1200 V / 300 A

Topology features

- Mixed Voltage Neutral Point Clamped Topology (T-Type)
- Kelvin Emitter for improved switching performance
- Split output for elimination of X-conduction at fast turn-on
- Low inductive commutation loop
- Temperature sensor

Component features

- High speed switching
- Low collector emitter saturation voltage
- Low turn-off losses
- Optimized for hard switching topologies
- Positive temperature coefficient

Housing features

- Base isolation: Al₂O₃
- Convex shaped baseplate for superior thermal contact
- Cu baseplate
- Thermo-mechanical push-and-pull force relief
- Solder pin

Target applications

- Energy Storage Systems
- Solar Inverters
- UPS

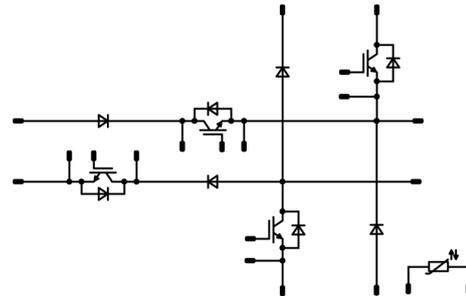
Types

- 30-FT12NMA300H7-PL99F08

flow 2 13 mm housing



Schematic





Vincotech

30-FT12NMA300H7-PL99F08
datasheet

Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Buck Switch				
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}		1200	V
Collector current (DC current)	I_C	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	211	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	900	A
Turn off safe operating area		$T_j = 150\text{ °C}$, $V_{CE} = 1200\text{ V}$	900	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	420	W
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GES}		± 20	V
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C

Buck Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		650	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	232	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	900	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	304	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C

Buck Sw. Protection Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s \leq 80\text{ °C}$	32 ⁽¹⁾	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	32	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	I_{FSM}	Single Half Sine Wave, $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$	200	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	82	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C

⁽¹⁾ limited by I_{FRM}

**Maximum Ratings** $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Boost Switch				
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}		650	V
Collector current (DC current)	I_C	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	247	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	600	A
Turn off safe operating area		$T_j = 150\text{ °C}$, $V_{CE} = 1200\text{ V}$	600	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	340	W
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GES}		± 20	V
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C

Boost Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	231	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	600	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	383	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C

Boost Sw. Protection Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		650	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	38	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	69	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C



Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
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Module Properties

Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	T_{jop}		-40...+($T_{jmax} - 25$)	°C

Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	V_{isol}	DC Test Voltage* $t_p = 2\text{ s}$	6000	V
Creepage distance			>12,7	mm
Clearance			>12,7	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI		≥ 200	

*100 % tested in production



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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	I_D [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

Buck Switch

Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,0048	25	4,7	5,5	6,2	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		300	25 125 150		1,86 2,16 2,22	2,15 ⁽²⁾	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	I_{CES}		0	1200		25			16	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		25			400	nA
Internal gate resistance	r_g							None		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{ies}							38400		pF
Output capacitance	C_{oes}	$f = 100$ kHz	0	25		25		736		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}							216		pF
Gate charge	Q_g	$V_{CC} = 960$ V	0/15		300	25		2200		nC

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽³⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						0,23		K/W
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Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$					25 125 150		232,65 236,3 236,97		ns
Rise time	t_r	$R_{gon} = 2$ Ω $R_{goff} = 2$ Ω				25 125 150		32,46 35,17 36,76		ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		±15	350	300	25 125 150		192,99 219,9 226,64		ns
Fall time	t_f					25 125 150		31,32 52,51 55,84		ns
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	E_{on}	$Q_{tFWD} = 6,51$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 14,66$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 17,12$ μC				25 125 150		5,81 6,68 7,09		mWs
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	E_{off}					25 125 150		5,93 9,42 10,32		mWs



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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
Buck Diode										
Static										
Forward voltage	V_F				300	25 125 150		1,53 1,49 1,46	1,92 ⁽²⁾	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_r = 650$ V				25			15,2	μA
Thermal										
Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽³⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						0,31		K/W
Dynamic										
Peak recovery current	I_{RM}					25 125 150		141,15 213,72 230,96		A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					25 125 150		75,18 110,59 121,36		ns
Recovered charge	Q_r	$di/dt=6515$ A/μs $di/dt=7512$ A/μs $di/dt=7415$ A/μs	±15	350	300	25 125 150		6,51 14,66 17,12		μC
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}					25 125 150		1,24 3,03 3,57		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_r/dt)_{max}$					25 125 150		3199,35 3577,27 3138,39		A/μs



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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

Buck Sw. Protection Diode

Static

Forward voltage	V_F				16	25 125 150		2,82 2,36 2,24	3,2 ⁽²⁾	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_r = 1200$ V				25 150			200 1000	μ A

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽³⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,16		K/W
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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

Boost Switch

Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,003	25	3,25	4	4,75	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		300	25 125 150	1,15	1,31 1,41 1,44	1,8 ⁽²⁾	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	I_{CES}		0	650		25			76	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		25			400	nA
Internal gate resistance	r_g							None		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{ies}							16240		pF
Output capacitance	C_{oes}	$f = 1$ Mhz	0	25		25		480		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}							58,4		pF
Gate charge	Q_g	$V_{CC} = 400$ V	±15		300	25		1220		nC

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽³⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						0,28		K/W
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Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$					25 125 150		72,36 73,78 73,82		ns
Rise time	t_r	$R_{gon} = 2$ Ω $R_{goff} = 2$ Ω				25 125 150		9,25 10,62 11,37		ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		±15	350	112,5	25 125 150		103,49 133,91 143,01		ns
Fall time	t_f					25 125 150		18,53 26,02 30,14		ns
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	E_{on}	$Q_{tFWD} = 10,63$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 22,72$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 26,8$ μC				25 125 150		1,71 2,52 2,71		mWs
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	E_{off}					25 125 150		1,23 2,14 2,42		mWs



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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
Boost Diode										
Static										
Forward voltage	V_F			300	25 125 150	1,45	1,88 1,88 1,85	1,95 ⁽²⁾		V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_r = 1200$ V			25			3,04		μA
Thermal										
Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽³⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)					0,25			K/W
Dynamic										
Peak recovery current	I_{RM}				25 125 150		244,79 311,56 331,6			A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}				25 125 150		118,33 211,31 247,53			ns
Recovered charge	Q_r	$di/dt=11574$ A/μs $di/dt=10074$ A/μs $di/dt=9440$ A/μs	±15	350	112,5		10,63 22,72 26,8			μC
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}				25 125 150		2,59 5,87 6,97			mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_r/dt)_{max}$				25 125 150		10927,25 7456,47 7419,11			A/μs



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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

Boost Sw. Protection Diode

Static

Forward voltage	V_F				16	25 125 150		2,14 1,56 1,44	3 ⁽²⁾	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_r = 650$ V				25			20	μA

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽³⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,38		K/W
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Thermistor

Static

Rated resistance	R					25		22		kΩ
Deviation of R100	$\Delta_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 1484$ Ω				100	-5		5	%
Power dissipation	P					25		130		mW
Power dissipation constant	d					25		1,5		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. ±1 %						3962		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. ±1 %						4000		K
Vincotech Thermistor Reference									I	

⁽²⁾ Value at chip level

⁽³⁾ Only valid with pre-applied Vincotech thermal interface material.

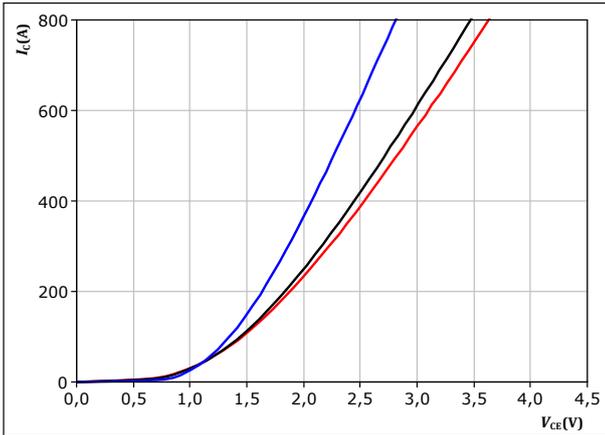


Buck Switch Characteristics

figure 1. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



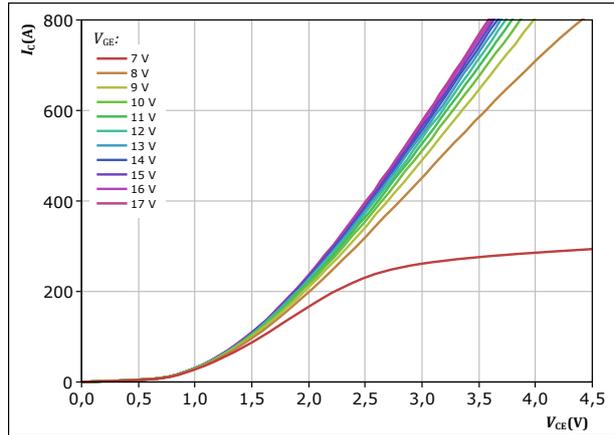
$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$

$T_j:$ — 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 2. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

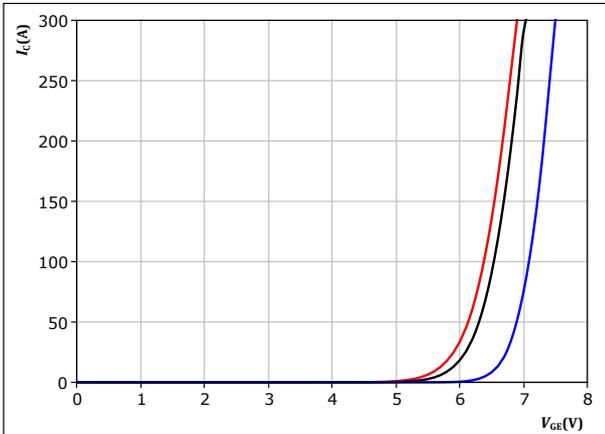


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 3. IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$



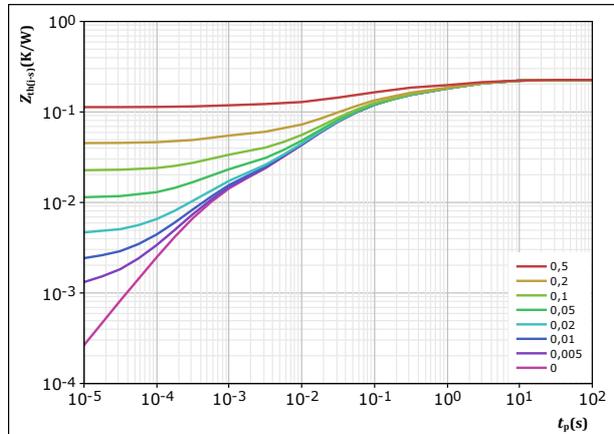
$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$

$T_j:$ — 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 4. IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,226 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
3,11E-02	4,96E+00
5,83E-02	8,83E-01
8,44E-02	7,76E-02
3,97E-02	1,44E-02
1,26E-02	5,52E-04

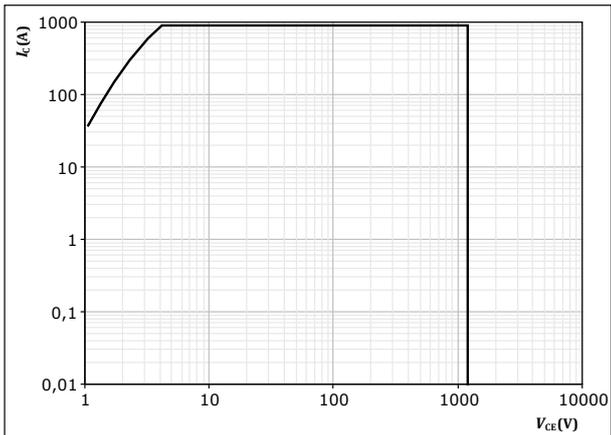


Buck Switch Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT

Safe operating area

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

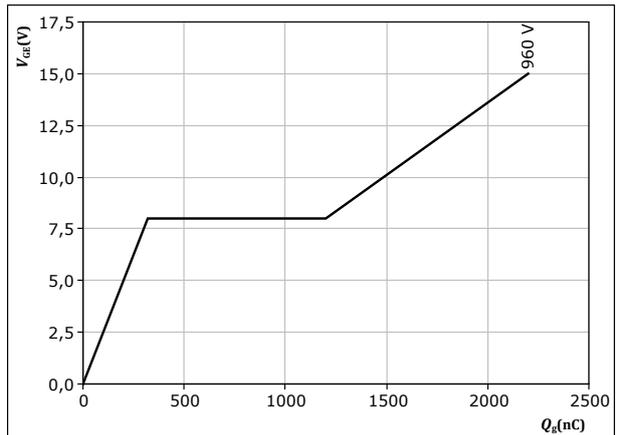


D = single pulse
T_s = 80 °C
V_{GE} = 15 V
T_j = T_{jmax}

figure 6. IGBT

Gate voltage vs gate charge

$V_{GE} = f(Q_g)$



I_C = 75 A
T_j = 25 °C



Buck Diode Characteristics

figure 7. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

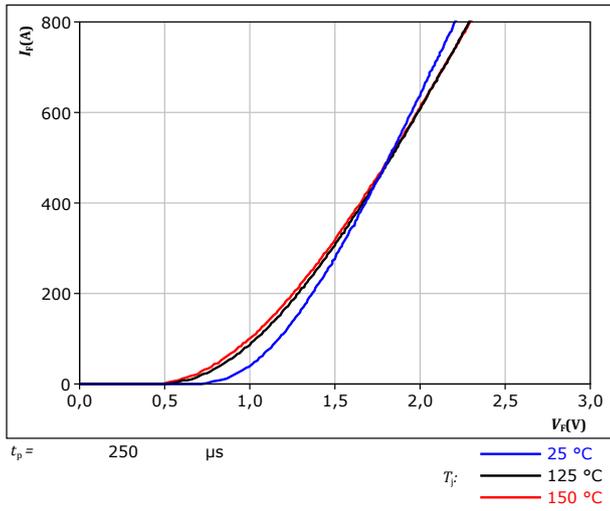
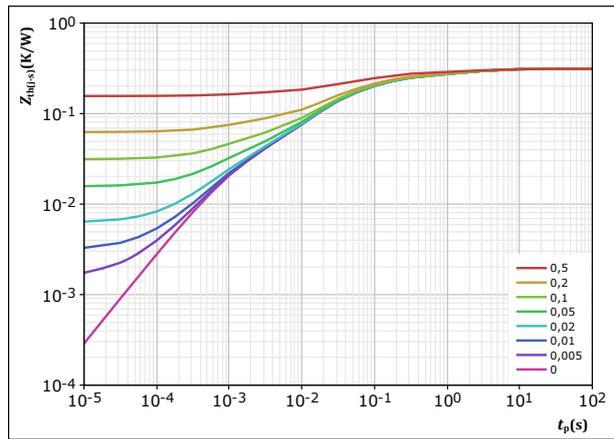


figure 8. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,313$ K/W
 FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
2,60E-02	5,11E+00
4,54E-02	1,05E+00
1,16E-01	1,00E-01
1,02E-01	1,92E-02
2,34E-02	1,04E-03



Buck Sw. Protection Diode Characteristics

figure 9. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

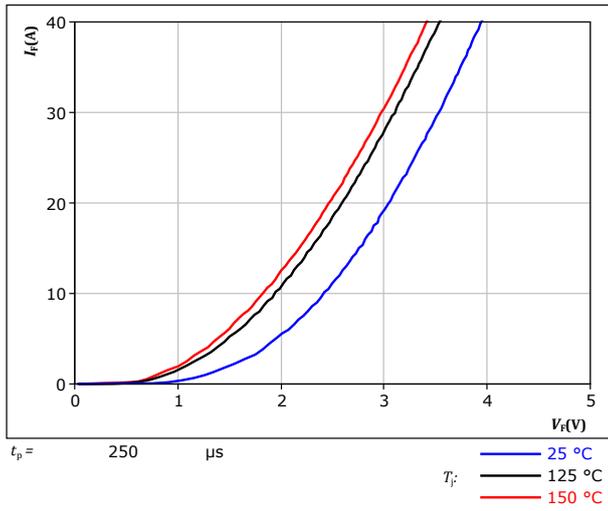
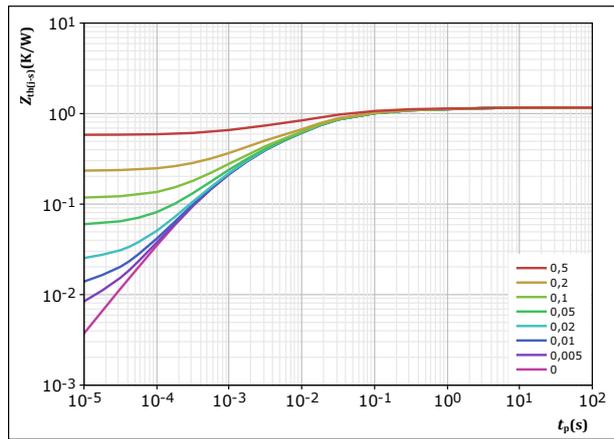


figure 10. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D =$	t_p / T	
$R_{th(j-s)} =$	1,164	K/W
FWD thermal model values		
R (K/W)	τ (s)	
7,05E-02	2,32E+00	
1,99E-01	1,21E-01	
5,32E-01	1,69E-02	
2,77E-01	2,12E-03	
8,54E-02	4,04E-04	

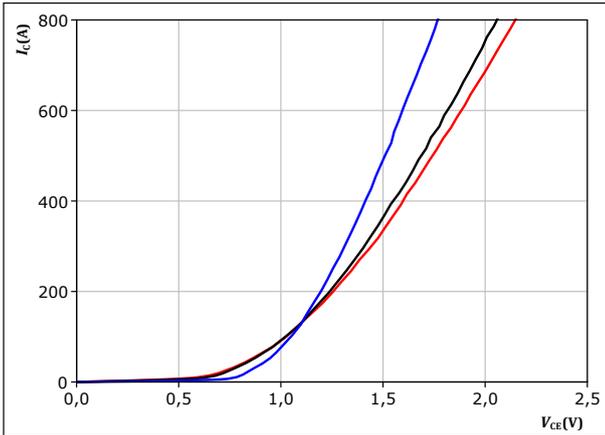


Boost Switch Characteristics

figure 11. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

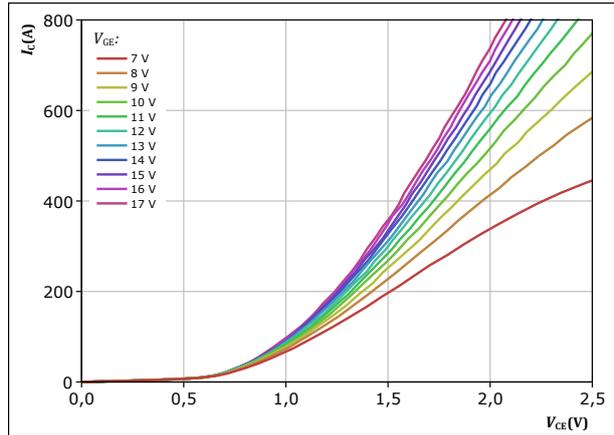


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$
 $T_j:$ 25 °C, 125 °C, 150 °C

figure 12. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

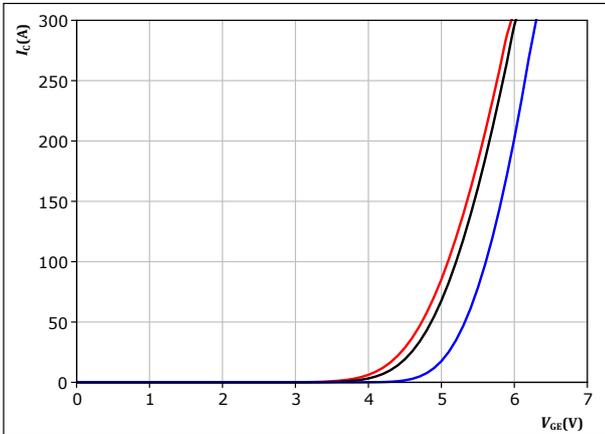


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 13. IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{GE})$

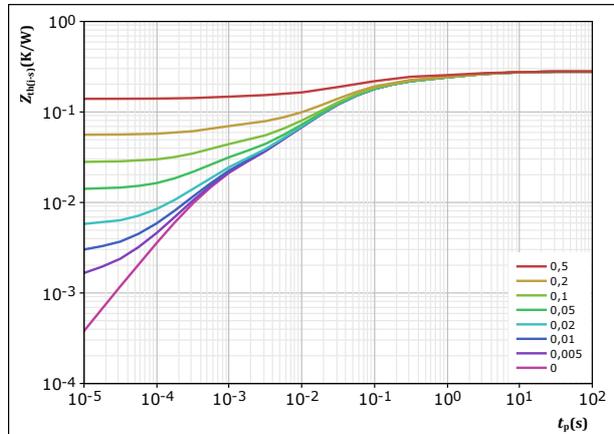


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$
 $T_j:$ 25 °C, 125 °C, 150 °C

figure 14. IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,279 \text{ K/W}$
IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
2,62E-02	5,54E+00
4,88E-02	8,94E-01
1,23E-01	7,13E-02
6,30E-02	1,34E-02
1,82E-02	5,73E-04

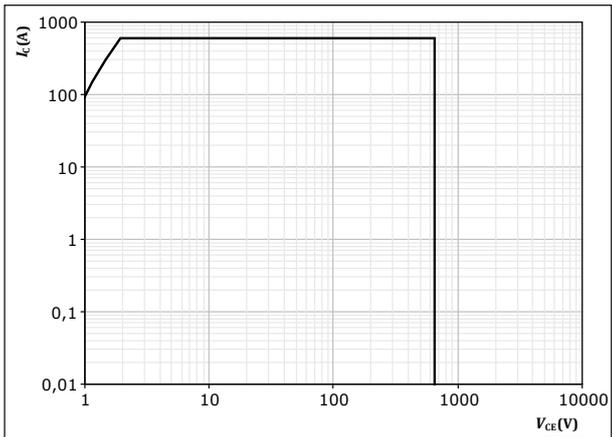


Boost Switch Characteristics

figure 15. IGBT

Safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



$D =$ single pulse

$T_s = 80$ °C

$V_{CE} = 15$ V

$T_j = T_{jmax}$



Boost Diode Characteristics

figure 16. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

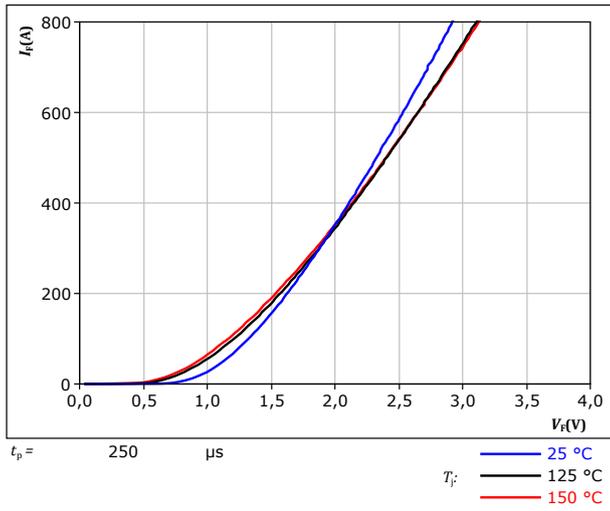
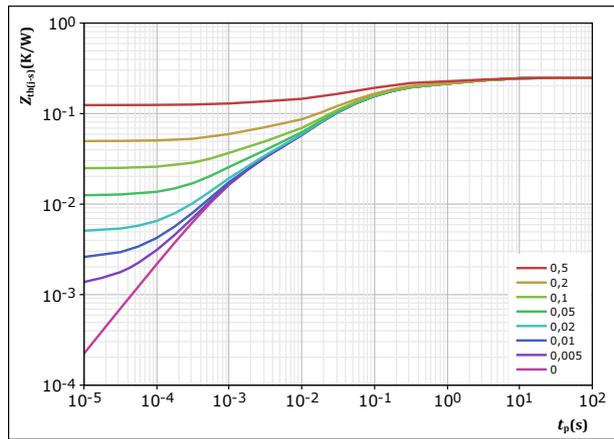


figure 17. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = \frac{t_p}{T}$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,248 \text{ K/W}$
 FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
2,92E-02	4,39E+00
2,98E-02	9,64E-01
9,89E-02	1,01E-01
6,96E-02	1,98E-02
2,07E-02	1,16E-03



Boost Sw. Protection Diode Characteristics

figure 18. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

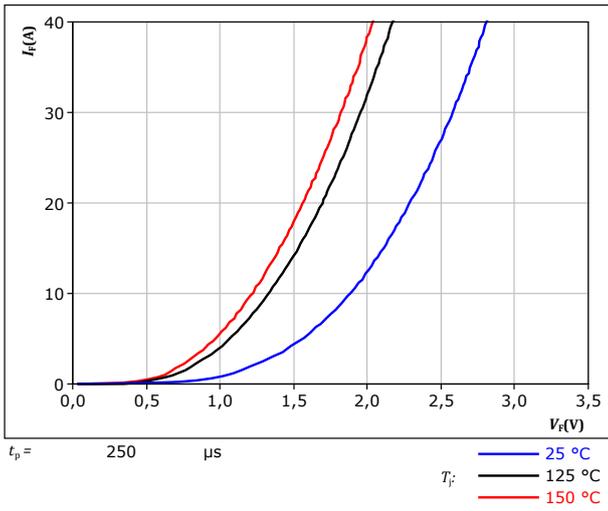
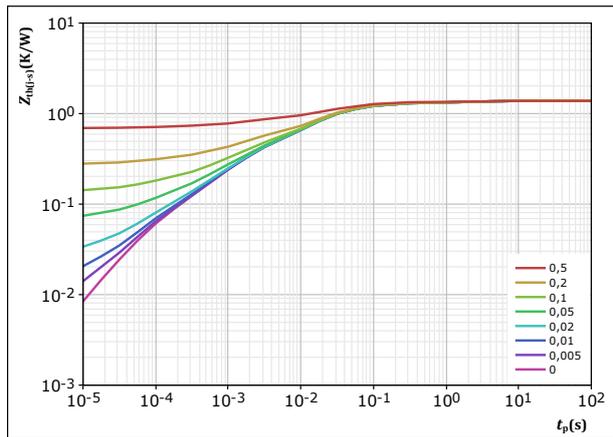


figure 19. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,382 \text{ K/W}$
 FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
8,42E-02	2,44E+00
2,61E-01	8,79E-02
7,08E-01	1,80E-02
2,77E-01	1,32E-03
5,21E-02	8,34E-05

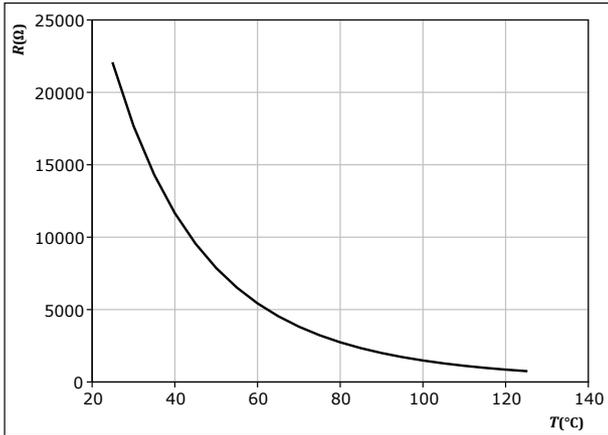


Thermistor Characteristics

figure 20. Thermistor

Typical NTC characteristic as function of temperature

$$R_T = f(T)$$

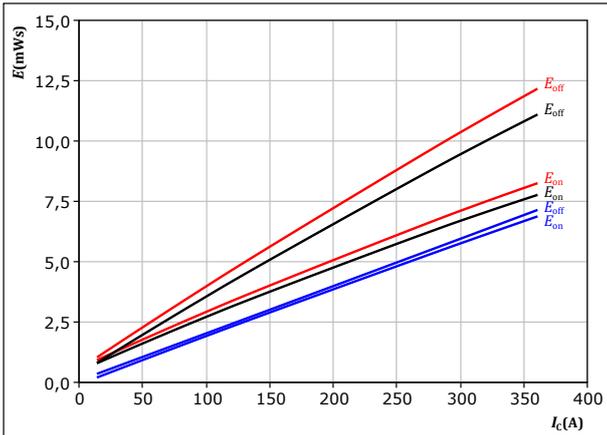




Buck Switching Characteristics

figure 21. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current
 $E = f(I_c)$

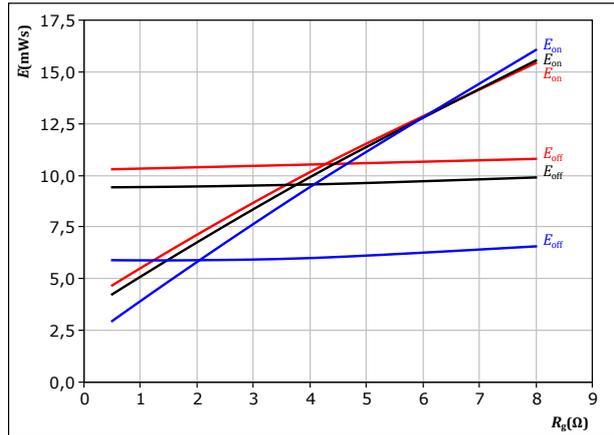


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 22. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $E = f(R_g)$

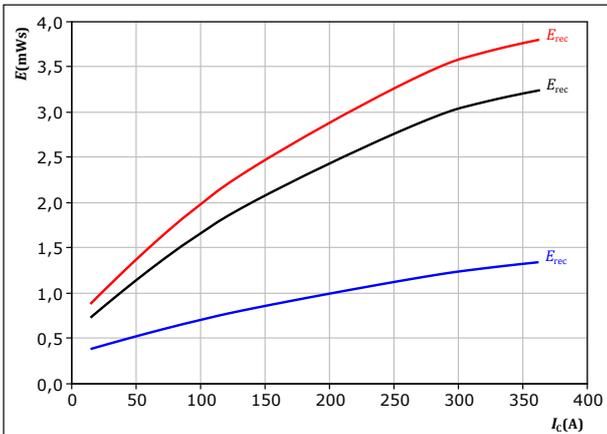


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 300 \text{ A}$

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 23. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current
 $E_{rec} = f(I_c)$

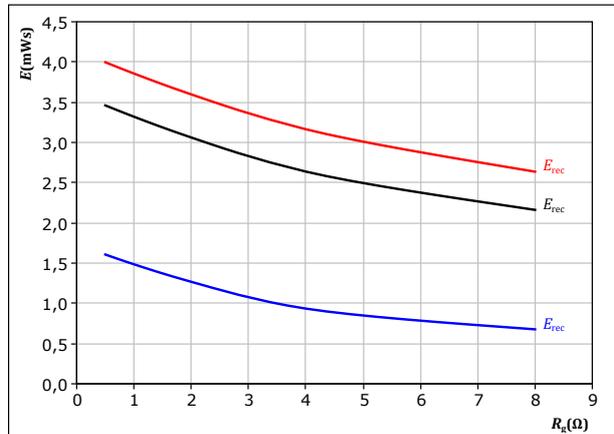


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 24. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $E_{rec} = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 300 \text{ A}$

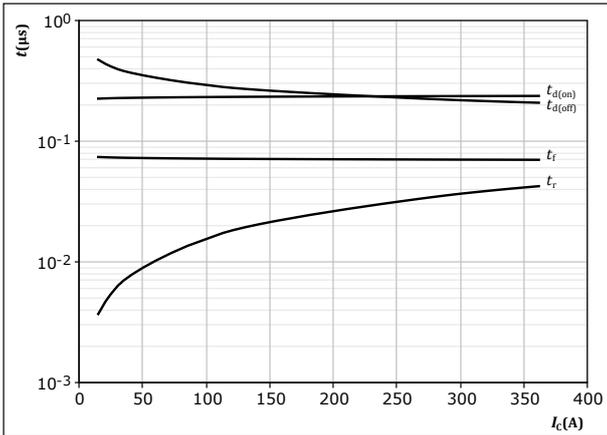
T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C



Buck Switching Characteristics

figure 25. IGBT

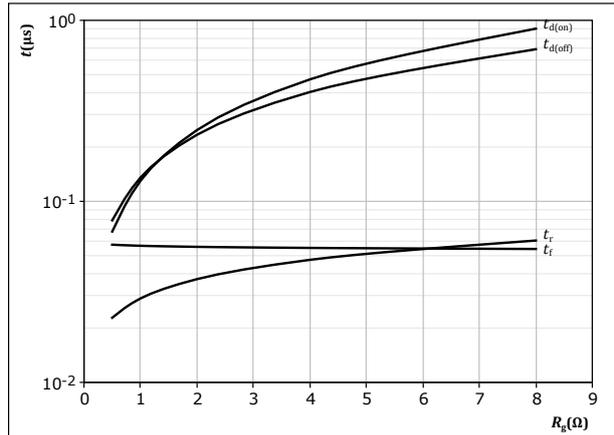
Typical switching times as a function of collector current
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{g(on)} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$
 $R_{g(off)} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

figure 26. IGBT

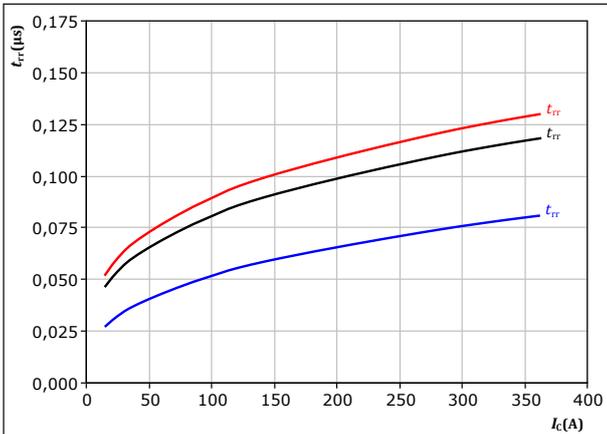
Typical switching times as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 300 \text{ A}$

figure 27. FWD

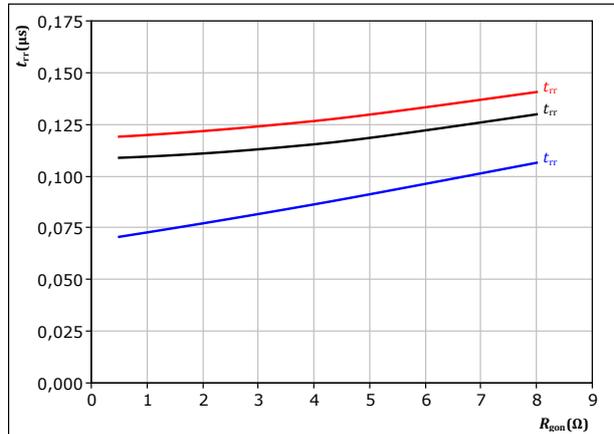
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{g(on)} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$
 $T_j:$ — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 28. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{g(on)})$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 300 \text{ A}$
 $T_j:$ — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

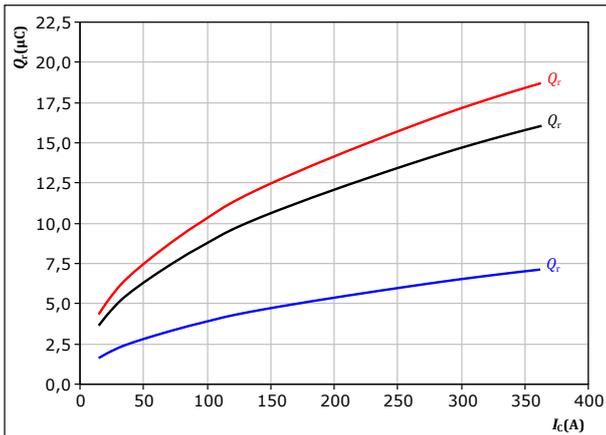


Buck Switching Characteristics

figure 29. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

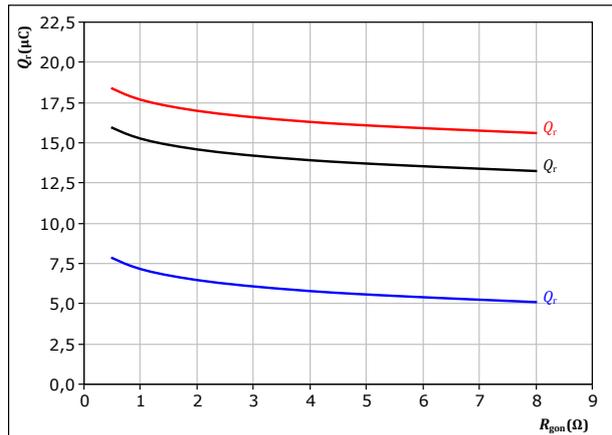
$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$

T_j :
— 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 30. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

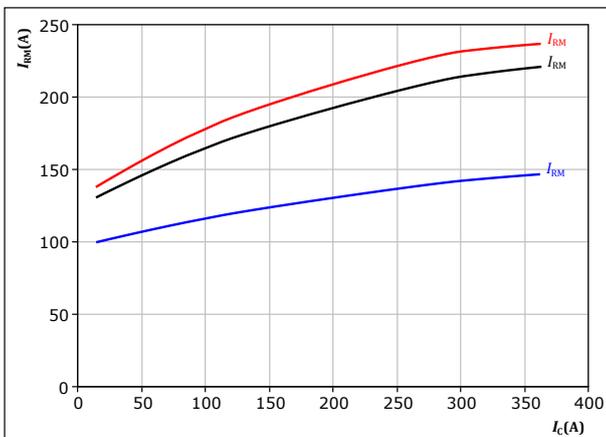
$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 300 \text{ A}$

T_j :
— 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 31. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

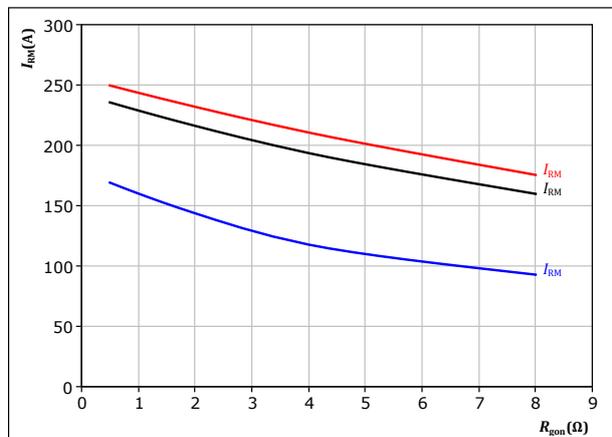
$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$

T_j :
— 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 32. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 300 \text{ A}$

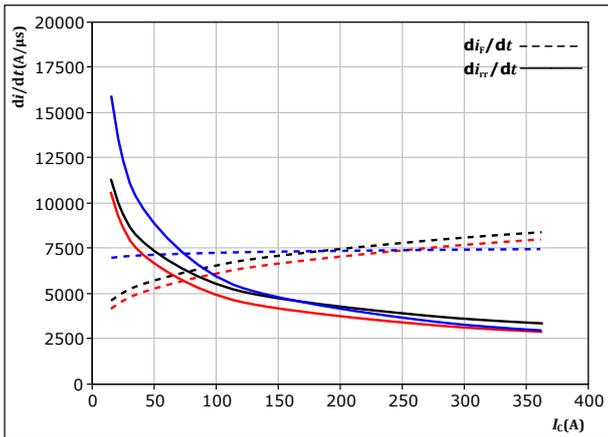
T_j :
— 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C



Buck Switching Characteristics

figure 33. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(I_c)$



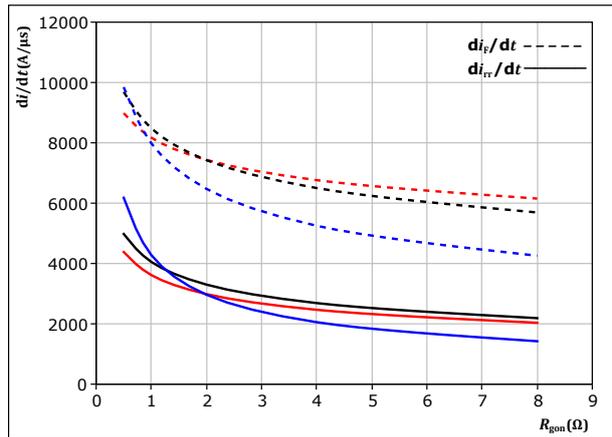
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

T_j :
— 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 34. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at

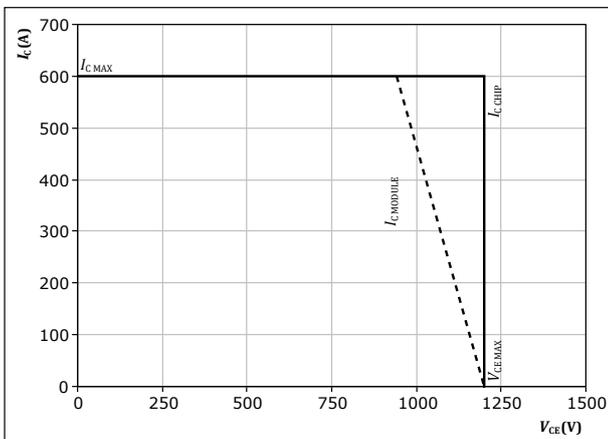
$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 300 \text{ A}$

T_j :
— 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 35. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_c = f(V_{CE})$



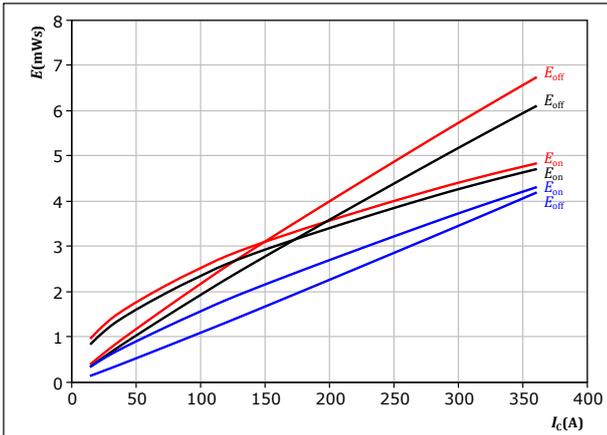
At $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$



Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 36. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current
 $E = f(I_c)$



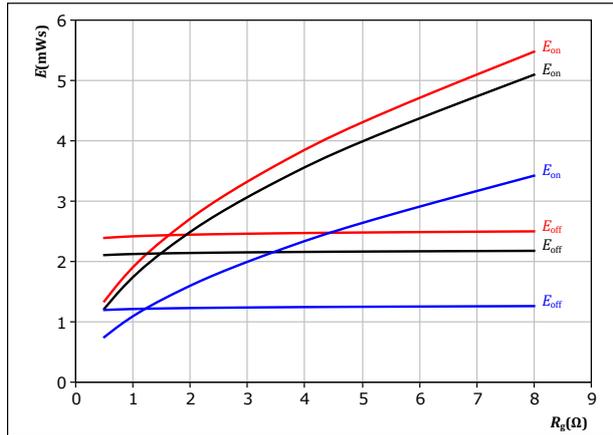
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 37. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $E = f(R_g)$



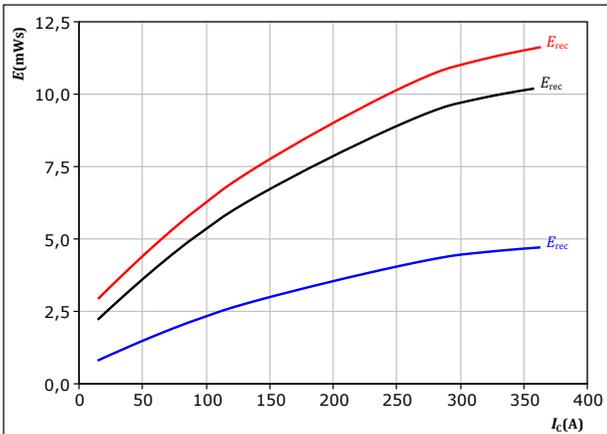
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 112,5 \text{ A}$

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 38. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current
 $E_{rec} = f(I_c)$



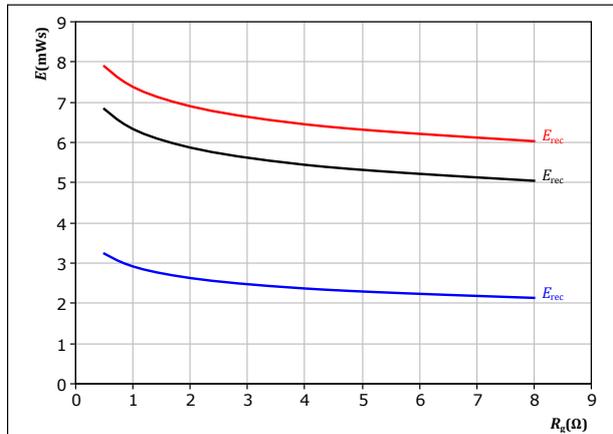
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 39. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $E_{rec} = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 112,5 \text{ A}$

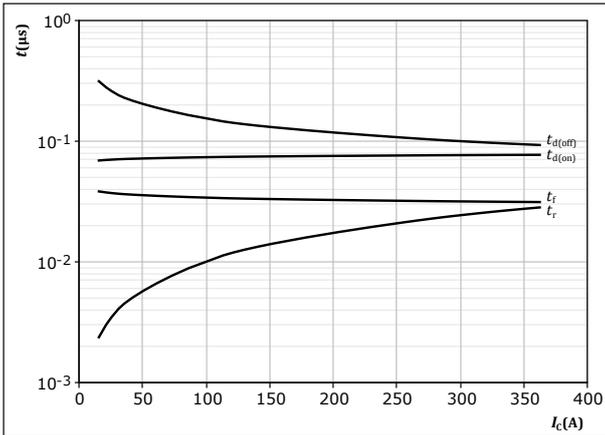
T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C



Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 40. IGBT

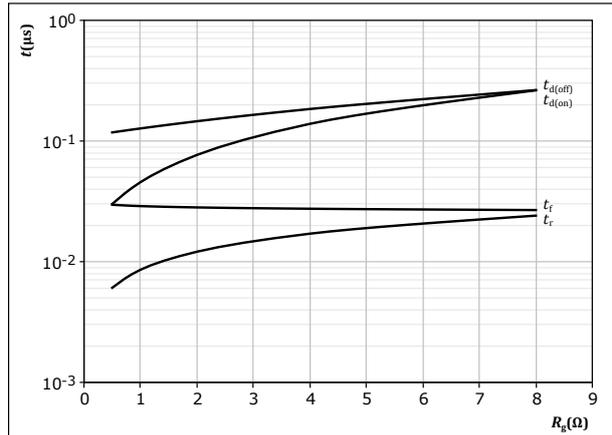
Typical switching times as a function of collector current
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

figure 41. IGBT

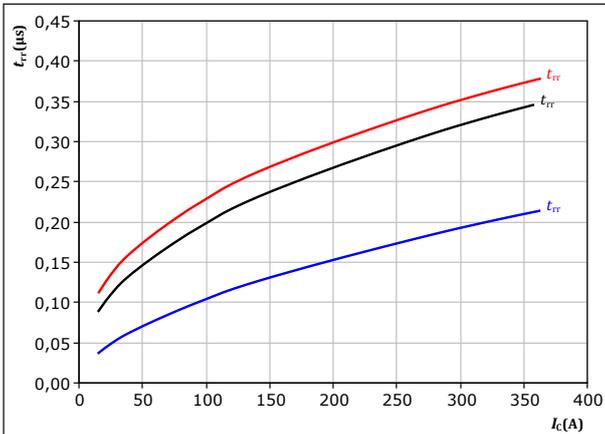
Typical switching times as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 112,5 \text{ A}$

figure 42. FWD

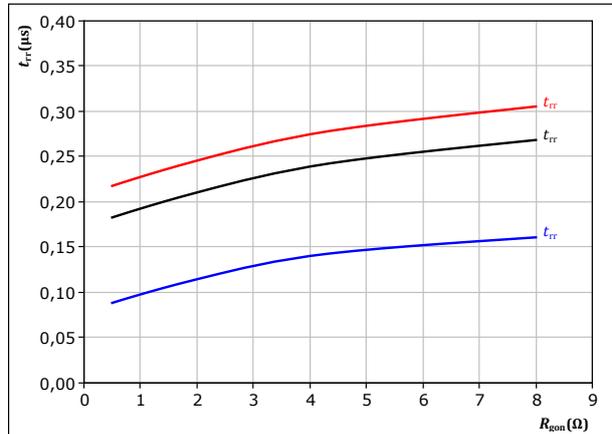
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$
 $T_j:$ — 25 $^\circ\text{C}$
 — 125 $^\circ\text{C}$
 — 150 $^\circ\text{C}$

figure 43. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 112,5 \text{ A}$
 $T_j:$ — 25 $^\circ\text{C}$
 — 125 $^\circ\text{C}$
 — 150 $^\circ\text{C}$

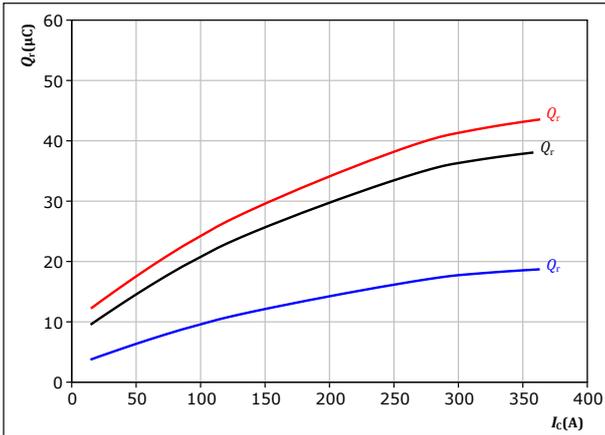


Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 44. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

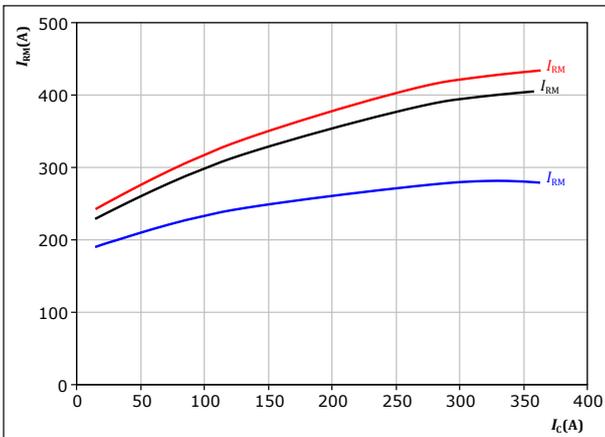
$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 2$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 46. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

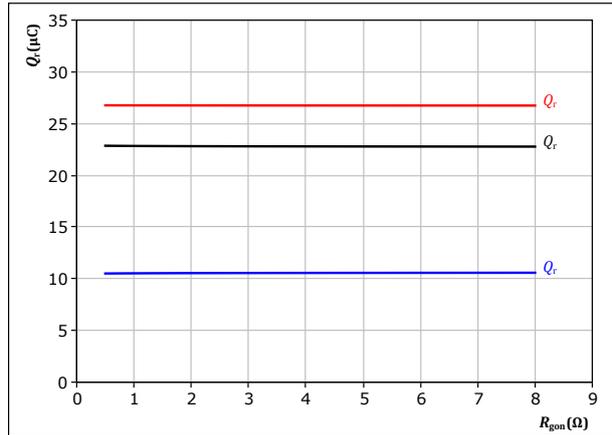
$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 2$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 45. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

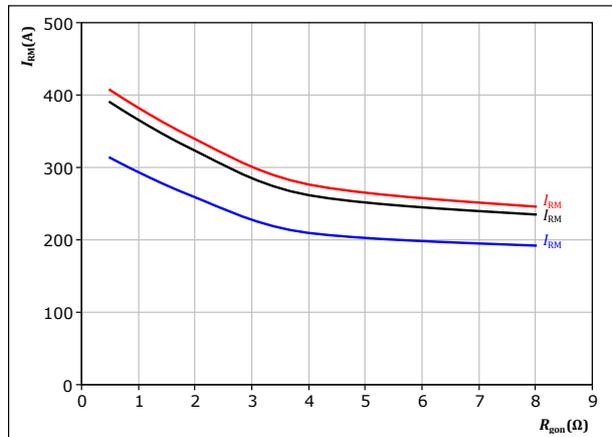
$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 112,5$ A

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 47. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 112,5$ A

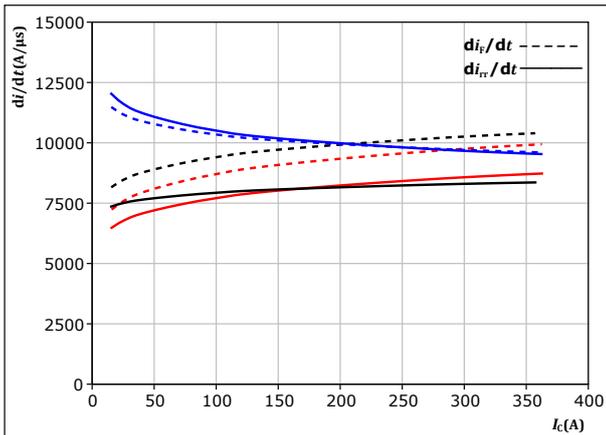
T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C



Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 48. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



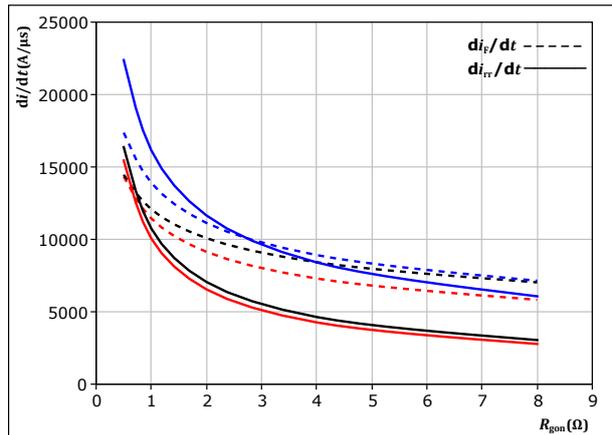
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 2$ Ω

T_j : 25 °C
 125 °C
 150 °C

figure 49. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at

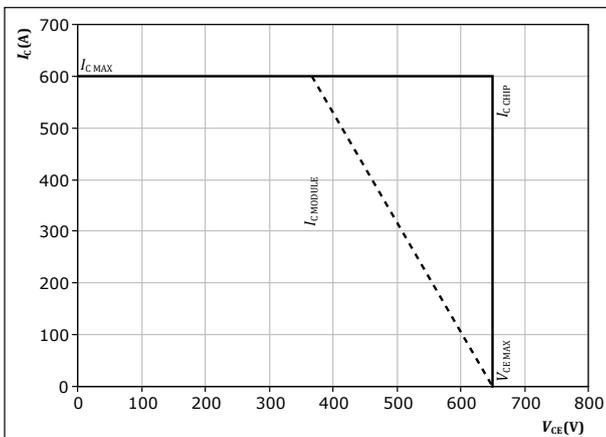
$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 112,5$ A

T_j : 25 °C
 125 °C
 150 °C

figure 50. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At $T_j = 150$ °C
 $R_{gon} = 2$ Ω
 $R_{goff} = 2$ Ω



Switching Definitions

figure 51. IGBT
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} , t_{Eoff} (t_{Eoff} = integrating time for E_{off})

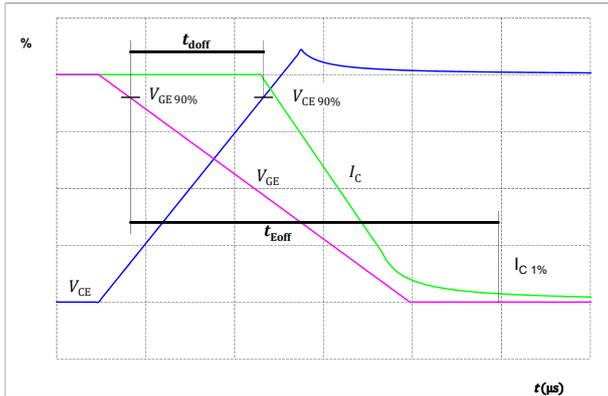


figure 52. IGBT
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} , t_{Eon} (t_{Eon} = integrating time for E_{on})

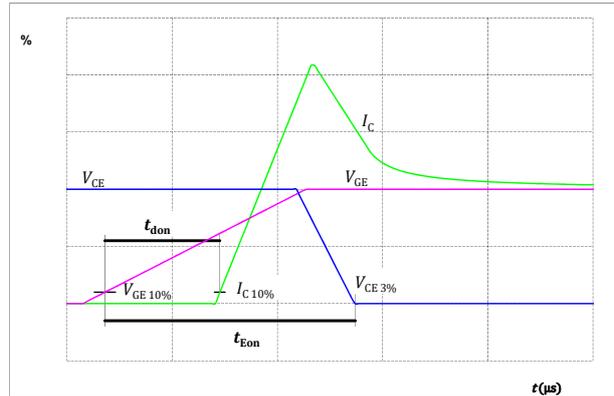


figure 53. IGBT
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f

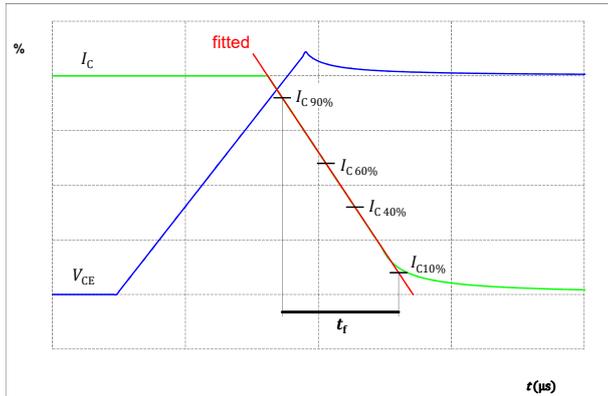
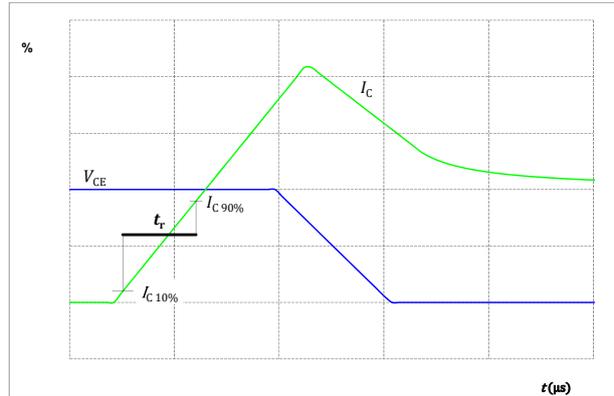


figure 54. IGBT
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r





Switching Definitions

figure 55. FWD

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{rr}

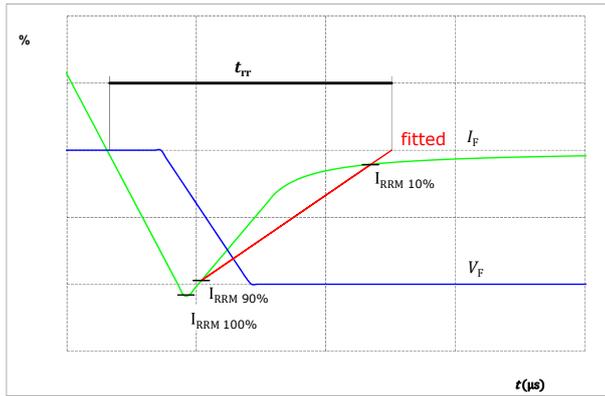
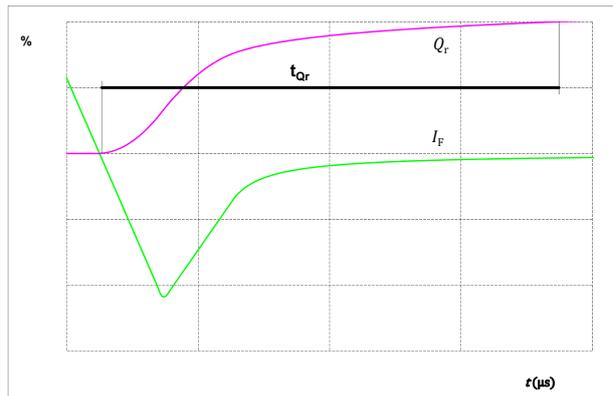


figure 56. FWD

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Qr} (t_{Qr} = integrating time for Q_r)





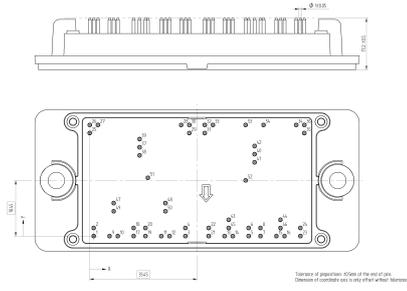
Vincotech

30-FT12NMA300H7-PL99F08
datasheet

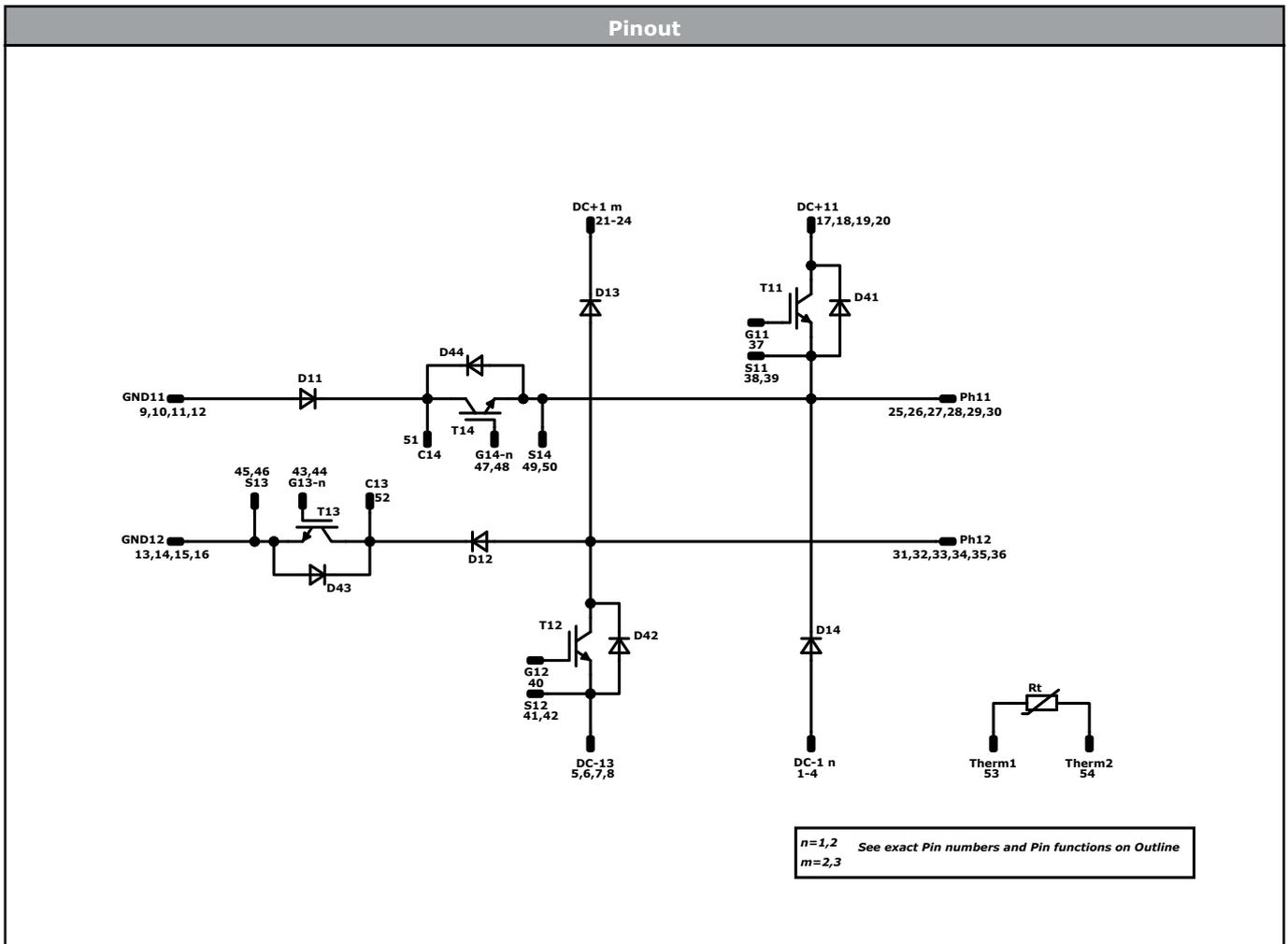
Ordering Code	
Version	Ordering Code
Without thermal paste	30-FT12NMA300H7-PL99F08
With thermal paste (3,4 W/mK, PSX-P7)	30-FT12NMA300H7-PL99F08-/3/

Marking						
	Text	Name NN-NNNNNNNNNNNNNN- TTTTTVV	Date code WWYY	UL & VIN UL VIN	Lot LLLLL	Serial SSSS
	Datamatrix	Type&Ver TTTTTTVV	Lot number LLLLL	Serial SSSS	Date code WWYY	

Outline							
Pin table [mm]							
Pin	X	Y	Function	28	30,2	36,9	Ph11
1	1,3	0	DC-11	29	32,9	34,2	Ph11
2	1,3	2,7	DC-11	30	32,9	36,9	Ph11
3	31,6	0	DC-12	31	38	34,2	Ph12
4	31,6	2,7	DC-12	32	38	36,9	Ph12
5	52,5	0	DC-13	33	40,7	36,9	Ph12
6	52,5	2,7	DC-13	34	68,2	36,9	Ph12
7	56,4	0	DC-13	35	70,9	34,2	Ph12
8	56,4	2,7	DC-13	36	70,9	36,9	Ph12
9	6,55	0	GND11	37	16,45	29,5	G11
10	9,25	0	GND11	38	16,45	26,8	S11
11	23,65	0	GND11	39	16,45	32,2	S11
12	26,35	0	GND11	40	54,45	27,2	G12
13	44,55	0	GND12	41	54,45	24,5	S12
14	47,25	0	GND12	42	54,45	29,9	S12
15	61,65	0	GND12	43	45,9	5,4	G13-1
16	64,35	0	GND12	44	63	5,4	G13-2
17	14,5	0	DC+11	45	45,9	2,7	S13
18	14,5	2,7	DC+11	46	63	2,7	S13
19	18,4	0	DC+11	47	7,9	10,95	G14-1
20	18,4	2,7	DC+11	48	25	10,95	G14-2
21	39,3	0	DC+12	49	7,9	8,25	S14
22	39,3	2,7	DC+12	50	25	8,25	S14
23	69,6	0	DC+13	51	19,2	19,35	C14
24	69,6	2,7	DC+13	52	51,5	18,5	C13
25	0	34,2	Ph11	53	51,5	36,9	Therm1
26	0	36,9	Ph11	54	57,4	36,9	Therm2
27	2,7	36,9	Ph11				



1) Dimension of production: 1000 of the product.
 Dimension of standard case is large than other versions.



Identification					
ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T11, T12	IGBT	1200 V	300 A	Buck Switch	
D11, D12	FWD	650 V	300 A	Buck Diode	
D41, D42	FWD	1200 V	16 A	Buck Sw. Protection Diode	
T13, T14	IGBT	650 V	300 A	Boost Switch	Parallel devices with separate control. Values apply to complete device.
D13, D14	FWD	1200 V	300 A	Boost Diode	
D43, D44	FWD	650 V	16 A	Boost Sw. Protection Diode	
Rt	Thermistor			Thermistor	



Packaging instruction				
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 36	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ	Sample

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for <i>flow 2</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for <i>flow 2</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

Vincotech thermistor reference
See Vincotech thermistor reference table at vincotech.com website.

UL recognition and file number
This device is UL 1557 recognized under E192116 up to a junction temperature under switching condition $T_{j,op}=175^{\circ}C$ and up to 3500VAC/1min isolation voltage. For more information see vincotech.com website.



Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
30-FT12NMA300H7-PL99F08-D1-14	6 Jun. 2024	Initial Release	

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As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, or (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in labelling can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.
2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.