



flowMNPC 2

1200 V / 200 A

Topology features

- Mixed Voltage Neutral Point Clamped Topology (T-Type)
- Kelvin Emitter for improved switching performance
- Split output for elimination of X-conduction at fast turn-on
- Low inductive commutation loop
- Temperature sensor

Component features

- High speed switching
- Low collector emitter saturation voltage
- Low turn-off losses
- Optimized for hard switching topologies
- Positive temperature coefficient

Housing features

- Base isolation: Al₂O₃
- Convex shaped baseplate for superior thermal contact
- Cu baseplate
- Thermo-mechanical push-and-pull force relief
- Solder pin

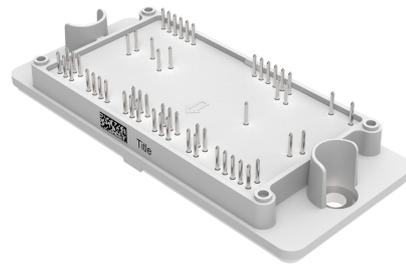
Target applications

- Energy Storage Systems
- Power Supply
- Solar Inverters
- UPS

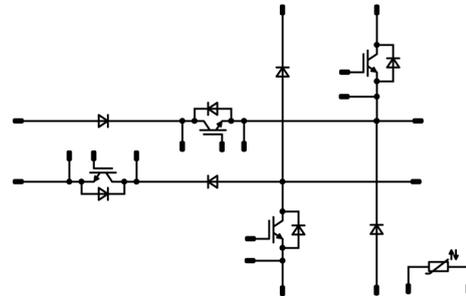
Types

- 30-FT12NMA200H705-M660F56

flow 2 13 mm housing



Schematic





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Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Buck Switch				
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}		1200	V
Collector current (DC current)	I_C	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	165	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	600	A
Turn off safe operating area		$T_j = 150\text{ °C}$, $V_{CE} = 1200\text{ V}$	600	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	314	W
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GES}		± 20	V
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C

Buck Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		650	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	117	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	240	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	176	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C

Buck Sw. Protection Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s \leq 80\text{ °C}$	16 ⁽¹⁾	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	16	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	I_{FSM}	Single Half Sine Wave, $t_p = 8,3\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$	110	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	44	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C

⁽¹⁾ limited by I_{FRM}



Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
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Boost Switch

Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}		650	V
Collector current (DC current)	I_C	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	126	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	300	A
Turn off safe operating area		$T_j = 150\text{ °C}$, $V_{CE} = 1200\text{ V}$	300	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	192	W
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GES}		± 20	V
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C

Boost Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	125	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	300	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	196	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C

Boost Sw. Protection Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		650	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	22	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	43	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C



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datasheet

Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
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Module Properties

Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	T_{jop}		-40...+($T_{jmax} - 25$)	°C

Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	V_{isol}	DC Test Voltage* $t_p = 2\text{ s}$	6000	V
Creepage distance			>12,7	mm
Clearance			>12,7	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI		≥ 200	

*100 % tested in production



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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	I_D [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

Buck Switch

Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,0032	25	4,7	5,5	6,2	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		200	25 125 150		1,78 1,94 1,98	2,15 ⁽²⁾	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	I_{CES}		0	1200		25			8	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		25			200	nA
Internal gate resistance	r_g							None		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{ies}							26000		pF
Output capacitance	C_{oes}	$f = 100$ kHz	0	25		25		480		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}							144		pF
Gate charge	Q_g	$V_{CC} = 960$ V	0/15		200	25		1428		nC

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽³⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						0,3		K/W
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Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$					25 125 150		161,8 164,43 165,47		ns
Rise time	t_r	$R_{gon} = 2$ Ω $R_{goff} = 2$ Ω				25 125 150		18,32 22,52 23,81		ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		±15	350	150	25 125 150		162,46 192,66 200,64		ns
Fall time	t_f					25 125 150		43,32 77,44 79,05		ns
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	E_{on}	$Q_{tFWD} = 0,41$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 0,435$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 0,432$ μC				25 125 150		1,88 2,18 2,43		mWs
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	E_{off}					25 125 150		2,5 4,46 4,98		mWs



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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

Buck Diode

Static

Forward voltage	V_F				120	25 125 150		1,34 1,44 1,49	1,4 ⁽²⁾ 1,55 ⁽²⁾	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_r = 650$ V				25		8	600	μA

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽³⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						0,54		K/W
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Dynamic

Peak recovery current	I_{RM}					25 125 150		39,6 40,14 39,75		A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					25 125 150		18,65 17,5 17,39		ns
Recovered charge	Q_r	$di/dt=4629$ A/μs $di/dt=5544$ A/μs $di/dt=4158$ A/μs	±15	350	150	25 125 150		0,41 0,435 0,432		μC
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}					25 125 150		0,024 0,028 0,028		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_r/dt)_{max}$					25 125 150		4858,71 6718,55 6242,45		A/μs



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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions						Values			Unit
		V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	V_{CE} [V]	I_D [A]	I_C [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	

Buck Sw. Protection Diode

Static

Forward voltage	V_F				8	25 125 150		2,75 2,26 2,15	3,2 ⁽²⁾	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_r = 1200$ V				25 150			100 500	μ A

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽³⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						2,17		K/W
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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	I_C [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

Boost Switch

Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,0015	25	3,25	4	4,75	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		150	25 125 150	1,15	1,44 1,56 1,6	1,8 ⁽²⁾	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	I_{CES}		0	650		25			38	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		25			200	nA
Internal gate resistance	r_g							None		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{ies}							8120		pF
Output capacitance	C_{oes}	$f = 1$ Mhz	0	25		25		240		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}							29,2		pF
Gate charge	Q_g	$V_{CC} = 400$ V	±15		150	25		610		nC

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽³⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						0,5		K/W
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Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$					25 125 150		43,09 43,45 43,92		ns
Rise time	t_r					25 125 150		8,59 10,81 11,63		ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25 125 150		71,12 91,53 97,1		ns
Fall time	t_f					25 125 150		10,72 28,91 32,9		ns
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	E_{on}	$Q_{tFWD} = 7,66$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 14,96$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 16,7$ μC				25 125 150		0,549 0,968 1,1		mWs
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	E_{off}					25 125 150		1,19 1,83 2,25		mWs



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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
Boost Diode										
Static										
Forward voltage	V_F			150	25 125 150	1,45	1,75 1,7 1,68	1,95 ⁽²⁾		V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_r = 1200$ V			25			1,52		μA
Thermal										
Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽³⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)					0,49			K/W
Dynamic										
Peak recovery current	I_{RM}				25 125 150		207,41 239,06 245,93			A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}				25 125 150		132,33 226,47 252,94			ns
Recovered charge	Q_r	$di/dt=10604$ A/μs $di/dt=9271$ A/μs $di/dt=9922$ A/μs	±15	350	107	25 125 150	7,66 14,96 16,7			μC
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}				25 125 150		2,1 4,02 4,46			mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_r/dt)_{max}$				25 125 150		12922,41 8935,77 8486,1			A/μs



Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

Boost Sw. Protection Diode

Static

Forward voltage	V_F			8	25 125 150		2,12 1,57 1,45	3 ⁽²⁾	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_r = 650$ V			25			10	μA

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽³⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)					2,21		K/W
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Thermistor

Static

Rated resistance	R				25		22		kΩ
Deviation of R100	$\Delta_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 1484$ Ω			100	-5		5	%
Power dissipation	P				25		130		mW
Power dissipation constant	d				25		1,5		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. ±1 %					3962		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. ±1 %					4000		K
Vincotech Thermistor Reference								I	

⁽²⁾ Value at chip level

⁽³⁾ Only valid with pre-applied Vincotech thermal interface material.

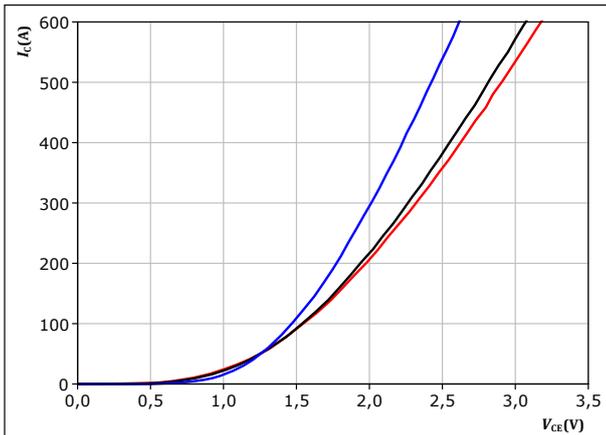


Buck Switch Characteristics

figure 1. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



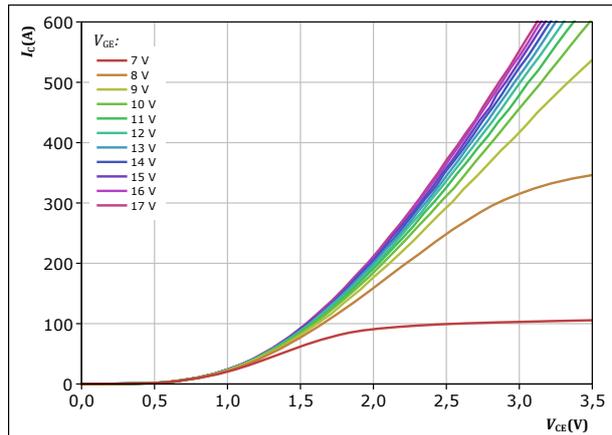
$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$

$T_j:$ — 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 2. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

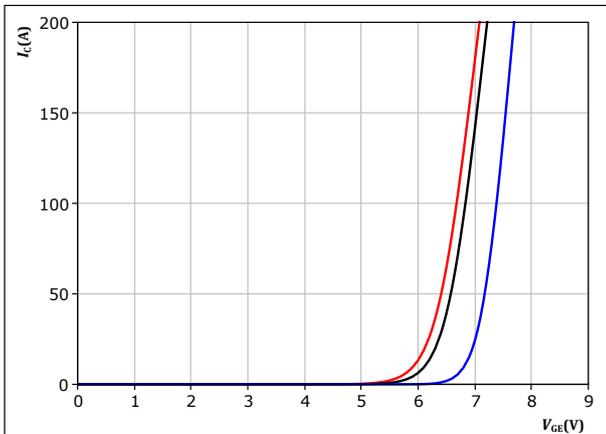


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 3. IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$



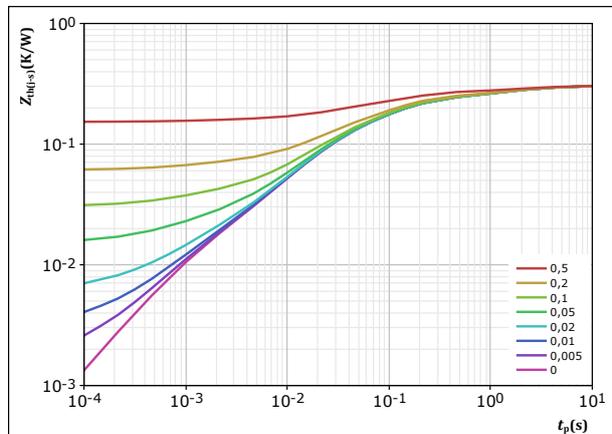
$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 48 V$

$T_j:$ — 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 4. IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,303 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

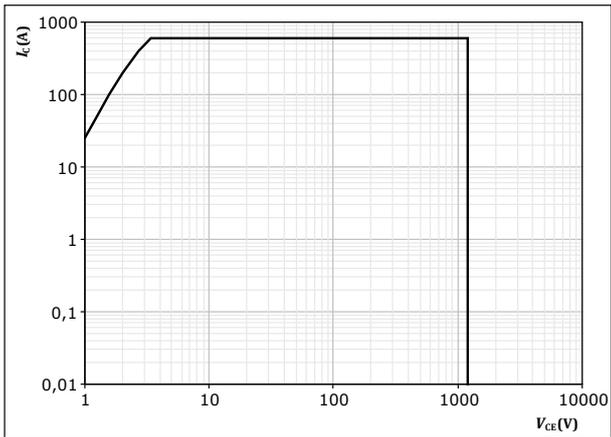
R (K/W)	τ (s)
2,02E-02	5,47E+00
5,92E-02	1,21E+00
1,38E-01	1,07E-01
8,03E-02	2,05E-02
8,33E-03	9,78E-04



Buck Switch Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT

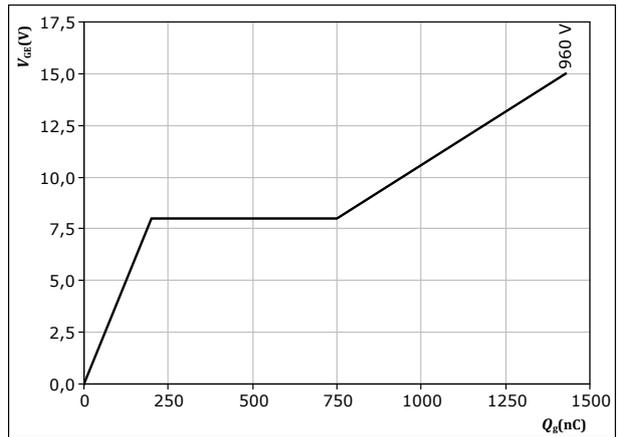
Safe operating area
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



$D =$ single pulse
 $T_s = 80$ °C
 $V_{GE} = 15$ V
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$

figure 6. IGBT

Gate voltage vs gate charge
 $V_{GE} = f(Q_g)$



$I_C = 200$ A
 $T_j = 25$ °C



Buck Diode Characteristics

figure 7. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

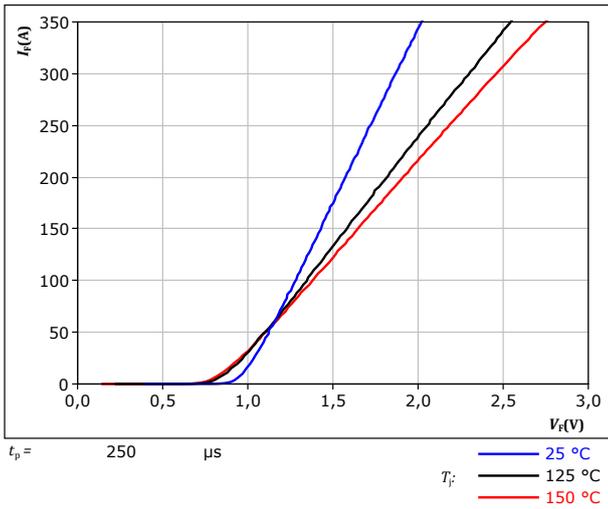
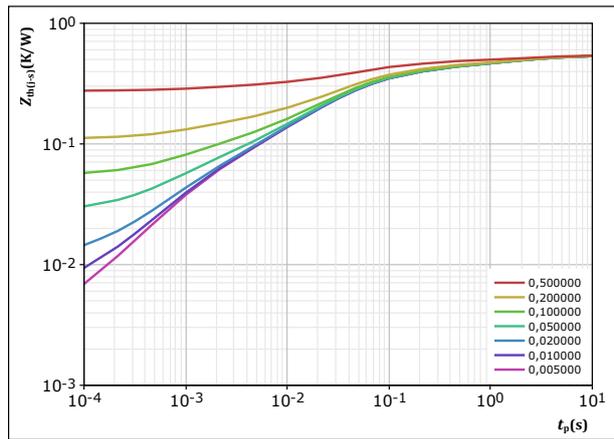


figure 8. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = \frac{t_p}{T}$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,539 \text{ K/W}$
 FWD thermal model values

$R \text{ (K/W)}$	$\tau \text{ (s)}$
3,71E-02	1,15E+01
9,49E-02	1,56E+00
1,18E-01	1,61E-01
2,15E-01	3,42E-02
4,91E-02	6,13E-03
3,57E-02	1,01E-03



Buck Sw. Protection Diode Characteristics

figure 9. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

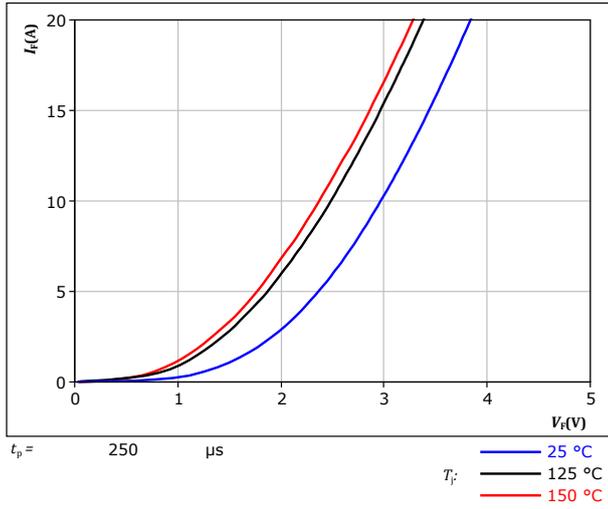
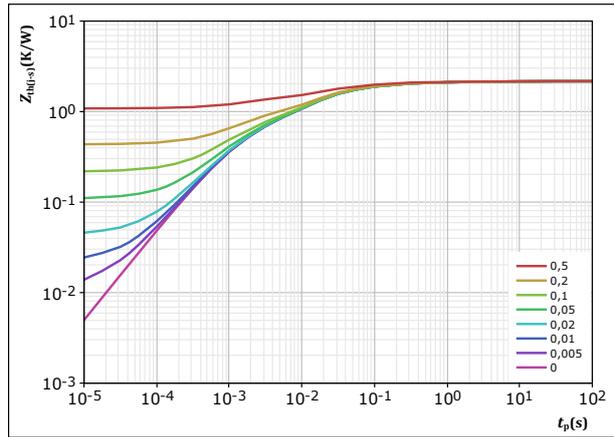


figure 10. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D =$	t_p / T	
$R_{th(j-s)} =$	2,166	K/W
FWD thermal model values		
R (K/W)	τ (s)	
3,45E-02	9,21E+00	
1,30E-01	7,08E-01	
5,36E-01	7,04E-02	
9,64E-01	1,36E-02	
5,02E-01	1,20E-03	

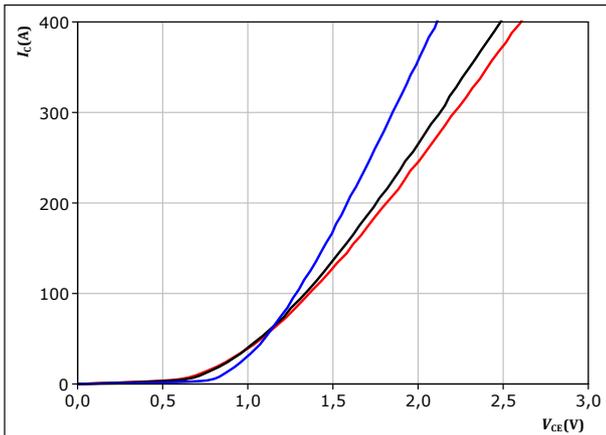


Boost Switch Characteristics

figure 11. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

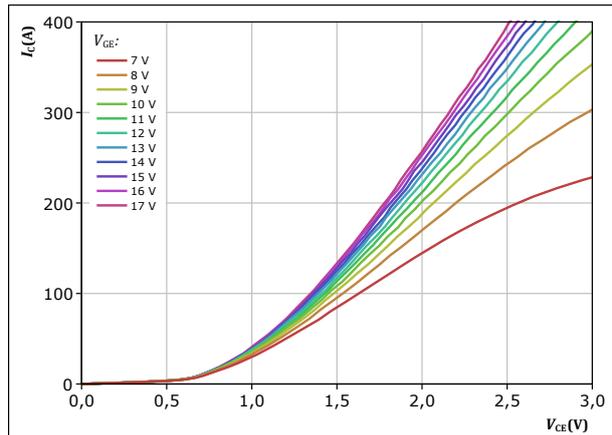


$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$
 $T_j:$ — 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 12. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

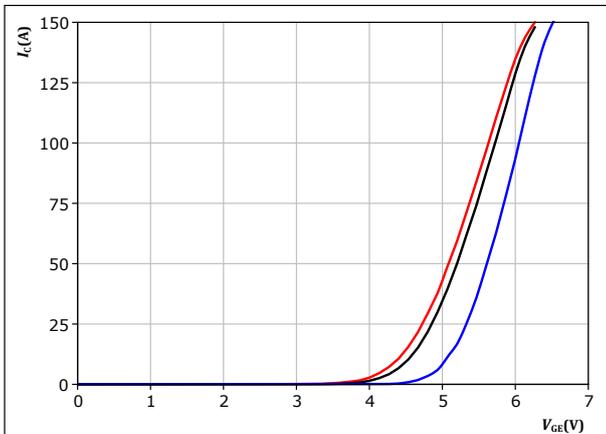


$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$
 $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 13. IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

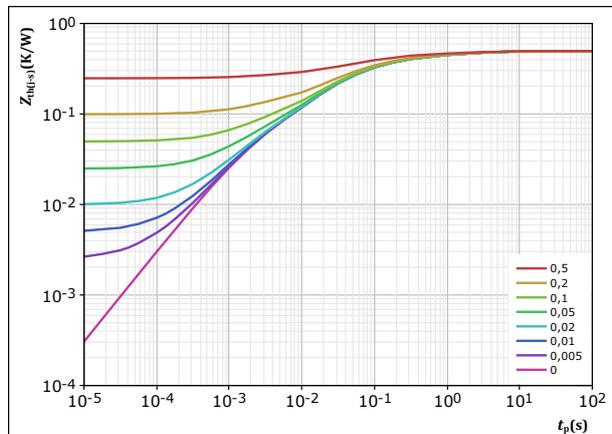


$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$
 $V_{CE} = 18 \text{ V}$
 $T_j:$ — 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 14. IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,496 \text{ K/W}$
IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
4,21E-02	3,90E+00
7,66E-02	5,93E-01
1,73E-01	9,62E-02
1,65E-01	2,16E-02
3,90E-02	1,86E-03

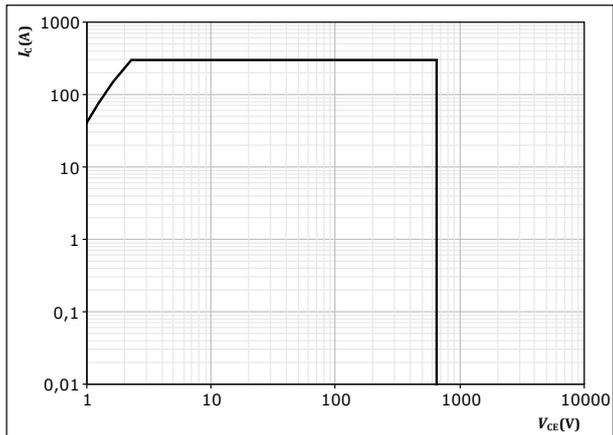


Boost Switch Characteristics

figure 15. IGBT

Safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



D = single pulse
T_s = 80 °C
V_{CE} = 15 V
T_j = T_{jmax}



Boost Diode Characteristics

figure 16. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

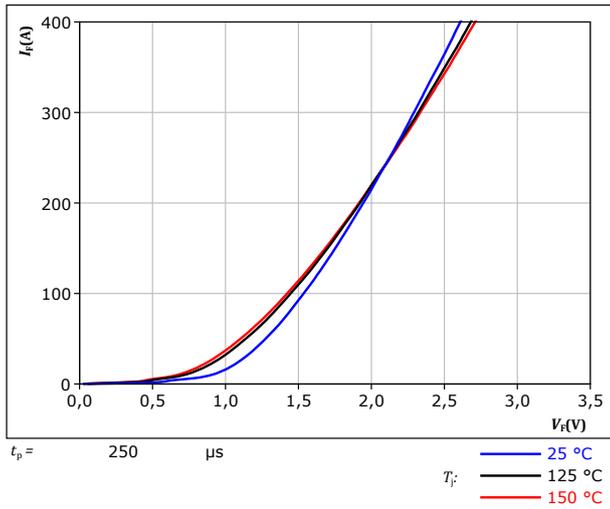
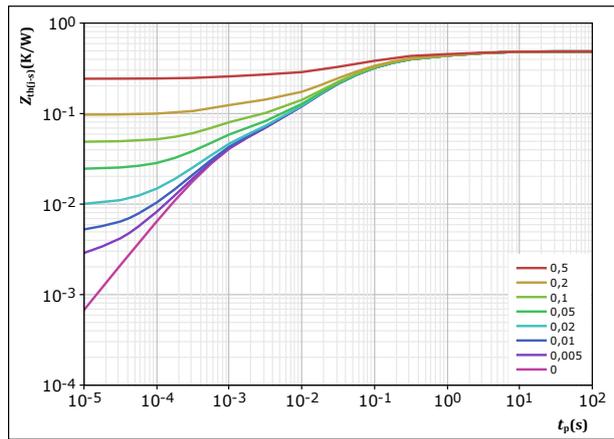


figure 17. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,485 \text{ K/W}$
 FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
4,75E-02	3,46E+00
6,47E-02	6,22E-01
2,09E-01	8,41E-02
1,22E-01	1,70E-02
4,15E-02	7,14E-04



Boost Sw. Protection Diode Characteristics

figure 18. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

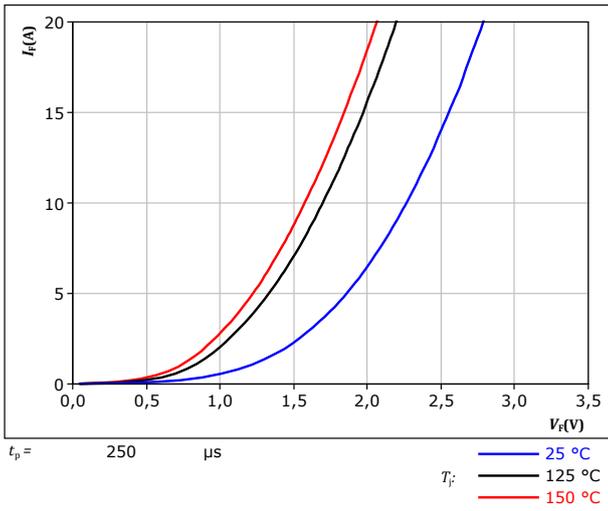
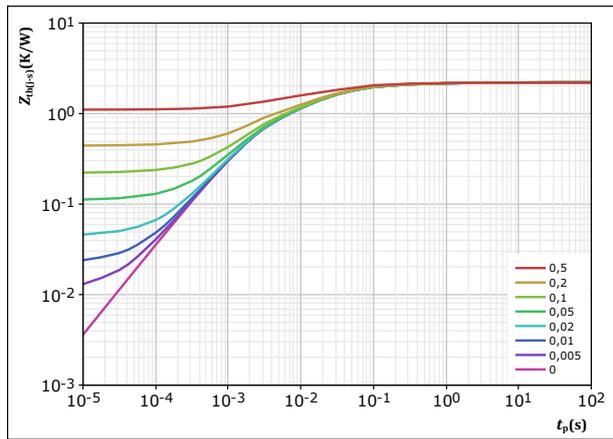


figure 19. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 2,211 \text{ K/W}$
 FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
3,45E-02	6,06E+00
9,85E-02	6,99E-01
3,23E-01	9,89E-02
1,03E+00	2,04E-02
7,22E-01	2,35E-03

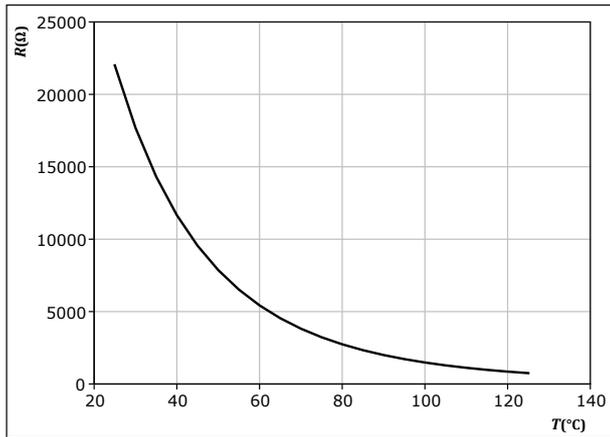


Thermistor Characteristics

figure 20. Thermistor

Typical NTC characteristic as function of temperature

$$R_T = f(T)$$

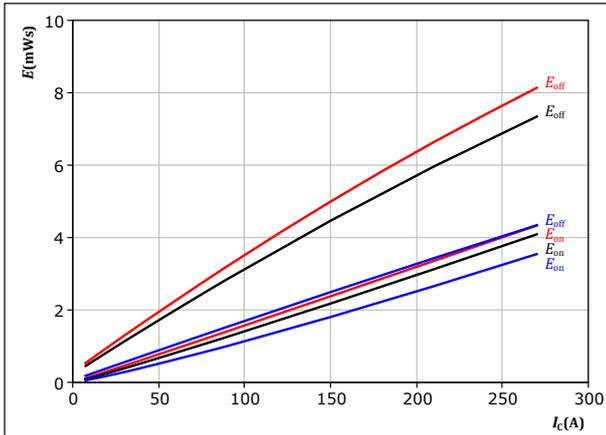




Buck Switching Characteristics

figure 21. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current
 $E = f(I_c)$

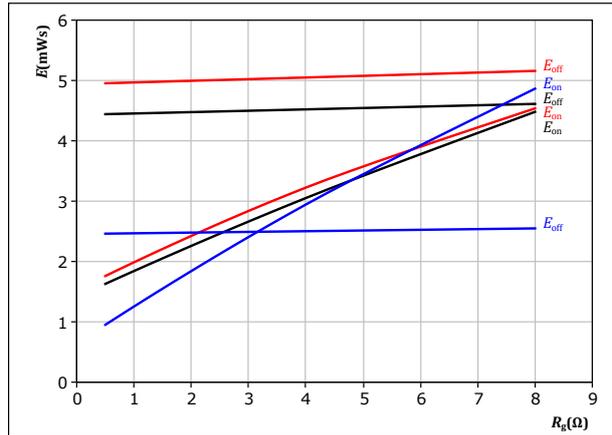


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 2$ Ω
 $R_{goff} = 2$ Ω

T_f : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 22. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $E = f(R_g)$

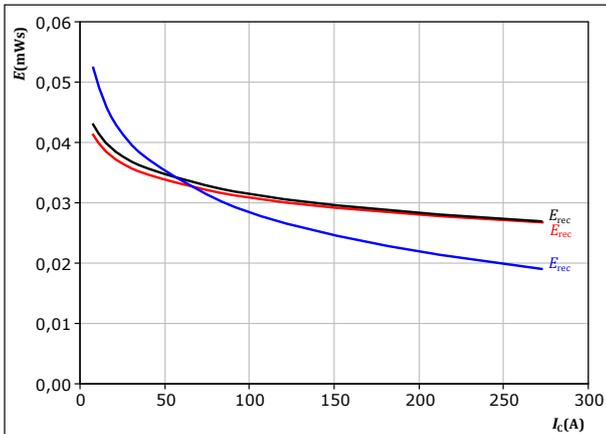


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 150$ A

T_f : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 23. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current
 $E_{rec} = f(I_c)$

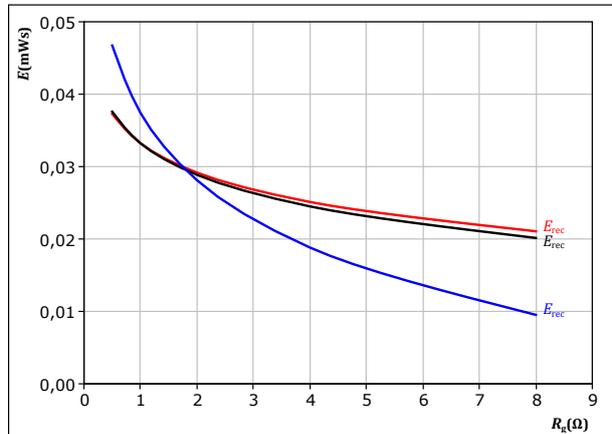


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 2$ Ω

T_f : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 24. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $E_{rec} = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 150$ A

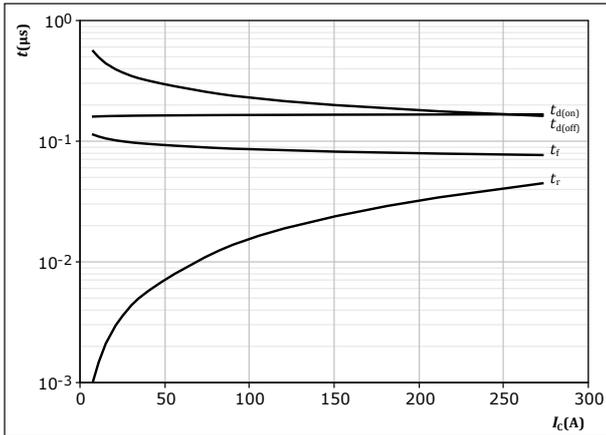
T_f : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C



Buck Switching Characteristics

figure 25. IGBT

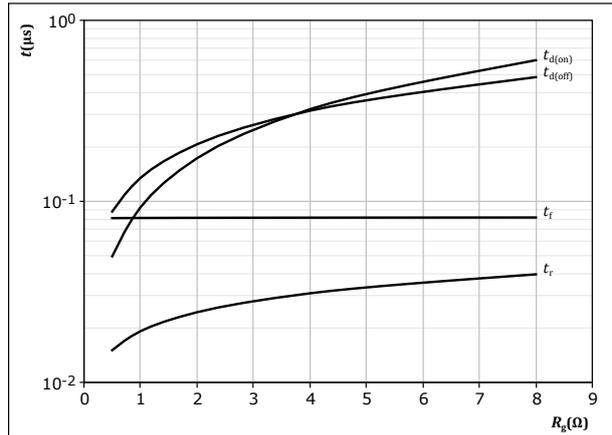
Typical switching times as a function of collector current
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{g(on)} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$
 $R_{g(off)} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

figure 26. IGBT

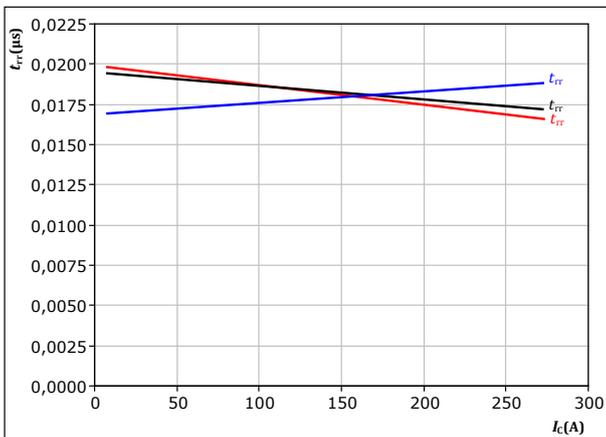
Typical switching times as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 150 \text{ A}$

figure 27. FWD

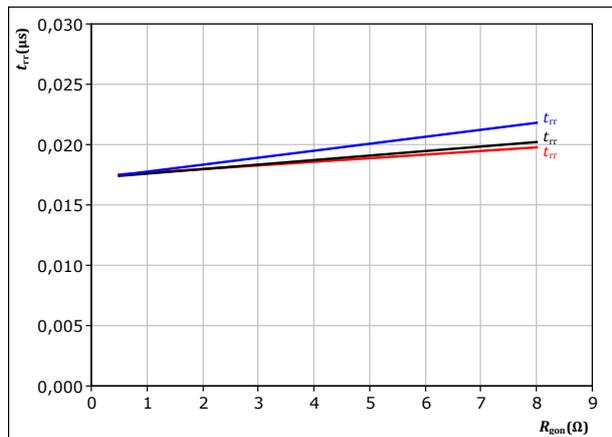
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{g(on)} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$
 $T_j:$ — 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 28. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{g(on)})$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 150 \text{ A}$
 $T_j:$ — 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

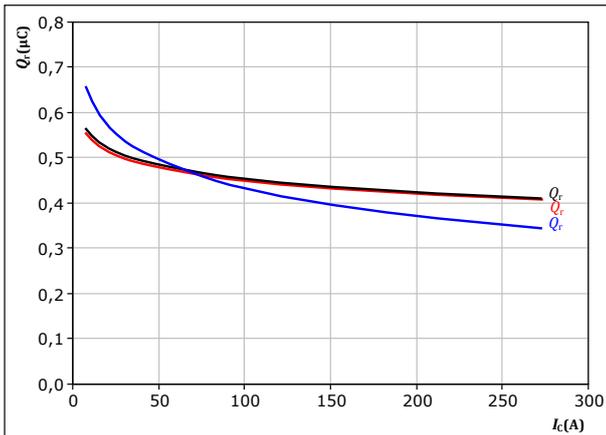


Buck Switching Characteristics

figure 29. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

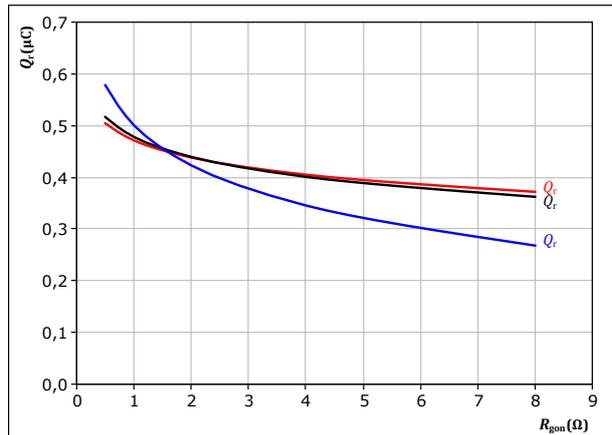
$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$

T_j : — 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 30. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

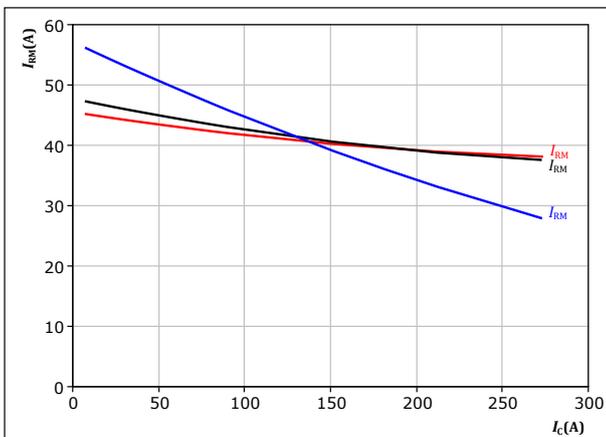
$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 150 \text{ A}$

T_j : — 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 31. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

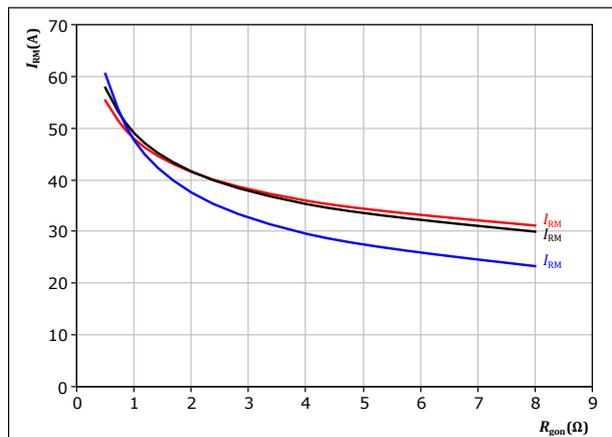
$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$

T_j : — 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 32. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 150 \text{ A}$

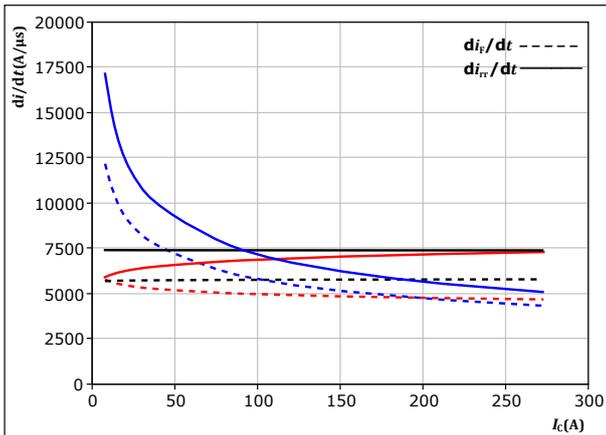
T_j : — 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C



Buck Switching Characteristics

figure 33. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



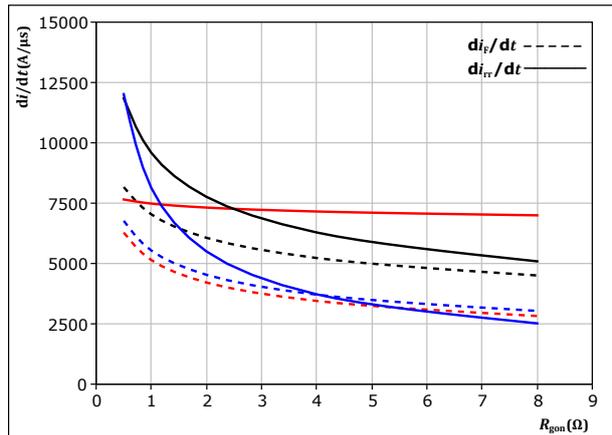
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$

$T_j:$ — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 34. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at

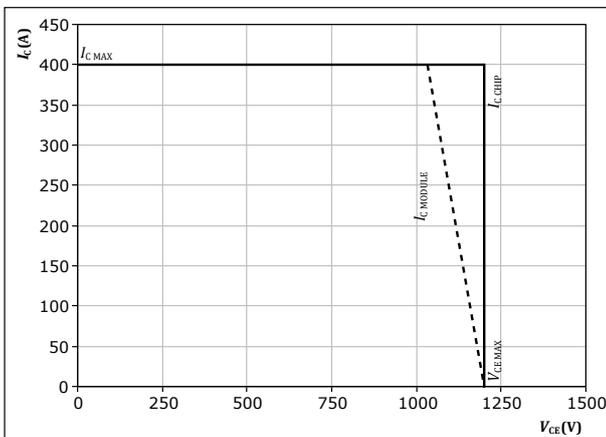
$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 150 \text{ A}$

$T_j:$ — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 35. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_c = f(V_{CE})$



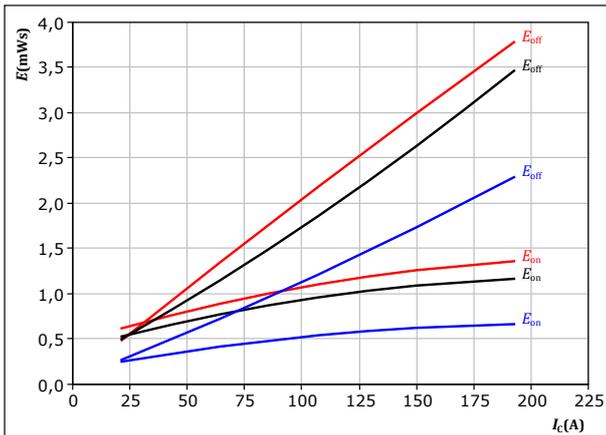
At $T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 2 \ \Omega$



Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 36. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current
 $E = f(I_c)$

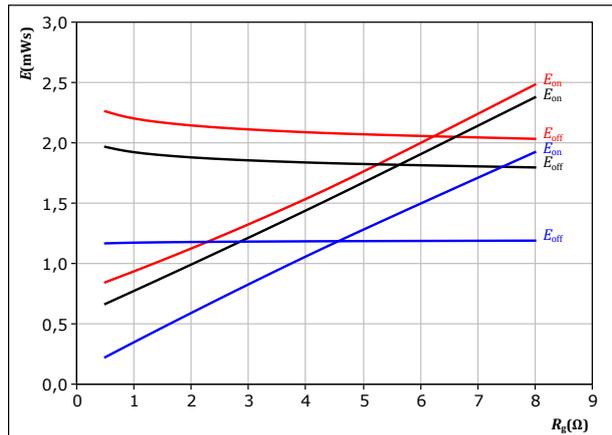


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$ V	$T_j = 25$ °C
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V	$T_j = 125$ °C
$R_{gon} = 2$ Ω	$T_j = 150$ °C
$R_{goff} = 2$ Ω	

figure 37. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $E = f(R_g)$

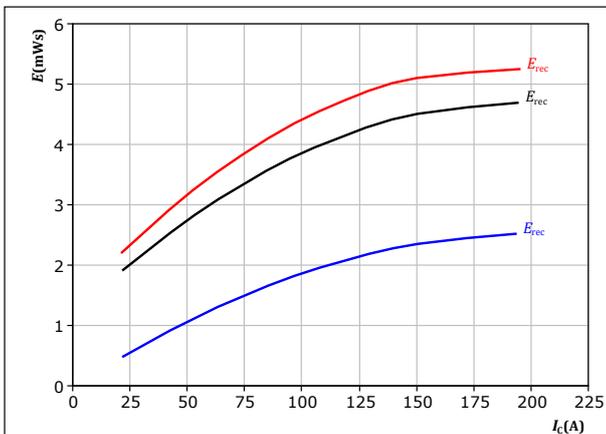


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$ V	$T_j = 25$ °C
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V	$T_j = 125$ °C
$I_c = 107$ A	$T_j = 150$ °C

figure 38. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current
 $E_{rec} = f(I_c)$

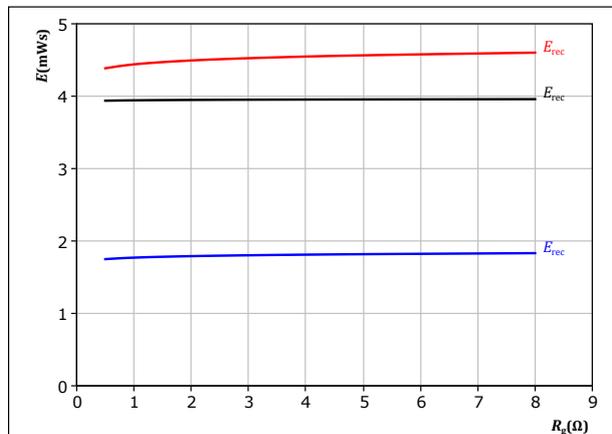


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$ V	$T_j = 25$ °C
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V	$T_j = 125$ °C
$R_{gon} = 2$ Ω	$T_j = 150$ °C

figure 39. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $E_{rec} = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at

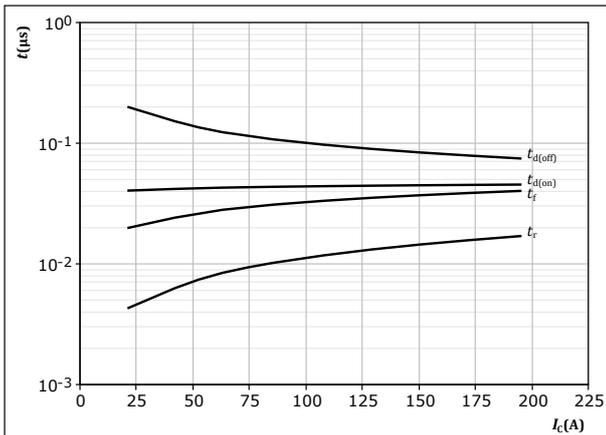
$V_{CE} = 350$ V	$T_j = 25$ °C
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V	$T_j = 125$ °C
$I_c = 107$ A	$T_j = 150$ °C



Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 40. IGBT

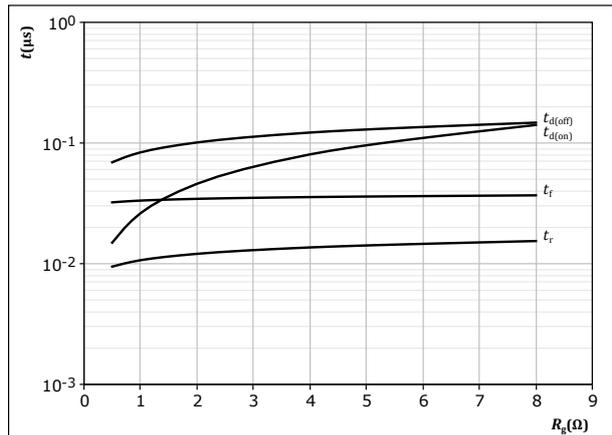
Typical switching times as a function of collector current
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

figure 41. IGBT

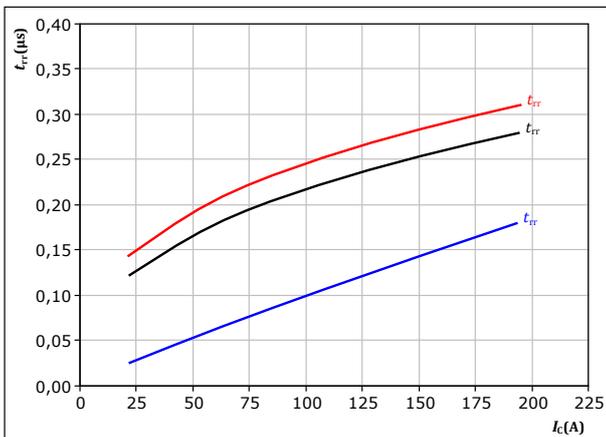
Typical switching times as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 107 \text{ A}$

figure 42. FWD

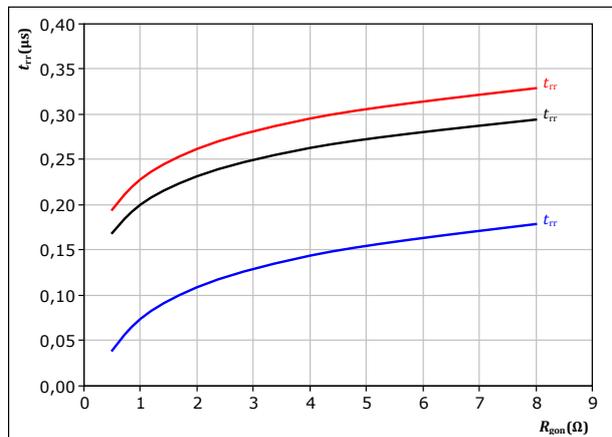
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$
 $T_j:$ — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 43. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 107 \text{ A}$
 $T_j:$ — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

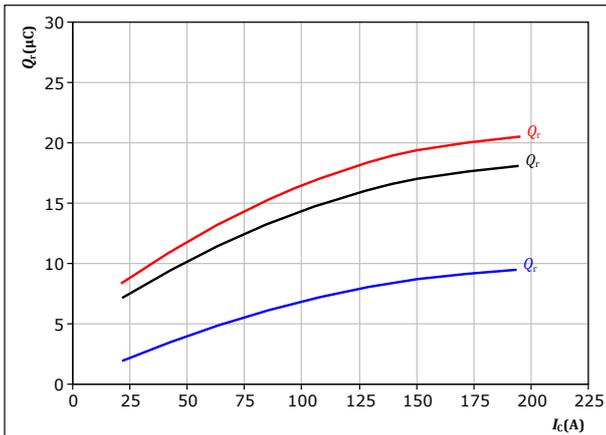


Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 44. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



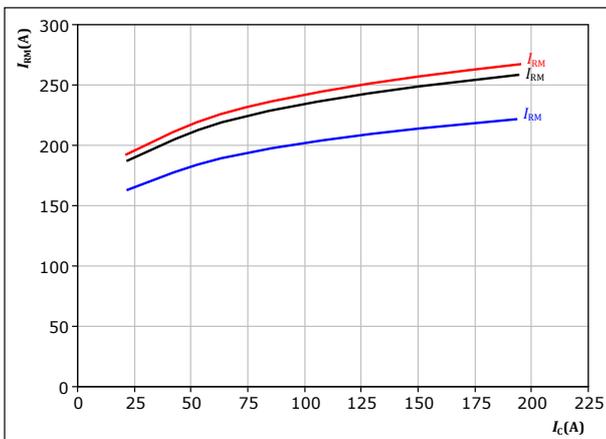
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$
 $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

figure 46. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



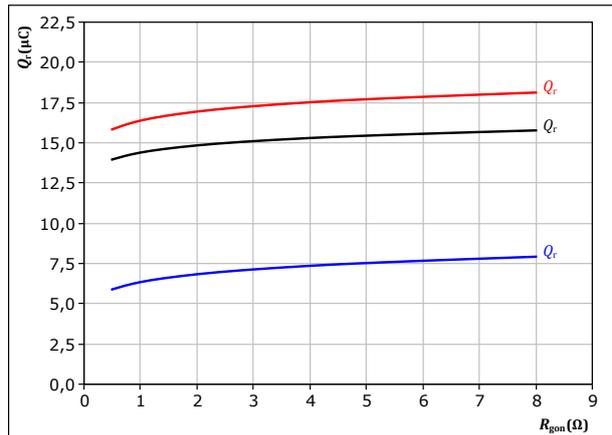
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \ \Omega$
 $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

figure 45. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$



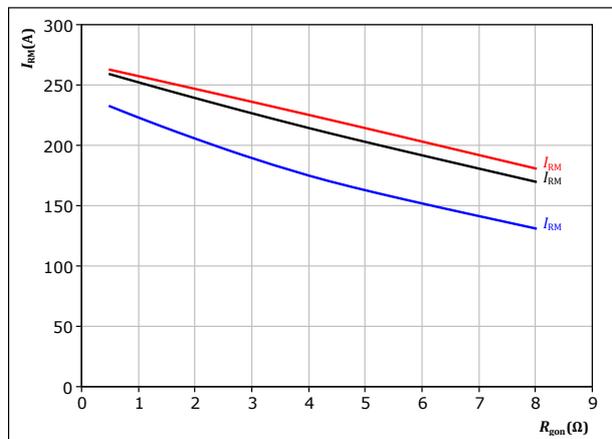
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 107 \text{ A}$
 $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

figure 47. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

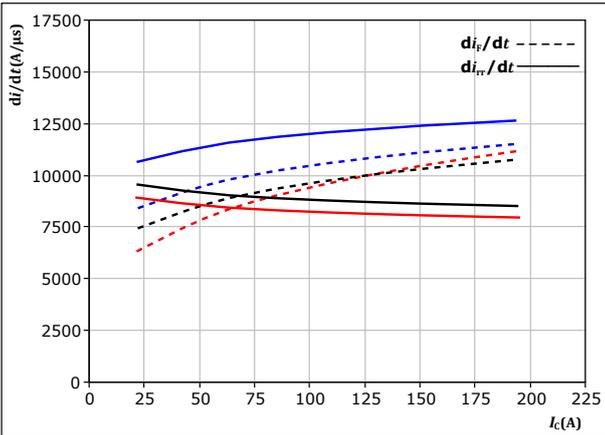
$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 107 \text{ A}$
 $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$



Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 48. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(I_c)$

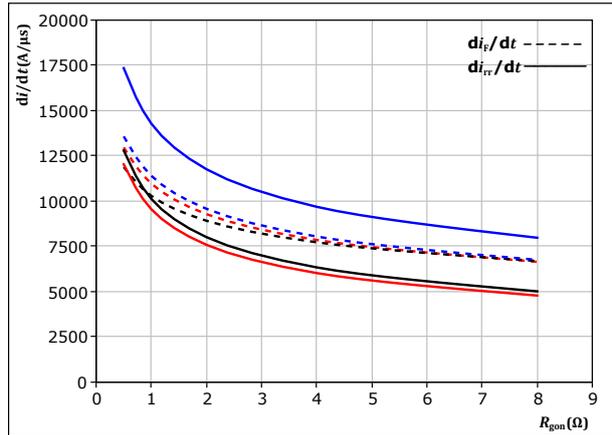


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$

T_j :
— 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 49. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(R_{gon})$

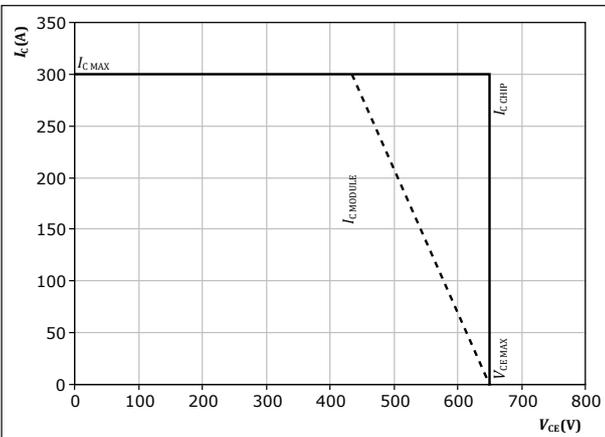


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 107 \text{ A}$

T_j :
— 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 50. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area
 $I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $R_{gon} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 2 \text{ } \Omega$



Switching Definitions

figure 51. IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} , t_{Eoff} (t_{Eoff} = integrating time for E_{off})

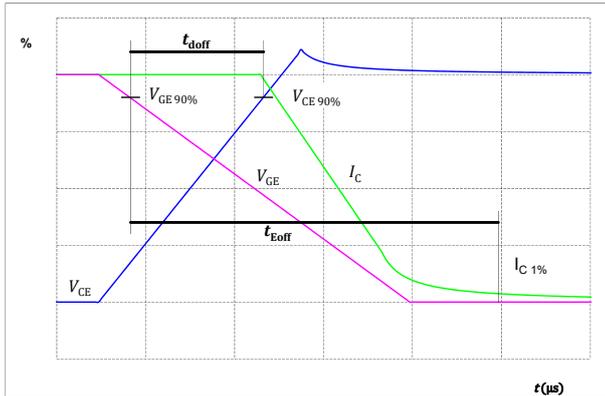


figure 52. IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} , t_{Eon} (t_{Eon} = integrating time for E_{on})

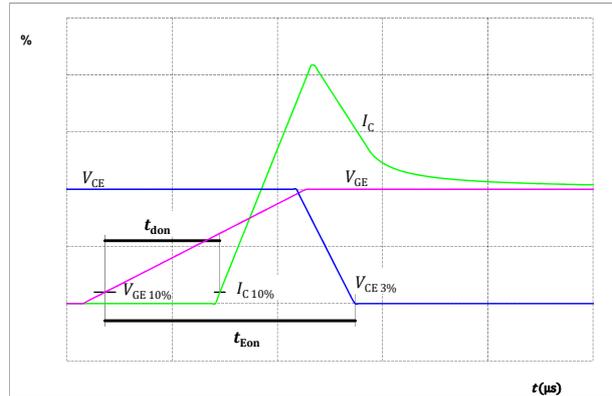


figure 53. IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f

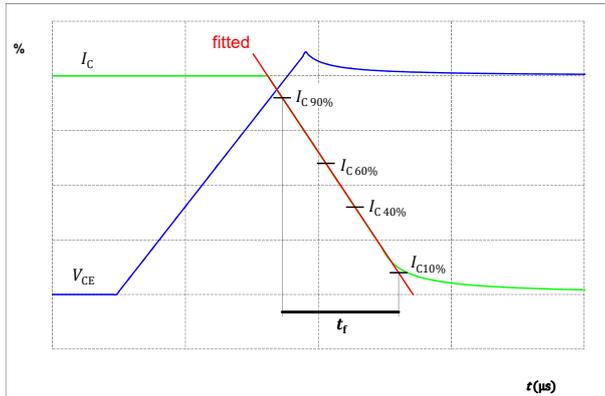
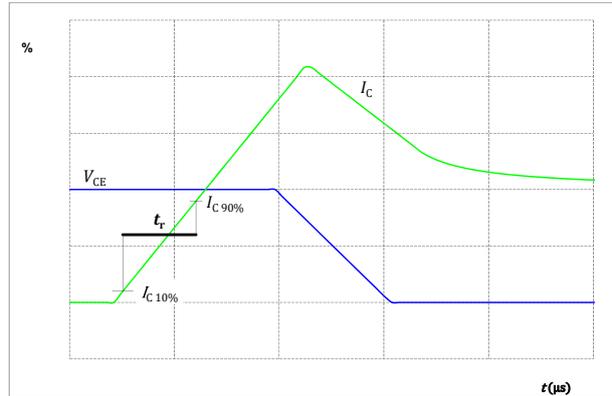


figure 54. IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r





Switching Definitions

figure 55. FWD

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{rr}

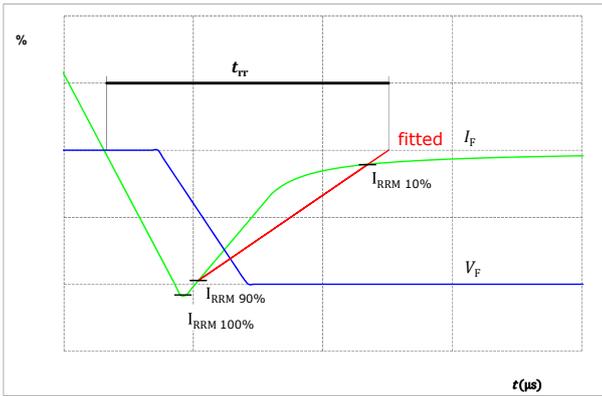
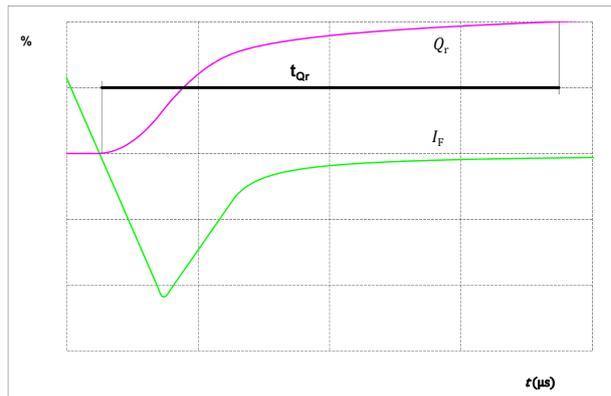


figure 56. FWD

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Qr} (t_{Qr} = integrating time for Q_r)





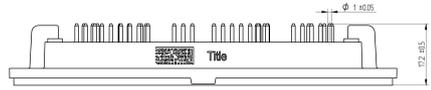
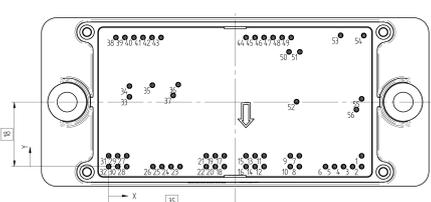
Vincotech

30-FT12NMA200H705-M660F56
datasheet

Ordering Code	
Version	Ordering Code
Without thermal paste	30-FT12NMA200H705-M660F56
With thermal paste (3,4 W/mK, PSX-P7)	30-FT12NMA200H705-M660F56-/3/

Marking						
	Text	Name NN-NNNNNNNNNNNNNN- TTTTTVV	Date code WWYY	UL & VIN UL VIN	Lot LLLLL	Serial SSSS
	Datamatrix	Type&Ver TTTTTTTV	Lot number LLLLL	Serial SSSS	Date code WWYY	

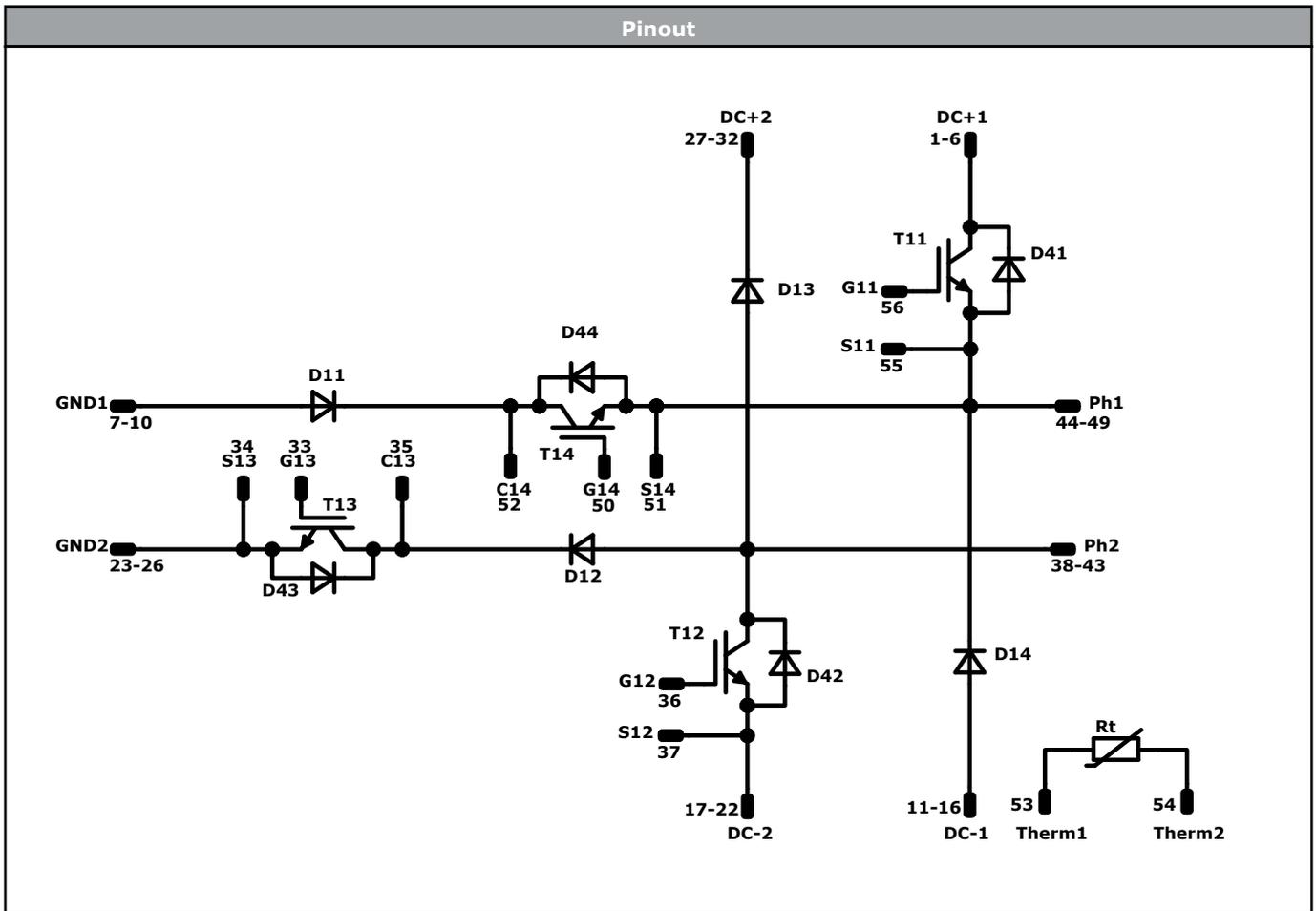
Outline							
Pin table [mm]							
Pin	X	Y	Function	29	2,5	3	DC+2
1	70	3	DC+1	30	2,5	0	DC+2
2	70	0	DC+1	31	0	3	DC+2
3	67,5	0	DC+1	32	0	0	DC+2
4	65	0	DC+1	33	5,75	19,45	G13
5	62,5	0	DC+1	34	5,75	22,45	S13
6	60	0	DC+1	35	12,1	22,7	C13
7	52,75	3	GND1	36	19,25	22,85	G12
8	52,75	0	GND1	37	17,85	19,85	S12
9	50,25	3	GND1	38	2	36	Ph2
10	50,25	0	GND1	39	4,5	36	Ph2
11	43	3	DC-1	40	7	36	Ph2
12	43	0	DC-1	41	9,5	36	Ph2
13	40,5	3	DC-1	42	12	36	Ph2
14	40,5	0	DC-1	43	14,5	36	Ph2
15	38	3	DC-1	44	38	36	Ph1
16	38	0	DC-1	45	40,5	36	Ph1
17	32	3	DC-2	46	43	36	Ph1
18	32	0	DC-2	47	45,5	36	Ph1
19	29,5	3	DC-2	48	48	36	Ph1
20	29,5	0	DC-2	49	50,5	36	Ph1
21	27	3	DC-2	50	49,9	32	G14
22	27	0	DC-2	51	52,9	32	S14
23	19,75	0	GND2	52	52	18,1	C14
24	17,25	0	GND2	53	64,2	36,6	Therm1
25	14,75	0	GND2	54	70,6	36,55	Therm2
26	12,25	0	GND2	55	70	18,9	S11
27	5	3	DC+2	56	68,55	15,9	G11
28	5	0	DC+2				

Tolerance of proportions: ±0.5mm at the end of pins.
Dimension of coordinate axis is only offset without tolerance



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Identification					
ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T11, T12	IGBT	1200 V	200 A	Buck Switch	
D11, D12	FWD	650 V	120 A	Buck Diode	
D41, D42	FWD	1200 V	8 A	Buck Sw. Protection Diode	
T13, T14	IGBT	650 V	150 A	Boost Switch	
D13, D14	FWD	1200 V	150 A	Boost Diode	
D43, D44	FWD	650 V	8 A	Boost Sw. Protection Diode	
Rt	Thermistor			Thermistor	



Packaging instruction				
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 36	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ	Sample

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for <i>flow 2</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for <i>flow 2</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

Vincotech thermistor reference
See Vincotech thermistor reference table at vincotech.com website.

UL recognition and file number
This device is UL 1557 recognized under E192116 up to a junction temperature under switching condition $T_{j,op}=175^{\circ}C$ and up to 3500VAC/1min isolation voltage. For more information see vincotech.com website.



Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
30-FT12NMA200H705-M660F56-D1-14	5 Mar. 2026	Initial Release	

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As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, or (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in labelling can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.
2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.