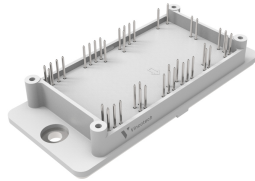
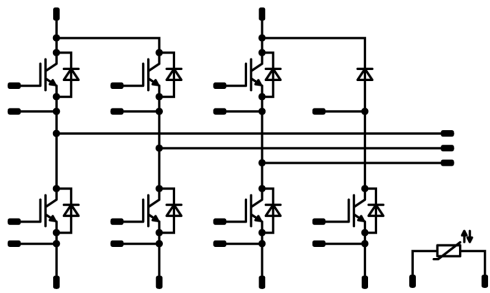




flow7PACK 2		1200 V / 75 A	
Features <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Compact Flow 2 housing• Trench Fieldstop IGBT4 Technology• Compact and Low Inductance Design• Built-in NTC		flow 2 17 mm housing 	
Target applications <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Motor Drives• Power Generation		Schematic 	
Types <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 30-F2127PA075SC-L178E09			



Vincotech

Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Inverter Switch				
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}		1200	V
Collector current (DC current)	I_C	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	86	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	225	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	232	W
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GES}		± 20	V
Short circuit ratings	t_{SC}	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = 800\text{ V}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	10	μs
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Inverter Diode				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	85	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	150	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	154	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Brake Switch				
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}		1200	V
Collector current (DC current)	I_C	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	66	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	150	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	185	W
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GES}		± 20	V
Short circuit ratings	t_{SC}	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = 800\text{ V}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	10	μs
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$



Vincotech

Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Brake Diode				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	38	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	50	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	87	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C

Brake Sw. Protection Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	17	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	15	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	38	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		150	°C

Module Properties

Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	T_{jop}		-40...+($T_{jmax} - 25$)	°C

Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	V_{isol}	DC Test Voltage* $t_p = 2\text{ s}$	6000	V
Isolation voltage	V_{isol}	AC Voltage $t_p = 1\text{ min}$	2500	V
Creepage distance			>12,7	mm
Clearance			>12,7	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI		>200	

*100 % tested in production



Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	I_D [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

Inverter Switch

Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,0026	25	5,3	5,8	6,3	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		75	25 150	1,58	1,92 2,39	2,07 ⁽¹⁾	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	I_{CES}		0	1200		25			1	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		25			120	nA
Internal gate resistance	r_g							10		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{ies}	$f = 1 \text{ Mhz}$	0	25		25		4300		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}									
Gate charge	Q_g		15		0	25		570		nC

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4 \text{ W/mK}$ (PSX)						0,41		K/W
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Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{gon} = 4 \Omega$ $R_{goff} = 4 \Omega$	±15	600	75	25		178,2		ns
Rise time	t_r					150		196,4		
						25		34		ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					150		36,4		
						25		284,4		ns
Fall time	t_f					150		373		
						25		62,65		ns
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	E_{on}	150		123,73						
		25		6,17		mWs				
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	E_{off}	150		9,39						
		25		4,01		mWs				



Vincotech

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	V_{CE} [V]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

Inverter Diode

Static

Forward voltage	V_F				75	25 150	1,35	1,75 1,72	2,05 ⁽¹⁾	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_i = 1200$ V				25			14	μA

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						0,62		K/W
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Dynamic

Peak recovery current	I_{RRM}	$di/dt=2443$ A/μs $di/dt=2277$ A/μs	±15	600	75	25		69,44		A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					150		86,22		
						25		275,11		
Recovered charge	Q_r					150		457		
						25		6,62		
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}					150		14,08		
		25		2,29						
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$	150		5,22	mWs					
		25		1859	A/μs					
						150		723,78		



Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	I_D [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

Brake Switch

Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,0017	25	5,3	5,8	6,3	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		50	25 150	1,58	1,85 2,28	2,07 ⁽¹⁾	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	I_{CES}		0	1200		25			1	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		25			120	nA
Internal gate resistance	r_g							4		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{ies}	$f = 1 \text{ Mhz}$	0	25		25		2800		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}							100		pF
Gate charge	Q_g		15		0	25		380		nC

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4 \text{ W/mK}$ (PSX)						0,51		K/W
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Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{gon} = 8 \Omega$ $R_{goff} = 8 \Omega$	± 15	600	50	25		98		ns
Rise time	t_r					150		103		ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25		208		ns
Fall time	t_f					150		284,2		ns
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	E_{on}					25		66,31		ns
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	E_{off}					150		111,88		mWs
						25		2,42		mWs
		150		3,46		mWs				
		25		2,45		mWs				
		150		4,23		mWs				



Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	V_{CE} [V]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

Brake Diode

Static

Forward voltage	V_F				25	25 125 150	1,35	1,9 1,9 1,88	2,05 ⁽¹⁾	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_T = 1200$ V				25			5,2	μA

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,09		K/W
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Dynamic

Peak recovery current	I_{RRM}	$di/dt=3312$ A/μs $di/dt=2285$ A/μs	±15	600	50	25		51,02		A
						150		51,67		
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					25		151,95		ns
						150		327,74		
Recovered charge	Q_r					25		3,07		μC
		150		6,3						
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}	25		1,16		mWs				
		150		2,66						
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$	25		3443		A/μs				
		150		806,13						



Vincotech

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	V_{CE} [V]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

Brake Sw. Protection Diode

Static

Forward voltage	V_F				7,5	25 125	1,23	1,66 1,62	1,97 ⁽¹⁾	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_i = 1200$ V				25			27	μA

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,83		K/W
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Thermistor

Static

Rated resistance	R					25		22		kΩ
Deviation of R_{100}	$\Delta_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 1484$ Ω				100	-5		5	%
Power dissipation	P					25		130		mW
Power dissipation constant	d					25		1,5		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. ±1 %						3962		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. ±1 %						4000		K
Vincotech Thermistor Reference									I	

⁽¹⁾ Value at chip level

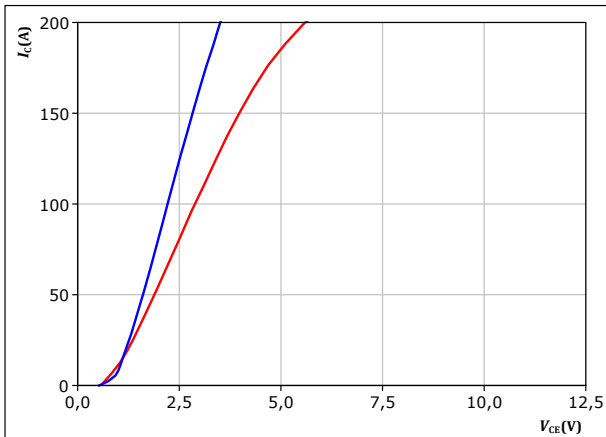
⁽²⁾ Only valid with pre-applied Vincotech thermal interface material.



Inverter Switch Characteristics

figure 1. IGBT

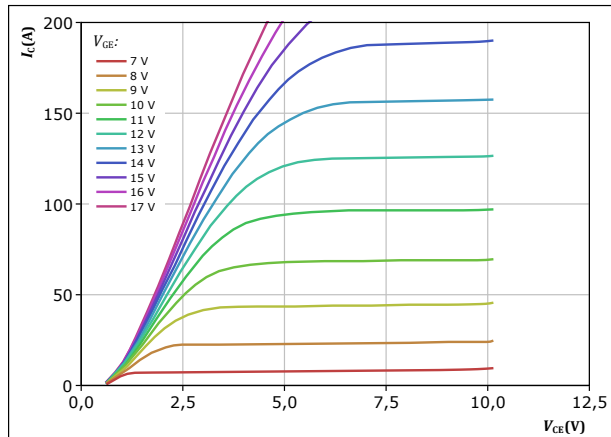
Typical output characteristics
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$
 $T_j:$ — 25 °C
— 150 °C

figure 2. IGBT

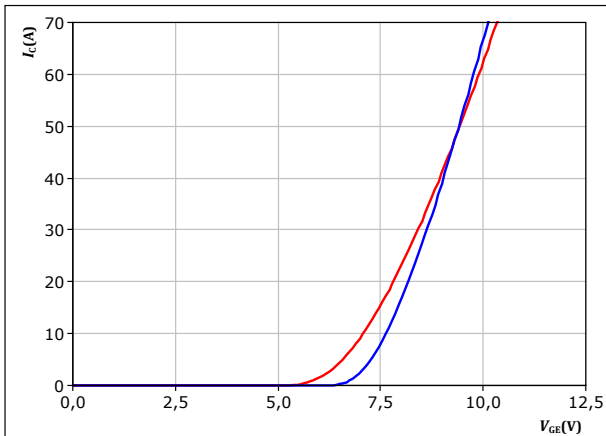
Typical output characteristics
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 3. IGBT

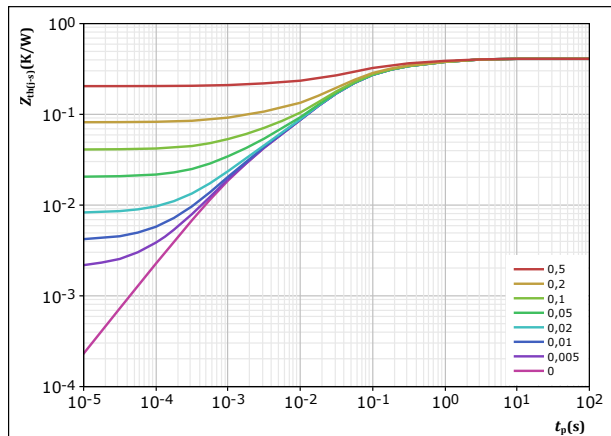
Typical transfer characteristics
 $I_C = f(V_{GE})$



$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$
 $T_j:$ — 25 °C
— 150 °C

figure 4. IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width
 $Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,409 \text{ K/W}$
IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
6,08E-02	1,41E+00
9,91E-02	1,99E-01
1,78E-01	4,61E-02
5,03E-02	1,41E-02
2,16E-02	1,42E-03

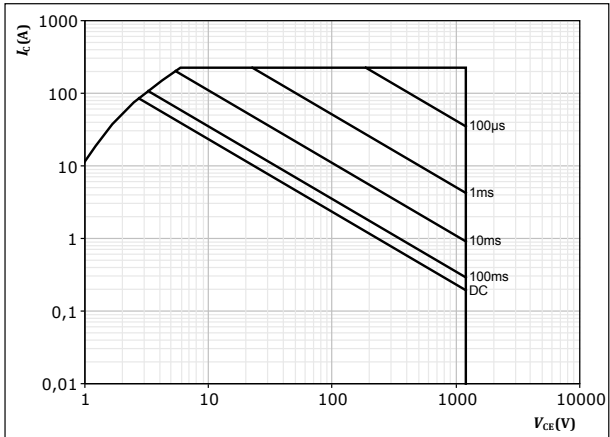


Inverter Switch Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT

Safe operating area

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



$D =$ single pulse
 $T_s = 80 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$



Inverter Diode Characteristics

figure 6. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

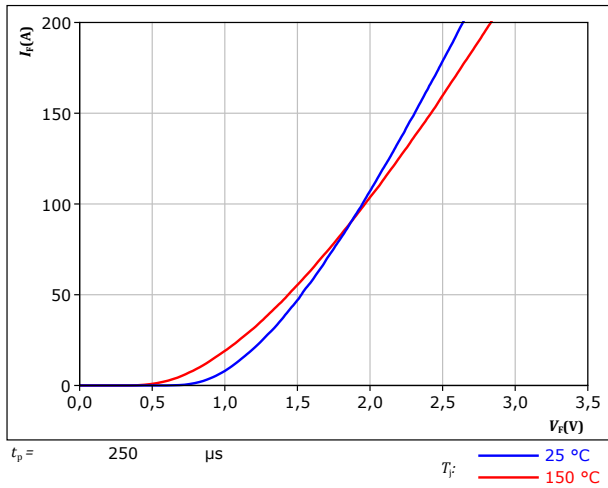
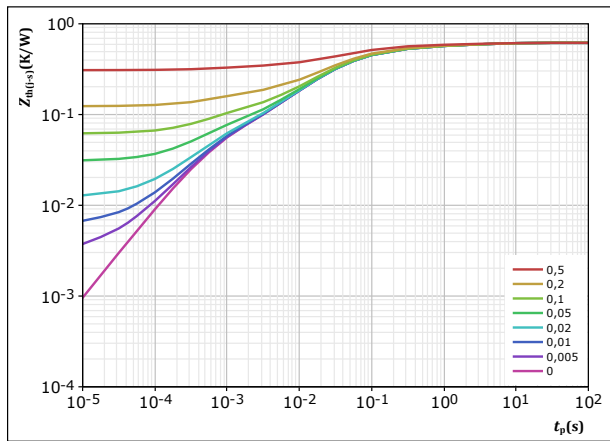


figure 7. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$

$R_{th(j-s)} = 0,617 \text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

$R \text{ (K/W)}$	$\tau \text{ (s)}$
4,35E-02	4,66E+00
7,48E-02	5,44E-01
1,95E-01	8,13E-02
2,13E-01	2,26E-02
4,51E-02	5,48E-03
4,51E-02	5,92E-04



Brake Switch Characteristics

figure 8. IGBT

Typical output characteristics
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$

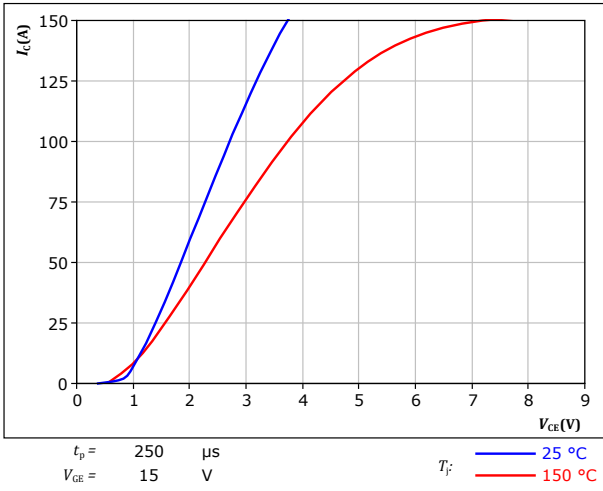


figure 9. IGBT

Typical output characteristics
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$

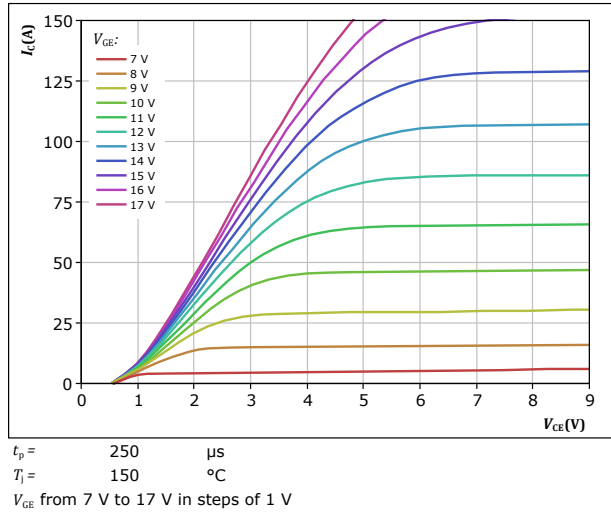


figure 10. IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics
 $I_C = f(V_{GE})$

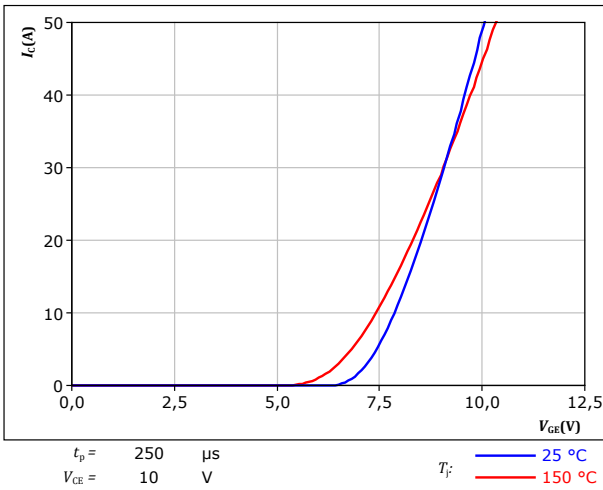
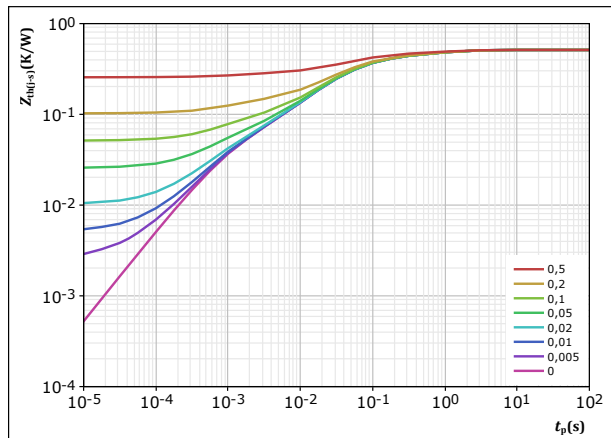


figure 11. IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width
 $Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,512 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
7,12E-02	1,13E+00
1,15E-01	1,65E-01
2,22E-01	3,78E-02
6,59E-02	1,21E-02
3,86E-02	9,52E-04

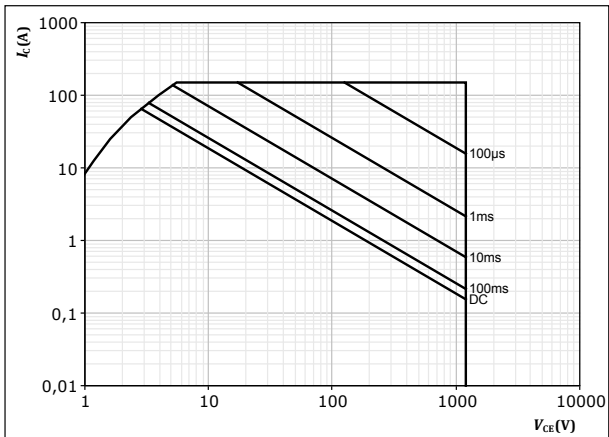


Brake Switch Characteristics

figure 12. IGBT

Safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



$D =$ single pulse
 $T_s = 80 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$



Brake Diode Characteristics

figure 13. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

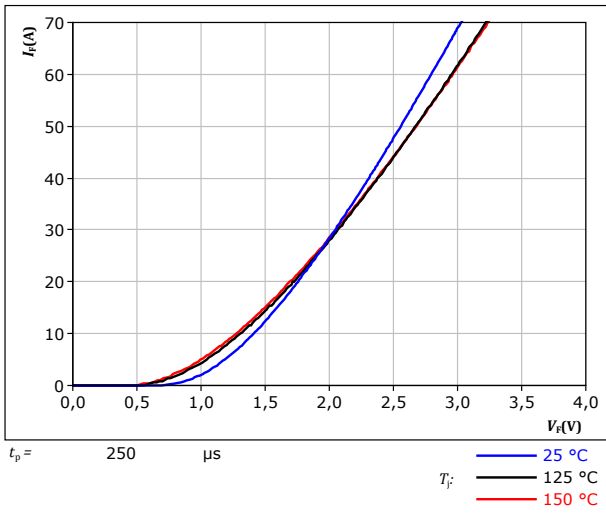
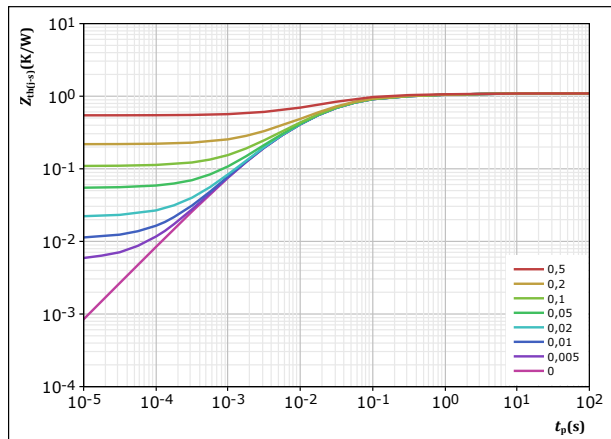


figure 14. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D =$	t_p / T	
$R_{th(j-s)} =$	1,091	K/W
FWD thermal model values		
R (K/W)	τ (s)	
5,34E-02	2,93E+00	
9,71E-02	3,59E-01	
4,43E-01	4,79E-02	
3,93E-01	1,21E-02	
1,05E-01	2,46E-03	

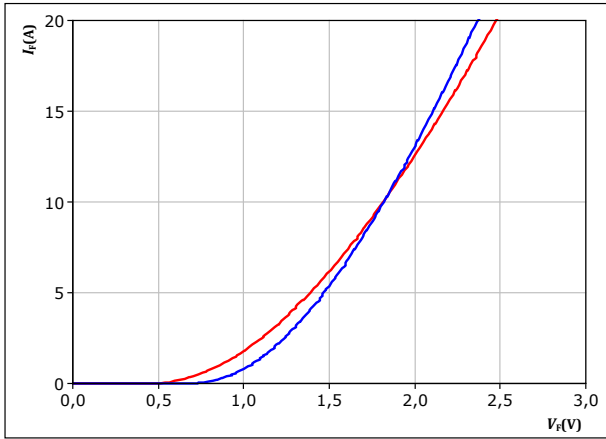


Brake Sw. Protection Diode Characteristics

figure 15. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

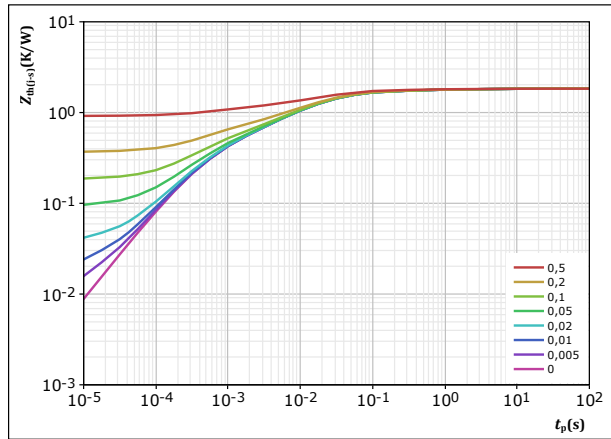


$t_p = 250\ \mu\text{s}$
 $T_j: \text{ — } 25\text{ °C}$
 $\text{ — } 125\text{ °C}$

figure 16. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,833\ \text{K/W}$
FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
4,59E-02	4,62E+00
1,15E-01	3,62E-01
5,63E-01	3,63E-02
6,02E-01	8,92E-03
2,37E-01	1,88E-03
2,71E-01	3,97E-04

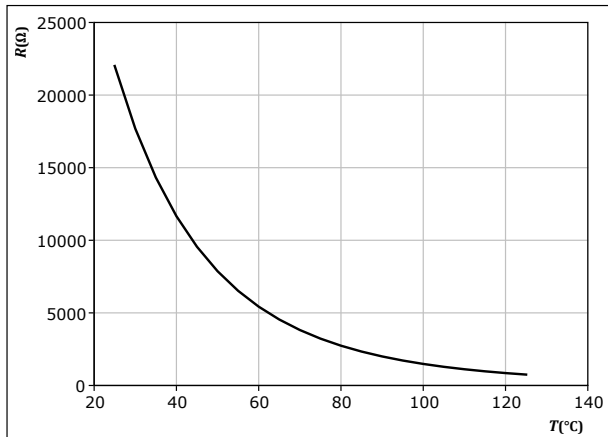


Thermistor Characteristics

figure 17. Thermistor

Typical NTC characteristic as function of temperature

$$R_T = f(T)$$

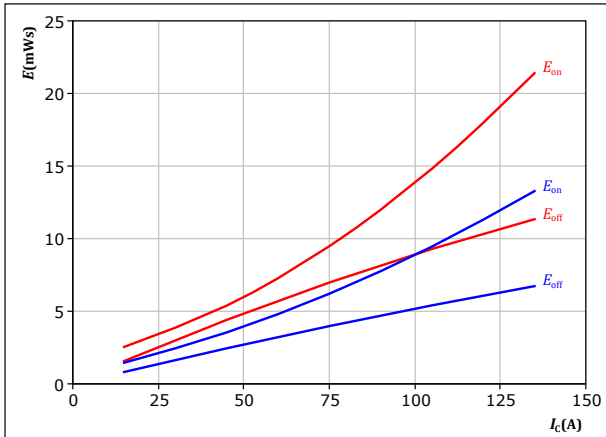




Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 18. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current
 $E = f(I_c)$



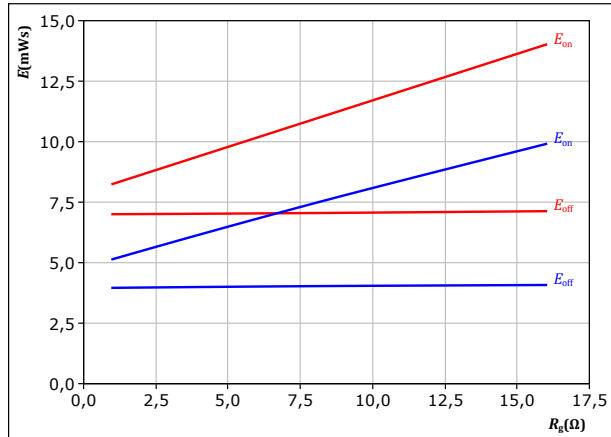
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω
 $R_{goff} = 4$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 19. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor
 $E = f(R_g)$



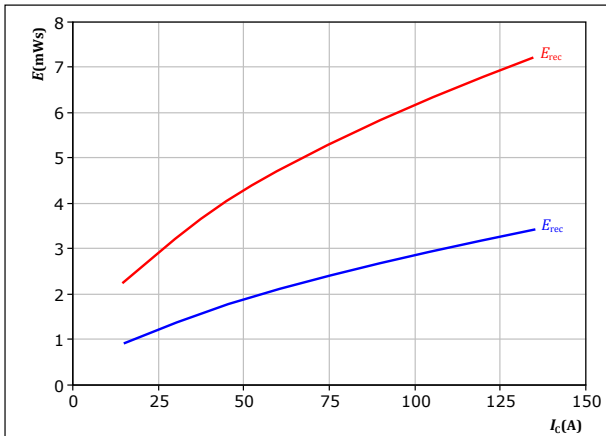
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 75$ A

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 20. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current
 $E_{rec} = f(I_c)$



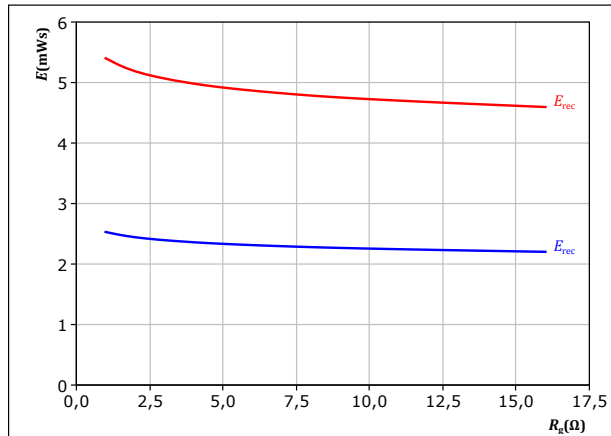
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 21. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor
 $E_{rec} = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 75$ A

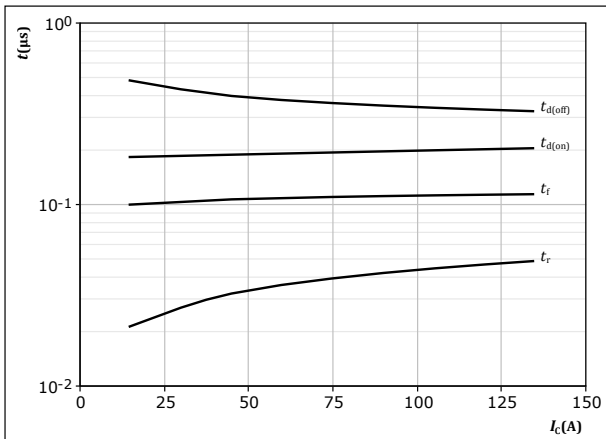
T_j : — 25 °C
 — 150 °C



Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 22. IGBT

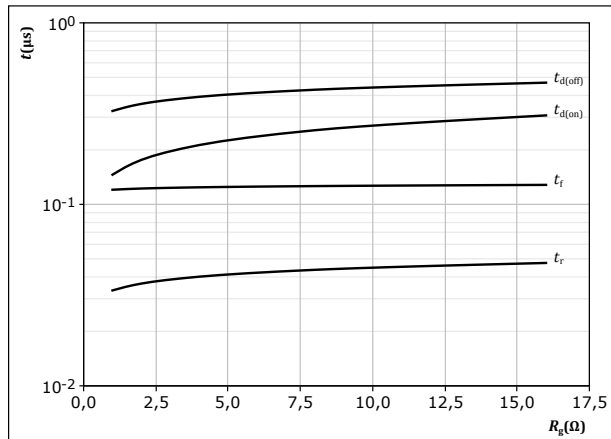
Typical switching times as a function of collector current
 $t = f(I_C)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{g(on)} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$
 $R_{g(off)} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$

figure 23. IGBT

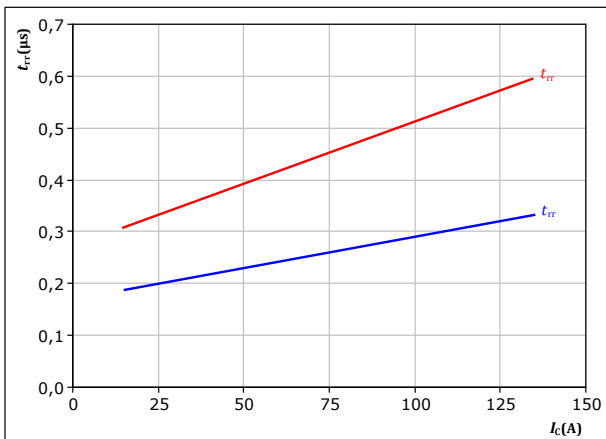
Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_C = 75 \text{ A}$

figure 24. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current
 $t_{rr} = f(I_C)$

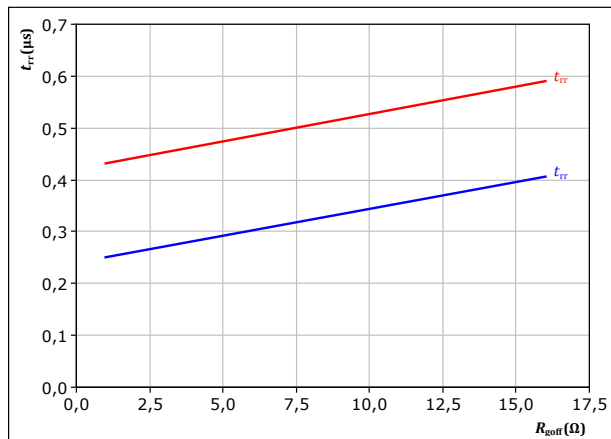


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{g(on)} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 25. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn off gate resistor
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{g(off)})$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_C = 75 \text{ A}$

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 150 °C

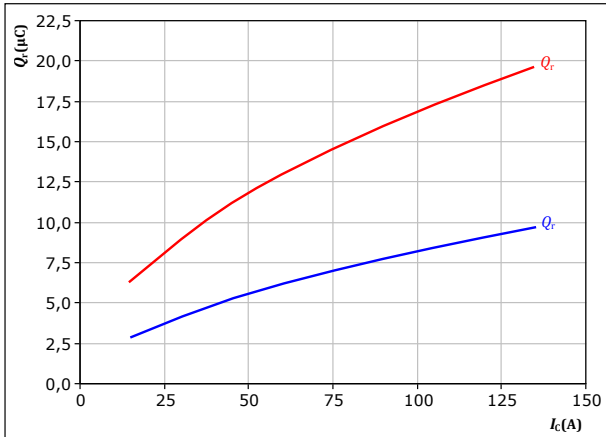


Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 26. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

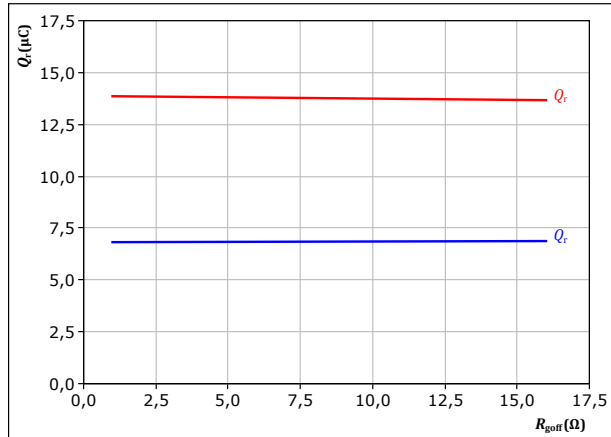
$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{goff} = 4$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
— 150 °C

figure 27. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of turn off gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{goff})$$



With an inductive load at

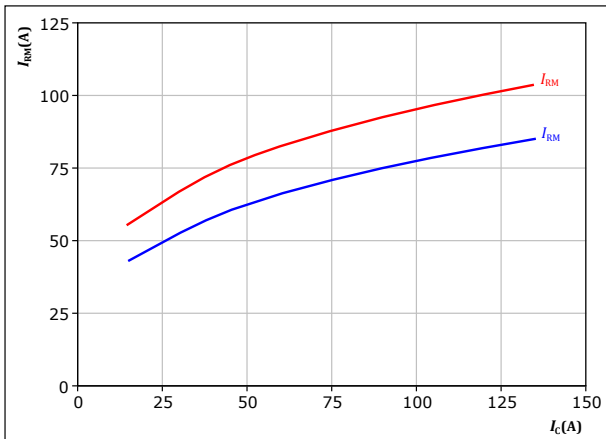
$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 75$ A

T_j : — 25 °C
— 150 °C

figure 28. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

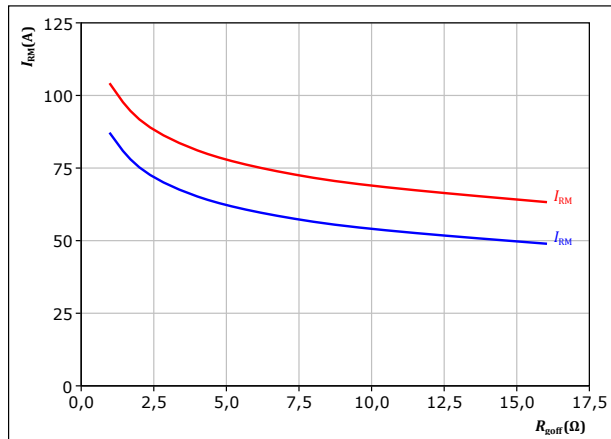
$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{goff} = 4$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
— 150 °C

figure 29. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of turn off gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{goff})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 75$ A

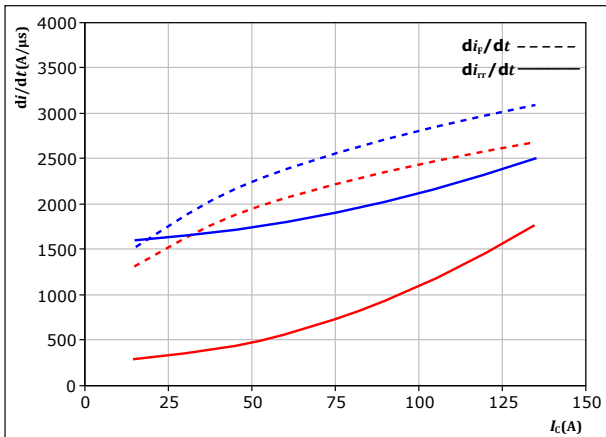
T_j : — 25 °C
— 150 °C



Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 30. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



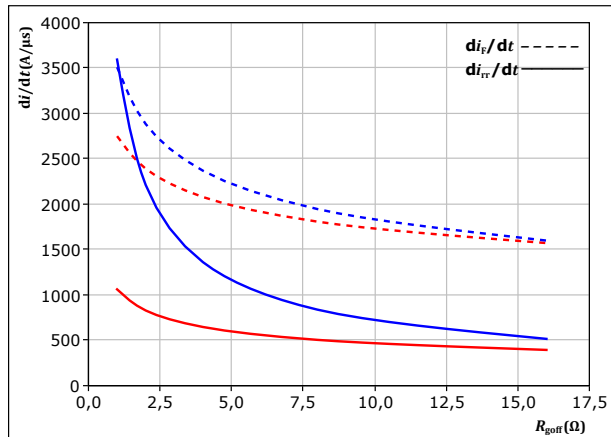
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{goff} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 31. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn off gate resistor
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{goff})$



With an inductive load at

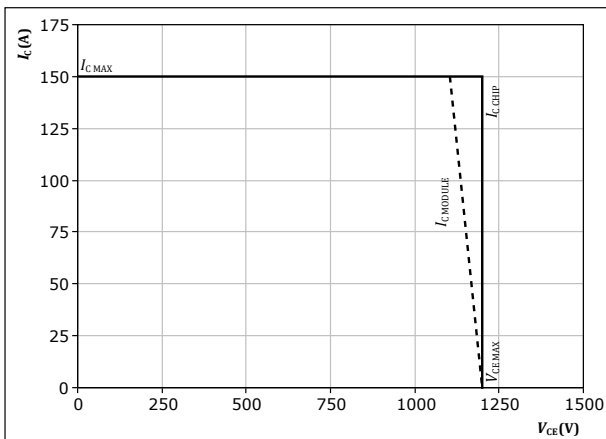
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 75 \text{ A}$

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 32. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $R_{goff} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$

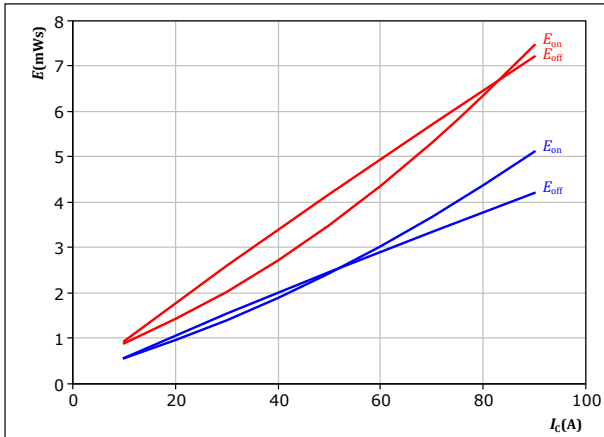


Brake Switching Characteristics

figure 33. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

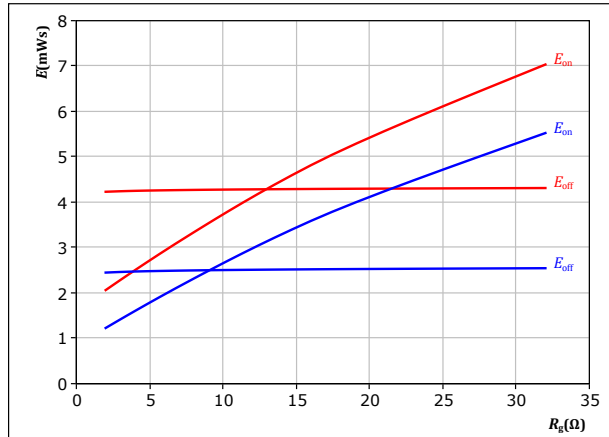
$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{g(on)} = 8$ Ω
 $R_{g(off)} = 8$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 34. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

$$E = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

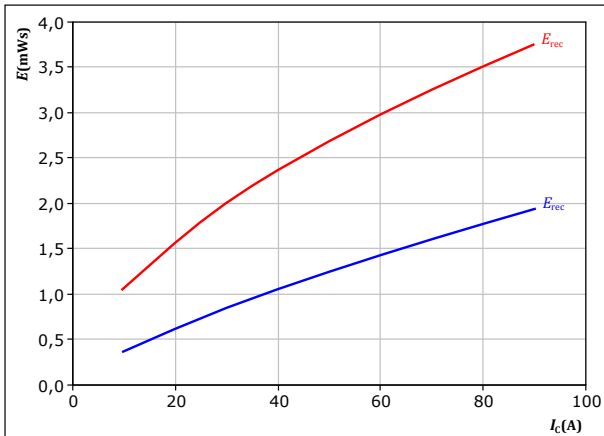
$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 50$ A

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 35. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

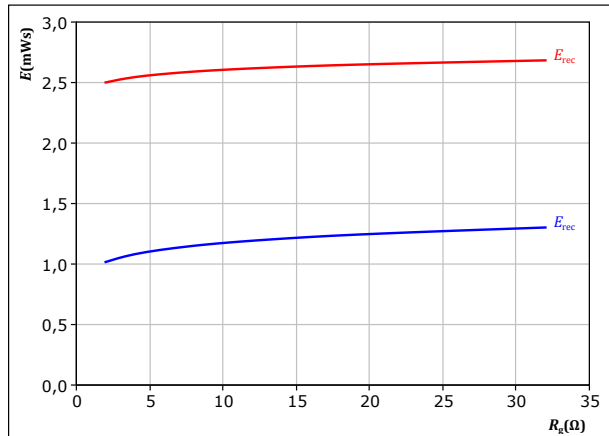
$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{g(on)} = 8$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 36. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 50$ A

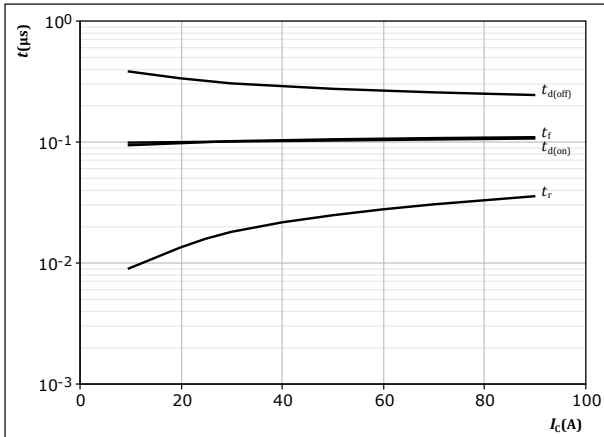
T_j : — 25 °C
 — 150 °C



Brake Switching Characteristics

figure 37. IGBT

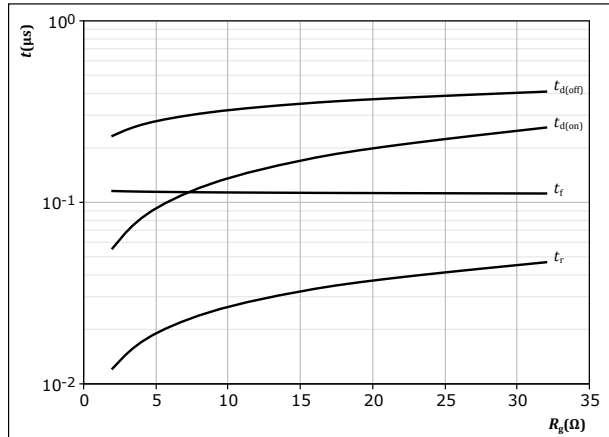
Typical switching times as a function of collector current
 $t = f(I_C)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{g(on)} = 8$ Ω
 $R_{g(off)} = 8$ Ω

figure 38. IGBT

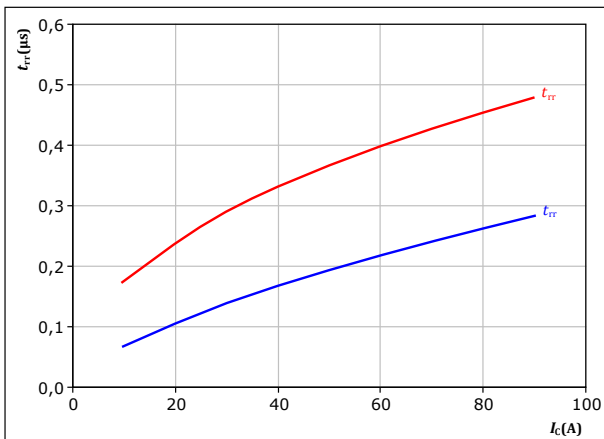
Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_C = 50$ A

figure 39. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current
 $t_{rr} = f(I_C)$

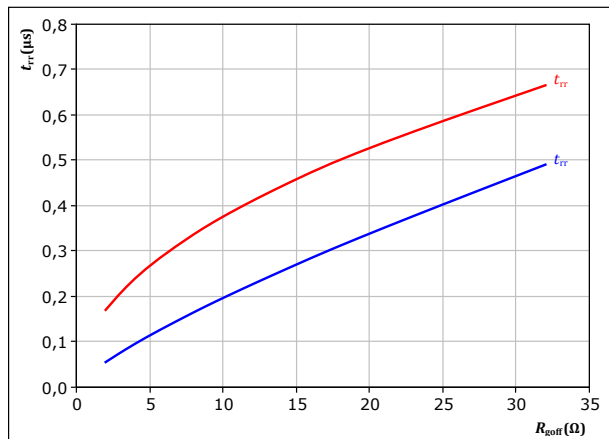


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{g(on)} = 8$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
— 150 °C

figure 40. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn off gate resistor
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{g(off)})$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_C = 50$ A

T_j : — 25 °C
— 150 °C

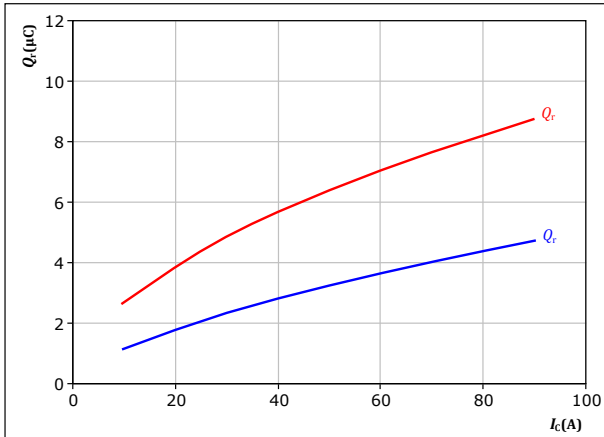


Brake Switching Characteristics

figure 41. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

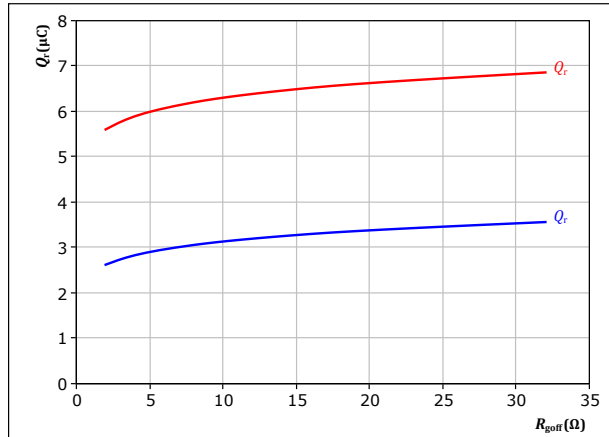
$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{goff} = 8$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
— 150 °C

figure 42. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of turn off gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{goff})$$



With an inductive load at

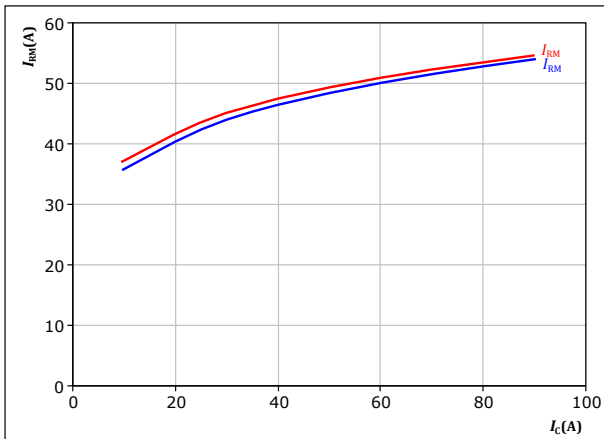
$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 50$ A

T_j : — 25 °C
— 150 °C

figure 43. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

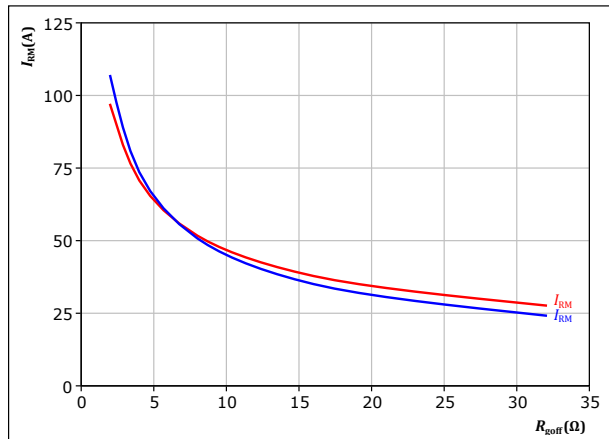
$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{goff} = 8$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
— 150 °C

figure 44. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of turn off gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{goff})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 50$ A

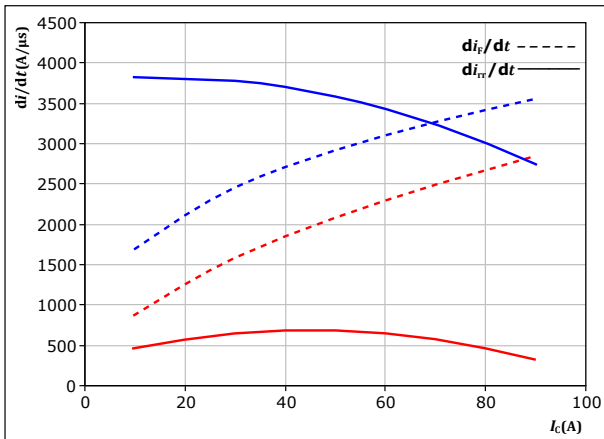
T_j : — 25 °C
— 150 °C



Brake Switching Characteristics

figure 45. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(I_C)$



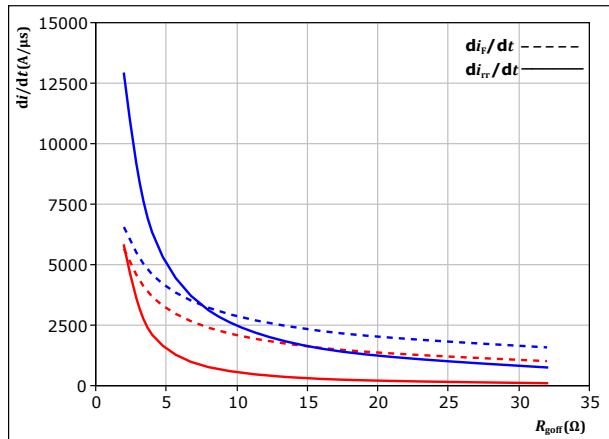
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{goff} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 46. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn off gate resistor
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(R_{goff})$



With an inductive load at

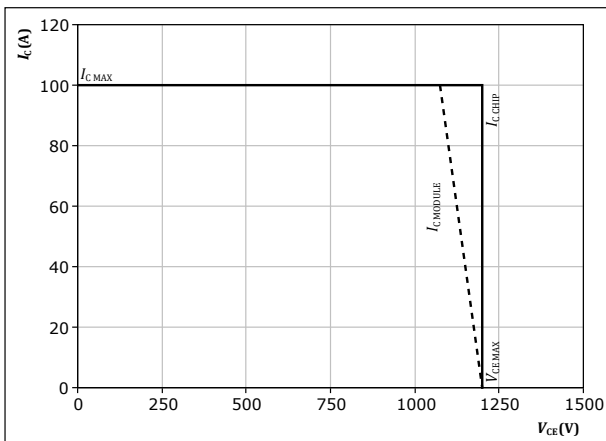
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_C = 50 \text{ A}$

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 47. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



At $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $R_{goff} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$



Switching Definitions

figure 48. IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} , t_{Eoff} (t_{Eoff} = integrating time for E_{off})

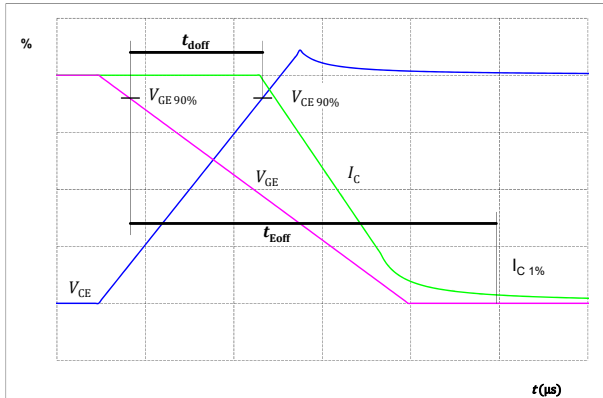


figure 49. IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} , t_{Eon} (t_{Eon} = integrating time for E_{on})

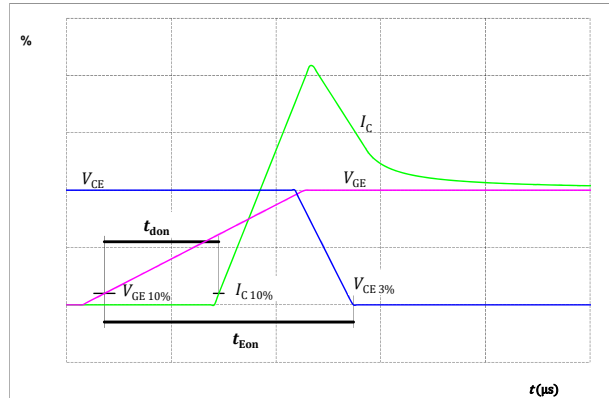


figure 50. IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f

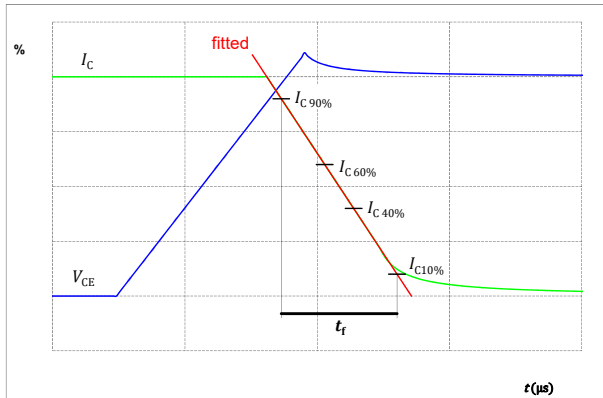
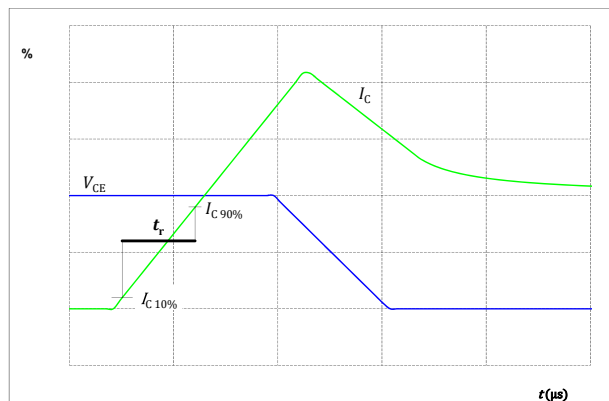


figure 51. IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r





Switching Definitions

figure 52. FWD

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{rr}

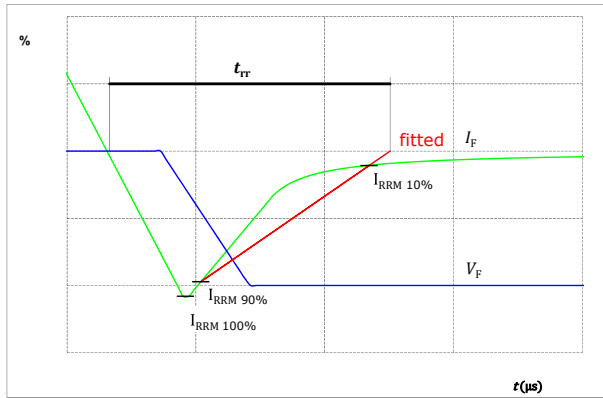
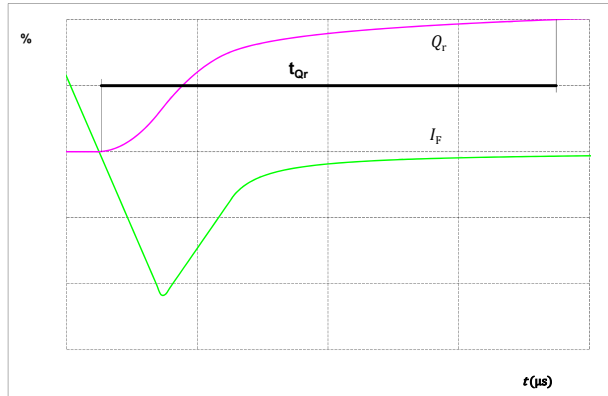


figure 53. FWD

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Qr} (t_{Qr} = integrating time for Q_r)





Vincotech

30-F2127PA075SC-L178E09
datasheet

Ordering Code	
Version	Ordering Code
Without thermal paste	30-F2127PA075SC-L178E09
With thermal paste (3,4 W/mK, PSX-P7)	30-F2127PA075SC-L178E09-/3/

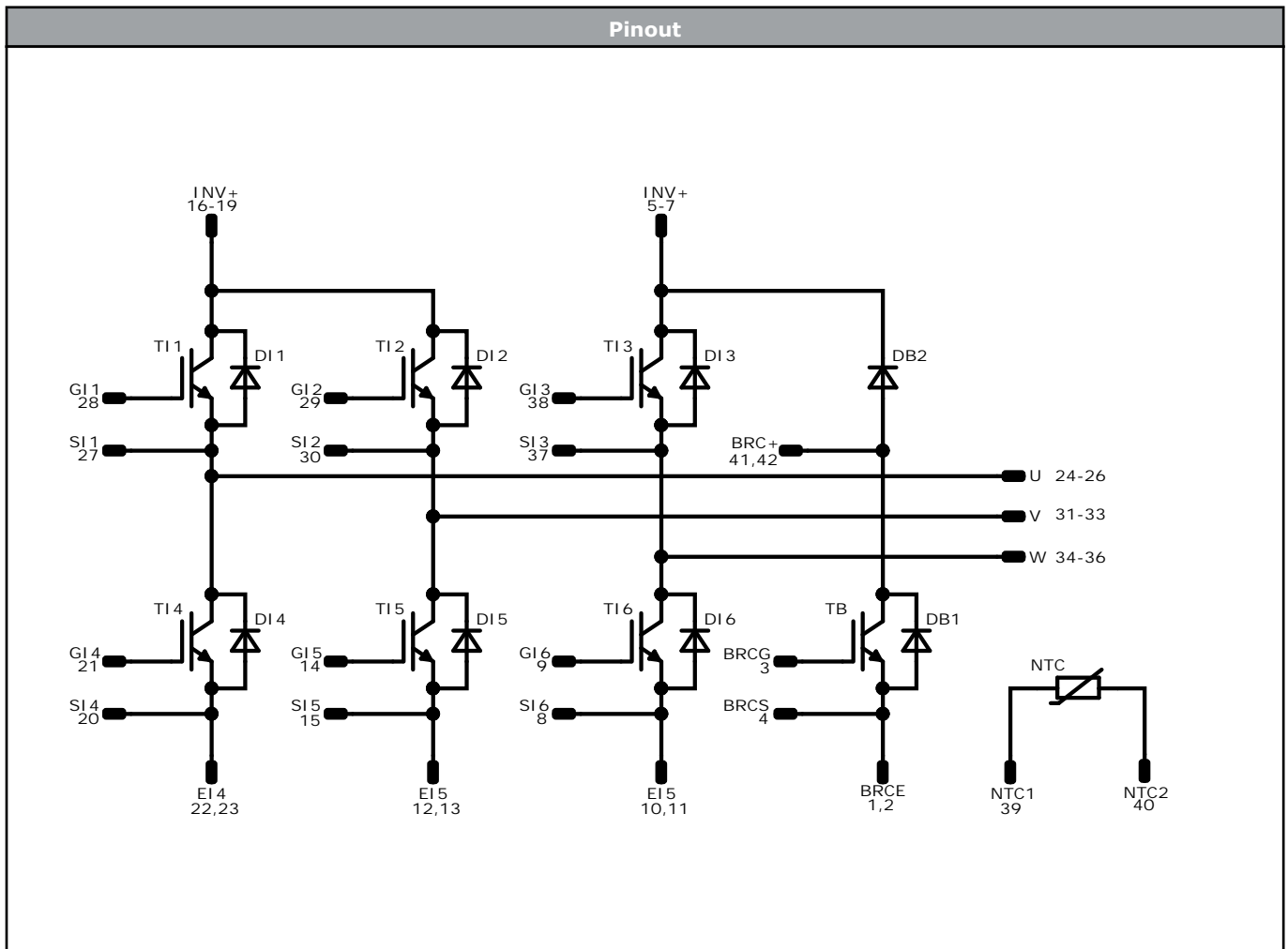
Marking						
	Text	Name NN-NNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN- TTTTTVV	Date code WWYY	UL & VIN UL VIN	Lot LLLLL	Serial SSSS
	Datamatrix	Type&Ver TTTTTTTV	Lot number LLLLL	Serial SSSS	Date code WWYY	

Pin table [mm]			
Pin	X	Y	Function
1	70,9	6	BRCE
2	70,9	3	BRCE
3	70,9	0	BRCG
4	67,9	0	BRCS
5	56,8	3	INV+
6	56,8	0	INV+
7	54,1	0	INV+
8	46	0	SI6
9	43	0	GI6
10	40	3	EI6
11	40	0	EI6
12	34,9	3	EI5
13	34,9	0	EI5
14	31,9	0	GI5
15	28,9	0	SI5
16	18,8	3	INV+
17	18,8	0	INV+
18	16,1	3	INV+
19	16,1	0	INV+
20	6	0	SI4
21	3	0	GI4
22	0	3	EI4
23	0	0	EI4
24	0	34,1	U
25	0	36,9	U
26	3	36,9	U
27	6	36,9	SI1
28	9	36,9	GI1
29	20	36,9	GI2
30	23	36,9	SI2
31	26	36,9	V
32	29	34,1	V
33	29	36,9	V
34	40	34,1	W
35	40	36,9	W
36	43	36,9	W
37	46	36,9	SI3
38	49	36,9	GI3
39	64,65	37,05	NTC1
40	71,05	37,05	NTC2
41	70,2	21,5	BRC+
42	70,2	18,5	BRC+

Tolerance of pinposition: ±0,5mm at the end of pins
Dimension of coordinate axis is only offset without tolerance



Vincotech



Identification					
ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
TB	IGBT	1200 V	50 A	Brake Switch	
DB2	FWD	1200 V	25 A	Brake Diode	
DB1	FWD	1200 V	7,5 A	Brake Sw. Protection Diode	
TI4, TI1, TI5, TI2, TI6, TI3	IGBT	1200 V	75 A	Inverter Switch	
DI1, DI4, DI2, DI5, DI3, DI6	FWD	1200 V	75 A	Inverter Diode	
NTC	Thermistor			Thermistor	




Packaging instruction				
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 36	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ	Sample

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for <i>flow 2</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for <i>flow 2</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

Vincotech thermistor reference
See Vincotech thermistor reference table at vincotech.com website.

UL recognition and file number
This device is certified according to UL 1557 standard, UL file number E192116. For more information see vincotech.com website. 

Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
30-F2127PA075SC-L178E09-D5-14	30 Nov. 2021	Brake switch static values correction Brake switch protection diode Rth corrected Thermistor change New datasheet format	

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.