



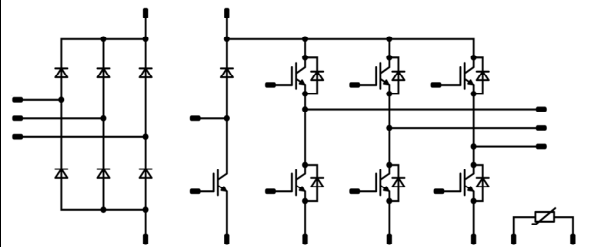




Vincotech

<i>flow PIM 0</i>	<b>1200 V / 15 A</b>
<div style="background-color: #f0f0f0; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"><b>Features</b></div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IGBT M7 with low <math>V_{CEsat}</math> and improved EMC behavior</li> <li>Open emitter configuration</li> <li>Compact and low inductive design</li> <li>Built-in NTC</li> </ul>	<div style="background-color: #f0f0f0; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"><b>flow 0 housing</b></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>12 mm</p>  </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>17 mm</p>  </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; font-size: 8px;"> <span>Solder pin</span> <span>Press-fit pin</span> </div>
<div style="background-color: #f0f0f0; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"><b>Target applications</b></div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Industrial Drives</li> </ul>	<div style="background-color: #f0f0f0; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"><b>Schematic</b></div> 
<div style="background-color: #f0f0f0; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"><b>Types</b></div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>10-FZ12PMA015M7-P840A28</li> <li>10-F012PMA015M7-P840A29</li> <li>10-PZ12PMA015M7-P840A28Y</li> <li>10-P012PMA015M7-P840A29Y</li> </ul>	

## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
<b>Rectifier Diode</b>				
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1600	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	25	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	$I_{FSM}$	50 Hz Single Half Sine Wave $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	200	A
Surge current capability	$I^2t$		200	$A^2s$
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	44	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		150	°C



## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
<b>Inverter Switch</b>				
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		1200	V
Collector current	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	15	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	30	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	60	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		$\pm 20$	V
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C

<b>Inverter Diode</b>				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1200	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	15	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$		30	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	45	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C

<b>Brake Switch</b>				
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		1200	V
Collector current	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	10	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	20	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	55	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		$\pm 20$	V
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C

<b>Brake Diode</b>				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1200	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	5	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$		10	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	27	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C



### Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
-----------	--------	-----------	-------	------

#### Module Properties

##### Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	$T_{top}$		-40...(T <sub>max</sub> - 25)	°C

##### Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	$V_{isol}$	DC Test Voltage* $t_p = 2\text{ s}$	6000	V
		AC Voltage $t_p = 1\text{ min}$	2500	V
Creepage distance			min. 12,7	mm
Clearance		Solder pin 12 mm housing / 17 mm housing	9,29 / 12,7	mm
		Press-fit pin 12 mm housing / 17 mm housing	9,48 / 12,7	
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI		> 200	

\*100 % tested in production



## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

### Rectifier Diode

#### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				25	25 125		1,22 1,21	1,8	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_r$			1600		25 145			50 1100	$\mu$ A

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,59		K/W
-------------------------------------	---------------	------------------------------------	--	--	--	--	--	------	--	-----

### Inverter Switch

#### Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}$			0,0015	25		5,4	6	6,6	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CEsat}$		15		15	25 125 150			1,70 1,95 2,01	2,15	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	1200		25				60	$\mu$ A
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0		25				500	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$								none		$\Omega$
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$								2900		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oes}$		0	10		25			120		
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$								34		
Gate charge	$Q_g$		15	600	15	25			110		nC

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)							1,60		K/W
-------------------------------------	---------------	------------------------------------	--	--	--	--	--	--	------	--	-----

#### Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$					25 150			176 174		ns
Rise time	$t_r$	$R_{goff} = 32 \Omega$ $R_{gon} = 32 \Omega$				25 150			43 48		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		$\pm 15$	600	15	25 150			191 218		
Fall time	$t_f$					25 150			119 127		
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$	$Q_{tFWD} = 1,5 \mu$ C $Q_{tFWD} = 2,6 \mu$ C				25 150			1,548 2,008		
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$					25 150			0,925 1,322		mWs



### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

#### Inverter Diode

##### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$			15	25 125		1,63 1,74	2,1	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$		1200		25			30	$\mu$ A

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)					2,11		K/W
-------------------------------------	---------------	---------------------------------------	--	--	--	--	------	--	-----

##### Dynamic

Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$	$di/dt = 293$ A/ $\mu$ s $di/dt = 244$ A/ $\mu$ s	$\pm 15$	600	15	25		11		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					150		12		ns
						25		265		
Recovered charge	$Q_r$					150		423		$\mu$ C
						25		1,549		
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$	150		2,592		mWs				
		25		0,488						
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$	150		0,938		A/ $\mu$ s				
		25		92						
							52			



Vincotech

**10-xZ12PMA015M7-P840A28x**  
**10-x012PMA015M7-P840A29x**  
 datasheet

## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

### Brake Switch

#### Static

Parameter	Symbol	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}$	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$				0,001	25	5,4	6	6,6	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CESat}$		15		10	25 125 150		1,66 1,90 1,96	2,15	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	1200		25			35	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0		25			500	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$							none		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$							2000		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oes}$		0	10		25		86		
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$							23		
Gate charge	$Q_g$		15	600	10	25		80		nC

#### Thermal

Parameter	Symbol	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$							1,72		K/W

#### Dynamic

Parameter	Symbol	$R_{goff} = 64$ Ω $R_{gon} = 64$ Ω	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit		
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$		15/0	700	10	25 125 150		124		ns		
Rise time	$t_r$						25 125 150		66 73 74			
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$						25 125 150		353 386 395			
Fall time	$t_f$						25 125 150		94 113 118			
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$						$Q_{tFWD} = 0,8$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 1,1$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 1,3$ μC		25 125 150			1,265 1,536 1,581
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$								25 125 150			0,822 1,087 1,140



Vincotech

**10-xZ12PMA015M7-P840A28x**  
**10-x012PMA015M7-P840A29x**  
 datasheet

## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

### Brake Diode

#### Static

Parameter	Symbol	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Forward voltage	$V_F$			5		25 125		1,57 1,65	2,1	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$		1200			25			20	μA

#### Thermal

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)	3,50	K/W

#### Dynamic

Parameter	Symbol	$dI/dt$	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$					25 125 150		5 5 5		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					25 125 150		291 419 463		ns
Recovered charge	$Q_r$	$dI/dt = 118$ A/μs $dI/dt = 104$ A/μs $dI/dt = 106$ A/μs	15/0	700	10	25 125 150		0,761 1,136 1,275		μC
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$					25 125 150		0,296 0,483 0,557		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$					25 125 150		25 19 19		A/μs

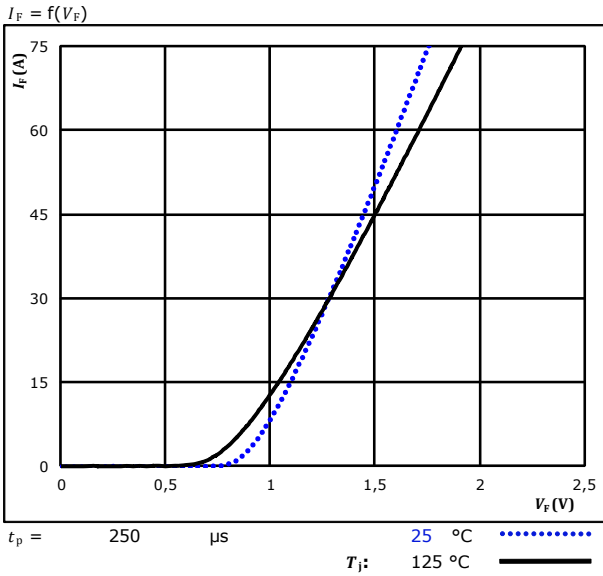
### Thermistor

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Rated resistance	$R$		25		22		kΩ
Deviation of $R_{100}$	$\Delta_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 1484$ Ω	100	-5		5	%
Power dissipation	$P$		25		5		mW
Power dissipation constant			25		1,5		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. ±1 %	25		3962		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. ±1 %	25		4000		K
Vincotech NTC Reference						I	

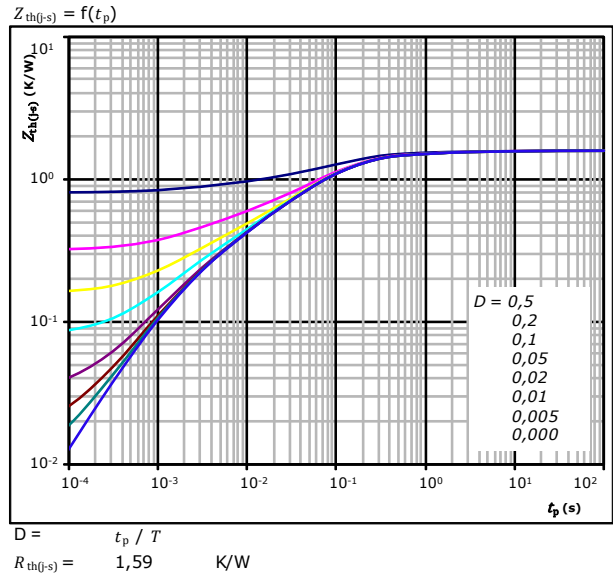


## Rectifier Diode Characteristics

**figure 1.** FWD  
 Typical forward characteristics



**figure 2.** FWD  
 Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width



Diode thermal model values

$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
3,44E-02	9,66E+00
1,12E-01	1,22E+00
5,81E-01	1,45E-01
4,89E-01	5,05E-02
2,38E-01	9,26E-03
1,22E-01	1,79E-03
1,22E-01	1,79E-03

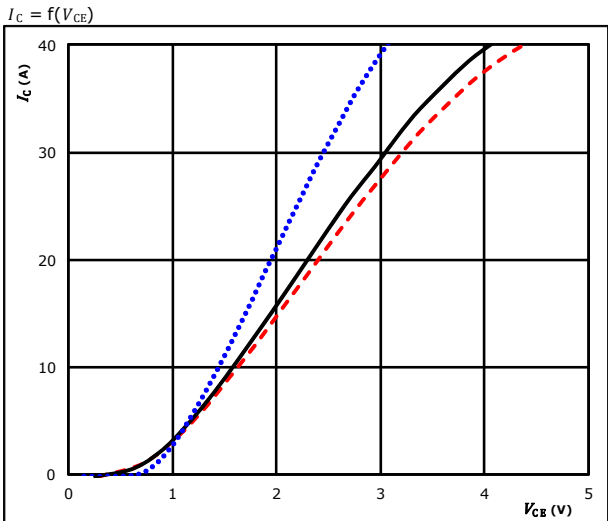




## Inverter Switch Characteristics

**figure 1.** IGBT

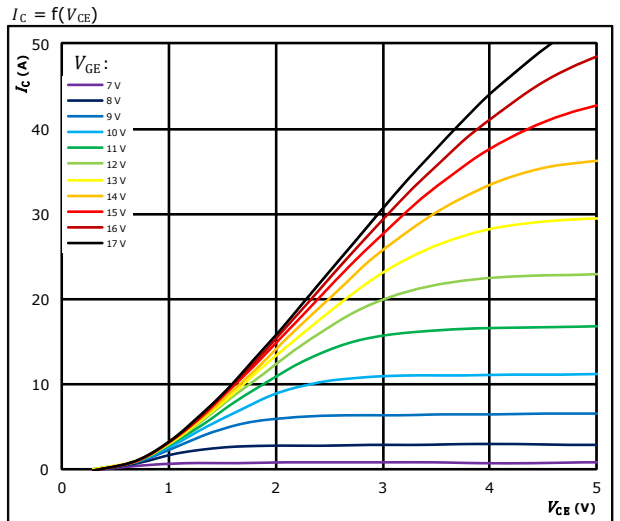
Typical output characteristics



$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$   
 $T_j: 25^\circ C$  (dotted blue)  
 $125^\circ C$  (solid black)  
 $150^\circ C$  (dashed red)

**figure 2.** IGBT

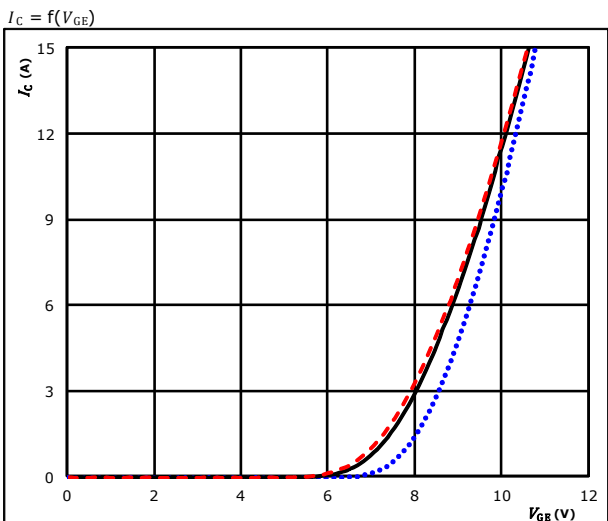
Typical output characteristics



$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 150^\circ C$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

**figure 3.** IGBT

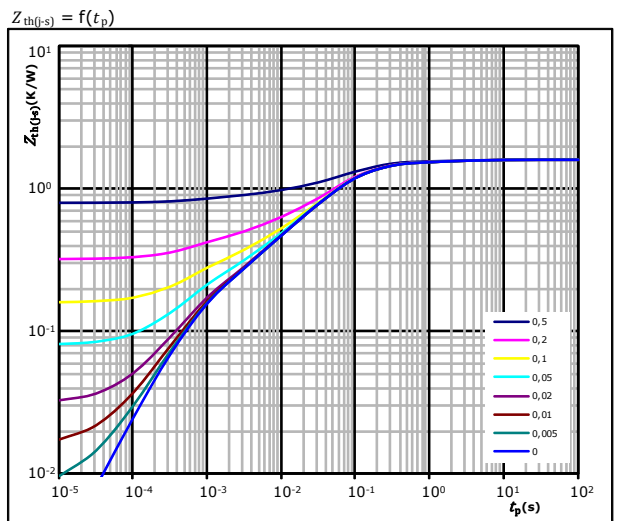
Typical transfer characteristics



$t_p = 100 \mu s$   
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$   
 $T_j: 25^\circ C$  (dotted blue)  
 $125^\circ C$  (solid black)  
 $150^\circ C$  (dashed red)

**figure 4.** IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as function of pulse duration



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,60 K/W$

IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
4,90E-02	4,40E+00
1,40E-01	5,34E-01
8,04E-01	8,02E-02
2,98E-01	2,57E-02
1,69E-01	5,09E-03
1,35E-01	6,41E-04

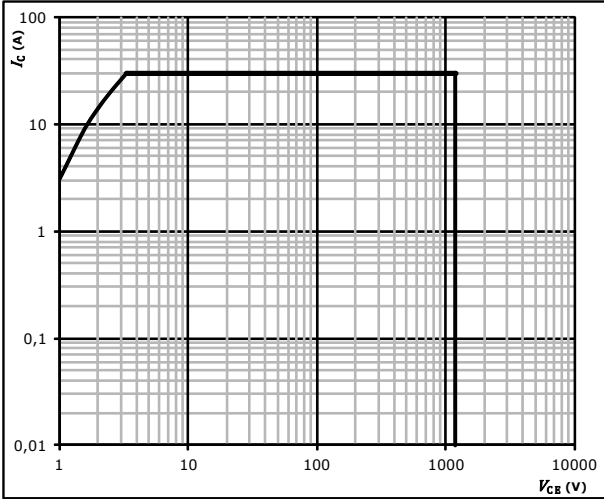


### Inverter Switch Characteristics

**figure 5.** IGBT

Safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



- $D =$  single pulse
- $T_s =$  80 °C
- $V_{GE} =$  ±15 V
- $T_j =$   $T_{jmax}$

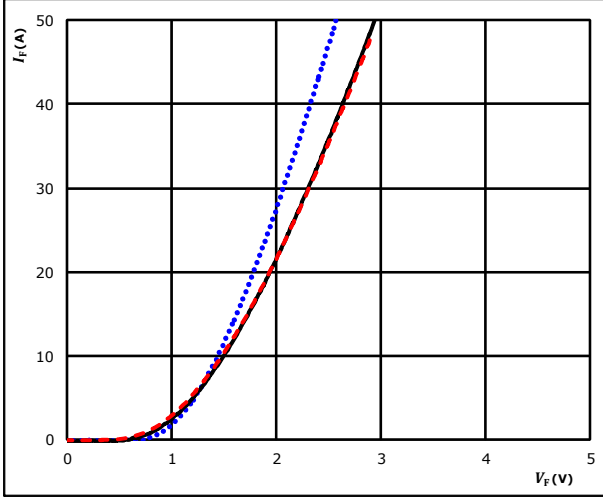


## Inverter Diode Characteristics

**figure 1.** **FWD**

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$



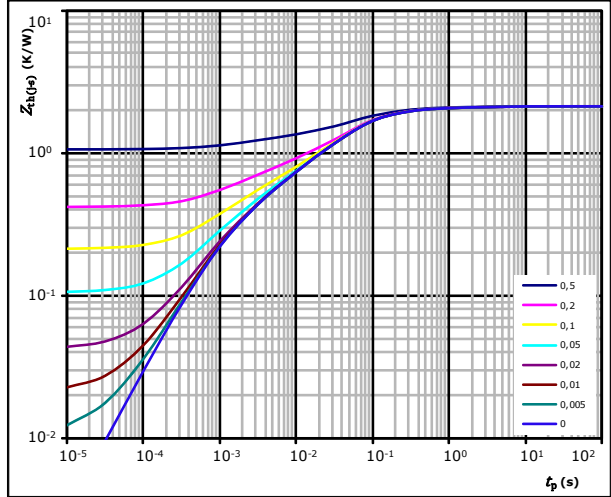
$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$

$T_j$ : 25 °C .....  
 125 °C ———  
 150 °C - - - -

**figure 2.** **FWD**

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$

$R_{th(j-s)} = 2,11 \text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
8,99E-02	2,33E+00
4,04E-01	1,91E-01
1,05E+00	4,49E-02
3,39E-01	6,08E-03
2,29E-01	1,02E-03

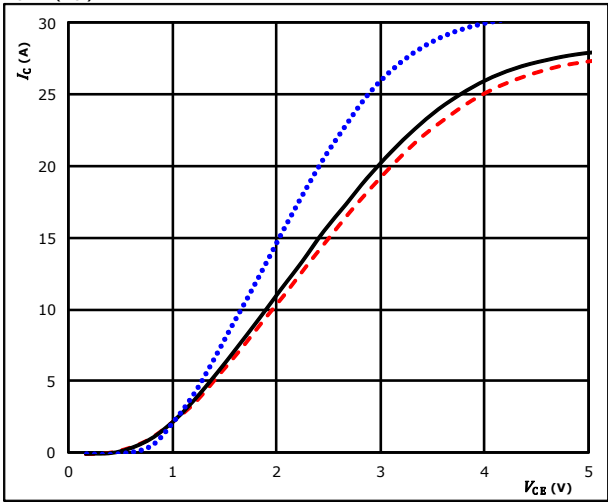


## Brake Switch Characteristics

**figure 1.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

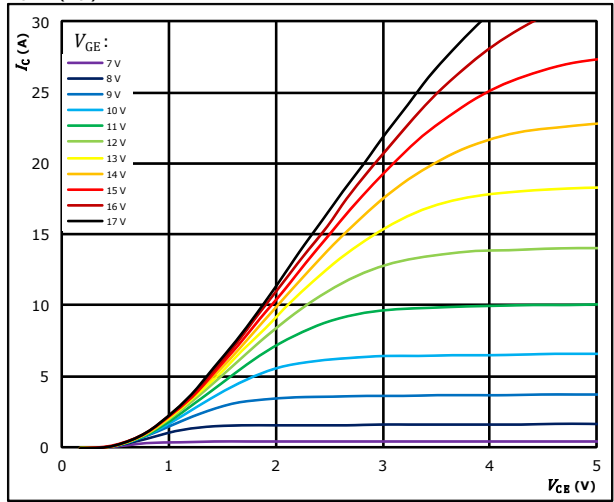


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ C$  .....  
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$   $T_j: 125 \text{ }^\circ C$  ———  
 $T_j: 150 \text{ }^\circ C$  - - - - -

**figure 2.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

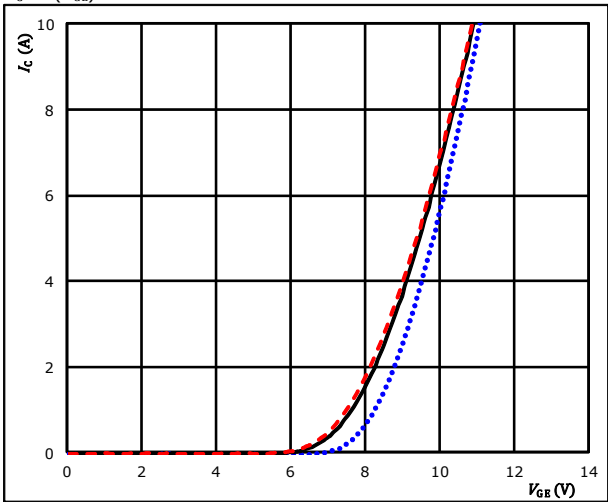


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ C$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

**figure 3.** IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{GE})$

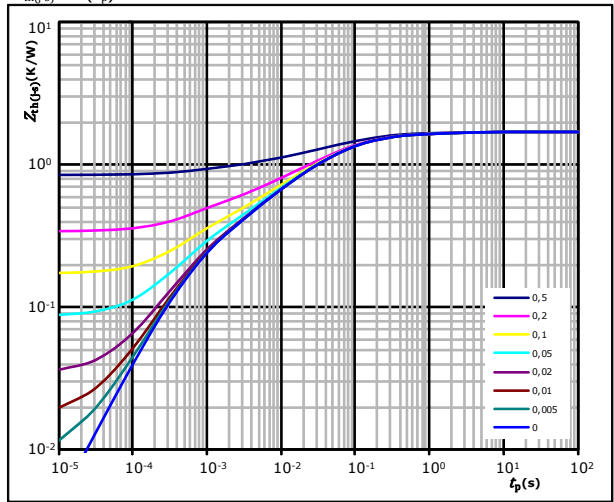


$t_p = 100 \mu s$   $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ C$  .....  
 $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$   $T_j: 125 \text{ }^\circ C$  ———  
 $T_j: 150 \text{ }^\circ C$  - - - - -

**figure 4.** IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as function of pulse duration

$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,72 \text{ K/W}$   
 IGBT thermal model values

$R \text{ (K/W)}$	$\tau \text{ (s)}$
8,08E-02	2,32E+00
2,21E-01	2,45E-01
6,51E-01	6,03E-02
3,93E-01	1,33E-02
1,95E-01	3,15E-03
1,82E-01	5,45E-04

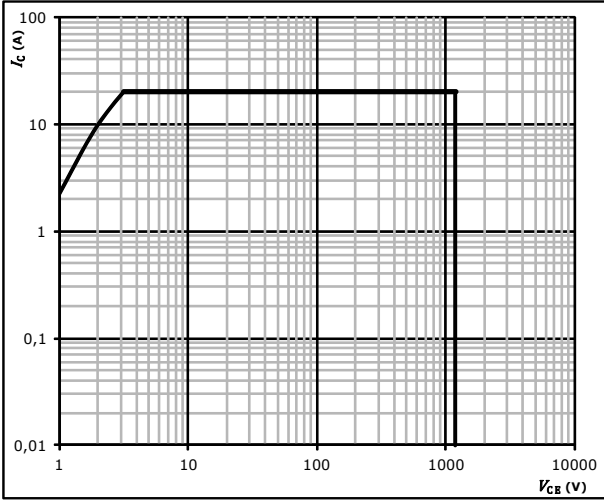


### Brake Switch Characteristics

**figure 5.** IGBT

Safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



- $D =$  single pulse
- $T_s =$  80 °C
- $V_{GE} =$  ±15 V
- $T_j = T_{jmax}$

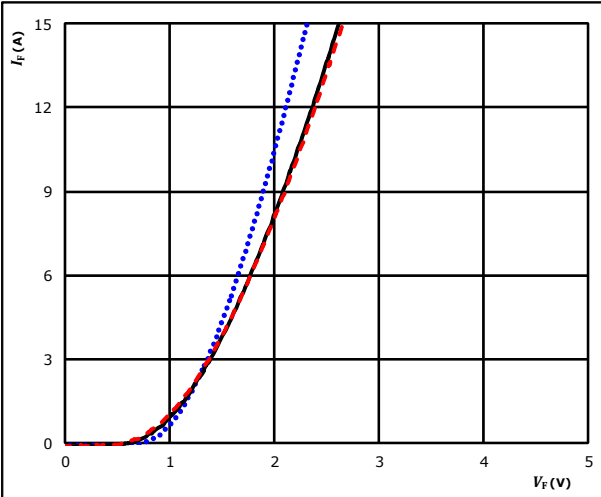


## Brake Diode Characteristics

**figure 1.** FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

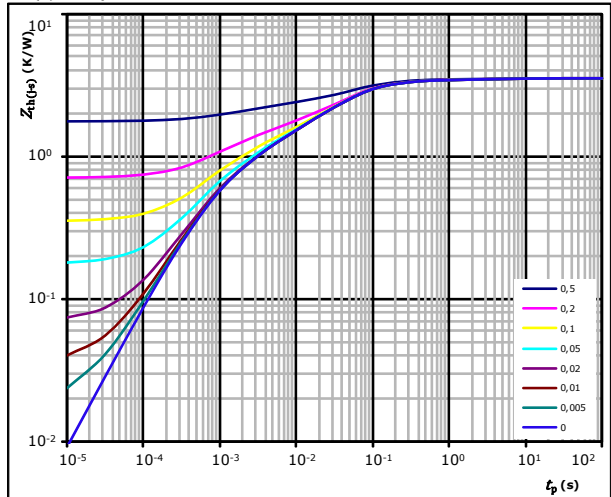


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_i$ : 25 °C (blue dotted line)  
 125 °C (black solid line)  
 150 °C (red dashed line)

**figure 2.** FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 3,50 \text{ K/W}$   
 FWD thermal model values

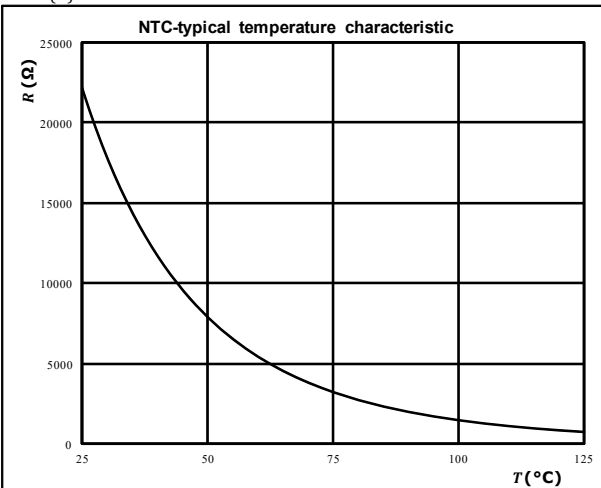
$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
8,03E-02	7,23E+00
2,34E-01	4,70E-01
1,33E+00	6,36E-02
7,92E-01	2,24E-02
5,71E-01	3,34E-03
4,85E-01	7,05E-04

## Thermistor Characteristics

**figure 1.** Thermistor

Typical NTC characteristic as a function of temperature

$$R = f(T)$$



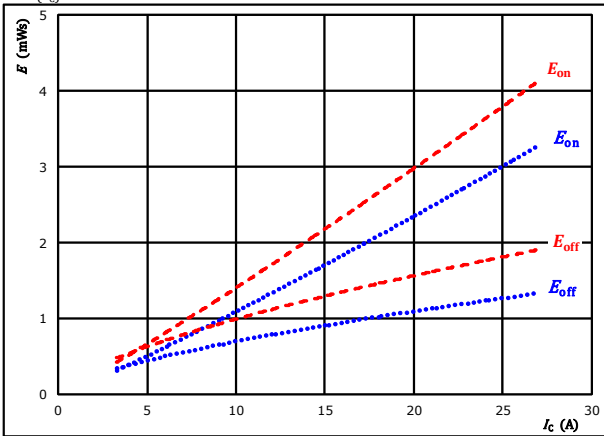


## Inverter Switching Characteristics

**figure 1.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_C)$$



With an inductive load at

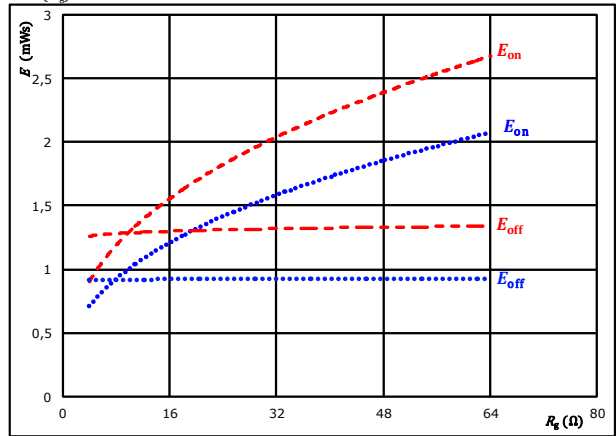
$V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 32$   $\Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 32$   $\Omega$

$T_j: 25$  °C (blue dotted)  
 $150$  °C (red dashed)

**figure 2.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

$$E = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

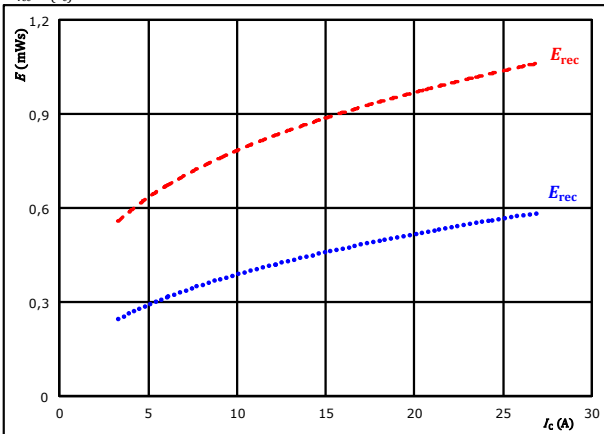
$V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_C = 15$  A

$T_j: 25$  °C (blue dotted)  
 $150$  °C (red dashed)

**figure 3.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_C)$$



With an inductive load at

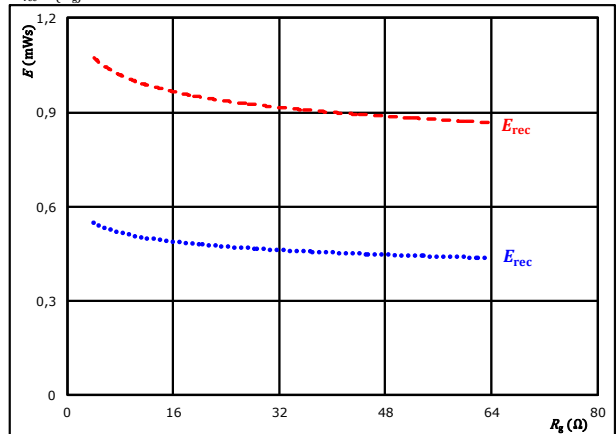
$V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 32$   $\Omega$

$T_j: 25$  °C (blue dotted)  
 $150$  °C (red dashed)

**figure 4.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_C = 15$  A

$T_j: 25$  °C (blue dotted)  
 $150$  °C (red dashed)



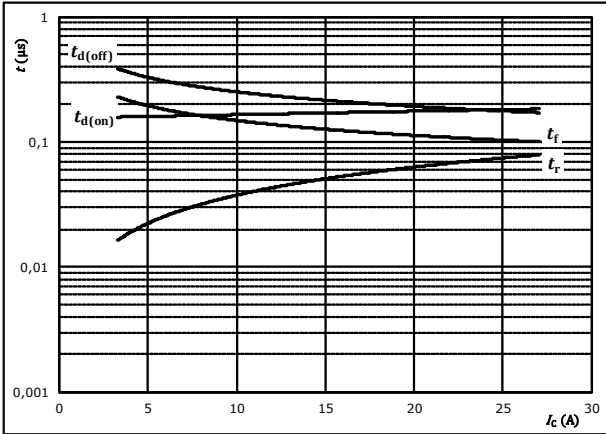
Vincotech

## Inverter Switching Characteristics

**figure 5. IGBT**

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_C)$$



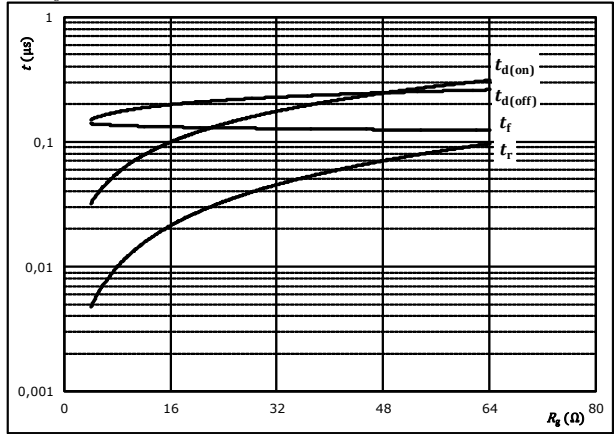
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	600	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{gon} =$	32	Ω
$R_{goff} =$	32	Ω

**figure 6. IGBT**

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(R_g)$$



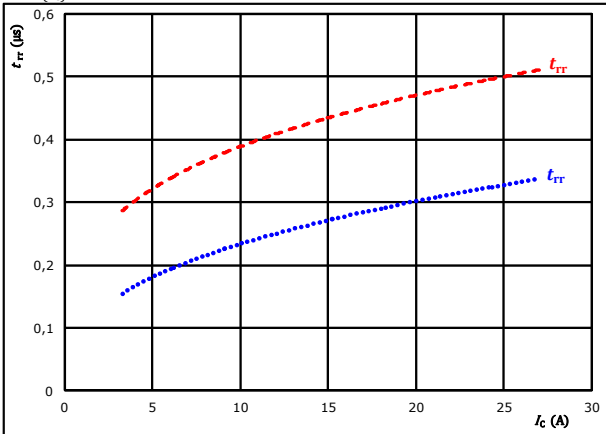
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	600	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$I_C =$	15	A

**figure 7. FWD**

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$$

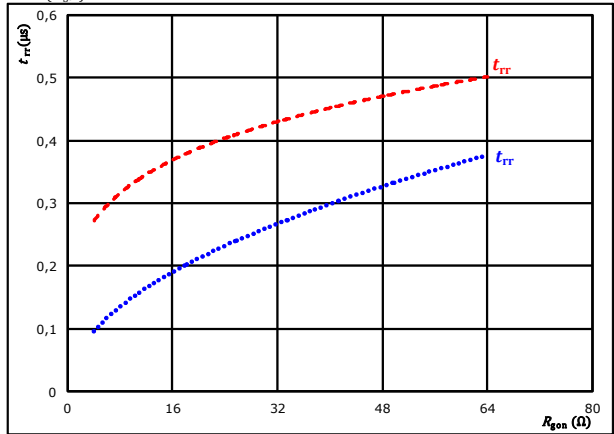


At	$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_j:$	25 °C	.....
	$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		150 °C	-----
	$R_{gon} =$	32	Ω			

**figure 8. FWD**

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$



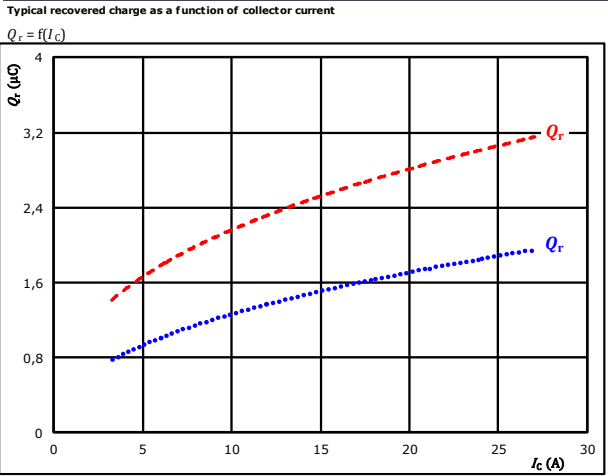
At	$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_j:$	25 °C	.....
	$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		150 °C	-----
	$I_C =$	15	A			





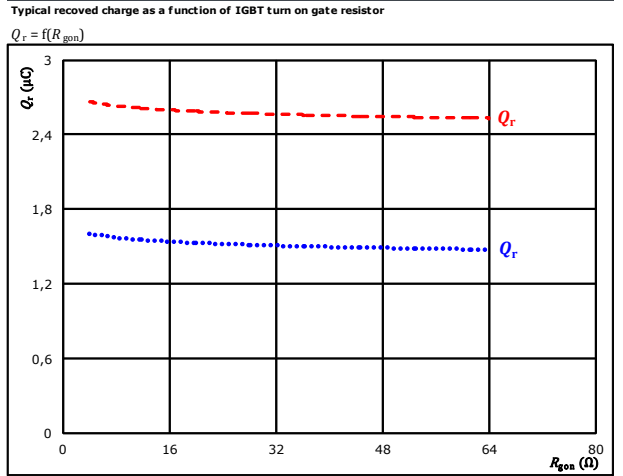
## Inverter Switching Characteristics

**figure 9.** FWD



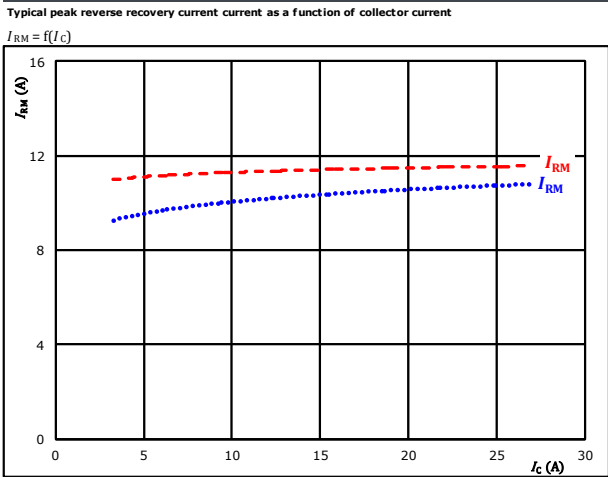
At  $V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 32$   $\Omega$   
 $T_j: 25$  °C (blue dotted line)  
 $150$  °C (red dashed line)

**figure 10.** FWD



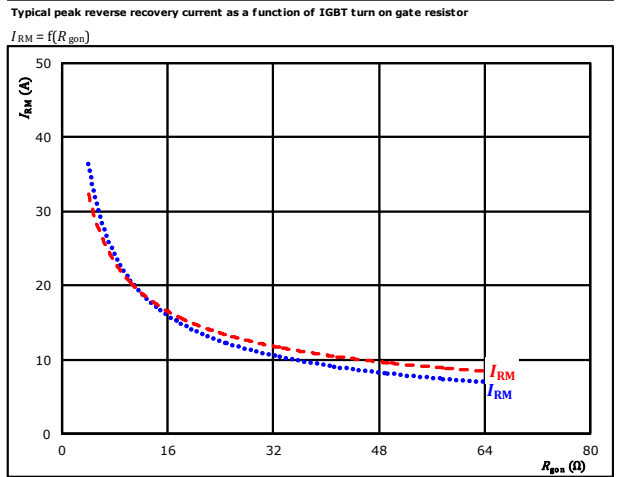
At  $V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 15$  A  
 $T_j: 25$  °C (blue dotted line)  
 $150$  °C (red dashed line)

**figure 11.** FWD



At  $V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 32$   $\Omega$   
 $T_j: 25$  °C (blue dotted line)  
 $150$  °C (red dashed line)

**figure 12.** FWD



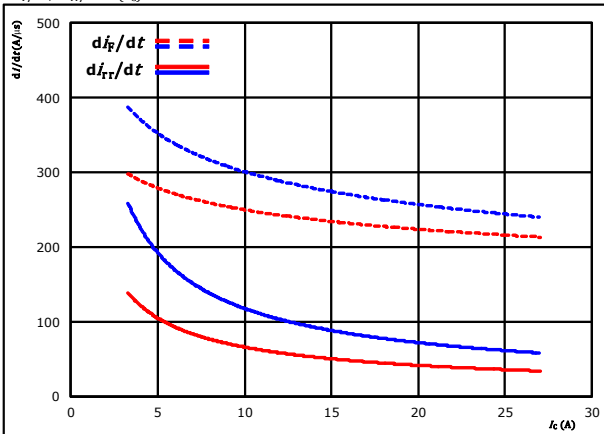
At  $V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 15$  A  
 $T_j: 25$  °C (blue dotted line)  
 $150$  °C (red dashed line)



## Inverter Switching Characteristics

**figure 13.** FWD

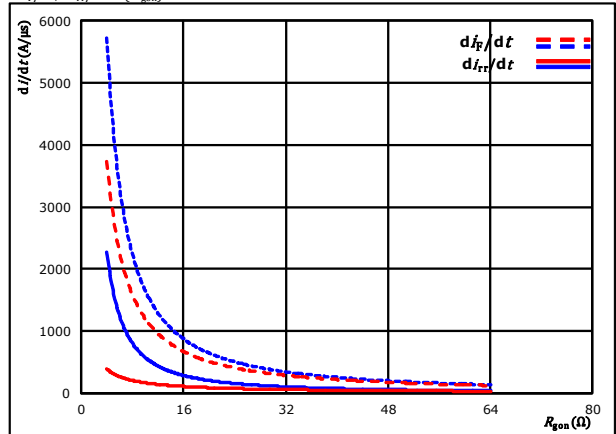
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



At  $V_{CE} = 600$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C (solid blue),  $150$  °C (dashed red)  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{g(on)} = 32$  Ω

**figure 14.** FWD

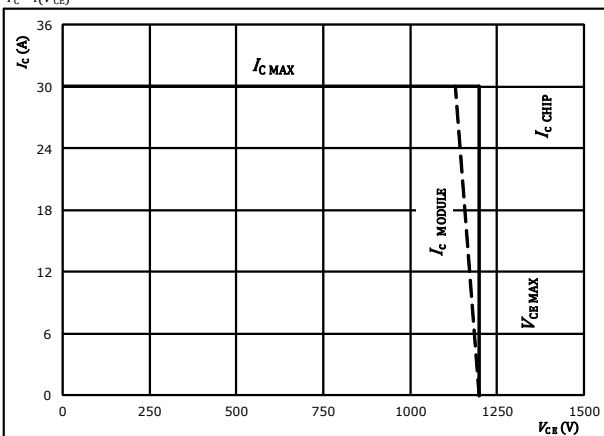
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{g(on)})$



At  $V_{CE} = 600$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C (solid blue),  $150$  °C (dashed red)  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 15$  A

**figure 15.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area  
 $I_c = f(V_{CB})$



At  $T_j = 175$  °C  
 $R_{g(on)} = 32$  Ω  
 $R_{g(off)} = 32$  Ω



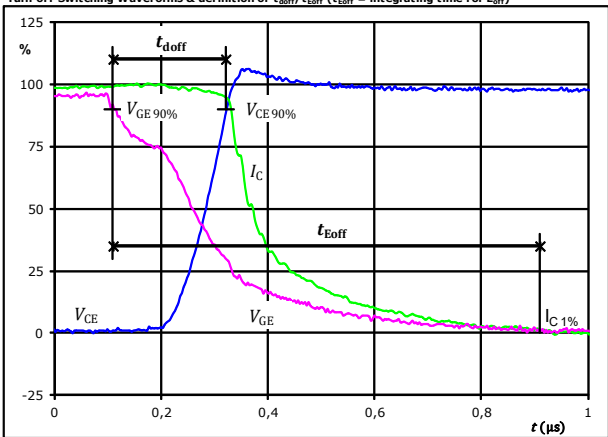
## Inverter Switching Definitions

**General conditions**

$T_j$	=	150 °C
$R_{gon}$	=	32 $\Omega$
$R_{goff}$	=	32 $\Omega$

**figure 1.** IGBT

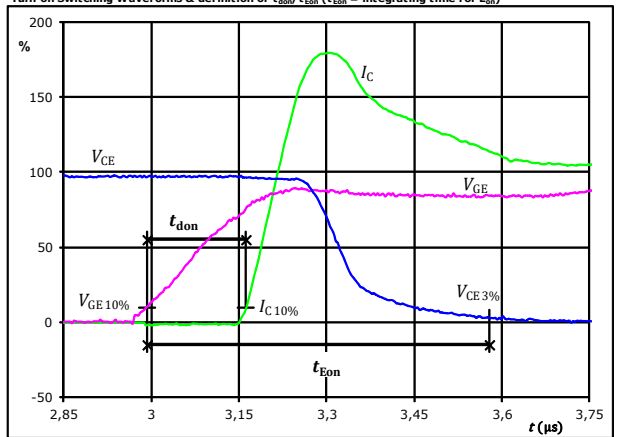
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$ ,  $t_{Eoff}$  ( $t_{Eoff}$  = integrating time for  $E_{off}$ )



$V_{CE}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	600	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	15	A
$t_{doff} =$	0,218	$\mu s$
$t_{Eoff} =$	0,800	$\mu s$

**figure 2.** IGBT

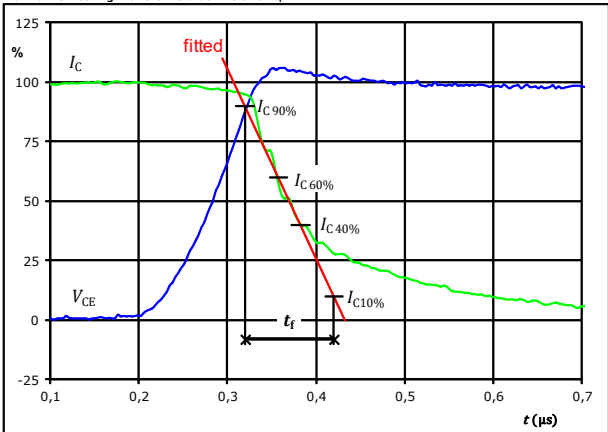
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{don}$ ,  $t_{Eon}$  ( $t_{Eon}$  = integrating time for  $E_{on}$ )



$V_{CE}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	600	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	15	A
$t_{don} =$	0,174	$\mu s$
$t_{Eon} =$	0,586	$\mu s$

**figure 3.** IGBT

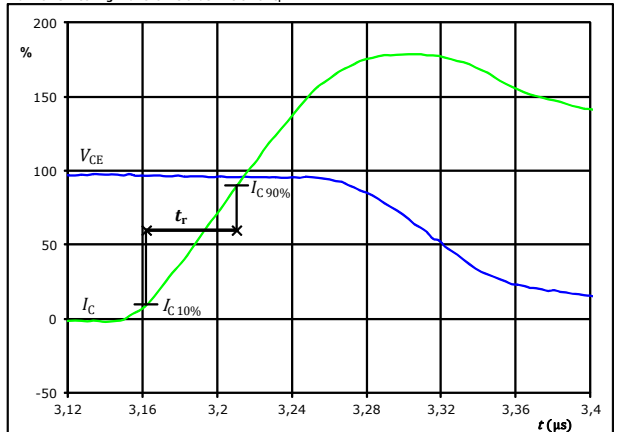
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_f$



$V_C(100\%) =$	600	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	15	A
$t_f =$	0,127	$\mu s$

**figure 4.** IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$



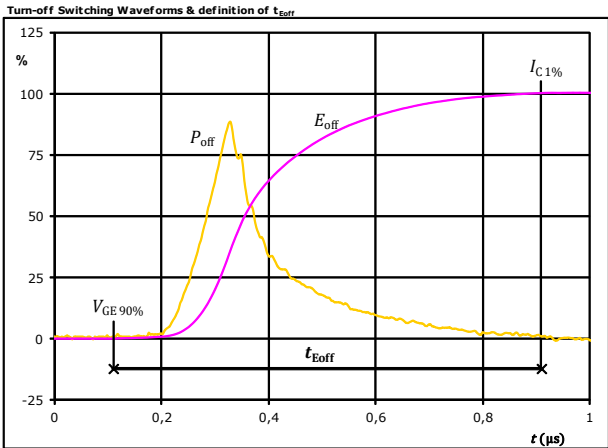
$V_C(100\%) =$	600	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	15	A
$t_r =$	0,048	$\mu s$



Vincotech

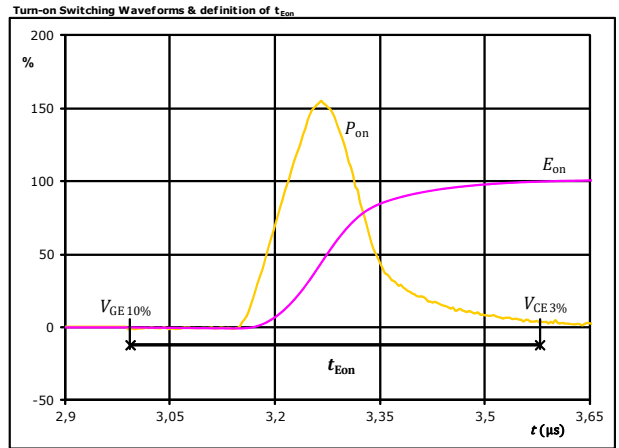
## Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT



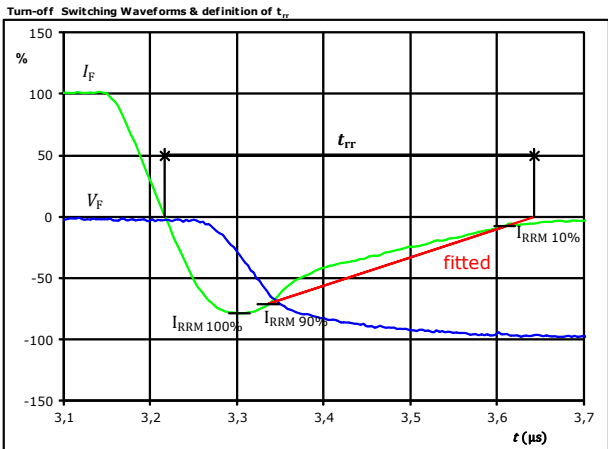
$P_{off}(100\%) =$	9,24	kW
$E_{off}(100\%) =$	1,32	mJ
$t_{Eoff} =$	0,80	μs

figure 6. IGBT



$P_{on}(100\%) =$	9,24	kW
$E_{on}(100\%) =$	2,01	mJ
$t_{Eon} =$	0,59	μs

figure 7. FWD



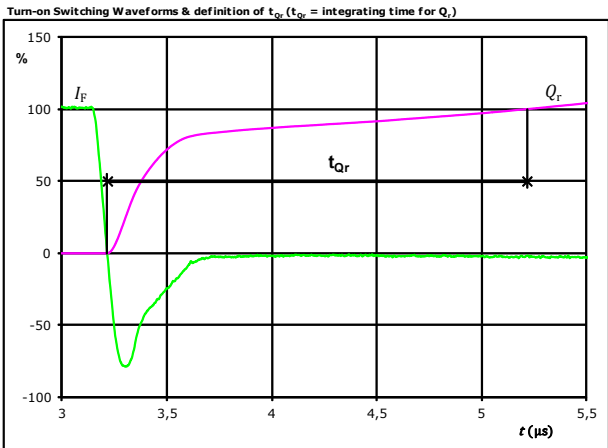
$V_F(100\%) =$	600	V
$I_F(100\%) =$	15	A
$I_{RRM}(100\%) =$	-12	A
$t_{tr} =$	0,423	μs



Vincotech

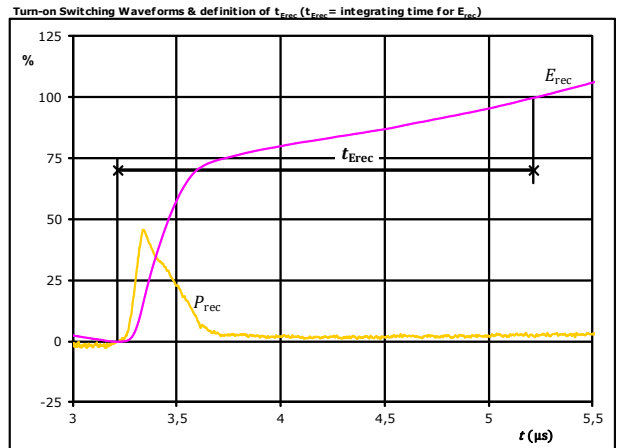
## Inverter Switching Characteristics

**figure 8.** FWD



$I_F$ (100%) =	15	A
$Q_r$ (100%) =	2,59	$\mu\text{C}$
$t_{Qr}$ =	2,00	$\mu\text{s}$

**figure 9.** FWD



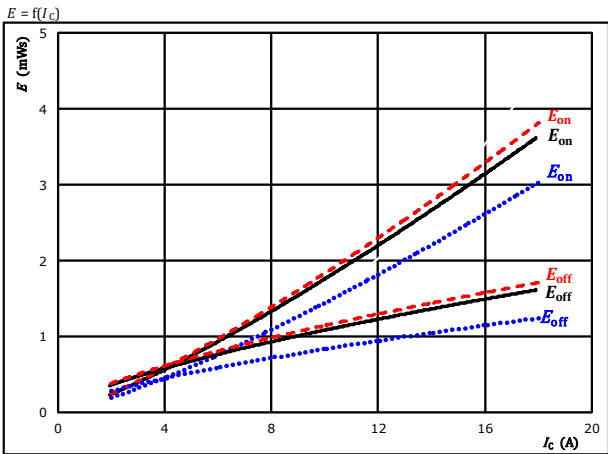
$P_{rec}$ (100%) =	9,24	kW
$E_{rec}$ (100%) =	0,94	mJ
$t_{Erec}$ =	2,00	$\mu\text{s}$



## Brake Switching Characteristics

**figure 1.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

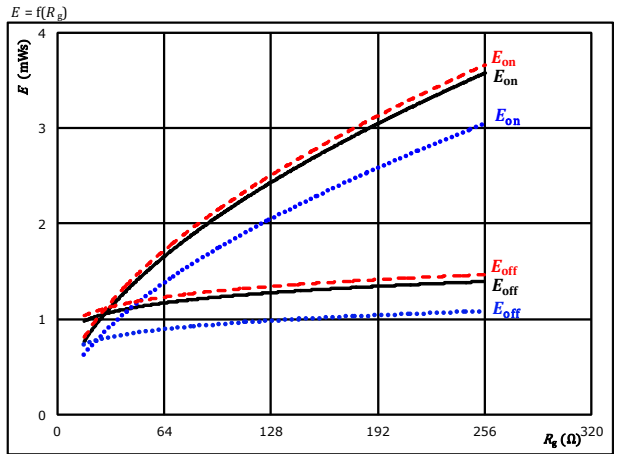


With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 700 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 15/0 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{g\text{on}} = 64 \text{ }\Omega$   
 $R_{g\text{off}} = 64 \text{ }\Omega$

$T_j$ : 25 °C (dotted blue), 125 °C (solid black), 150 °C (dashed red)

**figure 2.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

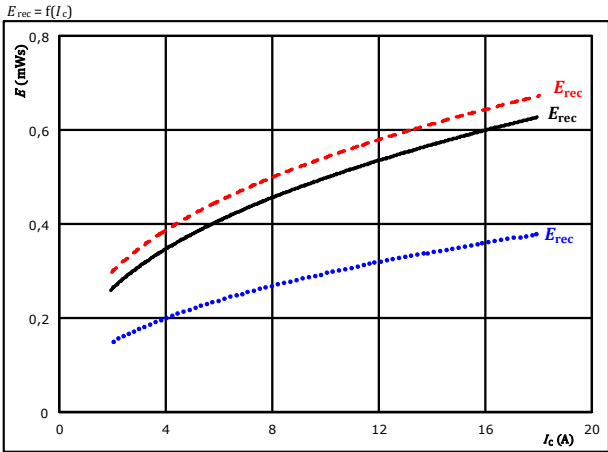


With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 700 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 15/0 \text{ V}$   
 $I_C = 10 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ : 25 °C (dotted blue), 125 °C (solid black), 150 °C (dashed red)

**figure 3.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current

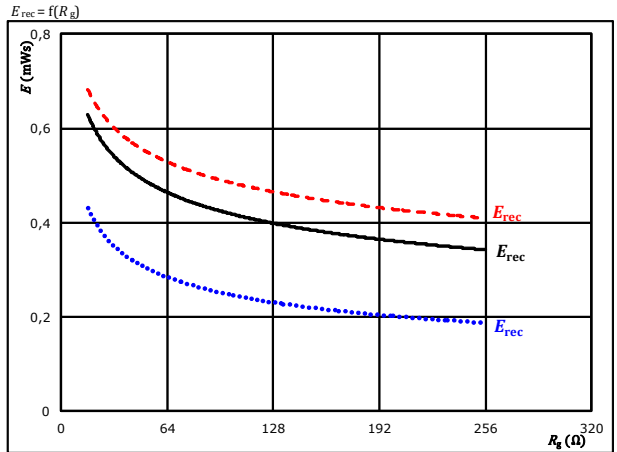


With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 700 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 15/0 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{g\text{on}} = 64 \text{ }\Omega$

$T_j$ : 25 °C (dotted blue), 125 °C (solid black), 150 °C (dashed red)

**figure 4.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 700 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 15/0 \text{ V}$   
 $I_C = 10 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ : 25 °C (dotted blue), 125 °C (solid black), 150 °C (dashed red)

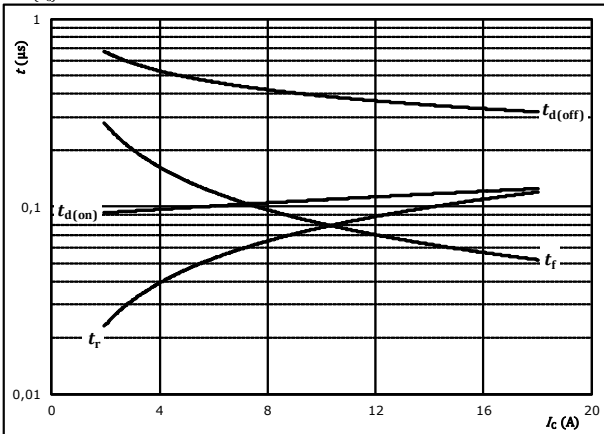


## Brake Switching Characteristics

**figure 5. IGBT**

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_C)$$



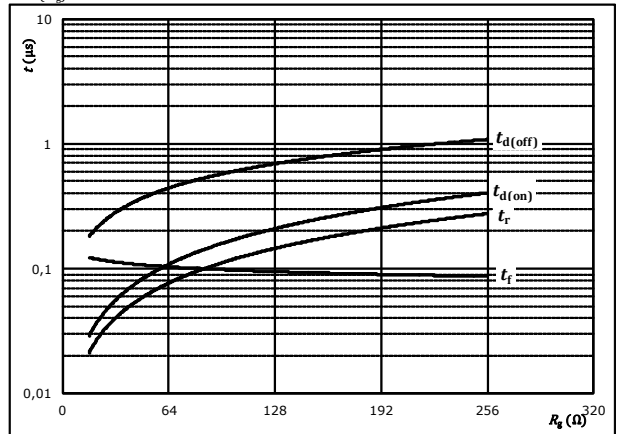
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	700	V
$V_{GE} =$	15/0	V
$R_{gon} =$	64	Ω
$R_{goff} =$	64	Ω

**figure 6. IGBT**

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(R_g)$$



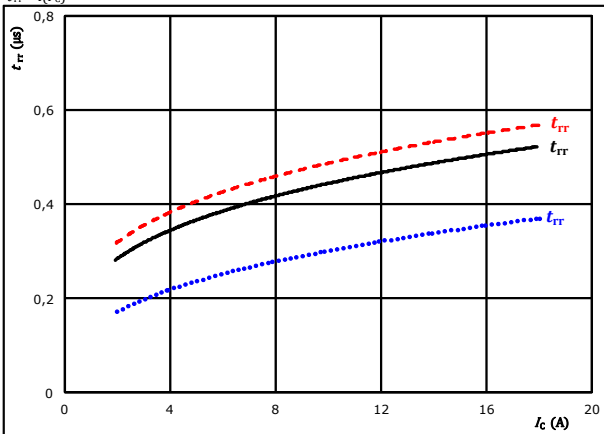
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	700	V
$V_{GE} =$	15/0	V
$I_C =$	10	A

**figure 7. FWD**

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$$

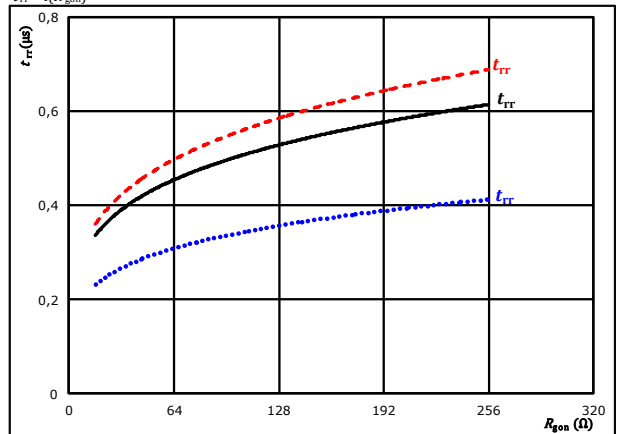


At	$V_{CE} =$	700	V	$T_j:$	25 °C	.....
	$V_{GE} =$	15/0	V		125 °C	————
	$R_{gon} =$	64	Ω		150 °C	-----

**figure 8. FWD**

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$



At	$V_{CE} =$	700	V	$T_j:$	25 °C	.....
	$V_{GE} =$	15/0	V		125 °C	————
	$I_C =$	10	A		150 °C	-----

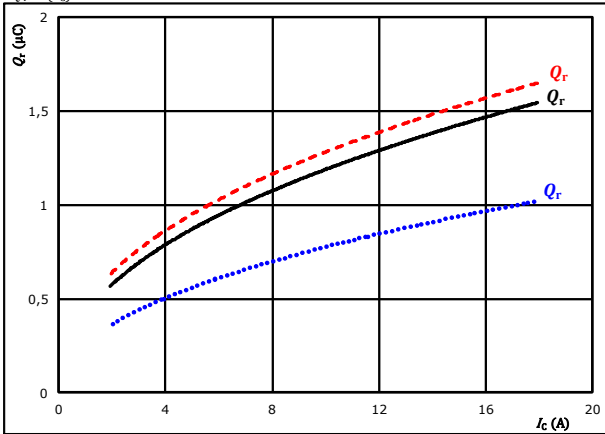


## Brake Switching Characteristics

**figure 9.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$

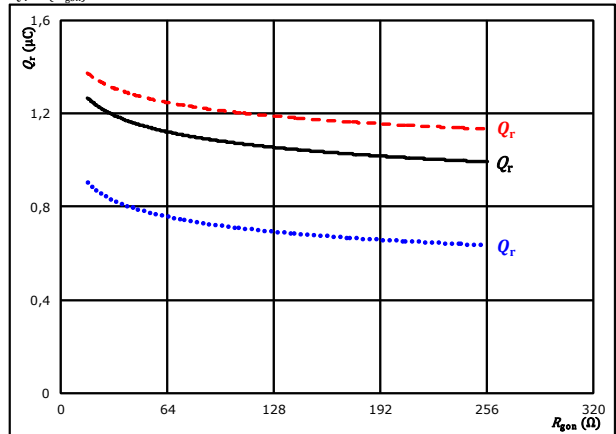


At  $V_{CE} = 700$  V  $T_j: 25$  °C .....  
 $V_{GE} = 15/0$  V  $T_j: 125$  °C ———  
 $R_{gon} = 64$  Ω  $T_j: 150$  °C - - - -

**figure 10.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$

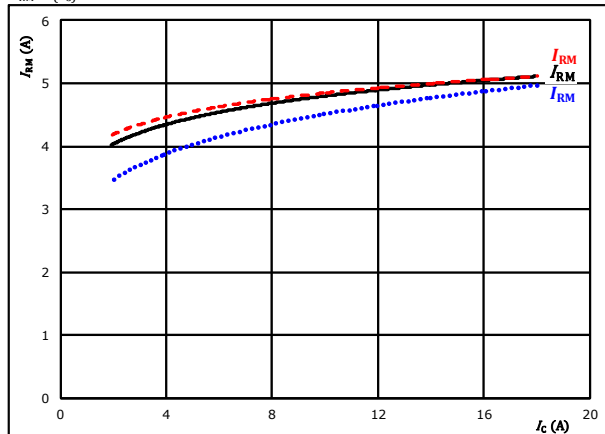


At  $V_{CE} = 700$  V  $T_j: 25$  °C .....  
 $V_{GE} = 15/0$  V  $T_j: 125$  °C ———  
 $I_c = 10$  A  $T_j: 150$  °C - - - -

**figure 11.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$

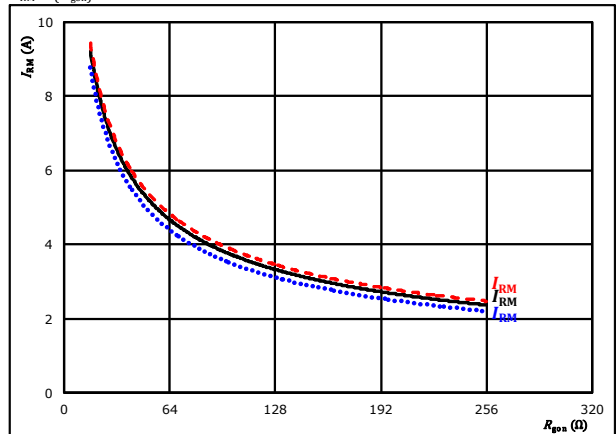


At  $V_{CE} = 700$  V  $T_j: 25$  °C .....  
 $V_{GE} = 15/0$  V  $T_j: 125$  °C ———  
 $R_{gon} = 64$  Ω  $T_j: 150$  °C - - - -

**figure 12.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



At  $V_{CE} = 700$  V  $T_j: 25$  °C .....  
 $V_{GE} = 15/0$  V  $T_j: 125$  °C ———  
 $I_c = 10$  A  $T_j: 150$  °C - - - -

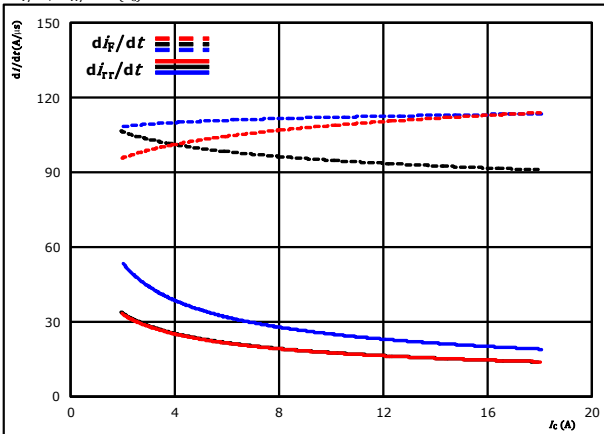




### Brake Switching Characteristics

**figure 13.** FWD

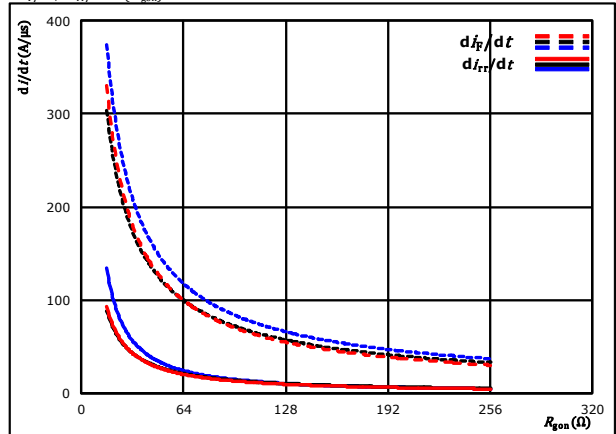
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



At  $V_{CE} = 700$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C .....  
 $V_{GE} = 15/0$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C ———  
 $R_{gpn} = 64$  Ω  $T_j = 150$  °C - - - - -

**figure 14.** FWD

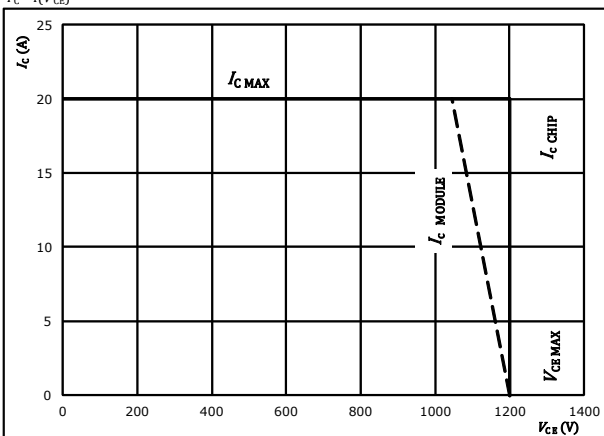
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{gpn})$



At  $V_{CE} = 700$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C .....  
 $V_{GE} = 15/0$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C ———  
 $I_c = 10$  A  $T_j = 150$  °C - - - - -

**figure 15.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area  
 $I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At  $T_j = 175$  °C  
 $R_{gpn} = 64$  Ω  
 $R_{goff} = 64$  Ω



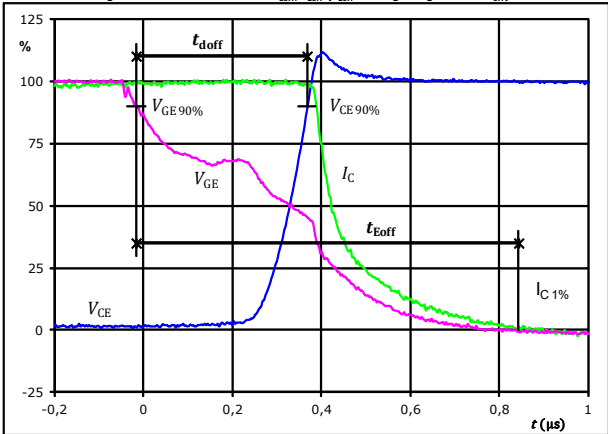
## Brake Switching Definitions

**General conditions**

$T_j$	=	125 °C
$R_{gon}$	=	64 $\Omega$
$R_{goff}$	=	64 $\Omega$

**figure 1.** IGBT

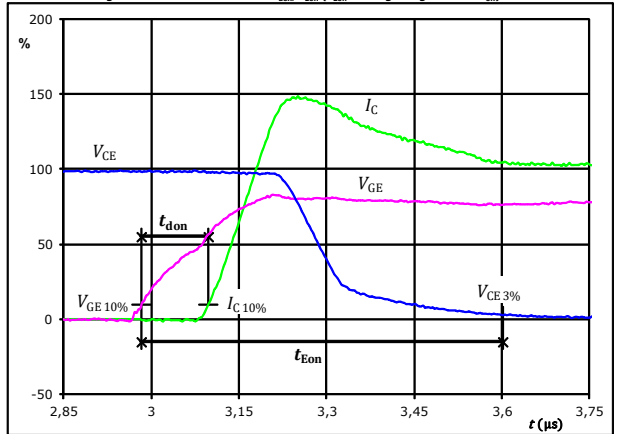
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$ ,  $t_{Eoff}$  ( $t_{Eoff}$  = integrating time for  $E_{off}$ )



$V_{CE}(0\%) =$	0	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	700	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	10	A
$t_{doff} =$	0,386	$\mu s$
$t_{Eoff} =$	0,861	$\mu s$

**figure 2.** IGBT

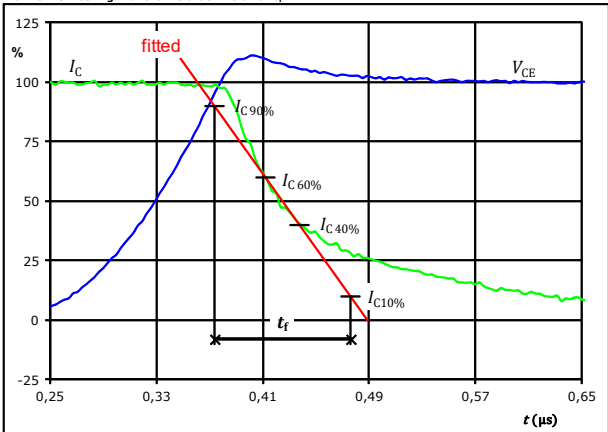
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{don}$ ,  $t_{Eon}$  ( $t_{Eon}$  = integrating time for  $E_{on}$ )



$V_{CE}(0\%) =$	0	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	700	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	10	A
$t_{don} =$	0,115	$\mu s$
$t_{Eon} =$	0,619	$\mu s$

**figure 3.** IGBT

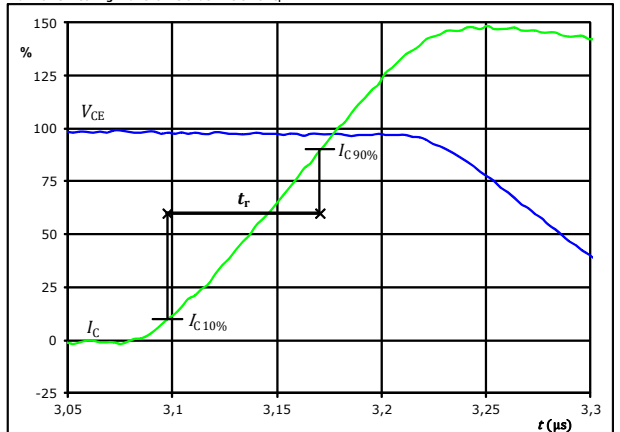
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_f$



$V_C(100\%) =$	700	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	10	A
$t_f =$	0,113	$\mu s$

**figure 4.** IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$



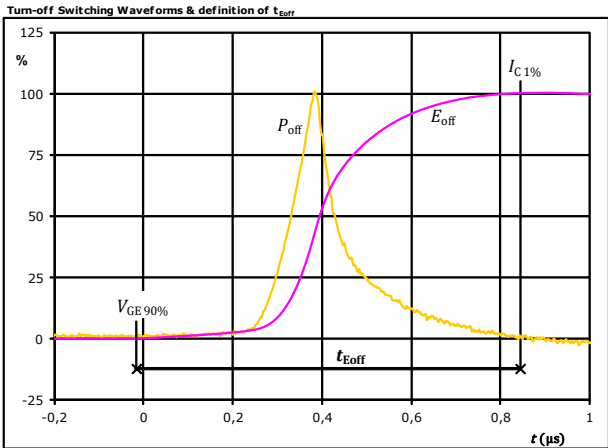
$V_C(100\%) =$	700	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	10	A
$t_r =$	0,073	$\mu s$



Vincotech

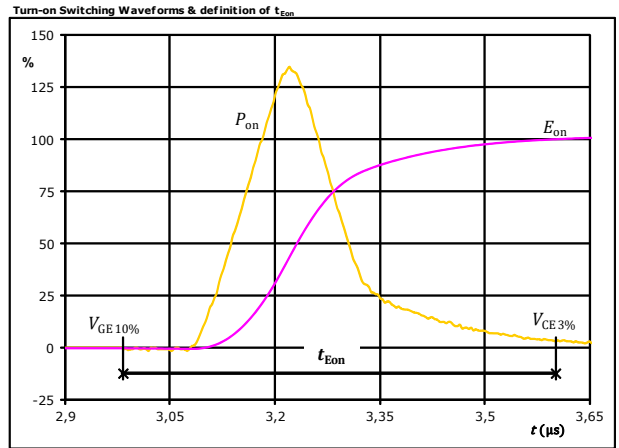
## Brake Switching Characteristics

**figure 5.** IGBT



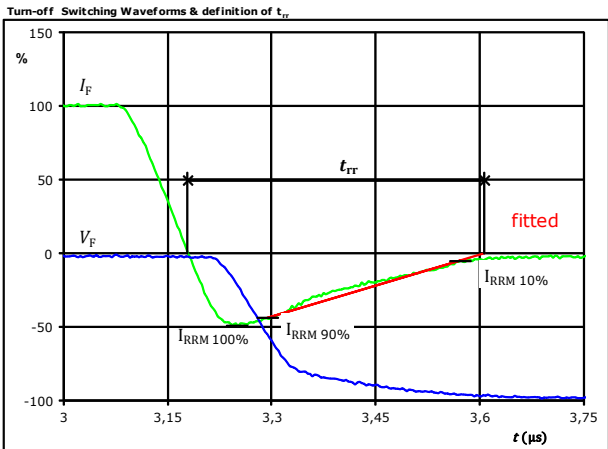
$P_{off}(100\%) = 7,08$  kW  
 $E_{off}(100\%) = 1,09$  mJ  
 $t_{Eoff} = 0,86$   $\mu$ s

**figure 6.** IGBT



$P_{on}(100\%) = 7,08$  kW  
 $E_{on}(100\%) = 1,54$  mJ  
 $t_{Eon} = 0,62$   $\mu$ s

**figure 7.** FWD



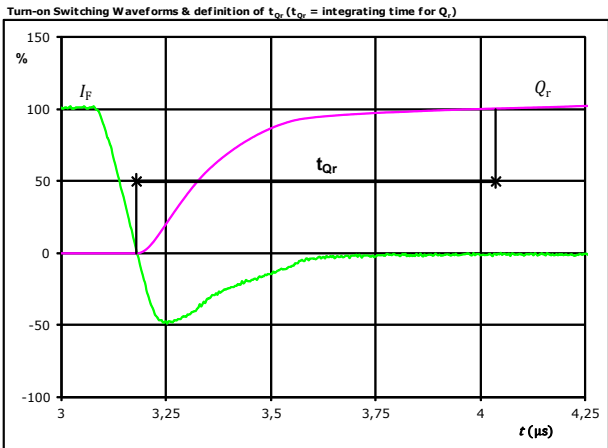
$V_F(100\%) = 700$  V  
 $I_F(100\%) = 10$  A  
 $I_{RRM}(100\%) = -5$  A  
 $t_{rr} = 0,419$   $\mu$ s



Vincotech

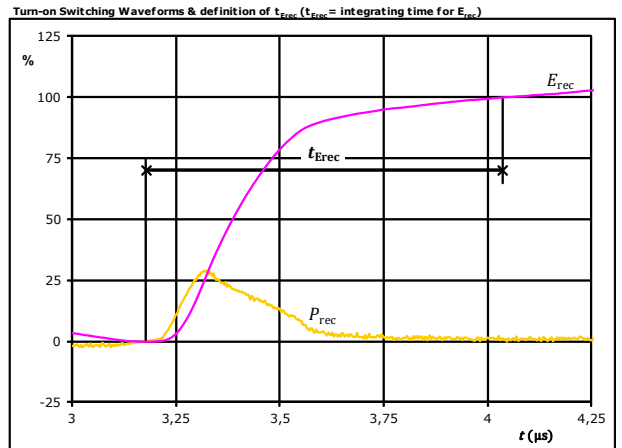
### Brake Switching Characteristics

figure 8. FWD



$I_F$ (100%) =	10	A
$Q_r$ (100%) =	1,14	$\mu\text{C}$
$t_{Qr}$ =	0,86	$\mu\text{s}$

figure 9. FWD



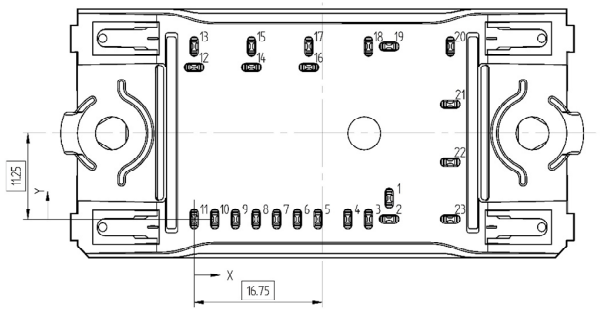
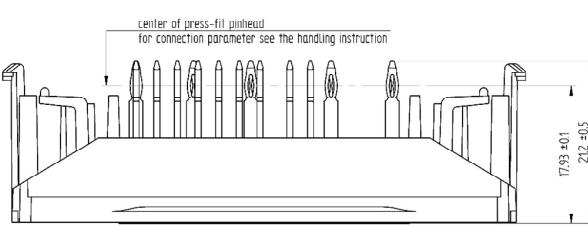
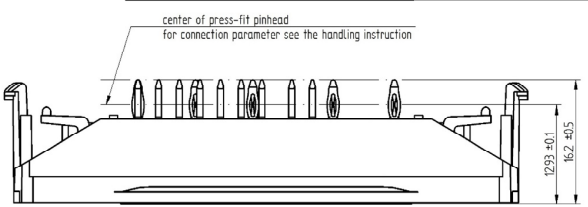
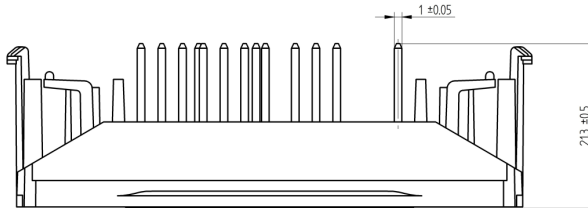
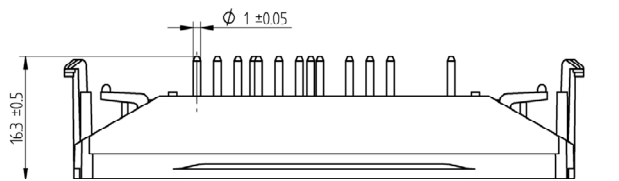
$P_{rec}$ (100%) =	7,08	kW
$E_{rec}$ (100%) =	0,48	mJ
$t_{Erec}$ =	0,86	$\mu\text{s}$



Ordering Code & Marking								
Version			Ordering Code					
without thermal paste 12 mm housing with solder pins			10-FZ12PMA015M7-P840A28					
without thermal paste 17 mm housing with solder pins			10-F012PMA015M7-P840A29					
without thermal paste 12 mm housing with Press-fit pins			10-PZ12PMA015M7-P840A28Y					
without thermal paste 17 mm housing with Press-fit pins			10-P012PMA015M7-P840A29Y					
NN-NNNNNNNNNNNN TTTTIV WWYY UL VIN LLLL SSSS			<b>Text</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>Date code</b>	<b>UL &amp; VIN</b>	<b>Lot</b>	<b>Serial</b>
				NN-NNNNNNNNNNNN-TTTTIV	WWYY	UL VIN	LLLL	SSSS
			<b>Datamatrix</b>	<b>Type&amp;Ver</b>	<b>Lot number</b>	<b>Serial</b>	<b>Date code</b>	
				TTTTTIV	LLLL	SSSS	WWYY	

**Outline**

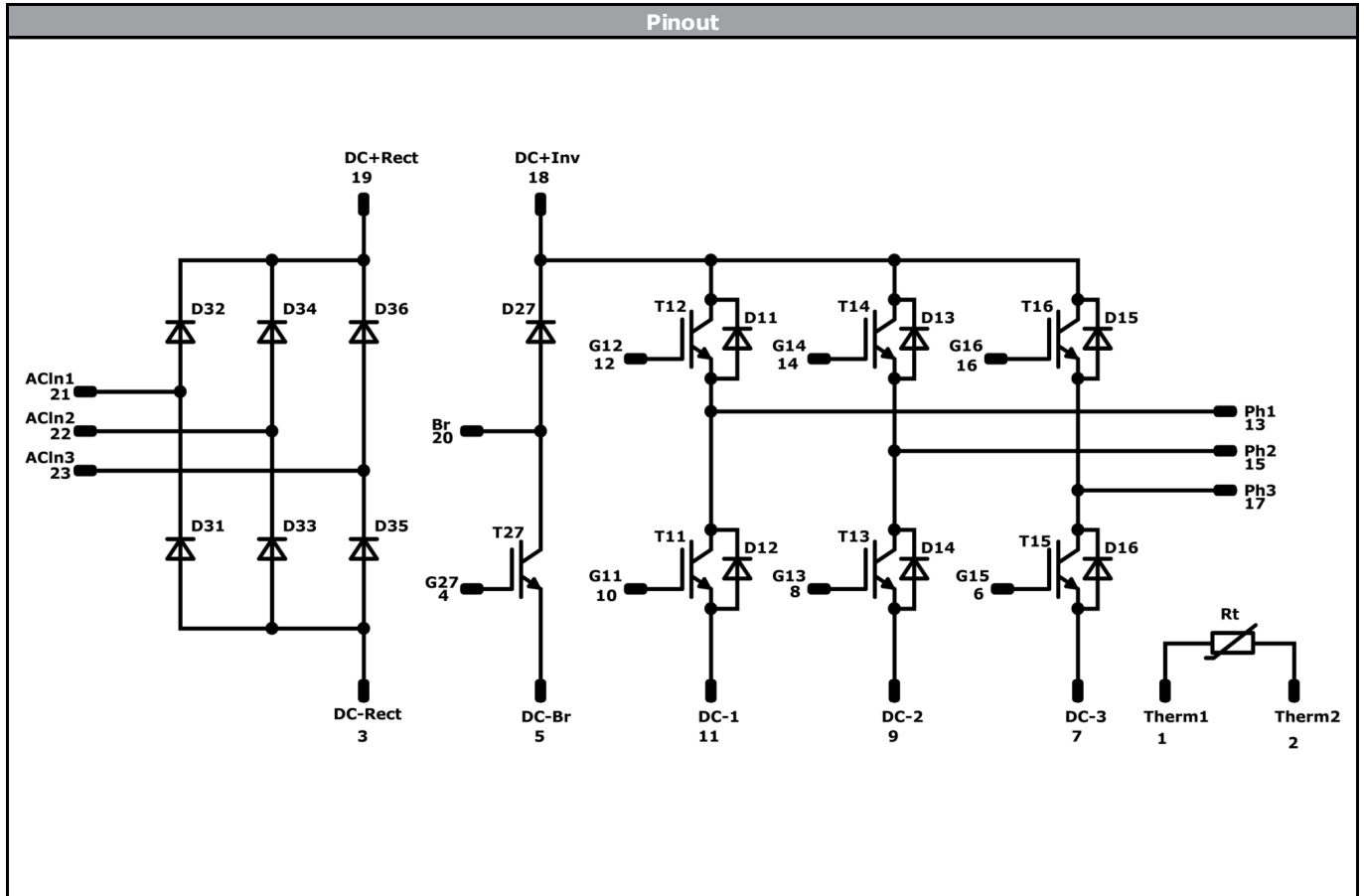
Pin table			
Pin	X	Y	Function
1	25,5	2,7	Therm1
2	25,5	0	Therm2
3	22,8	0	DC-Rect
4	20,1	0	G27
5	16,2	0	DC-Br
6	13,5	0	G15
7	10,8	0	DC-3
8	8,1	0	G13
9	5,4	0	DC-2
10	2,7	0	G11
11	0	0	DC-1
12	0	19,8	G12
13	0	22,5	Ph1
14	7,5	19,8	G14
15	7,5	22,5	Ph2
16	15	19,8	G16
17	15	22,5	Ph3
18	22,8	22,5	DC+Inv
19	25,5	22,5	DC+Rect
20	33,5	22,5	Br
21	33,5	15	ACIn1
22	33,5	7,5	ACIn2
23	33,5	0	ACIn3



Tolerance of pinpositions:  $\pm 0.5\text{mm}$  at the end of pins  
 Dimension of coordinate axis is only offset without tolerance



Vincotech




<b>Identification</b>					
<b>ID</b>	<b>Component</b>	<b>Voltage</b>	<b>Current</b>	<b>Function</b>	<b>Comment</b>
D31-D36	Rectifier	1600 V	25 A	Rectifier Diode	
T11-T16	IGBT	1200 V	15 A	Inverter Switch	
D11-D16	FWD	1200 V	15 A	Inverter Diode	
T27	IGBT	1200 V	10 A	Brake Switch	
D27	FWD	1200 V	5 A	Brake Diode	
Rt	NTC			Thermistor	



Packaging instruction			
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 135	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ Sample

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for <i>flow 0</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for <i>flow 0</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

UL recognition and file number
This device is certified according to UL 1557 standard, UL file number E192116. For more information see vincotech.com website. 

Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
10-xx12PMA015M7-P840A2xx-D2-14	23 Nov. 2018	Added Press-fit options, corrected values	1,3,4,6,29

**DISCLAIMER**

The information, specifications, procedures, methods and recommendations herein (together "information") are presented by Vincotech to reader in good faith, are believed to be accurate and reliable, but may well be incomplete and/or not applicable to all conditions or situations that may exist or occur. Vincotech reserves the right to make any changes without further notice to any products to improve reliability, function or design. No representation, guarantee or warranty is made to reader as to the accuracy, reliability or completeness of said information or that the application or use of any of the same will avoid hazards, accidents, losses, damages or injury of any kind to persons or property or that the same will not infringe third parties rights or give desired results. It is reader's sole responsibility to test and determine the suitability of the information and the product for reader's intended use.

**LIFE SUPPORT POLICY**

Vincotech products are not authorised for use as critical components in life support devices or systems without the express written approval of Vincotech.

As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, or (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in labelling can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.
2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.