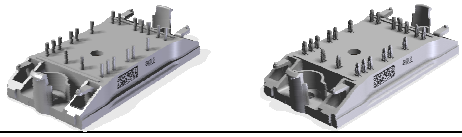
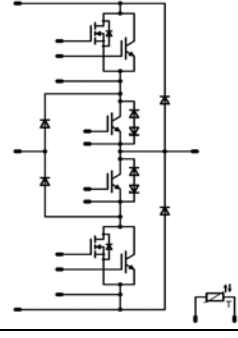


<i>flowNPC 0</i>	600V/75A & 99mΩ PS*
<div style="background-color: #000080; color: white; padding: 2px; text-align: center; font-weight: bold;">Features</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> *PS: 75A parallel switch (75A and 99mΩ MOSFET) neutral point clamped inverter reactive power capability low inductance layout 	<div style="background-color: #000080; color: white; padding: 2px; text-align: center; font-weight: bold;">flow0 12mm housing</div> 
<div style="background-color: #000080; color: white; padding: 2px; text-align: center; font-weight: bold;">Target Applications</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> solar inverter UPS 	<div style="background-color: #000080; color: white; padding: 2px; text-align: center; font-weight: bold;">Schematic</div> 
<div style="background-color: #000080; color: white; padding: 2px; text-align: center; font-weight: bold;">Types</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 10-FZ06NRA084FP03-P969F78 10-PZ06NRA084FP03-P969F78Y 	

Maximum Ratings

T_j=25°C, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit	
Boost Inv. Diode					
Repetitive peak reverse voltage	V _{RRM}		600	V	
Forward current per diode	I _{FAV}	DC current	T _h =80°C	7	A
			T _c =80°C	11	
Maximum repetitive forward current	I _{FRM}	t _p =10ms	T _j =25°C	20	A
I ² t-value	I ² t			9,5	A ² s
Power dissipation per Diode	P _{tot}	T _j =T _{jmax}	T _h =80°C	44	W
			T _c =80°C	66	
Maximum Junction Temperature	T _{jmax}		175	°C	
Buck IGBT					
Collector-emitter break down voltage	V _{CE}		600	V	
DC collector current	I _C	T _j =T _{jmax}	T _h =80°C	61	A
			T _c =80°C	80	
Pulsed collector current	I _{Cpulse}	t _p limited by T _{jmax}	225	A	
Turn off safe operating area			225	A	
Power dissipation per IGBT	P _{tot}	T _j =T _{jmax}	T _h =80°C	108	W
			T _c =80°C	163	
Gate-emitter peak voltage	V _{GE}		±20	V	
Maximum Junction Temperature	T _{jmax}		175	°C	

Maximum Ratings

$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit	
Buck Diode					
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}	$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	600	V	
DC forward current	I_F	$T_j=T_{jmax}$	$T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	25	A
			$T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	34	
Non-repetitive Peak Surge Current	I_{FSM}	60Hz Single Half-Sine Wave	300	A	
Power dissipation per Diode	P_{tot}	$T_j=T_{jmax}$	$T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	40	W
			$T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	61	
Maximum Junction Temperature	T_{jmax}		150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	

Buck MOSFET

Drain to source breakdown voltage	V_{DS}		600	V	
DC drain current	I_D	$T_j=T_{jmax}$	$T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	17	A
			$T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	21	
Pulsed drain current	I_{Dpulse}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	112	A	
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j=T_{jmax}$	$T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	60	W
			$T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	91	
Gate-source peak voltage	V_{gs}		± 20	V	
Maximum Junction Temperature	T_{jmax}		150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	

Boost IGBT

Collector-emitter break down voltage	V_{CE}		600	V	
DC collector current	I_C	$T_j=T_{jmax}$	$T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	58	A
			$T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	75	
Pulsed collector current	I_{Cpuls}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	225	A	
Turn off safe operating area			225	A	
Power dissipation per IGBT	P_{tot}	$T_j=T_{jmax}$	$T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	93	W
			$T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	141	
Gate-emitter peak voltage	V_{GE}		± 20	V	
Short circuit ratings	t_{SC}	$T_j \leq 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	6	μs	
	V_{CC}	$V_{GE}=15\text{V}$	360	V	
Maximum Junction Temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	

Boost Diode

Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}		1200	V	
DC forward current	I_F	$T_j=T_{jmax}$	$T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	22	A
			$T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	29	
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax} , 20 kHz Square Wave	70	A	
Power dissipation per Diode	P_{tot}	$T_j=T_{jmax}$	$T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	51	W
			$T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	77	
Maximum Junction Temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	

Maximum Ratings

$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
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Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-40...+125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Operation temperature under switching condition	T_{op}		-40...+($T_{j\text{max}}$ - 25)	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Insulation Properties

Insulation voltage	V_{is}	t=2s DC voltage	4000	V
Creepage distance			min 12,7	mm
Clearance			min 12,7	mm

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] or V_{GS} [V]	V_r [V] or V_{CE} [V] or V_{DS} [V]	I_c [A] or I_F [A] or I_b [A]	T_j	Min	Typ	Max		
Boost Inv. Diode										
Forward voltage	V_F				10	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$	9,44 7,24			V
Threshold voltage (for power loss calc. only)	V_{to}				10	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$	8,32 6,62			V
Slope resistance (for power loss calc. only)	r_t				10	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$	0,11 0,06			Ω
Reverse current	I_r			600		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$			0,027	mA
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R_{thJH}	Thermal grease thickness \leq 50um $\lambda = 1$ W/mK							2,17	K/W
Thermal resistance chip to case per chip	R_{thJC}								1,43	
Buck IGBT *										
Gate emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	VCE=VGE			0,00025	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$	3,5	4,5	6	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		75	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		1,69 1,87	2,5	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current incl. Diode	I_{CES}		0	600		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$			250	mA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$			\pm 400	nA
Integrated Gate resistor	R_{gint}							none		Ω
Input capacitance **	C_{ies}							4+4,7		nF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}	f=1MHz	0	25		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		400		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}							115		
Gate charge**	Q_{Gate}		15	480	75	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		248+70		nC
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R_{thJH}	Thermal grease thickness \leq 50um $\lambda = 1$ W/mK							0,88	K/W
* see dynamic characteristic at Buck MosFET **additional value stands for built-in capacitor										
Buck Diode										
Diode forward voltage	V_F				30	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		2,67 1,86	2,7	V
Reverse leakage current	I_r			600		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$			100	μ A
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{RRM}					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		80 90		A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		13 22		ns
Reverse recovered charge	Q_{rr}	Rgon=4 Ω	\pm 15	350	40	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		0,59 1,18		μ C
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$di(rec)_{max}/dt$					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		22422 14099		A/ μ s
Reverse recovered energy	Erec					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		0,13 0,19		mWs
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R_{thJH}	Thermal grease thickness \leq 50um $\lambda = 1$ W/mK							1,73	K/W

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] or V_{GS} [V]	V_r [V] or V_{CE} [V] or V_{DS} [V]	I_c [A] or I_F [A] or I_b [A]	T_j	Min	Typ	Max		
Buck MOSFET										
Static drain to source ON resistance	$R_{ds(on)}$		10		16	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		108 214		m Ω
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{i(GS)th}$			$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$	0,00121	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$	2,4	3	3,6	V
Gate to Source Leakage Current	I_{gss}		20	0		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$			100	nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I_{dss}		0	600		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$			5	μA
Turn On Delay Time	$t_{d(ON)}$	$R_{goff}=4 \Omega$ $R_{gon}=4 \Omega$	± 15	350	40	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		36		ns
Rise Time	t_r					$T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		37		
Turn off delay time	$t_{d(OFF)}$					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		3		
Fall time	t_f					$T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		3		
Turn-on energy loss per pulse	E_{on}					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		399		
Turn-off energy loss per pulse	E_{off}					$T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		414		
Total gate charge	Q_g					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		3		
Gate to source charge	Q_{gs}	$T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		4						
Gate to drain charge	Q_{gd}	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		0,06						
Input capacitance	C_{iss}	$f=1\text{MHz}$	0	100		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		2660		pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}							154		
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R_{thJH}	Thermal grease thickness $\leq 50\mu\text{m}$ $\lambda = 1 \text{ W/mK}$						1,16		K/W

** see schematic of the Gate-complex at characteristic figures

Boost IGBT

Gate emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE}=V_{GE}$			0,0012	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$	5	5,8	6,5	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		30	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$	1,05	1,12 1,13	1,85	V
Collector-emitter cut-off incl diode	I_{CES}		0	600		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$			0,0038	mA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$			600	nA
Integrated Gate resistor	R_{gint}							none		Ω
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{goff}=4 \Omega$ $R_{gon}=4 \Omega$	± 15	350	50	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		85		ns
Rise time	t_r					$T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		87		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		11		
Fall time	t_f					$T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		13		
Turn-on energy loss per pulse	E_{on}					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		177		
Turn-off energy loss per pulse	E_{off}					$T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		209		
Input capacitance	C_{ies}					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		78		
Output capacitance	C_{oss}	$f=1\text{MHz}$	0	25		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		4620		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{riss}							137		
Gate charge	Q_{Gate}		15	480	75	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		470		nC
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R_{thJH}	Thermal grease thickness $\leq 50\mu\text{m}$ $\lambda = 1 \text{ W/mK}$						1,02		K/W

Characteristic Values

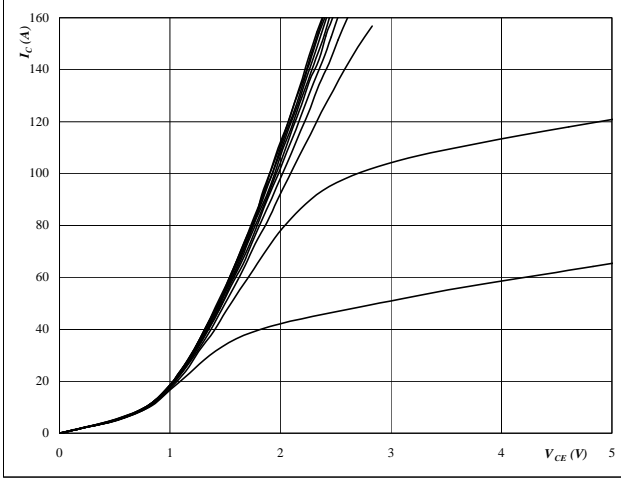
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] or V_{GS} [V]	V_r [V] or V_{CE} [V] or V_{DS} [V]	I_c [A] or I_F [A] or I_b [A]	T_j	Min	Typ	Max		
Boost Diode										
Diode forward voltage	V_F				18	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		2,23 2,04	3,3	V
Reverse leakage current	I_r			1200		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$			100	μA
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{RRM}	Rgon=4 Ω	± 15	350	50	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		79		A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					$T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		104		ns
Reverse recovered charge	Q_{rr}					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		26		
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$di(\text{rec})_{\text{max}}/dt$					$T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		105		
Reverse recovery energy	E_{rec}					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		3,00		
						$T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		6,55		μC
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R_{thJH}	Thermal grease thickness $\leq 50\mu\text{m}$ $\lambda = 1 \text{ W/mK}$						1,87		K/W
Thermistor										
Rated resistance	R					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		21511		Ω
Deviation of R100	$\Delta R/R$	R100=1486 Ω				$T_c=100^\circ\text{C}$	-4,5		+4,5	%
R100	P					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		210		mW
Power dissipation constant						$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		3,5		mW/K
A-value	$B_{(25/50)}$					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		3884		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		3964		K
Vincotech NTC Reference						$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$			F	

Buck

Figure 1 MOSFET+IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

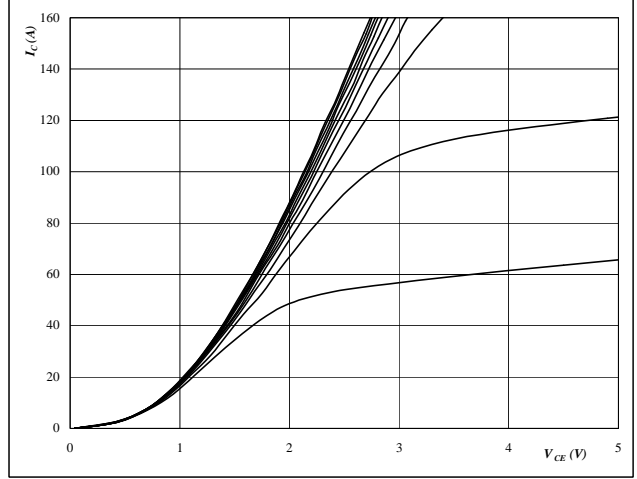


At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_J = 25 \text{ }^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 2 MOSFET+IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

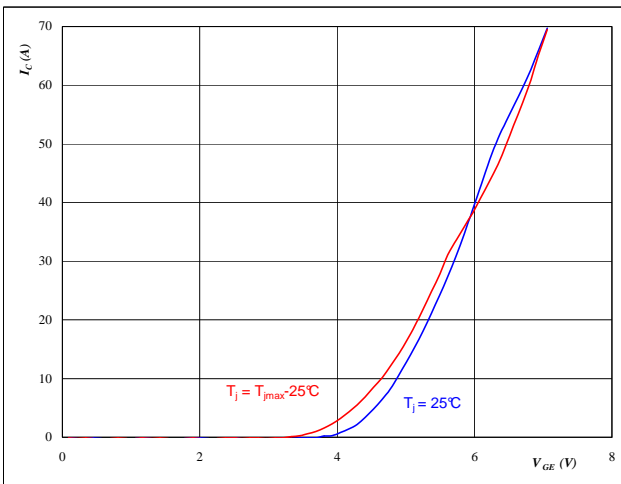


At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_J = 125 \text{ }^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 3 MOSFET+IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{GE})$

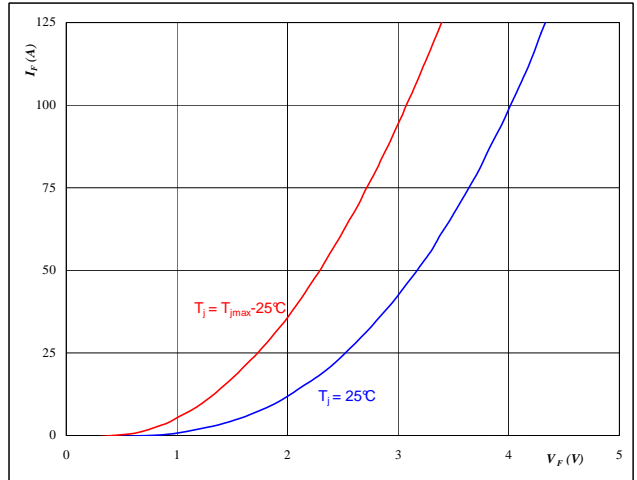


At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$

Figure 4 FWD

Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

$I_F = f(V_F)$



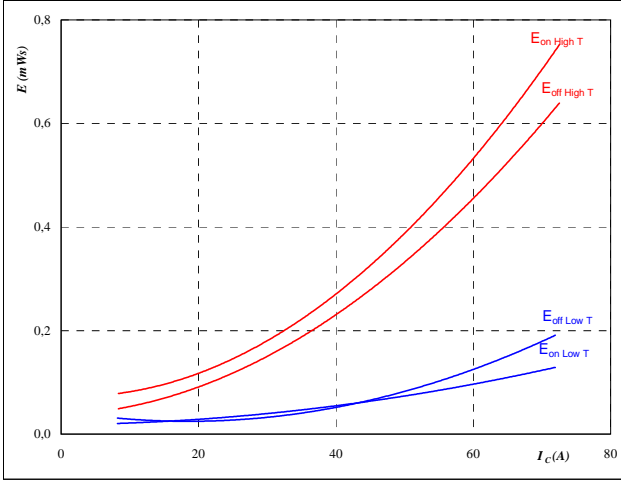
At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$

Buck

Figure 5 MOSFET+IGBT

Typical switching energy losses
as a function of collector current

$E = f(I_C)$



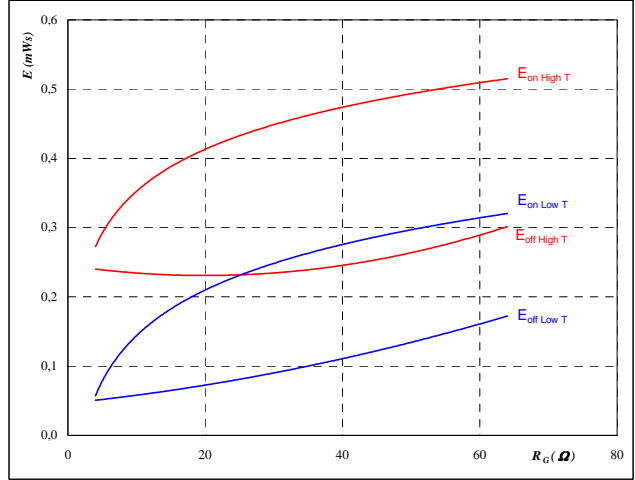
With an inductive load at

$T_J =$	25/125	°C	Gate on/off resistor of IGBT is fix 4Ω
$V_{CE} =$	350	V	MOSFET turn off delayed with 350 nS
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V	
$R_{gon} =$	4	Ω	
$R_{goff} =$	4	Ω	

Figure 6 MOSFET+IGBT

Typical switching energy losses
as a function of gate resistor

$E = f(R_G)$



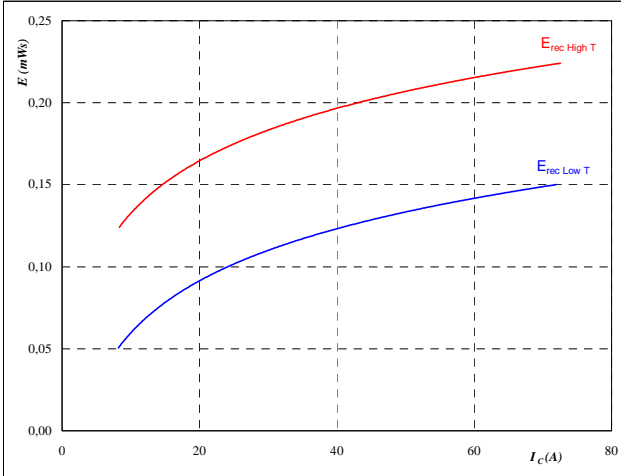
With an inductive load at

$T_J =$	25/125	°C	Gate on/off resistor of IGBT is fix 4Ω
$V_{CE} =$	350	V	MOSFET turn off delayed with 350 nS
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V	
$I_C =$	40	A	

Figure 7 FWD

Typical reverse recovery energy loss
as a function of collector current

$E_{rec} = f(I_C)$



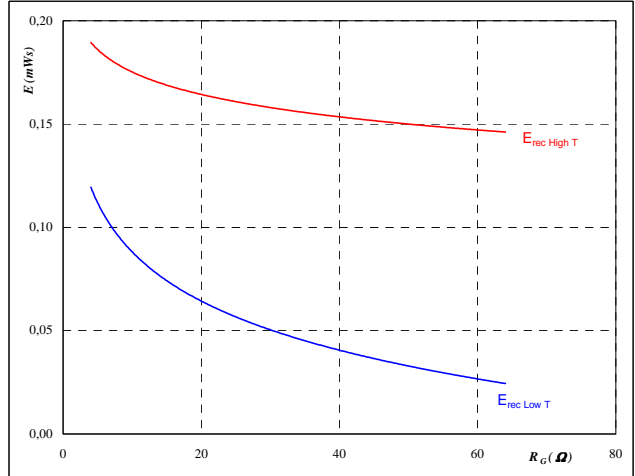
With an inductive load at

$T_J =$	25/125	°C	Gate on/off resistor of IGBT is fix 4Ω
$V_{CE} =$	350	V	MOSFET turn off delayed with 350 nS
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V	
$R_{gon} =$	4	Ω	

Figure 8 FWD

Typical reverse recovery energy loss
as a function of gate resistor

$E_{rec} = f(R_G)$



With an inductive load at

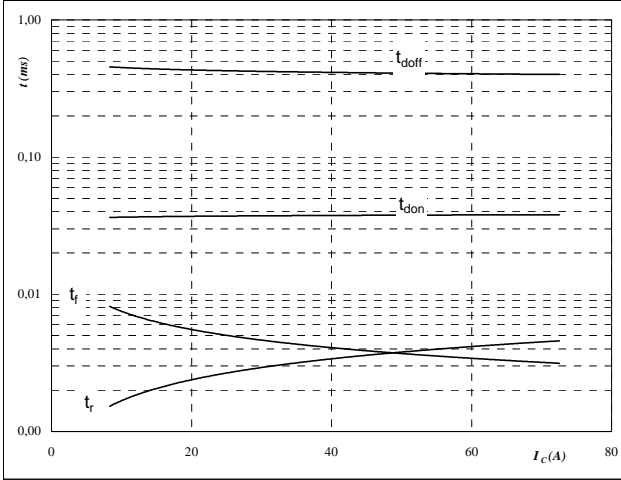
$T_J =$	25/125	°C	Gate on/off resistor of IGBT is fix 4Ω
$V_{CE} =$	350	V	MOSFET turn off delayed with 350 nS
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V	
$I_C =$	40	A	

Buck

Figure 9 MOSFET+IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_C)$$



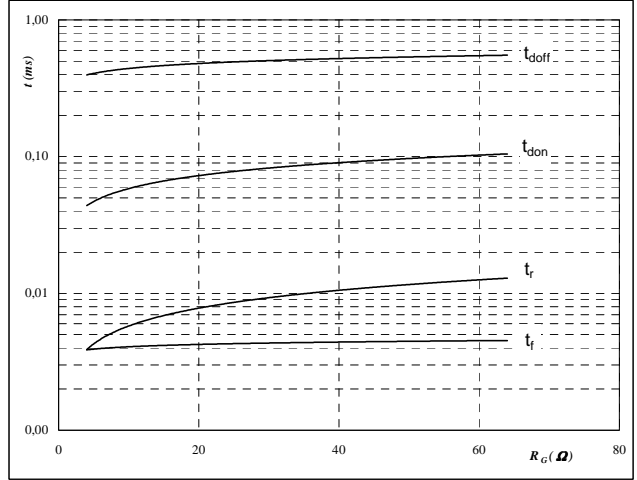
With an inductive load at

$T_J =$	125	°C	Gate on/off resistor of IGBT is fix 4Ω
$V_{CE} =$	350	V	MOSFET turn off delayed with 350 nS
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V	
$R_{gon} =$	4	Ω	
$R_{goff} =$	4	Ω	

Figure 10 MOSFET+IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(R_G)$$



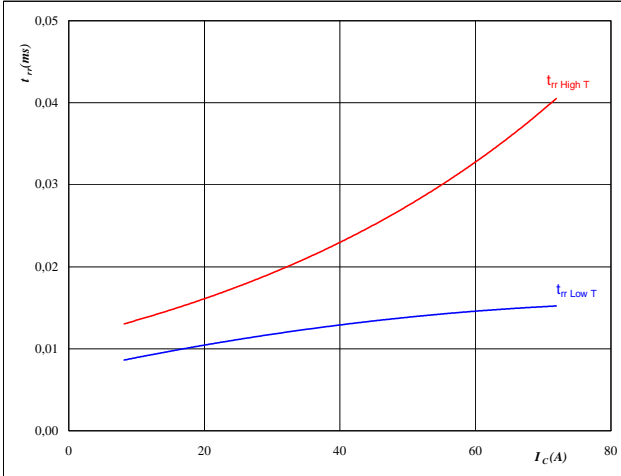
With an inductive load at

$T_J =$	125	°C	Gate on/off resistor of IGBT is fix 4Ω
$V_{CE} =$	350	V	MOSFET turn off delayed with 350 nS
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V	
$I_C =$	40	A	

Figure 11 FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$$



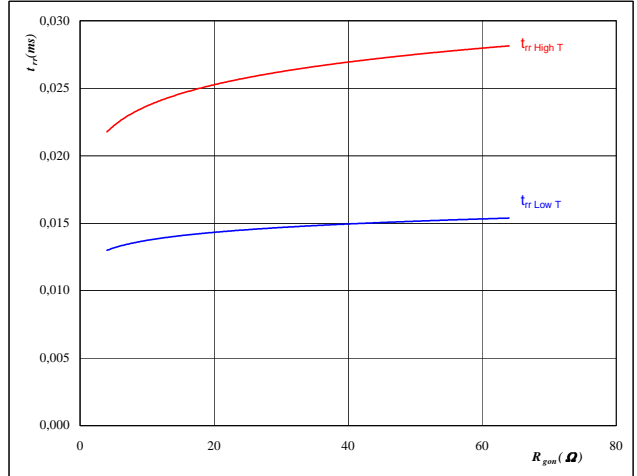
At

$T_J =$	25/125	°C	Gate on/off resistor of IGBT is fix 4Ω
$V_{CE} =$	350	V	MOSFET turn off delayed with 350 nS
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V	
$R_{gon} =$	4	Ω	

Figure 12 FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$



At

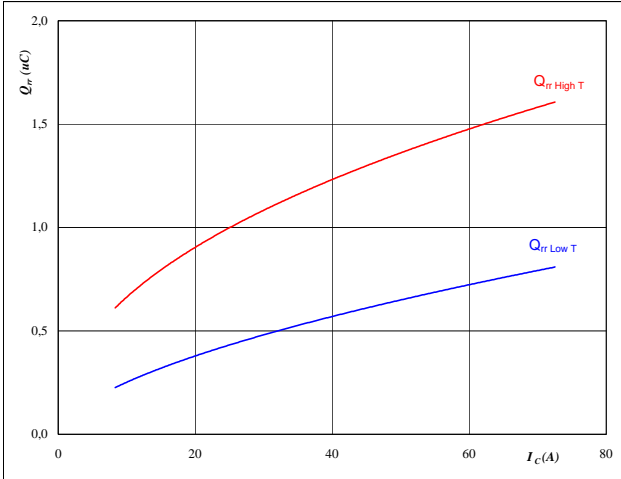
$T_J =$	25/125	°C	Gate on/off resistor of IGBT is fix 4Ω
$V_R =$	350	V	MOSFET turn off delayed with 350 nS
$I_F =$	40	A	
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V	

Buck

Figure 13 FWD

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_{rr} = f(I_c)$$



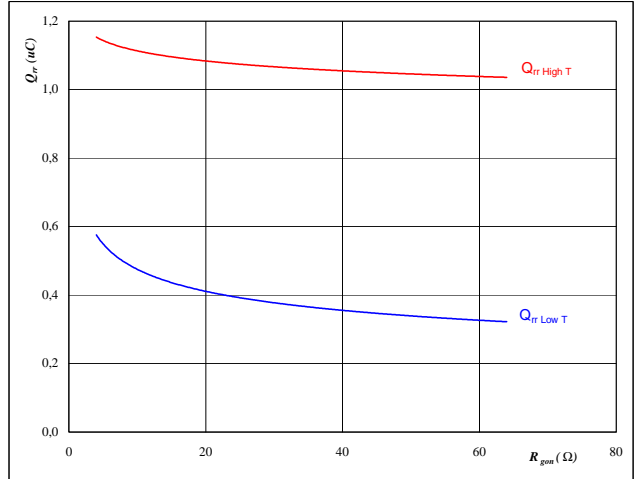
At

$T_j =$	25/125	°C	Gate on/off resistor of IGBT is fix 4Ω
$V_{CE} =$	350	V	MOSFET turn off delayed with 350 nS
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V	
$R_{gon} =$	4	Ω	

Figure 14 FWD

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$



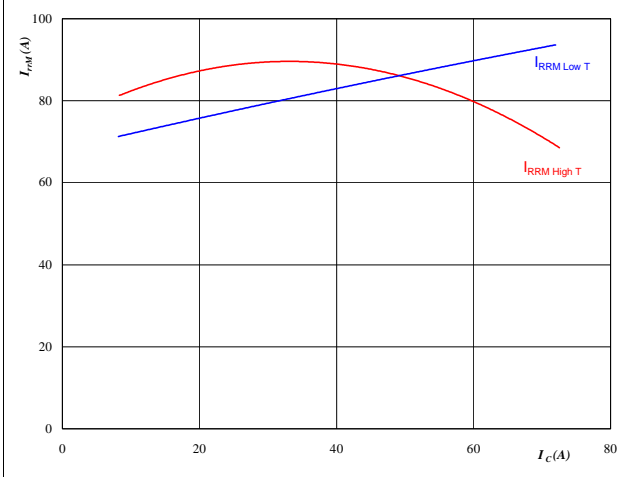
At

$T_j =$	25/125	°C	Gate on/off resistor of IGBT is fix 4Ω
$V_R =$	350	V	MOSFET turn off delayed with 350 nS
$I_F =$	40	A	
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V	

Figure 15 FWD

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RRM} = f(I_c)$$



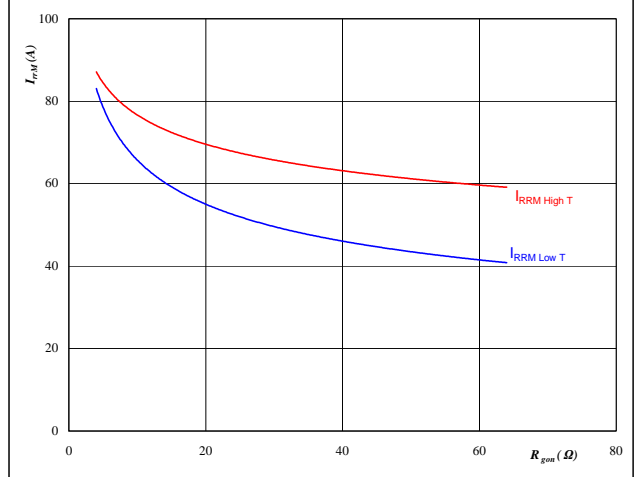
At

$T_j =$	25/125	°C	Gate on/off resistor of IGBT is fix 4Ω
$V_{CE} =$	350	V	MOSFET turn off delayed with 350 nS
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V	
$R_{gon} =$	4	Ω	

Figure 16 FWD

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RRM} = f(R_{gon})$$



At

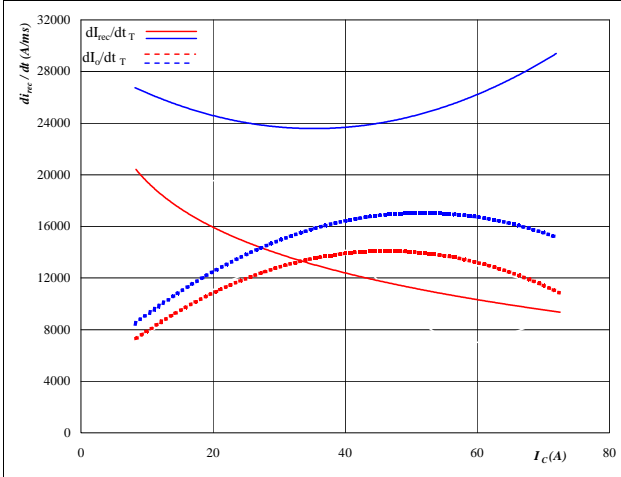
$T_j =$	25/125	°C	Gate on/off resistor of IGBT is fix 4Ω
$V_R =$	350	V	MOSFET turn off delayed with 350 nS
$I_F =$	40	A	
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V	

Buck

Figure 17 FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$dI_o/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(I_c)$

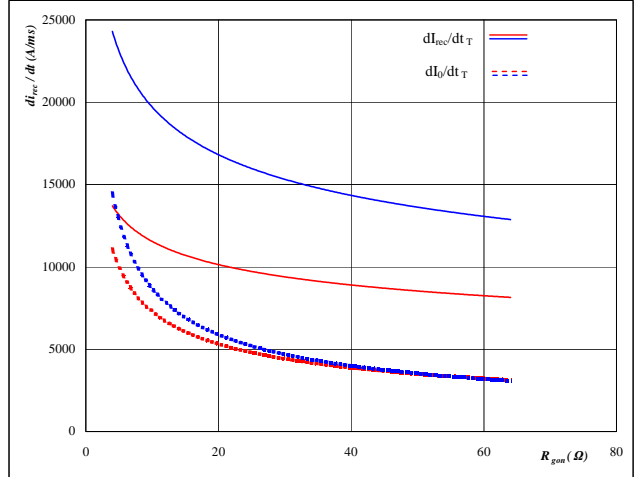


At
 $T_j = 25/125$ °C Gate on/off resistor of IGBT is fix 4Ω
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V MOSFET turn off delayed with 350 nS
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω

Figure 18 FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$dI_o/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(R_{gon})$

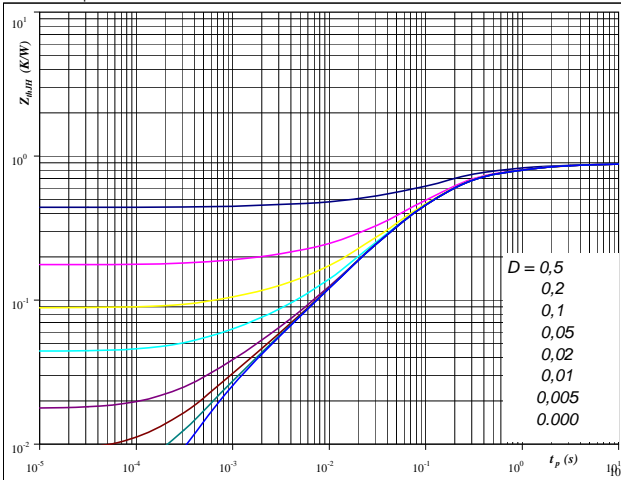


At
 $T_j = 25/125$ °C Gate on/off resistor of IGBT is fix 4Ω
 $V_R = 350$ V MOSFET turn off delayed with 350 nS
 $I_F = 40$ A
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V

Figure 19 IGBT

IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$



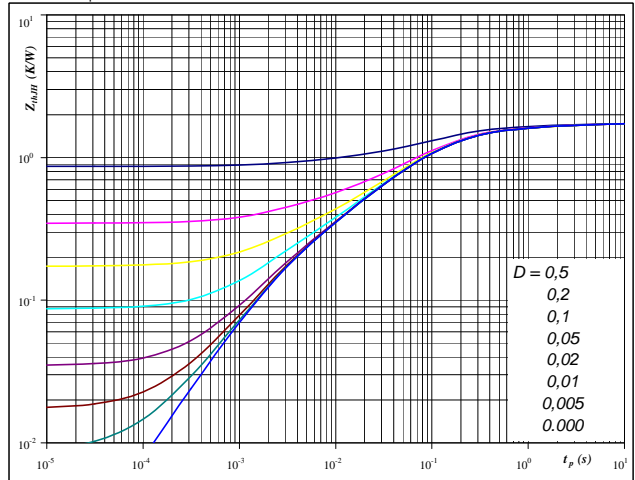
At
 $D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 0,88$ K/W
 IGBT thermal model values

R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0,14	1,8E+00
0,36	2,1E-01
0,28	7,5E-02
0,08	1,2E-02
0,02	1,1E-03

Figure 20 FWD

FWD transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$



At
 $D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 1,73$ K/W
 FWD thermal model values

R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0,08	4,5E+00
0,17	9,6E-01
0,63	1,6E-01
0,53	5,6E-02
0,20	1,2E-02
0,12	2,3E-03

Buck

Figure 21 IGBT

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$$

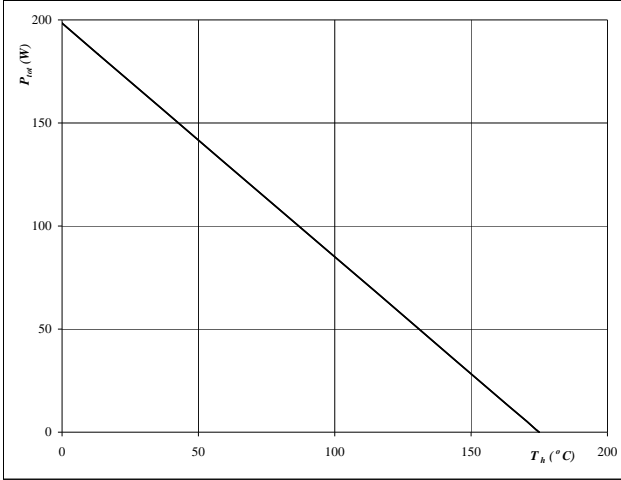

At
T_j = 175 °C

Figure 22 IGBT

Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_C = f(T_h)$$

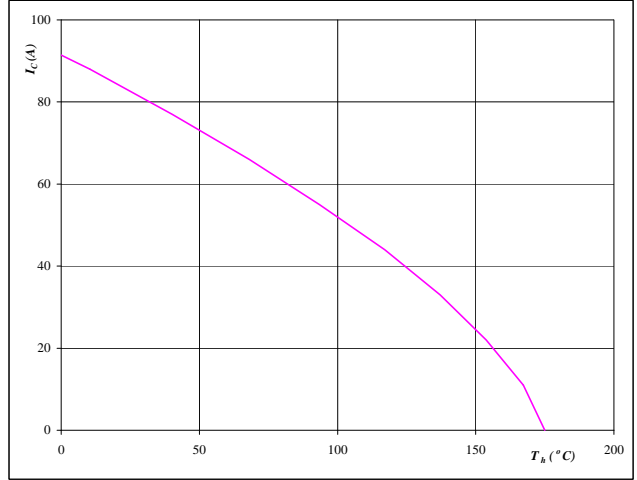

At
T_j = 175 °C
V_{GE} = 15 V

Figure 23 FWD

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

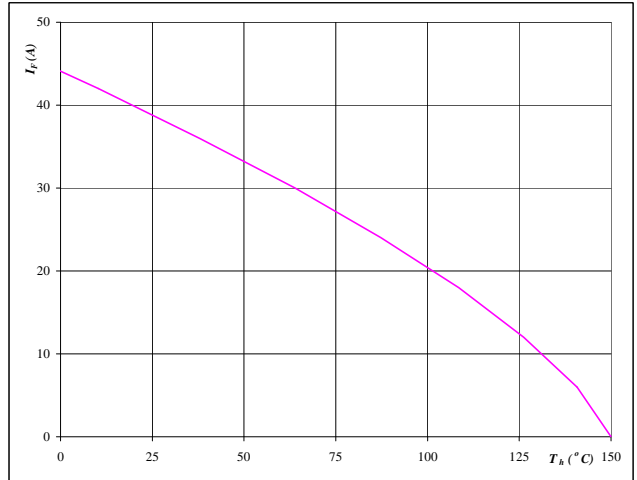
$$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$$


At
T_j = 150 °C

Figure 24 FWD

Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_F = f(T_h)$$

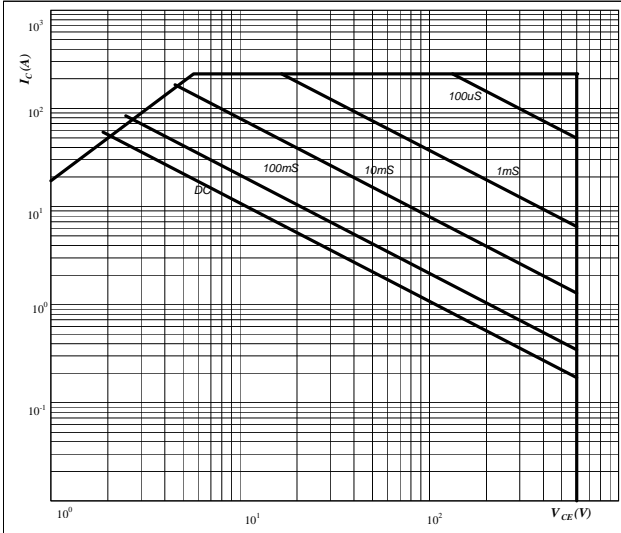

At
T_j = 150 °C

Buck

Figure 25 IGBT

Safe operating area as a function of collector-emitter voltage

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

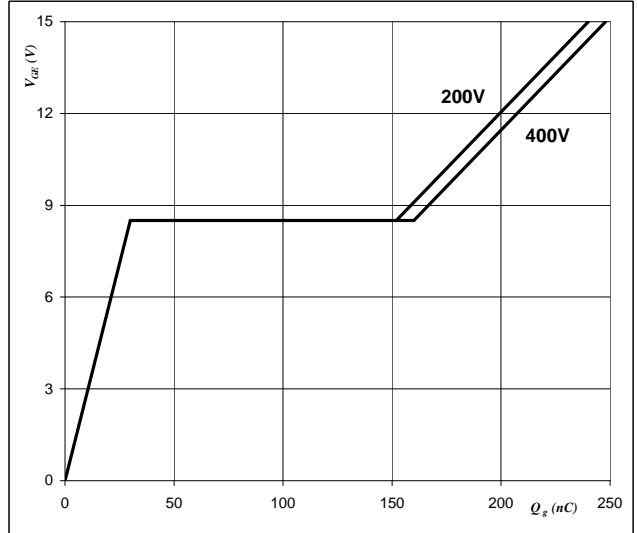


At
 D = single pulse
 Th = 80 °C
 V_{GE} = ±15 V
 T_j = T_{jmax} °C

Figure 26 IGBT

Gate voltage vs Gate charge

$$V_{GE} = f(Q_g)$$

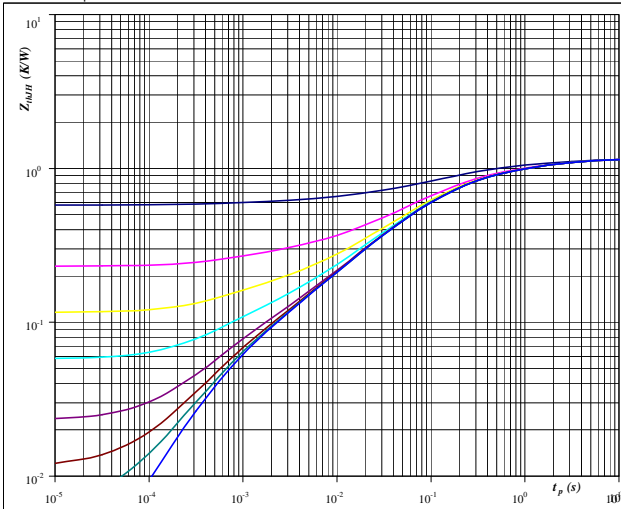


At
 I_C = 75

Figure 27 MOSFET

MOSFET transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$



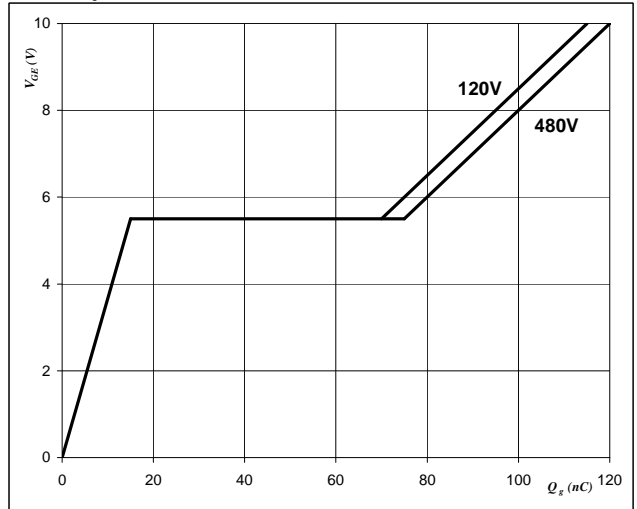
D = t_p / T
 R_{thJH} = 1,16 K/W
MOSFET thermal model values

R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0,11	4,7E+00
0,22	9,0E-01
0,39	1,7E-01
0,25	4,8E-02
0,10	1,3E-02
0,05	2,5E-03

Figure 28 MOSFET

Gate voltage vs Gate charge

$$V_{GE} = f(Q_g)$$



At
 I_C = 38 A

Boost

Figure 1 IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

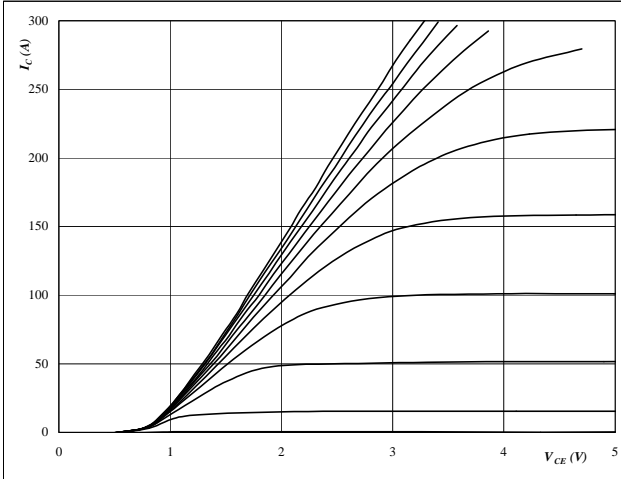

At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 2 IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

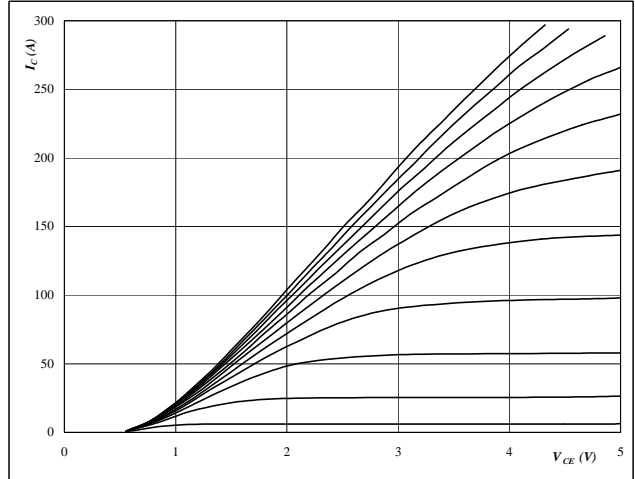
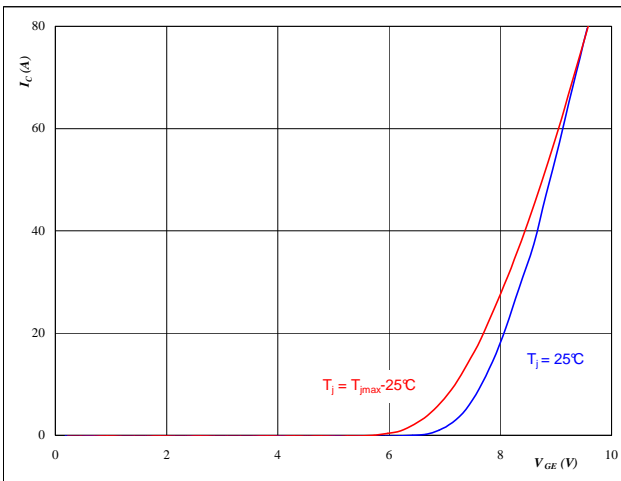

At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 125 \text{ }^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 3 IGBT

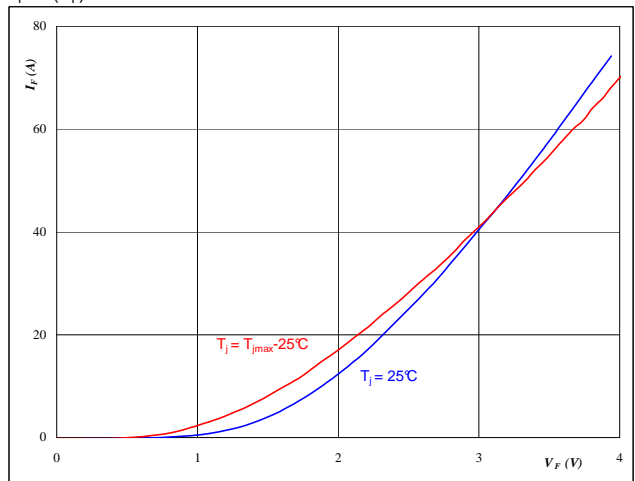
Typical transfer characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{GE})$


At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
Figure 4 FWD

Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

$I_F = f(V_F)$

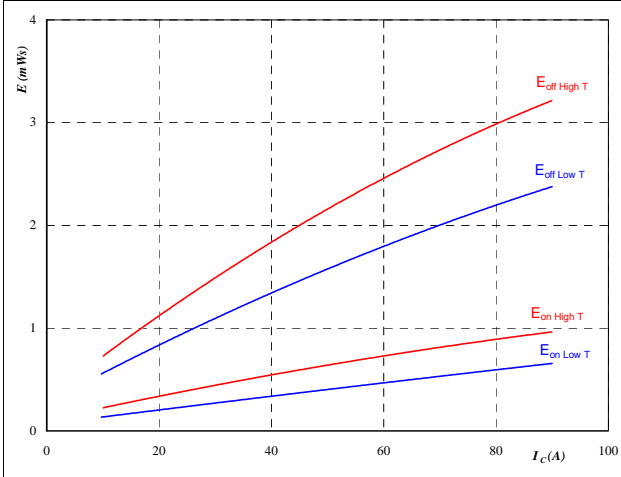

At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$

Boost

Figure 5 IGBT

Typical switching energy losses
as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_C)$$

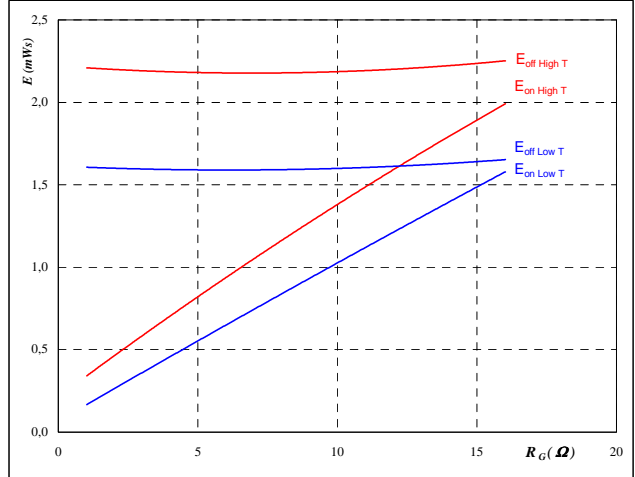


With an inductive load at

 $T_J = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$
Figure 6 IGBT

Typical switching energy losses
as a function of gate resistor

$$E = f(R_G)$$

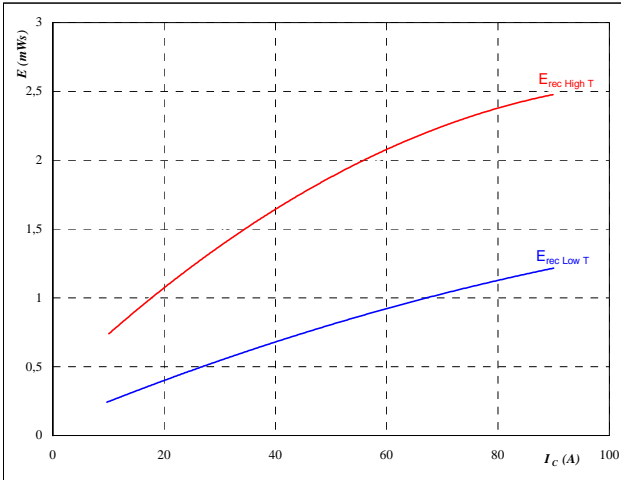


With an inductive load at

 $T_J = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_C = 50 \text{ A}$
Figure 7 IGBT

Typical reverse recovery energy loss
as a function of collector current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_C)$$

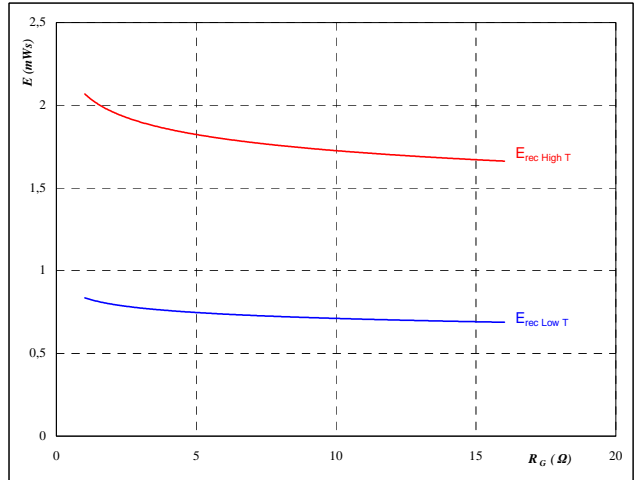


With an inductive load at

 $T_J = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$
Figure 8 IGBT

Typical reverse recovery energy loss
as a function of gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(R_G)$$



With an inductive load at

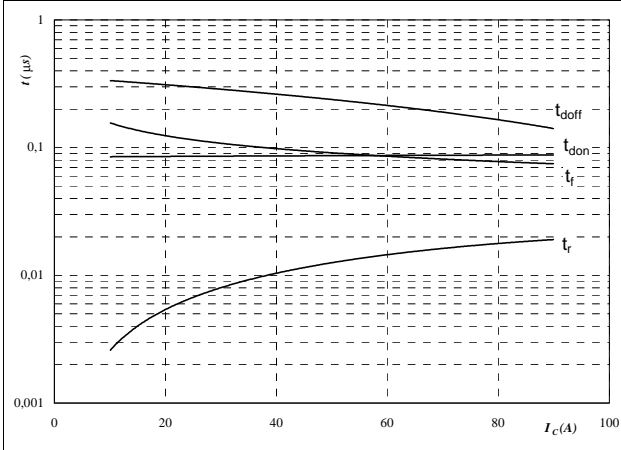
 $T_J = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_C = 50 \text{ A}$

Boost

Figure 9 IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_c)$$



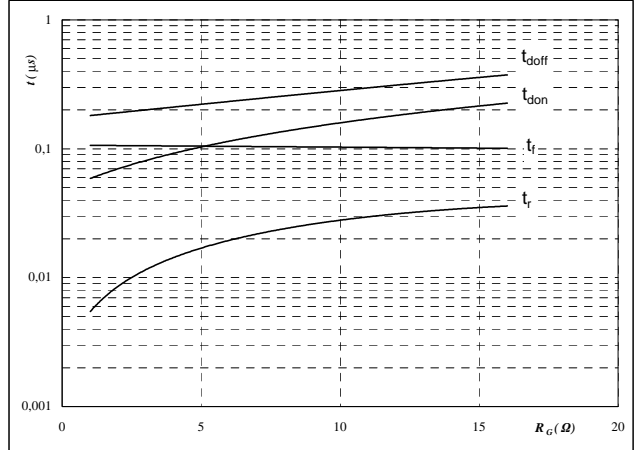
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{gon} =$	4	Ω
$R_{goff} =$	4	Ω

Figure 10 IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(R_G)$$



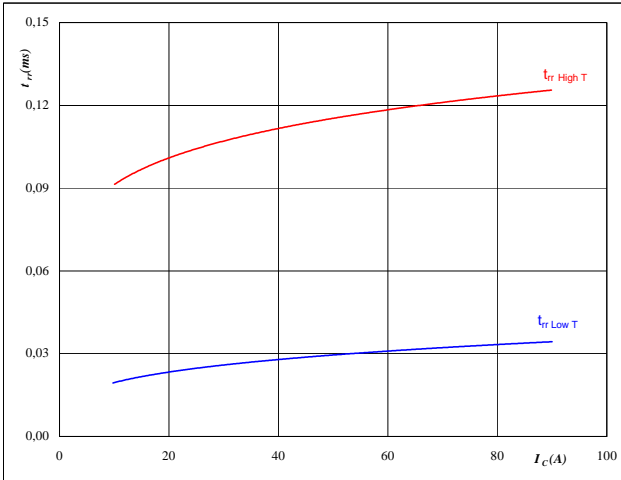
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$I_C =$	50	A

Figure 11 FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_c)$$



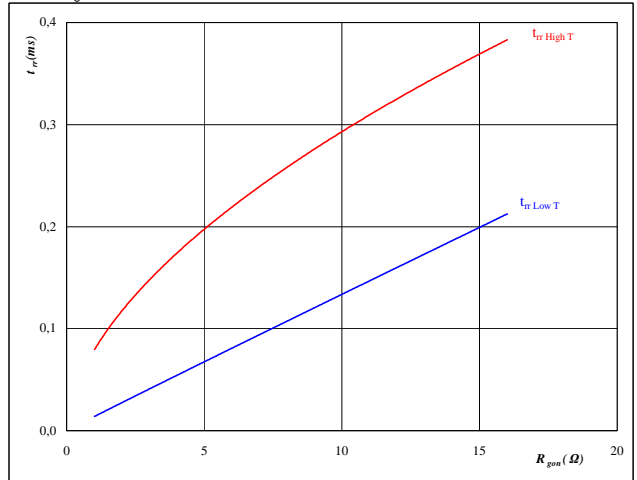
At

$T_j =$	25/125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{gon} =$	4	Ω

Figure 12 FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$



At

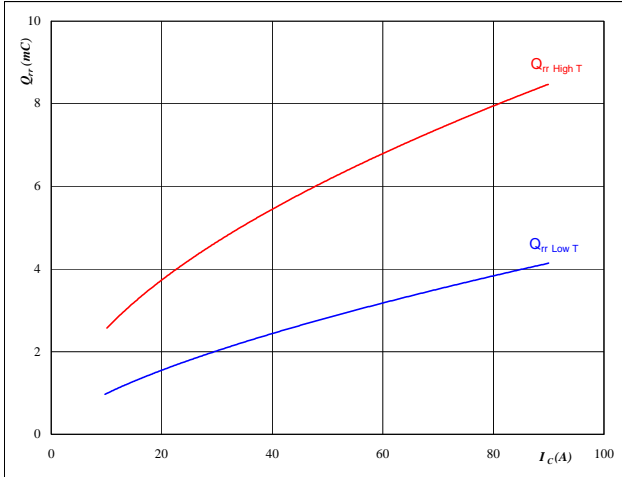
$T_j =$	25/125	°C
$V_R =$	350	V
$I_F =$	50	A
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V

Boost

Figure 13 FWD

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_{rr} = f(I_C)$$



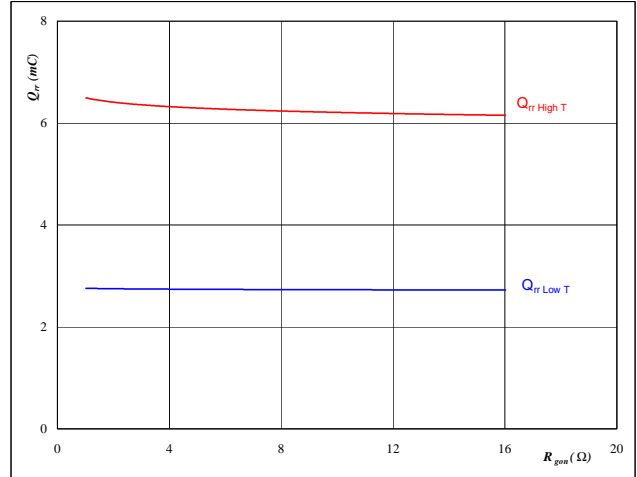
At

$T_j = 25/125$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω

Figure 14 FWD

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$



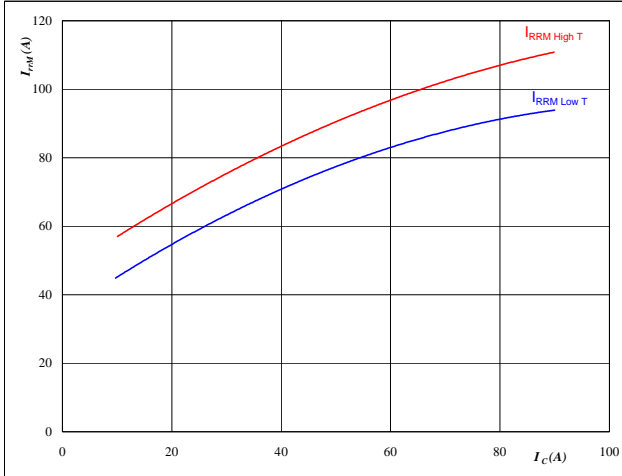
At

$T_j = 25/125$ °C
 $V_R = 350$ V
 $I_F = 50$ A
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V

Figure 15 FWD

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RRM} = f(I_C)$$



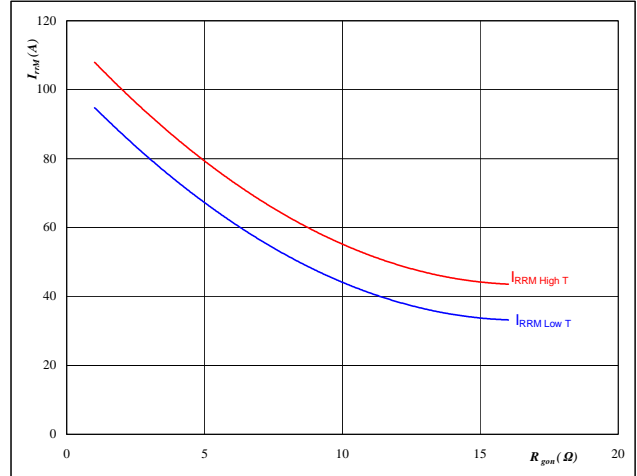
At

$T_j = 25/125$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω

Figure 16 FWD

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RRM} = f(R_{gon})$$



At

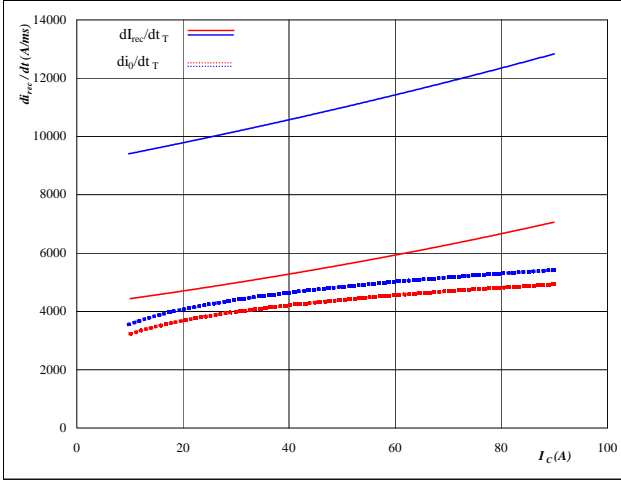
$T_j = 25/125$ °C
 $V_R = 350$ V
 $I_F = 50$ A
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V

Boost

Figure 17 FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$di_o/dt, di_{rec}/dt = f(I_c)$$

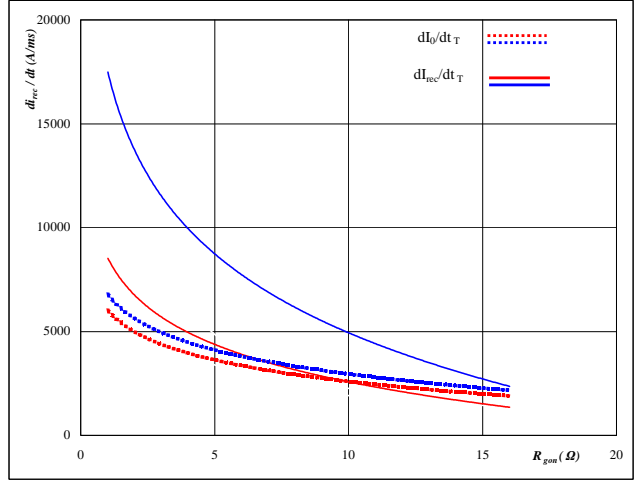


At
 $T_j = 25/125$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω

Figure 18 FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of reverse recovery current

$$di_o/dt, di_{rec}/dt = f(R_{gon})$$

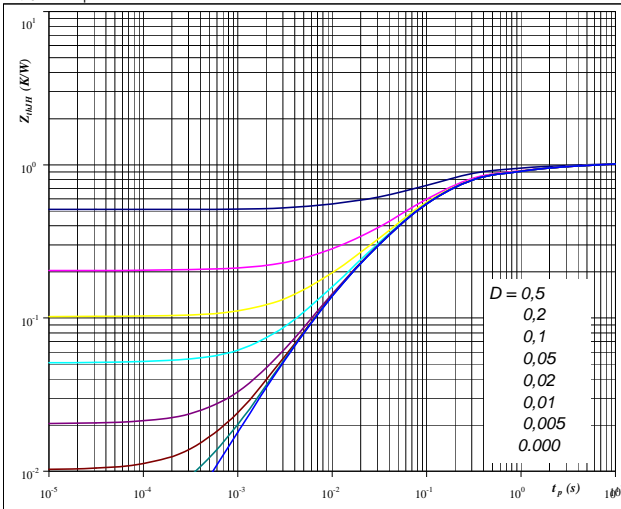


At
 $T_j = 25/125$ °C
 $V_R = 350$ V
 $I_F = 50$ A
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V

Figure 19 IGBT

IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$



At
 $D = tp / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 1,02$ K/W

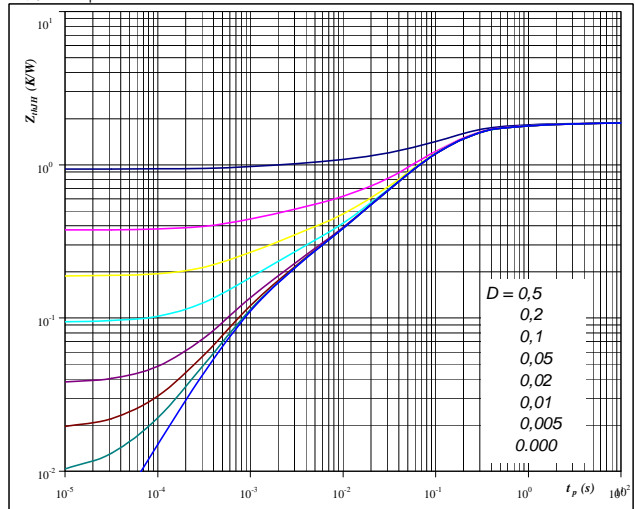
IGBT thermal model values

R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0,08	4,3E+00
0,12	1,0E+00
0,47	1,5E-01
0,26	4,9E-02

Figure 20 FWD

FWD transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$



At
 $D = tp / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 1,87$ K/W

FWD thermal model values

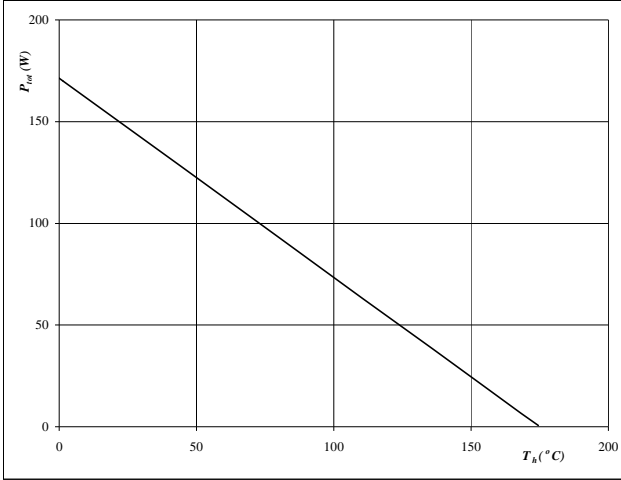
R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0,08	2,9E+00
0,22	4,4E-01
1,10	1,1E-01
0,21	3,3E-02
0,15	7,2E-03
0,12	1,0E-03

Boost

Figure 21 IGBT

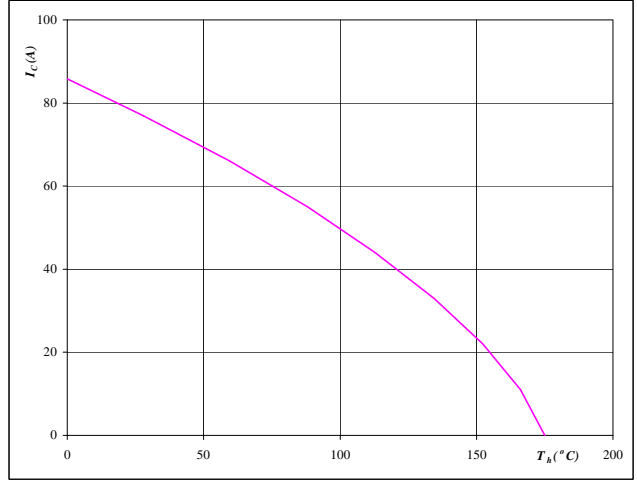
Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$$


At
 $T_j = 175 \text{ °C}$
Figure 22 IGBT

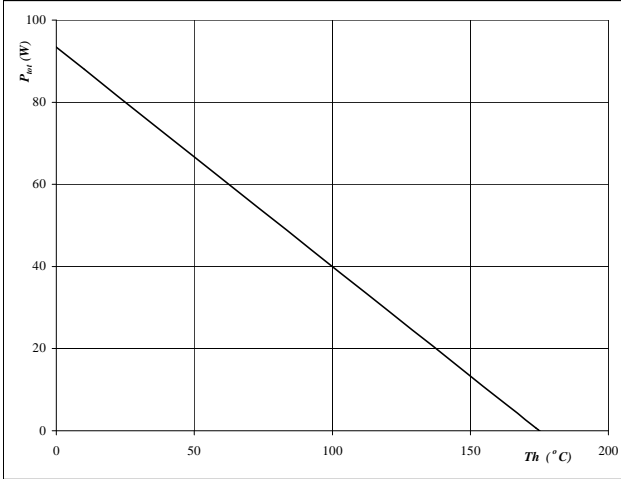
Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_C = f(T_h)$$


At
 $T_j = 175 \text{ °C}$
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$
Figure 23 FWD

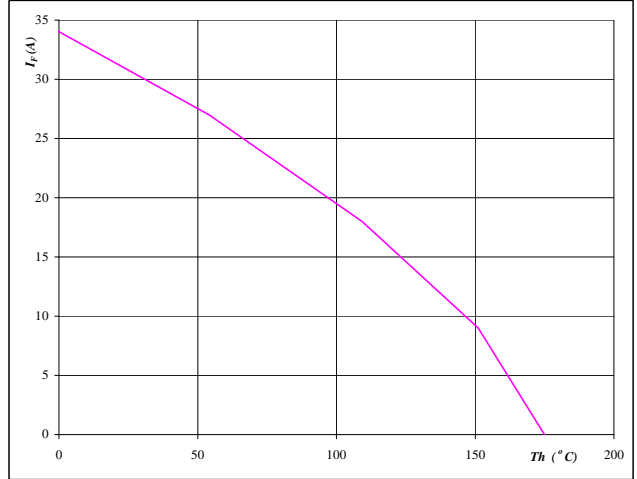
Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$$


At
 $T_j = 175 \text{ °C}$
Figure 24 FWD

Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

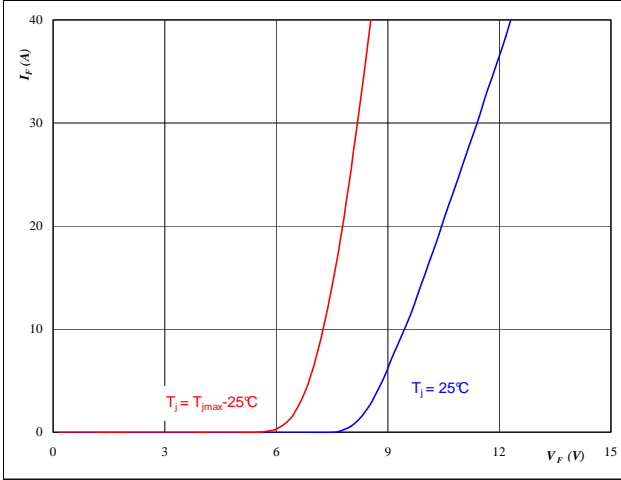
$$I_F = f(T_h)$$


At
 $T_j = 175 \text{ °C}$

Boost Inv.
Figure 25 IGBT Inverse Diode

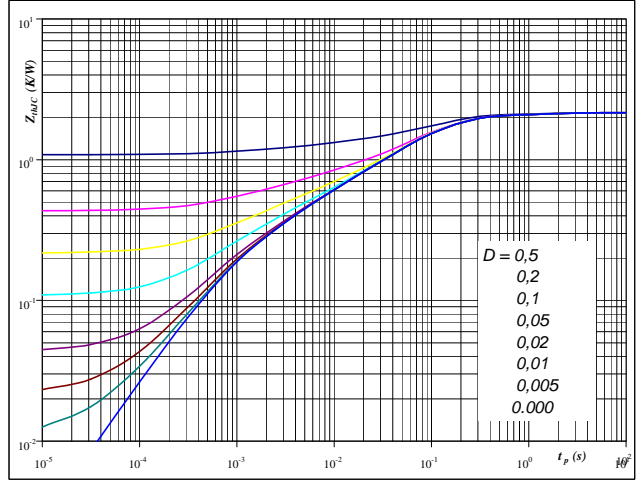
Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$


At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
Figure 26 IGBT Inverse Diode

Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$


At
 $D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 2,17 \text{ K/W}$
Figure 27 IGBT Inverse Diode

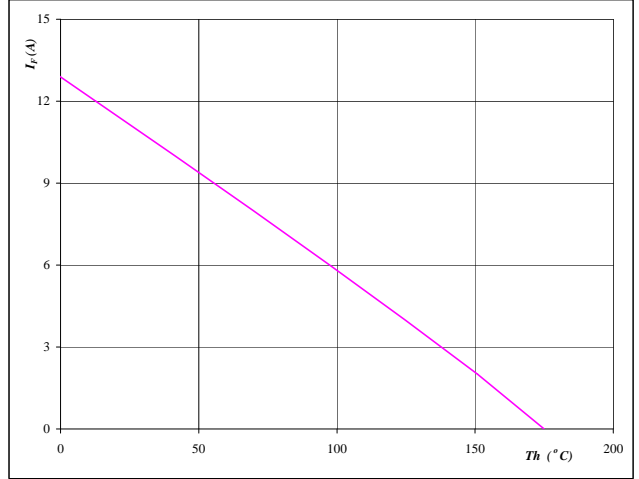
Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$$


At
 $T_j = 175 \text{ °C}$
Figure 28 IGBT Inverse Diode

Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_F = f(T_h)$$

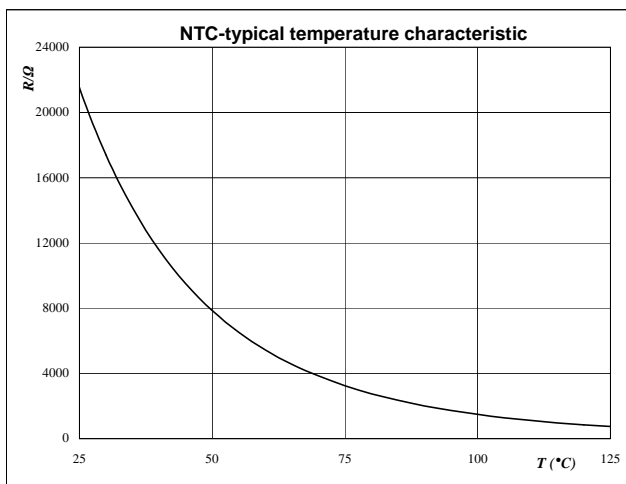

At
 $T_j = 175 \text{ °C}$

Thermistor

Figure 1 Thermistor

Typical NTC characteristic
as a function of temperature

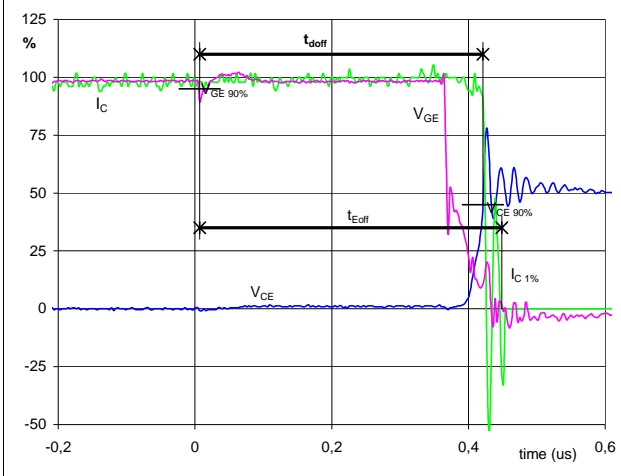
$$R_T = f(T)$$



Switching Definitions BUCK IGBT&MOSFET

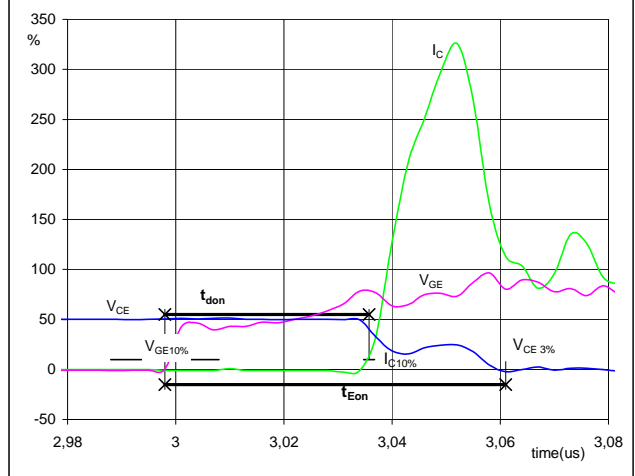
General conditions			
	T_j	=	125°C
R_{gon} IGBT	=	4 Ω	R_{gon} MOSFET = 4 Ω
R_{goff} IGBT	=	4 Ω	R_{goff} MOSFET = 4 Ω
MOSFET turn off delayed time with 350 nS			

Figure 1 BUCK IGBT&MOSFET

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} , t_{Eoff}
 (t_{Eoff} = integrating time for E_{off})


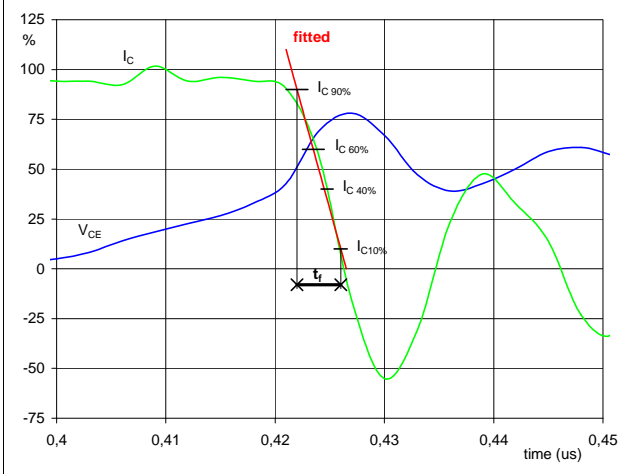
V_{GE} (0%) =	-15	V
V_{GE} (100%) =	15	V
V_C (100%) =	700	V
I_C (100%) =	40	A
t_{doff} =	0,41	μ S
t_{Eoff} =	0,44	μ S

Figure 2 BUCK IGBT&MOSFET

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} , t_{Eon}
 (t_{Eon} = integrating time for E_{on})


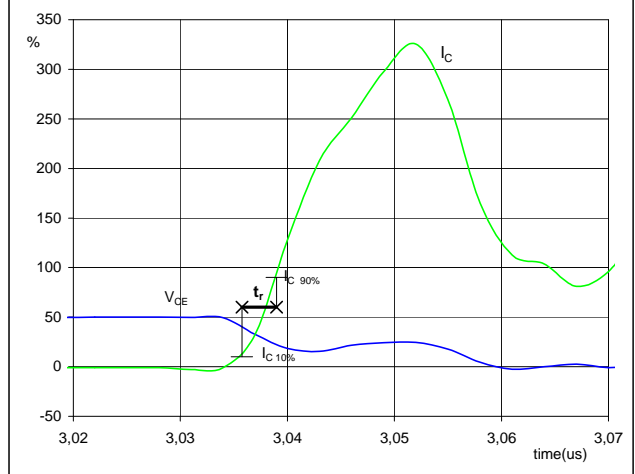
V_{GE} (0%) =	-15	V
V_{GE} (100%) =	15	V
V_C (100%) =	700	V
I_C (100%) =	40	A
t_{don} =	0,04	μ S
t_{Eon} =	0,06	μ S

Figure 3 BUCK IGBT&MOSFET

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f


V_C (100%) =	700	V
I_C (100%) =	40	A
t_f =	0,004	μ S

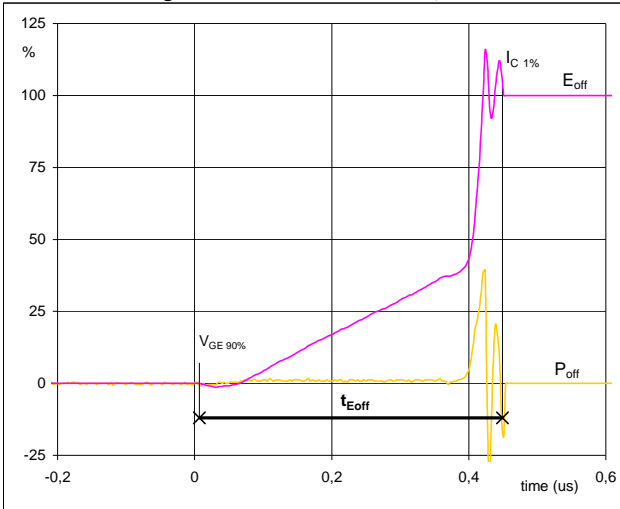
Figure 4 BUCK IGBT&MOSFET

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r


V_C (100%) =	700	V
I_C (100%) =	40	A
t_r =	0,003	μ S

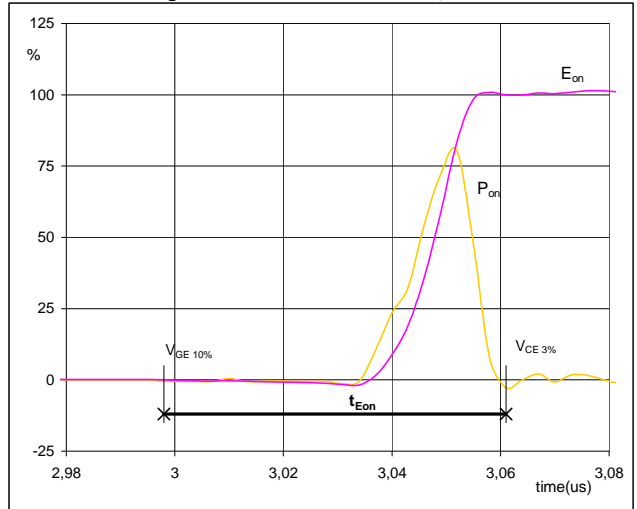
Switching Definitions BUCK IGBT&MOSFET

Figure 5 BUCK IGBT&MOSFET

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Eoff}


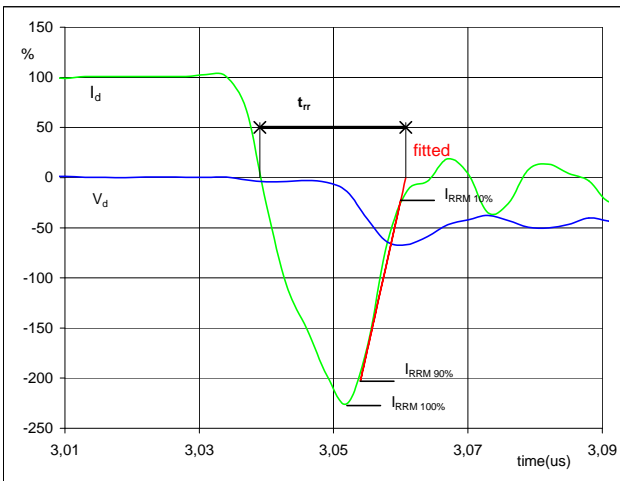
$P_{off} (100\%) = 28,07 \text{ kW}$
 $E_{off} (100\%) = 0,23 \text{ mJ}$
 $t_{Eoff} = 0,44 \text{ }\mu\text{s}$

Figure 6 BUCK IGBT&MOSFET

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Eon}


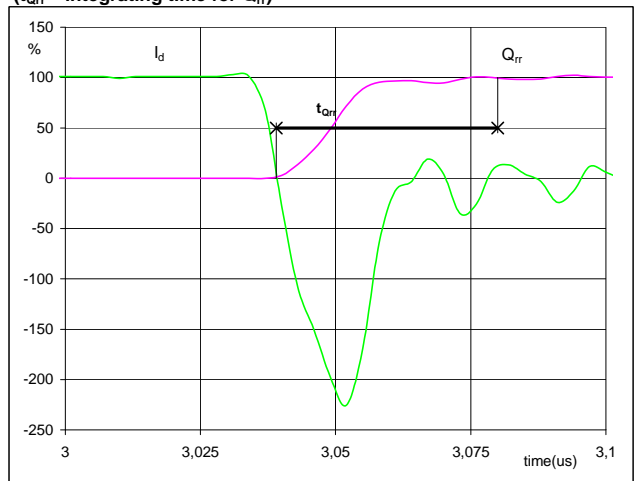
$P_{on} (100\%) = 28,07 \text{ kW}$
 $E_{on} (100\%) = 0,28 \text{ mJ}$
 $t_{Eon} = 0,06 \text{ }\mu\text{s}$

Figure 7 BUCK IGBT&MOSFET

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{rr}


$V_d (100\%) = 700 \text{ V}$
 $I_d (100\%) = 40 \text{ A}$
 $I_{RRM} (100\%) = -90 \text{ A}$
 $t_{rr} = 0,02 \text{ }\mu\text{s}$

Figure 8 BUCK FWD

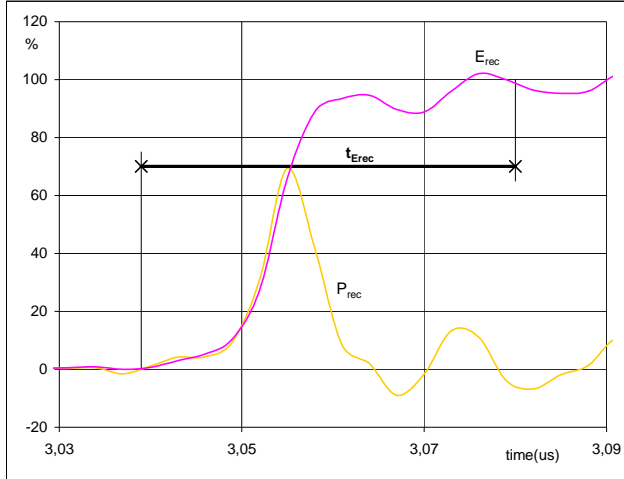
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Qrr}
(t_{Qrr} = integrating time for Q_{rr})


$I_d (100\%) = 40 \text{ A}$
 $Q_{rr} (100\%) = 1,18 \text{ }\mu\text{C}$
 $t_{Qrr} = 0,04 \text{ }\mu\text{s}$

Switching Definitions BUCK IGBT&MOSFET

Figure 9 BUCK FWD

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Erec}
 (t_{Erec} = integrating time for E_{rec})

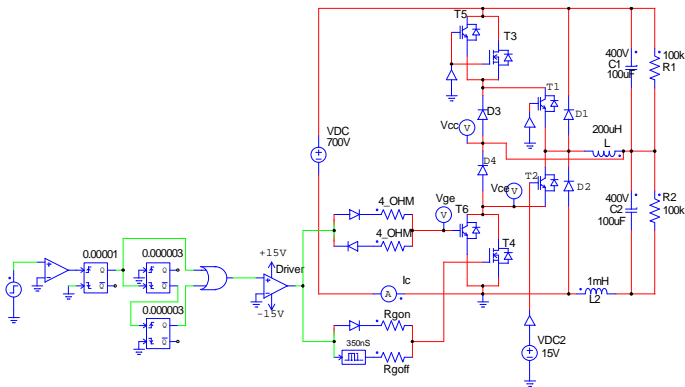


$P_{rec} (100\%) = 28,07 \text{ kW}$
 $E_{rec} (100\%) = 0,19 \text{ mJ}$
 $t_{Erec} = 0,04 \text{ }\mu\text{s}$

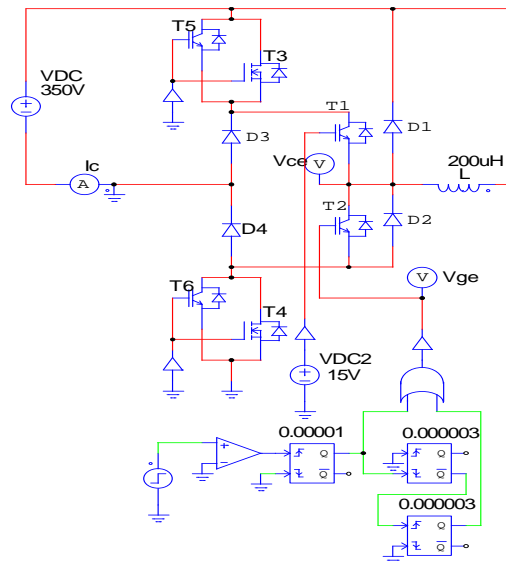
Measurement circuits

Figure 11

BUCK stage switching measurement circuit


Figure 12

BOOST stage switching measurement circuit



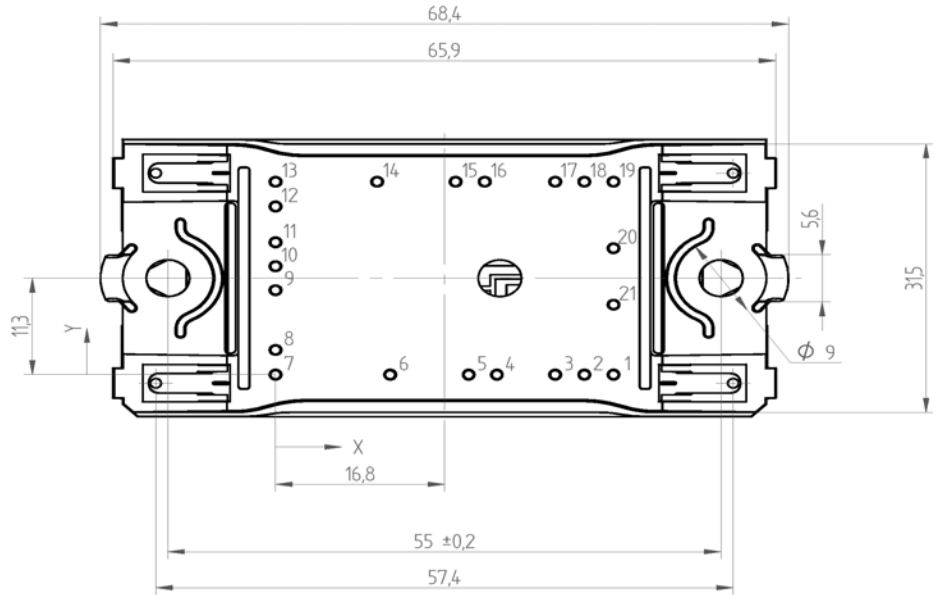
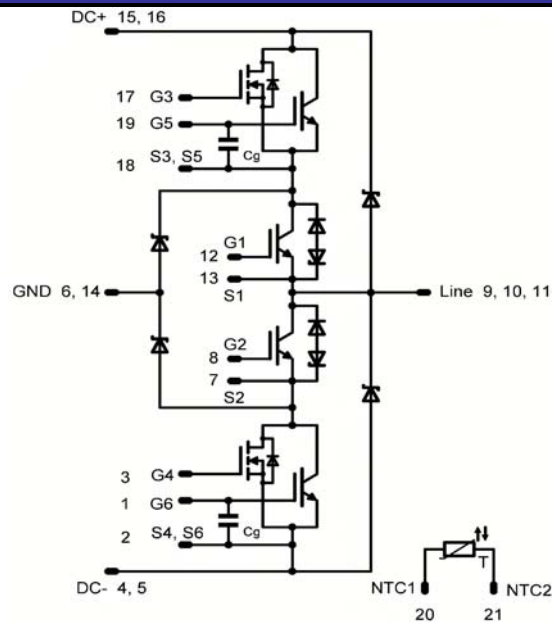
Cg is included in the module (T5,T6)

Ordering Code and Marking - Outline - Pinout
Ordering Code & Marking

Version	Ordering Code	in DataMatrix as	in packaging barcode as
without thermal paste 12mm housing with PressFIT	10-PZ06NRA084FP03-P969F78Y	P969F78Y	P969F78Y
without thermal paste 12mm housing	10-FZ06NRA084FP03-P969F78	P969F78	P969F78

Outline

Pin	X	Y
1	33,6	0
2	30,7	0
3	27,8	0
4	22	0
5	19,2	0
6	11,4	0
7	0	0
8	0	2,9
9	0	9,9
10	0	12,7
11	0	15,5
12	0	19,7
13	0	22,6
14	10,1	22,6
15	17,9	22,6
16	20,8	22,6
17	27,8	22,6
18	30,7	22,6
19	33,6	22,6
20	33,6	14,8
21	33,6	8,2


Pinout


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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.