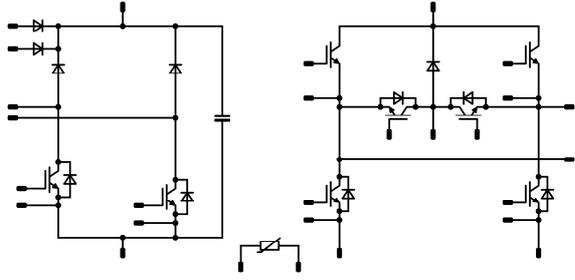




# Vincotech

<i>flowSOL 1 BI</i>	<b>650 V / 50 A</b>
<div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 2px; border: 1px solid #ccc; margin-bottom: 5px;"><b>Features</b></div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Dual Booster with bypass diode + H6.5 Bridge</li> <li>Trenchstop S5 IGBT Chipset for higher efficiency</li> <li>Kelvin emitter for improved switching</li> <li>Integrated DC Link capacitor</li> <li>Integrated NTC</li> <li>Low inductive design</li> </ul>	<div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 2px; border: 1px solid #ccc; margin-bottom: 5px;"><b>flow 1 12 mm housing</b></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Solder pins</p>  </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Press-fit pins</p>  </div> </div>
<div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 2px; border: 1px solid #ccc; margin-bottom: 5px;"><b>Target applications</b></div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Power Supply</li> <li>UPS</li> </ul>	<div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 2px; border: 1px solid #ccc; margin-bottom: 5px;"><b>Schematic</b></div> 
<div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 2px; border: 1px solid #ccc; margin-bottom: 5px;"><b>Types</b></div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>10-FY07BVA050S5-LF44E18</li> <li>10-PY07BVA050S5-LF44E18Y</li> </ul>	

## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
<b>Low Buck / High Buck Switch</b>				
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		650	V
Collector current	$I_C$		50	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	150	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	73	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		$\pm 20$	V
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$



## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
<b>Buck Diode</b>				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		650	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	$I_F$		30	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	60	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	50	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C
<b>Boost Switch</b>				
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		650	V
Collector current	$I_C$		50	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	150	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	73	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		±20	V
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C
<b>Low Boost Diode</b>				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		650	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	$I_F$		30	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	60	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	50	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C
<b>High Boost Diode</b>				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		650	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	$I_F$		30	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	60	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	50	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C



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## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
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### Input Boost Switch

Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		650	V
Collector current	$I_C$		50	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	150	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	73	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		±20	V
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C

### Input Boost Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		650	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	47	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	100	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	63	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C

### ByPass Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1600	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	88	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	$I_{FSM}$	50 Hz Single Half Sine Wave $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	600	A
Surge current capability	$I^2t$	$t_p = 10\text{ ms}$	1800	A <sup>2</sup> s
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	105	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		150	°C

### Input Boost Sw. Protection Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		650	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	$I_F$		10	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	20	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	33	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C



### Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
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#### Capacitor (DC)

Maximum DC voltage	$V_{MAX}$		630	V
Operation Temperature	$T_{op}$		-55...+125	°C

#### Module Properties

##### Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	$T_{jop}$		-40...(T <sub>jmax</sub> - 25)	°C

##### Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	$V_{isol}$	DC Test Voltage* $t_p = 2\text{ s}$	6000	V
		AC Voltage $t_p = 1\text{ min}$	2500	V
Creepage distance			min. 12,7	mm
Clearance		Solder pins / Press-fit pins	8,16 / 7,93	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI		> 200	

\*100 % tested in production



## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

### Low Buck / High Buck Switch

#### Static

Parameter	Symbol	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}$	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$				0,0005	25	3,2	4	4,8	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CEsat}$		15		50	25 125 150		1,35 1,41 1,43	1,75	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	650		25			50	µA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0		25			100	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$							none		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$	$f = 1 \text{ Mhz}$	0	25		25		3100		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$									
Gate charge	$Q_g$		15	650	50	25		120		

#### Thermal

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4 \text{ W/mK}$ (PSX)	1,29	K/W

#### Dynamic

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit		
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{gon} = 8 \Omega$ $R_{goff} = 8 \Omega$	±15	350	50	25		64		ns		
Rise time	$t_r$										25	65
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$										150	66
Fall time	$t_f$										25	8
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$										125	10
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$										150	10
		25	81									
		125	95									
		150	99									
		25	12									
		125	20									
		150	23									
		25	0,689									
		125	0,887									
		150	0,874									
		25	0,456									
		125	0,732									
		150	0,764									



Vincotech

**10-FY07BVA050S5-LF44E18**  
**10-PY07BVA050S5-LF44E18Y**  
 datasheet

### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

#### Buck Diode

##### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				30	25 125 150		1,52 1,46 1,44	1,92	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$			650		25			1,6	$\mu$ A

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,92		K/W
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##### Dynamic

Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$					25 125 150		70 77 78		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					25 125 150		59 100 111		ns
Recovered charge	$Q_r$	$di/dt = 6812$ A/ $\mu$ s $di/dt = 5829$ A/ $\mu$ s $di/dt = 5655$ A/ $\mu$ s	$\pm 15$	350	50	25 125 150		2,25 3,43 3,88		$\mu$ C
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$					25 125 150		0,608 0,922 1,04		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rt}/dt)_{max}$					25 125 150		5343 4706 4865		A/ $\mu$ s



## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

### Boost Switch

#### Static

Parameter	Symbol	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}$	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$				0,0005	25	3,2	4	4,8	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CEsat}$		15		50	25 125 150		1,35 1,41 1,43	1,75	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	650		25			50	µA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0		25			100	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$							none		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$	$f = 1 \text{ Mhz}$	0	25		25		3100		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$									
Gate charge	$Q_g$		15	650	50	25		120		

#### Thermal

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4 \text{ W/mK}$ (PSX)	K/W

#### Dynamic (T21-D12)

Parameter	Symbol	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$\pm 15$	350	50	25	25	65		ns
Rise time	$t_r$					125	65		
						150	66		
						25	11		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					125	12		
						150	11		
						25	80		
Fall time	$t_f$					125	96		
						150	101		
						25	11		
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$					25	0,429		
						125	0,578		
		150	0,650						
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$	25	0,450						
		125	0,714						
		150	0,787						



### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

#### Low Boost Diode

##### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				30	25 125 150		1,52 1,46 1,44	1,92	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$			650		25			1,6	μA

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,92		K/W
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##### Dynamic (T21-D12)

Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$					25 125 150		48 57 60		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					25 125 150		63 102 113		ns
Recovered charge	$Q_r$	$di/dt = 5070$ A/μs $di/dt = 3762$ A/μs $di/dt = 3712$ A/μs	±15	350	50	25 125 150		1,47 2,52 2,87		μC
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$					25 125 150		0,423 0,686 0,779		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$					25 125 150		2718 739 888		A/μs



## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

### Boost Switch

#### Static

Parameter	Symbol	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}$	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$				0,0005	25	3,2	4	4,8	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CEsat}$		15		50	25 125 150		1,35 1,41 1,43	1,75	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	650		25			50	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0		25			100	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$							none		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$	$f = 1 \text{ Mhz}$	0	25		25		3100		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$									
Gate charge	$Q_g$		15	650	50	25		120		

#### Thermal

Parameter	Symbol	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4 \text{ W/mK}$ (PSX)	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$							1,29		K/W

#### Dynamic (T21-D20)

Parameter	Symbol	$R_{gon} = 8 \Omega$ $R_{goff} = 8 \Omega$	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$\pm 15$	350	50		25 125 150		61		ns
Rise time	$t_r$							9		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$							79		
Fall time	$t_f$							19		
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$							0,493		
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$							0,362		
								0,568		
								0,688		
								0,784		



## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

### High Boost Diode

#### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				30	25 125 150		1,52 1,46 1,44	1,92	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$			650		25			1,6	μA

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,92		K/W
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#### Dynamic (T21-D20)

Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$					25 125 150		52 59 63		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					25 125 150		60 105 115		ns
Recovered charge	$Q_r$	$di/dt = 4573$ A/μs $di/dt = 4041$ A/μs $di/dt = 4075$ A/μs	±15	350	50	25 125 150		1,444 2,475 2,932		μC
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$					25 125 150		0,362 0,682 0,811		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$					25 125 150		3629 771 814		A/μs



## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

### Input Boost Switch

#### Static

Parameter	Symbol	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}$	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$				0,0005	25	3,2	4	4,8	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CEsat}$		15		50	25 125 150		1,35 1,41 1,43	1,75	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	650		25			50	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0		25			100	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$							none		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$	$f = 1 \text{ Mhz}$	0	25		25		3100		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$									
Gate charge	$Q_g$		15	650	50	25		120		

#### Thermal

Parameter	Symbol	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4 \text{ W/mK}$ (PSX)	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$							1,29		K/W

#### Dynamic

Parameter	Symbol	$R_{gon} = 8 \Omega$ $R_{goff} = 8 \Omega$	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$		0 / 15	400	50	25		26		ns
Rise time	$t_r$					125		25		
						150		25		
						25		9		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					125		10		
		150		11						
		25		137						
Fall time	$t_f$	125		156						
		150		160						
		25		12						
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$	$Q_{tFWD} = 1,6 \mu\text{C}$ $Q_{tFWD} = 3,2 \mu\text{C}$ $Q_{tFWD} = 3,6 \mu\text{C}$				25		1,07		mWs
						125		1,48		
						150		1,37		
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$					25		0,513		
						125		0,813		
						150		0,902		



## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

### Input Boost Diode

#### Static

Parameter	Symbol	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Forward voltage	$V_F$			50	25 125 150		1,50 1,44 1,42	1,92	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$		650		25			2,65	μA

#### Thermal

Parameter	Symbol	$\lambda_{paste}$ = 3,4 W/mK (PSX)	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$			1,50		K/W

#### Dynamic

Parameter	Symbol	$di/dt$ = 6127 A/μs $di/dt$ = 5448 A/μs $di/dt$ = 5124 A/μs	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$	0 / 15	400	50	25	47		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$				125	63		
					150	66		
					25	58		ns
Recovered charge	$Q_r$				125	91		
					150	98		
		25	1,61		μC			
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$	125	3,20					
		150	3,61					
		25	0,424		mWs			
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$	125	0,884					
		150	0,993					
		25	564		A/μs			

### ByPass Diode

#### Static

Parameter	Symbol	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Forward voltage	$V_F$			65	25 125 150		1,14 1,09 1,08		V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$		1600		25			50	μA

#### Thermal

Parameter	Symbol	$\lambda_{paste}$ = 3,4 W/mK (PSX)	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$			0,67		K/W



### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

#### Input Boost Sw. Protection Diode

##### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$			10	25 125		1,67 1,56	1,87	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$		650		25			0,14	$\mu$ A

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)					2,87		K/W
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#### Capacitor (DC)

Capacitance	$C$						100		nF
Tolerance						-10		+10	%
Dissipation factor								2,5	%

#### Thermistor

Rated resistance	$R$				25		22		k $\Omega$
Deviation of $R_{100}$	$\Delta_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 1484$ $\Omega$			100	-5		5	%
Power dissipation	$P$				25		5		mW
Power dissipation constant					25		1,5		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. $\pm 1$ %			25		3962		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. $\pm 1$ %			25		4000		K
Vincotech NTC Reference								I	

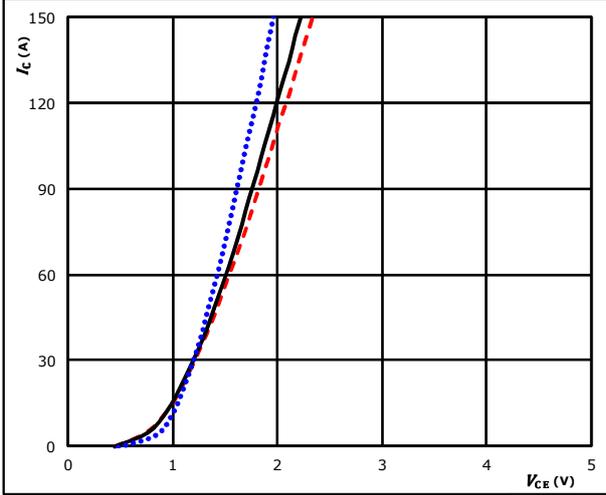


## Low Buck / High Buck Switch Characteristics

**figure 1.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

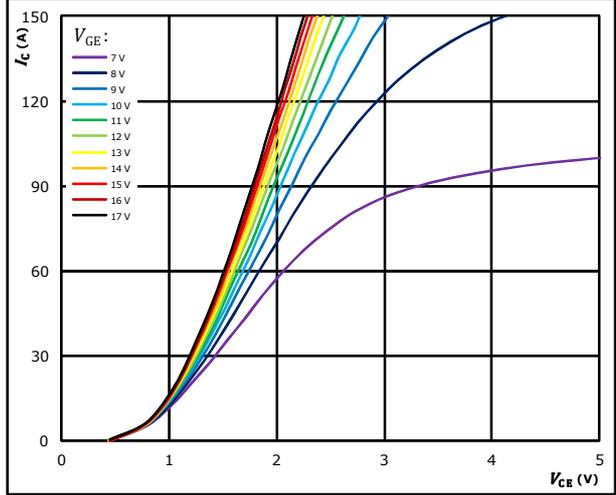


$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$   $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (blue dotted line)  
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$   $T_j: 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (black solid line)  
 $T_j: 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (red dashed line)

**figure 2.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

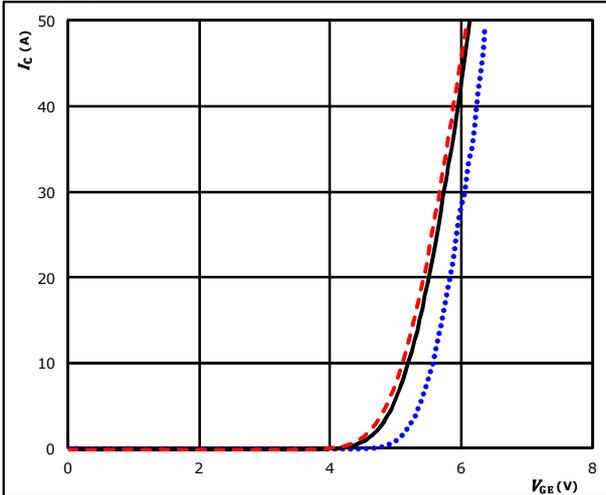


$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$   
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

**figure 3.** IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

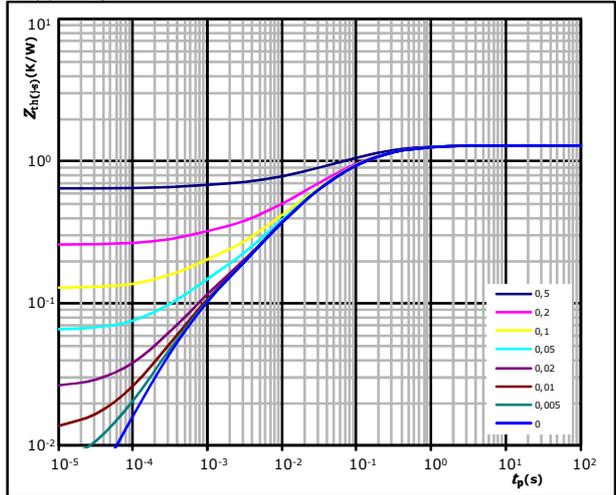


$t_p = 100 \mu\text{s}$   $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (blue dotted line)  
 $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$   $T_j: 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (black solid line)  
 $T_j: 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (red dashed line)

**figure 4.** IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as function of pulse duration

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$$D = t_p / T$$

$$R_{th(j-s)} = 1,29 \text{ K/W}$$

IGBT thermal model values

$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
2,09E-01	5,36E-01
6,00E-01	8,05E-02
3,10E-01	1,69E-02
1,08E-01	4,25E-03
6,63E-02	5,30E-04

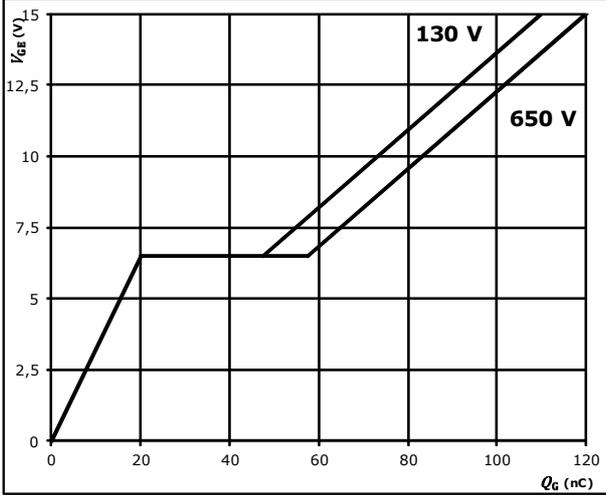


## Low Buck / High Buck Switch Characteristics

**figure 5.** IGBT

Gate voltage vs gate charge

$$V_{GE} = f(Q_G)$$

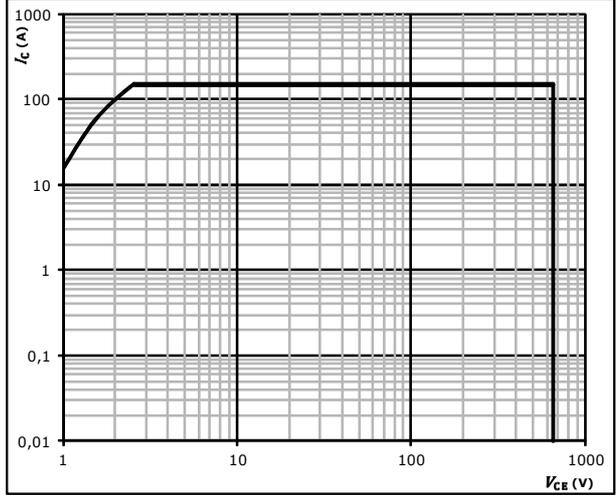


$I_C = 50$  A

**figure 6.** IGBT

Safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



$D =$  single pulse  
 $T_s = 80$  °C  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$

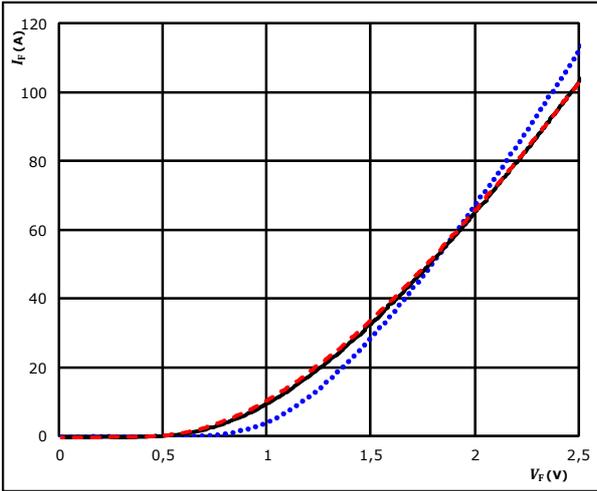


## Buck Diode Characteristics

**figure 1.** FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

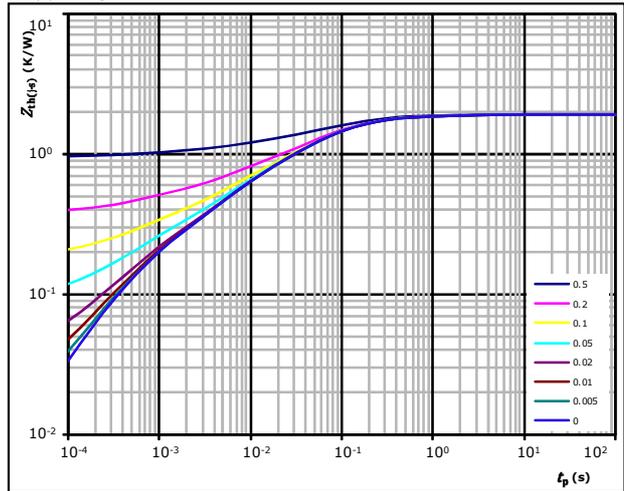


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j$ : 25 °C (dotted blue), 125 °C (solid black), 150 °C (dashed red)

**figure 2.** FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,92 \text{ K/W}$   
 FWD thermal model values

$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
9,41E-02	2,25E+00
3,44E-01	2,12E-01
8,56E-01	5,84E-02
3,61E-01	9,83E-03
1,37E-01	2,89E-03
1,27E-01	4,79E-04

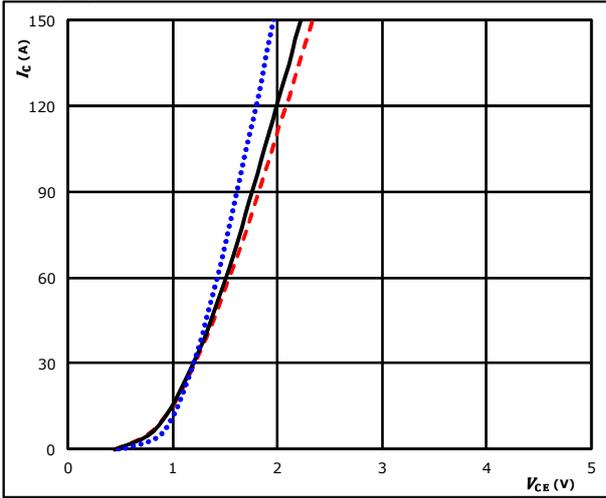


### Boost Switch Characteristics

**figure 1.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

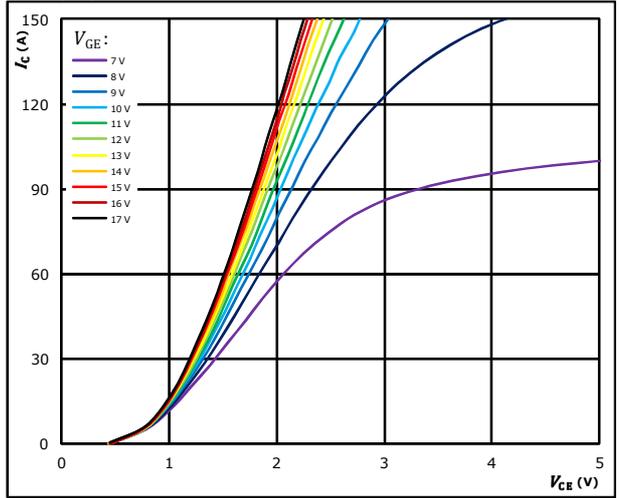


$t_p = 250 \mu s$        $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ C$       .....  
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$        $T_j: 125 \text{ }^\circ C$       ———  
                           $T_j: 150 \text{ }^\circ C$       - - - -

**figure 2.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

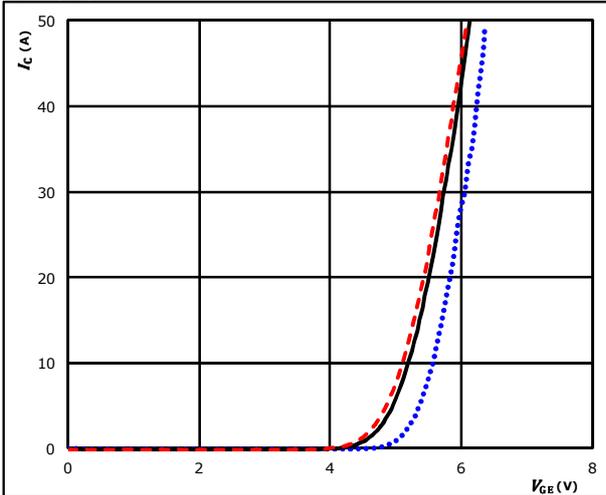


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ C$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

**figure 3.** IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{GE})$

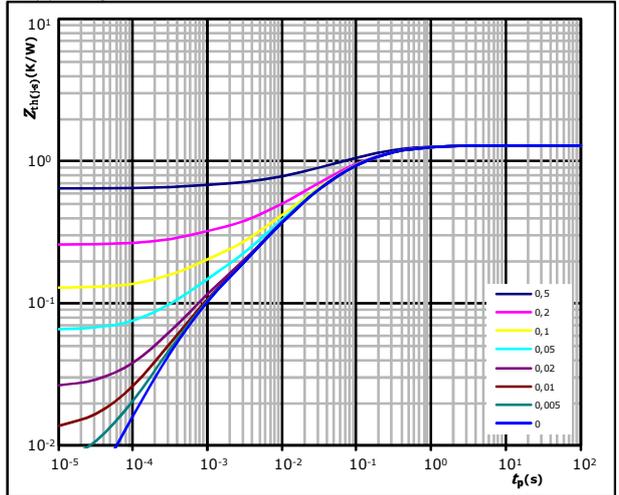


$t_p = 100 \mu s$        $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ C$       .....  
 $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$        $T_j: 125 \text{ }^\circ C$       ———  
                           $T_j: 150 \text{ }^\circ C$       - - - -

**figure 4.** IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as function of pulse duration

$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,29 \text{ K/W}$   
 IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
2,09E-01	5,36E-01
6,00E-01	8,05E-02
3,10E-01	1,69E-02
1,08E-01	4,25E-03
6,63E-02	5,30E-04

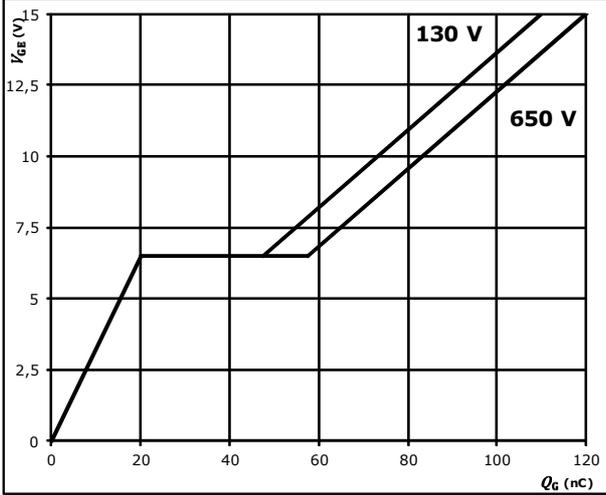


### Boost Switch Characteristics

**figure 5.** IGBT

Gate voltage vs gate charge

$V_{GE} = f(Q_G)$

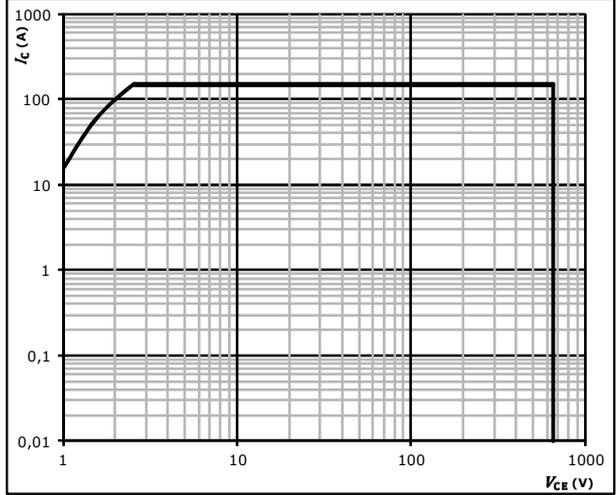


$I_C = 50$  A

**figure 6.** IGBT

Safe operating area

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



$D =$  single pulse  
 $T_s = 80$  °C  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$

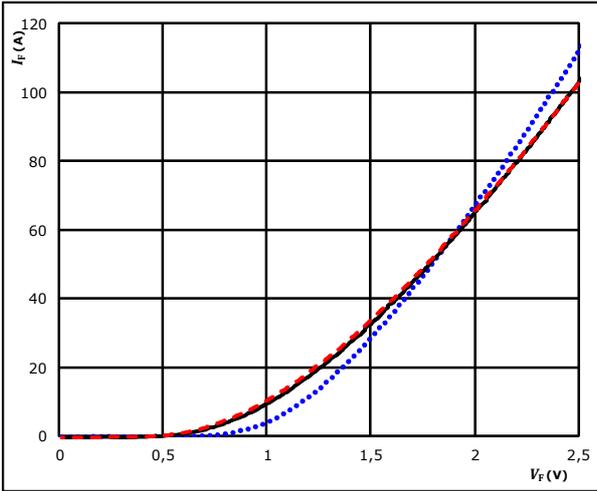


## Low / High Boost Diode Characteristics

**figure 1.** FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

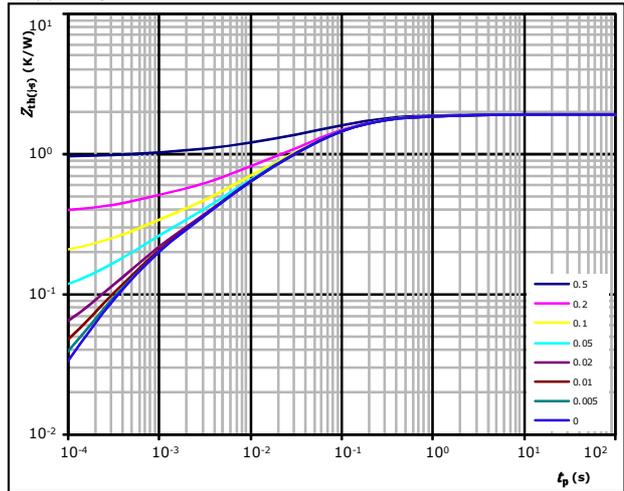


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j$ : 25 °C (blue dotted), 125 °C (black solid), 150 °C (red dashed)

**figure 2.** FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,92 \text{ K/W}$   
 FWD thermal model values

$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
9,41E-02	2,25E+00
3,44E-01	2,12E-01
8,56E-01	5,84E-02
3,61E-01	9,83E-03
1,37E-01	2,89E-03
1,27E-01	4,79E-04

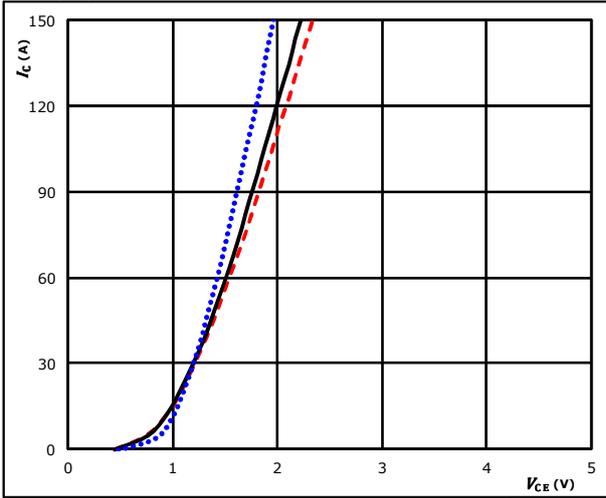


## Input Boost Switch Characteristics

**figure 1.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

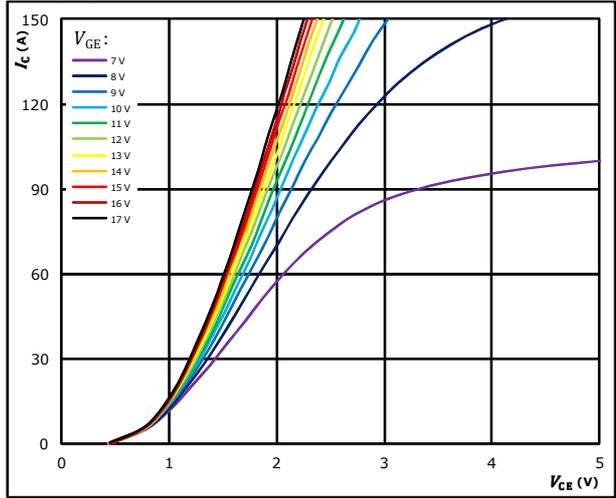


$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$   $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  .....  
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$   $T_j: 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  ———  
 $T_j: 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  - - - - -

**figure 2.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

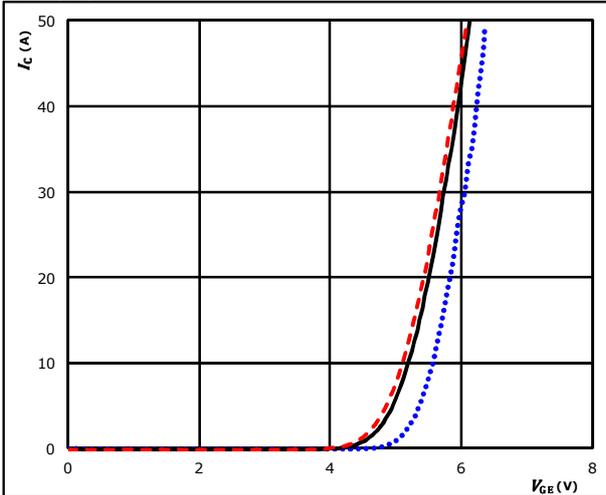


$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$   
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

**figure 3.** IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

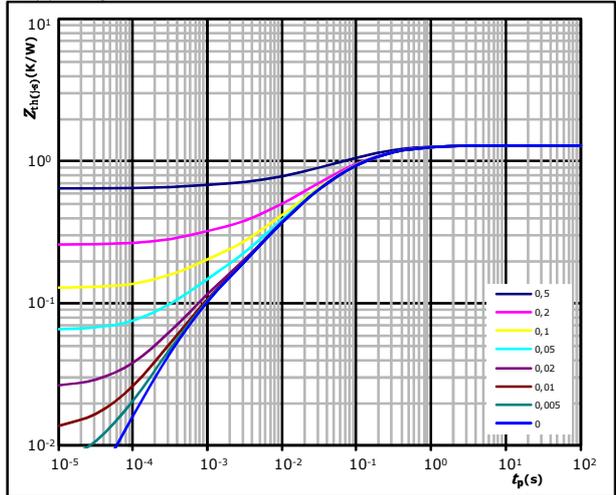


$t_p = 100 \mu\text{s}$   $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  .....  
 $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$   $T_j: 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  ———  
 $T_j: 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  - - - - -

**figure 4.** IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as function of pulse duration

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,29 \text{ K/W}$   
 IGBT thermal model values

$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
2,09E-01	5,36E-01
6,00E-01	8,05E-02
3,10E-01	1,69E-02
1,08E-01	4,25E-03
6,63E-02	5,30E-04

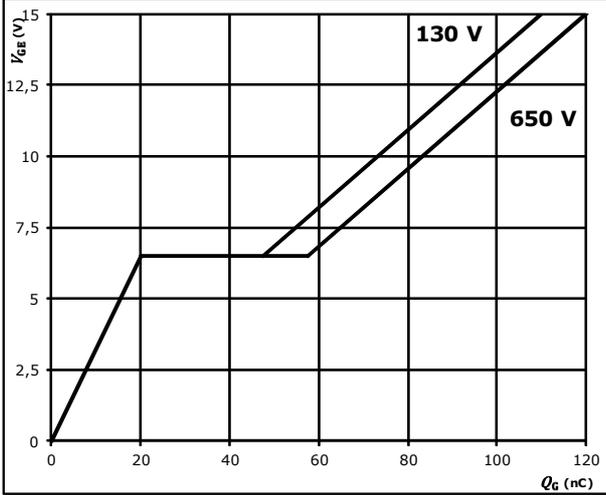


## Input Boost Switch Characteristics

**figure 5. IGBT**

Gate voltage vs gate charge

$V_{GE} = f(Q_G)$

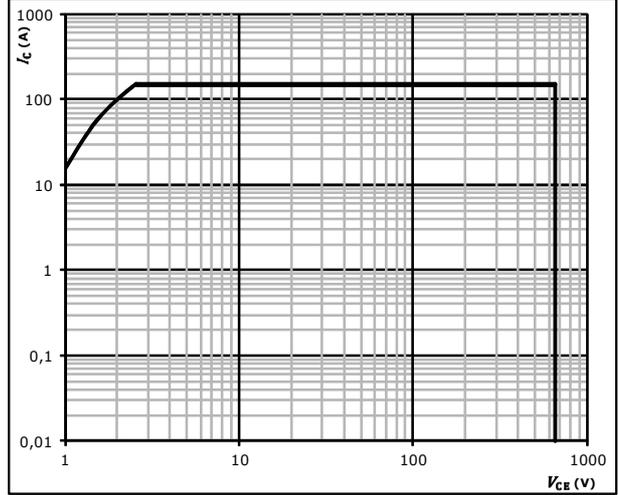


$I_C = 50$  A

**figure 6. IGBT**

Safe operating area

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



$D =$  single pulse  
 $T_s = 80$  °C  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$

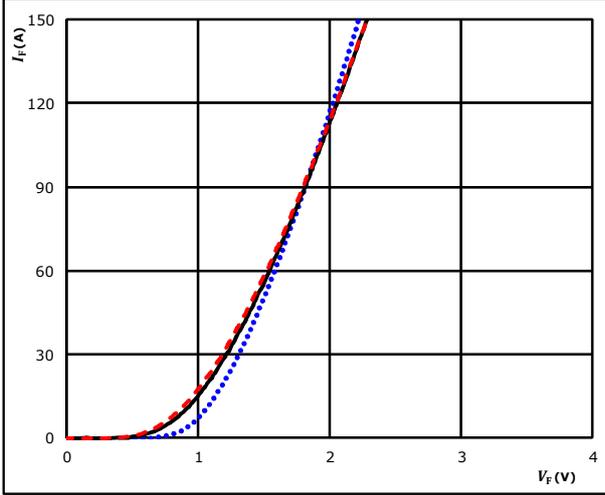


### Input Boost Diode Characteristics

**figure 1.** FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

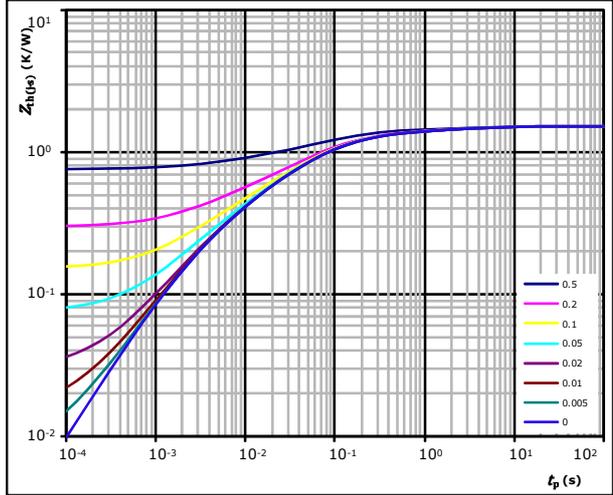


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j$ : 25 °C .....  
 125 °C ———  
 150 °C - - - -

**figure 2.** FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,50 \text{ K/W}$   
 FWD thermal model values

$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
1,03E-01	4,73E+00
2,05E-01	5,53E-01
6,39E-01	8,31E-02
3,39E-01	2,02E-02
1,71E-01	4,42E-03
4,45E-02	1,30E-03

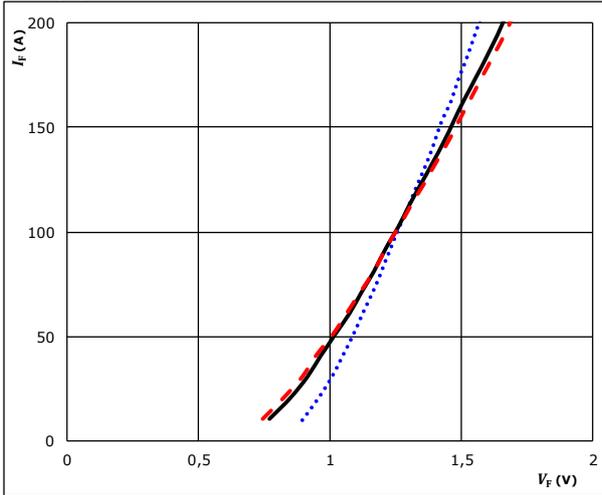


## ByPass Diode Characteristics

**figure 1. Bypass diode**

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$



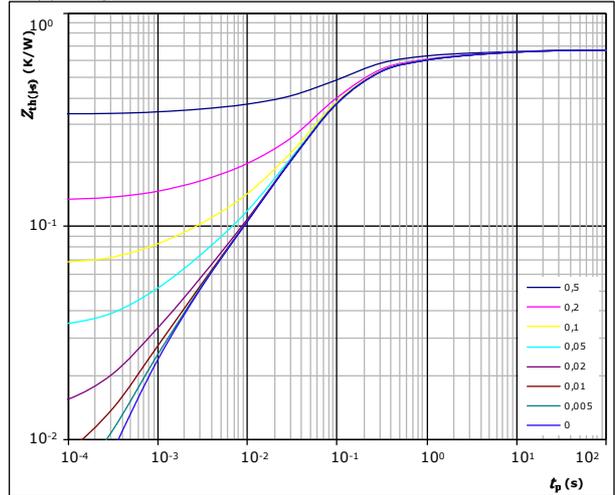
$t_p = 250 \mu s$

$T_j$ : 25 °C .....  
 125 °C ———  
 150 °C - - - -

**figure 2. Bypass diode**

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$

$R_{th(j-s)} = 0,67 \text{ K/W}$

Diode thermal model values

$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
4,15E-02	9,04E+00
7,27E-02	1,12E+00
1,99E-01	1,91E-01
2,89E-01	6,88E-02
4,54E-02	7,76E-03
2,21E-02	1,16E-03

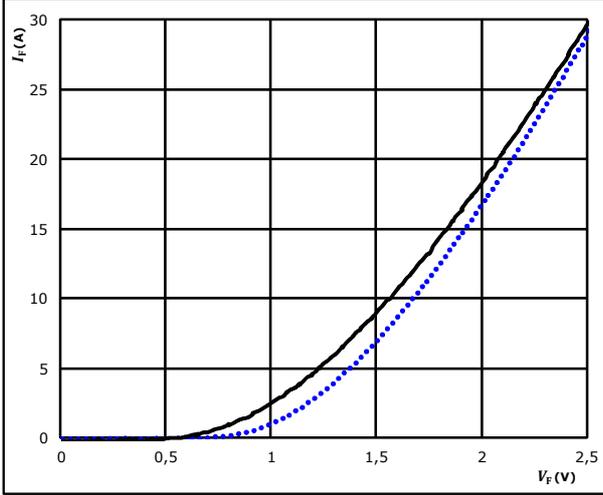


## Input Boost Sw. Protection Diode Characteristics

**figure 1.** FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

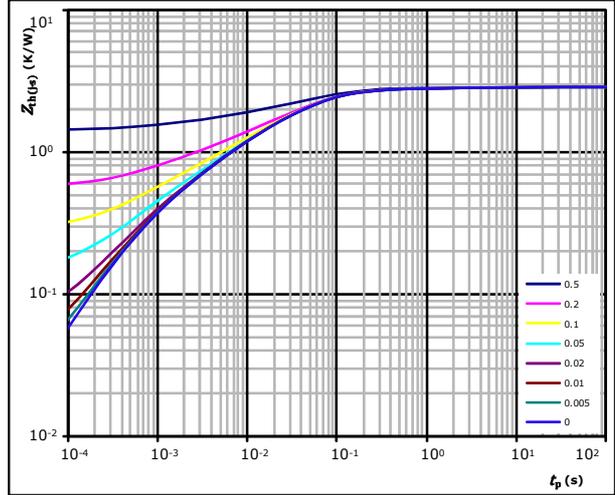


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (dotted blue line)  $125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (solid black line)

**figure 2.** FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 2,87 \text{ K/W}$   
 FWD thermal model values

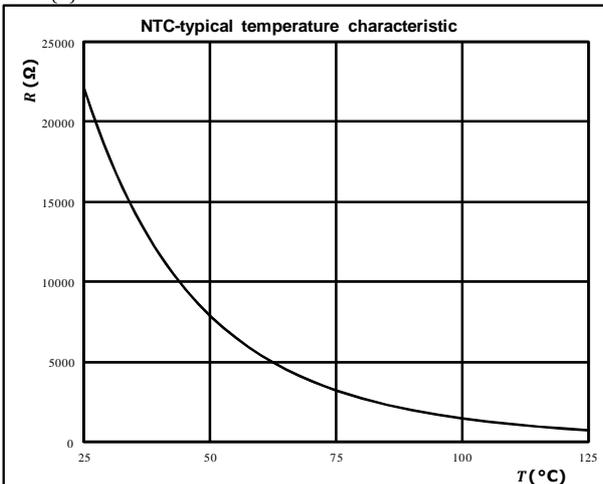
$R \text{ (K/W)}$	$\tau \text{ (s)}$
6,53E-02	3,94E+00
1,48E-01	4,48E-01
1,31E+00	5,96E-02
7,32E-01	1,36E-02
4,04E-01	2,79E-03
2,11E-01	5,37E-04

## Thermistor Characteristics

**figure 1.** Thermistor

Typical NTC characteristic as a function of temperature

$$R = f(T)$$



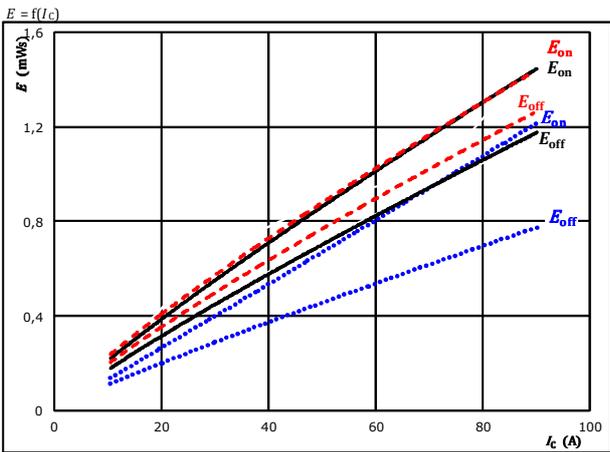


Vincotech

## Low Buck / High Buck Switching Characteristics

**figure 1.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

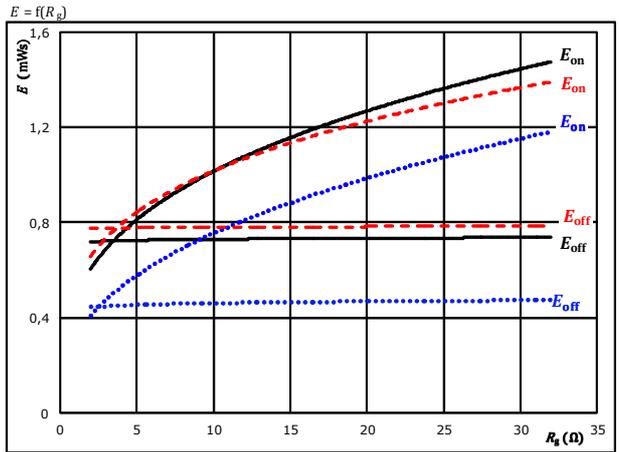


With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 8$   $\Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 8$   $\Omega$

$T_j$ : 25 °C (dotted blue line)  
 125 °C (solid black line)  
 150 °C (dashed red line)

**figure 2.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

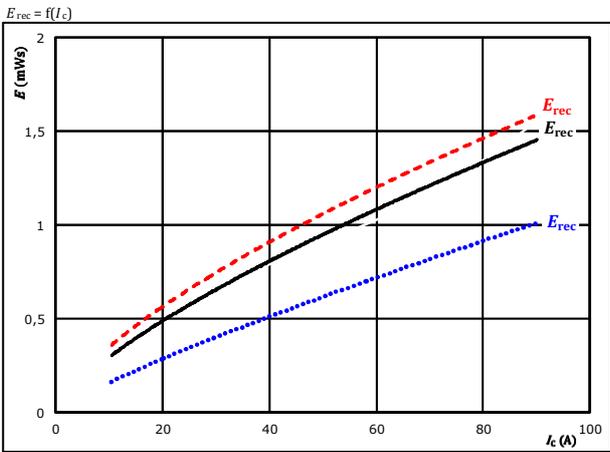


With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 50$  A

$T_j$ : 25 °C (dotted blue line)  
 125 °C (solid black line)  
 150 °C (dashed red line)

**figure 3.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current

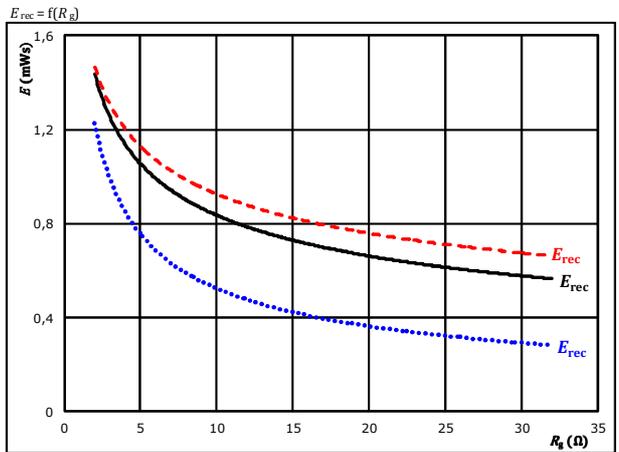


With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 8$   $\Omega$

$T_j$ : 25 °C (dotted blue line)  
 125 °C (solid black line)  
 150 °C (dashed red line)

**figure 4.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 50$  A

$T_j$ : 25 °C (dotted blue line)  
 125 °C (solid black line)  
 150 °C (dashed red line)

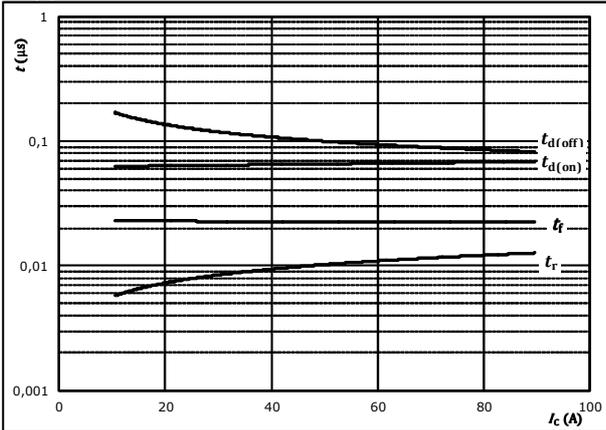


## Low Buck / High Buck Switching Characteristics

**figure 5.** IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_C)$$



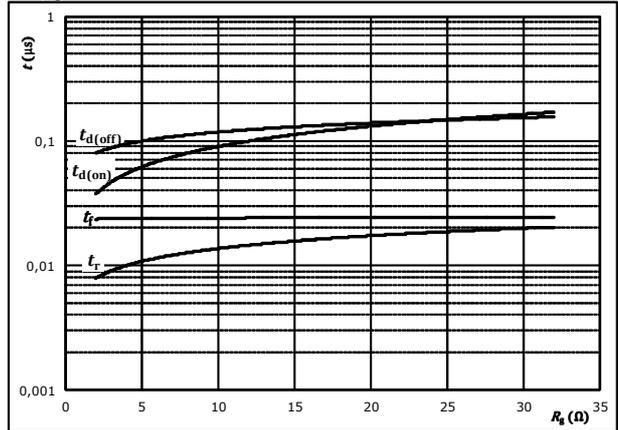
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{g(on)} =$	8	Ω
$R_{g(off)} =$	8	Ω

**figure 6.** IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(R_g)$$



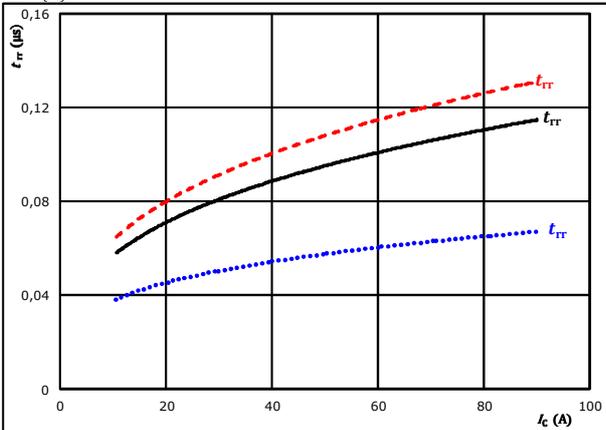
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$I_C =$	50	A

**figure 7.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$$

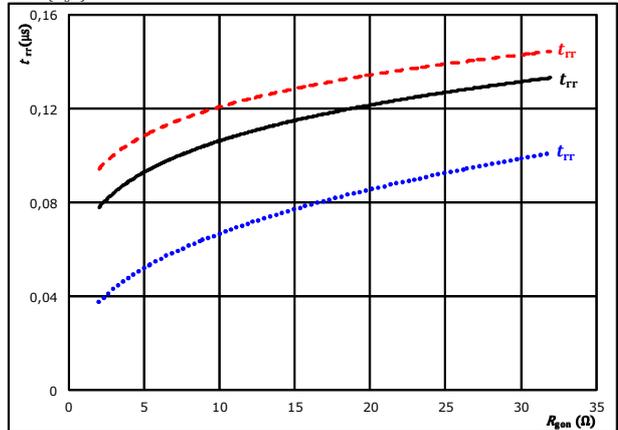


At	$V_{CE} =$	350	V	$T_j:$	25 °C	.....
	$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		125 °C	————
	$R_{g(on)} =$	8	Ω		150 °C	- - - -

**figure 8.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{g(on)})$$



At	$V_{CE} =$	350	V	$T_j:$	25 °C	.....
	$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		125 °C	————
	$I_C =$	50	A		150 °C	- - - -



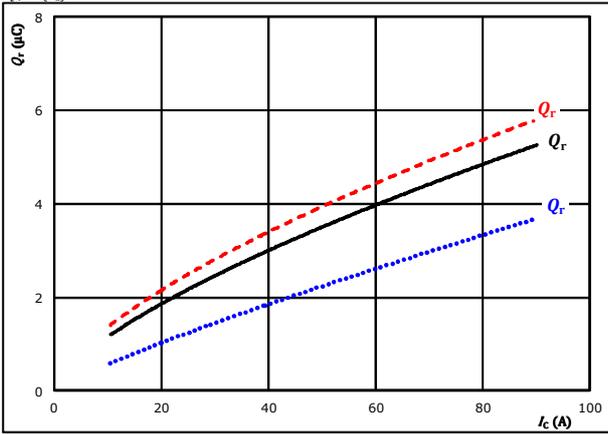
Vincotech

## Low Buck / High Buck Switching Characteristics

**figure 9.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C  $R_{gdn} = 8$  Ω  $I_c = 50$  A

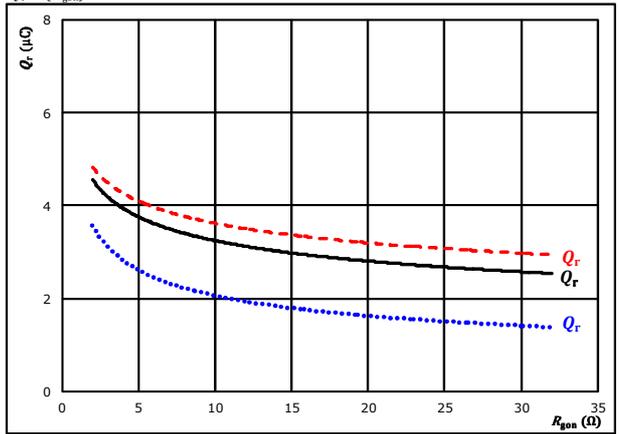
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C

$T_j = 150$  °C

**figure 10.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gdn})$$



At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C  $R_{gdn} = 8$  Ω  $I_c = 50$  A

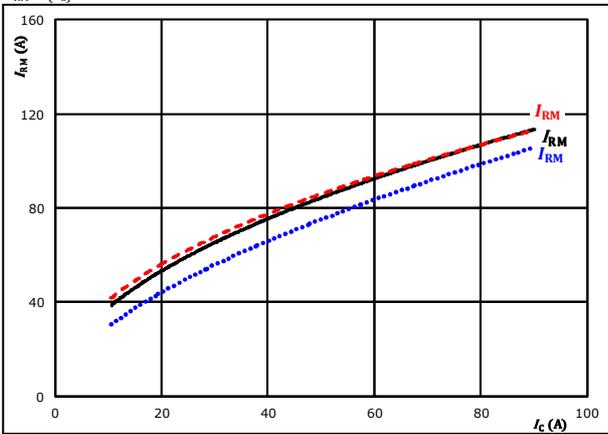
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C

$T_j = 150$  °C

**figure 11.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C  $R_{gdn} = 8$  Ω  $I_c = 50$  A

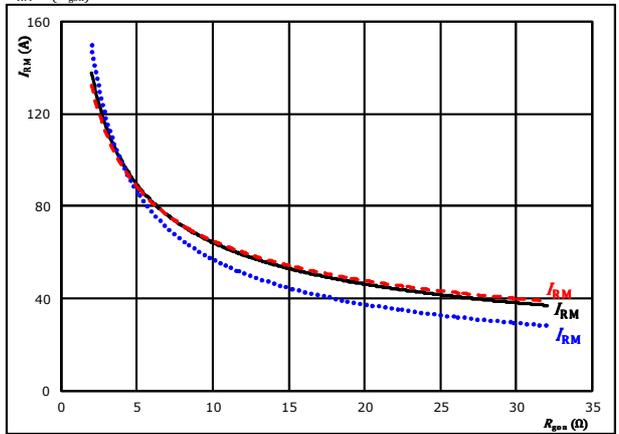
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C

$T_j = 150$  °C

**figure 12.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gdn})$$



At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C  $R_{gdn} = 8$  Ω  $I_c = 50$  A

$V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C

$T_j = 150$  °C

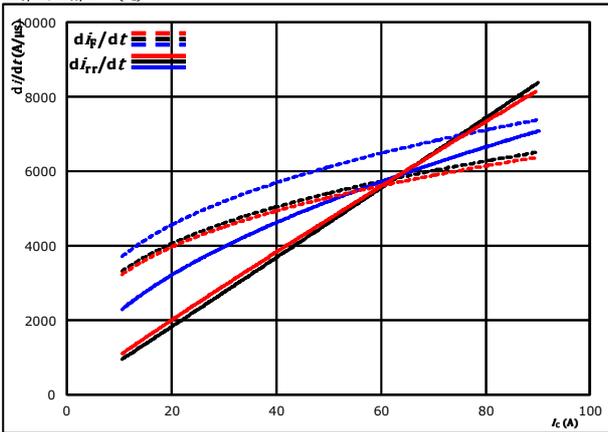


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## Low Buck / High Buck Switching Characteristics

**figure 13.** FWD

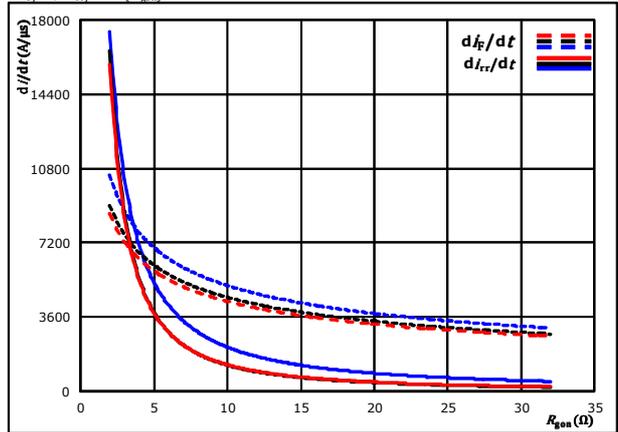
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C  
 $R_{g(on)} = 8$  Ω  $T_j = 150$  °C

**figure 14.** FWD

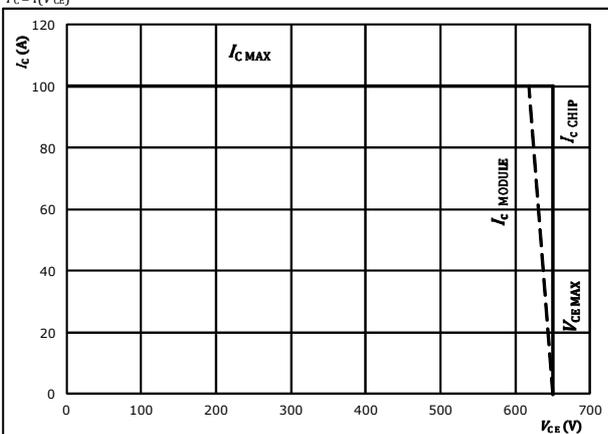
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{g(on)})$



At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C  
 $I_c = 50$  A  $T_j = 150$  °C

**figure 15.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area  
 $I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At  $T_j = 175$  °C  
 $R_{g(on)} = 8$  Ω  
 $R_{g(off)} = 8$  Ω



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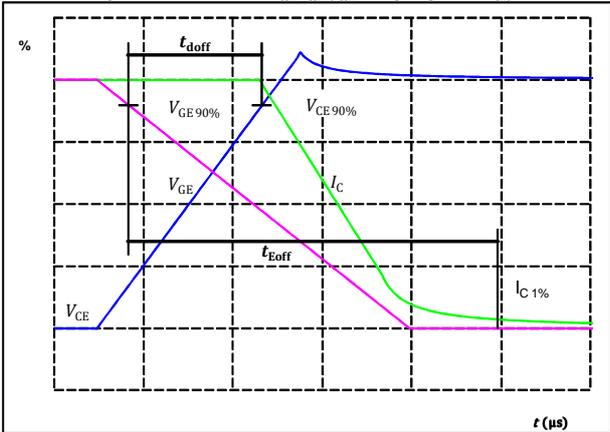
## Low Buck / High Buck Switching Definitions

**General conditions**

$T_j$	=	125 °C
$R_{gon}$	=	8 $\Omega$
$R_{goff}$	=	8 $\Omega$

**figure 1. IGBT**

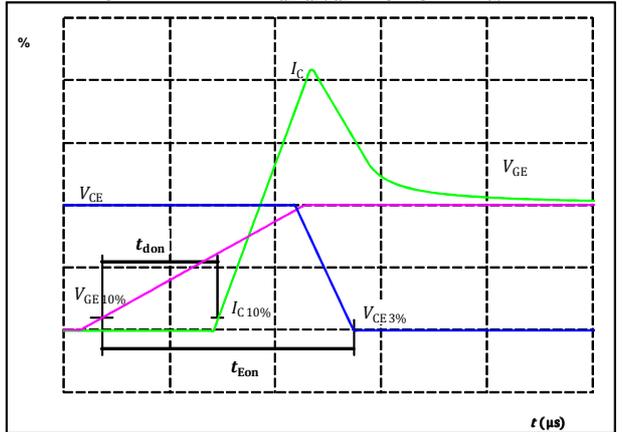
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$ ,  $t_{Eoff}$  ( $t_{Eoff}$  = integrating time for  $E_{off}$ )



$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	50	A
$t_{doff} =$	95	ns

**figure 2. IGBT**

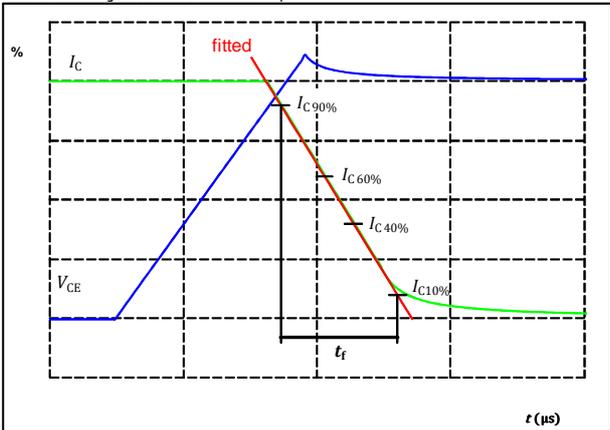
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{don}$ ,  $t_{Eon}$  ( $t_{Eon}$  = integrating time for  $E_{on}$ )



$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	50	A
$t_{don} =$	65	ns

**figure 3. IGBT**

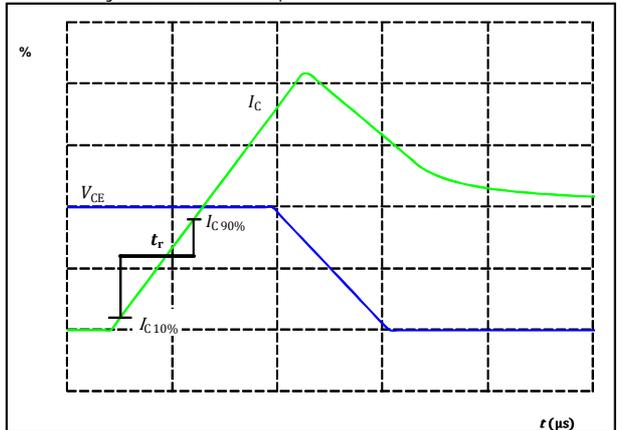
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_f$



$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	50	A
$t_f =$	20	ns

**figure 4. IGBT**

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$



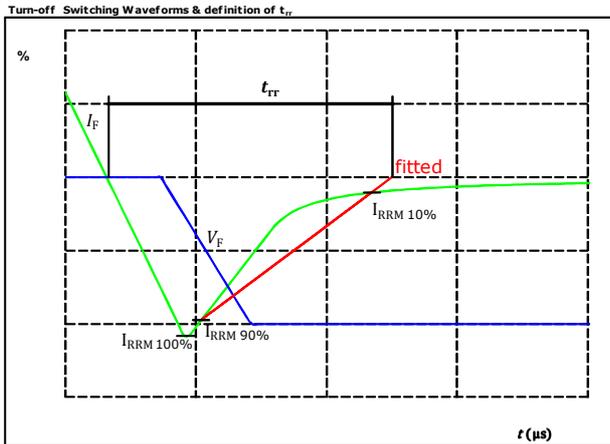
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	50	A
$t_r =$	10	ns



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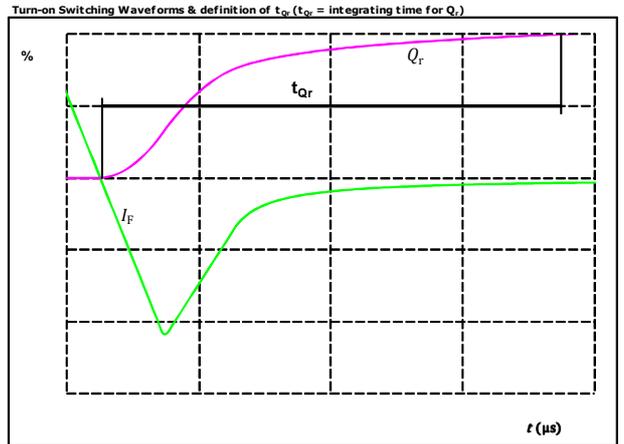
## Low Buck / High Buck Switching Characteristics

figure 5. FWD



$V_F(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_F(100\%) =$	50	A
$I_{RRM}(100\%) =$	77	A
$t_{tr} =$	100	ns

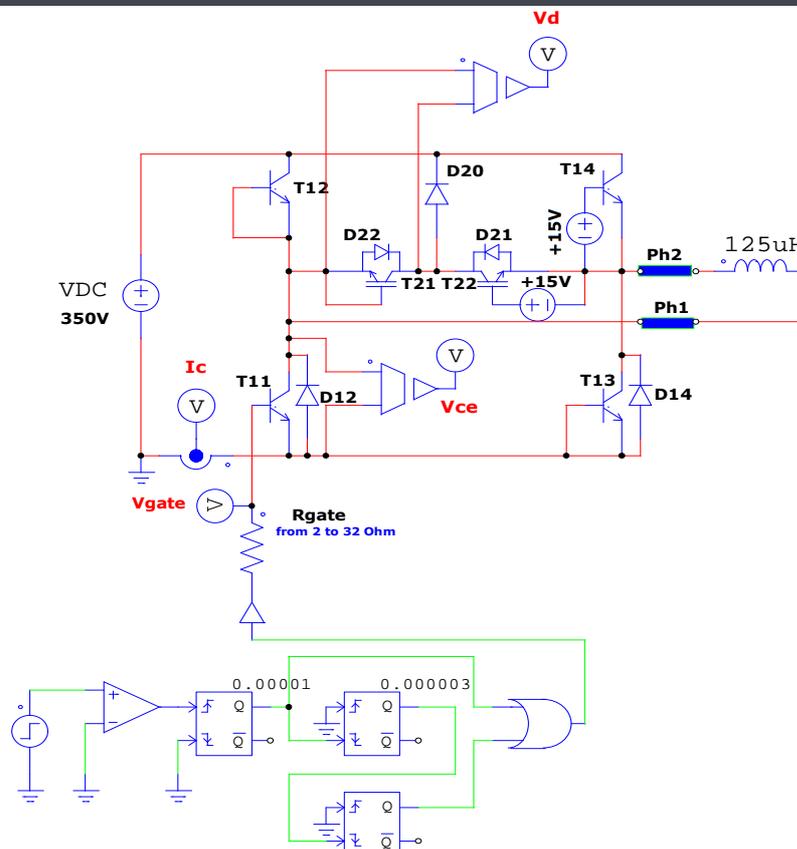
figure 6. FWD



$I_F(100\%) =$	50	A
$Q_r(100\%) =$	3,43	$\mu\text{C}$

## Low Buck / High Buck Measurement circuits

figure 1.

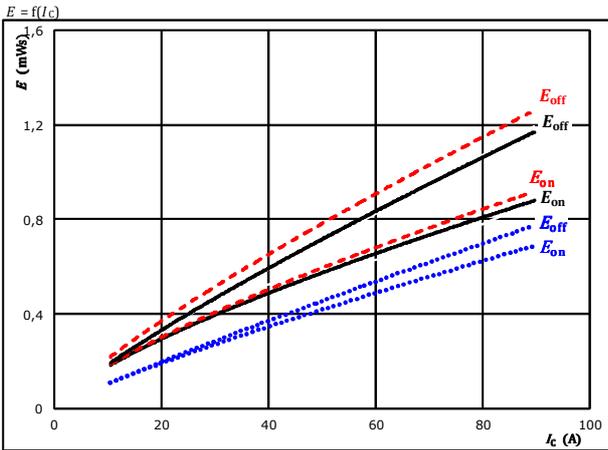




## Low Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 1.** IGBT

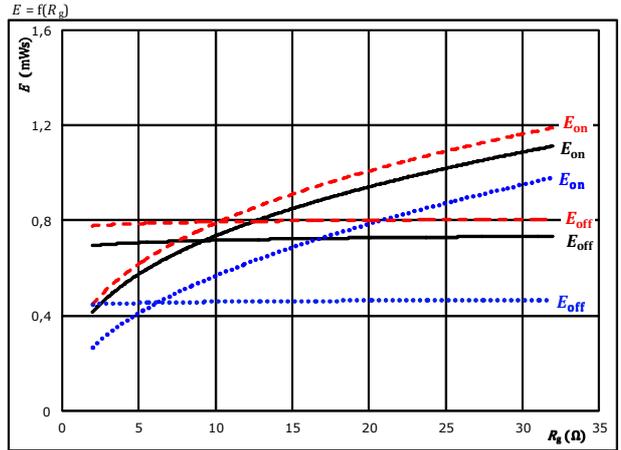
Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 8$   $\Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 8$   $\Omega$   
 $T_j: 25$  °C (blue dotted),  $125$  °C (black solid),  $150$  °C (red dashed)

**figure 2.** IGBT

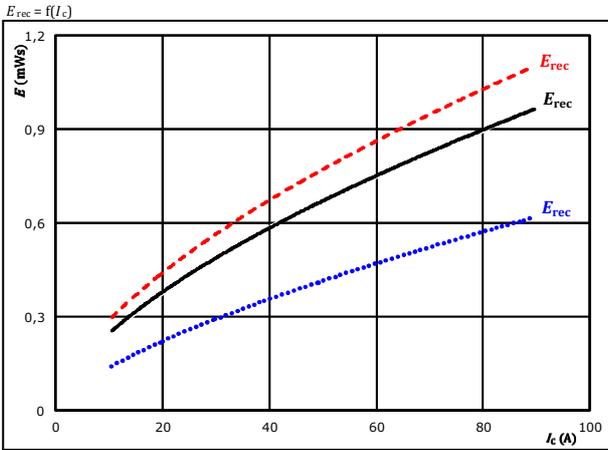
Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_C = 50$  A  
 $T_j: 25$  °C (blue dotted),  $125$  °C (black solid),  $150$  °C (red dashed)

**figure 3.** FWD

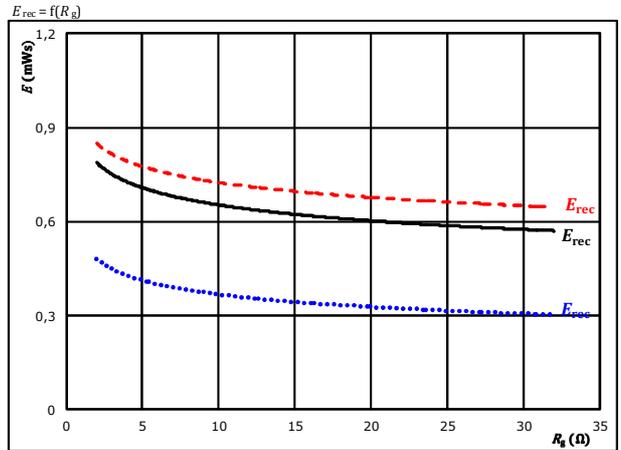
Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 8$   $\Omega$   
 $T_j: 25$  °C (blue dotted),  $125$  °C (black solid),  $150$  °C (red dashed)

**figure 4.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_C = 50$  A  
 $T_j: 25$  °C (blue dotted),  $125$  °C (black solid),  $150$  °C (red dashed)

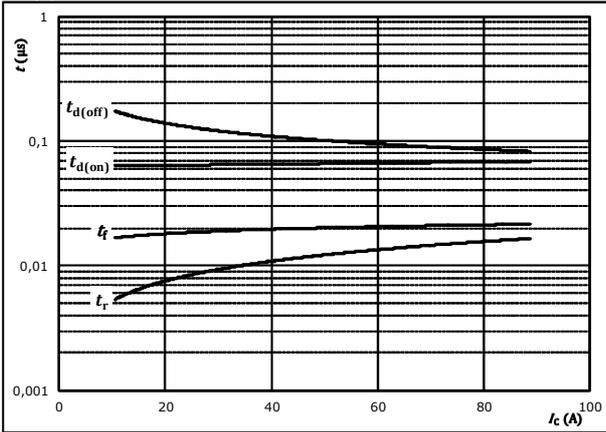


## Low Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 5.** IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_C)$$



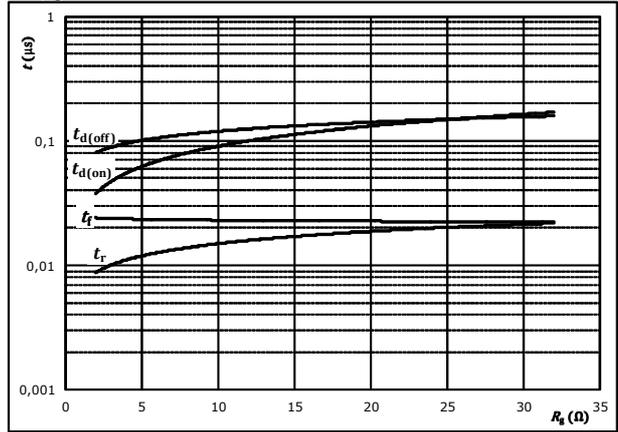
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{g(on)} =$	8	Ω
$R_{g(off)} =$	8	Ω

**figure 6.** IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(R_g)$$



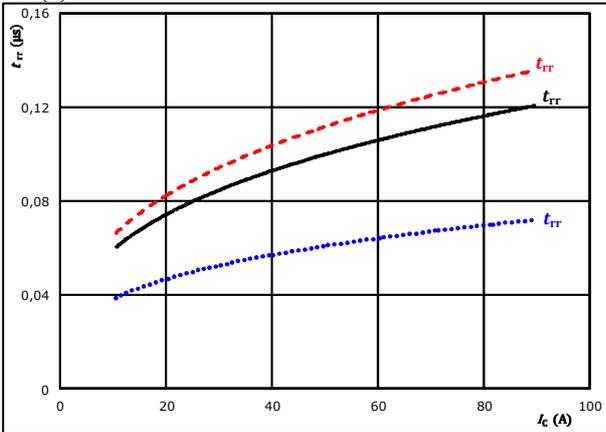
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$I_C =$	50	A

**figure 7.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$$

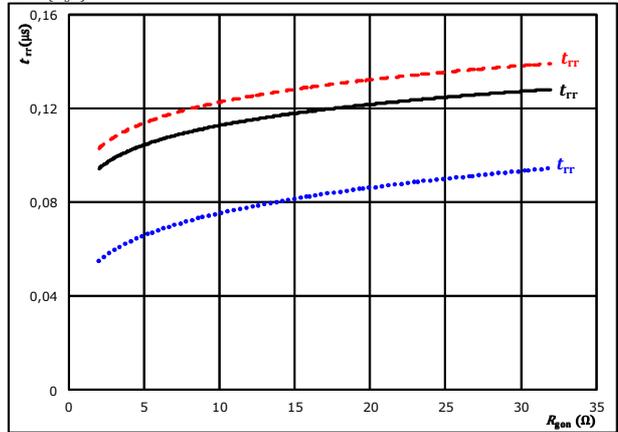


At	$V_{CE} =$	350	V	$T_j:$	25 °C	.....
	$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		125 °C	————
	$R_{g(on)} =$	8	Ω		150 °C	- - - -

**figure 8.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{g(on)})$$



At	$V_{CE} =$	350	V	$T_j:$	25 °C	.....
	$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		125 °C	————
	$I_C =$	50	A		150 °C	- - - -

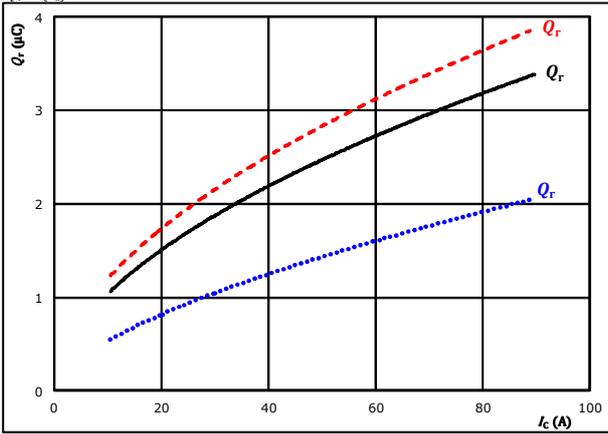


## Low Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 9.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$

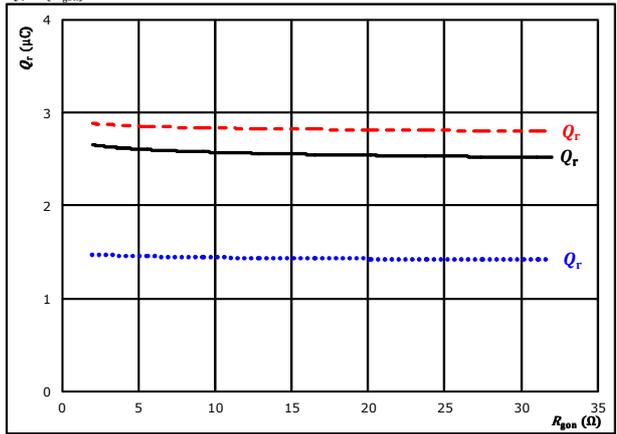


At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C  $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C  $R_{gdn} = 8$  Ω  $T_j = 150$  °C

**figure 10.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gdn})$$

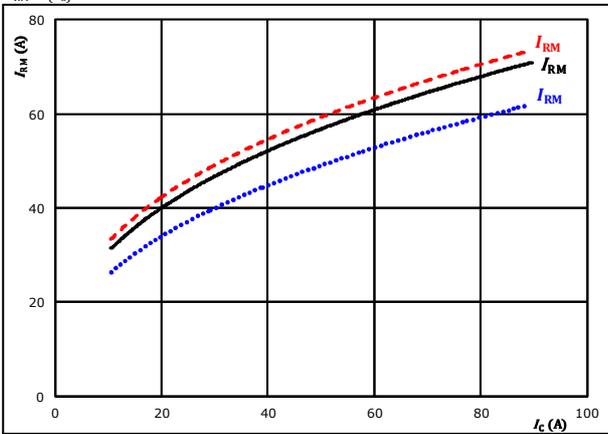


At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C  $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C  $I_c = 50$  A  $T_j = 150$  °C

**figure 11.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$

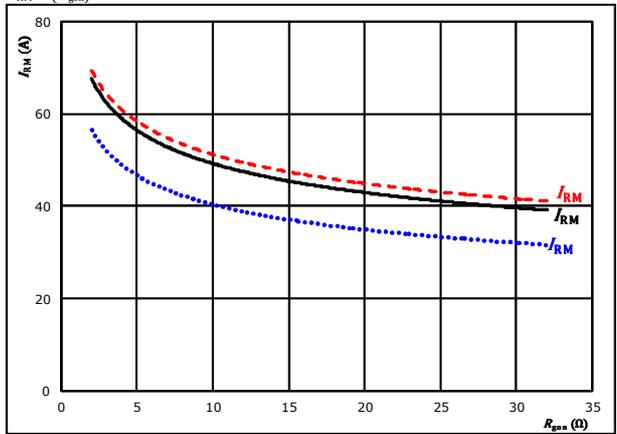


At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C  $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C  $R_{gdn} = 8$  Ω  $T_j = 150$  °C

**figure 12.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gdn})$$



At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C  $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C  $I_c = 50$  A  $T_j = 150$  °C

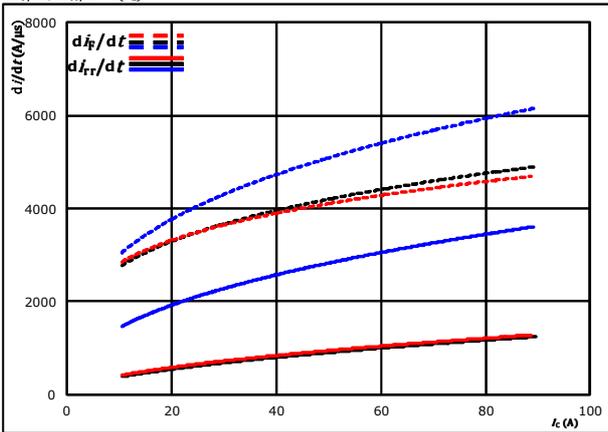


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## Low Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 13.** FWD

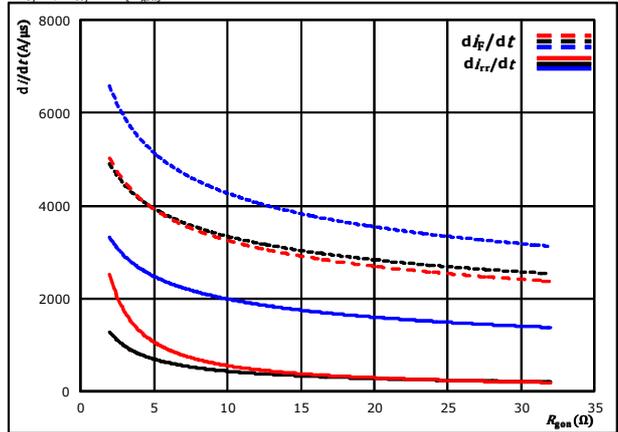
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C  
 $R_{g(on)} = 8$  Ω  $T_j = 150$  °C

**figure 14.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{g(on)})$

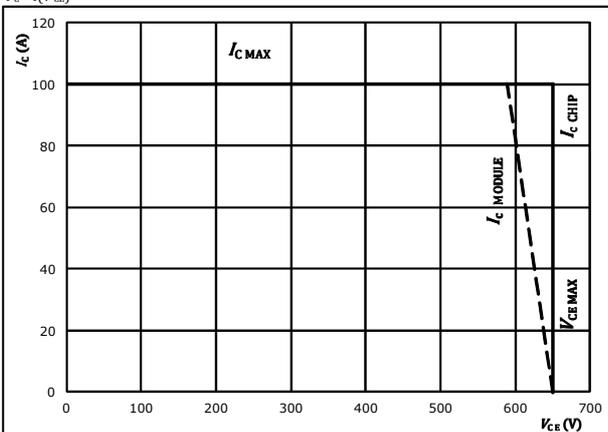


At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C  
 $I_c = 50$  A  $T_j = 150$  °C

**figure 15.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At  $T_j = 175$  °C  
 $R_{g(on)} = 8$  Ω  
 $R_{g(off)} = 8$  Ω



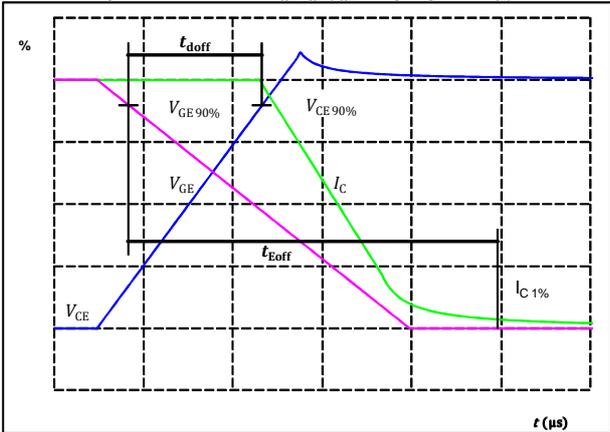
## Low Boost Switching Definitions

**General conditions**

$T_j$	=	125 °C
$R_{gon}$	=	8 $\Omega$
$R_{goff}$	=	8 $\Omega$

**figure 1.** IGBT

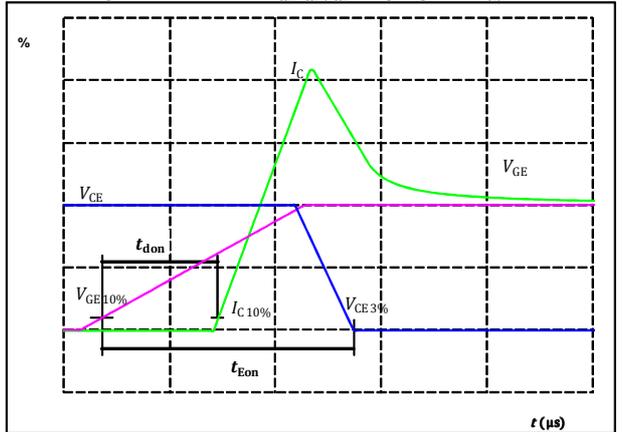
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$ ,  $t_{Eoff}$  ( $t_{Eoff}$  = integrating time for  $E_{off}$ )



$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	50	A
$t_{doff} =$	96	ns

**figure 2.** IGBT

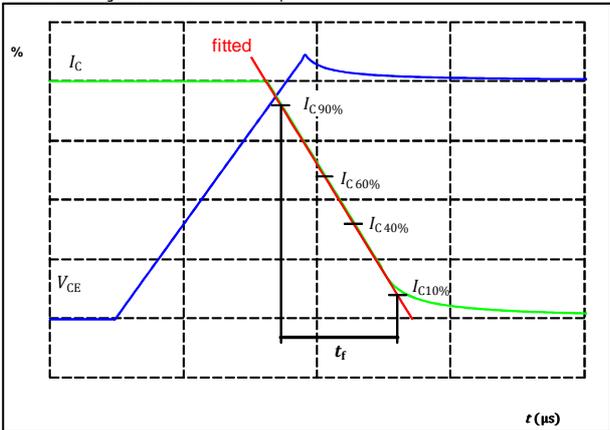
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{don}$ ,  $t_{Eon}$  ( $t_{Eon}$  = integrating time for  $E_{on}$ )



$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	50	A
$t_{don} =$	65	ns

**figure 3.** IGBT

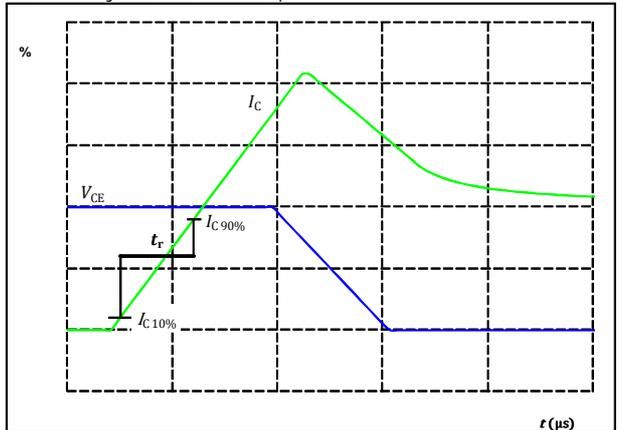
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$



$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	50	A
$t_r =$	20	ns

**figure 4.** IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$



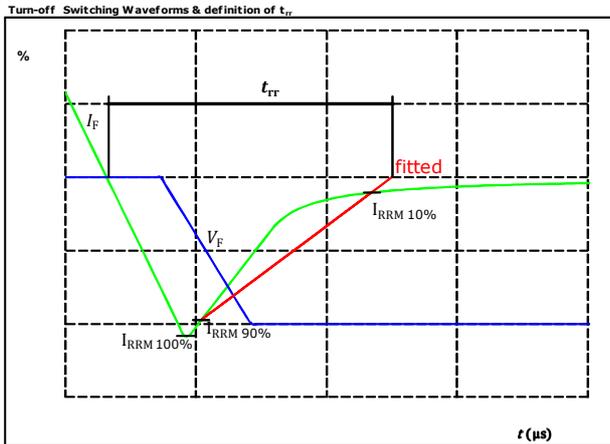
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	50	A
$t_r =$	12	ns



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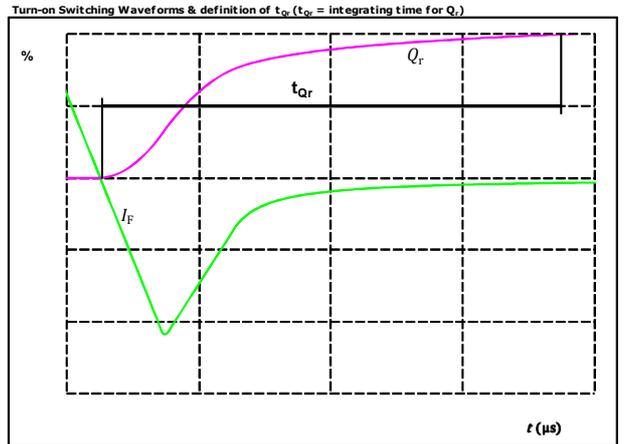
## Low Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 5. FWD



$V_F(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_F(100\%) =$	50	A
$I_{RRM}(100\%) =$	57	A
$t_{tr} =$	102	ns

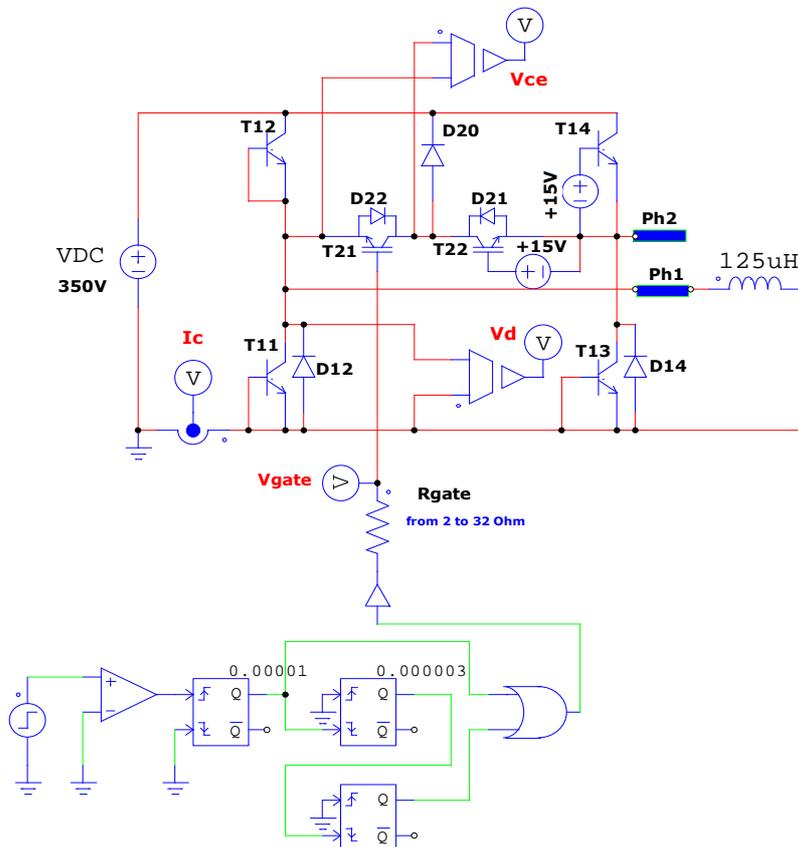
figure 6. FWD



$I_F(100\%) =$	50	A
$Q_r(100\%) =$	2,52	$\mu\text{C}$

## Low Boost Measurement circuits

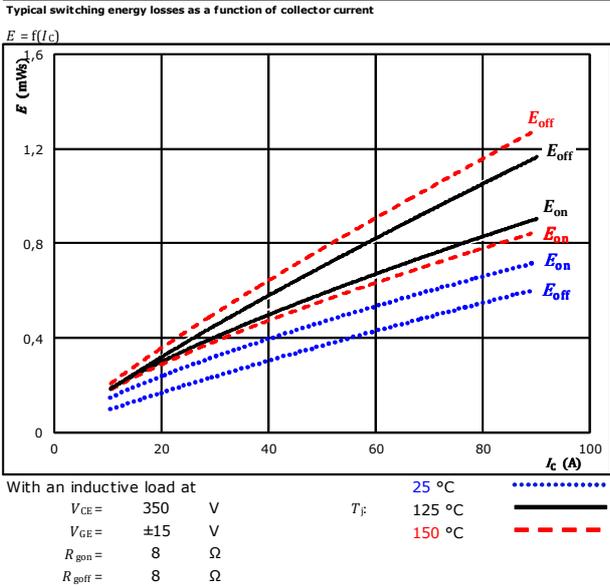
figure 1.



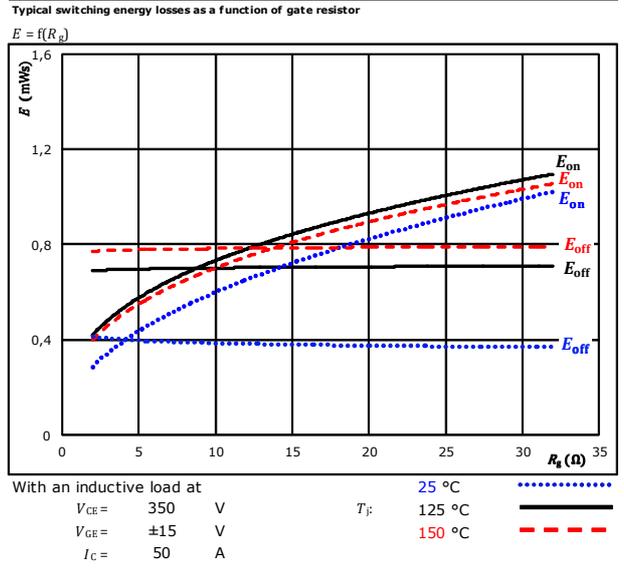


## High Boost Switching Characteristics

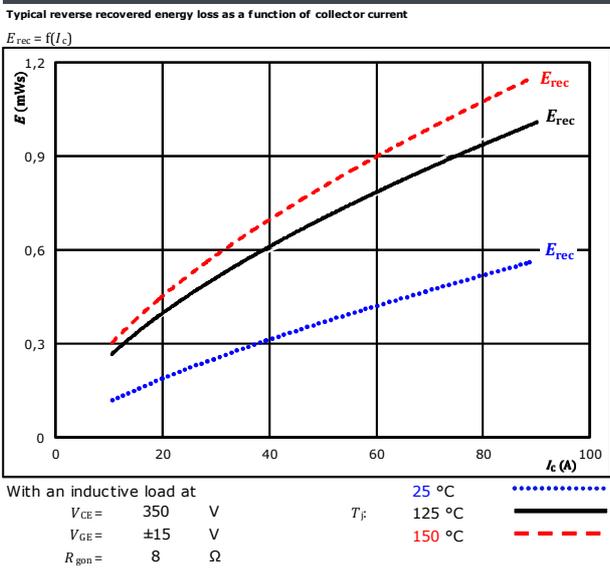
**figure 1.** IGBT  
Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current



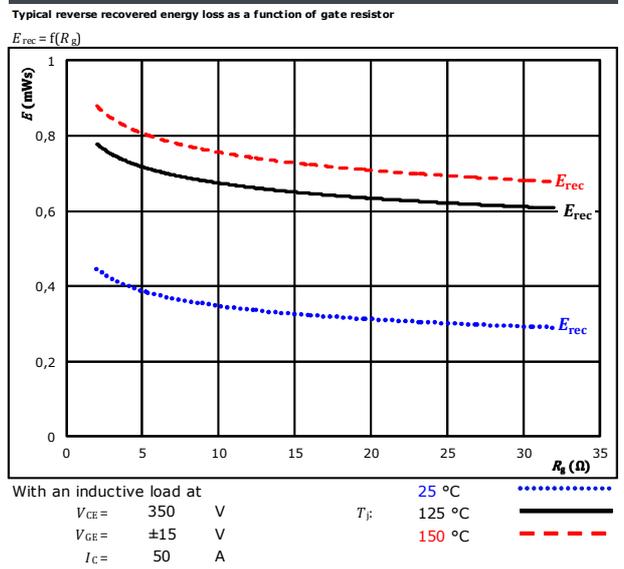
**figure 2.** IGBT  
Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor



**figure 3.** FWD  
Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current



**figure 4.** FWD  
Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor



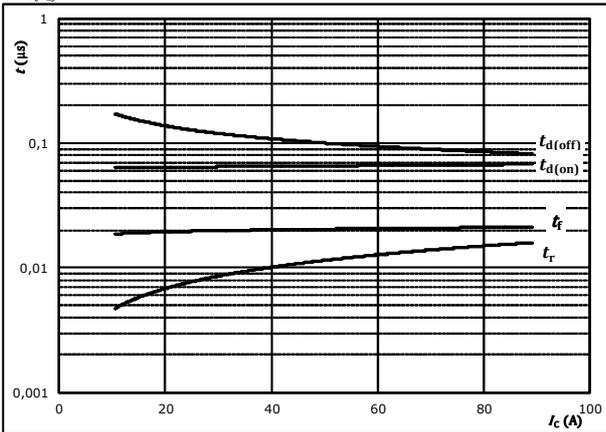


## High Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 5.** IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_c)$$



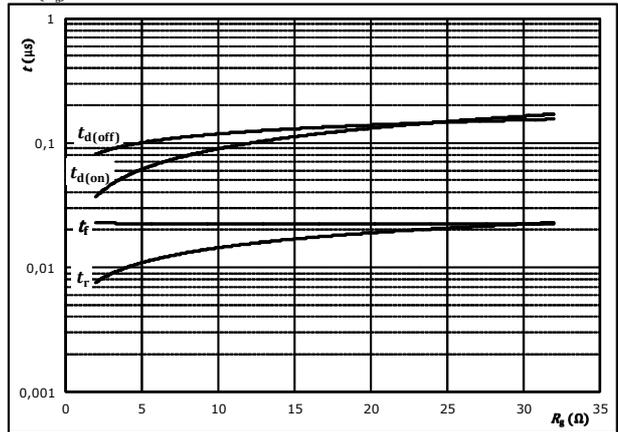
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{g(on)} =$	8	Ω
$R_{g(off)} =$	8	Ω

**figure 6.** IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(R_g)$$



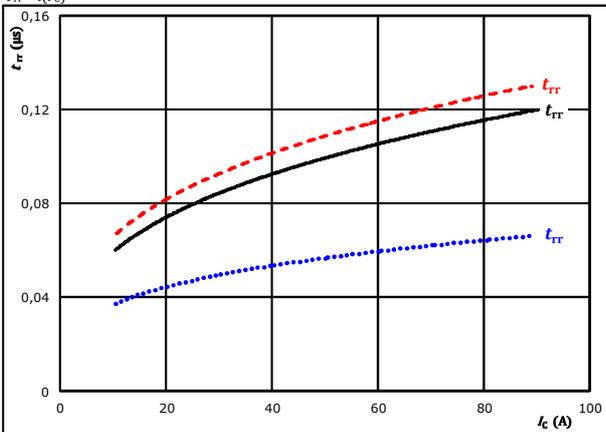
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$I_C =$	50	A

**figure 7.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_c)$$

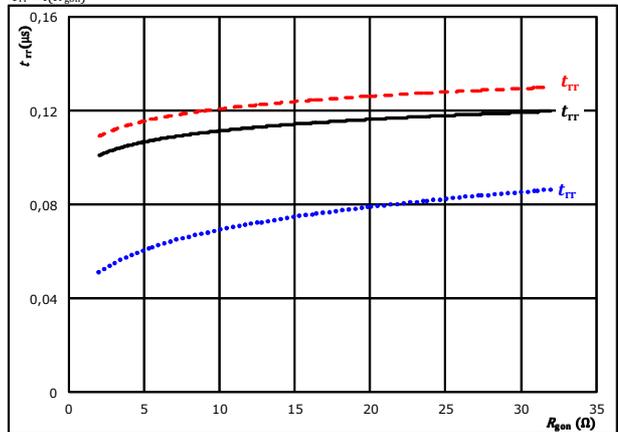


At	$V_{CE} =$	350	V	$T_j:$	25 °C	.....
	$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		125 °C	————
	$R_{g(on)} =$	8	Ω		150 °C	- - - -

**figure 8.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{g(on)})$$



At	$V_{CE} =$	350	V	$T_j:$	25 °C	.....
	$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		125 °C	————
	$I_C =$	50	A		150 °C	- - - -

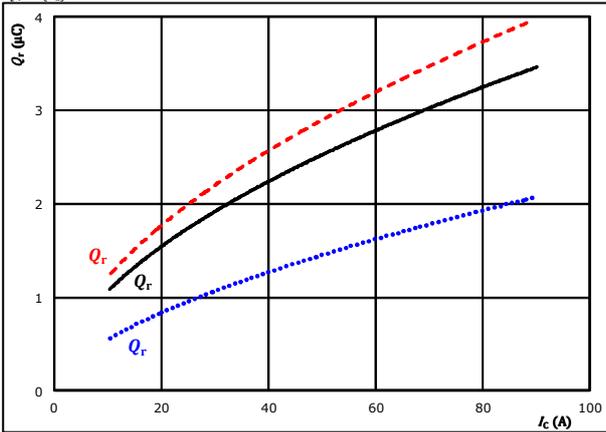


## High Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 9.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$

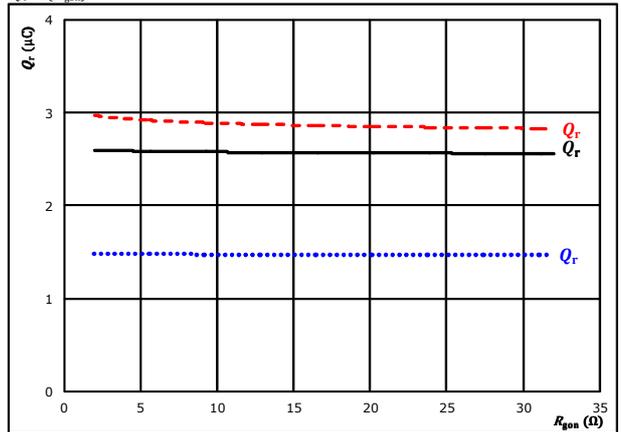


At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C  $I_c = 50$  A  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C  
 $R_{gpn} = 8$  Ω  $T_j = 150$  °C

**figure 10.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gpn})$$

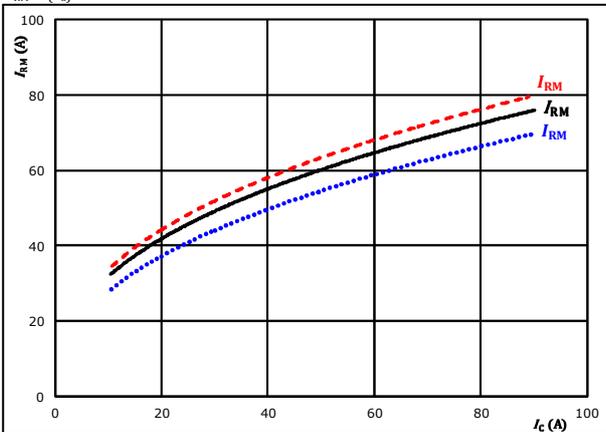


At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C  $I_c = 50$  A  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C  
 $I_c = 50$  A  $T_j = 150$  °C

**figure 11.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$

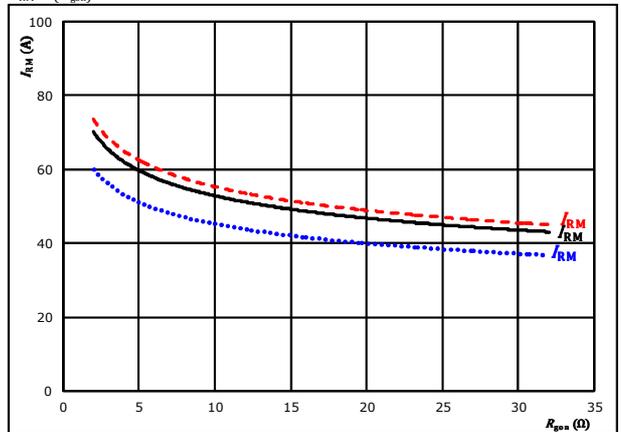


At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C  $I_c = 50$  A  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C  
 $R_{gpn} = 8$  Ω  $T_j = 150$  °C

**figure 12.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gpn})$$



At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C  $I_c = 50$  A  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C  
 $I_c = 50$  A  $T_j = 150$  °C



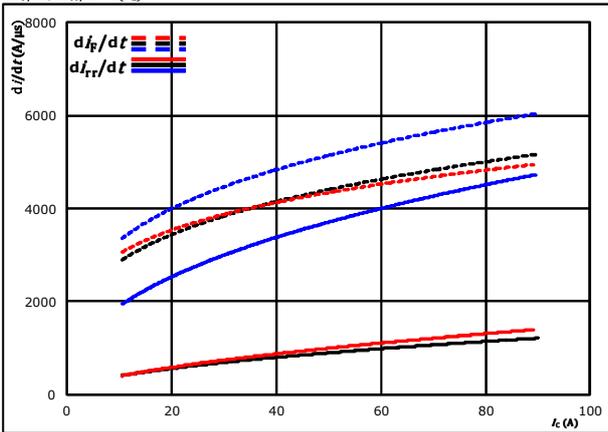
Vincotech

**10-FY07BVA050S5-LF44E18**  
**10-PY07BVA050S5-LF44E18Y**  
 datasheet

## High Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 13.** FWD

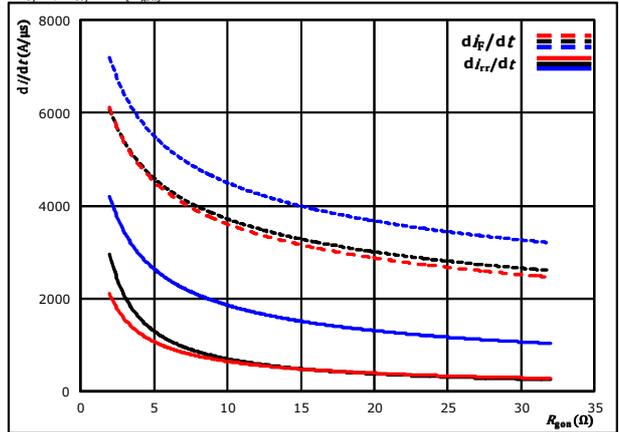
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C  
 $R_{g0n} = 8$  Ω  $T_j = 150$  °C

**figure 14.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{g0n})$

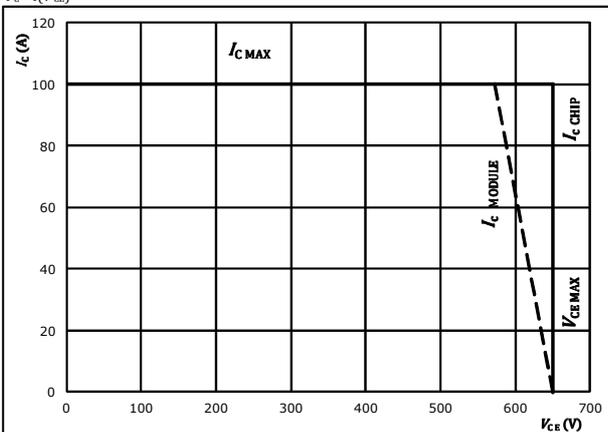


At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C  
 $I_c = 50$  A  $T_j = 150$  °C

**figure 15.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At  $T_j = 175$  °C  
 $R_{g0n} = 8$  Ω  
 $R_{g0ff} = 8$  Ω



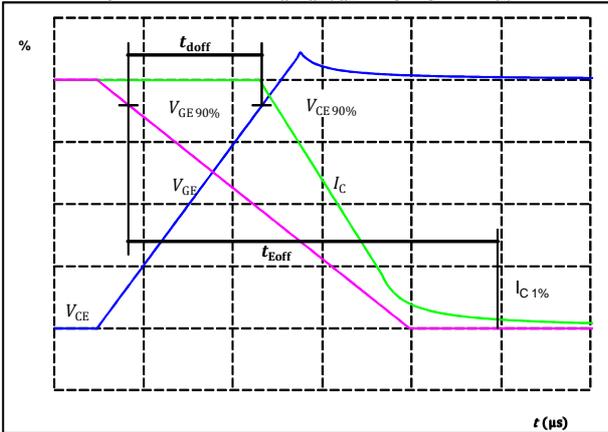
## Hihg Boost Switching Definitions

**General conditions**

$T_j$	=	125 °C
$R_{gon}$	=	8 $\Omega$
$R_{goff}$	=	8 $\Omega$

**figure 1.** IGBT

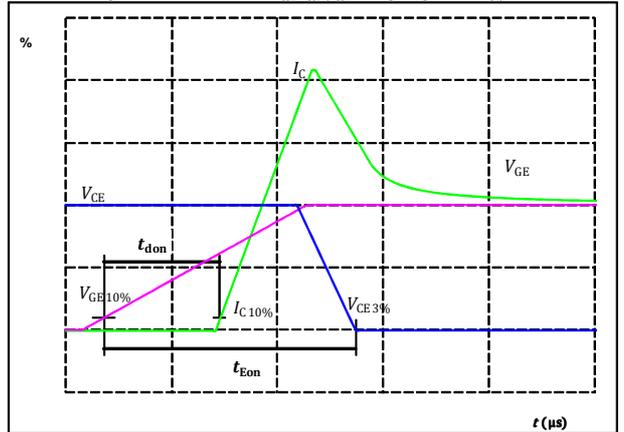
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$ ,  $t_{Eoff}$  ( $t_{Eoff}$  = integrating time for  $E_{off}$ )



$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	50	A
$t_{doff} =$	96	ns

**figure 2.** IGBT

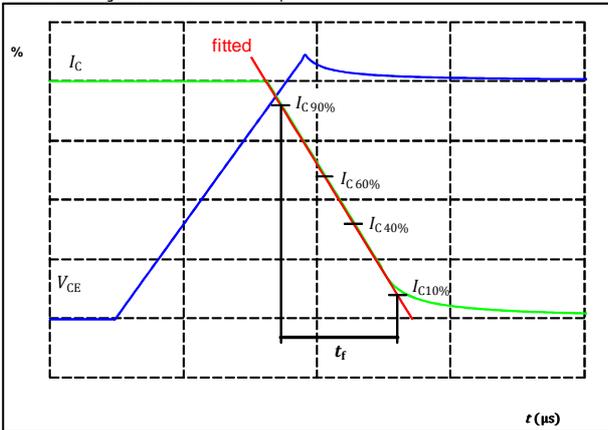
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{don}$ ,  $t_{Eon}$  ( $t_{Eon}$  = integrating time for  $E_{on}$ )



$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	50	A
$t_{don} =$	66	ns

**figure 3.** IGBT

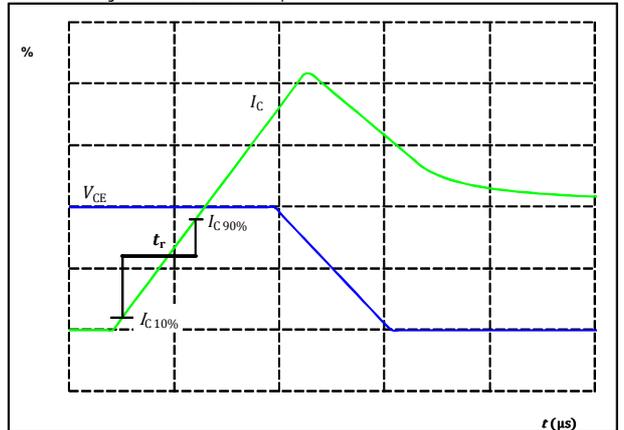
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_f$



$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	50	A
$t_f =$	19	ns

**figure 4.** IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$

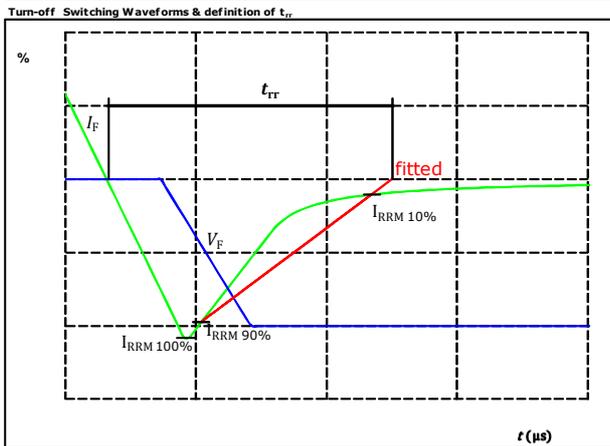


$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	50	A
$t_r =$	11	ns



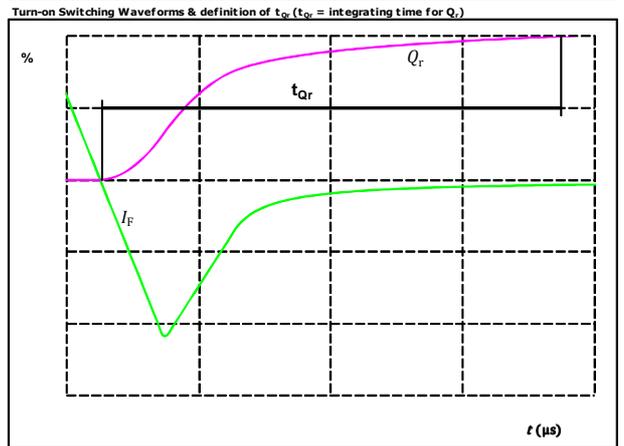
## High Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 5. FWD



$V_F(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_F(100\%) =$	50	A
$I_{RRM}(100\%) =$	59	A
$t_{tr} =$	105	ns

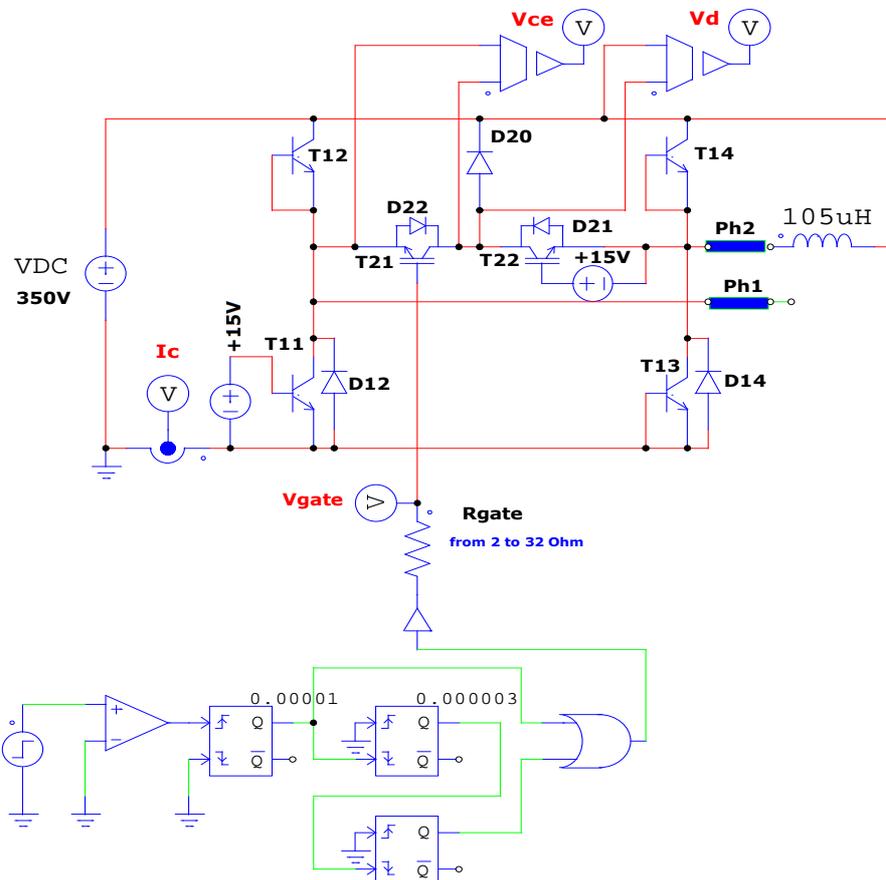
figure 6. FWD



$I_F(100\%) =$	50	A
$Q_r(100\%) =$	2,48	$\mu\text{C}$

## High Boost Measurement circuits

figure 1.

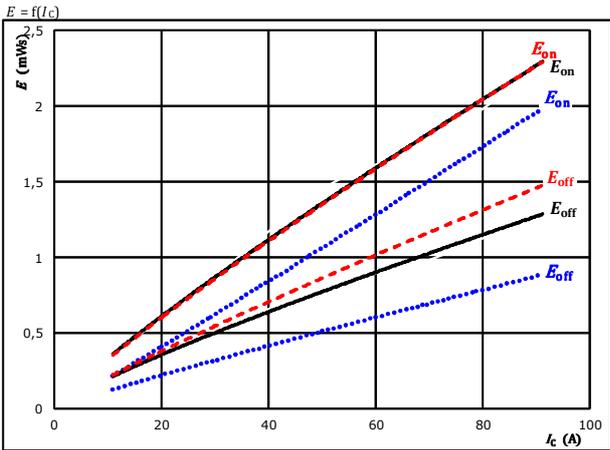




## Input Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 1.** IGBT

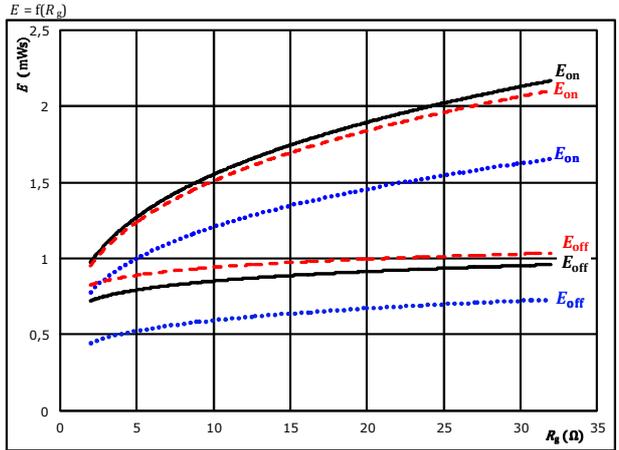
Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 400$  V  
 $V_{GE} = 0 / 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 8$   $\Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 8$   $\Omega$   
 $T_j: 25$  °C (dotted blue)  
 $125$  °C (solid black)  
 $150$  °C (dashed red)

**figure 2.** IGBT

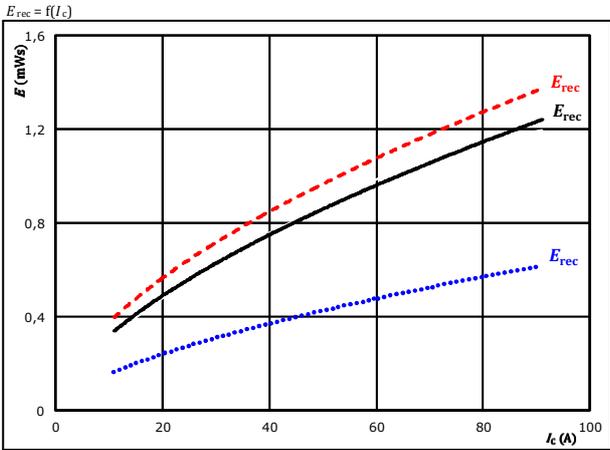
Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 400$  V  
 $V_{GE} = 0 / 15$  V  
 $I_C = 50$  A  
 $T_j: 25$  °C (dotted blue)  
 $125$  °C (solid black)  
 $150$  °C (dashed red)

**figure 3.** FWD

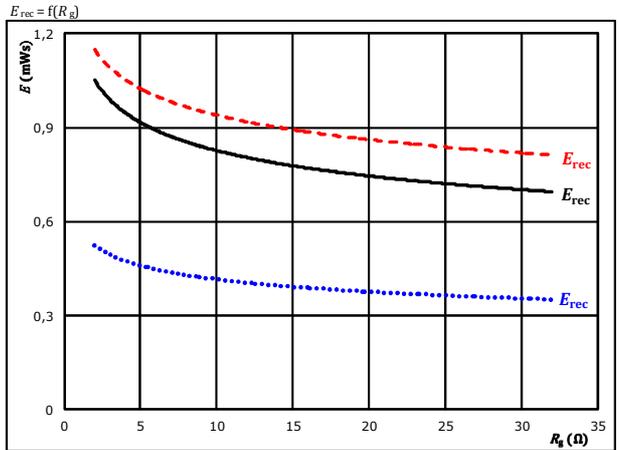
Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 400$  V  
 $V_{GE} = 0 / 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 8$   $\Omega$   
 $T_j: 25$  °C (dotted blue)  
 $125$  °C (solid black)  
 $150$  °C (dashed red)

**figure 4.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 400$  V  
 $V_{GE} = 0 / 15$  V  
 $I_C = 50$  A  
 $T_j: 25$  °C (dotted blue)  
 $125$  °C (solid black)  
 $150$  °C (dashed red)



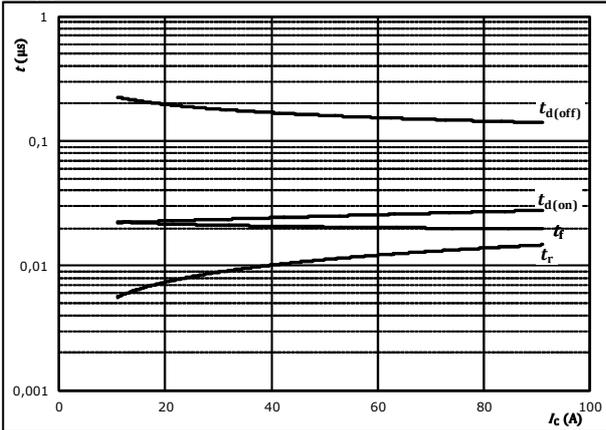
Vincotech

## Input Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 5.** IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_C)$$



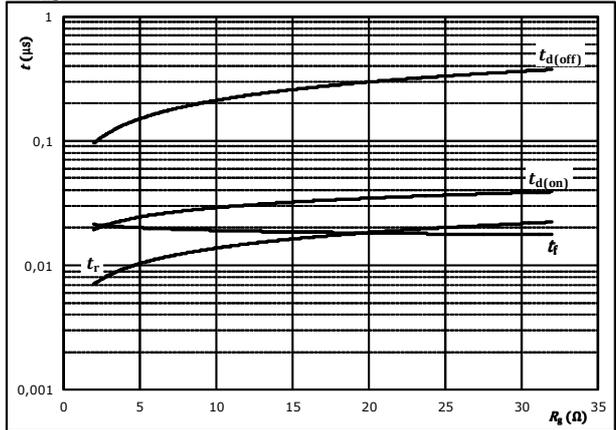
With an inductive load at

$T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0 / 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 6.** IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(R_g)$$



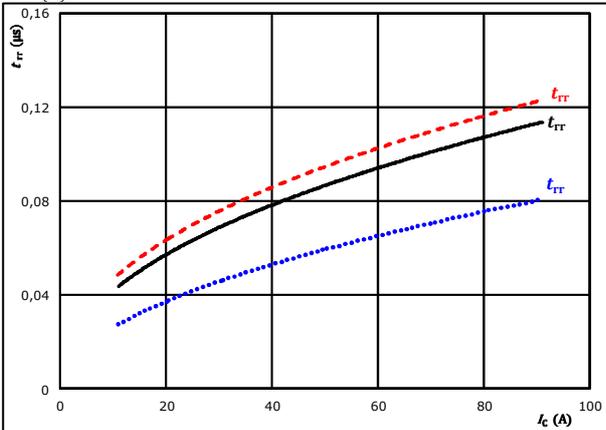
With an inductive load at

$T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0 / 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_C = 50 \text{ A}$

**figure 7.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$$

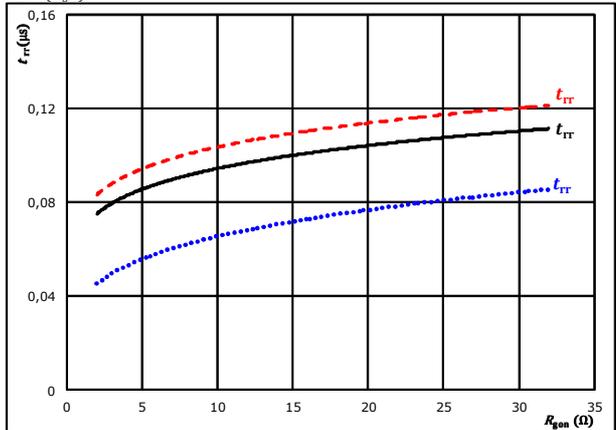


At  $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0 / 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (dotted blue)  
 $125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (solid black)  
 $150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (dashed red)

**figure 8.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$



At  $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0 / 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_C = 50 \text{ A}$   
 $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (dotted blue)  
 $125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (solid black)  
 $150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (dashed red)

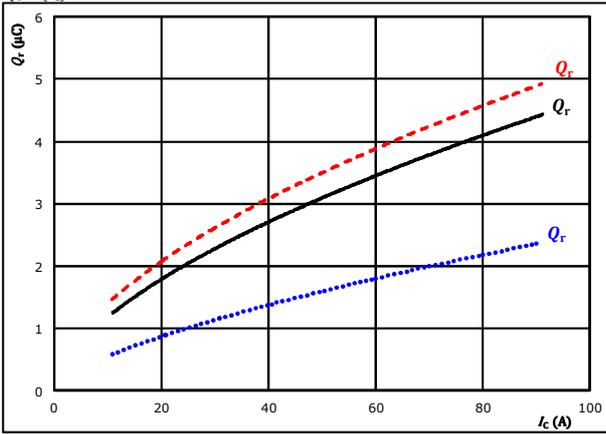


## Input Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 9.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$

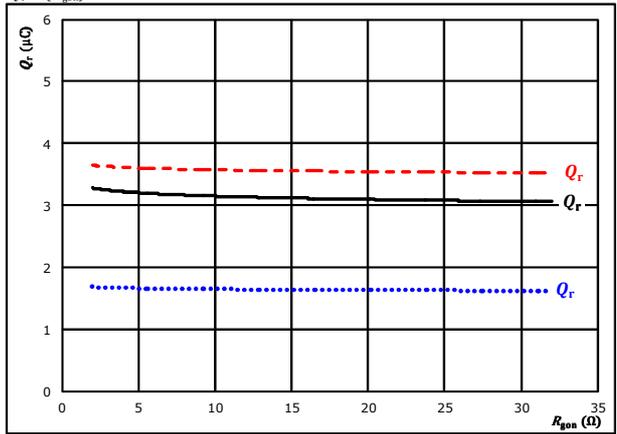


At  $V_{CE} = 400$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C  $V_{GE} = 0 / 15$  V  $R_{gdn} = 8$  Ω  $T_j = 125$  °C  $T_j = 150$  °C

**figure 10.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gdn})$$

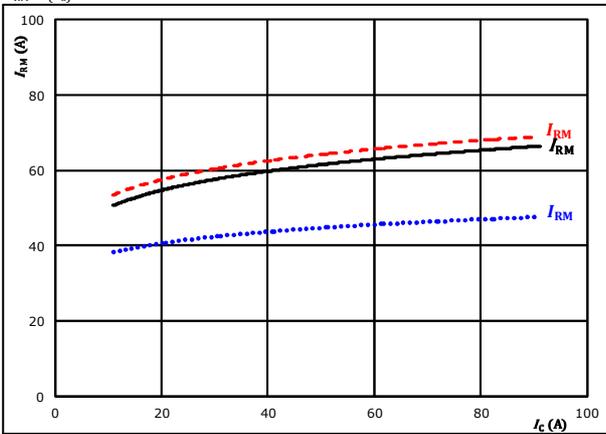


At  $V_{CE} = 400$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C  $V_{GE} = 0 / 15$  V  $I_c = 50$  A  $R_{gdn} = 8$  Ω  $T_j = 125$  °C  $T_j = 150$  °C

**figure 11.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$

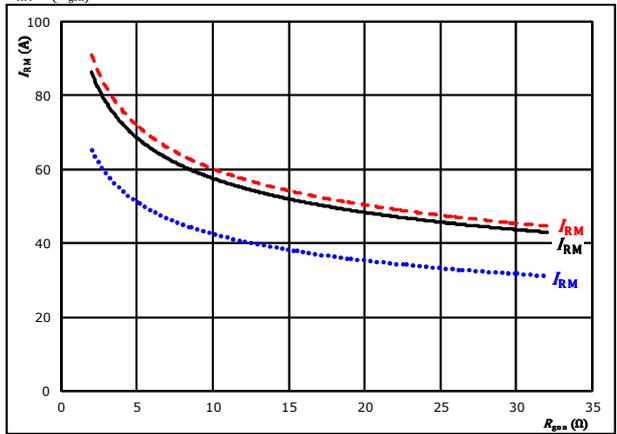


At  $V_{CE} = 400$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C  $V_{GE} = 0 / 15$  V  $R_{gdn} = 8$  Ω  $T_j = 125$  °C  $T_j = 150$  °C

**figure 12.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gdn})$$



At  $V_{CE} = 400$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C  $V_{GE} = 0 / 15$  V  $I_c = 50$  A  $R_{gdn} = 8$  Ω  $T_j = 125$  °C  $T_j = 150$  °C



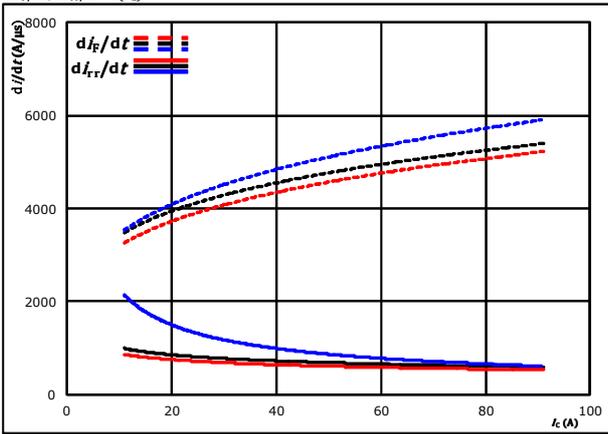
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**10-PY07BVA050S5-LF44E18Y**  
 datasheet

## Input Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 13.** FWD

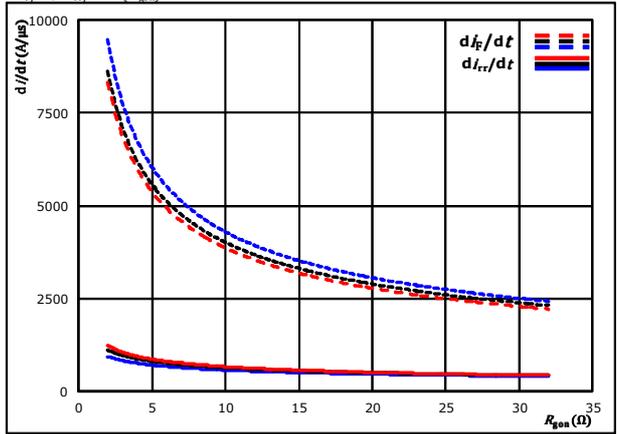
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



At  $V_{CE} = 400$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C  
 $V_{GE} = 0 / 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C  
 $R_{gon} = 8$  Ω  $T_j = 150$  °C

**figure 14.** FWD

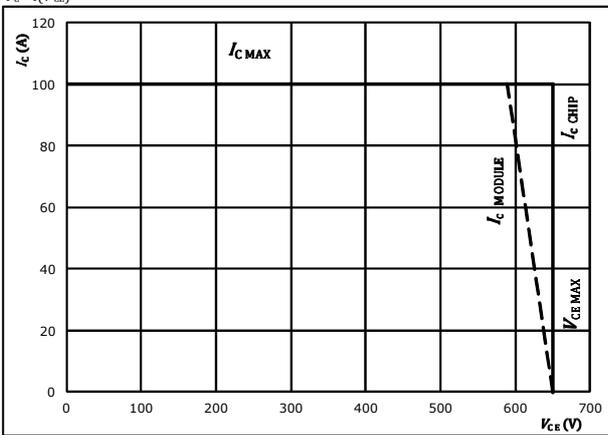
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{gon})$



At  $V_{CE} = 400$  V  $T_j = 25$  °C  
 $V_{GE} = 0 / 15$  V  $T_j = 125$  °C  
 $I_c = 50$  A  $T_j = 150$  °C

**figure 15.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area  
 $I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At  $T_j = 175$  °C  
 $R_{gon} = 8$  Ω  
 $R_{goff} = 8$  Ω



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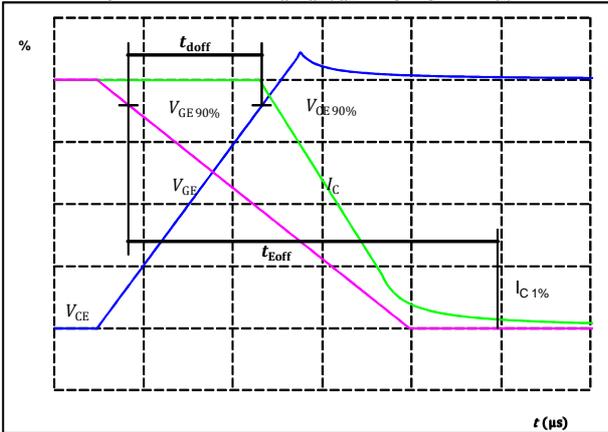
## Input Boost Switching Definitions

**General conditions**

$T_j$	=	125 °C
$R_{gon}$	=	8 $\Omega$
$R_{goff}$	=	8 $\Omega$

**figure 1.** IGBT

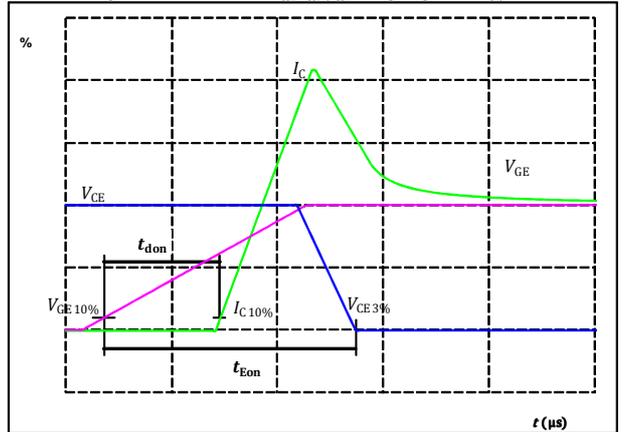
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$ ,  $t_{Eoff}$  ( $t_{Eoff}$  = integrating time for  $E_{off}$ )



$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	0	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	400	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	50	A
$t_{doff} =$	156	ns

**figure 2.** IGBT

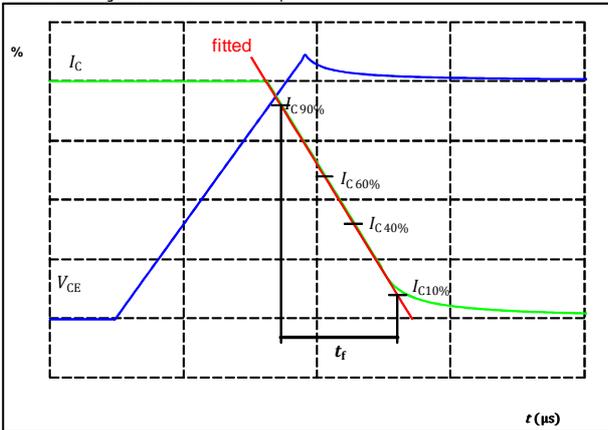
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{don}$ ,  $t_{Eon}$  ( $t_{Eon}$  = integrating time for  $E_{on}$ )



$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	0	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	400	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	50	A
$t_{don} =$	25	ns

**figure 3.** IGBT

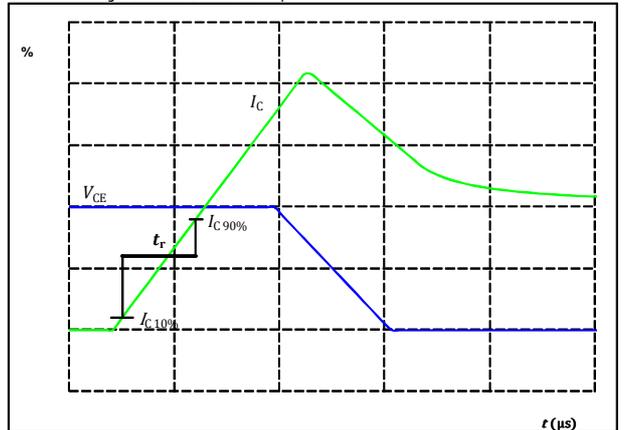
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$



$V_C(100\%) =$	400	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	50	A
$t_r =$	17	ns

**figure 4.** IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$



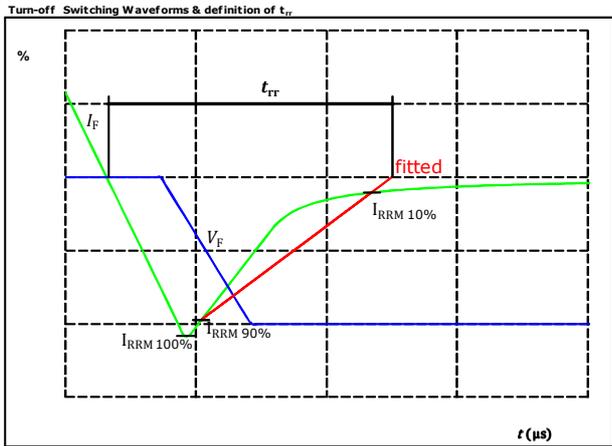
$V_C(100\%) =$	400	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	50	A
$t_r =$	10	ns



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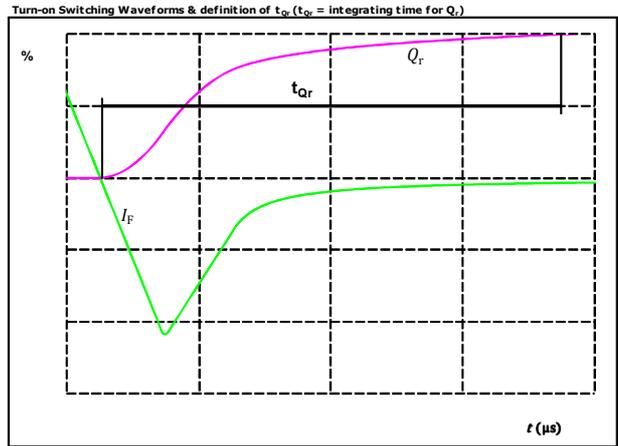
## Input Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 5. FWD



$V_F(100\%) =$	400	V
$I_F(100\%) =$	50	A
$I_{RRM}(100\%) =$	63	A
$t_{tr} =$	91	ns

figure 6. FWD



$I_F(100\%) =$	50	A
$Q_r(100\%) =$	3,20	$\mu\text{C}$



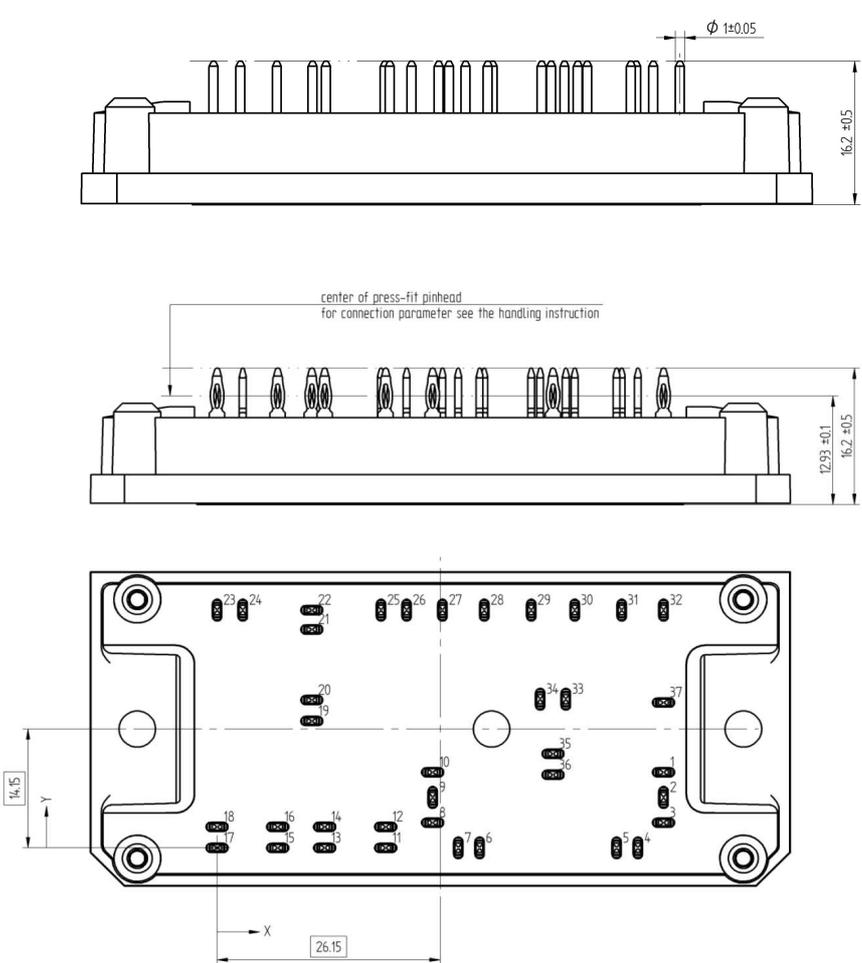
**10-FY07BVA050S5-LF44E18**  
**10-PY07BVA050S5-LF44E18Y**  
 datasheet

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Ordering Code & Marking						
Version			Ordering Code			
without thermal paste 12 mm housing with solder pins			10-FY07BVA050S5-LF44E18			
without thermal paste 12 mm housing with press-fit pins			10-PY07BVA050S5-LF44E18Y			
						
Text	Name		Date code	UL & VIN	Lot	Serial
	NN-NNNNNNNNNNNN-TTTTTWW		WWYY	UL VIN	LLLLL	SSSS
Datamatrix	Type&Ver	Lot number	Serial	Date code		
	TTTTTTWW	LLLLL	SSSS	WWYY		

Pin table			
Pin	X	Y	Function
1	52,3	9	G22
2	52,3	6	S14
3	52,3	3	G14
4	49,3	0	Ph2
5	46,8	0	Ph2
6	30,75	0	Ph1
7	28,25	0	Ph1
8	25,25	3	G12
9	25,25	6	S12
10	25,25	9	G21
11	19,75	0	Boost2
12	19,75	2,5	Boost2
13	12,6	0	DC+In2
14	12,6	2,5	DC+In2
15	7,1	0	DC+In1
16	7,1	2,5	DC+In1
17	0	0	Boost1
18	0	2,5	Boost1
19	11,1	15,1	DC+Boost
20	11,1	17,6	DC+Boost
21	11,1	26	DC-Boost
22	11,1	28,3	DC-Boost
23	0	28,3	G25
24	3	28,3	S25
25	19,2	28,3	S27
26	22,2	28,3	G27
27	26,4	28,3	G11
28	31,3	28,3	S11
29	36,8	28,3	Therm1
30	41,9	28,3	Therm2
31	47,4	28,3	S13
32	52,3	28,3	G13
33	40,85	17,7	DC-2
34	37,85	17,7	DC-1
35	39,35	11,2	DC+
36	39,35	8,7	DC+
37	52,3	17,3	A20

**Outline**

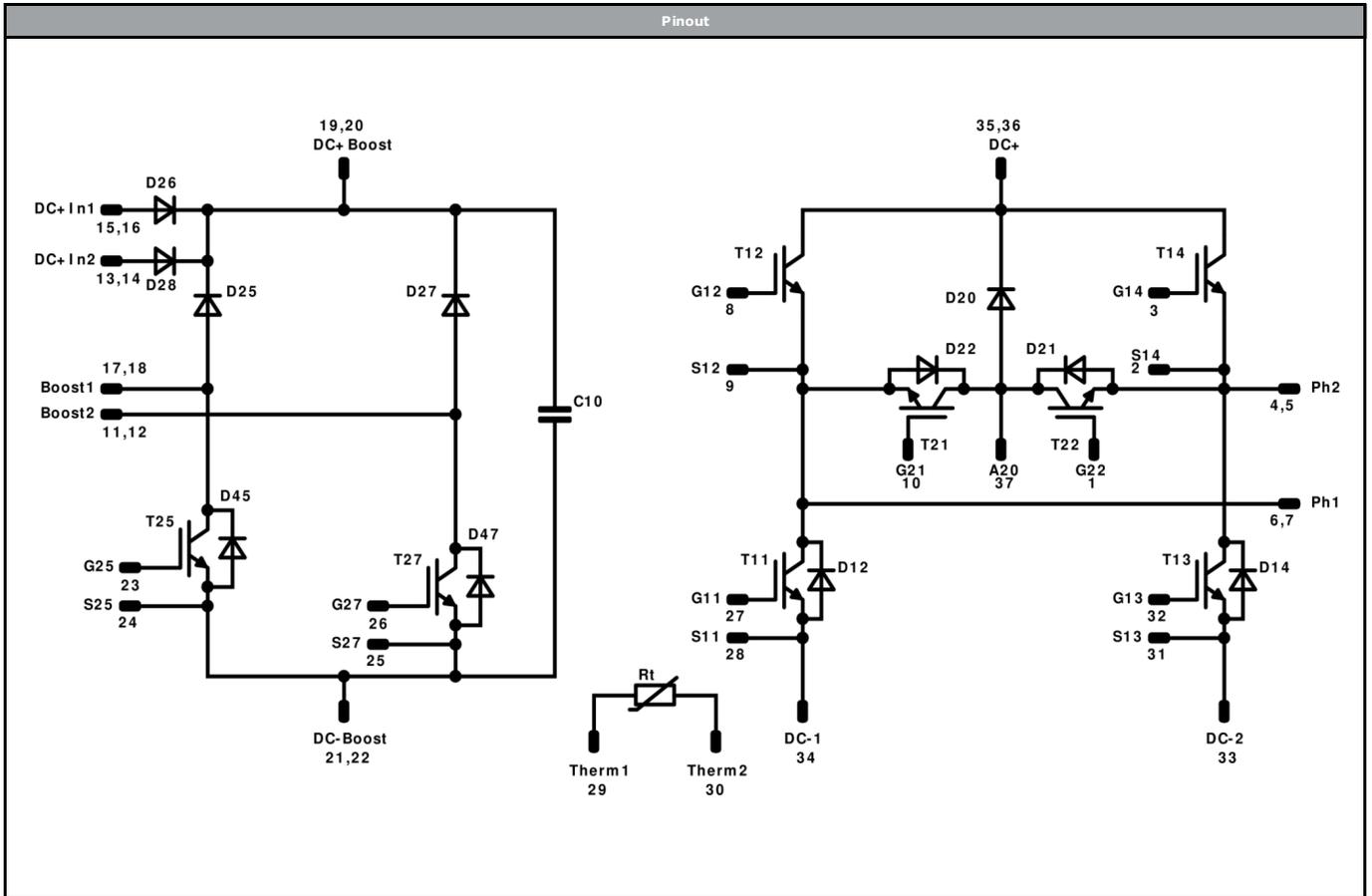


Tolerance of pinpositions: ±0.5mm at the end of pins  
 Dimension of coordinate axis is only offset without tolerance



**10-FY07BVA050S5-LF44E18**  
**10-PY07BVA050S5-LF44E18Y**  
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Identification					
ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T11, T13	IGBT	650 V	50 A	Low Buck Switch	
T12, T14	IGBT	650 V	50 A	High Buck Switch	
D21, D22	FWD	650 V	30 A	Buck Diode	
T21, T22	IGBT	650 V	50 A	Boost Switch	
D12, D14	FWD	650 V	30 A	Low Boost Diode	
D20	FWD	650 V	30 A	High Boost Diode	
T25, T27	IGBT	650 V	50 A	Input Boost Switch	
D25, D27	FWD	650 V	50 A	Input Boost Diode	
D26, D28	Rectifier	1600 V	65 A	ByPass Diode	
D45, D47	FWD	650 V	10 A	Input Boost Sw. Protection Diode	
C10	Capacitor	630 V		Capacitor (DC)	
Rt	NTC			Thermistor	



Packaging instruction			
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 100	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ Sample

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for <i>flow</i> 1 packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for <i>flow</i> 1 packages see vincotech.com website.

UL recognition and file number
This device is certified according to UL 1557 standard, UL file number E192116. For more information see vincotech.com website.

Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
10-xY07BVA050S5-LF44E18x-D1-14	23 Feb. 2018		

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Vincotech products are not authorised for use as critical components in life support devices or systems without the express written approval of Vincotech.

As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, or (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in labelling can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.
2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.