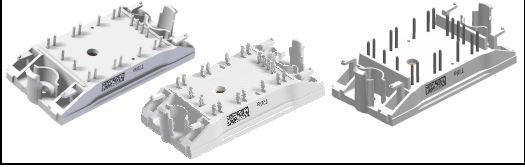
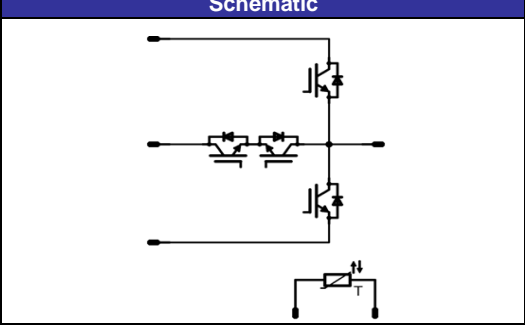


<i>flow</i> MNPC 0	1200 V/40 A
<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <p style="text-align: center; background-color: #003366; color: white; margin: 0;">Features</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> neutral point clamped inverter reactive power capability clip-in pcb mounting low inductance layout </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <p style="text-align: center; background-color: #003366; color: white; margin: 0;">Target Applications</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> solar inverter UPS </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p style="text-align: center; background-color: #003366; color: white; margin: 0;">Types</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 10-FZ12NMA040SH-M267F 10-PZ12NMA040SH-M267FY 10-F012NMA040SH-M267F09 </div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <p style="text-align: center; background-color: #003366; color: white; margin: 0;">flow0 housing</p>  </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p style="text-align: center; background-color: #003366; color: white; margin: 0;">Schematic</p>  </div>

Maximum Ratings

T_j=25°C, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
Half Bridge IGBT				
Collector-emitter break down voltage	V _{CE}		1200	V
DC collector current	I _C	T _j =T _{j,max} T _n =80°C T _c =80°C	41 53	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I _{C,pulse}	t _p limited by T _{j,max}	120	A
Power dissipation per IGBT	P _{tot}	T _j =T _{j,max} T _n =80°C T _c =80°C	107 162	W
Gate-emitter peak voltage	V _{GE}		±20	V
Short circuit ratings	t _{SC} V _{CC}	T _j ≤150°C V _{GE} =15V	10 800	µs V
Turn off safe operating area (RBSOA)	I _{C,max}	V _{CE max} = 1200V T _{vj max} = 150°C	80	A
Maximum Junction Temperature	T _{j,max}		175	°C
Neutral Point FWD				
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V _{RRM}		1200	V
DC forward current	I _F	T _j =T _{j,max} T _n =80°C T _c =80°C	21 41	A
Surge forward current	I _{FSM}	T _c =25°C	300	A
I ² t-value	I ² t	t _p =8,3ms , sin 180° T _c =25°C	370	A ² s
Repetitive peak forward current	I _{FRM}	t _p limited by T _{j,max}	60	A
Power dissipation per Diode	P _{tot}	T _j =T _{j,max} T _n =80°C T _c =80°C	48 73	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	T _{j,max}		175	°C

Maximum Ratings

 $T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
Neutral Point IGBT				
Collector-emitter break down voltage	V_{CE}		600	V
DC collector current	I_C	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	31 39	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{Cpuls}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	90	A
Power dissipation per IGBT	P_{tot}	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	57 86	W
Gate-emitter peak voltage	V_{GE}		± 20	V
Short circuit ratings	t_{SC}	$T_j \leq 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	6	μs
	V_{CC}	$V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$	360	V
Turn off safe operating area (RBSOA)	I_{cmax}	$V_{CE max} = 600\text{V}$ $T_{vj max} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	60	A
Maximum Junction Temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Half Bridge FWD

Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}		600	V
DC forward current	I_F	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	13 17	A
Surge forward current	I_{FSM}	$t_p=10\text{ms}$, sin 180° $T_j=150^{\circ}\text{C}$	65	A
I ² t-value	I^2t		21	A^2s
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_j max	45	A
Power dissipation per Diode	P_{tot}	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	31 47	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	T_{jmax}		150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-40...+125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Operation temperature under switching condition	T_{op}		-40...+($T_{jmax} - 25$)	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Insulation Properties

Insulation voltage	V_{is}	$t=2\text{s}$ DC voltage	4000	V
Creepage distance			min 12,7	mm
Clearance			min 12,7	mm

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] or V_{GS} [V]	V_i [V] or V_{CE} [V] or V_{DS} [V]	I_c [A] or I_f [A] or I_b [A]	T_j	Min	Typ	Max		
Half Bridge IGBT										
Gate emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE}=V_{GE}$			0,0015	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	5,2	5,6	6,4	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		40	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	1,7	1,96 2,29	2,4	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current incl. Diode	I_{CES}		0	1200		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$			0,02	mA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$			120	nA
Integrated Gate resistor	R_{gint}							none		Ω
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{goff}=8\ \Omega$ $R_{gon}=8\ \Omega$	± 15	350	28	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		70		ns
Rise time	t_r					$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$		72		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		13		
Fall time	t_f					$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$		15		
Turn-on energy loss per pulse	E_{on}					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		166		
Turn-off energy loss per pulse	E_{off}					$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$		217		
Input capacitance	C_{ies}					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		45		
Output capacitance	C_{oss}	$f=1\text{MHz}$	0	25	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		2300		pF	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{riss}						160			
Gate charge	Q_{gate}		± 15	960	40	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		203		nC
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R_{thJH}	Thermal grease thickness $\leq 50\mu\text{m}$ $\lambda = 1\ \text{W/mK}$						0,89		K/W
Neutral Point FWD										
Diode forward voltage	V_F				30	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$		2,28 1,74	2,71	V
Reverse leakage current	I_r			600		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$			100	μA
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{RRM}	$R_{gon}=8\ \Omega$	± 15	350	28	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		32		A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$		41		
Reverse recovered charge	Q_{rr}					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		18		
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$di(rec)_{max}/dt$					$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$		40		
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		0,32		
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R_{thJH}					Thermal grease thickness $\leq 50\mu\text{m}$ $\lambda = 1\ \text{W/mK}$				
						$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$		0,03 0,12		mWs
								1,98		K/W

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] or V_{GS} [V]	V_i [V] or V_{CE} [V] or V_{DS} [V]	I_c [A] or I_f [A] or I_b [A]	T_j	Min	Typ	Max		
Neutral Point IGBT										
Gate emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE}=V_{GE}$			0,002	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	5,0	5,8	6,5	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		30	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	1,1	1,52 1,70	1,9	V
Collector-emitter cut-off incl diode	I_{CES}		0	600		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$			0,0016	mA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$			300	nA
Integrated Gate resistor	R_{gint}							none		Ω
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{goff}=8\ \Omega$ $R_{gon}=8\ \Omega$	± 15	350	28	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		105		ns
Rise time	t_r					$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$		105		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		11		
Fall time	t_f					$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$		16		
Turn-on energy loss per pulse	E_{on}					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		164		
Turn-off energy loss per pulse	E_{off}	$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$		187						
Input capacitance	C_{ies}					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		0,49		mWs
Output capacitance	C_{oss}	$f=1\text{MHz}$	0	25		$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$		0,66		
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{riss}					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		0,76		pF
Gate charge	Q_{gate}		± 15	480	30	$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$		0,98		
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R_{thJH}	Thermal grease thickness $\leq 50\mu\text{m}$ $\lambda = 1\ \text{W/mK}$						1,68		K/W
Half Bridge FWD										
Diode forward voltage	V_F				15	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		2,28 2,39	2,71	V
Reverse leakage current	I_r			1200		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$			60	μA
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{RRM}	$R_{gon}=8\ \Omega$	± 15	350	28	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		41		A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					$T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		44		
Reverse recovered charge	Q_{rr}					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		44		
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$di(rec)_{max}/dt$					$T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		110		
Reverse recovery energy	E_{rec}					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		1,47		
		$T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		2,73						
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R_{thJH}	Thermal grease thickness $\leq 50\mu\text{m}$ $\lambda = 1\ \text{W/mK}$						0,35 0,71		mWs
								2,27		K/W
Thermistor										
Rated resistance	R					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		22000		Ω
Deviation of R100	$\Delta R/R$	$R_{100}=1486\ \Omega$				$T_j=100^\circ\text{C}$	-5		5	%
Power dissipation	P					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		200		mW
Power dissipation constant						$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		2		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. $\pm 3\%$				$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		3950		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. $\pm 3\%$				$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		3996		K
Vincotech NTC Reference									B	

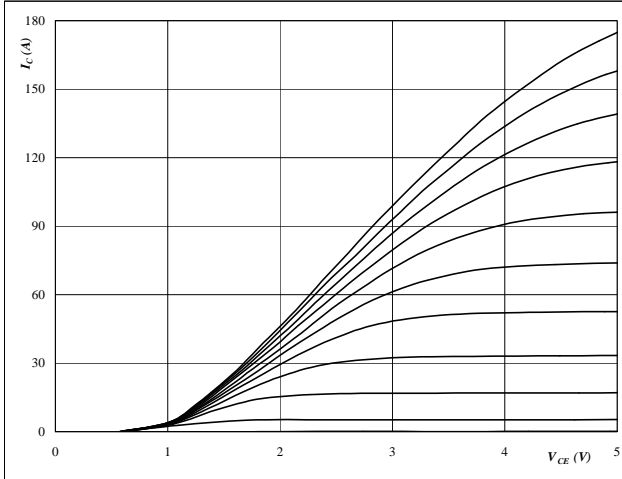
Half Bridge

Half Bridge IGBT and Neutral Point FWD

Figure 1 IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

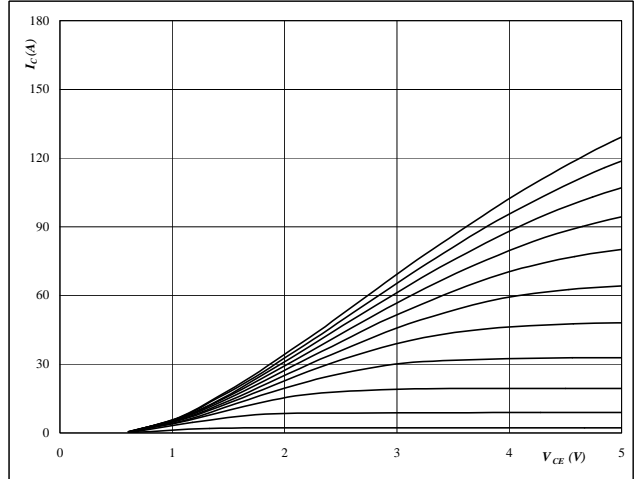


At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 25^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 2 IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

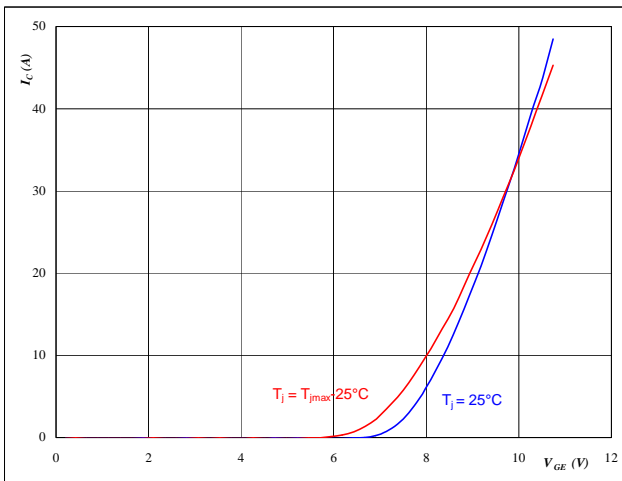


At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 125^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 3 IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{GE})$

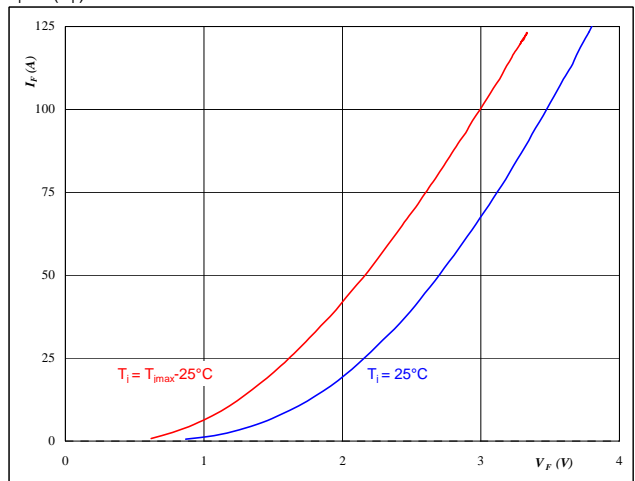


At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$

Figure 4 FWD

Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

$I_F = f(V_F)$



At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$

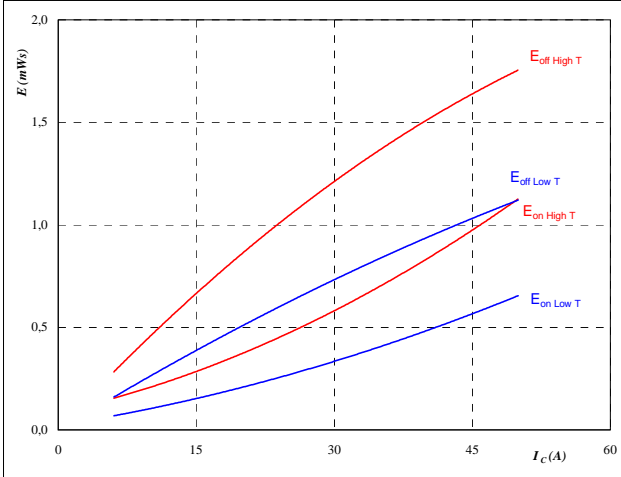
Half Bridge

Half Bridge IGBT and Neutral Point FWD

Figure 5 IGBT

Typical switching energy losses
as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_C)$$



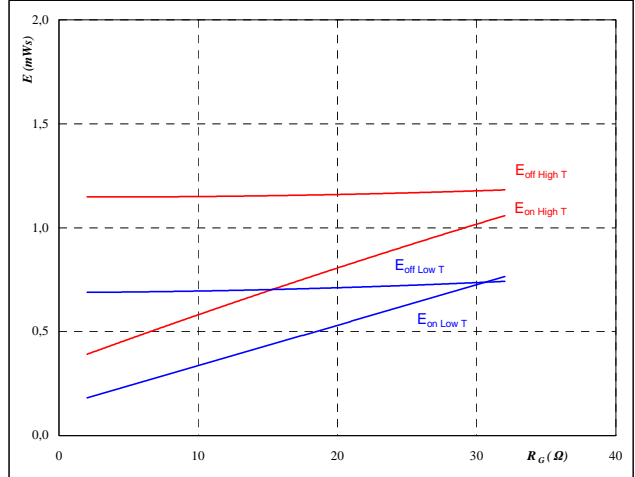
With an inductive load at

$T_J =$	25/125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{gon} =$	8	Ω
$R_{goff} =$	8	Ω

Figure 6 IGBT

Typical switching energy losses
as a function of gate resistor

$$E = f(R_G)$$



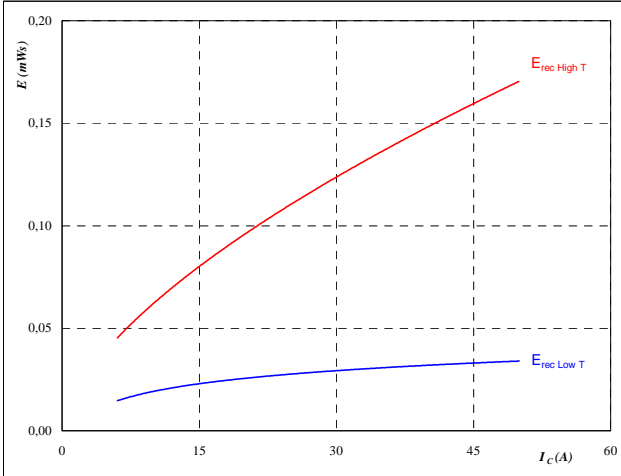
With an inductive load at

$T_J =$	25/125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$I_C =$	28	A

Figure 7 FWD

Typical reverse recovery energy loss
as a function of collector current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_C)$$



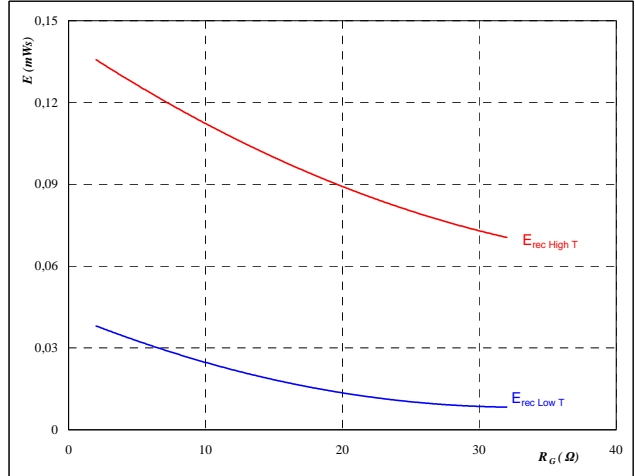
With an inductive load at

$T_J =$	25/125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{gon} =$	8	Ω

Figure 8 FWD

Typical reverse recovery energy loss
as a function of gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(R_G)$$



With an inductive load at

$T_J =$	25/125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$I_C =$	28	A

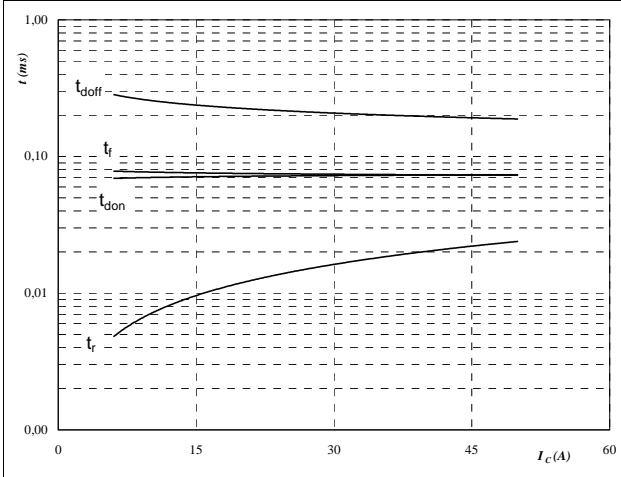
Half Bridge

Half Bridge IGBT and Neutral Point FWD

Figure 9 IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_C)$$



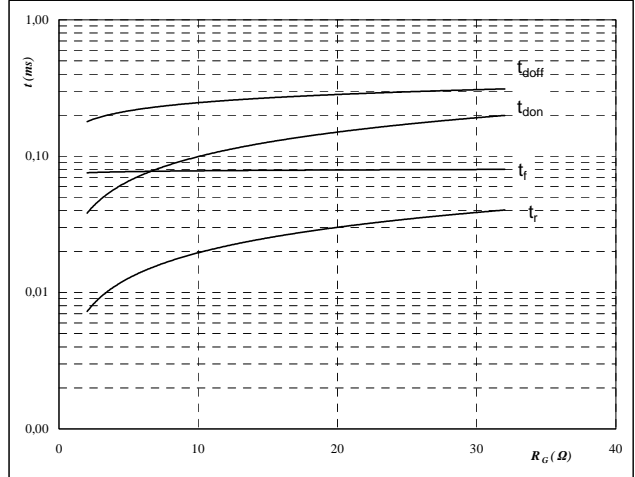
With an inductive load at

$T_J =$	125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{gon} =$	8	Ω
$R_{goff} =$	8	Ω

Figure 10 IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(R_G)$$



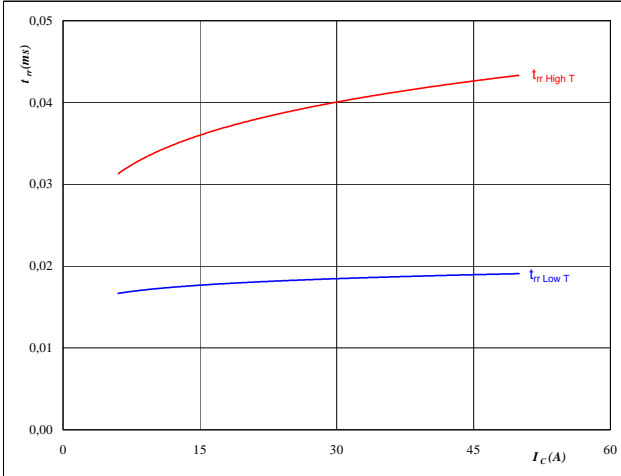
With an inductive load at

$T_J =$	125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$I_C =$	28	A

Figure 11 FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$$



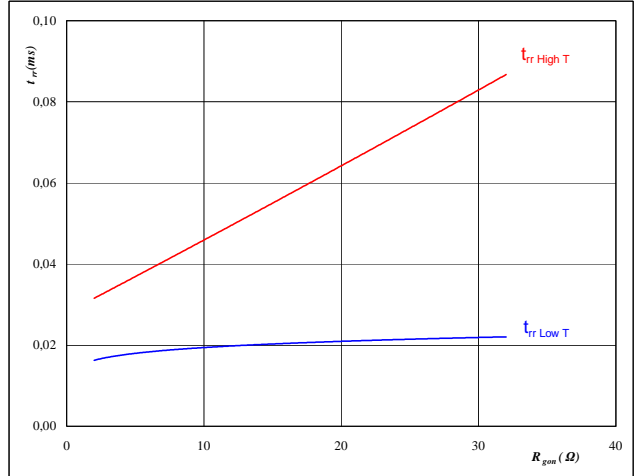
At

$T_J =$	25/125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{gon} =$	8	Ω

Figure 12 FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$



At

$T_J =$	25/125	°C
$V_R =$	350	V
$I_F =$	28	A
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V

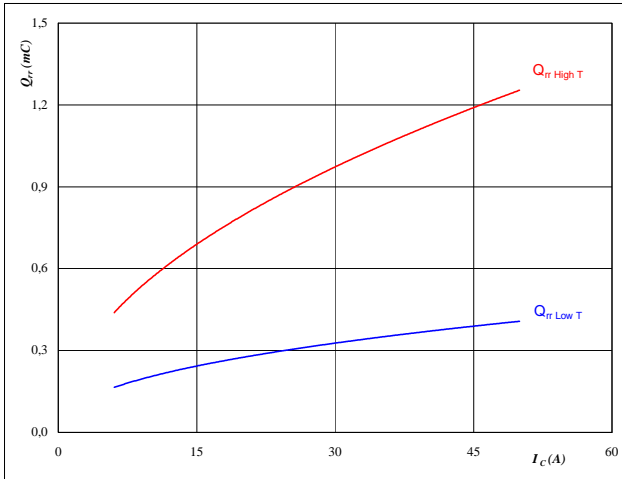
Half Bridge

Half Bridge IGBT and Neutral Point FWD

Figure 13 FWD

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_{rr} = f(I_C)$$

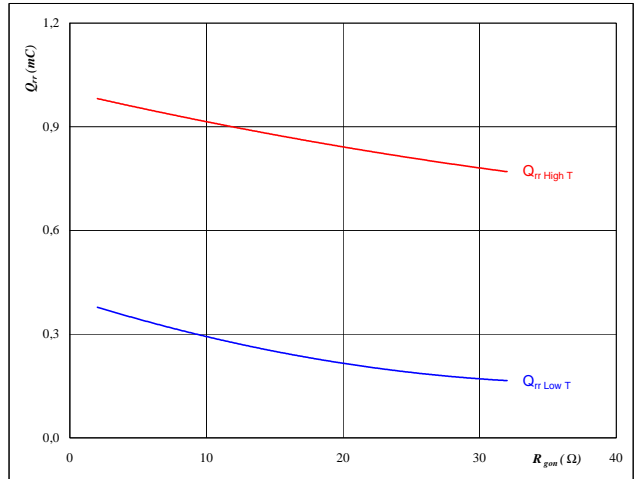


At
 $T_j = 25/125$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 8$ Ω

Figure 14 FWD

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$

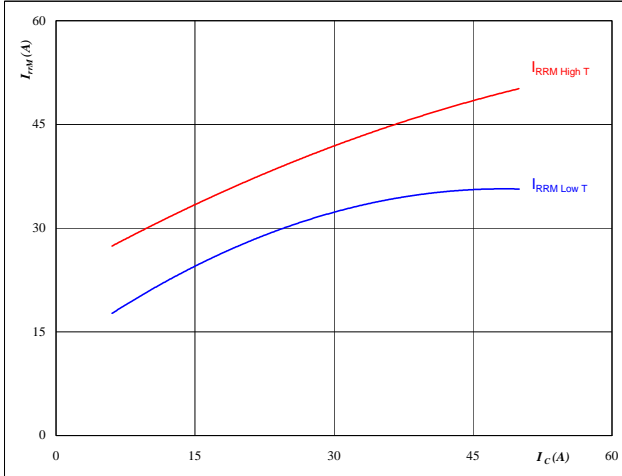


At
 $T_j = 25/125$ °C
 $V_R = 350$ V
 $I_F = 28$ A
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V

Figure 15 FWD

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RRM} = f(I_C)$$

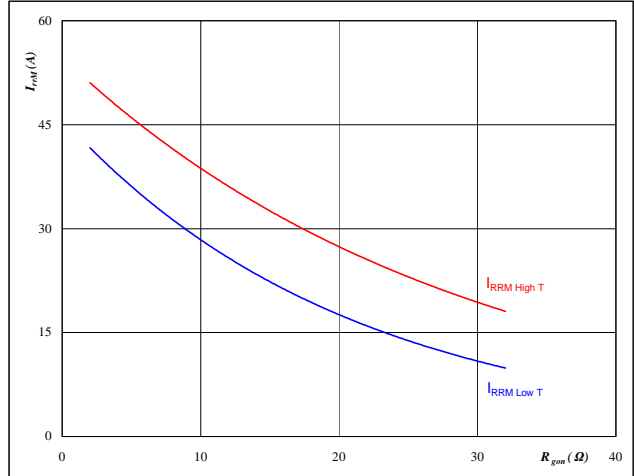


At
 $T_j = 25/125$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 8$ Ω

Figure 16 FWD

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RRM} = f(R_{gon})$$



At
 $T_j = 25/125$ °C
 $V_R = 350$ V
 $I_F = 28$ A
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V

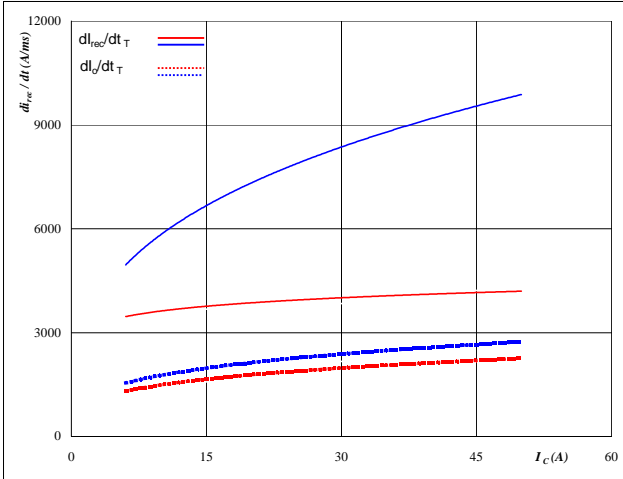
Half Bridge

Half Bridge IGBT and Neutral Point FWD

Figure 17 FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$di_o/dt, di_{rec}/dt = f(I_c)$$

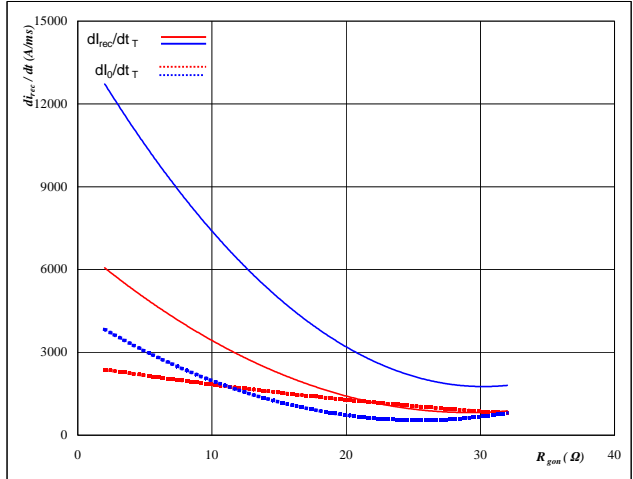


At
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$

Figure 18 FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$di_o/dt, di_{rec}/dt = f(R_{gon})$$

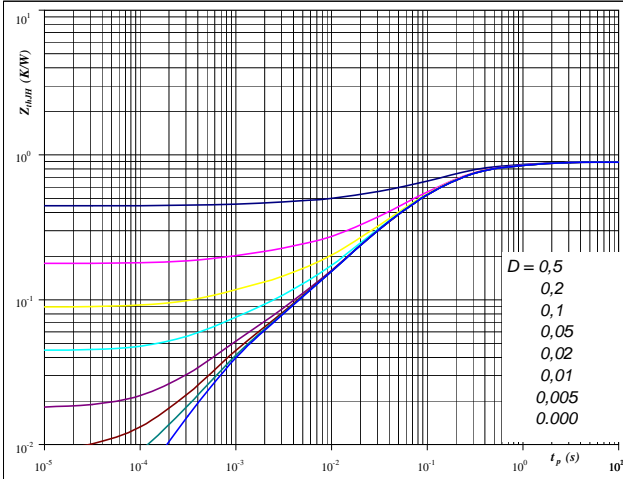


At
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 350 \text{ V}$
 $I_F = 28 \text{ A}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$

Figure 19 IGBT

IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$



At
 $D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 0,89 \text{ K/W}$

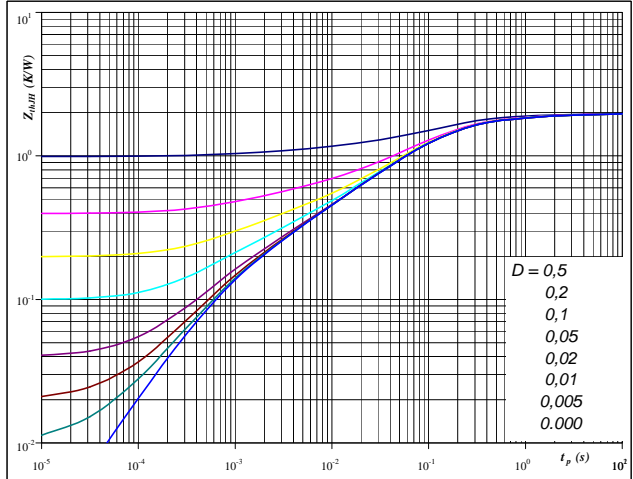
IGBT thermal model values

R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0,09	1,1E+00
0,17	2,9E-01
0,47	9,1E-02
0,12	1,4E-02
0,04	9,2E-04

Figure 20 FWD

FWD transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$



At
 $D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 1,98 \text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0,07	5,6E+00
0,17	1,2E+00
0,52	2,2E-01
0,75	7,6E-02
0,25	1,5E-02
0,13	2,8E-03

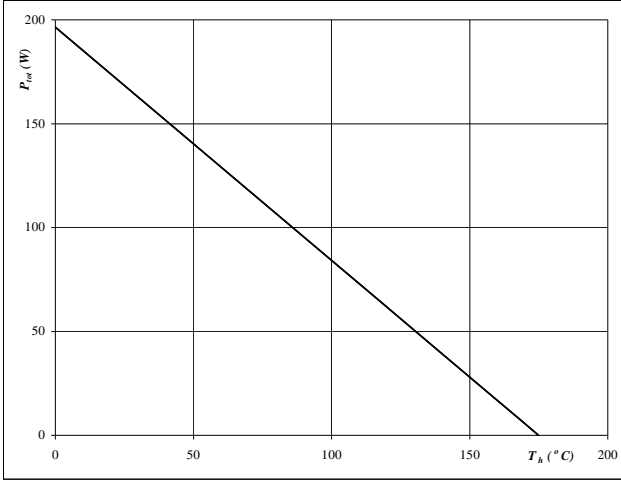
Half Bridge

Half Bridge IGBT and Neutral Point FWD

Figure 21 IGBT

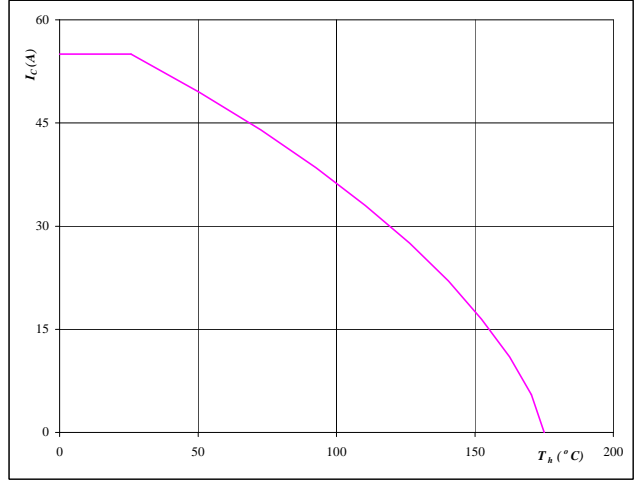
Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$$


At
 $T_j = 175 \text{ °C}$
Figure 22 IGBT

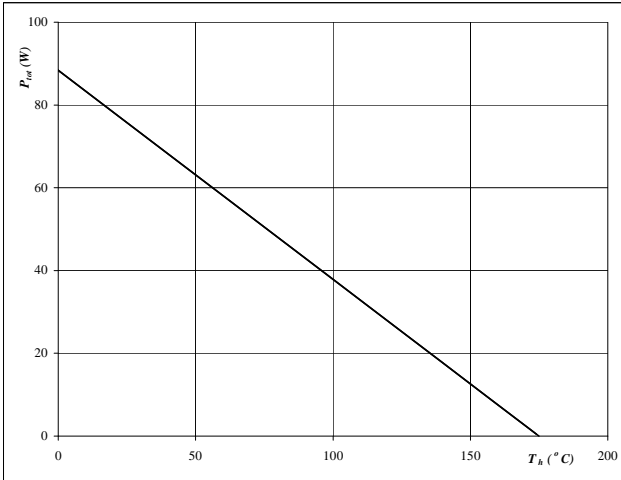
Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_C = f(T_h)$$


At
 $T_j = 175 \text{ °C}$
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$
Figure 23 FWD

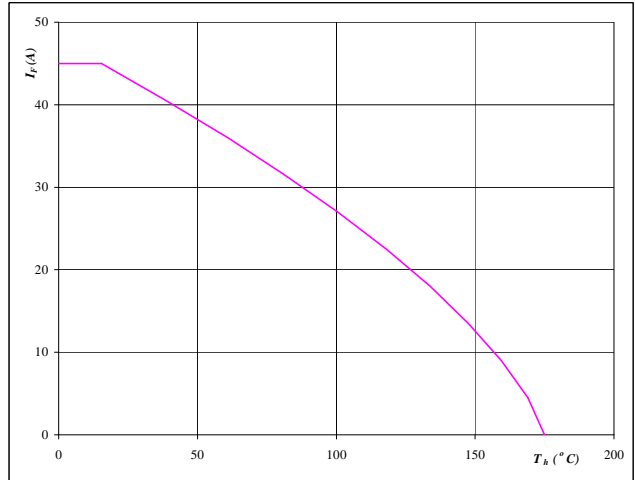
Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$$


At
 $T_j = 175 \text{ °C}$
Figure 24 FWD

Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_F = f(T_h)$$

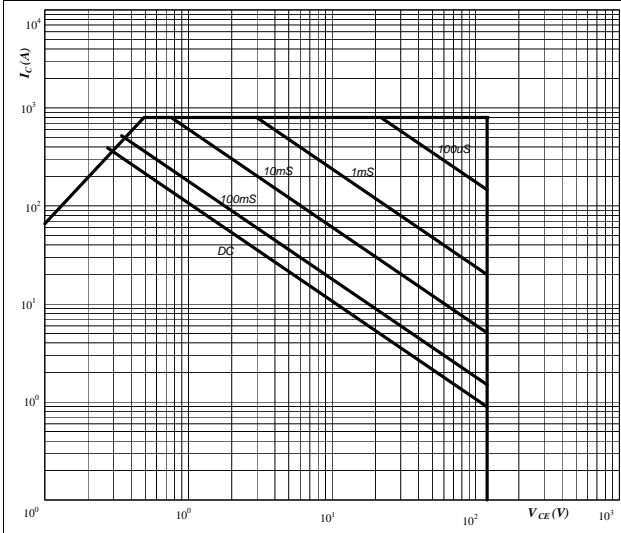

At
 $T_j = 175 \text{ °C}$

Half Bridge

Half Bridge IGBT and Neutral Point FWD

Figure 25 IGBT

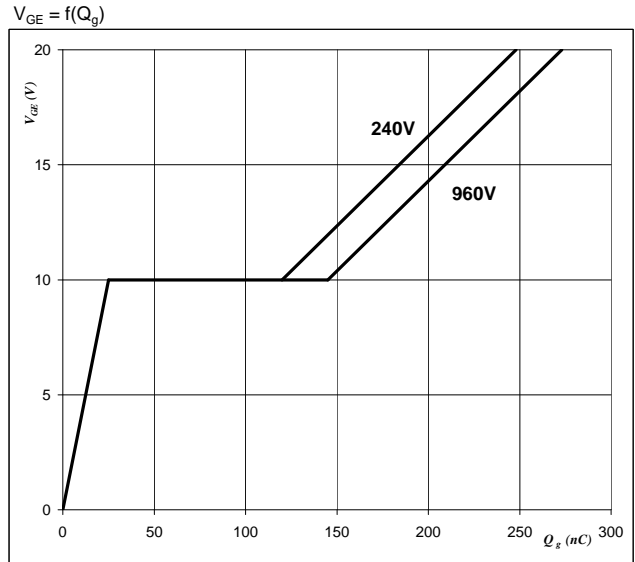
Safe operating area as a function of collector-emitter voltage
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



At
 D = single pulse
 Th = 80 °C
 V_{GE} = ±15 V
 T_j = T_{jmax} °C

Figure 26 IGBT

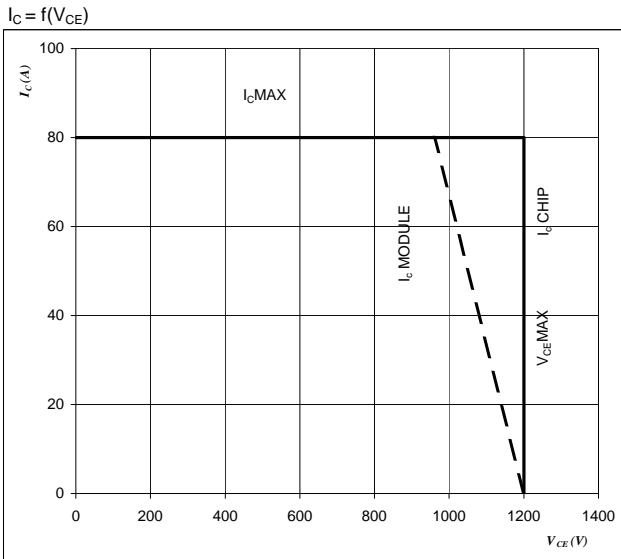
Gate voltage vs Gate charge



At
 I_C = 40 A

Figure 27 IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area



At
 T_j = T_{jmax}-25 °C
 DC link_{minus}=DC link_{plus}
 Switching mode : 3 level switching

Neutral point

Neutral Point IGBT and Half Bridge FWD

Figure 1 IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

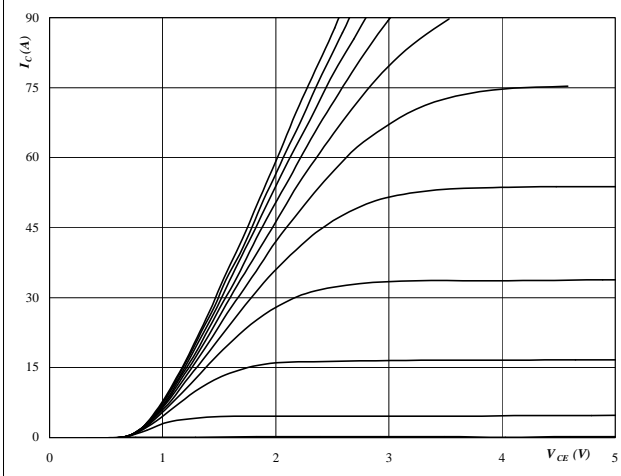

At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 2 IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

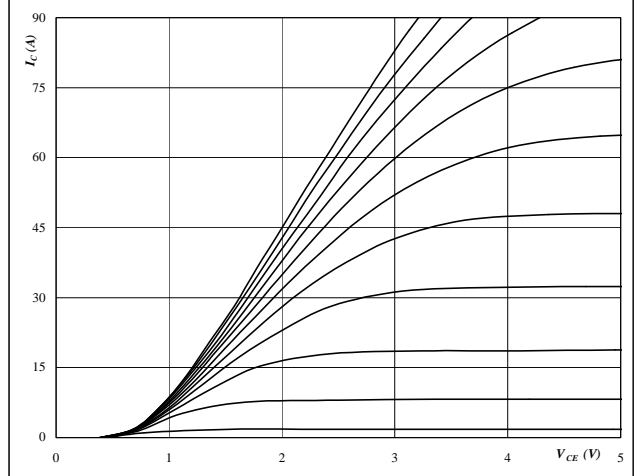
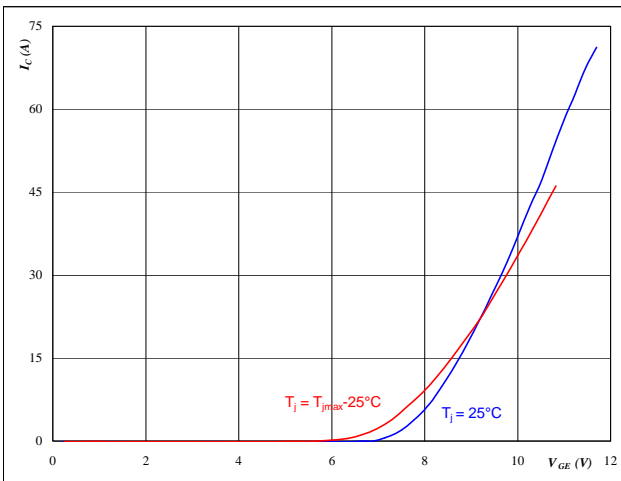

At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 3 IGBT

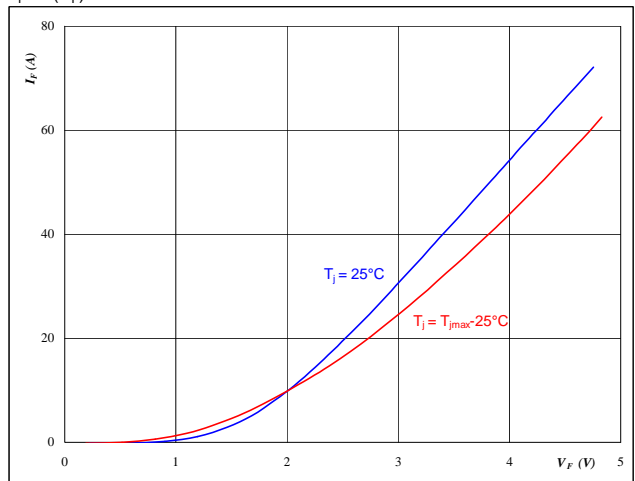
Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$


At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
Figure 4 FWD

Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

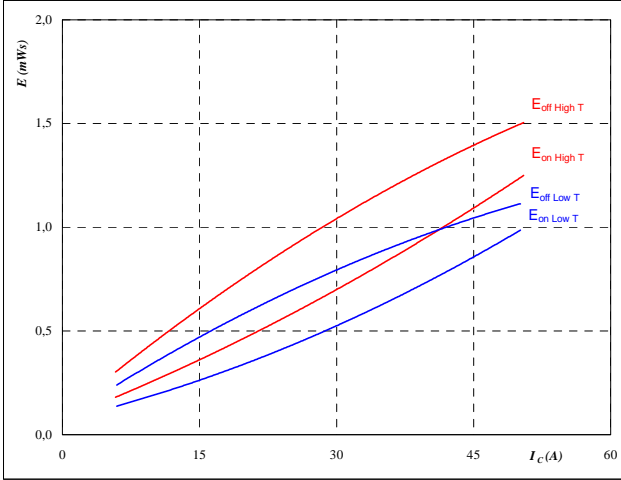

At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$

Neutral point

Neutral Point IGBT and Half Bridge FWD

Figure 5 IGBT

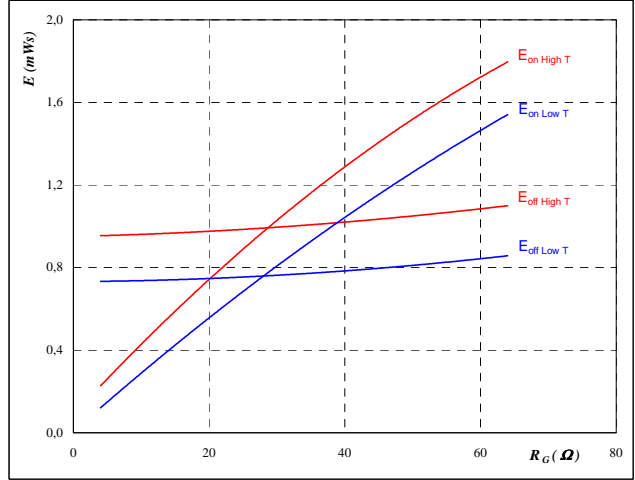
Typical switching energy losses
as a function of collector current
 $E = f(I_C)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_J = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$

Figure 6 IGBT

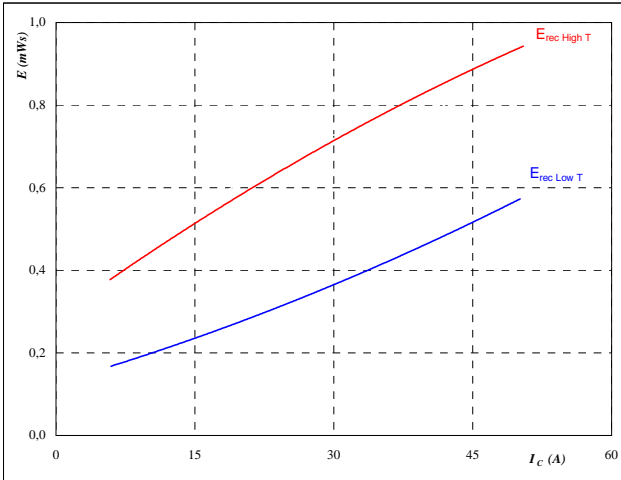
Typical switching energy losses
as a function of gate resistor
 $E = f(R_G)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_J = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_C = 28 \text{ A}$

Figure 7 FWD

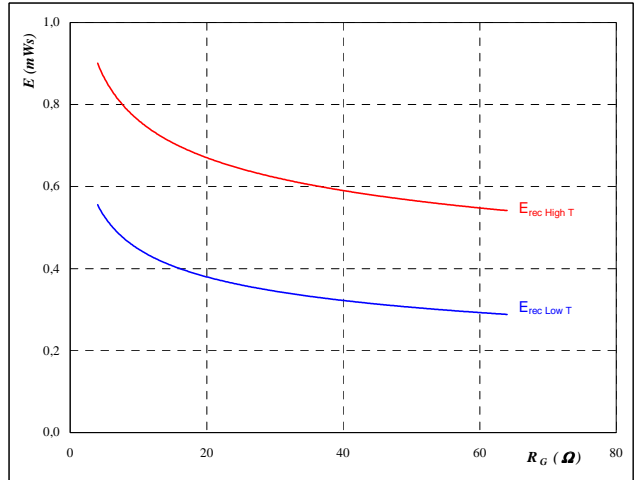
Typical reverse recovery energy loss
as a function of collector current
 $E_{rec} = f(I_C)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_J = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$

Figure 8 FWD

Typical reverse recovery energy loss
as a function of gate resistor
 $E_{rec} = f(R_G)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_J = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_C = 28 \text{ A}$

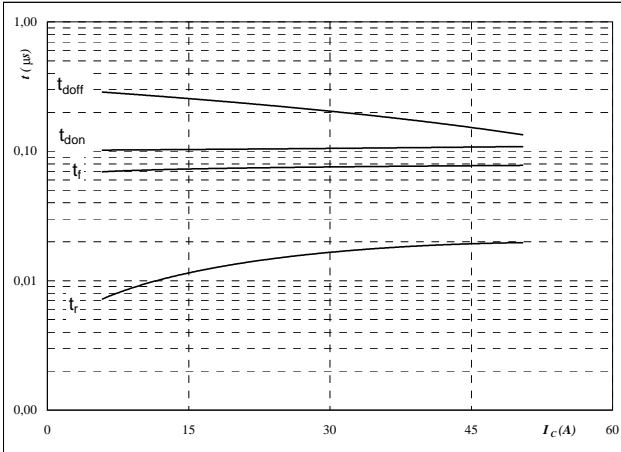
Neutral point

Neutral Point IGBT and Half Bridge FWD

Figure 9 IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_C)$$



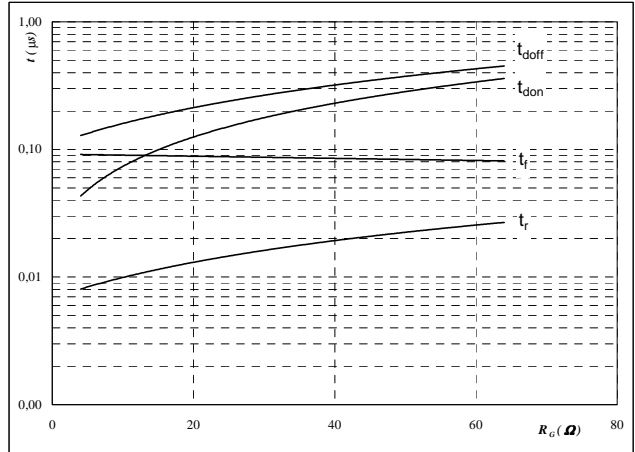
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	125	$^{\circ}C$
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	± 15	V
$R_{gon} =$	16	Ω
$R_{goff} =$	16	Ω

Figure 10 IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(R_G)$$



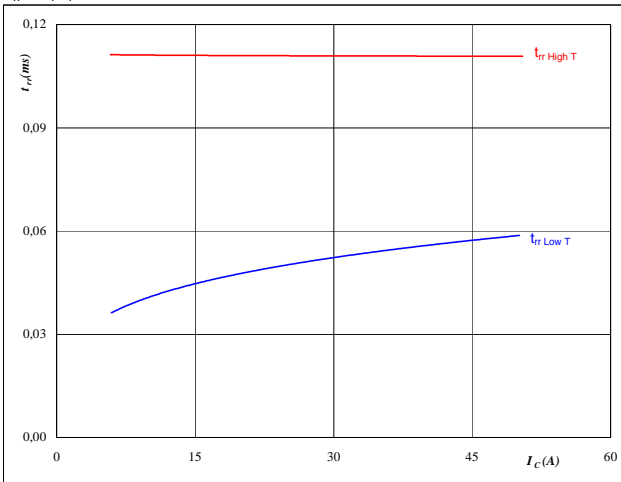
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	125	$^{\circ}C$
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	± 15	V
$I_C =$	28	A

Figure 11 FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$$



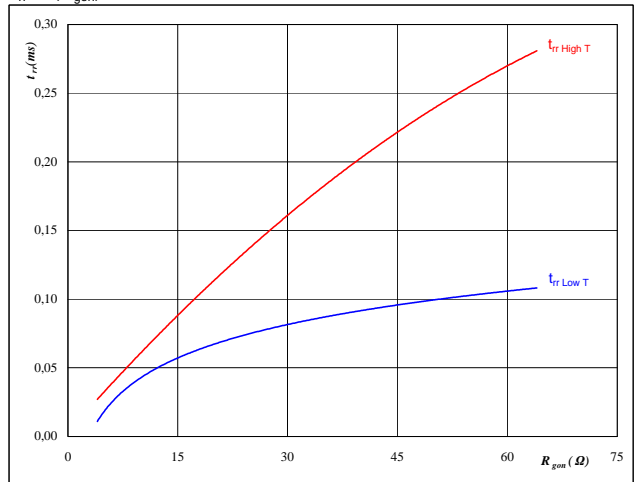
At

$T_j =$	25/125	$^{\circ}C$
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	± 15	V
$R_{gon} =$	16	Ω

Figure 12 FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$



At

$T_j =$	25/125	$^{\circ}C$
$V_R =$	350	V
$I_F =$	28	A
$V_{GE} =$	± 15	V

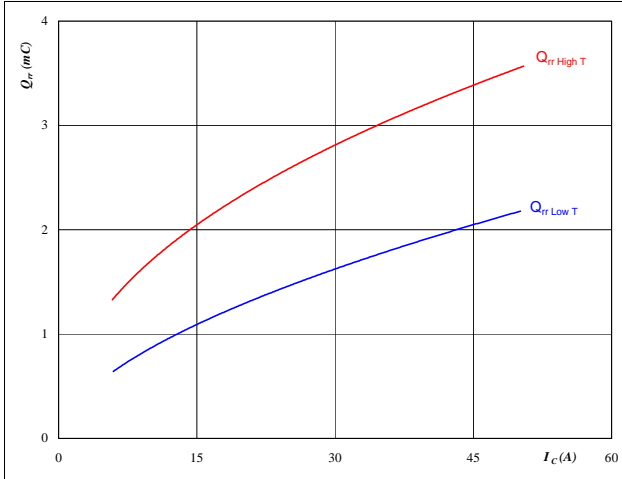
Neutral point

Neutral Point IGBT and Half Bridge FWD

Figure 13 FWD

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_{rr} = f(I_c)$$



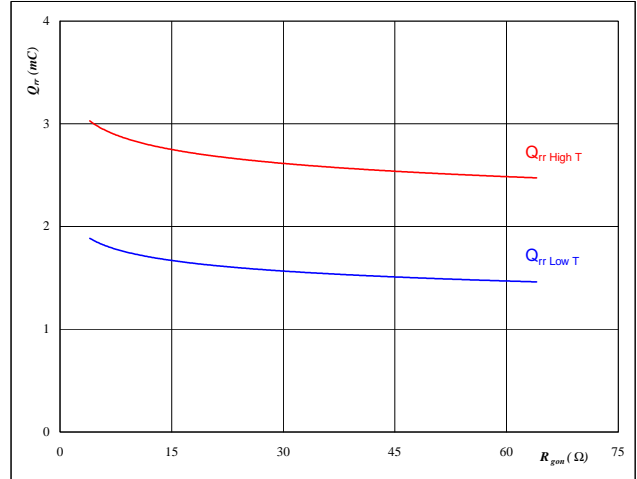
At

$T_j =$	25/125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{gon} =$	16	Ω

Figure 14 FWD

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$



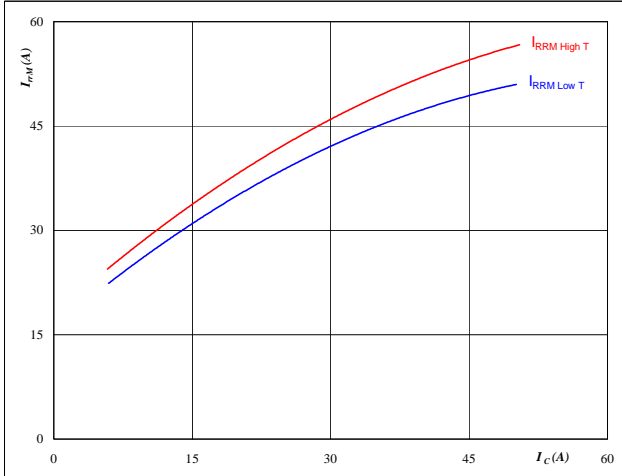
At

$T_j =$	25/125	°C
$V_R =$	350	V
$I_F =$	28	A
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V

Figure 15 FWD

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RRM} = f(I_c)$$



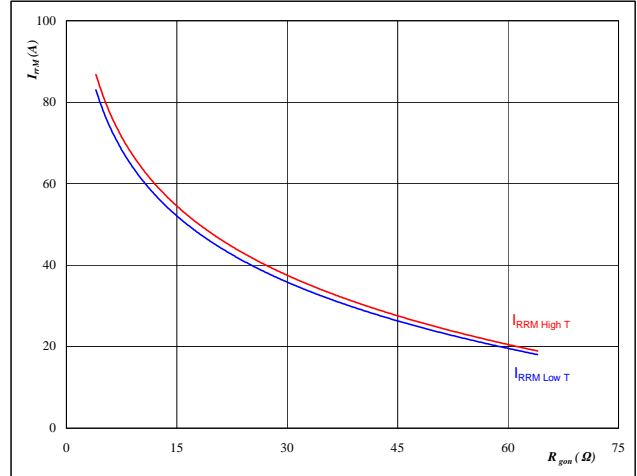
At

$T_j =$	25/125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{gon} =$	16	Ω

Figure 16 FWD

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RRM} = f(R_{gon})$$



At

$T_j =$	25/125	°C
$V_R =$	350	V
$I_F =$	28	A
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V

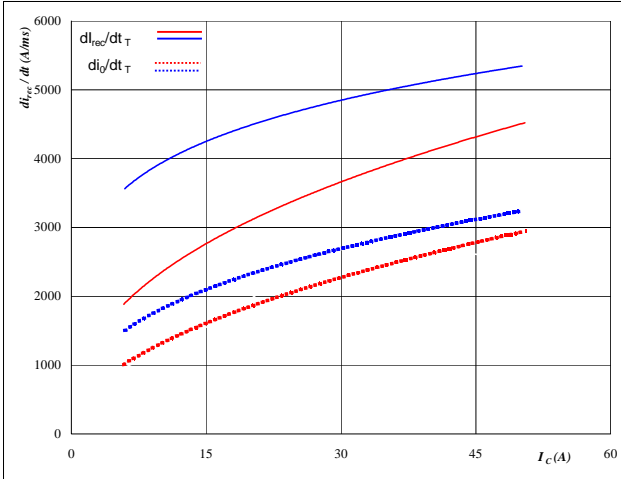
Neutral point

Neutral Point IGBT and Half Bridge FWD

Figure 17 FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$di_o/dt, di_{rec}/dt = f(I_c)$$

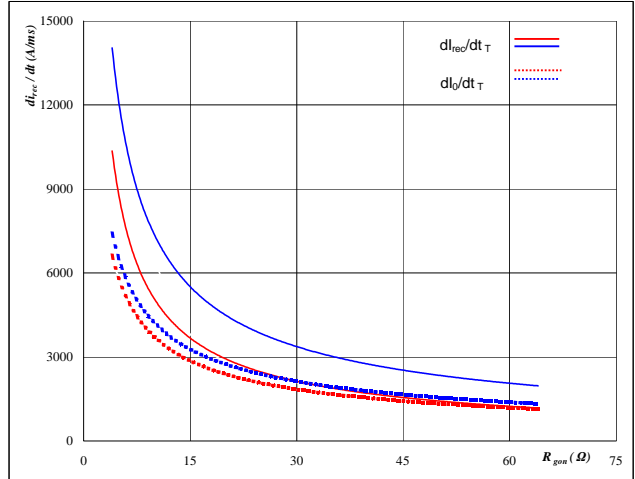


At
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$

Figure 18 FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$di_o/dt, di_{rec}/dt = f(R_{gon})$$

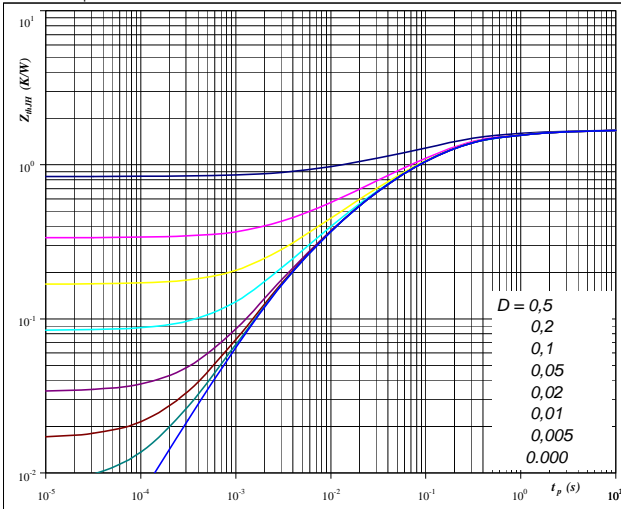


At
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 350 \text{ V}$
 $I_F = 28 \text{ A}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$

Figure 19 IGBT

IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$



At
 $D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 1,68 \text{ K/W}$

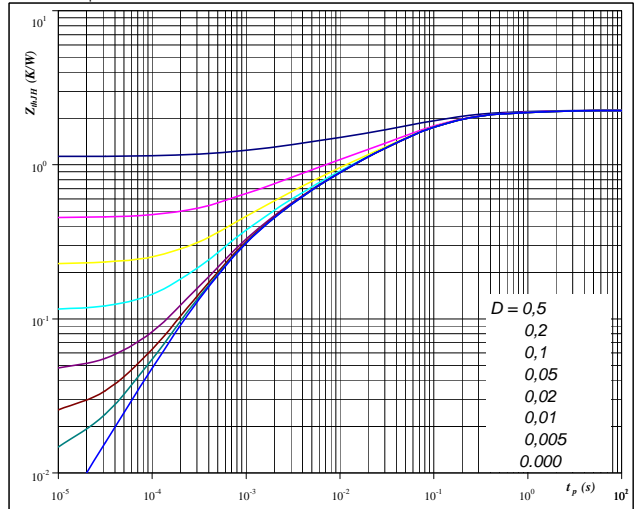
IGBT thermal model values

R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0,07	4,8E+00
0,17	1,0E+00
0,47	1,9E-01
0,56	6,8E-02
0,32	1,2E-02
0,09	2,5E-03

Figure 20 FWD

FWD transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$



At
 $D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 2,27 \text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0,04	9,1E+00
0,13	9,0E-01
0,53	1,5E-01
0,66	5,1E-02
0,42	1,1E-02
0,29	2,5E-03
0,19	5,8E-04

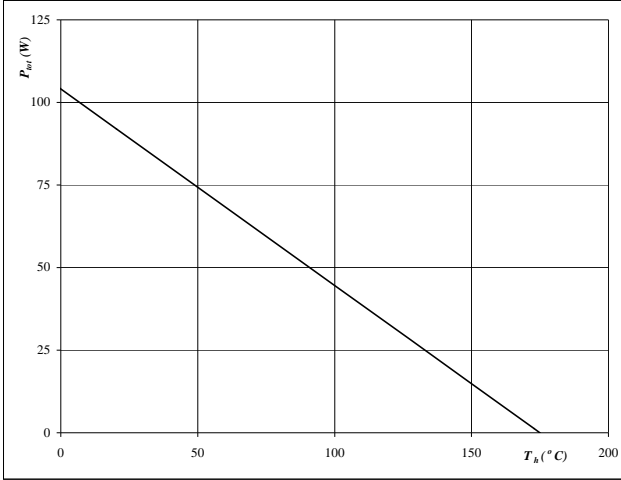
Neutral point

Neutral Point IGBT and Half Bridge FWD

Figure 21 IGBT

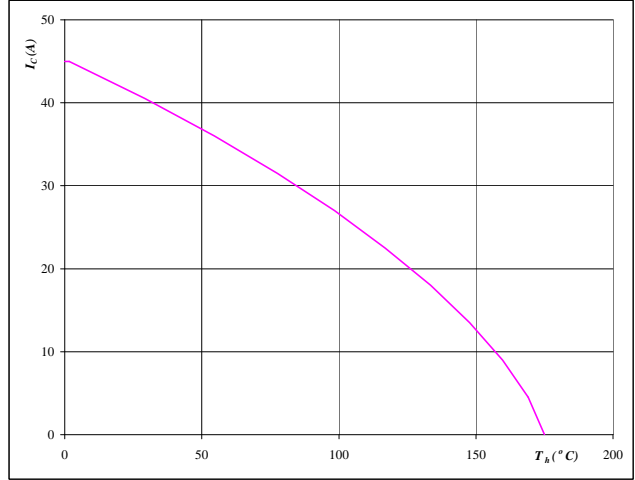
Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$$


At
 $T_j = 175 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
Figure 22 IGBT

Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_C = f(T_h)$$


At
 $T_j = 175 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$
Figure 23 FWD

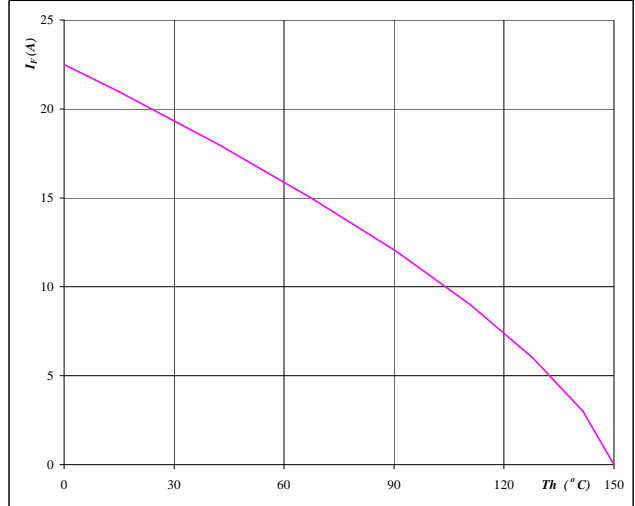
Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$$


At
 $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
Figure 24 FWD

Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_F = f(T_h)$$


At
 $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

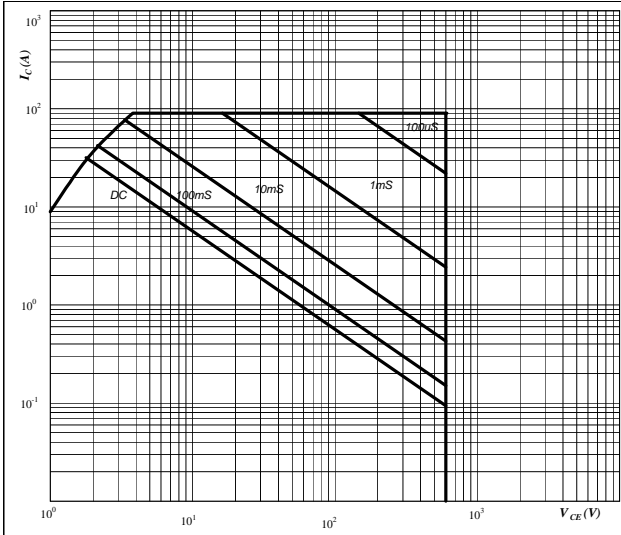
Neutral point

Neutral Point IGBT and Half Bridge FWD

Figure 25 IGBT

Safe operating area as a function of collector-emitter voltage

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

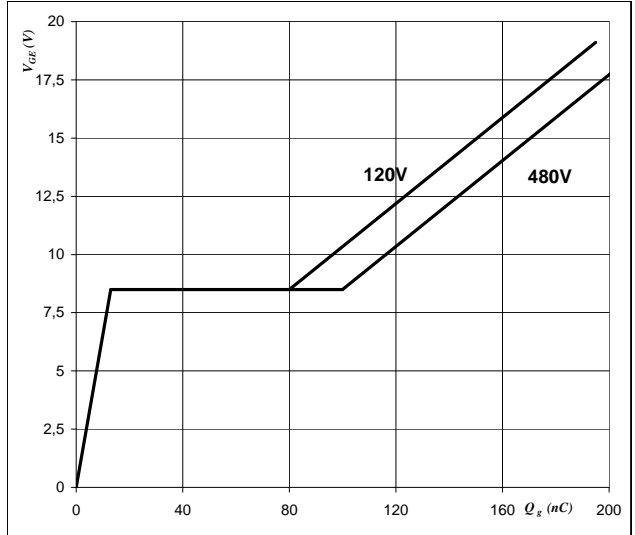


At
 D = single pulse
 Th = 80 °C
 V_{GE} = 15 V
 T_j = T_{jmax} °C

Figure 26 IGBT

Gate voltage vs Gate charge

$V_{GE} = f(Q_g)$

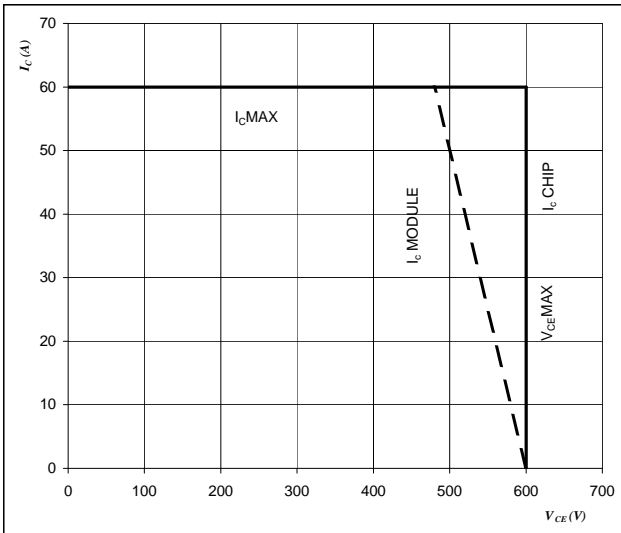


At
 I_C = 30 A

Figure 27 IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



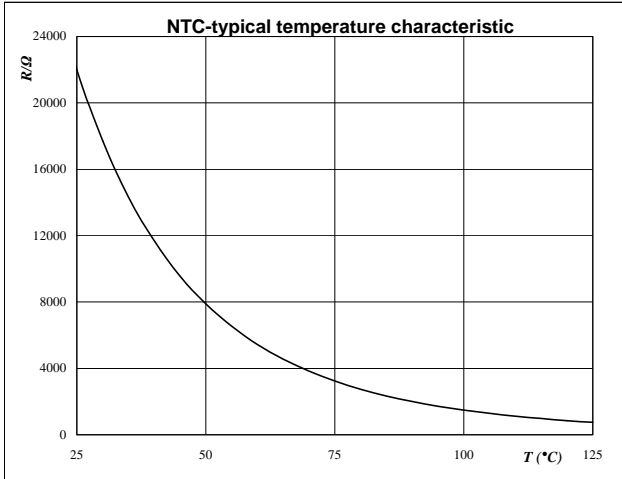
At
 T_j = T_{jmax}-25 °C
 DC link minus=DC link plus
 Switching mode : 3 level switching

Thermistor

Figure 1 Thermistor

**Typical NTC characteristic
as a function of temperature**

$$R_T = f(T)$$

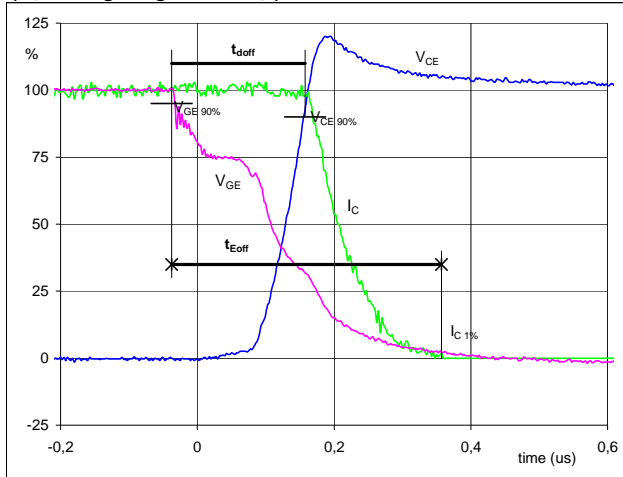


Switching Definitions Neutral point IGBT

General conditions

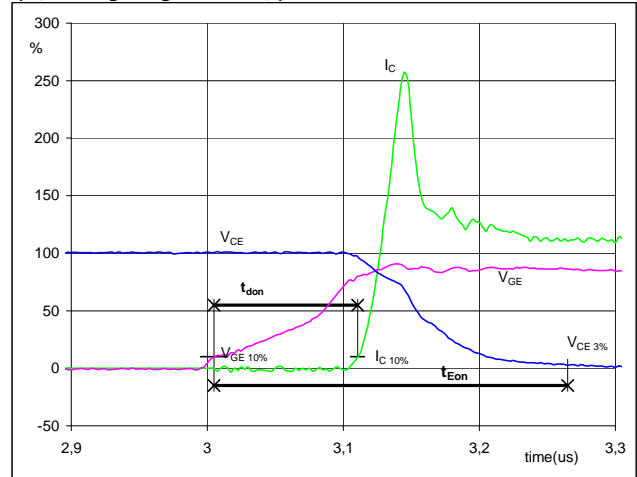
T_j	=	125 °C
R_{gon}	=	16 Ω
R_{goff}	=	16 Ω

Figure 1 Neutral point IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} , t_{Eoff}
(t_{Eoff} = integrating time for E_{off})


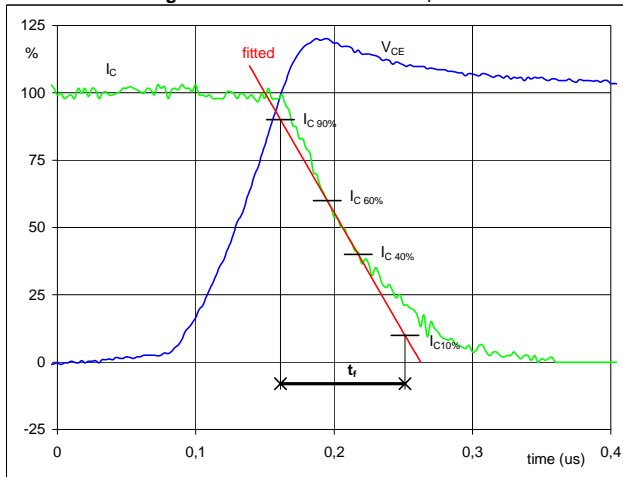
$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	28	A
$t_{doff} =$	0,19	μ s
$t_{Eoff} =$	0,39	μ s

Figure 2 Neutral point IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} , t_{Eon}
(t_{Eon} = integrating time for E_{on})


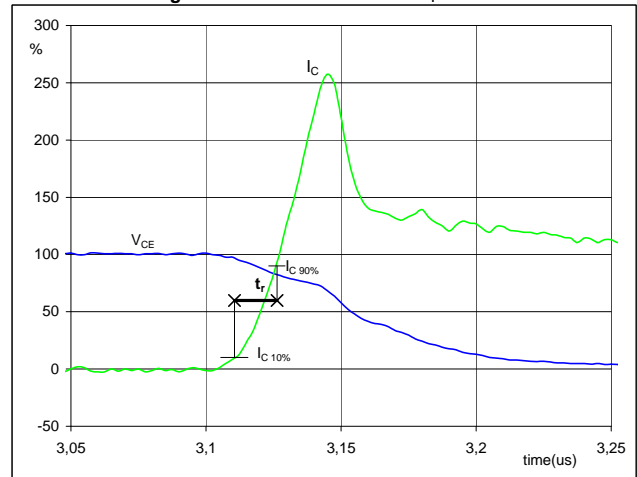
$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	28	A
$t_{don} =$	0,11	μ s
$t_{Eon} =$	0,26	μ s

Figure 3 Neutral point IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f


$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	28	A
$t_f =$	0,09	μ s

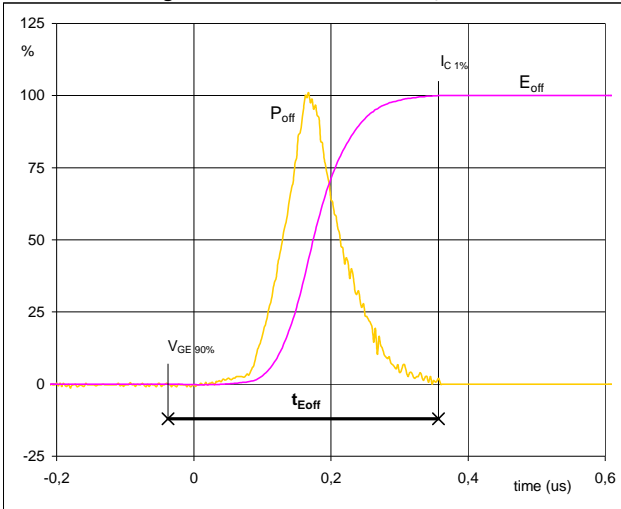
Figure 4 Neutral point IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r


$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	28	A
$t_r =$	0,02	μ s

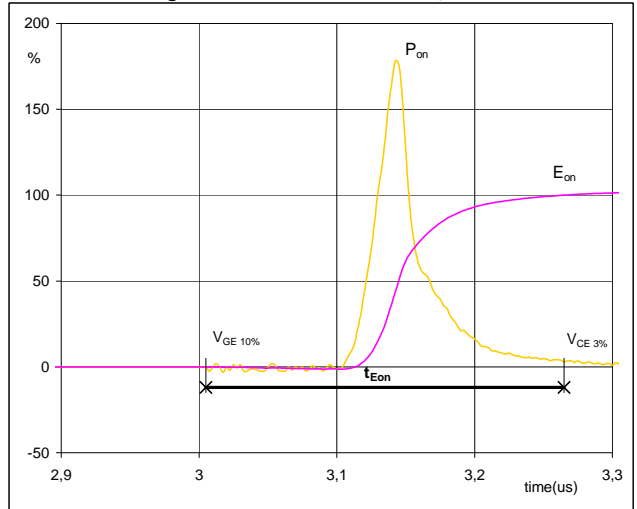
Switching Definitions Neutral point IGBT

Figure 5 Neutral point IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Eoff}


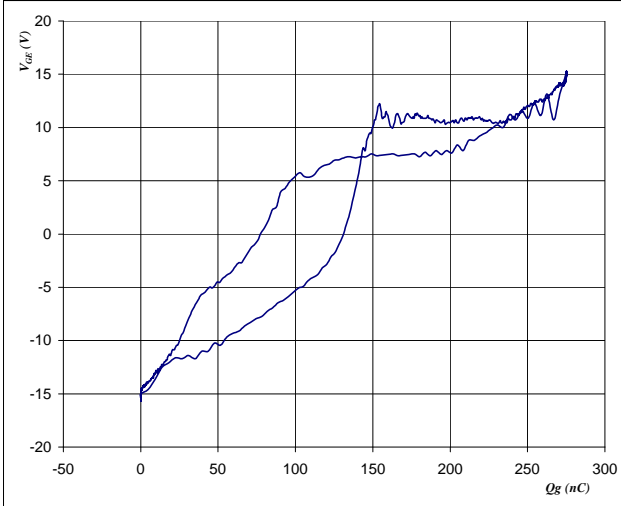
$P_{off} (100\%) =$	9,70	kW
$E_{off} (100\%) =$	0,98	mJ
$t_{Eoff} =$	0,39	μ s

Figure 6 Neutral point IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Eon}


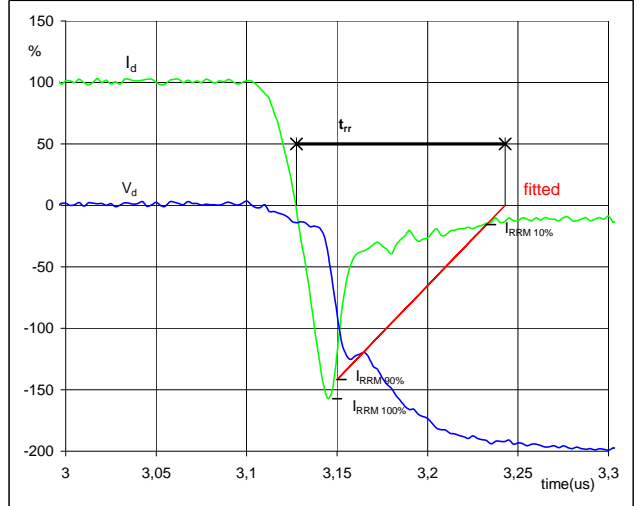
$P_{on} (100\%) =$	9,70	kW
$E_{on} (100\%) =$	0,66	mJ
$t_{Eon} =$	0,26	μ s

Figure 7 Neutral point IGBT

Gate voltage vs Gate charge (measured)


$V_{GEoff} =$	-15	V
$V_{GEon} =$	15	V
$V_C (100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C (100\%) =$	28	A
$Q_g =$	277	nC

Figure 8 Neutral point FWD

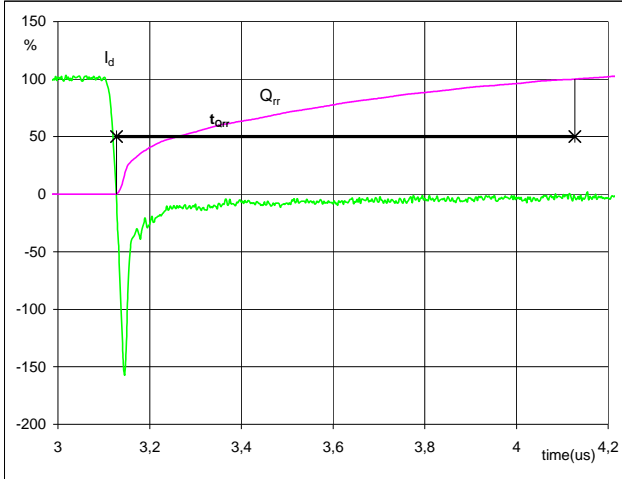
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{rr}


$V_d (100\%) =$	350	V
$I_d (100\%) =$	28	A
$I_{RRM} (100\%) =$	-44	A
$t_{rr} =$	0,11	μ s

Switching Definitions Neutral point IGBT

Figure 9 Neutral point IGBT

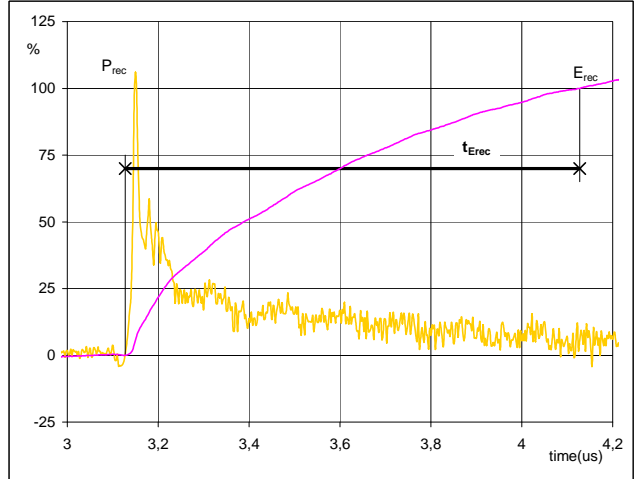
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Qrr}
 (t_{Qrr} = integrating time for Q_{rr})



I_d (100%) =	28	A
Q_{rr} (100%) =	2,73	μC
t_{Qrr} =	1,00	μs

Figure 10 Neutral point FWD

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Erec}
 (t_{Erec} = integrating time for E_{rec})

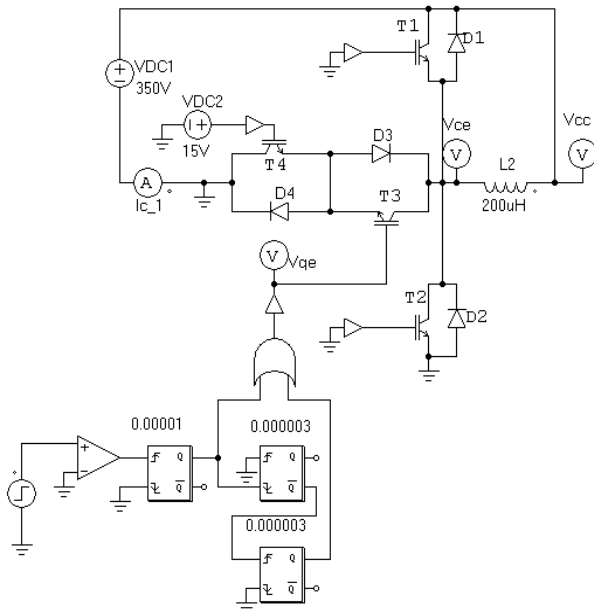


P_{rec} (100%) =	9,70	kW
E_{rec} (100%) =	0,71	mJ
t_{Erec} =	1,00	μs

Measurement circuits

Figure 11

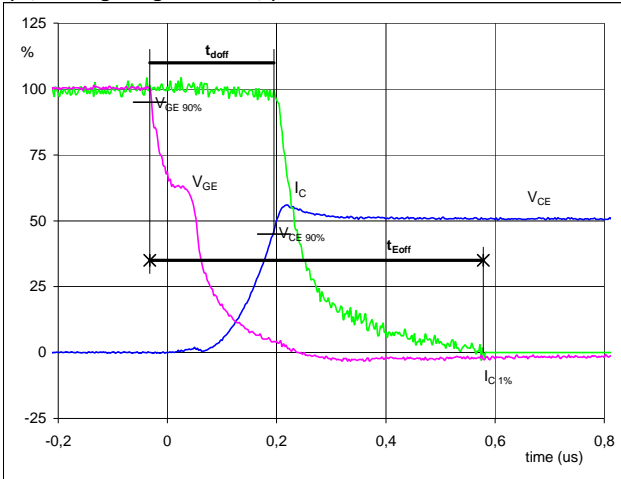
BOOST stage switching measurement circuit



Switching Definitions Half Bridge IGBT

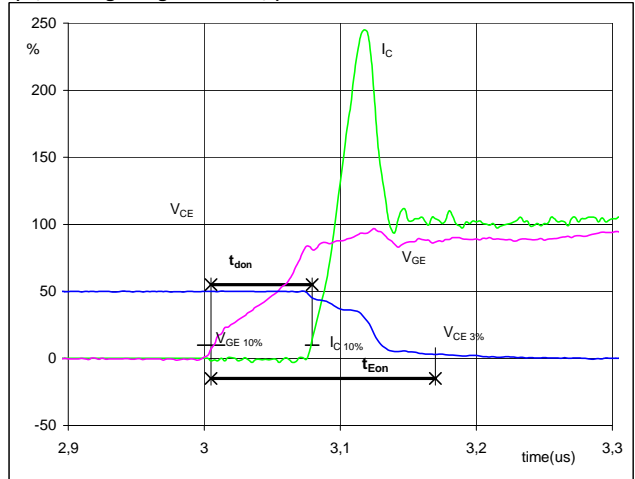
General conditions	
T_j	= 125 °C
R_{gon}	= 8 Ω
R_{goff}	= 8 Ω

Figure 1 Half Bridge IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} , t_{Eoff}
(t_{Eoff} = integrating time for E_{off})


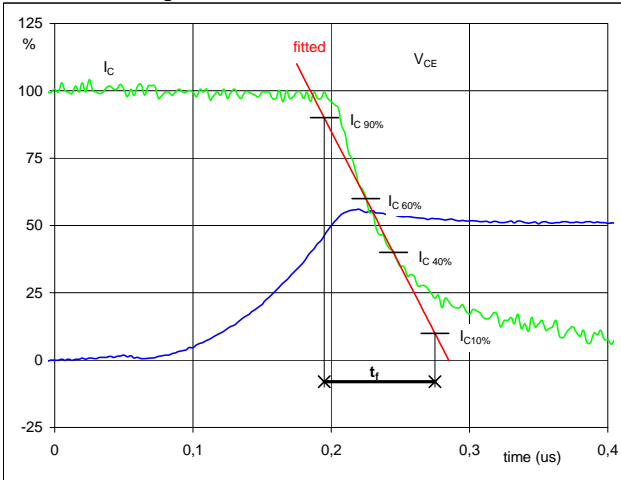
V_{GE} (0%) =	-15	V
V_{GE} (100%) =	15	V
V_C (100%) =	700	V
I_C (100%) =	28	A
t_{doff} =	0,22	μ s
t_{Eoff} =	0,61	μ s

Figure 2 Half Bridge IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} , t_{Eon}
(t_{Eon} = integrating time for E_{on})


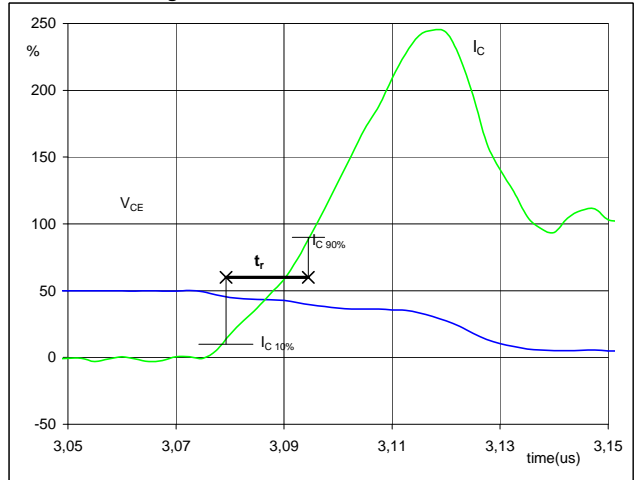
V_{GE} (0%) =	-15	V
V_{GE} (100%) =	15	V
V_C (100%) =	700	V
I_C (100%) =	28	A
t_{don} =	0,07	μ s
t_{Eon} =	0,16	μ s

Figure 3 Half Bridge IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f


V_C (100%) =	700	V
I_C (100%) =	28	A
t_f =	0,08	μ s

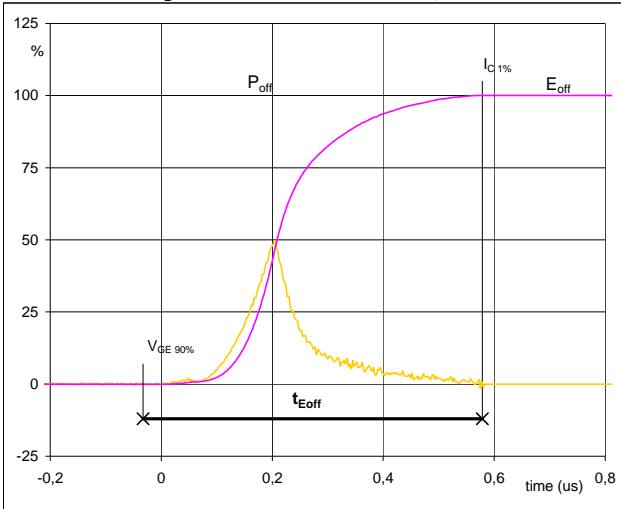
Figure 4 Half Bridge IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r


V_C (100%) =	700	V
I_C (100%) =	28	A
t_r =	0,02	μ s

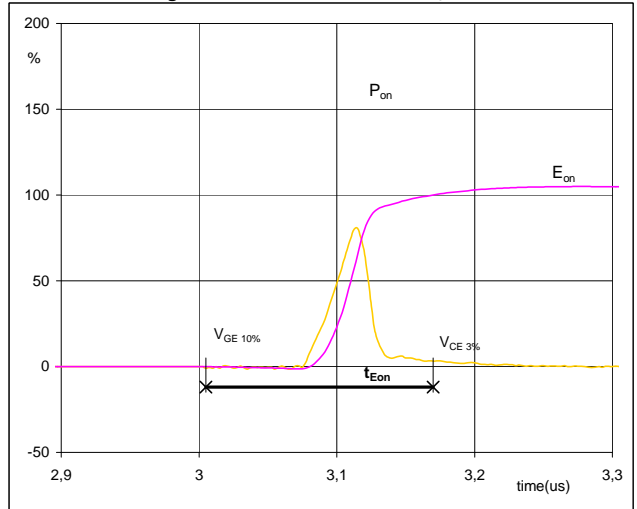
Switching Definitions Half Bridge IGBT

Figure 5 Half Bridge IGBT
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Eoff}



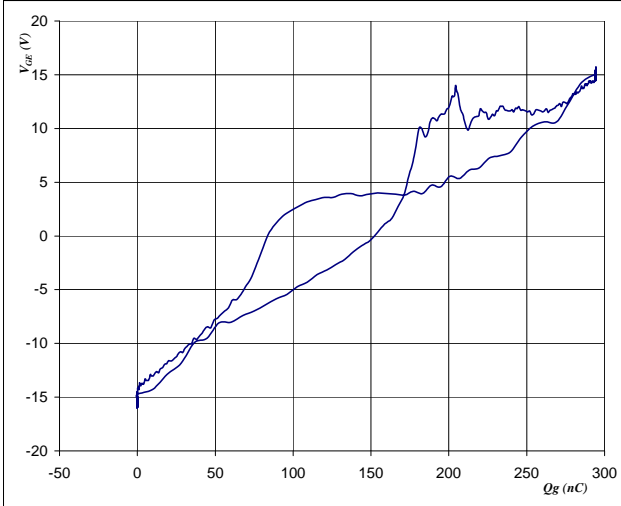
$P_{off} (100\%) = 19,50 \text{ kW}$
 $E_{off} (100\%) = 1,16 \text{ mJ}$
 $t_{Eoff} = 0,61 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$

Figure 6 Half Bridge IGBT
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Eon}



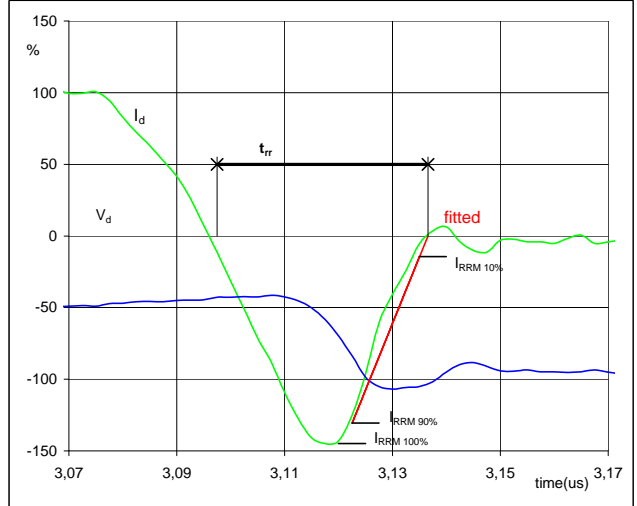
$P_{on} (100\%) = 19,50 \text{ kW}$
 $E_{on} (100\%) = 0,52 \text{ mJ}$
 $t_{Eon} = 0,16 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$

Figure 7 Half Bridge IGBT
Gate voltage vs Gate charge (measured)



$V_{GEoff} = -15 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GEon} = 15 \text{ V}$
 $V_C (100\%) = 700 \text{ V}$
 $I_C (100\%) = 28 \text{ A}$
 $Q_g = 299,41 \text{ nC}$

Figure 8 Half Bridge FWD
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{rr}

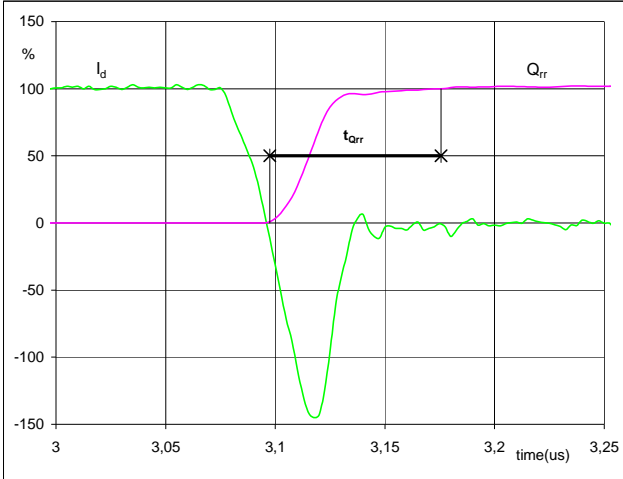


$V_d (100\%) = 700 \text{ V}$
 $I_d (100\%) = 28 \text{ A}$
 $I_{RRM} (100\%) = -41 \text{ A}$
 $t_{rr} = 0,04 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$

Switching Definitions Half Bridge IGBT

Figure 9 Half Bridge IGBT

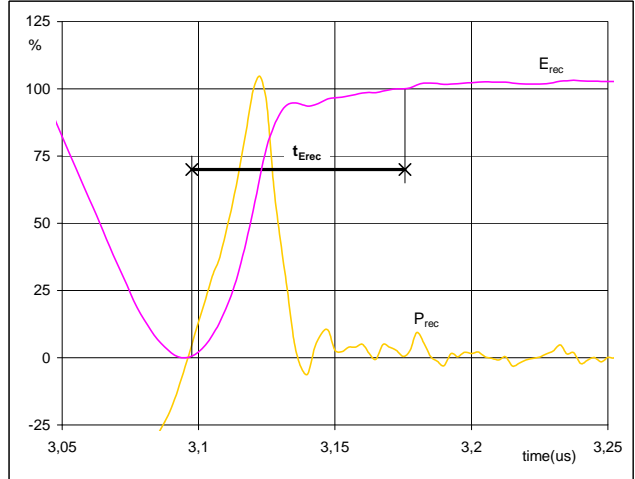
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Qrr}
 (t_{Qrr} = integrating time for Q_{rr})



I_d (100%) = 28 A
 Q_{rr} (100%) = 0,92 μ C
 t_{Qrr} = 0,08 μ s

Figure 10 Half Bridge FWD

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Erec}
 (t_{Erec} = integrating time for E_{rec})

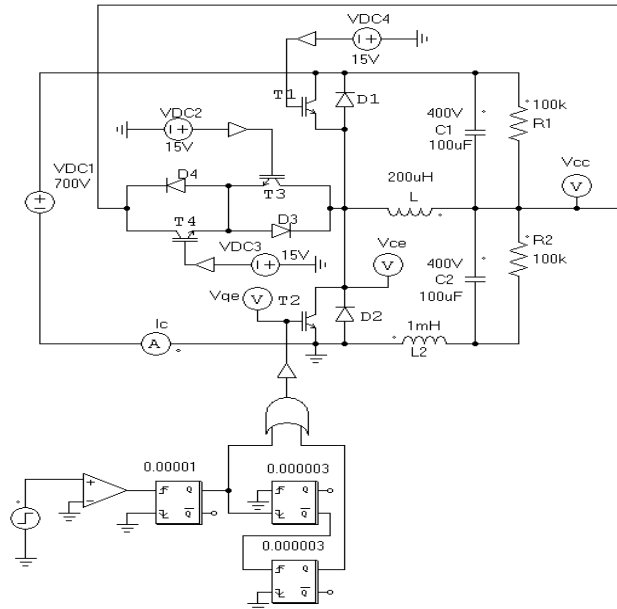


P_{rec} (100%) = 19,50 kW
 E_{rec} (100%) = 0,12 mJ
 t_{Erec} = 0,08 μ s

Measurement circuits

Figure 11

BUCK stage switching measurement circuit



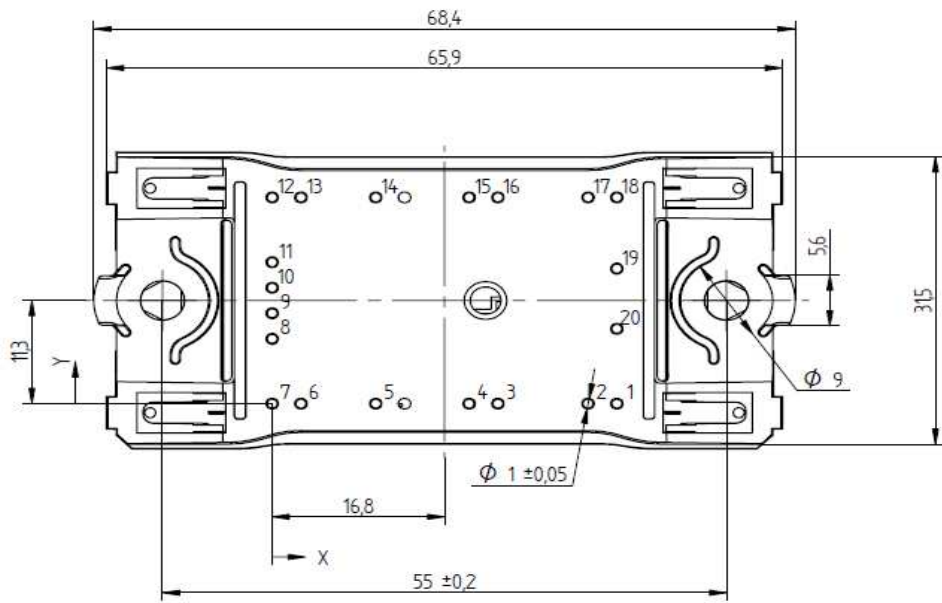
Ordering Code and Marking - Outline - Pinout

Ordering Code & Marking

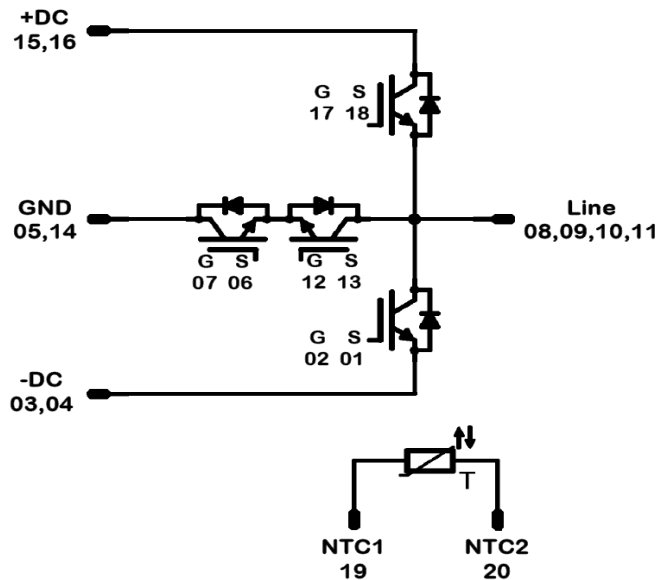
Version	Ordering Code	in DataMatrix as	in packaging barcode as
w/o thermal paste 12mm housing solder pin	10-FZ12NMA040SH-M267F	M267F	M267F
w/o thermal paste 12mm housing Press-fit pin	10-PZ12NMA040SH-M267FY	M267FY	M267FY
w/o thermal paste 17mm housing solder pin	10-F012NMA040SH-M267F09	M267F09	M267F09

Outline

Pin table		
Pin	X	Y
1	33,6	0
2	30,8	0
3	22	0
4	19,2	0
5	10,1	0
6	2,8	0
7	0	0
8	0	7,1
9	0	9,9
10	0	12,7
11	0	15,5
12	0	22,6
13	2,8	22,6
14	10,1	22,6
15	19,2	22,6
16	22	22,6
17	30,8	22,6
18	33,6	22,6
19	33,6	14,8
20	33,6	8,2



Pinout



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