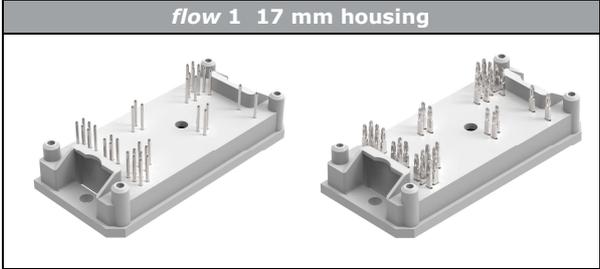
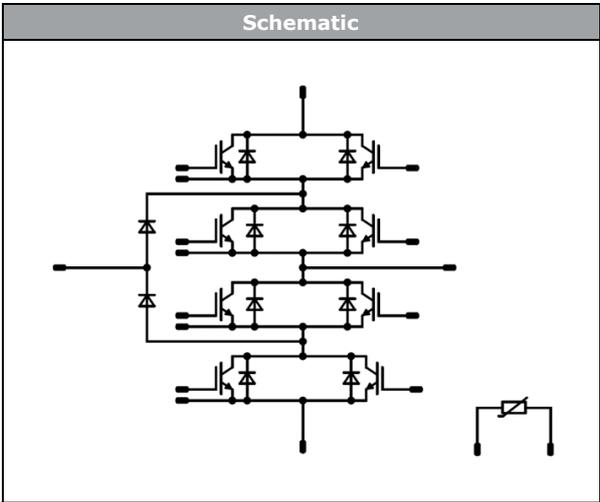




<i>flowNPC 1</i>	1200 V / 150 A
<div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;">Features</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> switching with high speed components low voltage ride through (LVRT) reactive power capable improved Rth (AlN) substrat <div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;">Target applications</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> UPS Motor drive Solar inverters <div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 5px;">Types</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 10-F107NIB150SG06-M136F39 10-P107NIB150SG06-M136F39Y 	<div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;">flow 1 17 mm housing</div>  <div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;">Schematic</div> 

Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
Buck Switch				
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}		650	V
Collector current	I_C	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	128	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	450	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	279	W
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GES}		±20	V
Short circuit ratings	t_{SC}	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ $V_{CE} = 400\text{ V}$ $T_j \leq 150\text{ °C}$	5	µs
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C



Vincotech

Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
Buck Diode				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		650	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	125	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	I_{FSM}	$t_p = 10\text{ ms sine Wave}$ $T_j = 100\text{ °C}$	1280	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	241	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C
Boost Switch				
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}		600	V
Collector current	I_C	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	173	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	450	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	324	W
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GES}		±20	V
Short circuit ratings	t_{SC}	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ $V_{CC} = 360\text{ V}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	6	µs
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C
Boost Diode				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		650	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	120	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}		200	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	203	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C
Boost Sw.Inv.Diode				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		600	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	124	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}		200	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	204	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C



Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
-----------	--------	-----------	-------	------

Module Properties

Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	T_{top}		-40...(T _{max} - 25)	°C

Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	V_{isol}	DC Test Voltage* $t_p = 2\text{ s}$	6000	V
		AC Voltage $t_p = 1\text{ min}$	2500	V
Creepage distance			min. 12,7	mm
Clearance			min. 12,7	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI		> 200	

*100 % tested in production



Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
Buck Switch										
Static										
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}$			0,0024	25	4,2	5,1	5,6	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V_{CEsat}		15		150	25 150	1,38	1,89 2,25	2,22	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	I_{CES}		0	650		25			7,6	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		25			300	nA
Internal gate resistance	r_g							none		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{ies}							9240		pF
Output capacitance	C_{oes}	$f = 1$ Mhz	0	25		25		480		
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}							274		
Gate charge	Q_g		15	480	150	25		940		nC
Thermal										
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						0,34		K/W
Dynamic										
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$					25 125 150		149 150 151		ns
Rise time	t_r	$R_{gon} = 4$ Ω $R_{goff} = 4$ Ω				25 125 150		30 32 33		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		±15	350	150	25 125 150		192 188 212		
Fall time	t_f					25 125 150		12 15 17		
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	E_{on}	$Q_{t-FWD} = 4,8$ μC $Q_{t-FWD} = 9,1$ μC $Q_{t-FWD} = 10,3$ μC				25 125 150		1,815 2,442 2,616		
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	E_{off}					25 125 150		2,084 2,747 2,964		mWs



Vincotech

10-F107NIB150SG06-M136F39
10-P107NIB150SG06-M136F39Y
 datasheet

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		V_{GE} [V]	V_{CE} [V]	I_C [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

Buck Diode

Static

Parameter	Symbol	V_{GE} [V]	V_{CE} [V]	I_C [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Forward voltage	V_F			160	25 125 150		1,52 1,47 1,45	1,92	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R		650		25			8,4	μA

Thermal

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)	0,39	K/W

Dynamic

Parameter	Symbol	V_{GE} [V]	V_{CE} [V]	I_C [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Peak recovery current	I_{RRM}				25 125 150		100 143 152		A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}				25 125 150		66 95 105		ns
Recovered charge	Q_r	$di/dt = 5294$ A/μs $di/dt = 5307$ A/μs $di/dt = 4893$ A/μs	±15	350	150	25 125 150	4,759 9,056 10,295		μC
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}				25 125 150		1,035 2,055 2,344		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$				25 125 150		2725 2076 1787		A/μs



Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

Boost Switch

Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}$			0,0024	25	5	5,8	6,5	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V_{CEsat}		15		150	25 150	1,05	1,46 1,64	1,85	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	I_{CES}		0	600		25			7,6	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		25			1200	nA
Internal gate resistance	r_g							none		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{ies}							9240		pF
Output capacitance	C_{oes}	$f = 1$ Mhz	0	25		25		576		
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}							274		
Gate charge	Q_g		15	480	150	25		940		nC

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						0,29		K/W
-------------------------------------	---------------	---------------------------------------	--	--	--	--	--	------	--	-----

Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$					25 150		149 151		ns
Rise time	t_r	$R_{gon} = 4$ Ω $R_{goff} = 4$ Ω				25 150		31 36		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25 150		220 245		
Fall time	t_f		±15	350	150	25 150		58 78		
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	E_{on}	$Q_{tFWD} = 5,9$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 12,9$ μC				25 150		1,77 2,38		
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	E_{off}					25 150		4,26 5,95		mWs



Vincotech

10-F107NIB150SG06-M136F39
10-P107NIB150SG06-M136F39Y
 datasheet

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		V_{GE} [V]	V_{CE} [V]	I_C [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

Boost Diode

Static

Forward voltage	V_F			100	25 150	1,20	1,77 1,57	1,9	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R		650		25			48	μ A

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)					0,47		K/W
-------------------------------------	---------------	------------------------------------	--	--	--	--	------	--	-----

Dynamic

Peak recovery current	I_{RRM}	$di/dt = 7150$ A/ μ s $di/dt = 5023$ A/ μ s	± 15	350	150	25	82		A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					150	114		ns
Recovered charge	Q_r					25	5,92		μ C
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}					150	12,85		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$					25	559		A/ μ s

Boost Sw.Inv.Diode

Static

Forward voltage	V_F			100	25 150	1,2	1,77 1,54	1,9	V
-----------------	-------	--	--	-----	-----------	-----	--------------	-----	---

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)					0,46		K/W
-------------------------------------	---------------	------------------------------------	--	--	--	--	------	--	-----

Thermistor

Rated resistance	R				25		22		k Ω
Deviation of R_{100}	$\Delta_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 1484$ Ω			100	-5		5	%
Power dissipation	P				25		5		mW
Power dissipation constant					25		1,5		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. ± 1 %			25		3962		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. ± 1 %			25		4000		K
Vincotech NTC Reference								I	

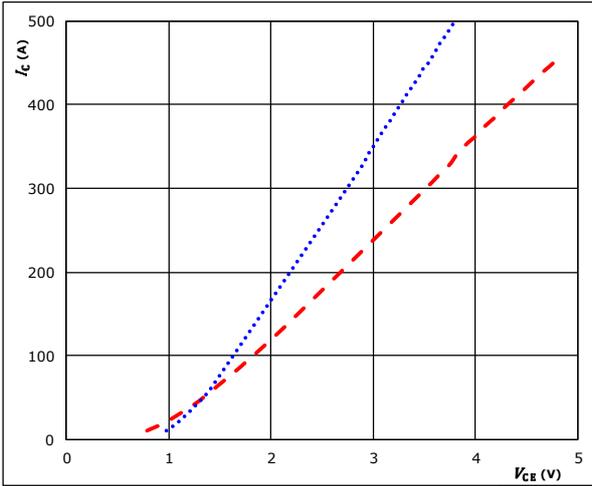


Buck Switch Characteristics

figure 1. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

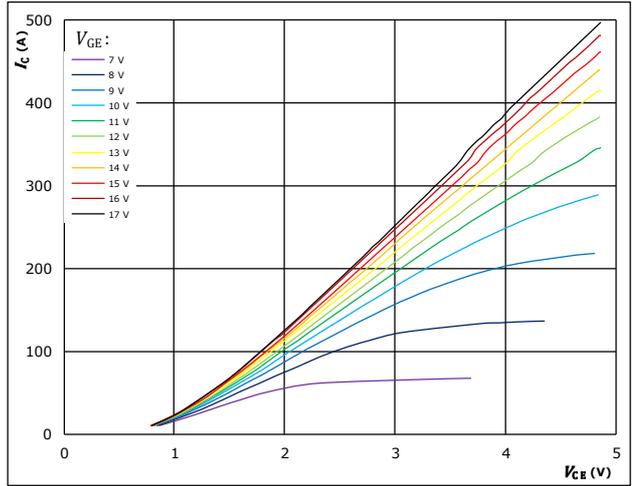


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 15 V$
 $T_j: 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$ (blue dotted line)
 $150 \text{ } ^\circ C$ (red dashed line)

figure 2. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

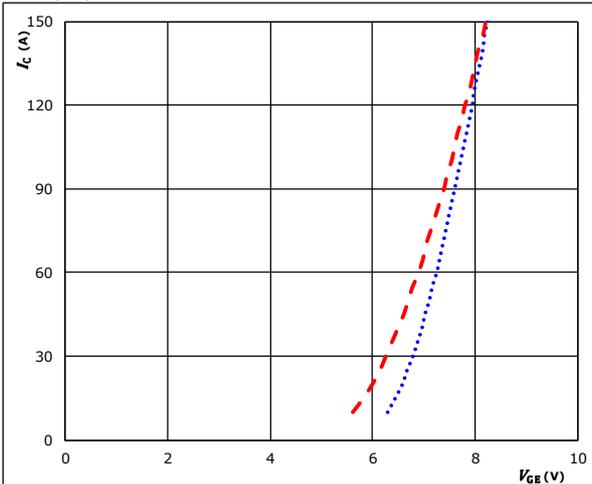


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ C$
 V_{CE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 3. IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

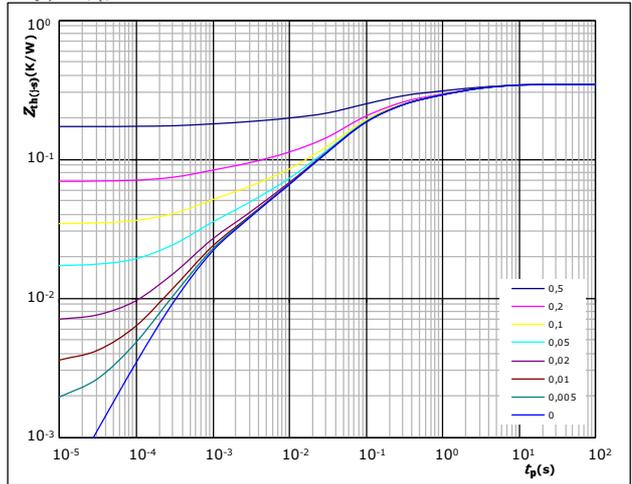


$t_p = 100 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 0 V$
 $T_j: 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$ (blue dotted line)
 $150 \text{ } ^\circ C$ (red dashed line)

figure 4. IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as function of pulse duration

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,34 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
4,43E-02	3,55E+00
6,46E-02	8,58E-01
1,01E-01	1,36E-01
9,03E-02	4,30E-02
2,31E-02	4,39E-03
1,76E-02	6,24E-04



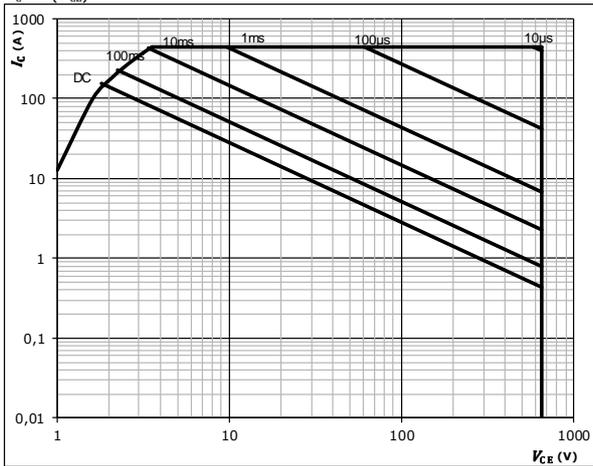
Vincotech

Buck Switch Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT

Safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



$D =$ single pulse
 $T_s = 80$ °C
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$

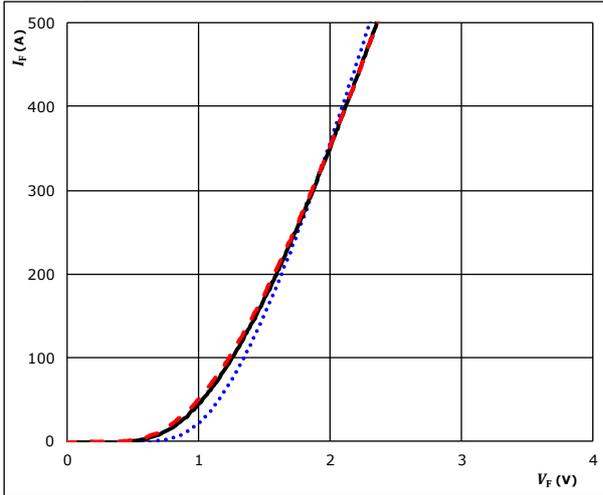


Buck Diode Characteristics

figure 1. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

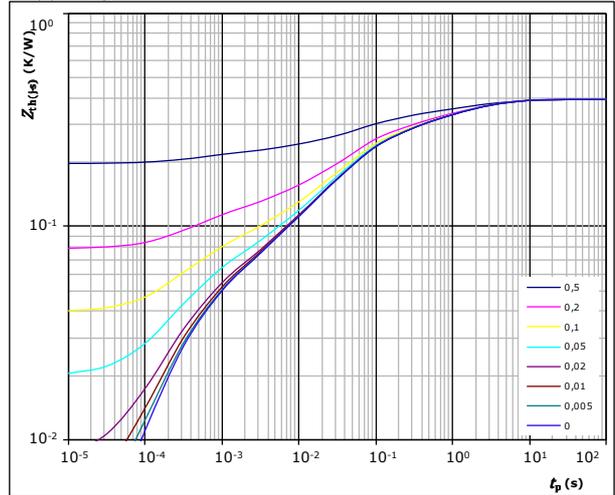


$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$
 T_j : 25 °C
 125 °C ———
 150 °C - - - -

figure 2. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,39 \text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
4,62E-02	3,80E+00
6,71E-02	9,22E-01
5,38E-02	2,23E-01
1,26E-01	5,05E-02
3,49E-02	1,17E-02
3,03E-02	2,42E-03
3,61E-02	3,36E-04

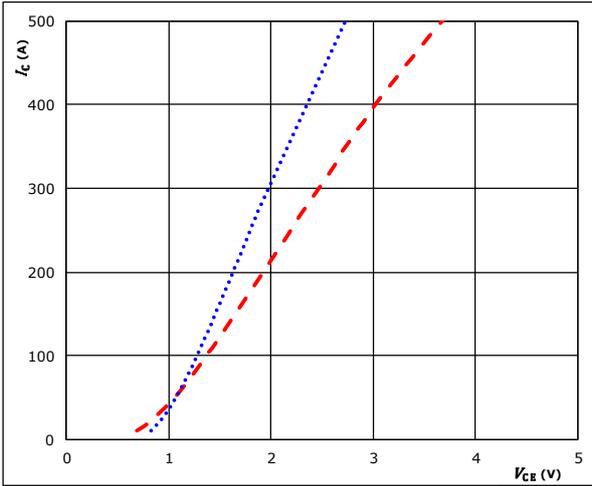


Boost Switch Characteristics

figure 1. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

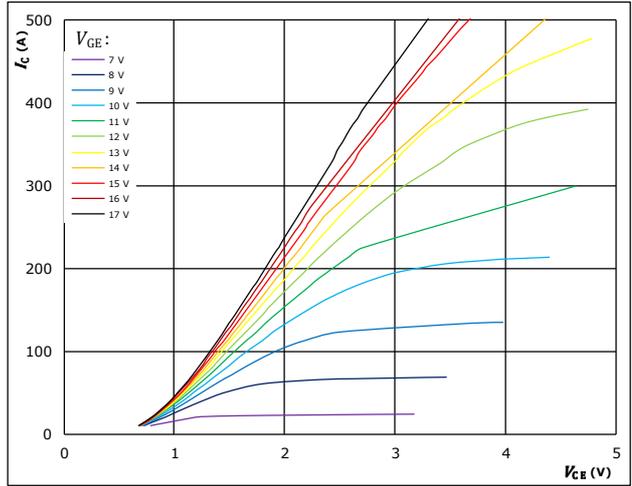


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 15 V$
 $T_j: 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$ (blue dotted line)
 $150 \text{ } ^\circ C$ (red dashed line)

figure 2. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

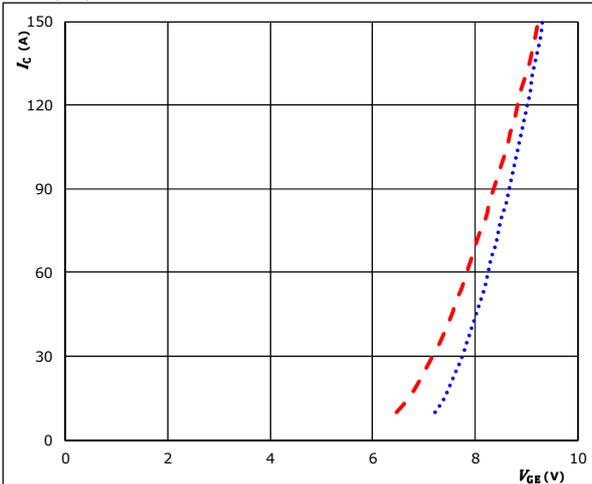


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 3. IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{GE})$

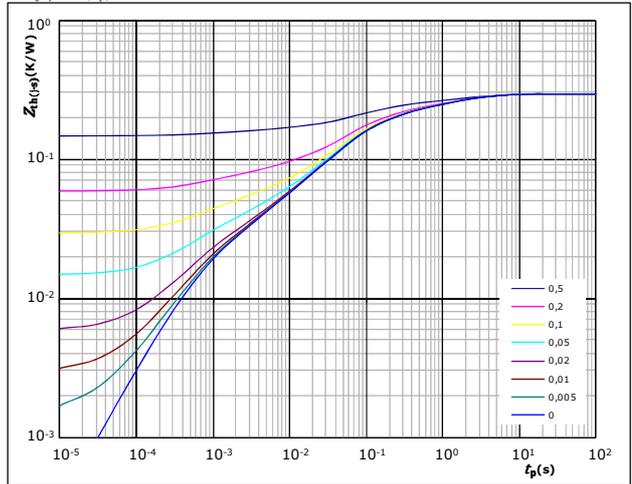


$t_p = 100 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 0 V$
 $T_j: 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$ (blue dotted line)
 $150 \text{ } ^\circ C$ (red dashed line)

figure 4. IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as function of pulse duration

$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,29 K/W$

IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
4,40E-02	2,95E+00
5,08E-02	7,93E-01
7,83E-02	1,41E-01
8,59E-02	4,33E-02
2,00E-02	3,83E-03
1,46E-02	5,99E-04



Boost Switch Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT

Gate voltage vs gate charge

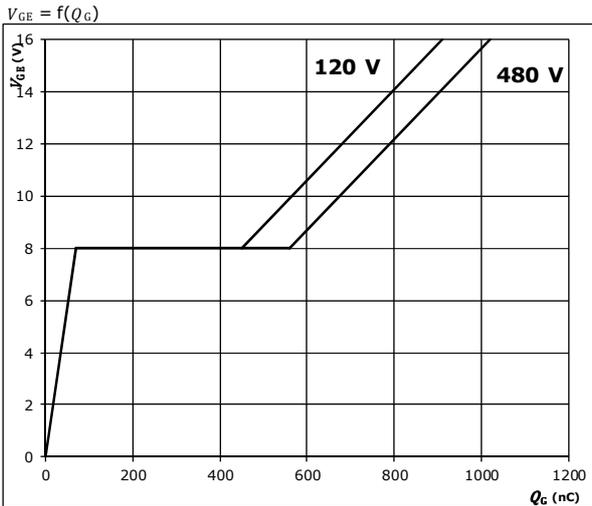
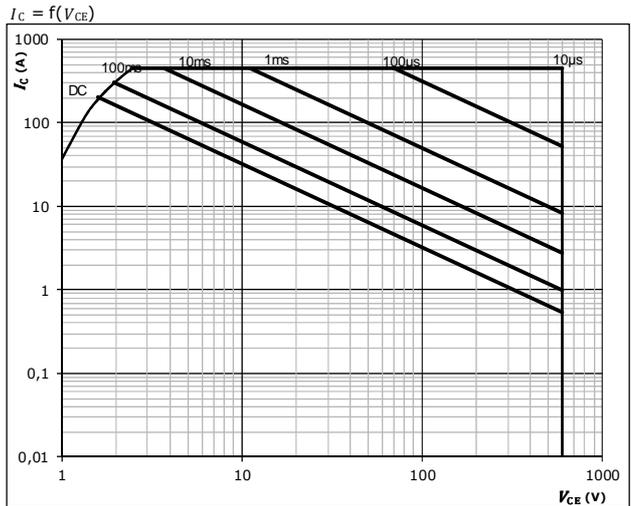


figure 6. IGBT

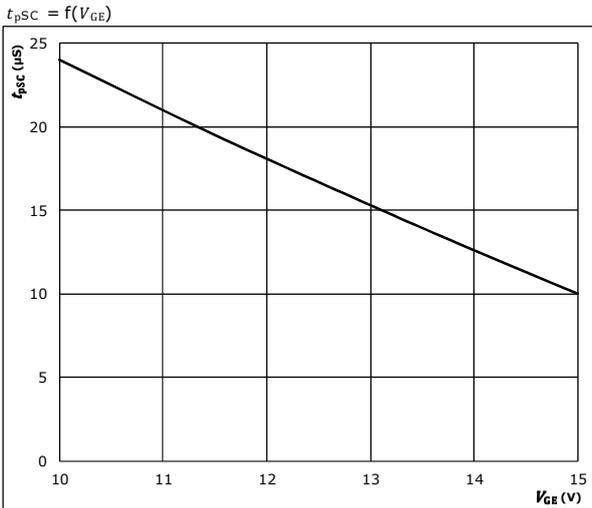
Safe operating area



$D =$ single pulse
 $T_s = 80 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$

figure 7. IGBT

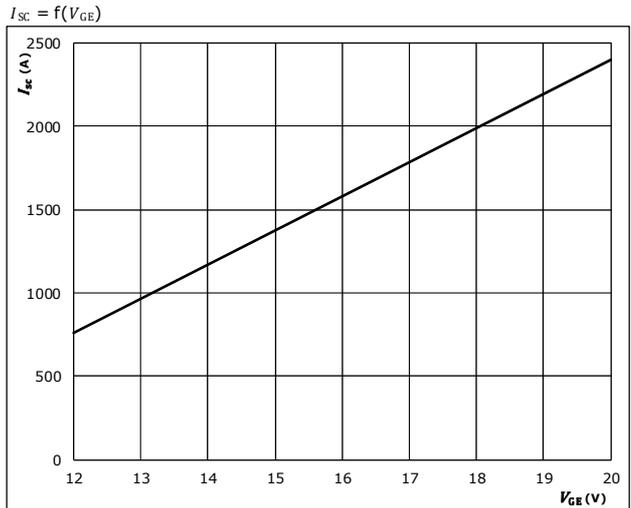
Short circuit duration as a function of V_{GE}



$V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $T_j \leq 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

figure 8. IGBT

Typical short circuit current as a function of V_{GE}



$V_{CE} \leq 400 \text{ V}$
 $T_j \leq 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

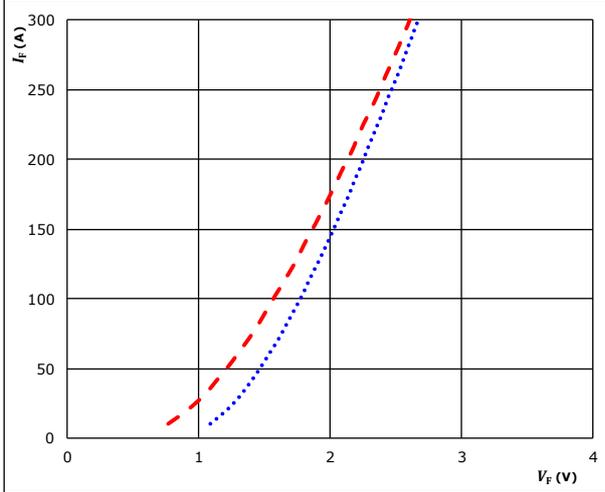


Boost Diode Characteristics

figure 1. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

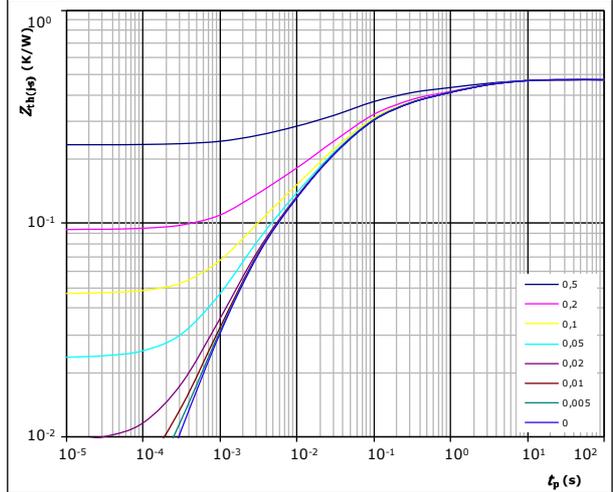


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j: 25 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ (blue dotted line)
 $150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ (red dashed line)

figure 2. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,47 \text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
4,73E-02	4,12E+00
6,76E-02	9,18E-01
1,01E-01	1,37E-01
1,41E-01	3,83E-02
6,28E-02	8,98E-03
4,92E-02	1,99E-03

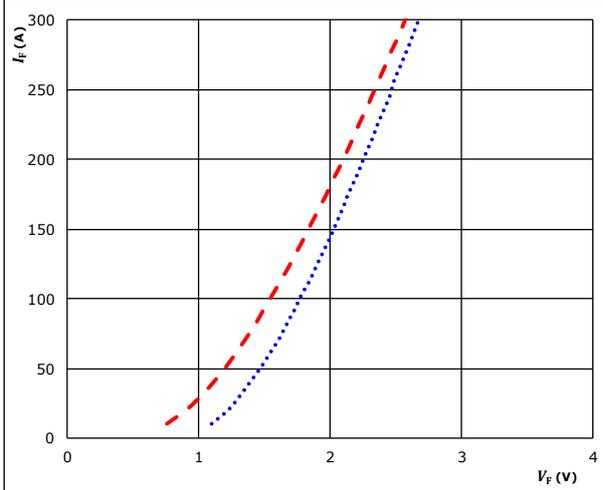


Boost Sw.Inv.Diode Characteristics

figure 1. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

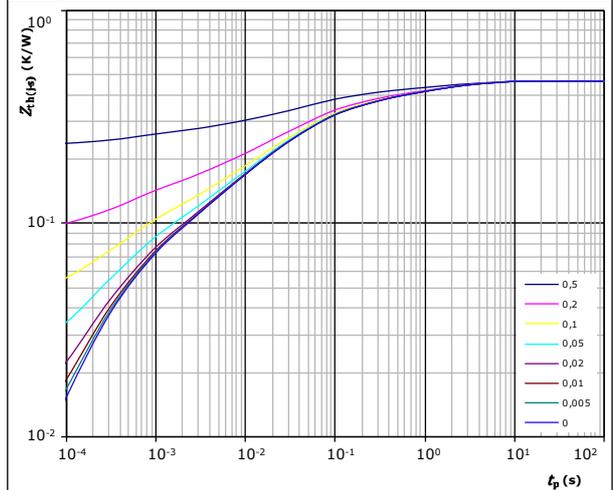


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 T_j : 25 °C
 125 °C ———
 150 °C - - - -

figure 2. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,46 \text{ K/W}$
 FWD thermal model values

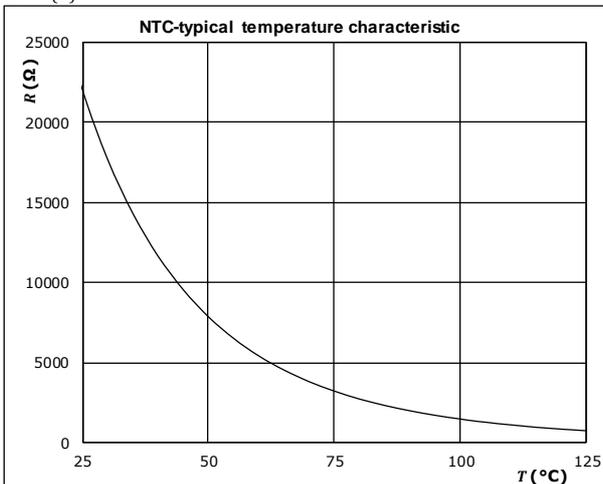
$R \text{ (K/W)}$	$\tau \text{ (s)}$
4,32E-02	3,42E+00
5,82E-02	8,07E-01
7,54E-02	1,51E-01
1,32E-01	3,88E-02
6,30E-02	9,31E-03
4,34E-02	2,22E-03
4,90E-02	3,53E-04

Thermistor Characteristics

figure 1. Thermistor

Typical NTC characteristic as a function of temperature

$$R = f(T)$$



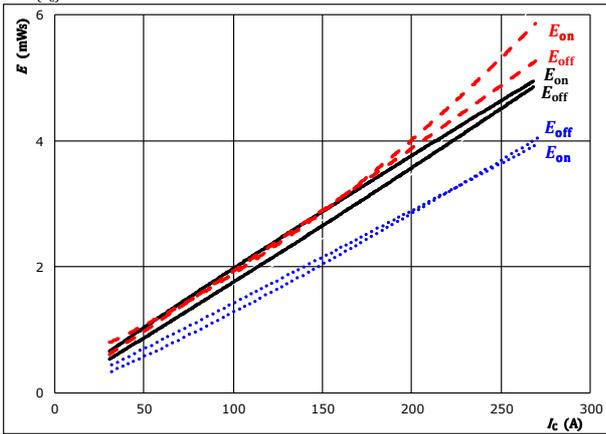


Buck Switching Characteristics

figure 1. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

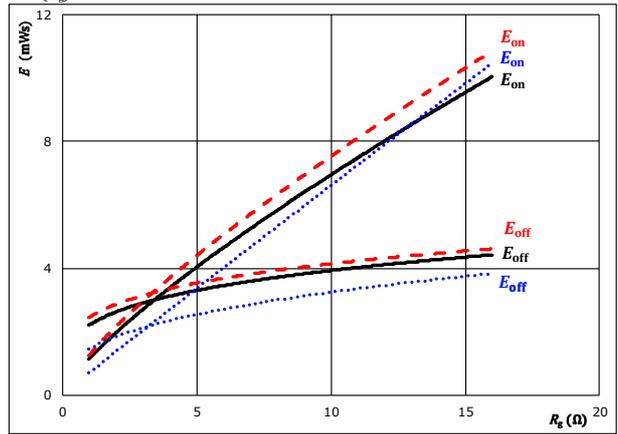
$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω
 $R_{goff} = 4$ Ω

T_j : 25 °C (blue dotted)
 125 °C (black solid)
 150 °C (red dashed)

figure 2. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

$$E = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

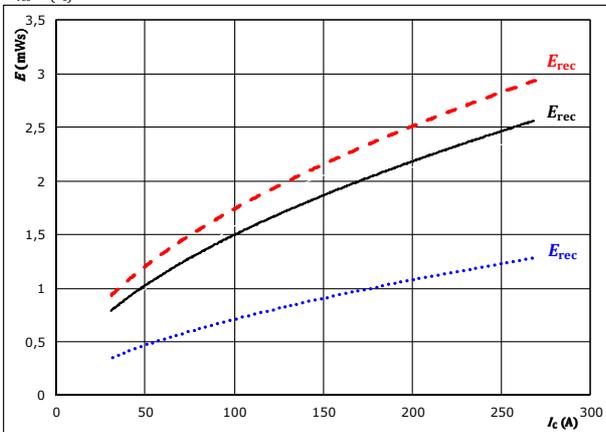
$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 150$ A

T_j : 25 °C (blue dotted)
 125 °C (black solid)
 150 °C (red dashed)

figure 3. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

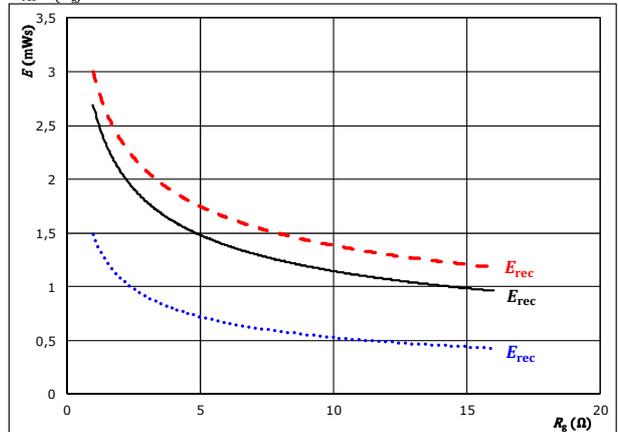
$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω

T_j : 25 °C (blue dotted)
 125 °C (black solid)
 150 °C (red dashed)

figure 4. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 150$ A

T_j : 25 °C (blue dotted)
 125 °C (black solid)
 150 °C (red dashed)

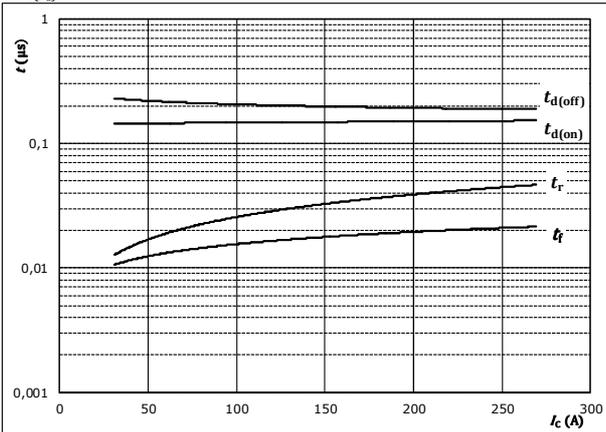


Buck Switching Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_C)$$



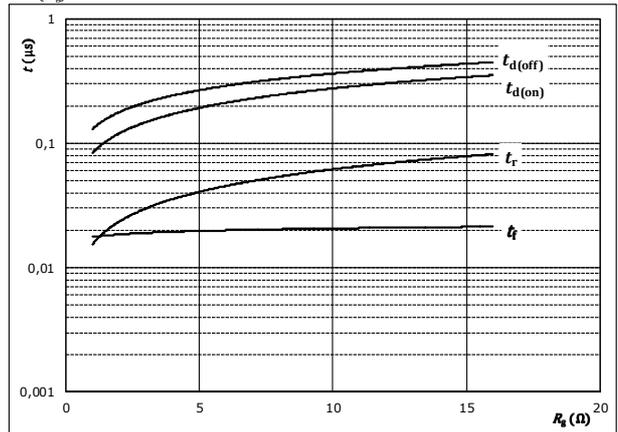
With an inductive load at

$T_j = 150$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω
 $R_{goff} = 4$ Ω

figure 6. IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(R_g)$$



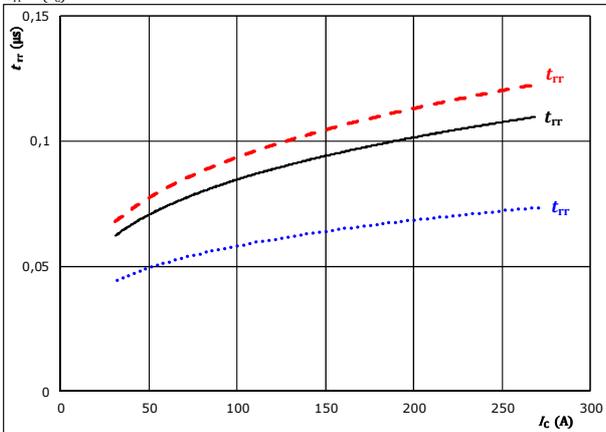
With an inductive load at

$T_j = 150$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_C = 150$ A

figure 7. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$$



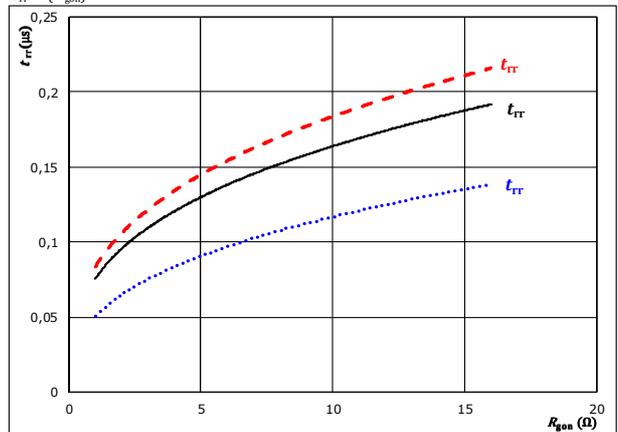
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω
 $T_j: 25$ °C (dotted)
 125 °C (solid)
 150 °C (dashed)

figure 8. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_C = 150$ A
 $T_j: 25$ °C (dotted)
 125 °C (solid)
 150 °C (dashed)

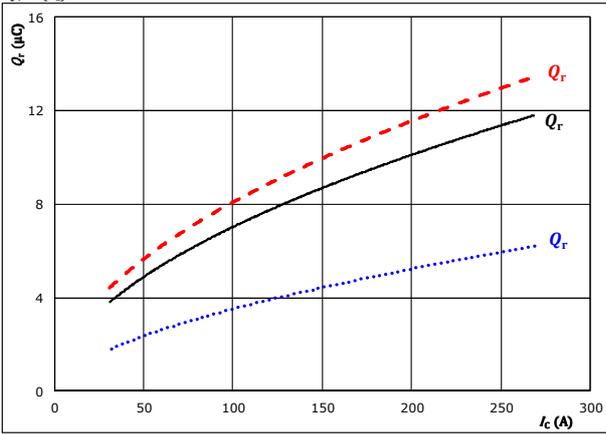


Buck Switching Characteristics

figure 9. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$

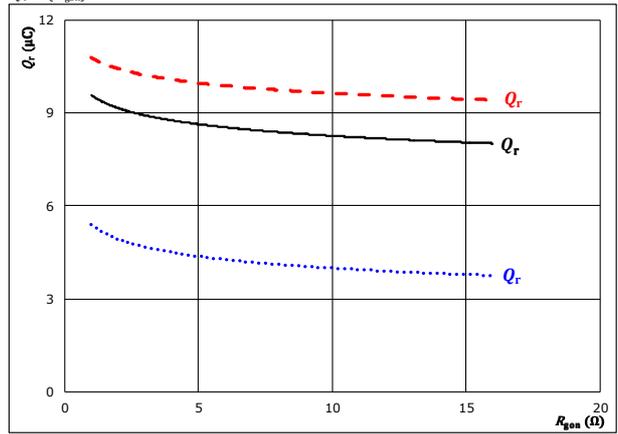


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gdn} = 4$ Ω
 T_j : 25 °C (dotted blue line)
 125 °C (solid black line)
 150 °C (dashed red line)

figure 10. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gdn})$$

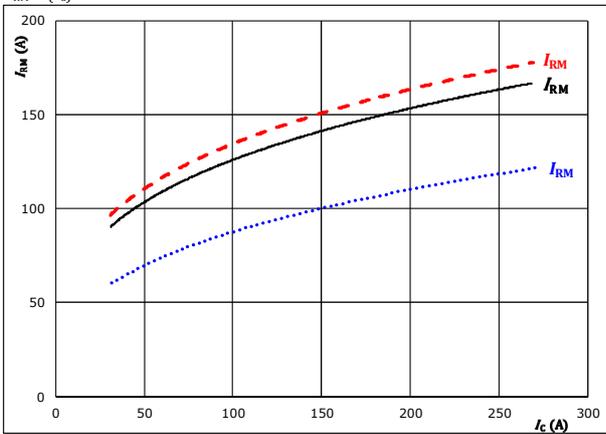


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 150$ A
 T_j : 25 °C (dotted blue line)
 125 °C (solid black line)
 150 °C (dashed red line)

figure 11. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$

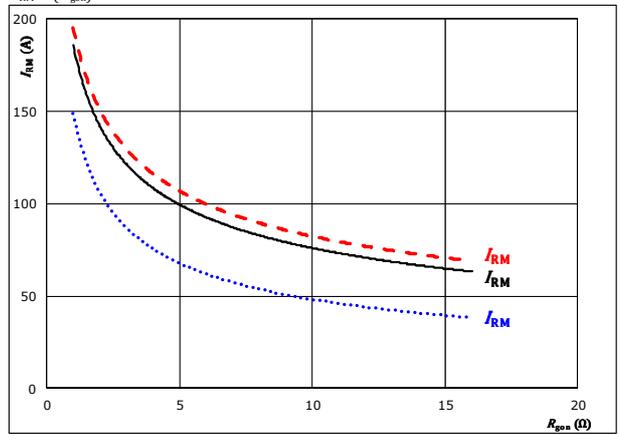


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gdn} = 4$ Ω
 T_j : 25 °C (dotted blue line)
 125 °C (solid black line)
 150 °C (dashed red line)

figure 12. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gdn})$$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 150$ A
 T_j : 25 °C (dotted blue line)
 125 °C (solid black line)
 150 °C (dashed red line)

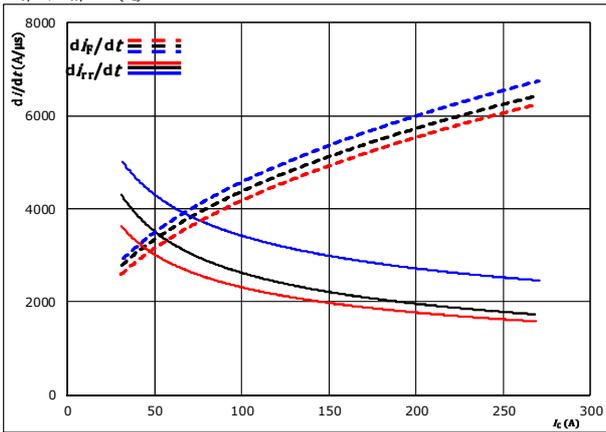


Vincotech

Buck Switching Characteristics

figure 13. FWD

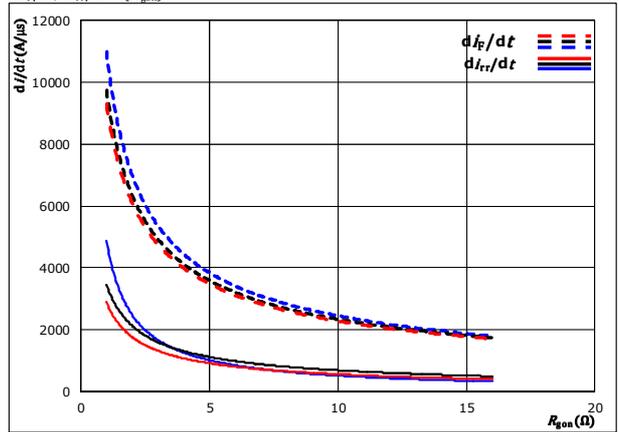
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω
 $T_j: 125$ °C
 150 °C

figure 14. FWD

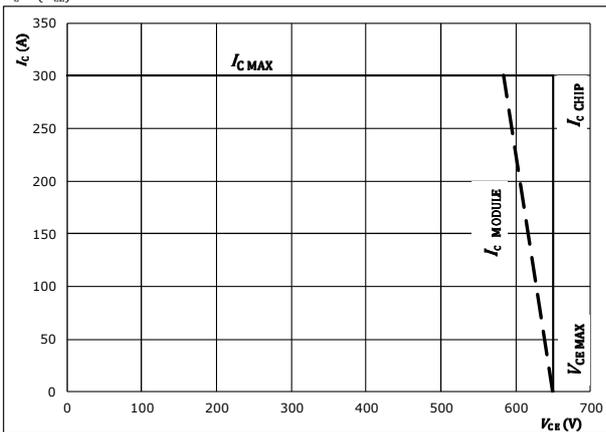
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_C = 150$ A
 $T_j: 125$ °C
 150 °C

figure 15. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



At
 $T_j = 125$ °C
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω
 $R_{goff} = 4$ Ω



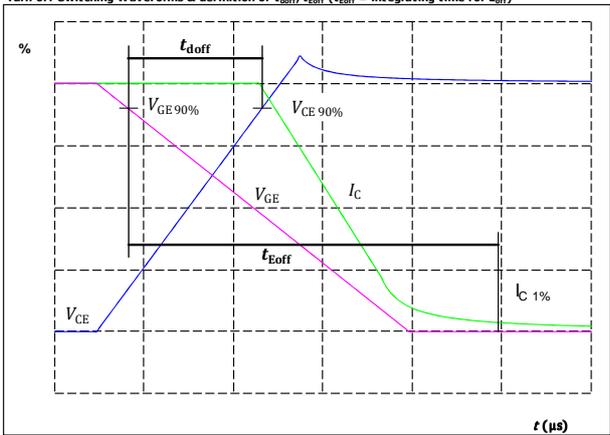
Buck Switching Definitions

General conditions

T_j	=	125 °C
R_{gon}	=	4 Ω
R_{goff}	=	4 Ω

figure 1. IGBT

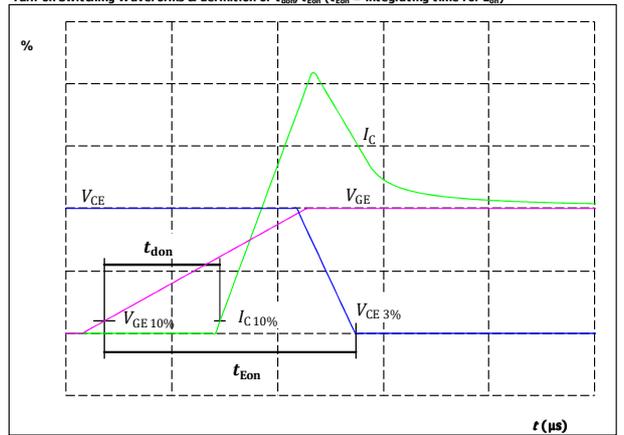
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} , t_{Eoff} (t_{Eoff} = integrating time for E_{off})



$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	150	A
$t_{doff} =$	188	ns

figure 2. IGBT

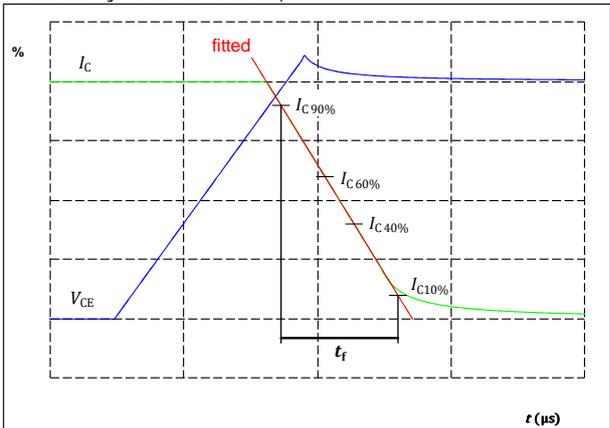
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} , t_{Eon} (t_{Eon} = integrating time for E_{on})



$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	150	A
$t_{don} =$	150	ns

figure 3. IGBT

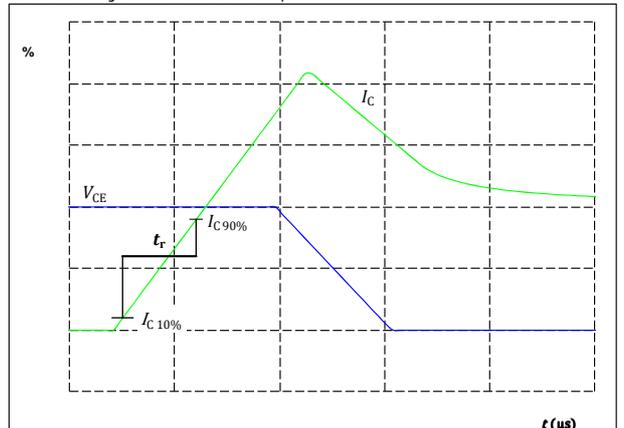
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r



$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	150	A
$t_r =$	15	ns

figure 4. IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r



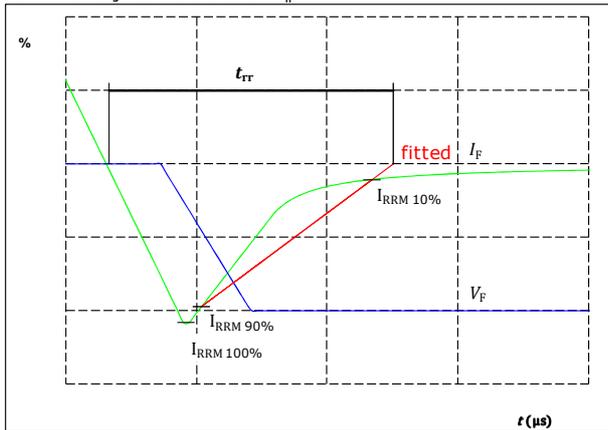
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	150	A
$t_r =$	32	ns



Vincotech

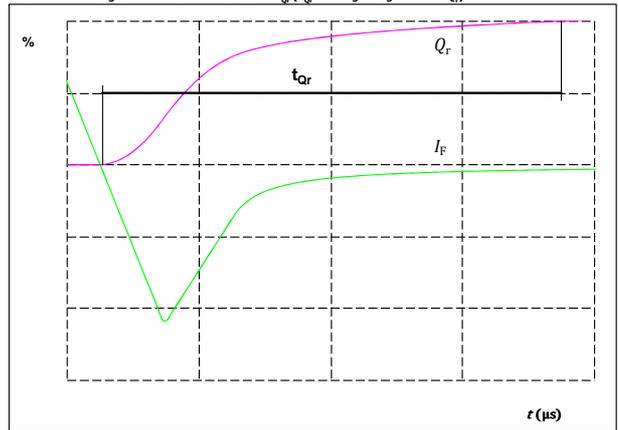
Buck Switching Characteristics

figure 5. FWD
 Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{rr}



$V_F(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_F(100\%) =$	150	A
$I_{RRM}(100\%) =$	143	A
$t_{rr} =$	95	ns

figure 6. FWD
 Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{qr} (t_{qr} = integrating time for Q_r)



$I_F(100\%) =$	150	A
$Q_r(100\%) =$	0	μC

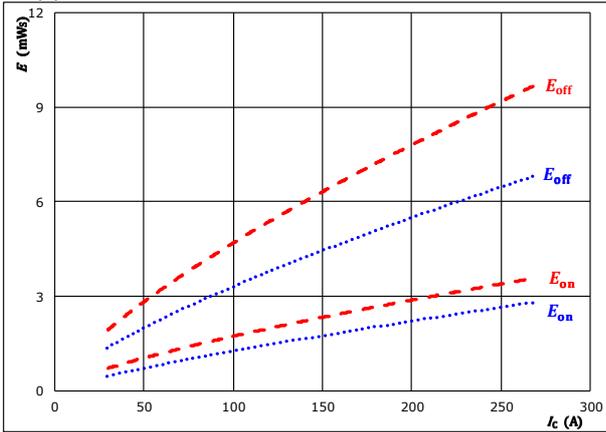


Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 1. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

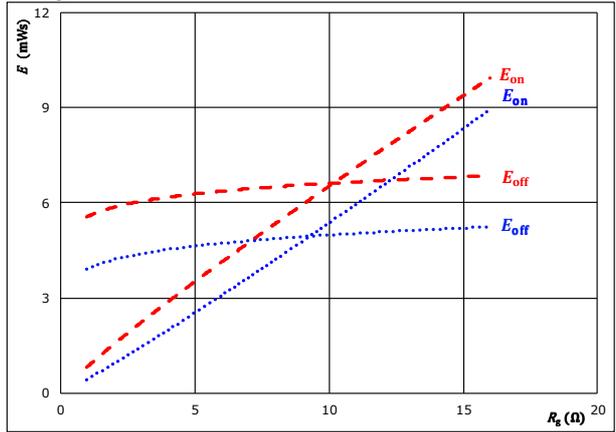
$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω
 $R_{goff} = 4$ Ω

T_j : 25 °C (blue dotted line)
 150 °C (red dashed line)

figure 2. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

$$E = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

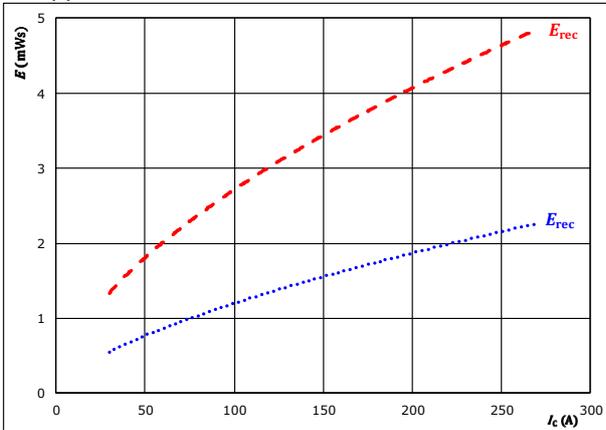
$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 150$ A

T_j : 25 °C (blue dotted line)
 150 °C (red dashed line)

figure 3. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

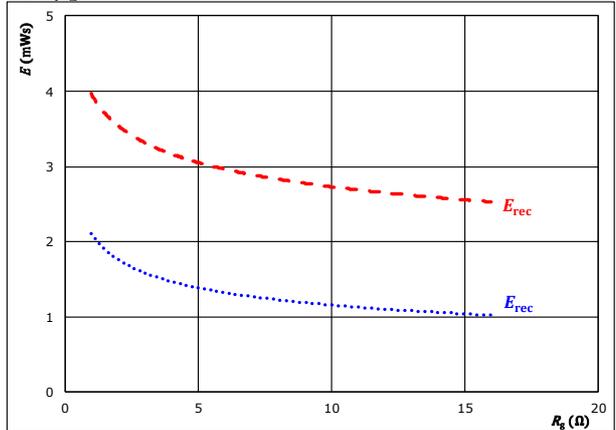
$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω

T_j : 25 °C (blue dotted line)
 150 °C (red dashed line)

figure 4. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 150$ A

T_j : 25 °C (blue dotted line)
 150 °C (red dashed line)

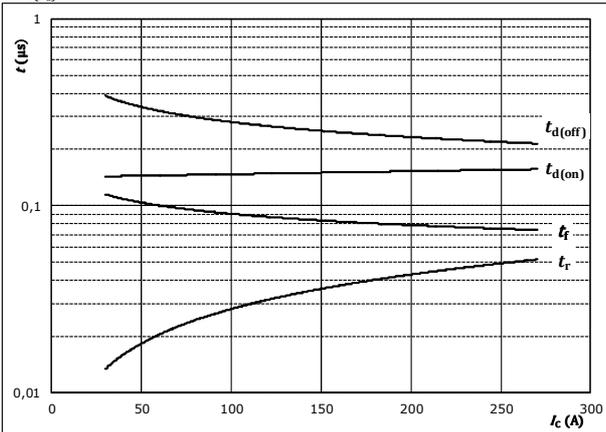


Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_C)$$



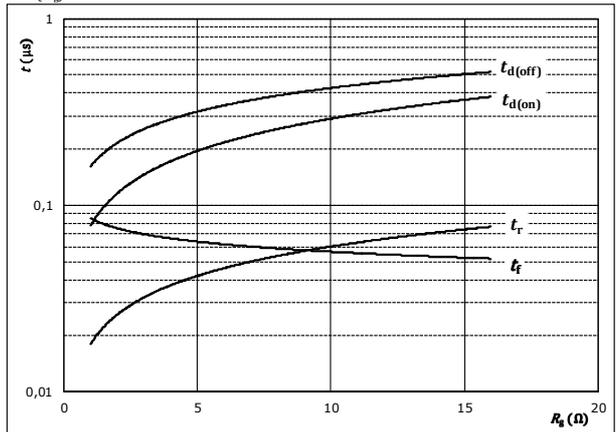
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{g(on)} =$	4	Ω
$R_{g(off)} =$	4	Ω

figure 6. IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(R_g)$$



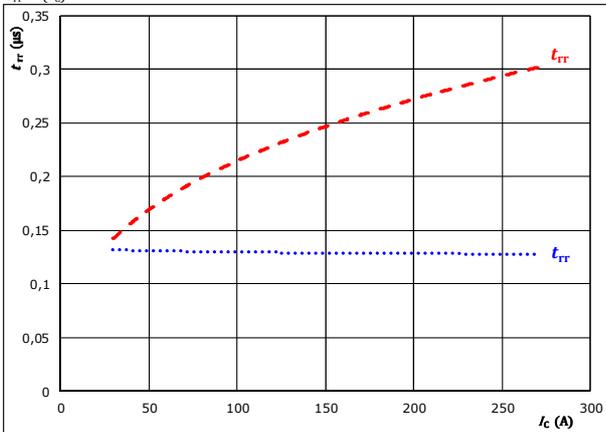
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$I_C =$	150	A

figure 7. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$$



With an inductive load at

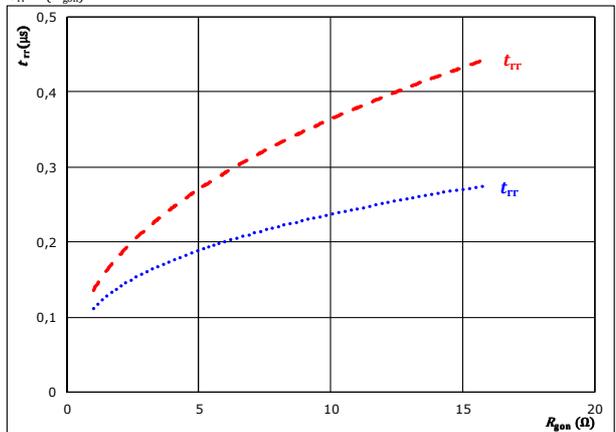
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{g(on)} =$	4	Ω

$T_j:$	25 °C
	150 °C	-----

figure 8. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{g(on)})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$I_C =$	150	A

$T_j:$	25 °C
	150 °C	-----

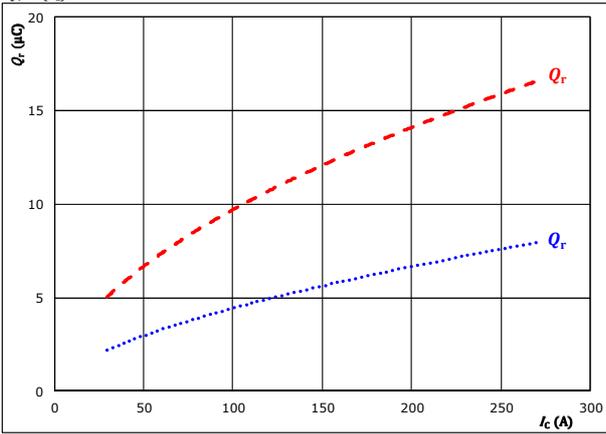


Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 9. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

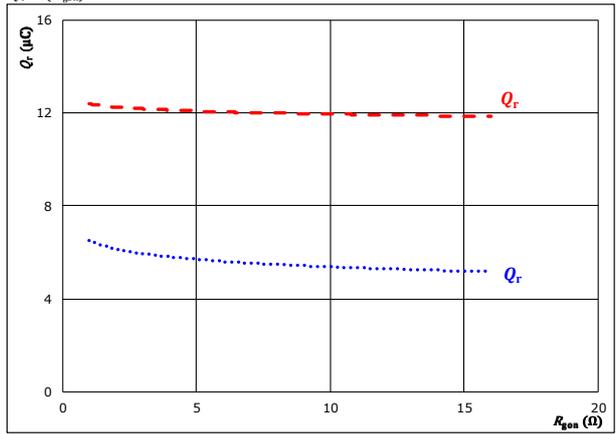
$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gpn} = 4$ Ω

T_j : 25 °C (blue dotted line)
 150 °C (red dashed line)

figure 10. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gpn})$$



With an inductive load at

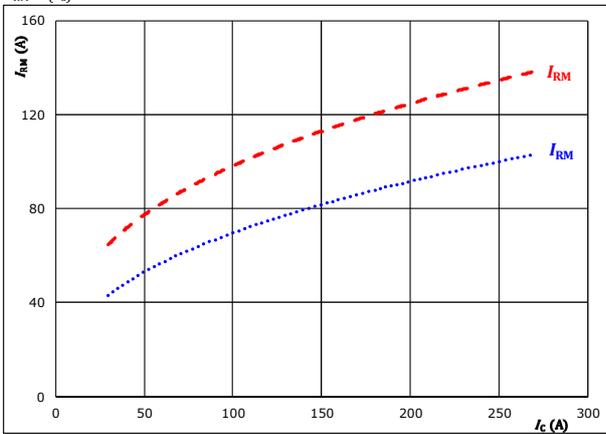
$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 150$ A

T_j : 25 °C (blue dotted line)
 150 °C (red dashed line)

figure 11. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

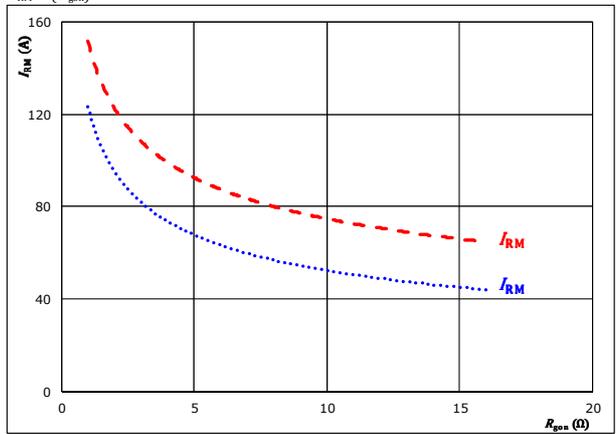
$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gpn} = 4$ Ω

T_j : 25 °C (blue dotted line)
 150 °C (red dashed line)

figure 12. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gpn})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 150$ A

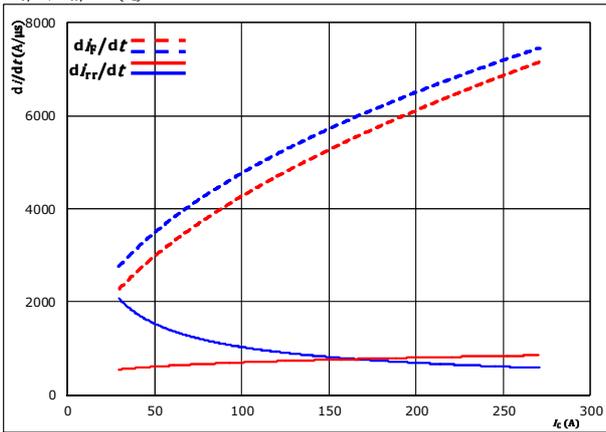
T_j : 25 °C (blue dotted line)
 150 °C (red dashed line)



Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 13. FWD

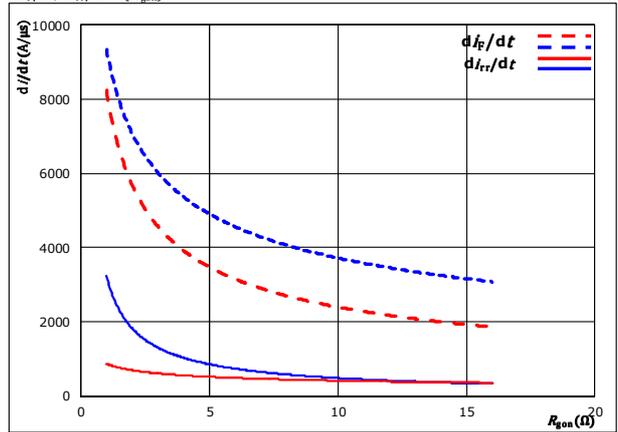
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω
 $T_j: 25$ °C
 150 °C

figure 14. FWD

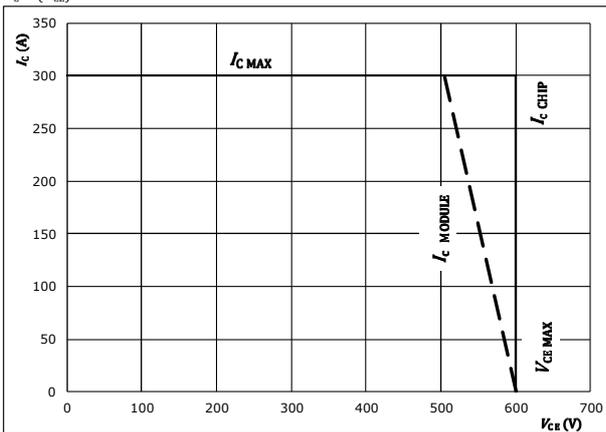
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_C = 150$ A
 $T_j: 25$ °C
 150 °C

figure 15. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



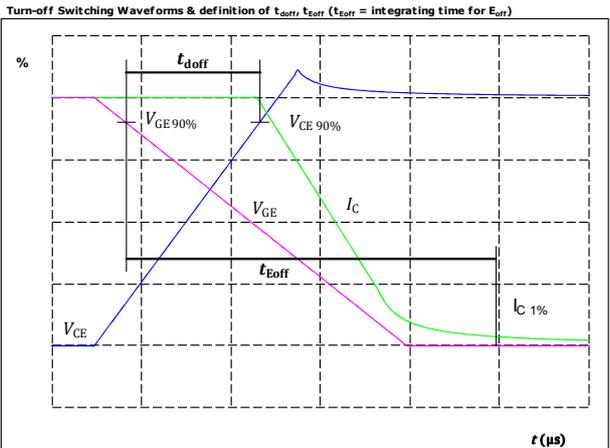
At
 $T_j = 150$ °C
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω
 $R_{goff} = 4$ Ω



Boost Switching Definitions

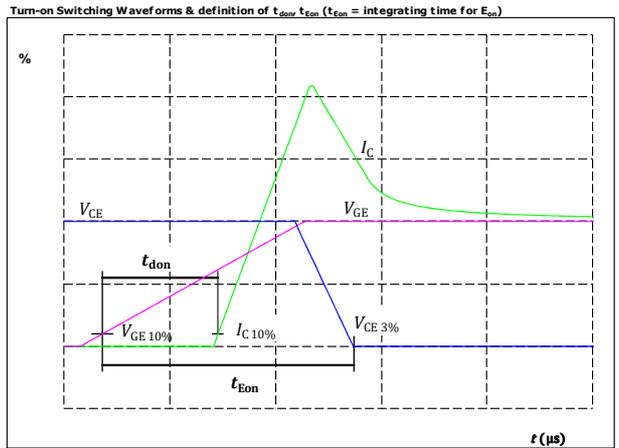
General conditions		
T_j	=	150 °C
R_{gon}	=	4 Ω
R_{goff}	=	4 Ω

figure 1. IGBT



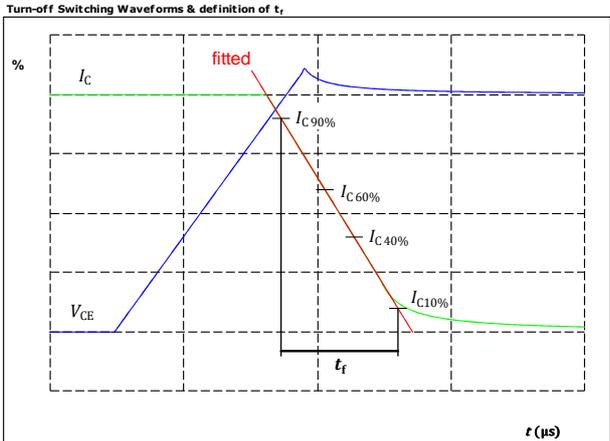
$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	150	A
$t_{doff} =$	245	ns

figure 2. IGBT



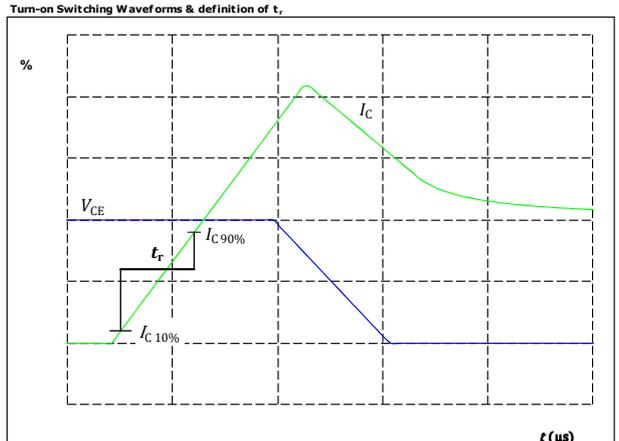
$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	150	A
$t_{don} =$	151	ns

figure 3. IGBT



$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	150	A
$t_r =$	78	ns

figure 4. IGBT



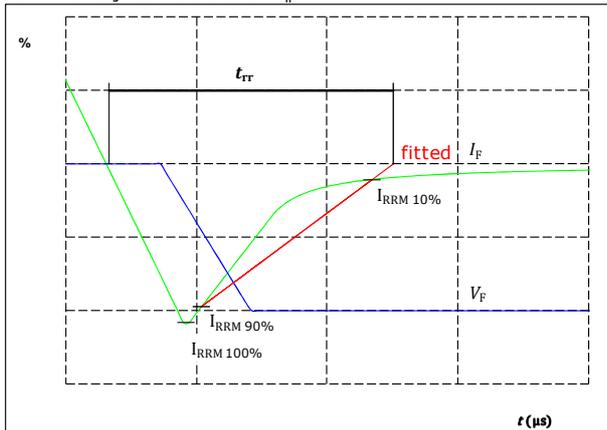
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	150	A
$t_r =$	36	ns



Vincotech

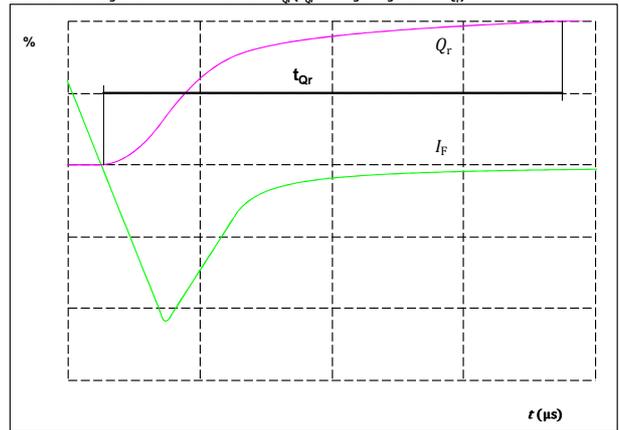
Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 5. FWD
 Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{rr}



$V_F(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_F(100\%) =$	150	A
$I_{RRM}(100\%) =$	114	A
$t_{rr} =$	290	ns

figure 6. FWD
 Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{qr} (t_{qr} = integrating time for Q_r)

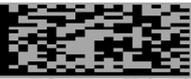


$I_F(100\%) =$	150	A
$Q_r(100\%) =$	0	μC

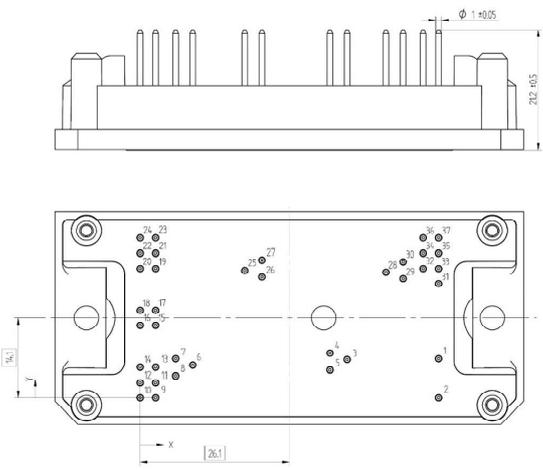


10-F107NIB150SG06-M136F39
10-P107NIB150SG06-M136F39Y
 datasheet

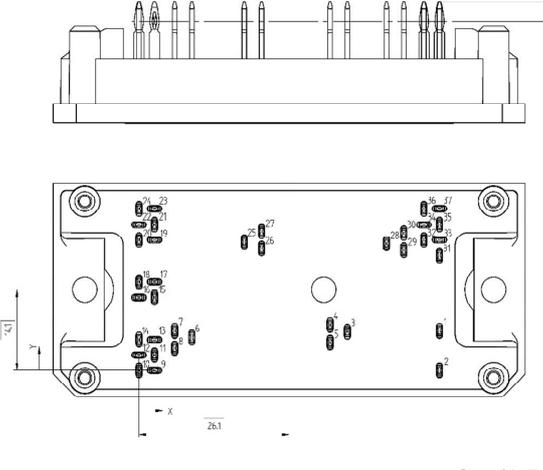
Vincotech

Ordering Code & Marking						
Version			Ordering Code			
without thermal paste 17mm housing			10-F107NIB150SG06-M136F39			
without thermal paste 17mm housing with press-fit pins			10-P107NIB150SG06-M136F39Y			
NN-NNNNNNNNNNNN TTTTWW WWYY UL VIN LLLL SSSS						
Text	Name		Date code	UL & VIN	Lot	Serial
	NN-NNNNNNNNNNNN-TTTTWW		WWYY	UL VIN	LLLL	SSSS
Datamatrix	Type&Ver	Lot number	Serial	Date code		
	TTTTTWW	LLLL	SSSS	WWYY		

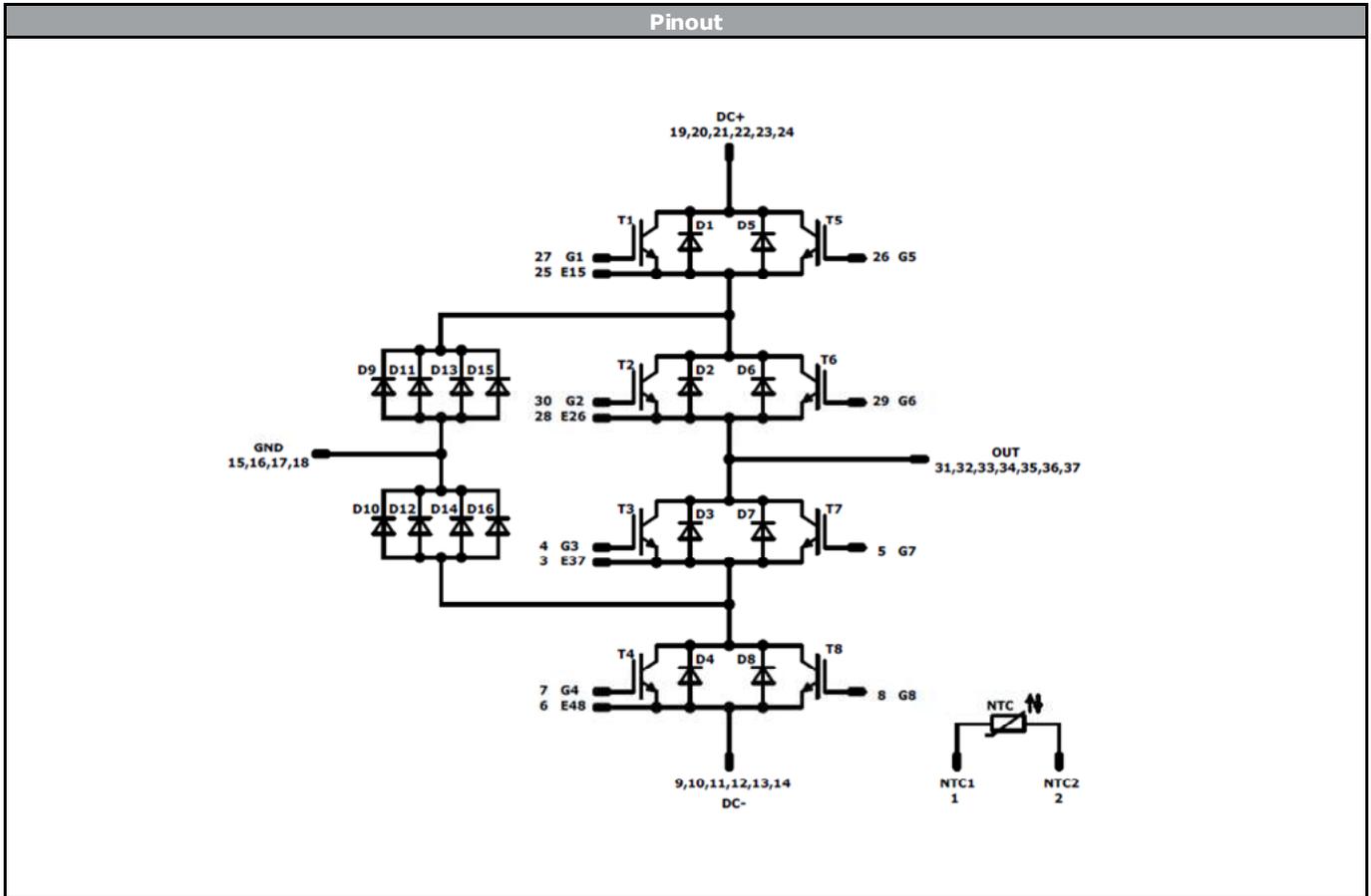
Pin table [mm]			
Pin	X	Y	Function
1	52,2	6,9	NTC1
2	52,2	0	NTC2
3	36,2	6,75	E37
4	33,2	7,9	G3
5	33,2	4,9	G7
6	9,2	5,75	E48
7	6,2	6,9	G4
8	6,2	3,9	G8
9	2,7	0	DC-
10	0	0	DC-
11	2,7	2,7	DC-
12	0	2,7	DC-
13	2,7	5,4	DC-
14	0	5,4	DC-
15	2,7	12,75	GND
16	0	12,75	GND
17	2,7	15,45	GND
18	0	15,45	GND
19	2,7	22,8	DC+
20	0	22,8	DC+
21	2,7	25,5	DC+
22	0	25,5	DC+
23	2,7	28,2	DC+
24	0	28,2	DC+
25	18,3	22,45	E15
26	21,3	21,3	G5
27	21,3	24,3	G1
28	43	22,15	E26
29	46	21	G6
30	46	24	G2
31	52,2	20,1	OUT
32	49,5	22,8	OUT
33	52,2	22,8	OUT
34	49,5	25,5	OUT
35	52,2	25,5	OUT
36	49,5	28,2	OUT
37	52,2	28,2	OUT



Tolerance of pin positions: ±0.05mm at the end of pins
Dimension of coordinate axis is only offset without tolerance



Tolerance of pin positions: ±0.05mm at the end of pins
Dimension of coordinate axis is only offset without tolerance



Identification					
ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T1, T4, T5, T8	IGBT	650 V	75 A	Buck Switch	
D9, D11, D13, D15, D10, D12, D14, D16	FWD	650 V	40 A	Buck Diode	
T2, T3, T6, T7	IGBT	600 V	75 A	Boost Switch	
D1, D4, D5, D8	FWD	650 V	50 A	Boost Diode	
D2, D3, D6, D7	Diode	600 V	50 A	Boost Sw.Inv.Diode	
NTC	Thermistor			Thermistor	



Vincotech

Packaging instruction			
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 100	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ Sample

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for <i>flow</i> 1 packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for <i>flow</i> 1 packages see vincotech.com website.

UL recognition and file number
This device is certified according to UL 1557 standard, UL file number E192116. For more information see vincotech.com website. 

Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
10-F107NIB150SG06-M136F39-D6-14	24 Jan. 2019	Upgrade of D9-16 diodes; DS update	All

DISCLAIMER

The information, specifications, procedures, methods and recommendations herein (together "information") are presented by Vincotech to reader in good faith, are believed to be accurate and reliable, but may well be incomplete and/or not applicable to all conditions or situations that may exist or occur. Vincotech reserves the right to make any changes without further notice to any products to improve reliability, function or design. No representation, guarantee or warranty is made to reader as to the accuracy, reliability or completeness of said information or that the application or use of any of the same will avoid hazards, accidents, losses, damages or injury of any kind to persons or property or that the same will not infringe third parties rights or give desired results. It is reader's sole responsibility to test and determine the suitability of the information and the product for reader's intended use.

LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

Vincotech products are not authorised for use as critical components in life support devices or systems without the express written approval of Vincotech.

As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, or (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in labelling can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.
2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.