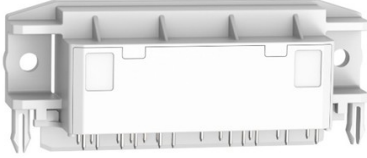
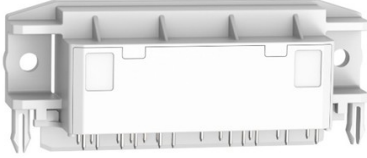
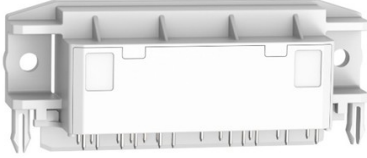
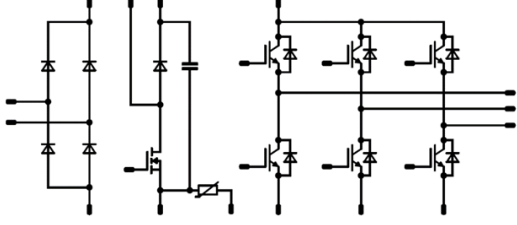
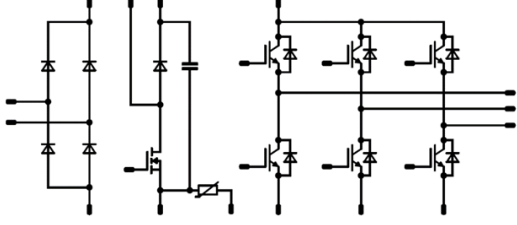
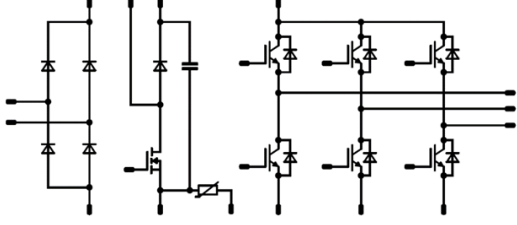




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<b>flow90PIM 1 + PFC</b>		<b>600 V / 20 A</b>			
<table border="1" style="width:100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <th style="background-color: #cccccc; padding: 2px;">Features</th> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Clip in PCB mounting</li> <li>Trench Fieldstop IGBT's for low saturation losses</li> <li>Latest generation MOSFET for PFC</li> </ul> </td> </tr> </table>	Features	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Clip in PCB mounting</li> <li>Trench Fieldstop IGBT's for low saturation losses</li> <li>Latest generation MOSFET for PFC</li> </ul>	<table border="1" style="width:100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <th style="background-color: #cccccc; padding: 2px;">flow 90 housing</th> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 10px;">  </td> </tr> </table>	flow 90 housing	
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<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Embedded Drives</li> <li>Industrial Drives</li> </ul>					
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<table border="1" style="width:100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <th style="background-color: #cccccc; padding: 2px;">Types</th> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>10-R106PPA020SB03-M934A10</li> </ul> </td> </tr> </table>	Types	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>10-R106PPA020SB03-M934A10</li> </ul>			
Types					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>10-R106PPA020SB03-M934A10</li> </ul>					

## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
<b>Inverter Switch</b>				
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		600	V
Collector current	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	24	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	60	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	53	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		$\pm 20$	V
Short circuit ratings	$t_{SC}$	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ $V_{CC} = 360\text{ V}$ $T_j = 150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	6	$\mu\text{s}$
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$



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## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
<b>Inverter Diode</b>				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		600	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	32	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$		60	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	53	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C
<b>PFC Switch</b>				
Drain-source voltage	$V_{DSS}$		600	V
Drain current	$I_D$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	21	A
Peak drain current	$I_{DM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	141	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	77	W
Gate-source voltage	$V_{GSS}$		±20	V
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		150	°C
<b>PFC Diode</b>				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		600	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	30	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	105	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	50	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C
<b>Rectifier Diode</b>				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1600	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	33	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	$I_{FSM}$	50 Hz Single Half Sine Wave $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	200	A
Surge current capability	$I^2t$		200	A <sup>2</sup> s
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	43	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		150	°C



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## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
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### Capacitor (PFC)

Maximum DC voltage	$V_{MAX}$		500	V
Operation Temperature	$T_{op}$		-55...+125	°C

### Module Properties

#### Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	$T_{top}$		-40...(T <sub>max</sub> - 25)	°C

#### Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	$V_{isol}$	DC Test Voltage* $t_p = 2\text{ s}$	6000	V
		AC Voltage $t_p = 1\text{ min}$	2500	V
Creepage distance			min. 12,7	mm
Clearance			11,84	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI		> 200	

\*100 % tested in production



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## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

### Inverter Switch

#### Static

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}$				0,00029	25	5	5,8	6,5	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CEsat}$		15			20	25 125	1,1	1,52 1,84	1,9	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	600			25			1,1	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0			25			300	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$								none		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$								1100		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oes}$	$f = 1$ Mhz	0	25		25			71		
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$								32		

#### Thermal

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)							1,81		K/W

#### Dynamic

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{goff} = 16$ Ω $R_{gon} = 16$ Ω	±15	400	15	25 125	25		66		ns
Rise time	$t_r$								20		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$								142		
Fall time	$t_f$								76		
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$	$Q_{t-FWD} = 0,9$ μC $Q_{t-FWD} = 1,8$ μC				25 125	25		0,450		mWs
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$								0,667		
						25 125			0,385		
									0,523		



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## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A]	$I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

### Inverter Diode

#### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				30	25 150	1,25	1,65 1,62	1,95	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$			600		25			27	$\mu$ A

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,80		K/W
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#### Dynamic

Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$	$di/dt = 731$ A/ $\mu$ s $di/dt = 708$ A/ $\mu$ s	$\pm 15$	400	15	25 125		10 14		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					25 125		174 233		ns
Recovered charge	$Q_r$					25 125		0,883 1,790		$\mu$ C
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$					25 125		0,236 0,474		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$					25 125		36 85		A/ $\mu$ s



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## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

### PFC Switch

#### Static

Drain-source on-state resistance	$r_{DS(on)}$		10		9,5	25 125 150		69 132 156	90	mΩ
Gate-source threshold voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{GS} = V_{DS}$			0,001	25	2		4	V
Gate to Source Leakage Current	$I_{GSS}$		20	0		25			100	nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$I_{DSS}$		0	600		25			100	μA
Gate charge	$Q_g$							145		nC
Gate to source charge	$Q_{GS}$		0/10	300	47	25		20		
Gate to drain charge	$Q_{GD}$							80		
Short-circuit input capacitance	$C_{iss}$							3850		pF
Short-circuit output capacitance	$C_{oss}$	$f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	0	25		25		2950		
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{rss}$							320		

#### Reverse Diode Static

Diode forward voltage	$V_{SD}$		0		9,5	25			1,5	V
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#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4 \text{ W/mK}$ (PSX)						0,91		K/W
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#### Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$					25 125		25 25		ns
Rise time	$t_r$	$R_{gon} = 8 \Omega$ $R_{goff} = 8 \Omega$				25 125		33 34		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		0 / 10	400	20	25 125		244 254		
Fall time	$t_f$					25 125		31 43		
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$	$Q_{r-FWD} = 0,1 \mu\text{C}$ $Q_{r-FWD} = 0,1 \mu\text{C}$				25 125		0,397 0,408		
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$					25 125		0,289 0,331		mWs



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## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A]	$I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

### PFC Diode

#### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				24	25 125		1,38 1,49	1,7	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$			600		25			480	μA

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,89		K/W
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#### Dynamic

Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$	$di/dt = 301$ A/μs $di/dt = 310$ A/μs	0 / 10	400	20	25 125		3 3		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					25 125		45 46		ns
Recovered charge	$Q_r$					25 125		0,108 0,134		μC
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$					25 125		0,025 0,035		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$					25 125		309 259		A/μs

### Rectifier Diode

#### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				25	25 125		1,22 1,21		V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$			1600		25			50	μA

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,61		K/W
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### Capacitor (PFC)

Capacitance	$C$							100		nF
Tolerance							-10		+10	%
Climatic category								55/125/56		



### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$V_F$ [V]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

#### Thermistor

Rated resistance	$R$					25		22		k $\Omega$
Deviation of $R_{100}$	$\Delta_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 1484 \Omega$				100	-5		5	%
Power dissipation	$P$					25		5		mW
Power dissipation constant						25		1,5		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. $\pm 1$ %				25		3962		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. $\pm 1$ %				25		4000		K
Vincotech NTC Reference									I	



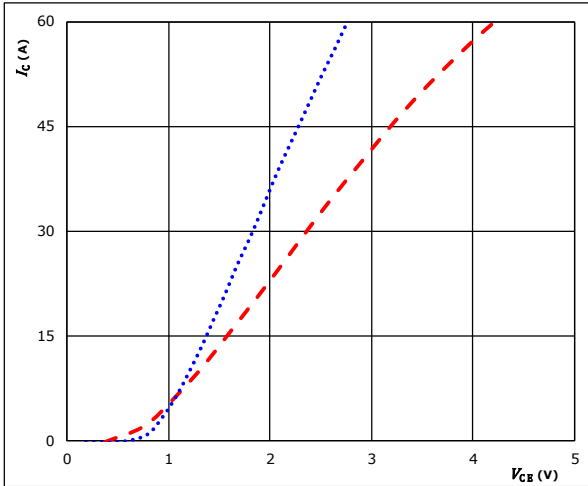


### Inverter Switch Characteristics

**figure 1.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

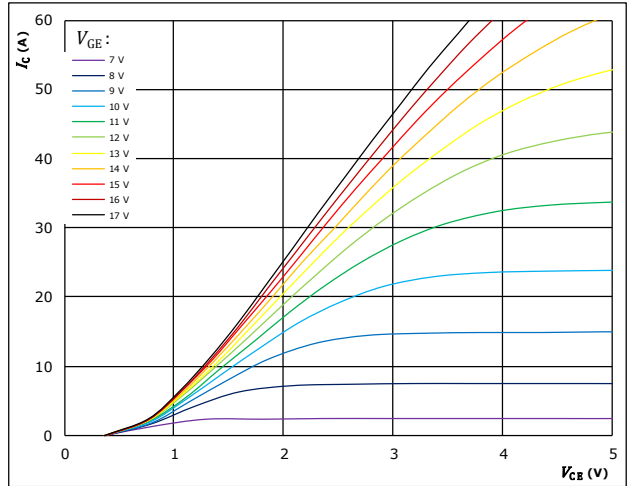


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$   
 $T_j: 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$  (blue dotted line)  
 $150 \text{ } ^\circ C$  (red dashed line)

**figure 2.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

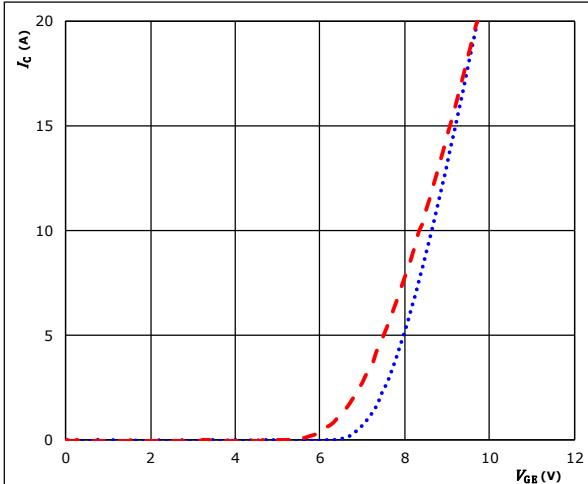


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ C$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

**figure 3.** IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

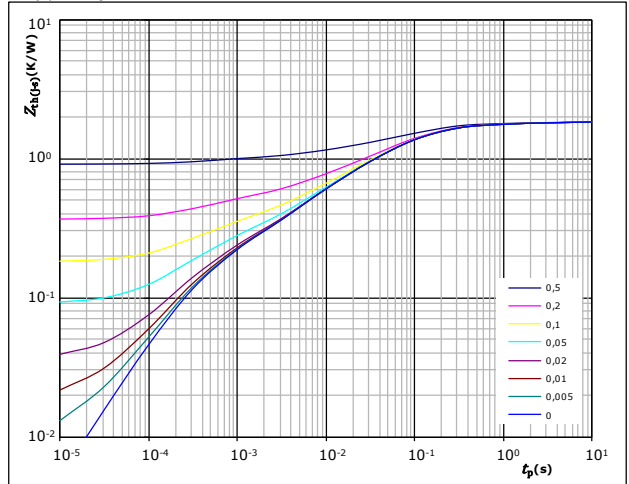


$t_p = 100 \mu s$   
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$   
 $T_j: 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$  (blue dotted line)  
 $150 \text{ } ^\circ C$  (red dashed line)

**figure 4.** IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as function of pulse duration

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,81 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
6,63E-02	3,68E+00
1,83E-01	4,61E-01
8,24E-01	8,38E-02
3,93E-01	1,82E-02
1,96E-01	3,57E-03
1,49E-01	3,52E-04

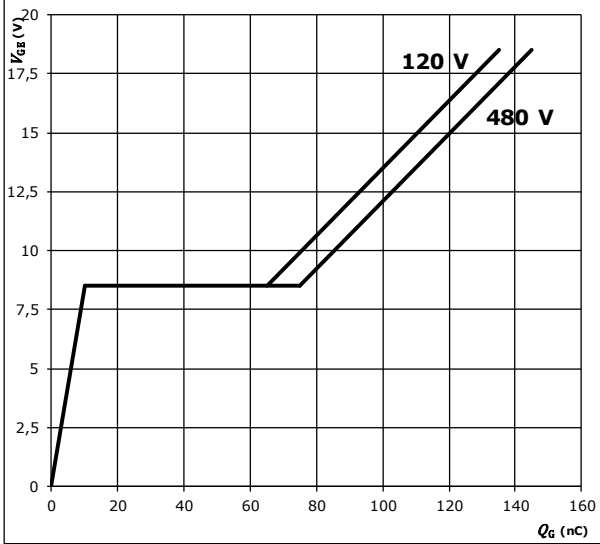


### Inverter Switch Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT

Gate voltage vs Gate charge

$$V_{GE} = f(Q_G)$$

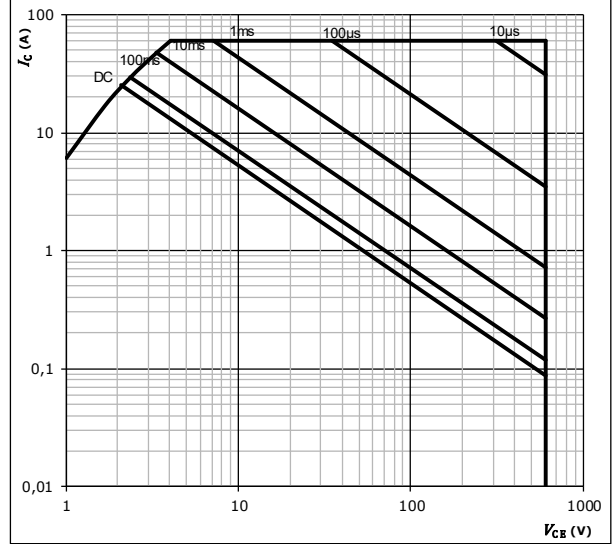


At  
 $I_C = 20$  A

figure 6. IGBT

Safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

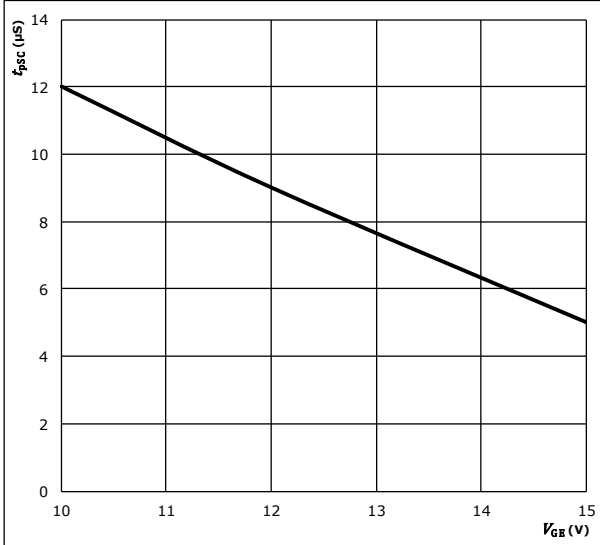


At  
 $D =$  single pulse  
 $T_s = 80$  °C  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$

figure 7. IGBT

Short circuit duration as a function of VGE

$$t_{pSC} = f(V_{GE})$$

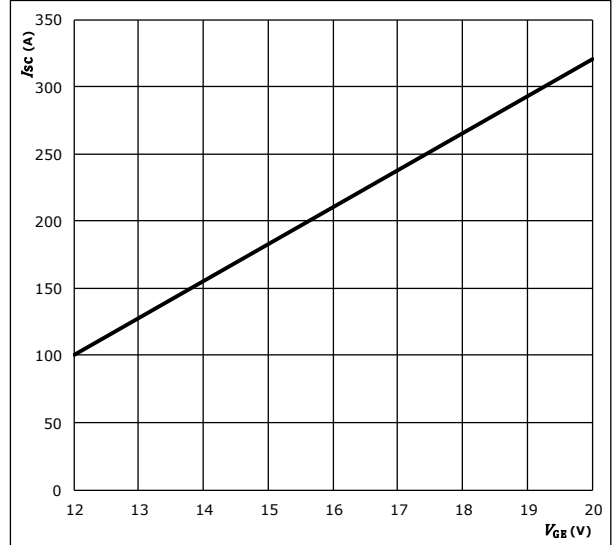


At  
 $V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $T_j \leq 175$  °C

figure 8. IGBT

Typical short circuit current as a function of VGE

$$I_{SC} = f(V_{GE})$$



At  
 $V_{CE} \leq 600$  V  
 $T_j \leq 175$  °C

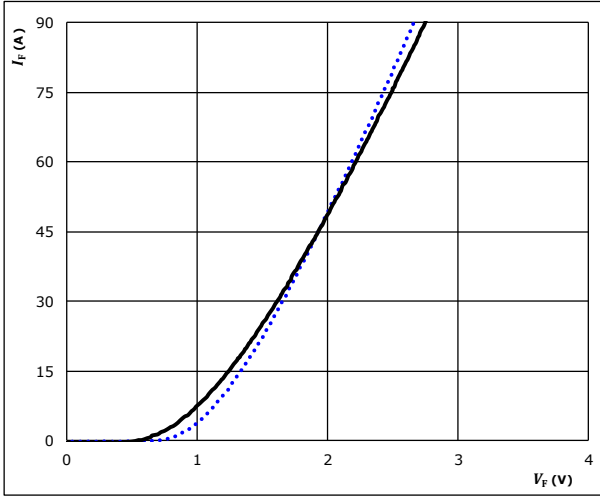


### Inverter Diode Characteristics

**figure 1.** FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

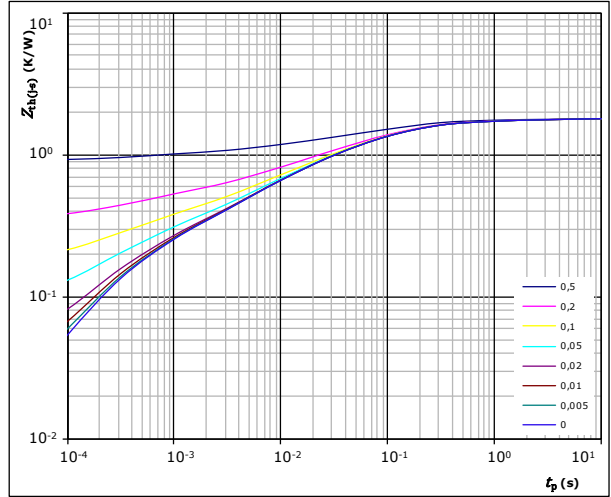


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (dotted blue line)  
 $125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (solid black line)

**figure 2.** FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,80 \text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
7,95E-02	3,72E+00
2,06E-01	4,02E-01
7,04E-01	8,35E-02
4,39E-01	1,56E-02
2,12E-01	2,93E-03
1,68E-01	3,31E-04

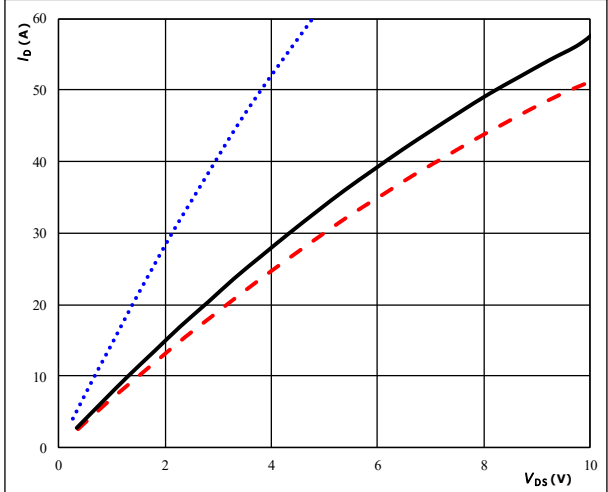


### PFC Switch Characteristics

**figure 1. MOSFET**

Typical output characteristics

$I_D = f(V_{DS})$

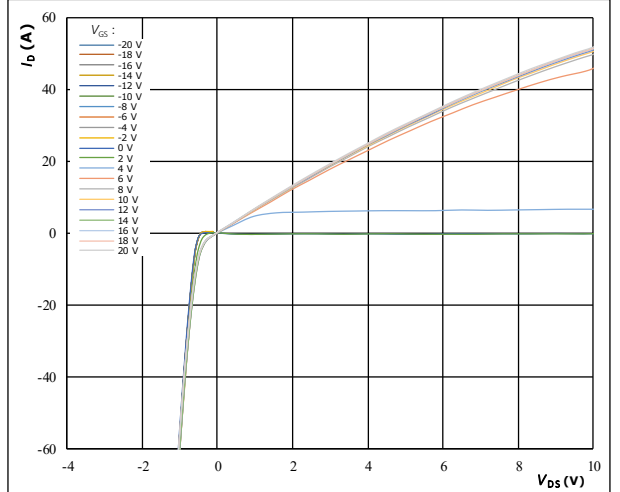


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{GS} = 10 V$   
 $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ C$  .....  
 $125 \text{ }^\circ C$  ———  
 $150 \text{ }^\circ C$  - - - -

**figure 2. MOSFET**

Typical output characteristics

$I_D = f(V_{DS})$

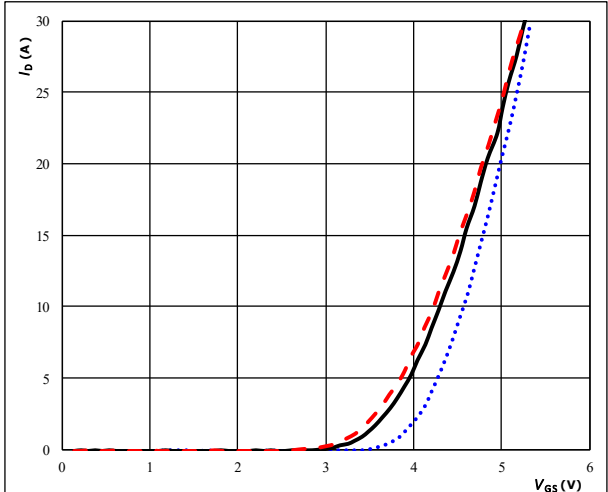


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ C$   
 $V_{GS}$  from 0 V to 20 V in steps of 2 V

**figure 3. MOSFET**

Typical transfer characteristics

$I_D = f(V_{GS})$

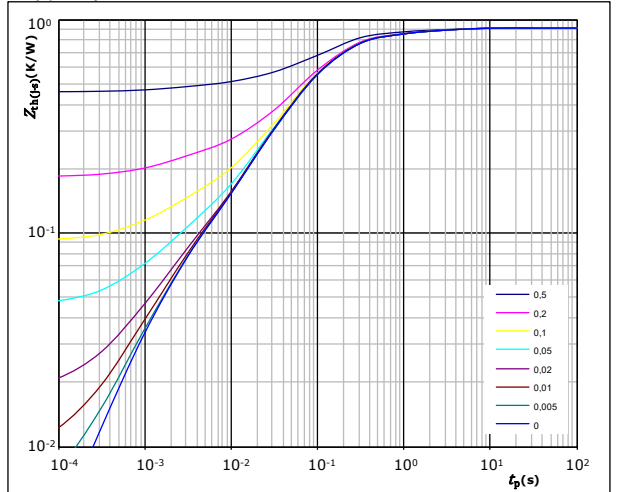


$t_p = 100 \mu s$   
 $V_{DS} = 10 V$   
 $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ C$  .....  
 $125 \text{ }^\circ C$  ———  
 $150 \text{ }^\circ C$  - - - -

**figure 4. MOSFET**

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$Z_{th(f-s)} = f(t_p)$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(f-s)} = 0,91 \text{ K/W}$

MOSFET thermal model values

R (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
6,61E-02	2,56E+00
1,31E-01	4,03E-01
5,69E-01	9,20E-02
9,94E-02	1,74E-02
4,81E-02	1,64E-03

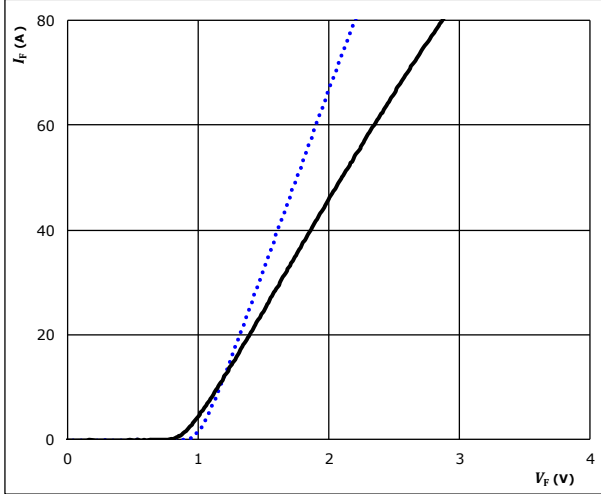


### PFC Diode Characteristics

**figure 1.** FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

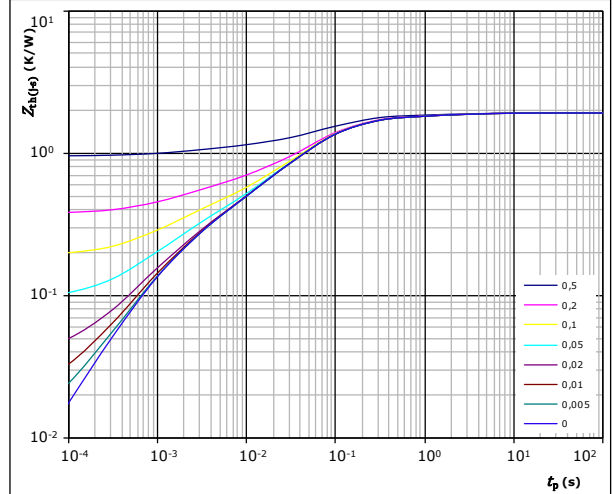


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (dotted blue line)  $125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (solid black line)

**figure 2.** FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,89 \text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
8,90E-02	3,09E+00
4,63E-01	3,43E-01
8,81E-01	8,40E-02
2,39E-01	1,66E-02
1,44E-01	2,77E-03
7,55E-02	3,37E-04

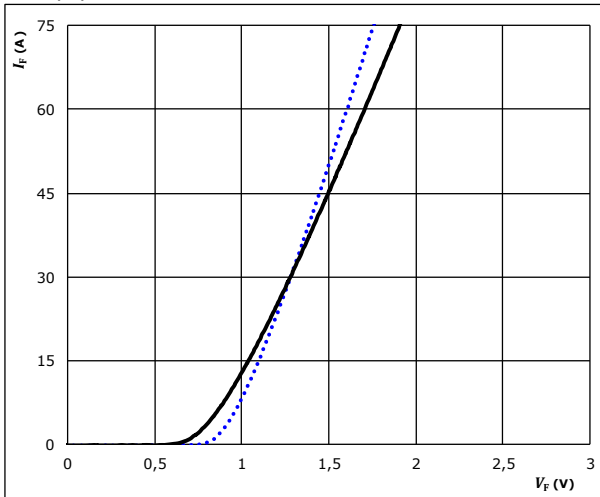


## Rectifier Diode Characteristics

**figure 1. Rectifier Diode**

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

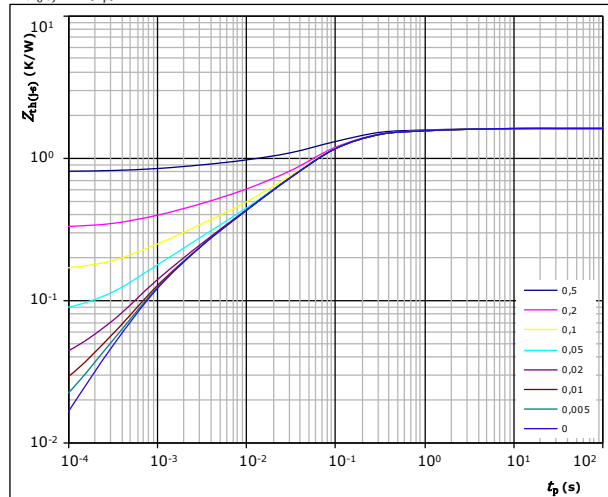


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (dotted blue line)  $125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (solid black line)

**figure 2. Rectifier Diode**

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(\theta-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(\theta-s)} = 1,61 \text{ K/W}$   
 Diode thermal model values

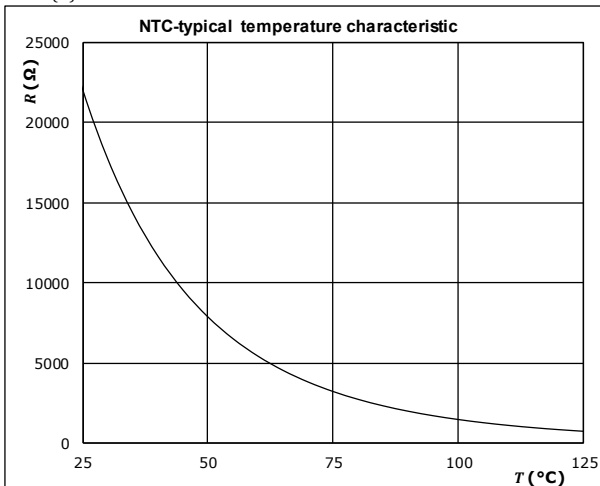
$R \text{ (K/W)}$	$\tau \text{ (s)}$
6,72E-02	2,72E+00
1,48E-01	4,14E-01
8,68E-01	8,33E-02
2,53E-01	2,89E-02
1,69E-01	5,15E-03
1,06E-01	9,10E-04

## Thermistor Characteristics

**figure 1. Thermistor**

Typical NTC characteristic as a function of temperature

$$R = f(T)$$



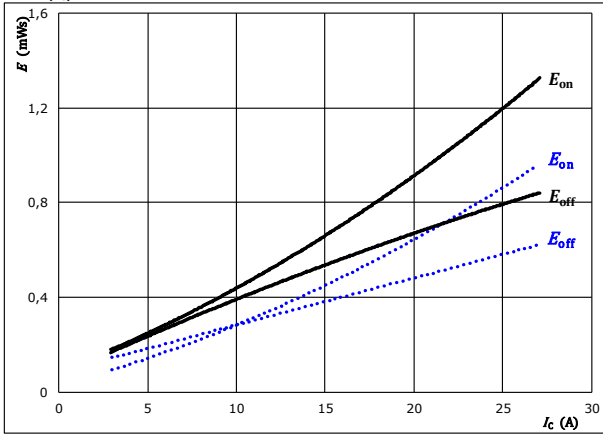


## Inverter Switching Characteristics

**figure 1.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_c)$$



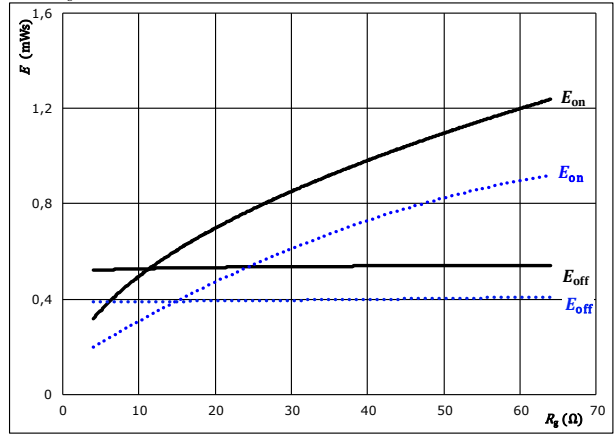
With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$

$T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (dotted blue line)  
 $125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (solid black line)

**figure 2.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

$$E = f(r_g)$$



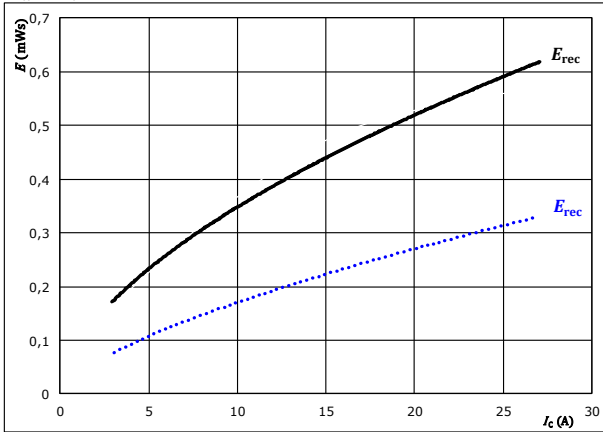
With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 15 \text{ A}$

$T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (dotted blue line)  
 $125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (solid black line)

**figure 3.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_c)$$



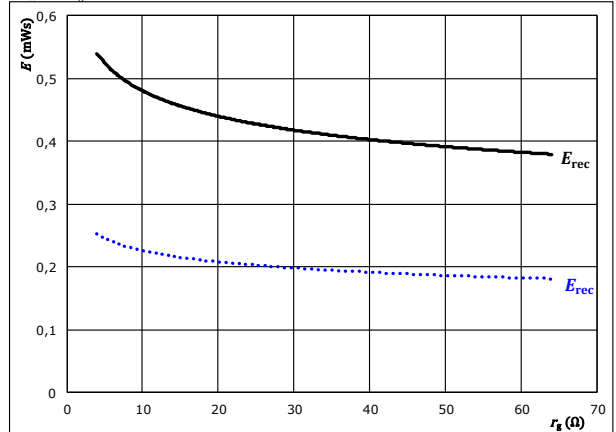
With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$

$T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (dotted blue line)  
 $125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (solid black line)

**figure 4.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(r_g)$$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 15 \text{ A}$

$T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (dotted blue line)  
 $125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (solid black line)

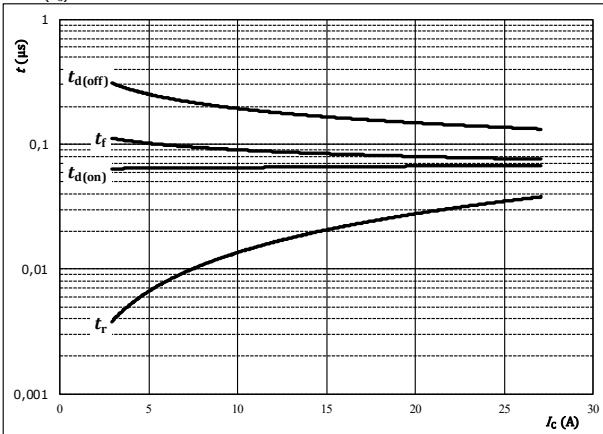


## Inverter Switching Characteristics

**figure 5.** IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_c)$$



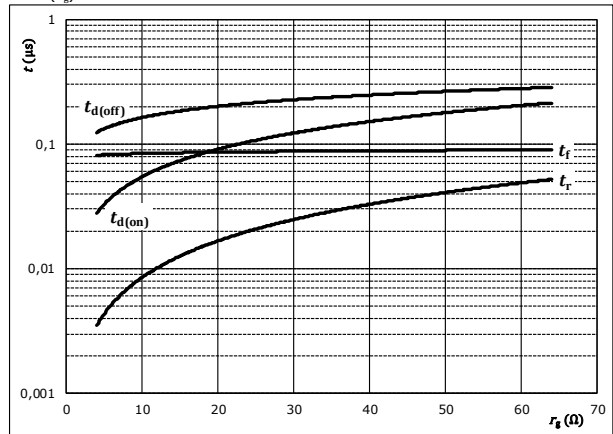
With an inductive load at

$T_j = 125$  °C  
 $V_{CE} = 400$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 16$   $\Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 16$   $\Omega$

**figure 6.** IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(r_g)$$



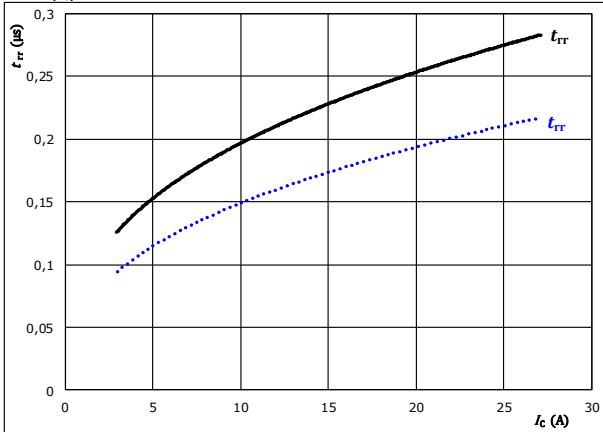
With an inductive load at

$T_j = 125$  °C  
 $V_{CE} = 400$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 15$  A

**figure 7.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_c)$$

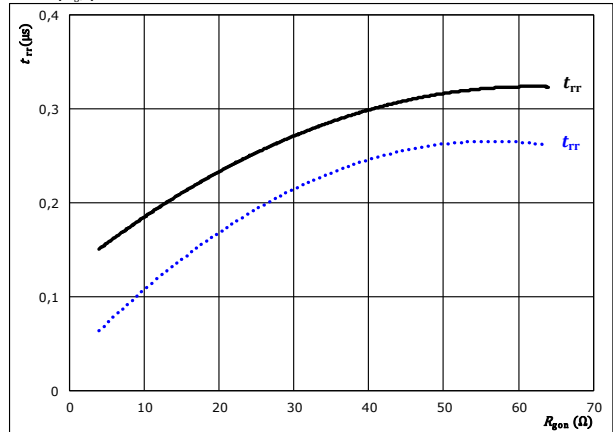


At  $V_{CE} = 400$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 16$   $\Omega$   
 $T_j: 25$  °C (dotted)  
 $125$  °C (solid)

**figure 8.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$



At  $V_{CE} = 400$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 15$  A  
 $T_j: 25$  °C (dotted)  
 $125$  °C (solid)



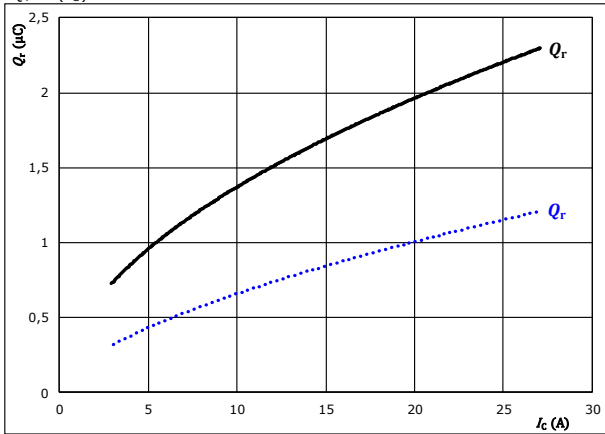


## Inverter Switching Characteristics

**figure 9.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$

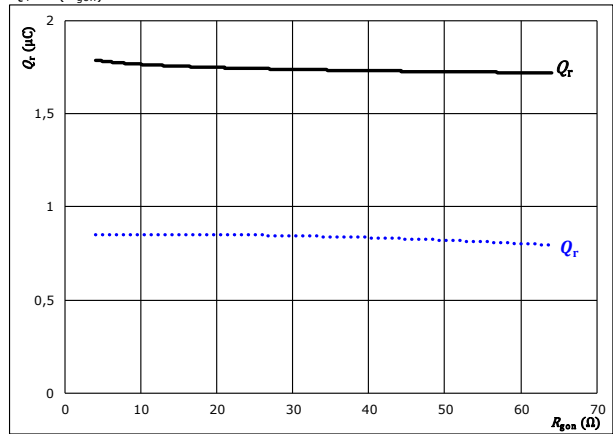


At  $V_{CE} = 400$  V  $T_j: 25^\circ\text{C}$  (dotted blue line)  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j: 125^\circ\text{C}$  (solid black line)  
 $R_{gon} = 16$   $\Omega$

**figure 10.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$

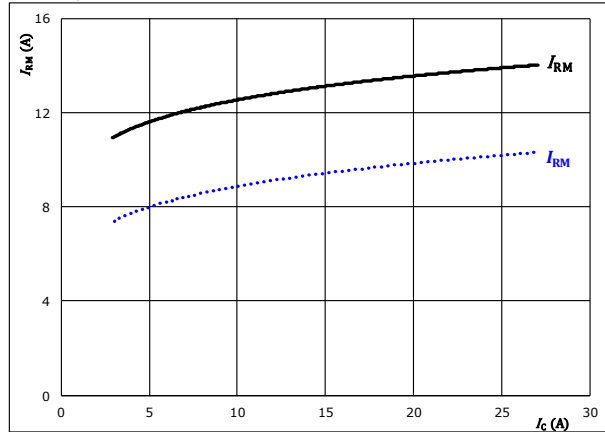


At  $V_{CE} = 400$  V  $T_j: 25^\circ\text{C}$  (dotted blue line)  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j: 125^\circ\text{C}$  (solid black line)  
 $I_c = 15$  A

**figure 11.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$

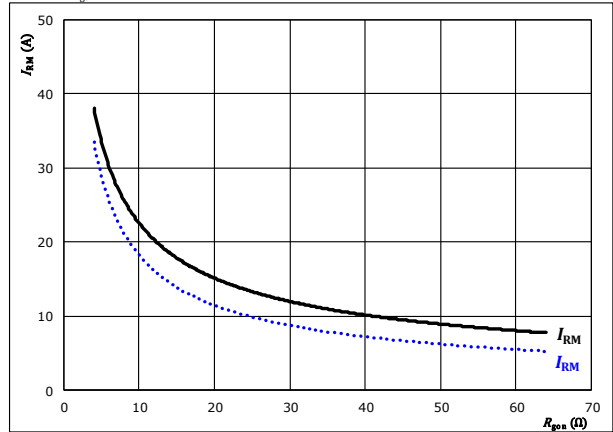


At  $V_{CE} = 400$  V  $T_j: 25^\circ\text{C}$  (dotted blue line)  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j: 125^\circ\text{C}$  (solid black line)  
 $R_{gon} = 16$   $\Omega$

**figure 12.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



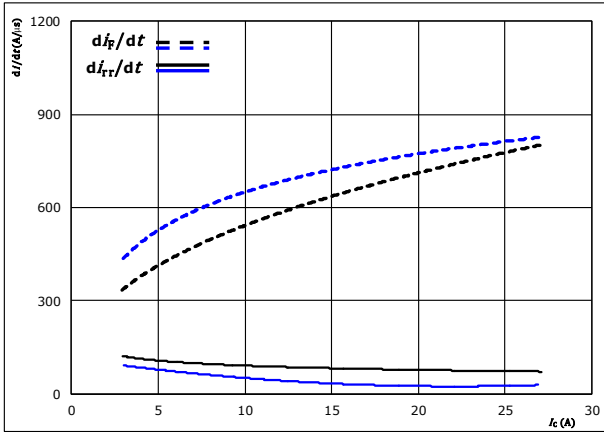
At  $V_{CE} = 400$  V  $T_j: 25^\circ\text{C}$  (dotted blue line)  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j: 125^\circ\text{C}$  (solid black line)  
 $I_c = 15$  A



## Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 13. FWD

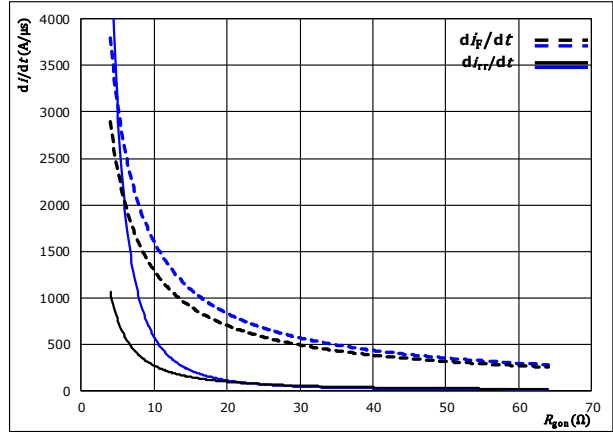
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_F/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



At  $V_{CE} = 400$  V  $T_j: 25$  °C .....  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j: 125$  °C ———  
 $R_{gon} = 16$  Ω

figure 14. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $di_F/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{gon})$

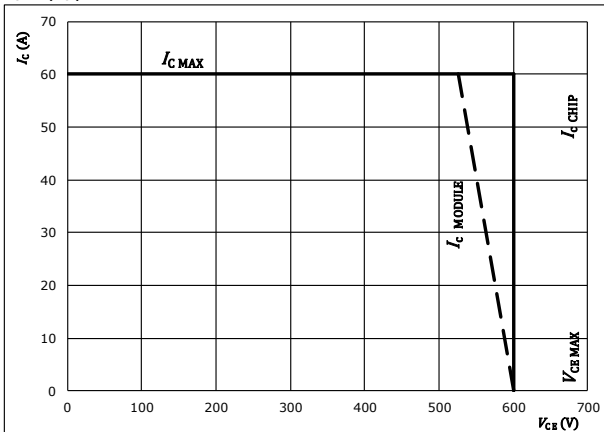


At  $V_{CE} = 400$  V  $T_j: 25$  °C .....  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_j: 125$  °C ———  
 $I_c = 15$  A

figure 15. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At  $T_j = 175$  °C  
 $R_{gon} = 16$  Ω  
 $R_{goff} = 16$  Ω

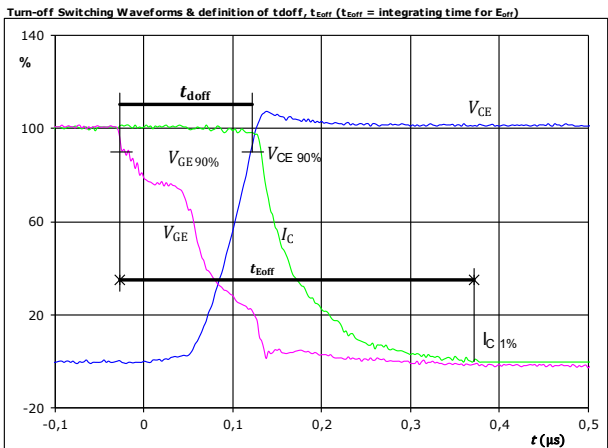


## Inverter Switching Definitions

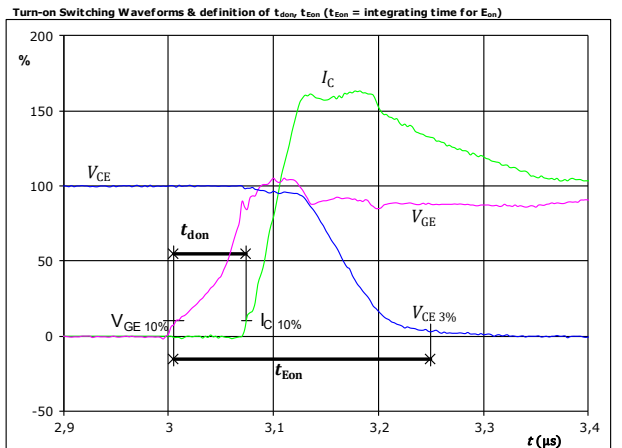
**General conditions**

$T_j$	=	125 °C
$R_{g\text{on}}$	=	16 $\Omega$
$R_{g\text{off}}$	=	16 $\Omega$

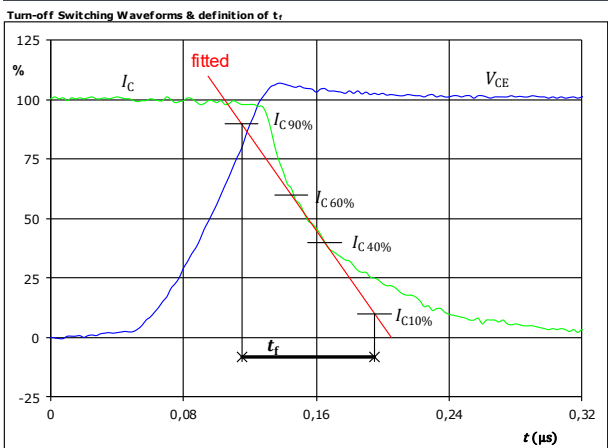
**figure 1.** IGBT



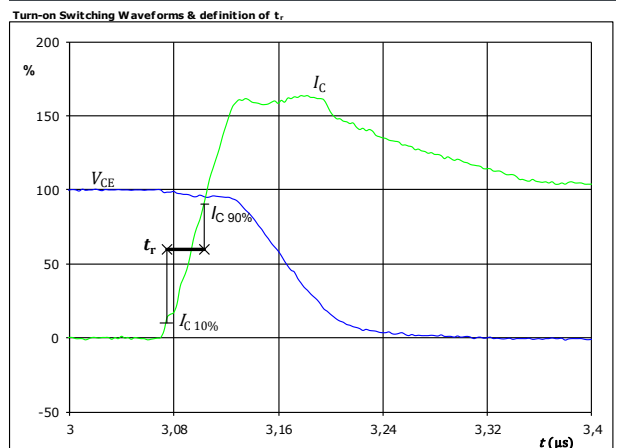
**figure 2.** IGBT



**figure 3.** IGBT



**figure 4.** IGBT

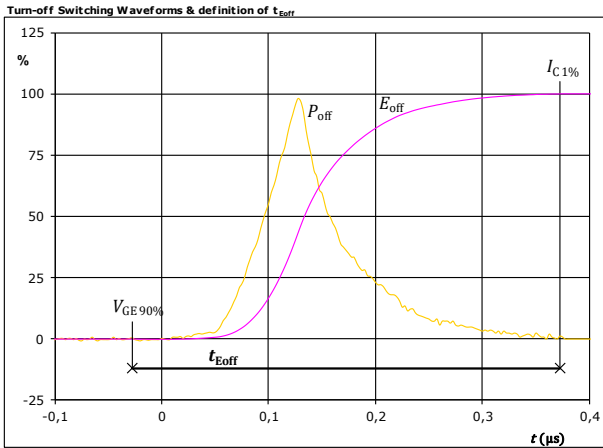




Vincotech

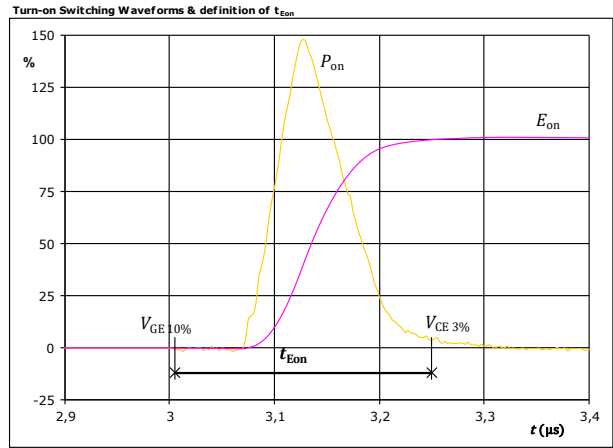
## Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT



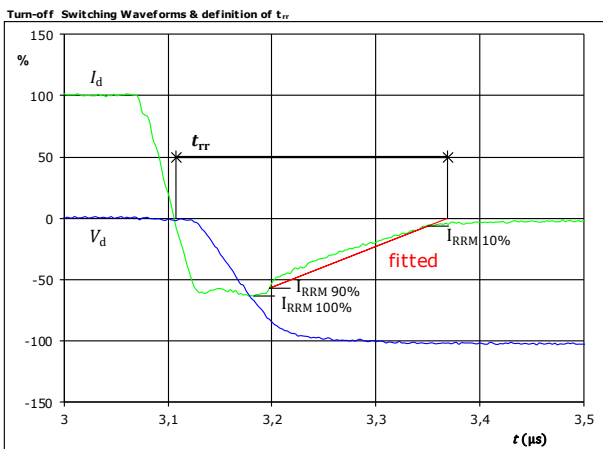
$P_{off} (100\%) = 8,37$  kW  
 $E_{off} (100\%) = 0,71$  mJ  
 $t_{Eoff} = 0,40$  μs

figure 6. IGBT



$P_{on} (100\%) = 8,37$  kW  
 $E_{on} (100\%) = 0,96$  mJ  
 $t_{Eon} = 0,24$  μs

figure 7. FWD



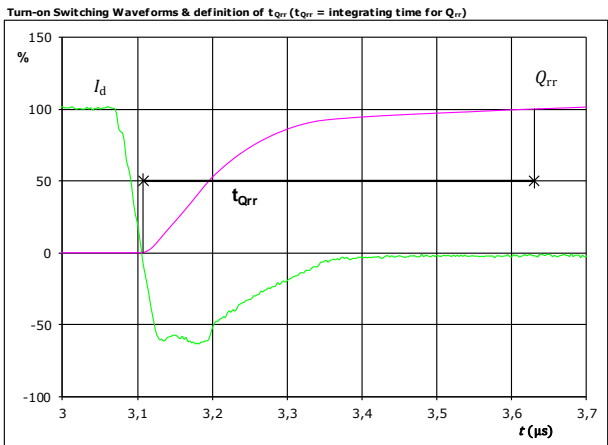
$V_d (100\%) = 400$  V  
 $I_d (100\%) = 21$  A  
 $I_{RRM} (100\%) = -13$  A  
 $t_{rr} = 0,257$  μs



Vincotech

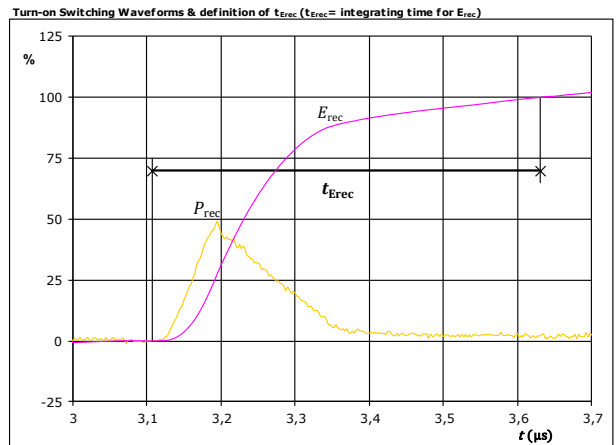
## Inverter Switching Characteristics

**figure 8.** FWD



$I_d(100\%) =$	21	A
$Q_{rr}(100\%) =$	2,01	$\mu\text{C}$
$t_{Qrr} =$	0,52	$\mu\text{s}$

**figure 9.** FWD



$P_{rec}(100\%) =$	8,37	kW
$E_{rec}(100\%) =$	0,54	mJ
$t_{Erec} =$	0,52	$\mu\text{s}$

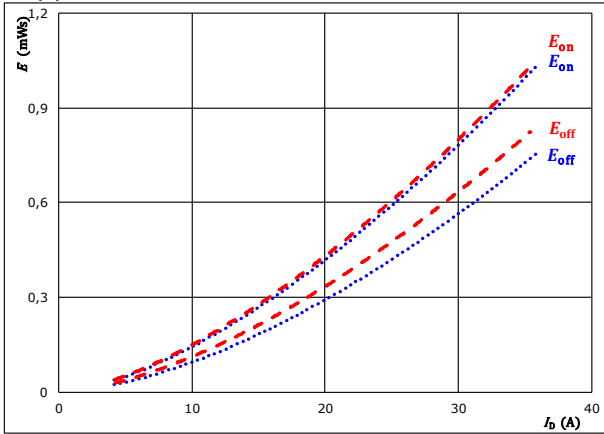


### PFC Switching Characteristics

**figure 1. MOSFET**

Typical switching energy losses as a function of drain current

$E = f(I_D)$

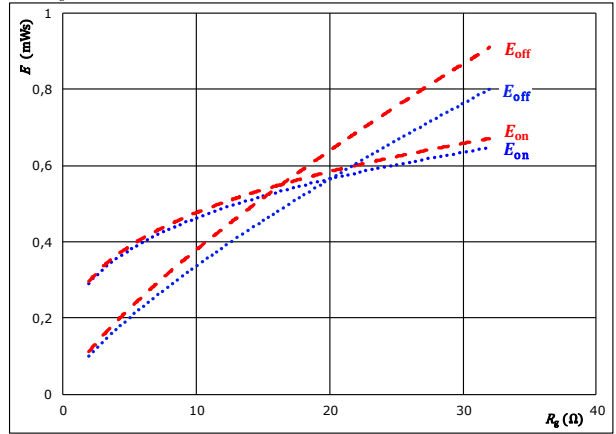


With an inductive load at  
 $V_{DS} = 400$  V  
 $V_{GS} = 0 / 10$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 8$   $\Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 8$   $\Omega$   
 $T_j: 25$  °C (dotted blue),  $125$  °C (solid black),  $150$  °C (dashed red)

**figure 2. MOSFET**

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

$E = f(R_g)$

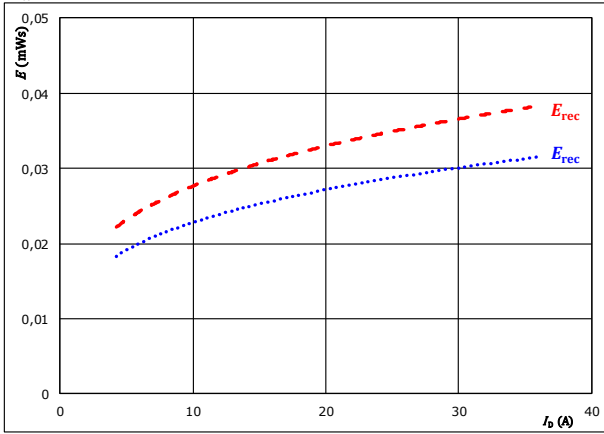


With an inductive load at  
 $V_{DS} = 400$  V  
 $V_{GS} = 0 / 10$  V  
 $I_D = 20$  A  
 $T_j: 25$  °C (dotted blue),  $125$  °C (solid black),  $150$  °C (dashed red)

**figure 3. FWD**

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of drain current

$E_{rec} = f(I_D)$

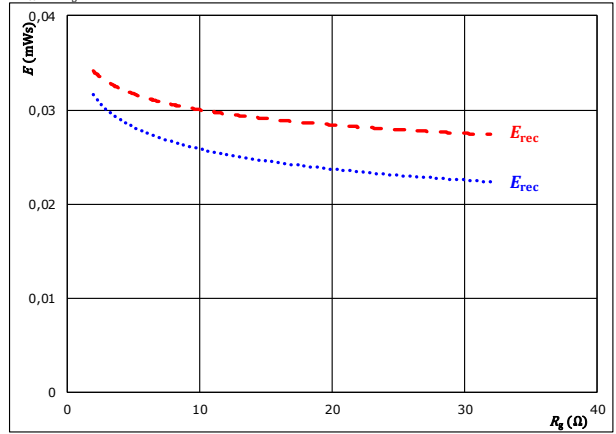


With an inductive load at  
 $V_{DS} = 400$  V  
 $V_{GS} = 0 / 10$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 8$   $\Omega$   
 $T_j: 25$  °C (dotted blue),  $125$  °C (solid black),  $150$  °C (dashed red)

**figure 4. FWD**

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor

$E_{rec} = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{DS} = 400$  V  
 $V_{GS} = 0 / 10$  V  
 $I_D = 20$  A  
 $T_j: 25$  °C (dotted blue),  $125$  °C (solid black),  $150$  °C (dashed red)

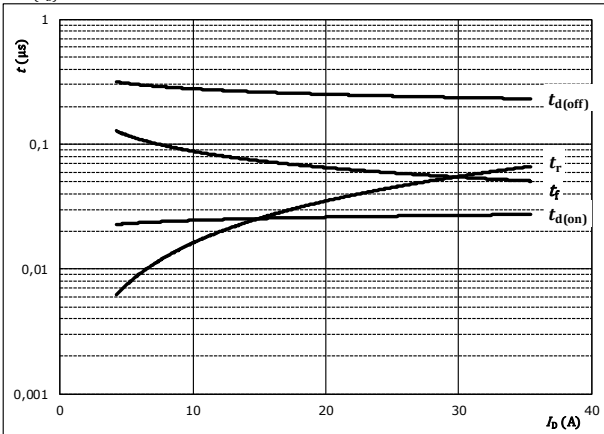


### PFC Switching Characteristics

**figure 5. MOSFET**

Typical switching times as a function of drain current

$t = f(I_D)$



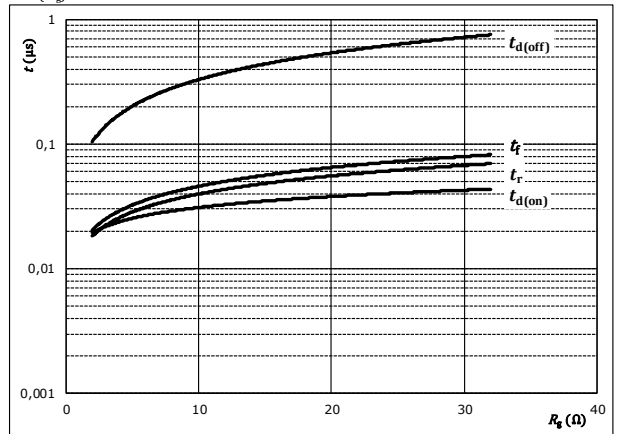
With an inductive load at

- $T_J = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_{DS} = 400 \text{ V}$
- $V_{GS} = 0 / 10 \text{ V}$
- $R_{gpn} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$
- $R_{goff} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 6. MOSFET**

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$t = f(R_g)$



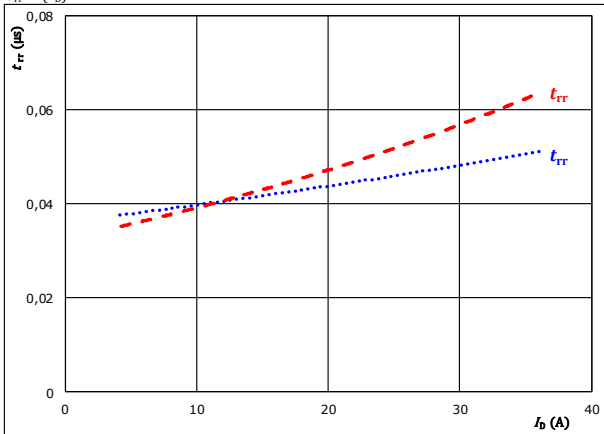
With an inductive load at

- $T_J = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_{DS} = 400 \text{ V}$
- $V_{GS} = 0 / 10 \text{ V}$
- $I_D = 20 \text{ A}$

**figure 7. FWD**

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of drain current

$t_{rr} = f(I_D)$



With an inductive load at

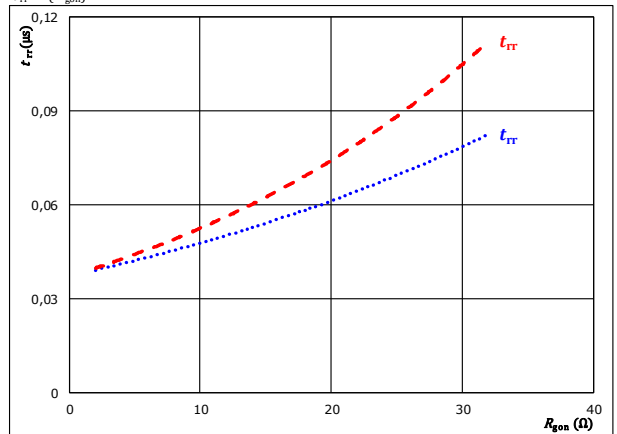
- $V_{DS} = 400 \text{ V}$
- $V_{GS} = 0 / 10 \text{ V}$
- $R_{gpn} = 8 \text{ } \Omega$

- $T_J: 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (dotted blue)
- $125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (solid black)
- $150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (dashed red)

**figure 8. FWD**

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of MOSFET turn on gate resistor

$t_{rr} = f(R_{gpn})$



With an inductive load at

- $V_{DS} = 400 \text{ V}$
- $V_{GS} = 0 / 10 \text{ V}$
- $I_D = 20 \text{ A}$

- $T_J: 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (dotted blue)
- $125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (solid black)
- $150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  (dashed red)

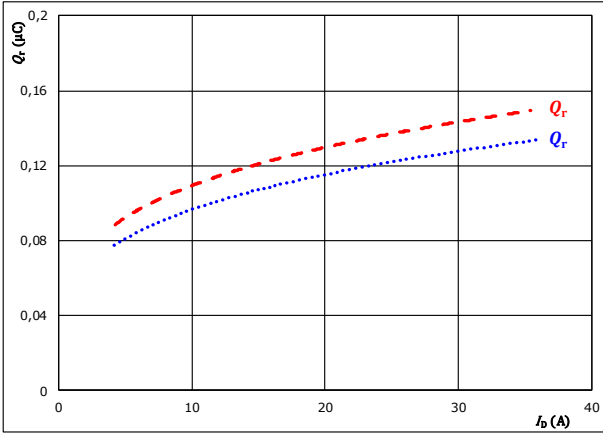


### PFC Switching Characteristics

**figure 9.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of drain current

$$Q_r = f(I_D)$$

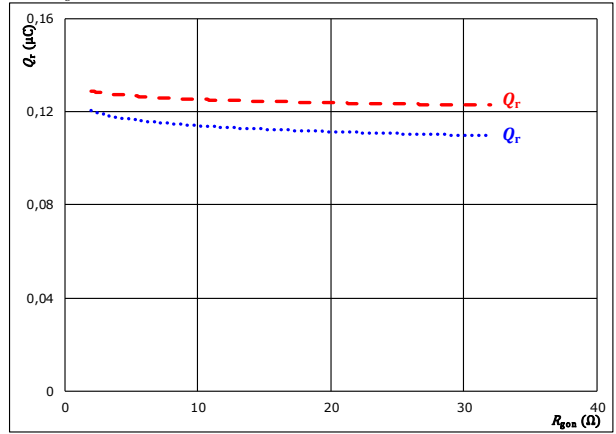


With an inductive load at  
 $V_{DS} = 400$  V  
 $V_{GS} = 0 / 10$  V  
 $R_{ggn} = 8$  Ω  
 $T_j: 25$  °C (blue dotted line)  
 $125$  °C (black solid line)  
 $150$  °C (red dashed line)

**figure 10.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of MOSFET turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{ggn})$$

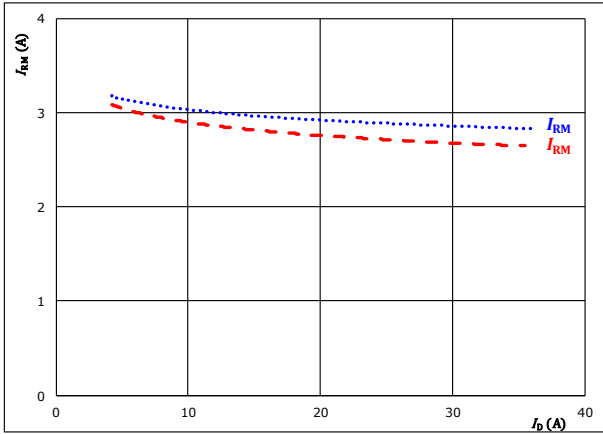


With an inductive load at  
 $V_{DS} = 400$  V  
 $V_{GS} = 0 / 10$  V  
 $I_D = 20$  A  
 $T_j: 25$  °C (blue dotted line)  
 $125$  °C (black solid line)  
 $150$  °C (red dashed line)

**figure 11.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current current as a function of drain current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_D)$$

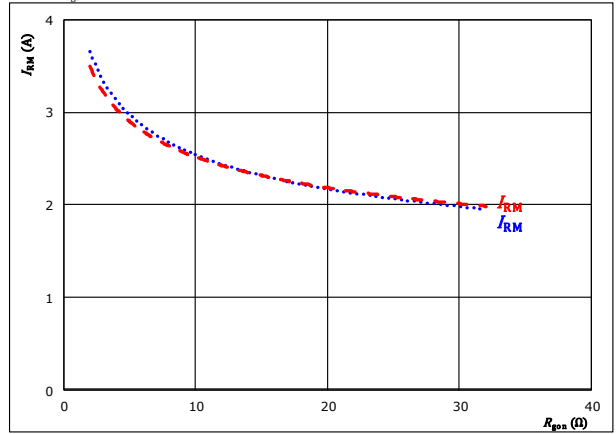


With an inductive load at  
 $V_{DS} = 400$  V  
 $V_{GS} = 0 / 10$  V  
 $R_{ggn} = 8$  Ω  
 $T_j: 25$  °C (blue dotted line)  
 $125$  °C (black solid line)  
 $150$  °C (red dashed line)

**figure 12.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current current as a function of MOSFET turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{ggn})$$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{DS} = 400$  V  
 $V_{GS} = 0 / 10$  V  
 $I_D = 20$  A  
 $T_j: 25$  °C (blue dotted line)  
 $125$  °C (black solid line)  
 $150$  °C (red dashed line)

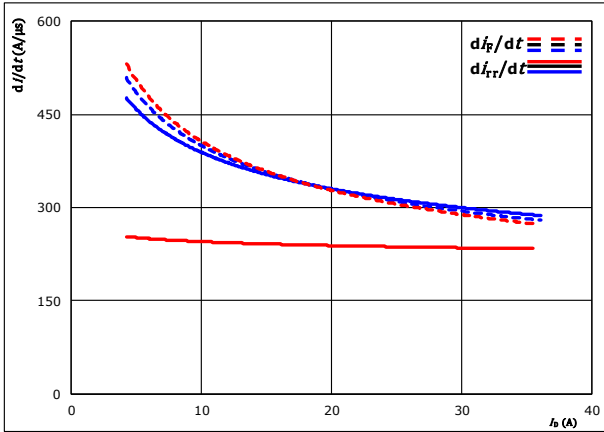




### PFC Switching Characteristics

**figure 13.** FWD

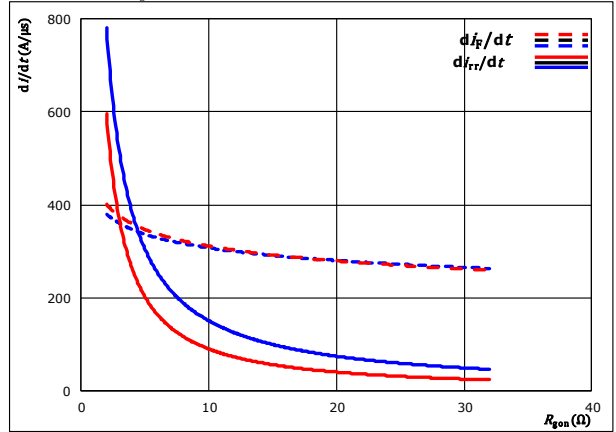
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of drain current  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_D)$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{DS} = 400$  V  
 $V_{GS} = 0 / 10$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 8$   $\Omega$   
 $T_j: 125$  °C  
 $150$  °C

**figure 14.** FWD

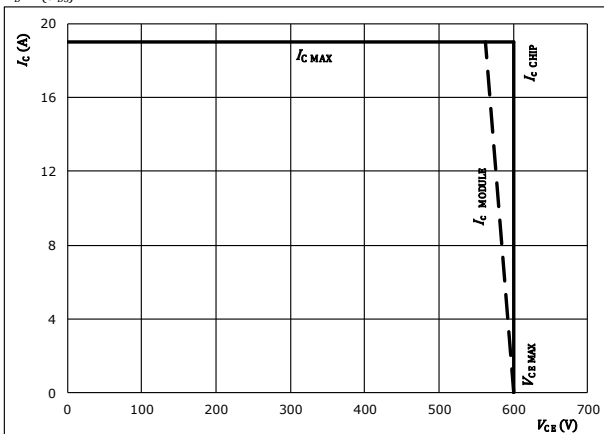
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of MOSFET turn on gate resistor  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{DS} = 400$  V  
 $V_{GS} = 0 / 10$  V  
 $I_D = 20$  A  
 $T_j: 125$  °C  
 $150$  °C

**figure 15.** MOSFET

Reverse bias safe operating area  
 $I_D = f(V_{DS})$



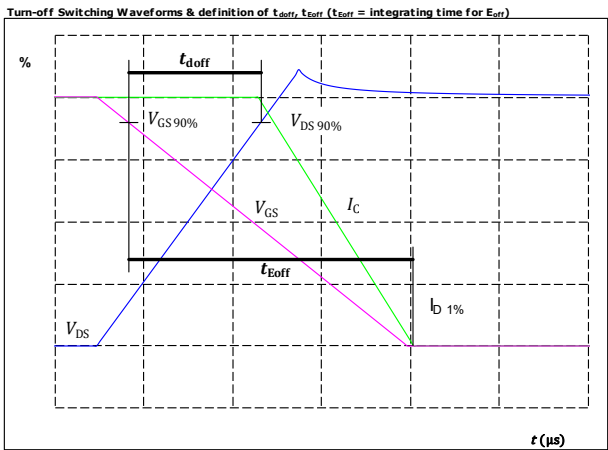
At  
 $T_j = 125$  °C  
 $R_{gon} = 8$   $\Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 8$   $\Omega$



### PFC Switching Definitions

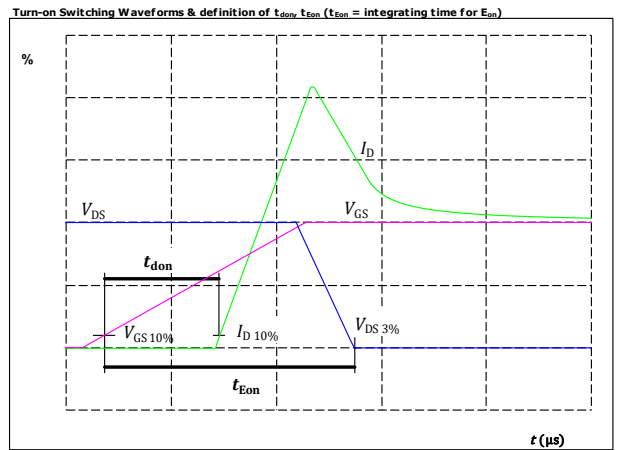
General conditions		
$T_j$	=	125 °C
$R_{gon}$	=	8 $\Omega$
$R_{goff}$	=	8 $\Omega$

figure 1. IGBT



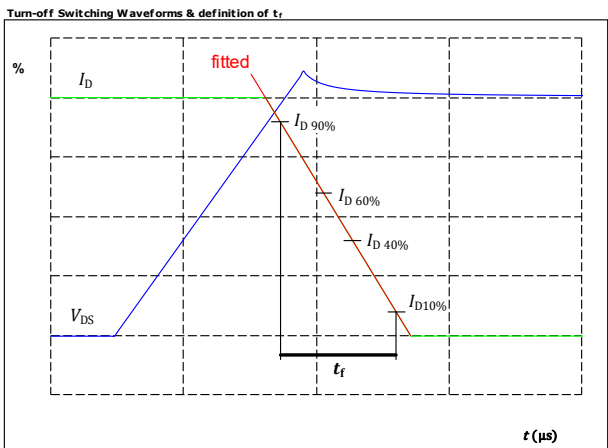
$V_{GS}(0\%) =$	0	V
$V_{GS}(100\%) =$	10	V
$V_{DS}(100\%) =$	400	V
$I_D(100\%) =$	20	A
$t_{doff} =$	254	ns

figure 2. IGBT



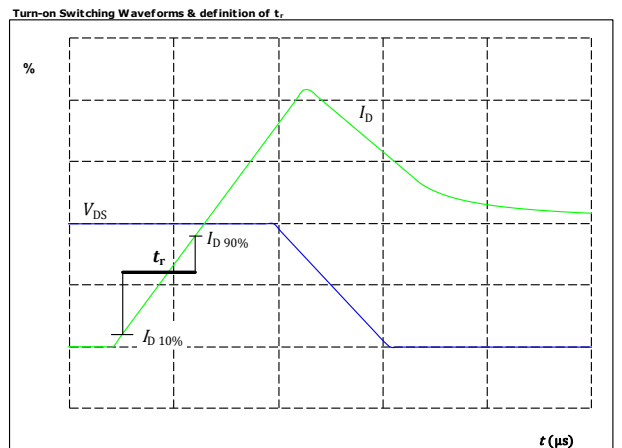
$V_{GS}(0\%) =$	0	V
$V_{GS}(100\%) =$	10	V
$V_{DS}(100\%) =$	400	V
$I_D(100\%) =$	20	A
$t_{don} =$	25	ns

figure 3. IGBT



$V_{DS}(100\%) =$	400	V
$I_D(100\%) =$	20	A
$t_f =$	43	ns

figure 4. IGBT



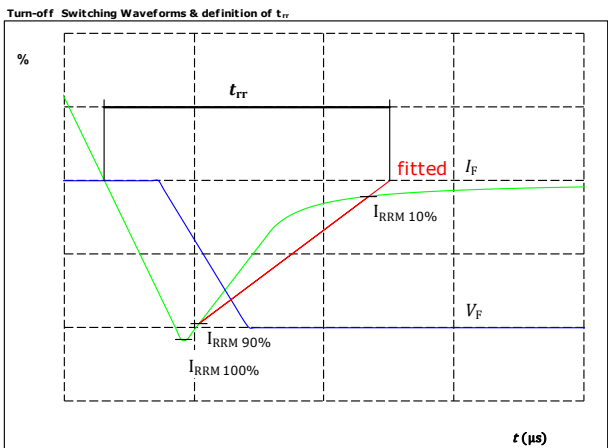
$V_{DS}(100\%) =$	400	V
$I_D(100\%) =$	20	A
$t_r =$	34	ns



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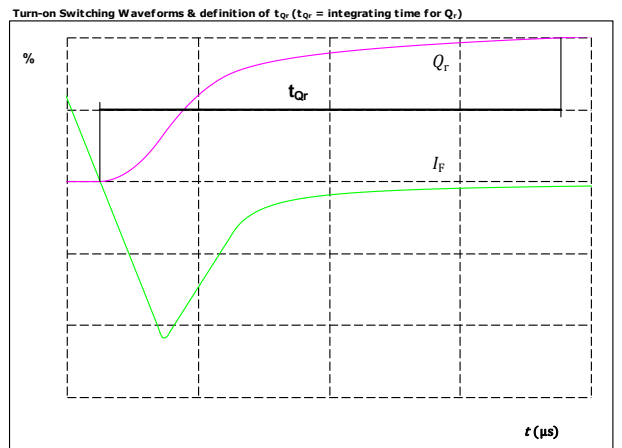
### PFC Switching Characteristics

figure 5. FWD



$V_F(100\%) =$	400	V
$I_F(100\%) =$	20	A
$I_{RRM}(100\%) =$	3	A
$t_{rr} =$	46	ns

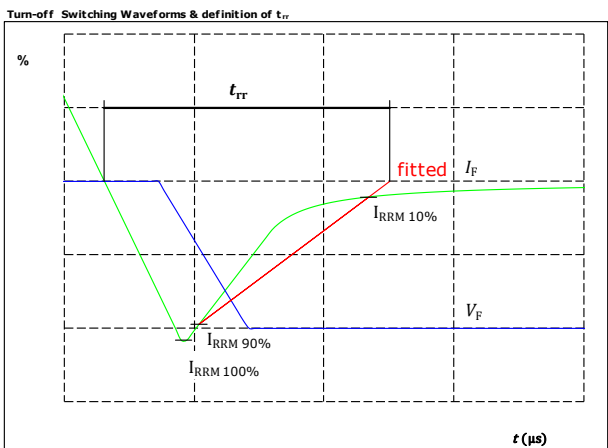
figure 6. FWD



$I_F(100\%) =$	20	A
$Q_r(100\%) =$	0	$\mu C$

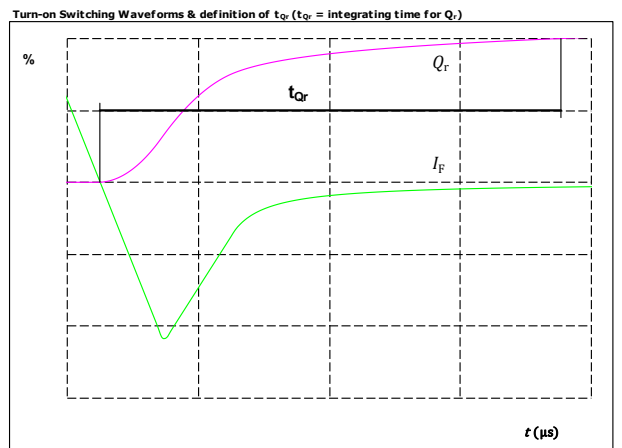
### PFC Switching Characteristics

figure 5. FWD



$V_F(100\%) =$	400	V
$I_F(100\%) =$	20	A
$I_{RRM}(100\%) =$	3	A
$t_{rr} =$	46	ns

figure 6. FWD



$I_F(100\%) =$	20	A
$Q_r(100\%) =$	0	$\mu C$



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Ordering Code & Marking								
Version			Ordering Code					
without thermal paste			10-R106PPA020SB03-M934A10					
with thermal paste			10-R106PPA020SB03-M934A10-/3/					
NN-NNNNNNNNNNNNNN TTTTITW WWYY UL VIN LLLL SSSS			Name		Date code	UL & VIN	Lot	Serial
Text			NN-NNNNNNNNNNNNNN-TTTTITW		WWYY	UL VIN	LLLLL	SSSS
Datamatrix		Type&Ver	Lot number	Serial	Date code			
		TTTTITW	LLLLL	SSSS	WWYY			

Pin table			
Pin	X	Y	Function
1	53	0	L2
2	46	0	DC+
3	39,5	0	PFCIN
4	32,5	0	PFC+
5	28,1	0	Inv+
6	18	0	WLG
7	15	0	WL
8	12	0	VLG
9	9	0	VL
10	3	0	ULG
11	0	0	UL
12	0	7	UHG
13	3	7	U
14	8,5	7	VHG
15	11,5	7	V
16	17	7	WHG
17	20	7	W
18	33	7	PFC-
19	36	7	PFCG
20	39	7	NTC
21	46	7	DC-
22	53	7	L1

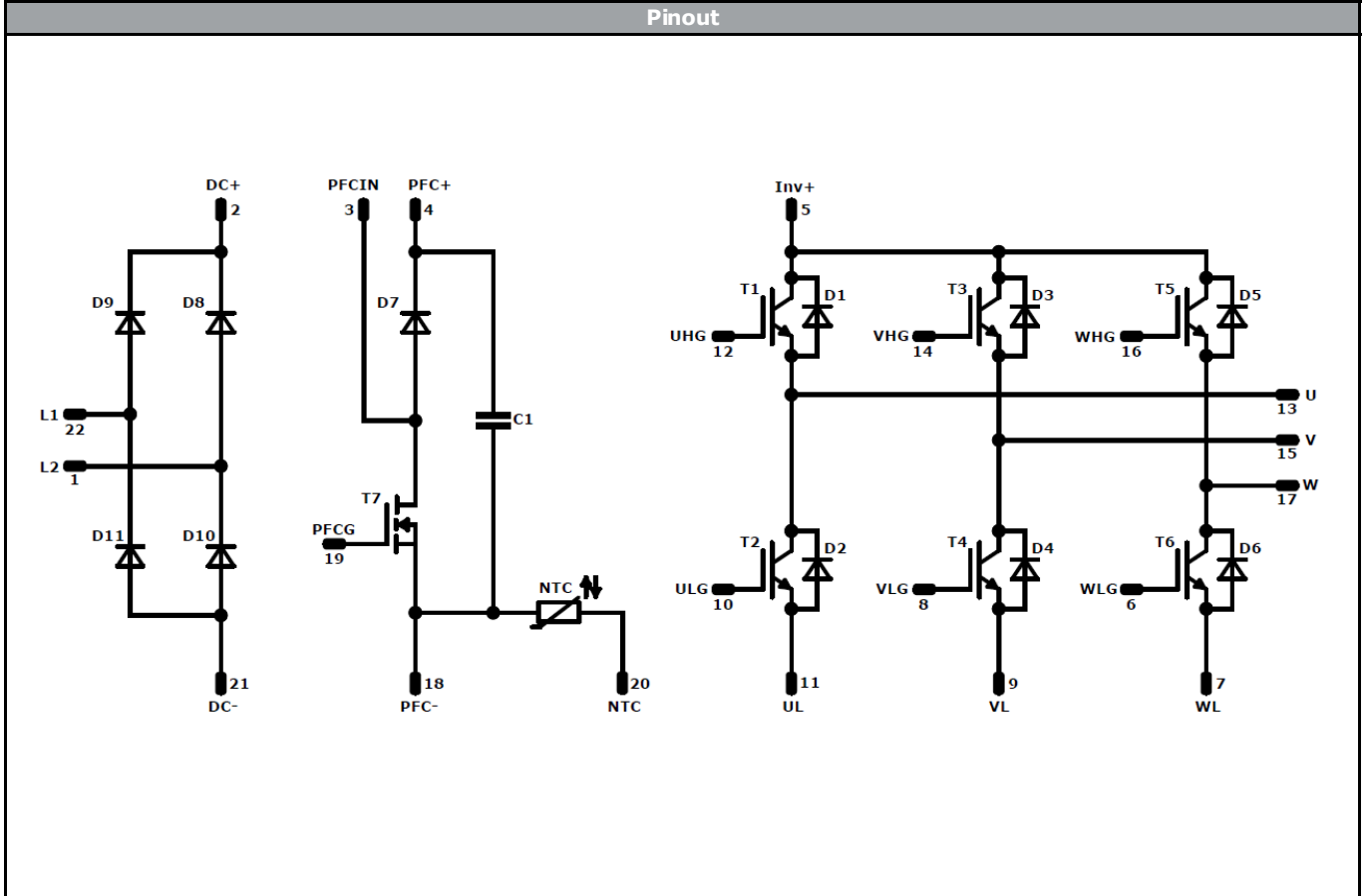
The technical drawing shows two views of the component. The top view shows a rectangular component with 22 pins numbered 1 to 22. Dimensions include a total length of 26.5 mm and a height of 11.3 mm. The side view shows the component's profile with a height of 17.36 ± 0.05 mm and a pin diameter of  $\phi 1 \pm 0.05$  mm.

Tolerance of pinpositions ±0.5mm at the end of pins  
Dimension of coordinate axis is only offset without tolerance



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Pinout



Identification

ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T1, T2, T3, T4, T5, T6	IGBT	600 V	20 A	Inverter Switch	
D1, D2, D3, D4, D5, D6	FWD	600 V	30 A	Inverter Diode	
T7	MOSFET	600 V	70 mΩ	PFC Switch	
D7	FWD	600 V	24 A	PFC Diode	
D8, D9, D10, D11	Rectifier	1600 V	25 A	Rectifier Diode	
C1	Capacitor	500 V		Capacitor (PFC)	
NTC	NTC			Thermistor	




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Packaging instruction			
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 80	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ Sample

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for <i>flow 90 1</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for <i>flow 90 1</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

UL recognition and file number
This device is certified according to UL 1557 standard, UL file number E192116. For more information see vincotech.com website. 

Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
10-R106PPA020SB03-M934A10-D1-14	02 May. 2019		

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.