



# Vincotech

<b>flow3xNPC 1</b>		<b>1200 V / 50 A</b>
<b>Features</b>		<b>flow 1 12 mm housing</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• NPC with compact design</li><li>• Fast switching with IGBT H5+L5 and Stealth Diode</li><li>• Low inductive layout</li><li>• 3 phase design</li></ul>		
<b>Target applications</b>		<b>Schematic</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Power Supply</li><li>• Solar Inverters</li><li>• UPS</li></ul>		
<b>Types</b>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 10-PY07N3A050SM-M896F04Y</li></ul>		



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## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
<b>Buck Switch</b>				
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		650	V
Collector current	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	41	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	150	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	78	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		$\pm 20$	V
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$

## Buck Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		650	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	29	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	180	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	52	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$

## Boost Switch

Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		650	V
Collector current	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	84	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	225	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	95	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		$\pm 20$	V
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$



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## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
<b>Boost Diode</b>				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		650	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	23	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	40	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	39	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$

## Boost Sw. Inv. Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		650	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	23	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	40	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	39	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$

## Module Properties

Thermal Properties				
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$		-40...+125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Operation temperature under switching condition	$T_{jop}$		-40...+( $T_{jmax} - 25$ )	$^\circ\text{C}$

## Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	$V_{isol}$	DC Test Voltage*	$t_p = 2 \text{ s}$	4000	V
Isolation voltage	$V_{isol}$	AC Voltage	$t_p = 1 \text{ min}$	2500	V
Creepage distance				min. 12,7	mm
Clearance				8,6	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI			$\geq 200$	

\*100 % tested in production



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## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	

### Buck Switch

#### Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,0005	25	3,3	4	4,7	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CEsat}$		15		50	25 125		1,83 2,01	2,22	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	650		25			40	µA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0		25			120	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$							None		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{res}$	$f = 1 \text{ Mhz}$	0	25	25	25		3000		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$							11		pF
Gate charge	$Q_g$		15	520	50	25		120		nC

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink*	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4 \text{ W/mK}$ (PSX)						1,22		K/W
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\*Only valid with pre-applied Vincotech thermal interface material.

#### Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{gon} = 8 \Omega$ $R_{goff} = 8 \Omega$	$-5/15$	$350$	$20$	25		29		ns			
Rise time	$t_r$					125		29					
						150		30					
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25		6					
						125		6					
Fall time	$t_f$					150		6					
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$					25		98					
		$Q_{rFWD}=0,508 \mu\text{C}$ $Q_{rFWD}=0,99 \mu\text{C}$ $Q_{rFWD}=1,12 \mu\text{C}$				125		121					
						150		127					
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$					25		9,7					
						125		8,98					
						150		9,6					
						25		0,142		mWs			
						125		0,25					
						150		0,287					
						25		0,086					
						125		0,142					
						150		0,159					



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## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions						Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max

### Buck Diode

#### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				30	25 125		2,47 2,03	2,6	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 650$ V				25			10	µA

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink*	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,83		K/W
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\*Only valid with pre-applied Vincotech thermal interface material.

#### Dynamic

Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$	$di/dt=4993$ A/µs $di/dt=4646$ A/µs $di/dt=4409$ A/µs	-5/15	350	20	25		44,04			A			
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					125		57,61						
						150		61,02						
Recovered charge	$Q_r$					25		18,91			ns			
						125		23,85						
						150		25,93						
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$	$di/dt=4993$ A/µs $di/dt=4646$ A/µs $di/dt=4409$ A/µs				25		0,508			µC			
						125		0,99						
						150		1,12						
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$					25		0,104			mWs			
						125		0,193						
						150		0,211						
						25		5933			A/µs			
						125		6559						
						150		6494						



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## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

### Boost Switch

#### Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,001	25	4,2	5	5,8	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		75	25 125 150		1,1 1,09 1,09	1,45	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	650		25			40	µA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0		25			100	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$							None		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{res}$	$f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	0	25	25	25		11625		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$							30		pF
Gate charge	$Q_g$		15	520	75	25		436		nC

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink*	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4 \text{ W/mK}$ (PSX)						1		K/W
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\*Only valid with pre-applied Vincotech thermal interface material.

#### Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{gon} = 4 \Omega$ $R_{goff} = 4 \Omega$	$-5/15$	$350$	$20$	25		68		
Rise time	$t_r$					125		66		ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					150		66		
Fall time	$t_f$					25		4		
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$					125		5		
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$					150		5		
						25		5		
						125		5		
						150		5		



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## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions						Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max

### Boost Diode

#### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				20	25 125 150	1,23	1,74 1,66 1,61	1,87	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 650$ V			25			0,24	$\mu$ A	

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink*	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						2,46		K/W
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\*Only valid with pre-applied Vincotech thermal interface material.

#### Dynamic

Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$	$di/dt=4817$ A/ $\mu$ s $di/dt=5026$ A/ $\mu$ s $di/dt=5000$ A/ $\mu$ s	-5/15	350	20	25 125 150		41,84 47,61 48,5		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					25 125 150		17,94 24,4 26,47		ns
Recovered charge	$Q_r$					25 125 150		0,901 1,56 1,73		$\mu$ C
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$					25 125 150		0,256 0,455 0,503		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_r/dt)_{max}$					25 125 150		6079 4632 4242		A/ $\mu$ s



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## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions						Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max

### Boost Sw. Inv. Diode

#### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				20	25 125 150	1,23	1,74 1,66 1,61	1,87	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_T = 650$ V			25			0,24	$\mu$ A	

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink*	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						2,46		K/W
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\*Only valid with pre-applied Vincotech thermal interface material.

### Thermistor

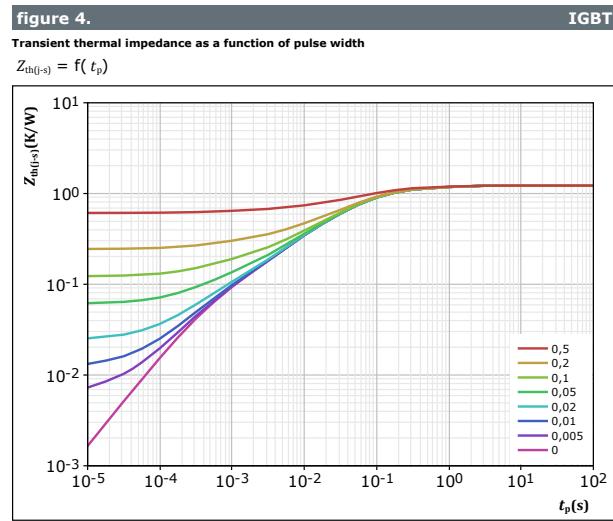
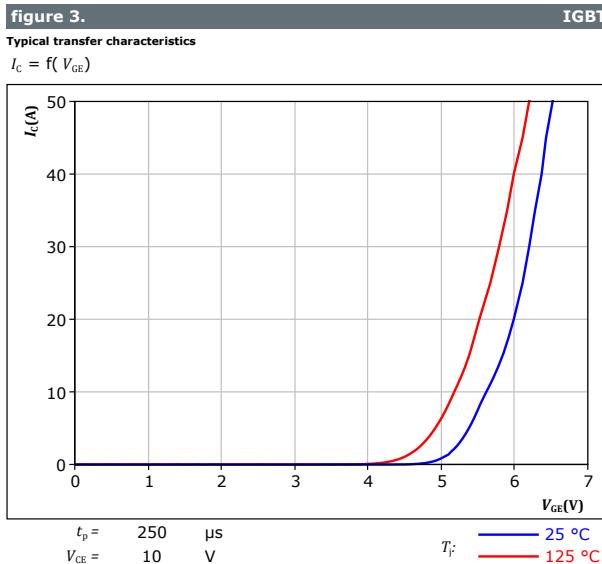
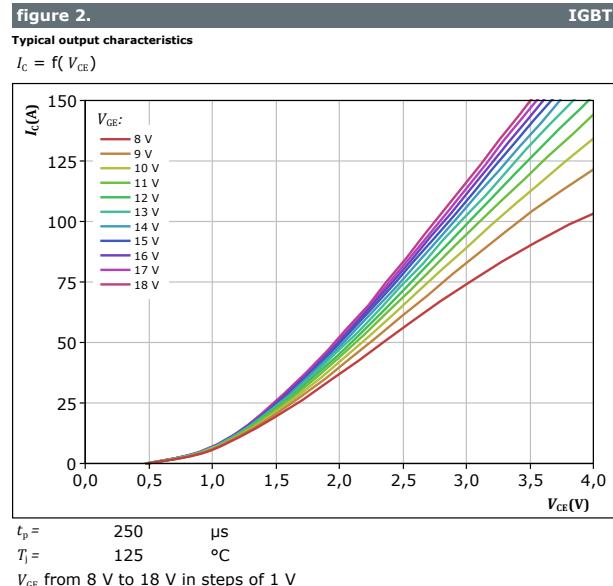
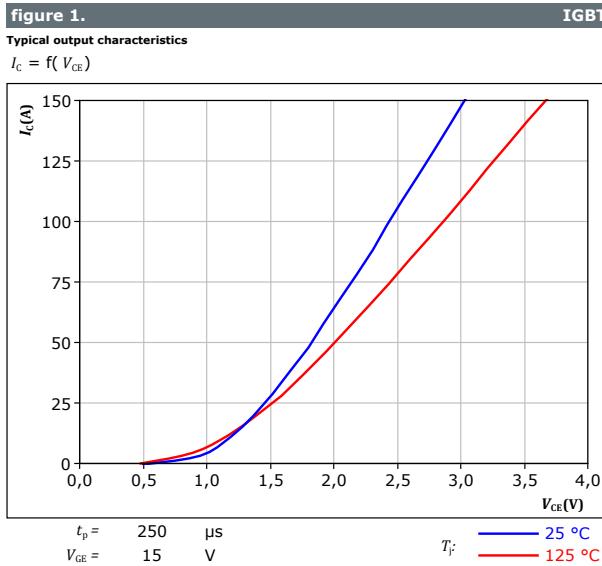
#### Static

Rated resistance	$R$				25		22		kΩ
Deviation of $R_{100}$	$A_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 1484$ Ω			100	-5		5	%
Power dissipation	$P$						5		mW
Power dissipation constant	$d$				25		1,5		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. ±1 %					3962		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. ±1 %					4000		K
Vincotech Thermistor Reference								I	



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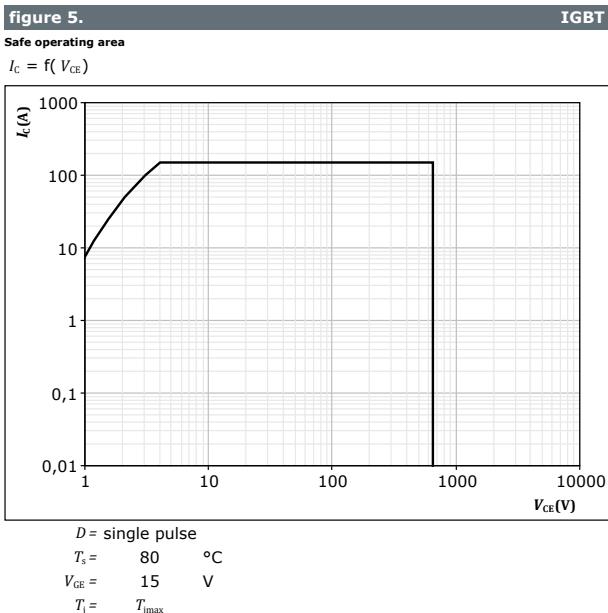
## Buck Switch Characteristics



$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
1,28E-01	8,75E-01
4,40E-01	1,12E-01
3,96E-01	3,56E-02
1,75E-01	7,55E-03
3,44E-02	1,97E-03
4,80E-02	4,33E-04



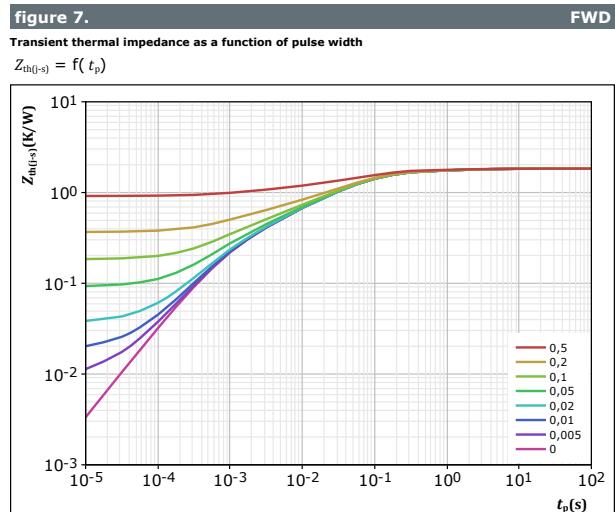
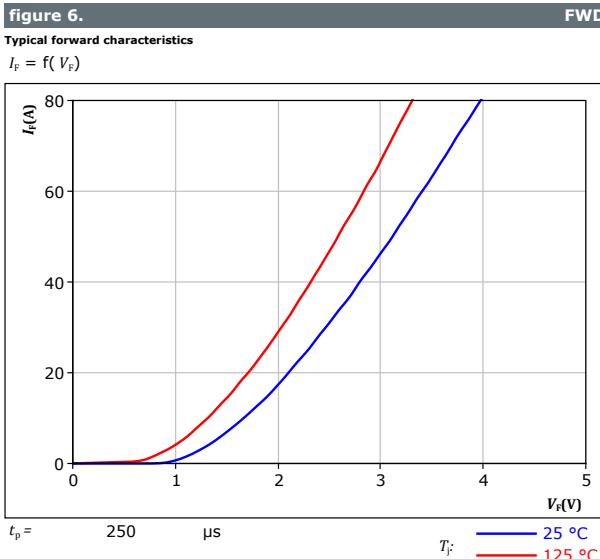
## Buck Switch Characteristics





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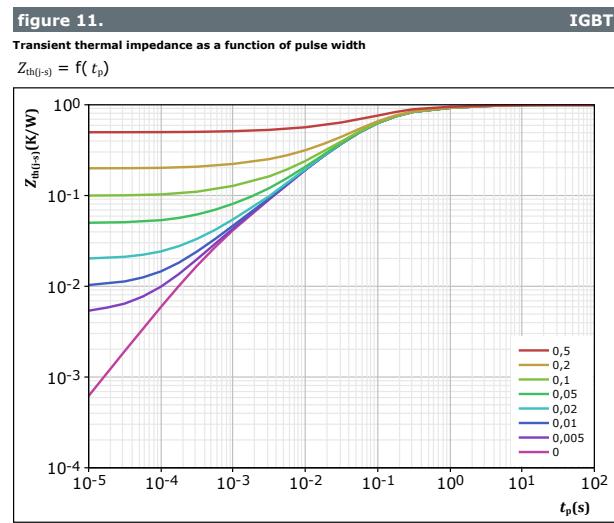
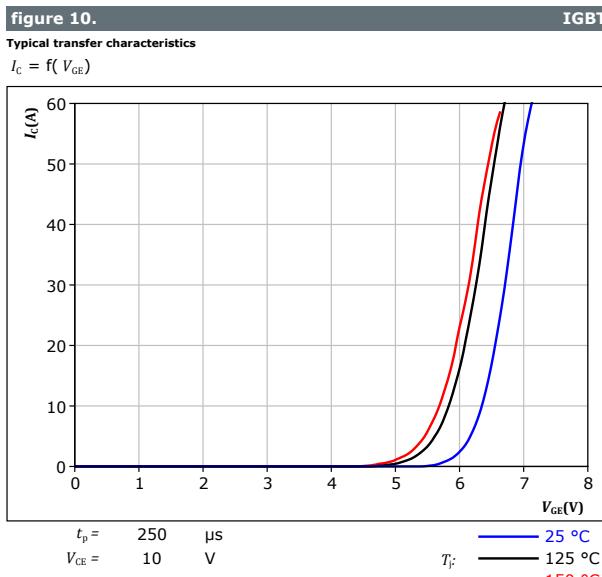
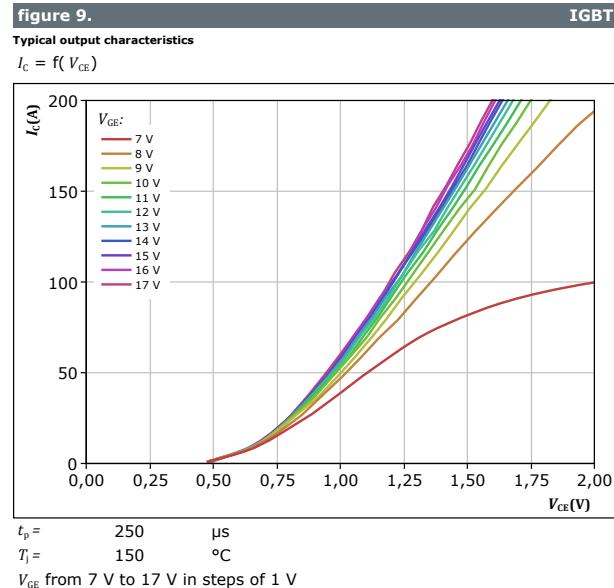
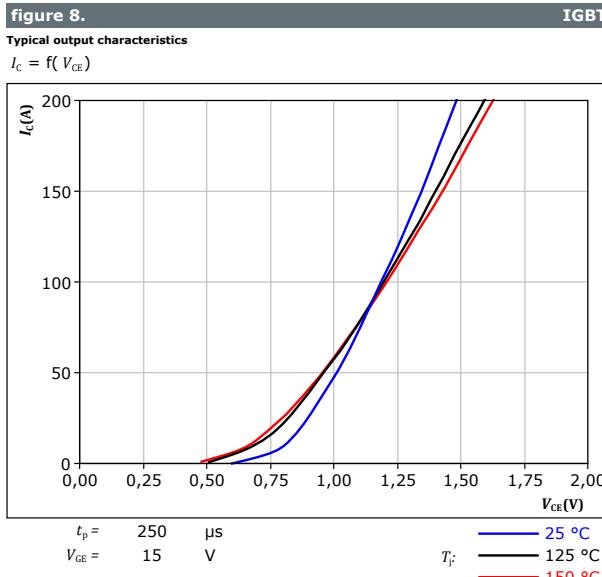
## Buck Diode Characteristics





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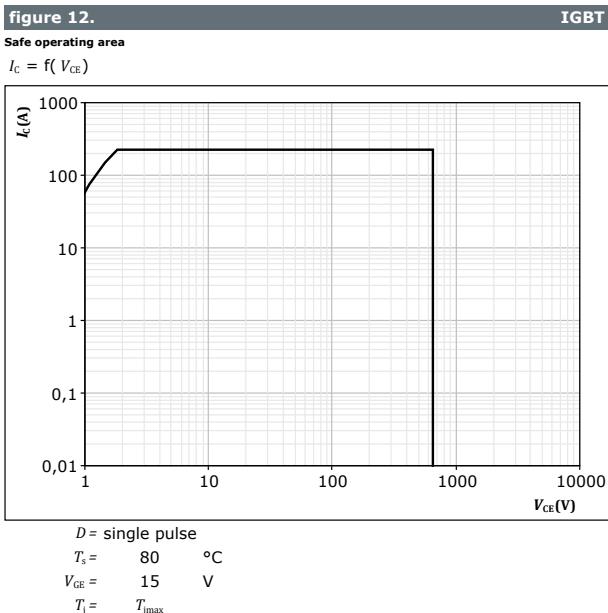
## Boost Switch Characteristics



$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
8,80E-02	2,68E+00
1,67E-01	3,70E-01
5,38E-01	8,09E-02
1,47E-01	1,56E-02
3,80E-02	3,42E-03
1,88E-02	5,45E-04

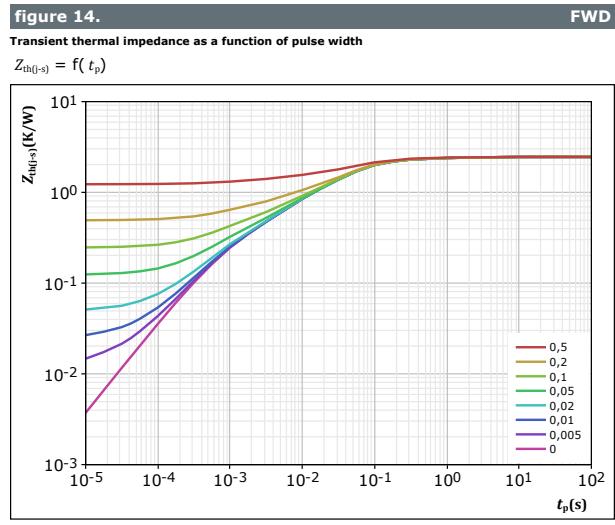
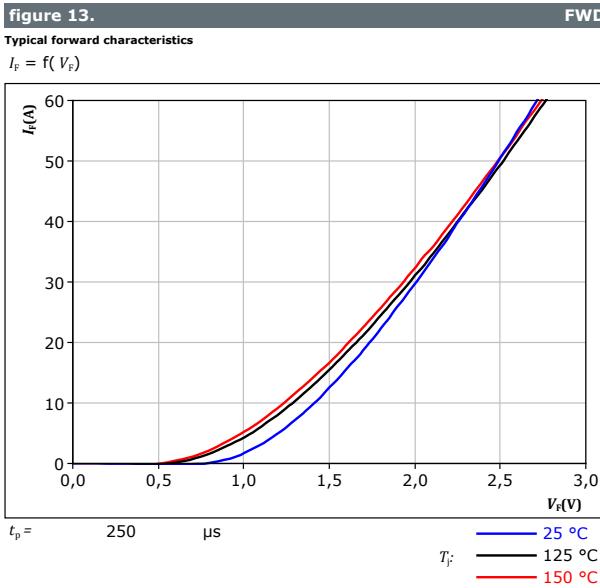


## Boost Switch Characteristics

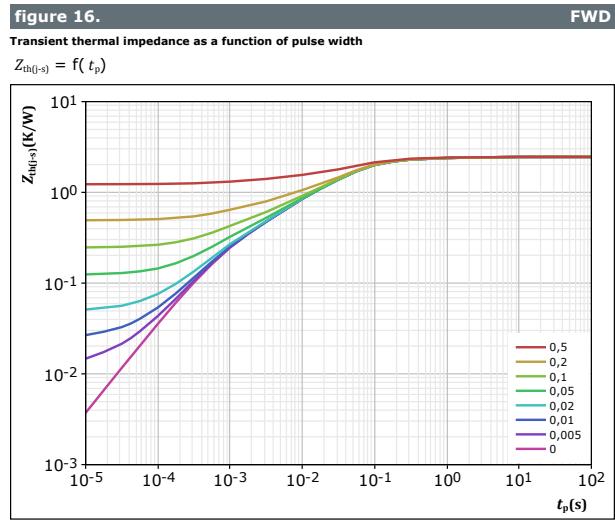
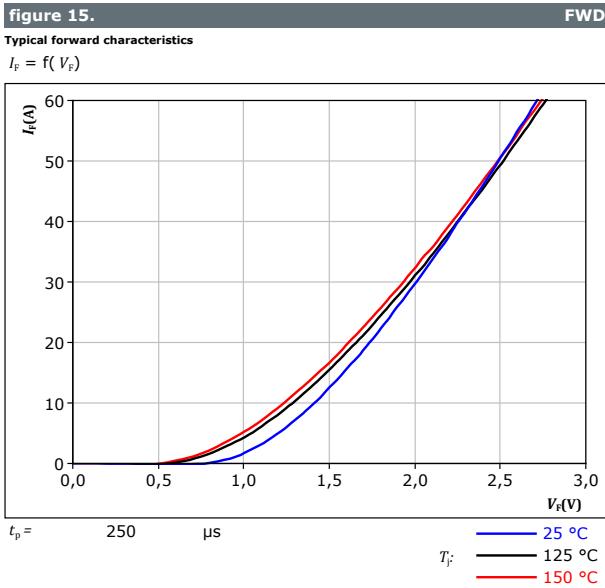




## Boost Diode Characteristics

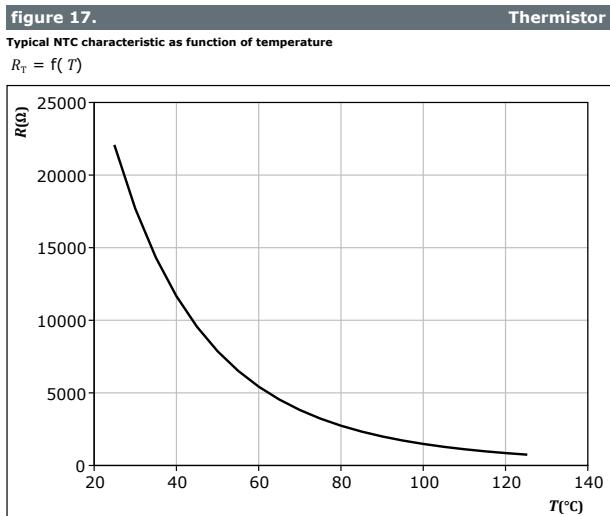


## Boost Sw. Inv. Diode Characteristics





## Thermistor Characteristics





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## Buck Switching Characteristics

figure 18. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current  
 $E = f(I_c)$

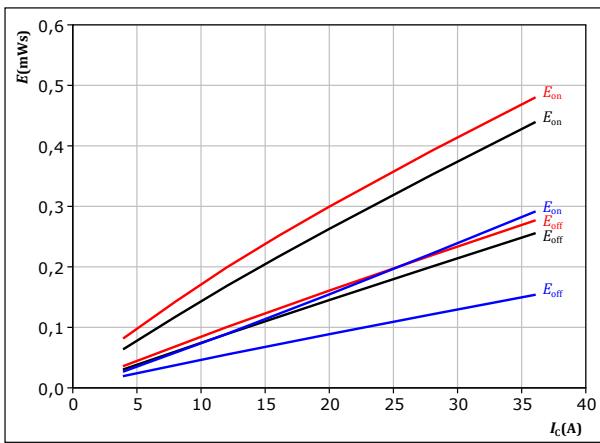


figure 19. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor  
 $E = f(R_g)$

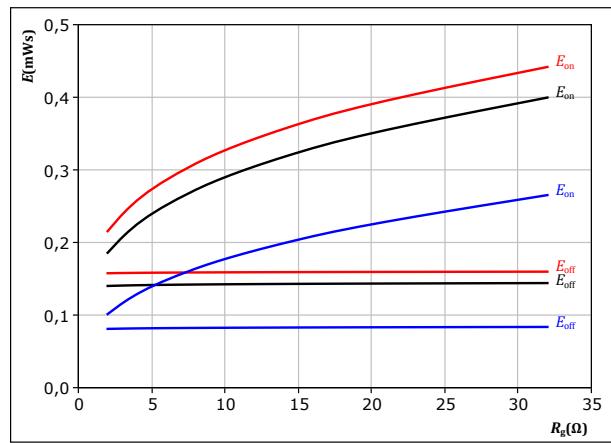


figure 20. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current  
 $E_{rec} = f(I_c)$

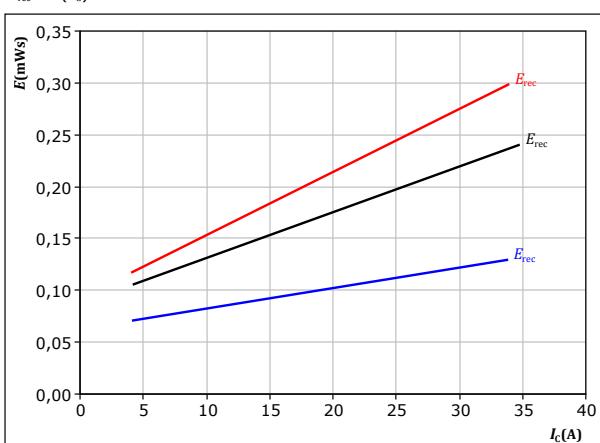
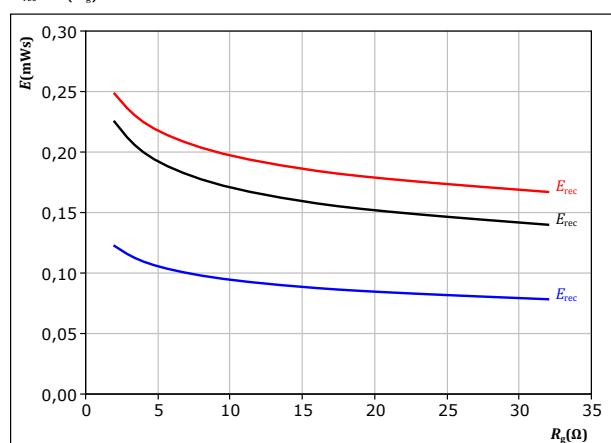


figure 21. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor  
 $E_{rec} = f(R_g)$



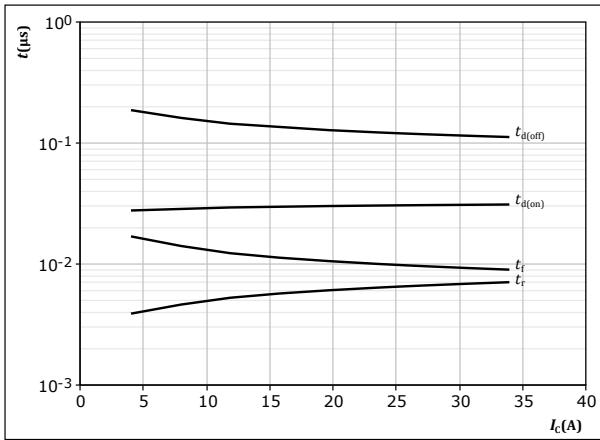


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## Buck Switching Characteristics

**figure 22.** IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current  
 $t = f(I_C)$

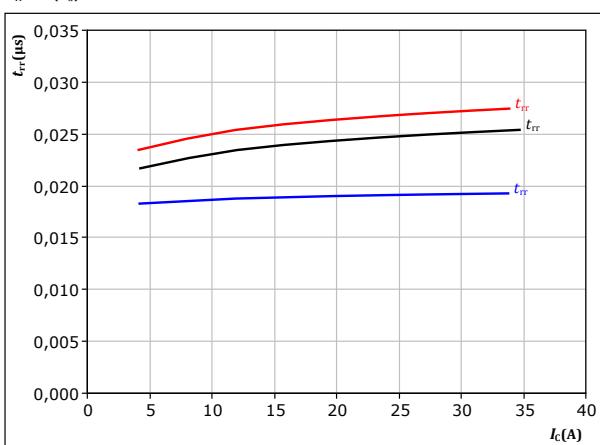


With an inductive load at

$T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 8 \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 8 \Omega$

**figure 24.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current  
 $t_{rr} = f(I_C)$

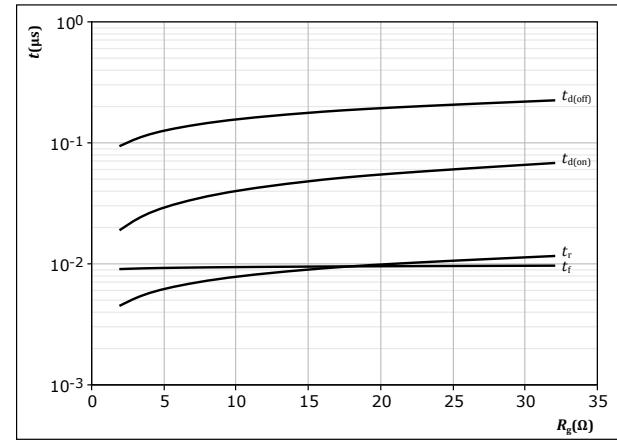


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 8 \Omega$

**figure 23.** IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor  
 $t = f(R_g)$

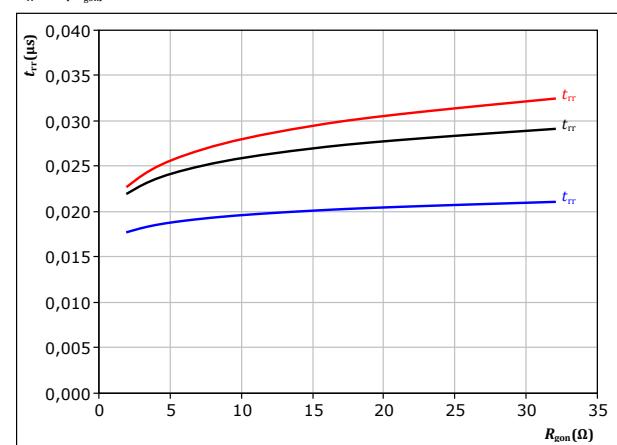


With an inductive load at

$T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_C = 20 \text{ A}$

**figure 25.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_C = 20 \text{ A}$



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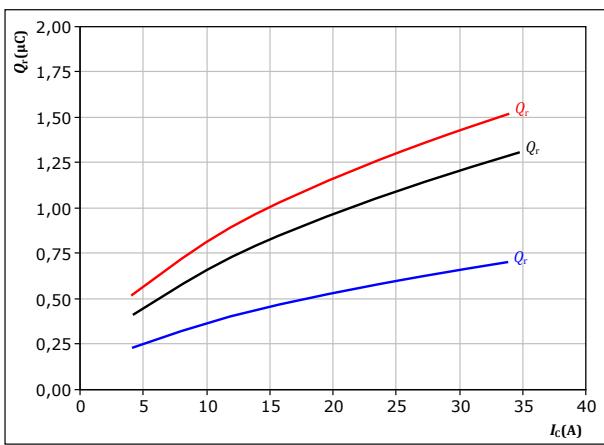
## Buck Switching Characteristics

figure 26.

FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 350 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GE} &= -5/15 \quad \text{V} \\ R_{gon} &= 8 \quad \Omega \end{aligned}$$

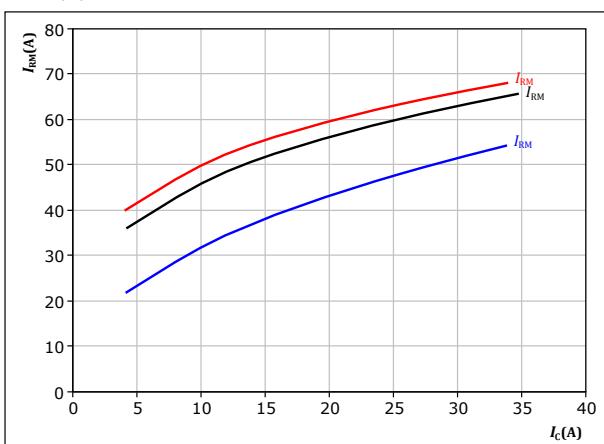
$$\begin{aligned} T_j: & \quad 25 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C} \\ & \quad 125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C} \\ & \quad 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C} \end{aligned}$$

figure 28.

FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 350 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GE} &= -5/15 \quad \text{V} \\ R_{gon} &= 8 \quad \Omega \end{aligned}$$

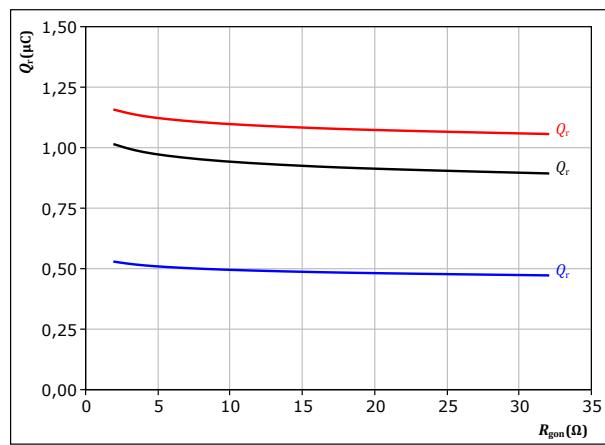
$$\begin{aligned} T_j: & \quad 25 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C} \\ & \quad 125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C} \\ & \quad 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C} \end{aligned}$$

figure 27.

FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 350 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GE} &= -5/15 \quad \text{V} \\ I_c &= 20 \quad \text{A} \end{aligned}$$

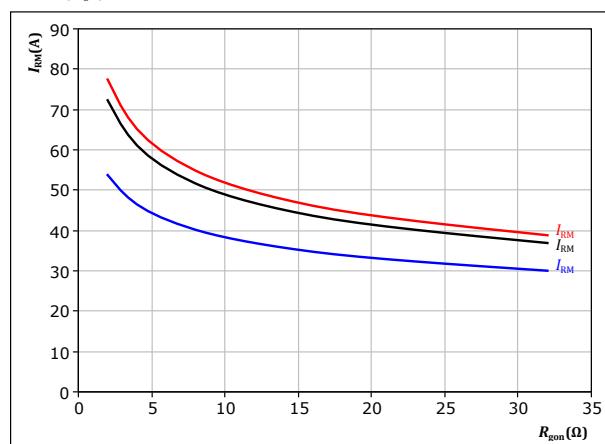
$$\begin{aligned} T_j: & \quad 25 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C} \\ & \quad 125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C} \\ & \quad 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C} \end{aligned}$$

figure 29.

FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 350 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GE} &= -5/15 \quad \text{V} \\ I_c &= 20 \quad \text{A} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} T_j: & \quad 25 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C} \\ & \quad 125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C} \\ & \quad 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C} \end{aligned}$$



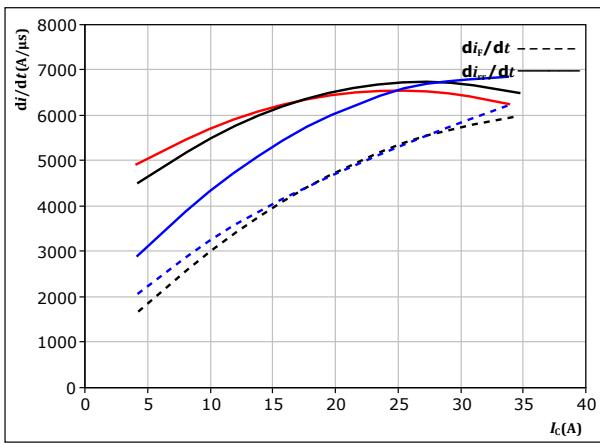
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## Buck Switching Characteristics

figure 30. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



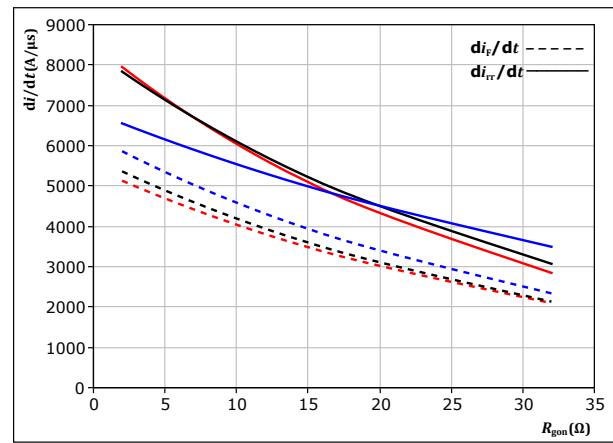
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$        $T_j = 25, 125, 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 8 \Omega$

figure 31. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor

$di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{gon})$



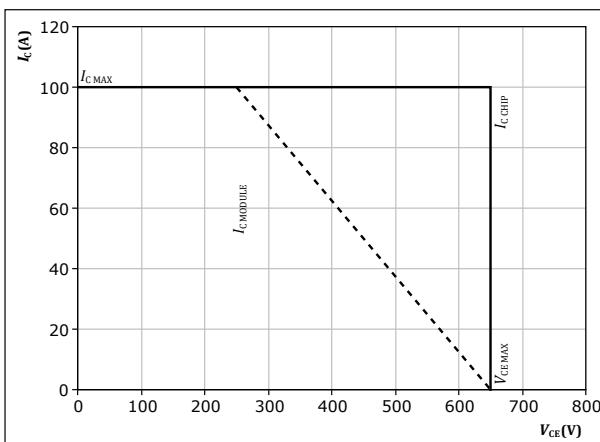
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$        $T_j = 25, 125, 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 20 \text{ A}$

figure 32. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At  $T_j = 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

$R_{gon} = 8 \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 8 \Omega$

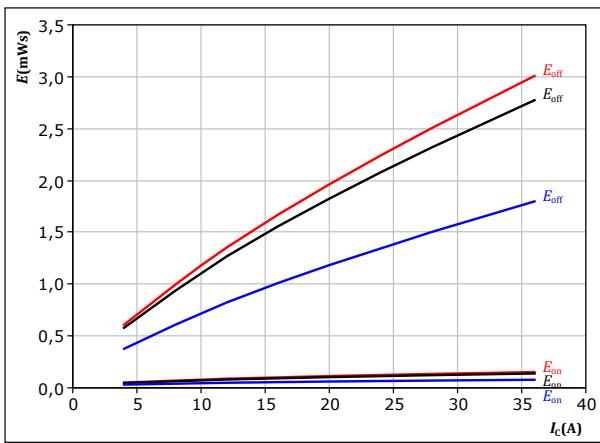


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## Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 33. IGBT

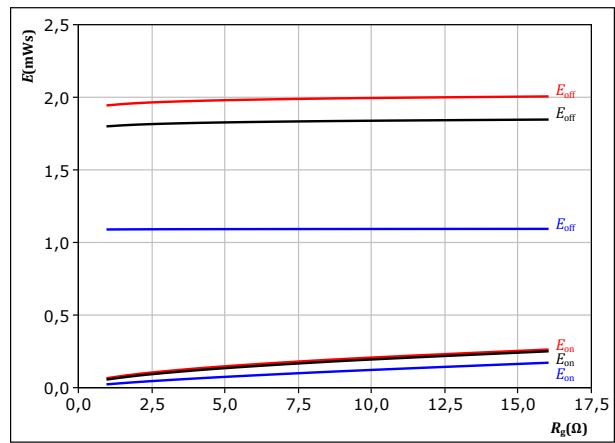
Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current  
 $E = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$        $T_f = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$        $T_f = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $R_{gon} = 4 \Omega$        $T_f = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $R_{goff} = 4 \Omega$

figure 34. IGBT

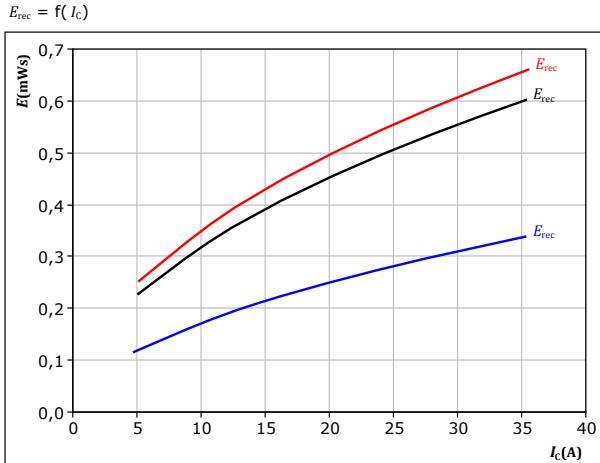
Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor  
 $E = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$        $T_f = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$        $T_f = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $I_c = 20 \text{ A}$        $T_f = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

figure 35. FWD

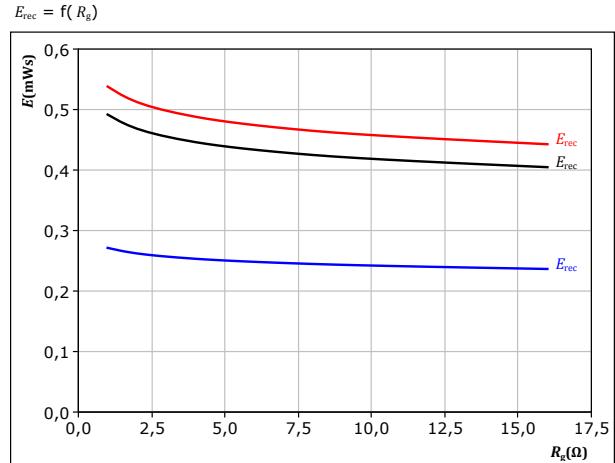
Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current  
 $E_{rec} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$        $T_f = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$        $T_f = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $R_{gon} = 4 \Omega$        $T_f = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

figure 36. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor  
 $E_{rec} = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$        $T_f = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$        $T_f = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $I_c = 20 \text{ A}$        $T_f = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

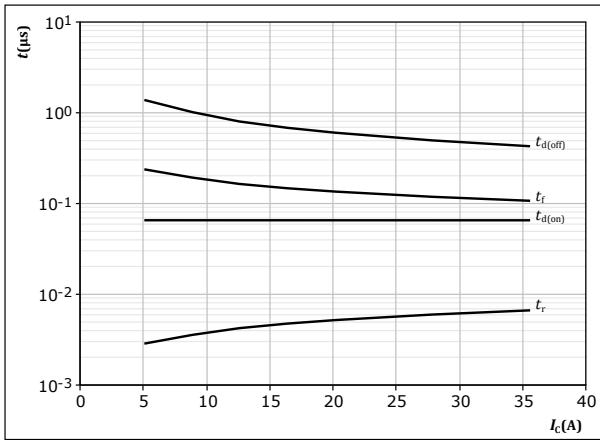


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## Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 37. IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current  
 $t = f(I_C)$



With an inductive load at

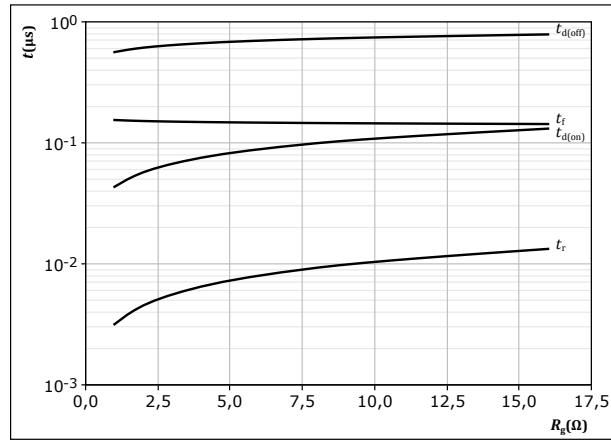
$T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 4 \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 4 \Omega$

figure 38. IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor  
 $t = f(R_g)$

figure 38. IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor  
 $t = f(R_g)$

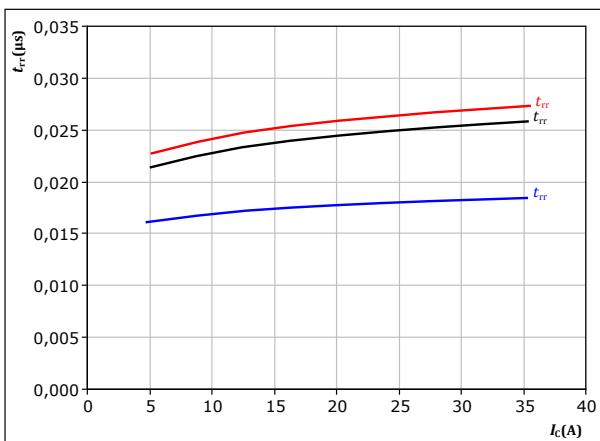


With an inductive load at

$T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_C = 20 \text{ A}$

figure 39. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current  
 $t_{rr} = f(I_C)$



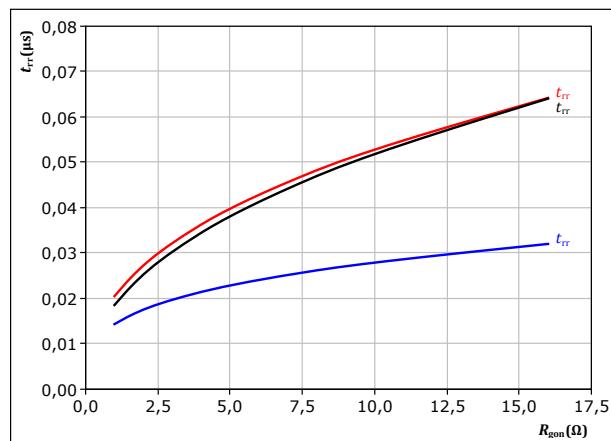
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 4 \Omega$

$T_j:$    
— 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

figure 40. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_C = 20 \text{ A}$

$T_j:$    
— 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C



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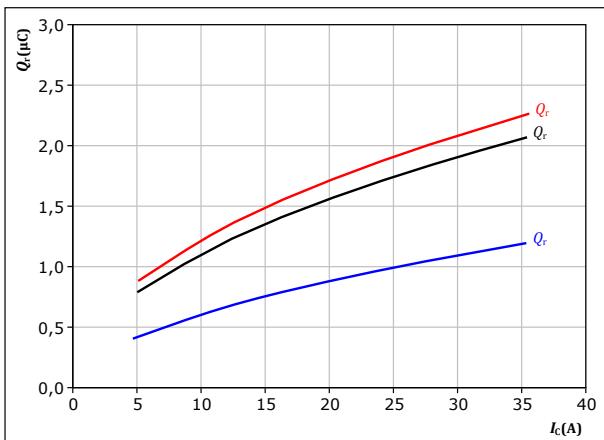
## Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 41.

FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

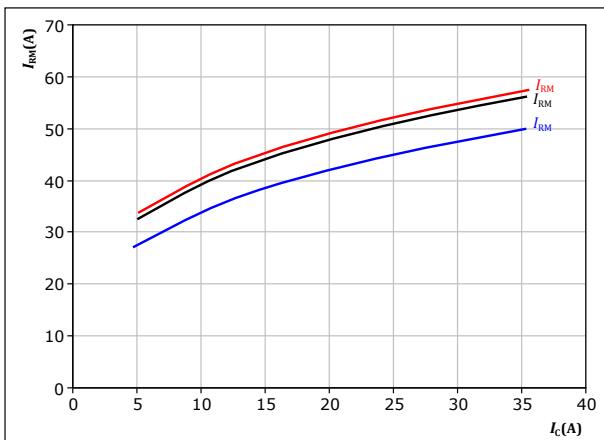
$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 350 \text{ V} & T_f &= 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \\ V_{GE} &= -5/15 \text{ V} & & \\ R_{gon} &= 4 \Omega & I_c &= 20 \text{ A} \end{aligned}$$

figure 43.

FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

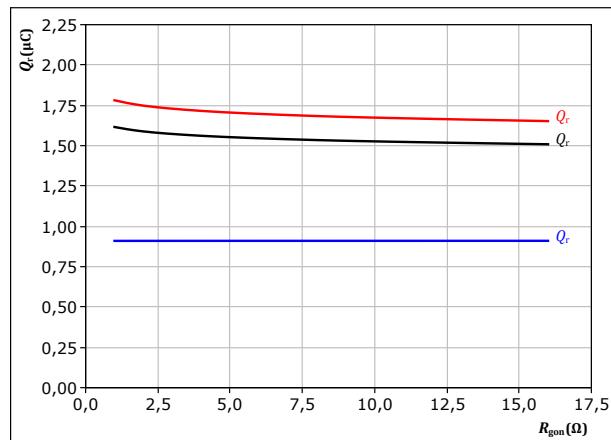
$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 350 \text{ V} & T_f &= 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \\ V_{GE} &= -5/15 \text{ V} & & \\ R_{gon} &= 4 \Omega & I_c &= 20 \text{ A} \end{aligned}$$

figure 42.

FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

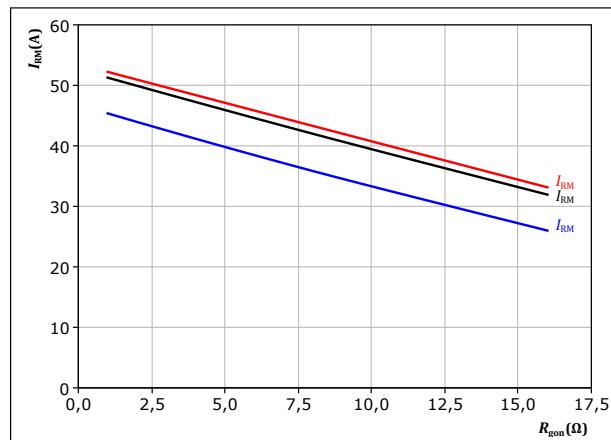
$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 350 \text{ V} & T_f &= 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \\ V_{GE} &= -5/15 \text{ V} & & \\ I_c &= 20 \text{ A} & R_{gon} &= 15 \Omega \end{aligned}$$

figure 44.

FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 350 \text{ V} & T_f &= 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \\ V_{GE} &= -5/15 \text{ V} & & \\ I_c &= 20 \text{ A} & R_{gon} &= 15 \Omega \end{aligned}$$



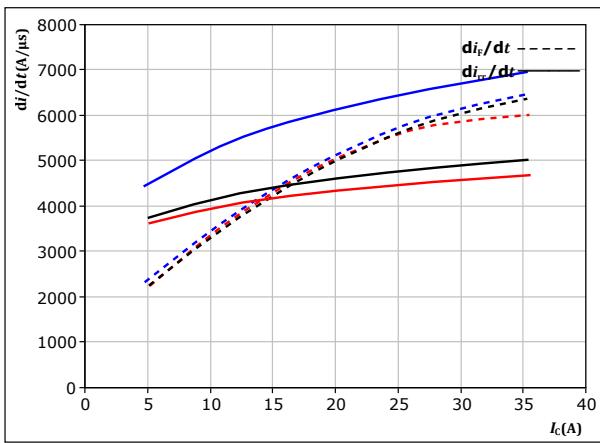
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## Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 45. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



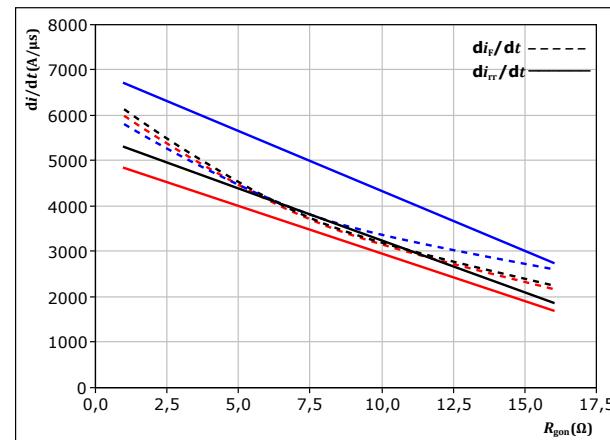
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$        $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$        $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$   
 $R_{gon} = 4 \Omega$        $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$

figure 46. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor

$di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{gon})$



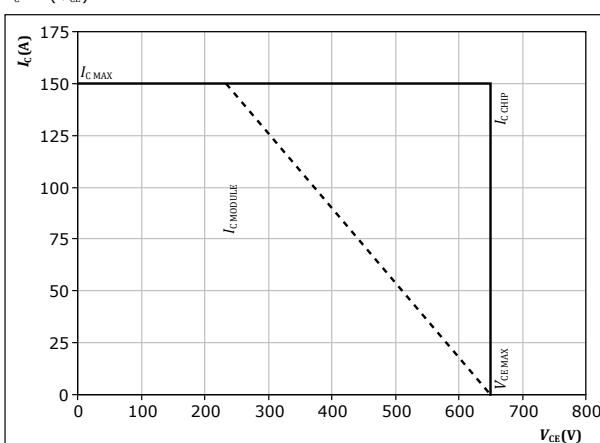
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$        $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{GE} = -5/15 \text{ V}$        $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$   
 $I_c = 20 \text{ A}$        $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$

figure 47. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At  $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$   
 $R_{gon} = 4 \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 4 \Omega$

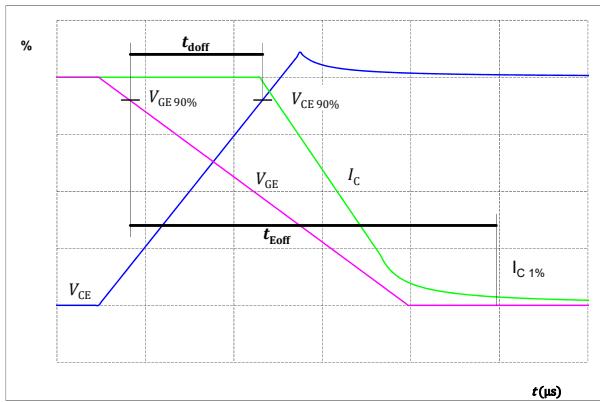


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## Switching Definitions

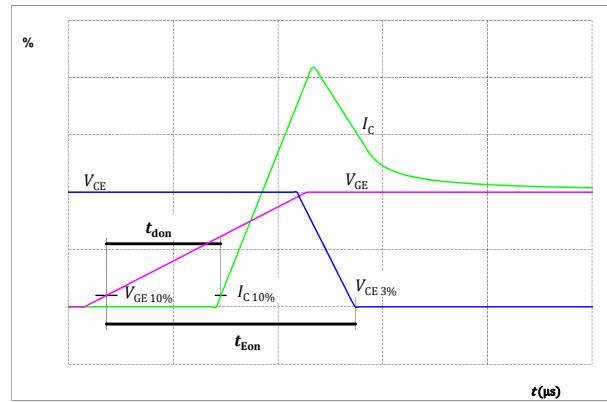
**figure 48.** IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$ ,  $t_{Eoff}$  ( $t_{Eoff}$  = integrating time for  $E_{off}$ )



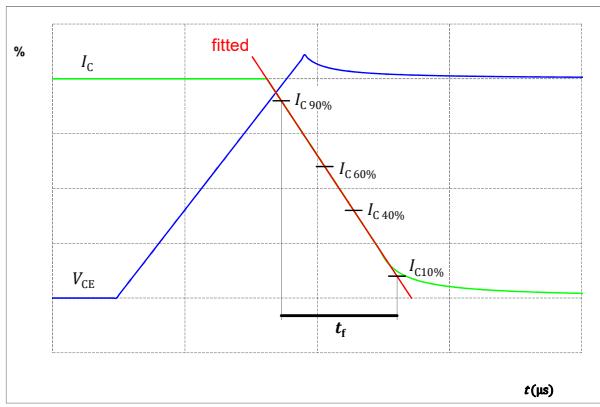
**figure 49.** IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{don}$ ,  $t_{Eon}$  ( $t_{Eon}$  = integrating time for  $E_{on}$ )



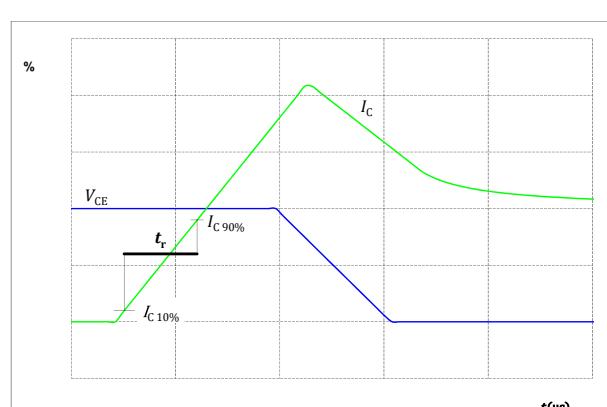
**figure 50.** IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_f$



**figure 51.** IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$





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## Switching Definitions

figure 52.

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{tr}$

FWD

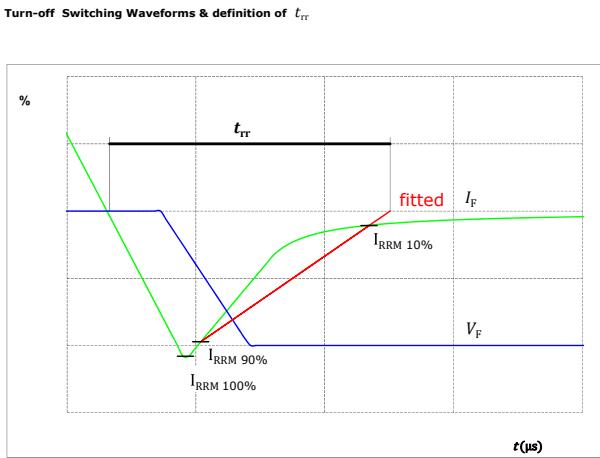
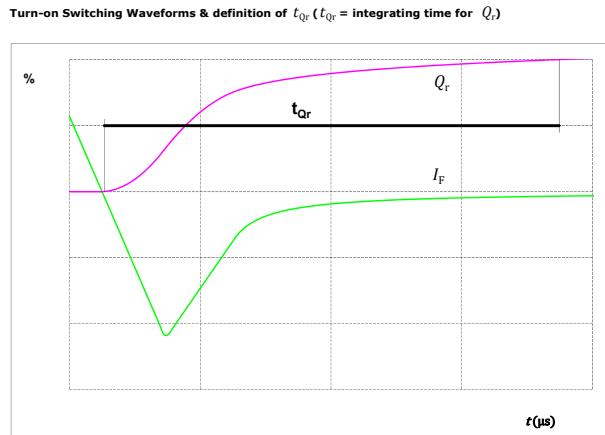


figure 53.

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{qr}$  ( $t_{qr}$  = integrating time for  $Q_r$ )

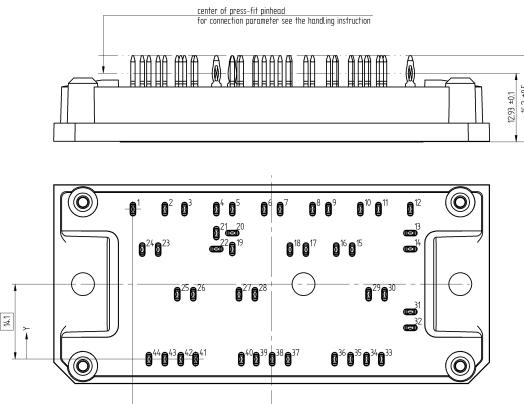
FWD



**10-PY07N3A050SM-M896F04Y**

datasheet

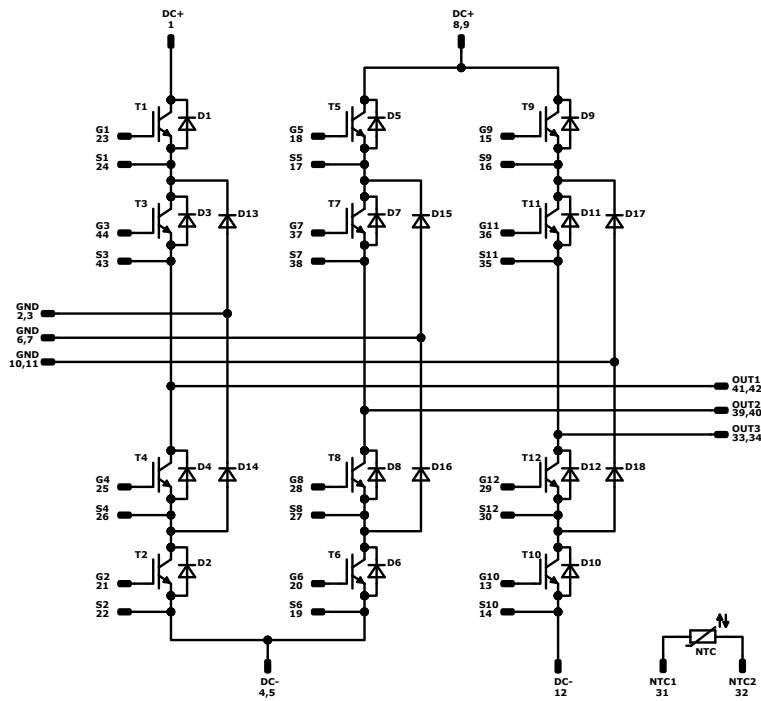
**Vincotech**

Ordering Code						
Version			Ordering Code			
Without thermal paste				10-PY07N3A050SM-M896F04Y		
With thermal paste				10-PY07N3A050SM-M896F04Y-3/		
Marking						
 NN-NNNNNNNNNNNN-YYYY-LL-SSSS	<b>Text</b>	Name	Date code	UL & VIN	Lot	Serial
		NN-NNNNNNNNNNNN- YYYY-LL-SSSS	WWYY	UL VIN	LLLL	SSSS
	<b>Datamatrix</b>	Type&Ver	Lot number	Serial	Date code	
		YYYY-LL	LLLL	SSSS	WWYY	
Outline						
<b>Pin table [mm]</b>	Pin	X	Y	Function		
	1	0	28,2	+DC		
	2	6	28,2	GND		
	3	9,7	28,2	GND		
	4	15,7	28,2	-DC		
	5	18,7	28,2	-DC		
	6	24,7	28,2	GND		
	7	27,7	28,2	GND		
	8	33,8	28,2	+DC		
	9	36,8	28,2	+DC		
	10	42,8	28,2	GND		
	11	46,2	28,2	GND		
	12	52,2	28,2	-DC		
	13	52,2	23,7	G10		
	14	52,2	20,7	S10		
	15	41,25	20,6	G9		
	16	38,25	20,6	S9		
	17	32,55	20,6	S5		
	18	29,55	20,6	G5		
	19	18,7	20,7	S6		
	20	18,7	23,7	G6		
	21	15,7	23,7	G2		
	22	15,7	20,7	S2		
	23	4,75	20,6	G1		
	24	1,75	20,6	S1		
	25	8,35	12,2	G4		
	26	11,35	12,2	S4		
	27	19,95	12,2	S8		
	28	22,95	12,2	G8		
	29	44,35	12,2	G12		
	30	47,35	12,2	S12		
	31	52,2	8,9	NTC1		
	32	52,2	5,9	NTC2		
	33	46,75	0	OUT3		
	34	43,95	0	OUT3		
	35	40,95	0	S11		
	36	37,95	0	G11		
	37	29,2	0	G7		
	38	26,2	0	S7		
	39	23,2	0	OUT2		
	40	20,4	0	OUT2		
	41	11,8	0	OUT1		
	42	9	0	OUT1		
	43	6	0	S3		
	44	3	0	G3		
						



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### Pinout



### Identification

ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T1, T5, T9, T2, T6, T10	IGBT	650 V	50 A	Buck Switch	
D13, D15, D17, D14, D16, D18	FWD	650 V	30 A	Buck Diode	
T3, T7, T11, T4, T8, T12	IGBT	650 V	75 A	Boost Switch	
D2, D6, D10, D1, D5, D9	FWD	650 V	20 A	Boost Diode	
D4, D3, D8, D7, D12, D11	FWD	650 V	20 A	Boost Sw. Inv. Diode	
NTC	NTC			Thermistor	



# Vincotech

<b>Packaging instruction</b>				
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 100	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ	Sample

<b>Handling instruction</b>				
Handling instructions for flow 1 packages see vincotech.com website.				

<b>Package data</b>				
Package data for flow 1 packages see vincotech.com website.				

<b>UL recognition and file number</b>				
This device is certified according to UL 1557 standard, UL file number E192116. For more information see vincotech.com website.				

<b>Document No.:</b>	<b>Date:</b>	<b>Modification:</b>	<b>Pages</b>
10-PY07N3A050SM-M896F04Y-D1-14	21 May. 2020		

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.