



# Vincotech

<b>flowSOL 1 BI (TL)</b>	<b>650 V / 30 A</b>
<b>Topology features</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Kelvin Emitter for improved switching performance</li><li>• Temperature sensor</li><li>• Booster + H6.5</li></ul>	<b>flow 1 12 mm housing</b> 
<b>Component features</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• High efficiency in hard switching and resonant topologies</li><li>• High speed switching</li><li>• Low gate charge</li></ul>	
<b>Housing features</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Base isolation: Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub></li><li>• Convex shaped substrate for superior thermal contact</li><li>• Thermo-mechanical push-and-pull force relief</li><li>• Press-fit pin</li><li>• Reliable cold welding connection</li></ul>	
<b>Target applications</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Solar Inverters</li></ul>	<b>Schematic</b> 
<b>Types</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 10-PY07BVA030RW-LF42E28Y</li></ul>	



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## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
<b>Low Buck Switch</b>				
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		650	V
Collector current (DC current)	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	36	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	120	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	63	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		$\pm 30$	V
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$

## High Buck Switch

Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		650	V
Collector current (DC current)	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	36	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	120	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	63	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		$\pm 30$	V
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$

## Buck Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		650	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	29	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	40	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	51	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$



10-PY07BVA030RW-LF42E28Y

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## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
<b>Boost Switch</b>				
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		650	V
Collector current (DC current)	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	28	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	60	A
Turn off safe operating area		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{CE} = 1200\text{ V}$	60	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	59	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		$\pm 20$	V
Short circuit ratings	$t_{SC}$	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ , $V_{CC} = 360\text{ V}$ $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	6	$\mu\text{s}$
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$

## Low Boost Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		650	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	29	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	40	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	51	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$

## High Boost Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		650	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	29	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	40	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	51	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$



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## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
<b>Input Boost Switch</b>				
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		650	V
Collector current (DC current)	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	36	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	120	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	63	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		$\pm 30$	V
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$

## Input Boost Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		650	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	34	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	60	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	50	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$

## Input Boost Sw. Protection Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		650	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	17	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	20	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	33	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$



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## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
<b>ByPass Diode</b>				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1600	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$	46	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	$I_{FSM}$	Single Half Sine Wave, $t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$	270	A
Surge current capability	$P_t$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	370	$\text{A}^2\text{s}$
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$	56	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		150	$^\circ\text{C}$

## Module Properties

### Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$		-40...+125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Operation temperature under switching condition	$T_{jop}$		-40...+( $T_{jmax} - 25$ )	$^\circ\text{C}$

### Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	$V_{isol}$	DC Test Voltage*	$t_p = 2 \text{ s}$	6000	V
Isolation voltage	$V_{isol}$	AC Voltage	$t_p = 1 \text{ min}$	2500	V
Creepage distance				>12,7	mm
Clearance				7,93	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI			$\geq 200$	

\*100 % tested in production



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## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	

### Low Buck Switch

#### Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$			5	0,02	25	5	6	7	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		30	25 125 150		1,44 1,61 1,64	1,9 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	650		25			0,01	mA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		30	0		25			0,2	µA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$							None		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{res}$	$f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	0	30	25			2530		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{des}$							65		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$							46		pF
Gate charge	$Q_g$		15	400	30	25		84		nC

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4 \text{ W/mK}$ (PSX)						1,5		K/W
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#### Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{gon} = 8 \Omega$ $R_{goff} = 8 \Omega$	$\pm 15$	350	30	25		42		
Rise time	$t_r$					125		43		ns
						150				
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25		7		
						125		7		ns
Fall time	$t_f$					150		7		
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$	$Q_{fFWD}=2,03 \mu\text{C}$ $Q_{rfFWD}=2,74 \mu\text{C}$ $Q_{ffFWD}=2,99 \mu\text{C}$				25		59		
						125		67		ns
						150		68		
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$					25		21,64		
						125		36,5		ns
						150		52,33		
						25		0,374		
						125		0,471		mWs
						150		0,495		
						25		0,256		
						125		0,387		mWs
						150		0,441		



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## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

### High Buck Switch

#### Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$			5	0,02	25	5	6	7	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		30	25 125 150		1,44 1,61 1,64	1,9 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	650		25			0,01	mA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		30	0		25			0,2	µA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$							None		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{res}$	$f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	0	30	25			2530		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{des}$							65		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$							46		pF
Gate charge	$Q_g$		15	400	30	25		84		nC

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4 \text{ W/mK}$ (PSX)						1,5		K/W
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#### Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{gon} = 8 \Omega$ $R_{goff} = 8 \Omega$	$\pm 15$	350	30	25		42		
Rise time	$t_r$					125		43		ns
						150		43		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25		7		
						125		7		ns
Fall time	$t_f$					150		7		
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$	$Q_{fFWD}=2,03 \mu\text{C}$ $Q_{rfFWD}=2,74 \mu\text{C}$ $Q_{ffFWD}=2,99 \mu\text{C}$				25		59		
						125		67		ns
						150		68		
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$					25		21,64		
						125		36,5		ns
						150		52,33		
						25		0,374		
						125		0,471		mWs
						150		0,495		
						25		0,256		
						125		0,387		mWs
						150		0,441		



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## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions						Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max

### Buck Diode

#### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				20	25 125 150		1,56 1,51 1,51	1,92 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_F = 650$ V				25			1,28	µA

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,88		K/W
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#### Dynamic

Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$	$di/dt=6385$ A/µs $di/dt=6312$ A/µs $di/dt=6023$ A/µs	$\pm 15$	350	25 125 150	25 125 150		69,9 76,16 78,25		A	
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					25 125 150		50,69 90,9 93,49		ns	
Recovered charge	$Q_r$					25 125 150		2,03 2,74 2,99		µC	
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$		$\pm 15$	30		25 125 150		0,532 0,69 0,751		mWs	
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$					25 125 150		5003 5228 5263		A/µs	



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## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	

### Boost Switch

#### Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,00029	25	5,1	5,8	6,4	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		20	25 125 150	1,03	1,5 1,68 1,71	1,87 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	650		25			1	µA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0		25			150	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$							None		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{res}$	$f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	0	25	25	25	1100			pF
Output capacitance	$C_{des}$									
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$									
Gate charge	$Q_g$	$V_{CC} = 480 \text{ V}$	15		20	25		120		nC

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4 \text{ W/mK}$ (PSX)						1,6		K/W
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#### Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{gon} = 16 \Omega$ $R_{goff} = 16 \Omega$	$\pm 15$	350	20	25		62		
Rise time	$t_r$					125		61		ns
						150		61		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25		22		
						125		21		
Fall time	$t_f$					150		20		ns
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$	$Q_{fFWD}=0,614 \mu\text{C}$ $Q_{rfFWD}=1,2 \mu\text{C}$ $Q_{ffFWD}=1,38 \mu\text{C}$				25		131		
						125		150		
						150		154		
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$					25		72,1		
						125		105,2		
						150		114,85		
						25		0,524		
						125		0,705		
						150		0,765		mWs
						25		0,431		
						125		0,607		
						150		0,643		mWs



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## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions						Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max

### Low Boost Diode

#### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				20	25 125 150		1,56 1,51 1,51	1,92 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 650$ V			25			1,28	$\mu$ A	

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,88		K/W
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#### Dynamic

Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$	$di/dt=3350$ A/ $\mu$ s $di/dt=868$ A/ $\mu$ s $di/dt=1011$ A/ $\mu$ s	$\pm 15$	350	20	25 125 150		12,81 17,01 17,57		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					25 125 150		71,53 113,68 126,68		ns
Recovered charge	$Q_r$					25 125 150		0,614 1,2 1,38		$\mu$ C
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$					25 125 150		0,093 0,197 0,234		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$					25 125 150		220,72 183,67 146,55		A/ $\mu$ s



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## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions						Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max

### High Boost Diode

#### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				20	25 125 150		1,56 1,51 1,51	1,92 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 650$ V				25			1,28	µA

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,88		K/W
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#### Dynamic

Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$	$di/dt=3350$ A/µs $di/dt=868$ A/µs $di/dt=1011$ A/µs	$\pm 15$	350	20	25 125 150		12,81 17,01 17,57		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					25 125 150		71,53 113,68 126,68		ns
Recovered charge	$Q_r$					25 125 150		0,614 1,2 1,38		µC
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$		$\pm 15$	350	20	25 125 150		0,093 0,197 0,234		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$					25 125 150		220,72 183,67 146,55		A/µs



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## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions						Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

### Input Boost Switch

#### Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$			5	0,02	25	5	6	7	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		30	25 125 150		1,44 1,61 1,64	1,9 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	650		25			0,01	mA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		30	0		25			0,2	µA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$							None		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{res}$	$f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	0	30	25			2530		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oes}$							65		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$							46		pF
Gate charge	$Q_g$		15	400	30	25		84		nC

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4 \text{ W/mK}$ (PSX)						1,5		K/W
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#### Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{gon} = 8 \Omega$ $R_{goff} = 8 \Omega$	0/15	400	30	25		21		
Rise time	$t_r$					125		19		ns
						150		19		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25		8		ns
						125		8		
Fall time	$t_f$					150		8		
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$	$Q_{fFWD}=1,07 \mu\text{C}$ $Q_{fFWD}=1,96 \mu\text{C}$ $Q_{fFWD}=2,28 \mu\text{C}$				25		93		
						125		106		
						150		109		
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$					25		18,35		
						125		29,84		
						150		33,52		
						25		0,501		
						125		0,658		mWs
						150		0,679		
						25		0,295		
						125		0,45		
						150		0,468		mWs



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## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions						Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max

### Input Boost Diode

#### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				30	25 125 150		1,52 1,46 1,43	1,92 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 650$ V			25			1,6	$\mu$ A	

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,92		K/W
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#### Dynamic

Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$	$di/dt=5993$ A/ $\mu$ s $di/dt=5650$ A/ $\mu$ s $di/dt=5315$ A/ $\mu$ s	0/15	400	30	25 125 150		50,22 63,43 67,68		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					25 125 150		42,3 64,99 72,95		ns
Recovered charge	$Q_r$					25 125 150		1,07 1,96 2,28		$\mu$ C
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$					25 125 150		0,292 0,553 0,654		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$					25 125 150		2522 1944 2299		$A/\mu$ s



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## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions						Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max

### **Input Boost Sw. Protection Diode**

#### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				10	25 125	1,23	1,67 1,56	1,87 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 650$ V			25			0,14	$\mu$ A	

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						2,87		K/W
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### **ByPass Diode**

#### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				13	25 125		0,988 0,899	1,21 <sup>(1)</sup> 1,1 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 1600$ V			25			50	$\mu$ A	

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,25		K/W
--	---------------	---------------------------------------	--	--	--	--	--	------	--	-----

### **Thermistor**

#### Static

Rated resistance	$R$					25		22		kΩ
Deviation of $R_{100}$	$\Delta_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 1484$ Ω				100	-5		5	%
Power dissipation	$P$					25		130		mW
Power dissipation constant	$d$					25		1,5		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. ±1 %						3962		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. ±1 %						4000		K
Vincotech Thermistor Reference								I		

<sup>(1)</sup> Value at chip level

<sup>(2)</sup> Only valid with pre-applied Vincotech thermal interface material.

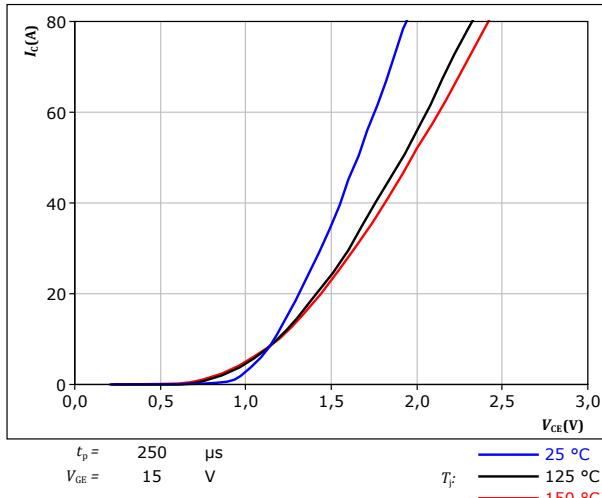


Vincotech

## Low Buck Switch Characteristics

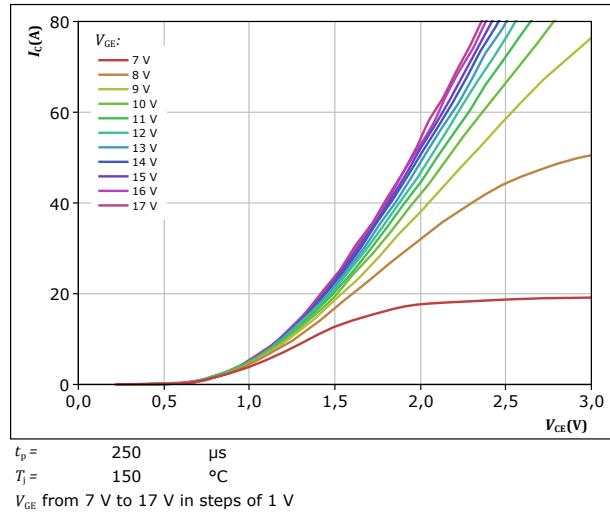
**figure 1.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics  
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



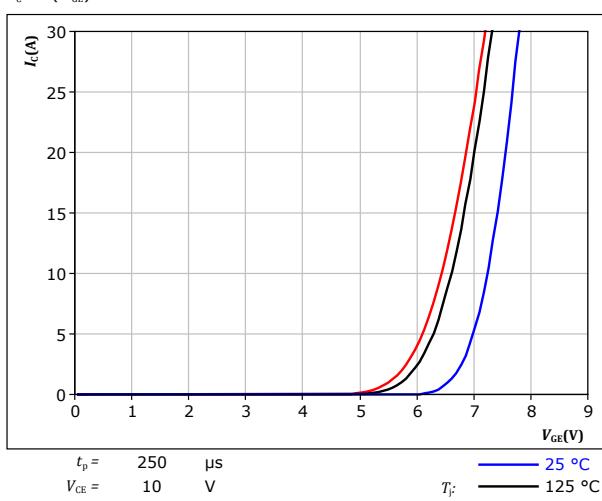
**figure 2.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics  
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



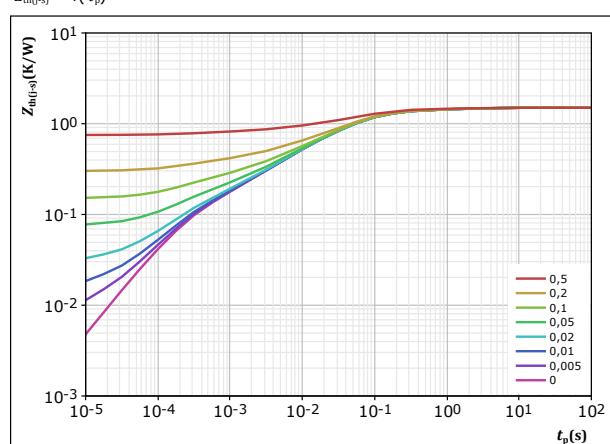
**figure 3.** IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics  
 $I_C = f(V_{GE})$



**figure 4.** IGBT

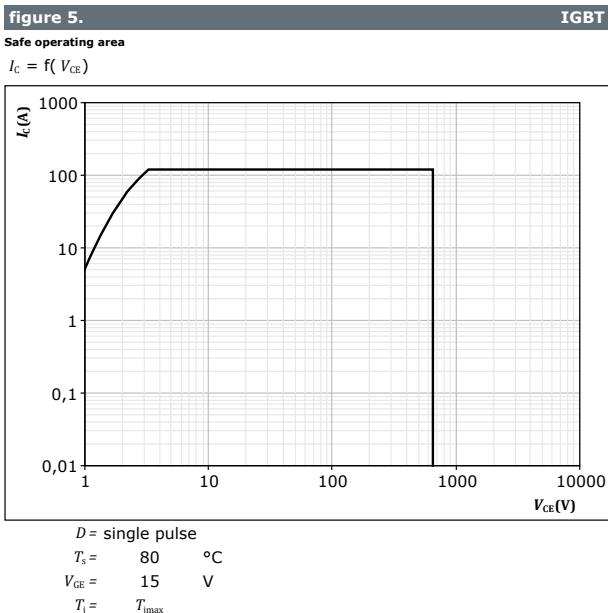
Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width  
 $Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$



$R_{th(j-s)}$ (K/W)	$t_p / \tau$ (s)
5,92E-02	3,33E+00
1,11E-01	5,14E-01
4,91E-01	8,64E-02
4,45E-01	3,10E-02
2,28E-01	6,69E-03
7,55E-02	1,48E-03
9,11E-02	2,40E-04



## Low Buck Switch Characteristics



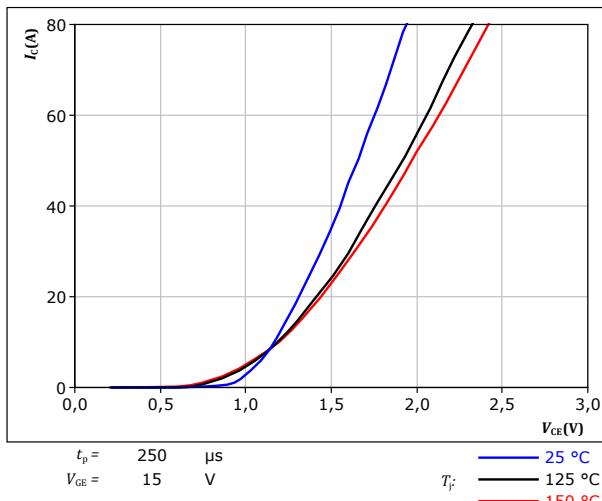


Vincotech

## High Buck Switch Characteristics

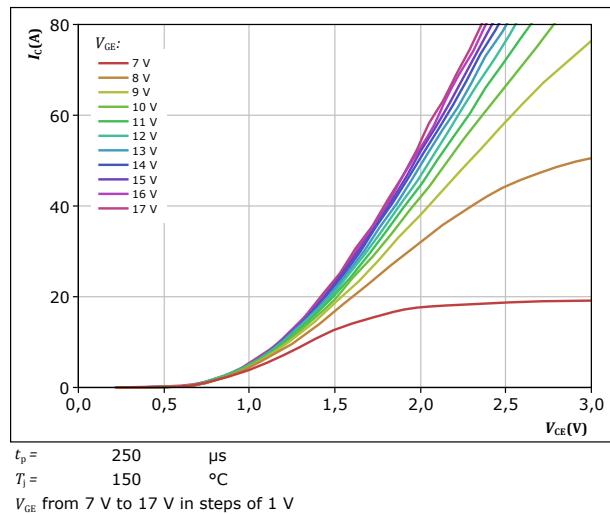
**figure 6.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics  
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



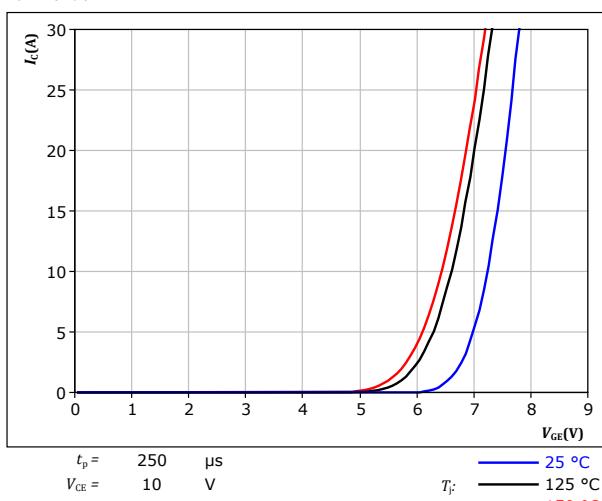
**figure 7.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics  
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



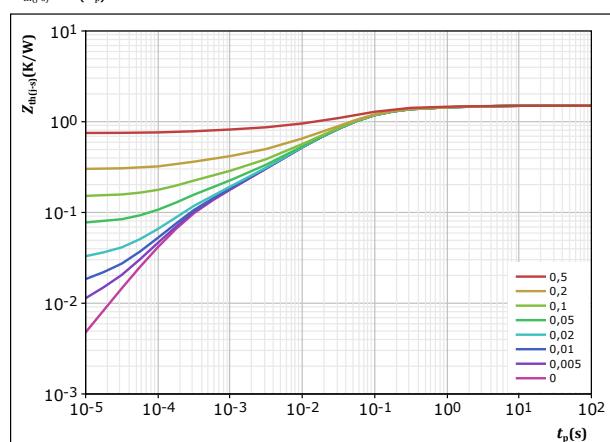
**figure 8.** IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics  
 $I_C = f(V_{GE})$



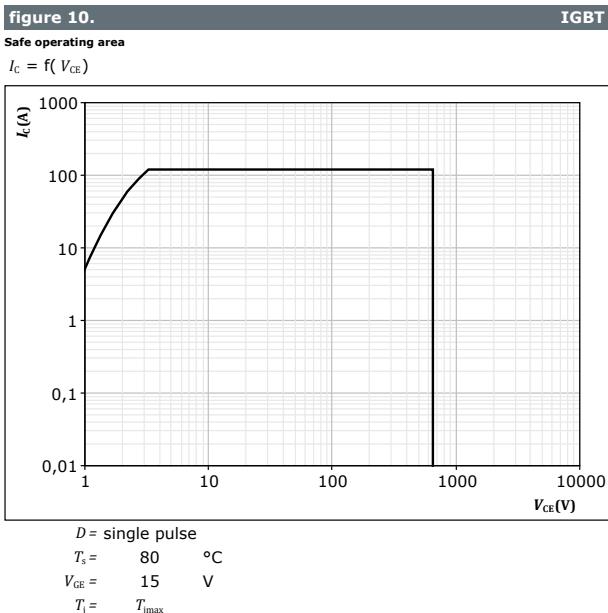
**figure 9.** IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width  
 $Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$



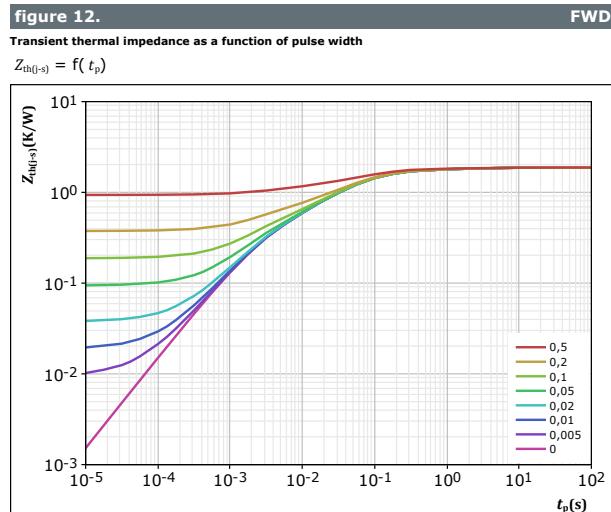
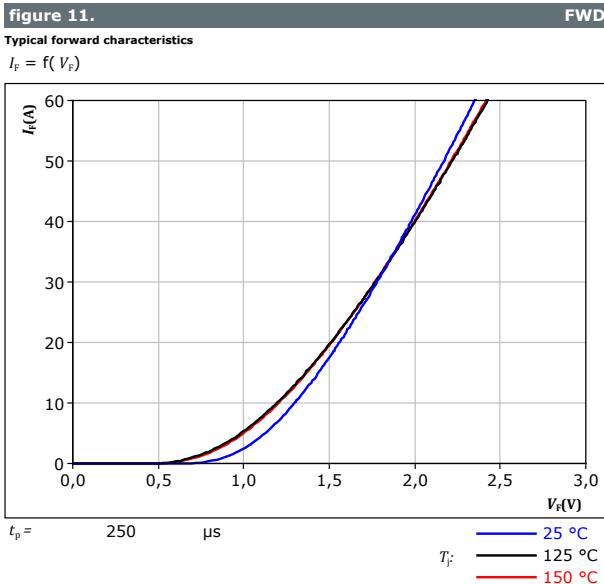


## High Buck Switch Characteristics





## Buck Diode Characteristics



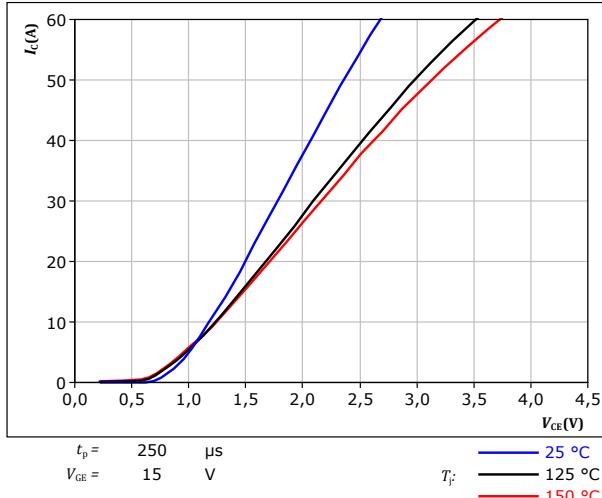


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## Boost Switch Characteristics

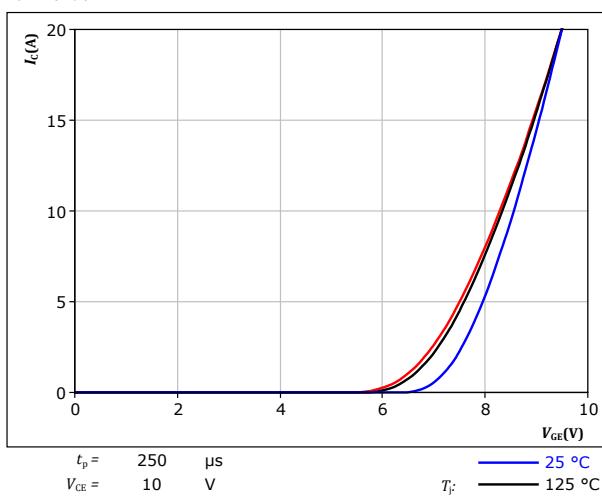
**figure 13.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics  
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



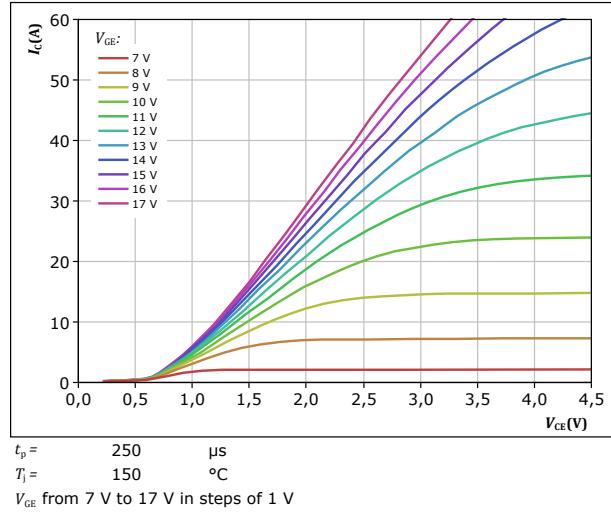
**figure 15.** IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics  
 $I_C = f(V_{GE})$



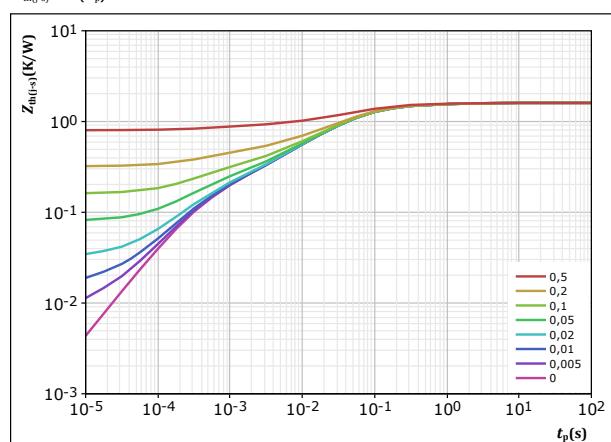
**figure 14.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics  
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



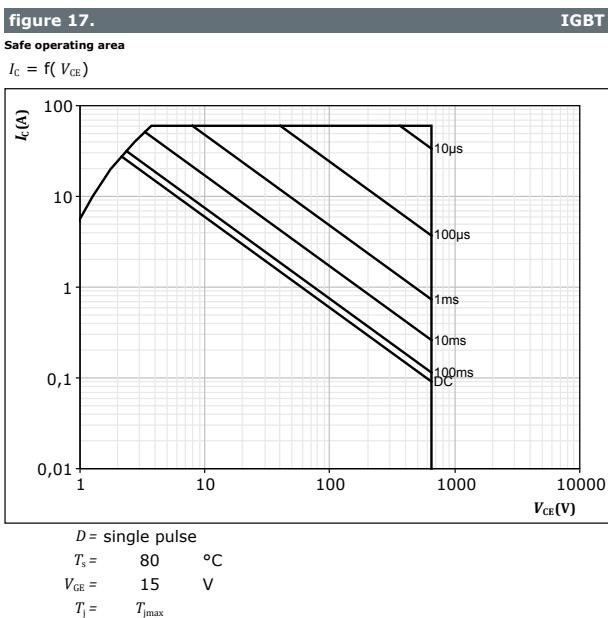
**figure 16.** IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width  
 $Z_{th(t-s)} = f(t_p)$





## Boost Switch Characteristics





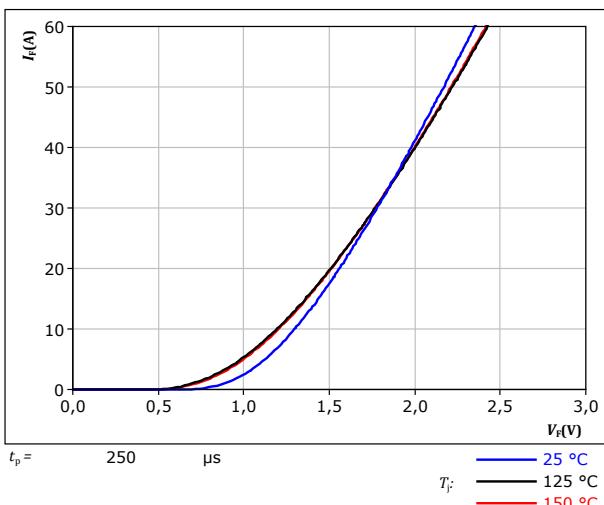
## Low Boost Diode Characteristics

figure 18.

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

FWD



$$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$$

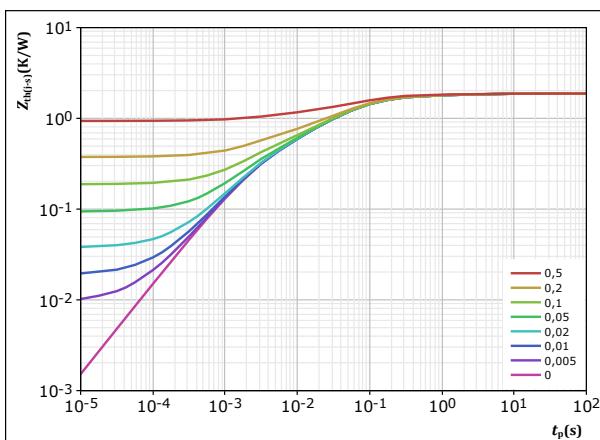
$T_J:$   
— 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

figure 19.

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$

FWD



$$D = \frac{t_p / T}{R_{th(j-s)}} = 1,875 \text{ K/W}$$

FWD thermal model values

$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
8,42E-02	3,60E+00
1,79E-01	3,95E-01
8,86E-01	7,08E-02
4,50E-01	1,69E-02
2,75E-01	2,45E-03



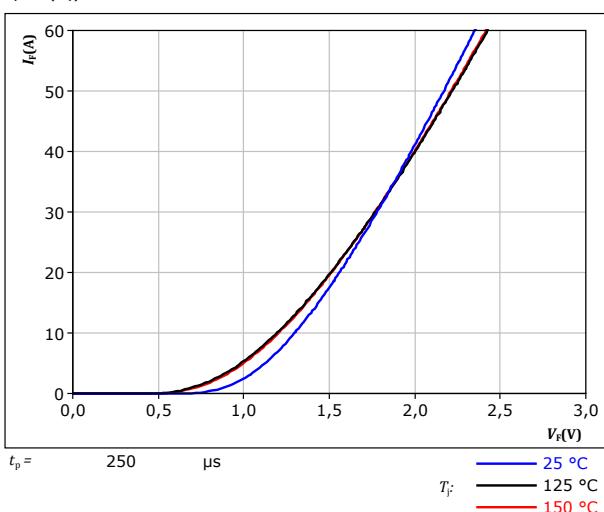
## High Boost Diode Characteristics

figure 20.

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

FWD



$$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$$

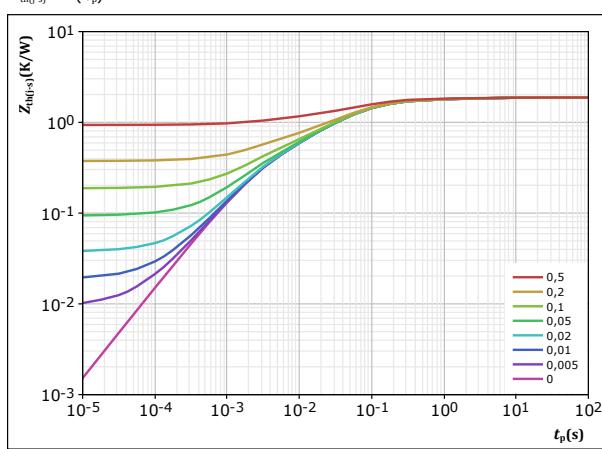
$T_J$ :  
— 25 °C  
— 125 °C  
— 150 °C

figure 21.

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$

FWD



$$D = \frac{t_p / \tau}{1,875} \quad \text{K/W}$$

FWD thermal model values

$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
8,42E-02	3,60E+00
1,79E-01	3,95E-01
8,86E-01	7,08E-02
4,50E-01	1,69E-02
2,75E-01	2,45E-03

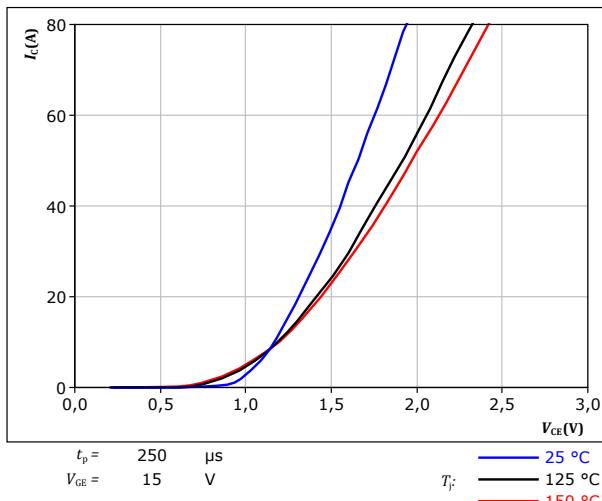


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## Input Boost Switch Characteristics

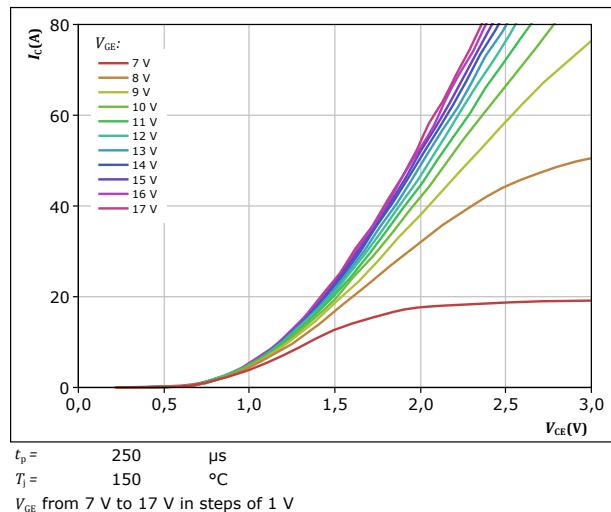
**figure 22.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics  
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



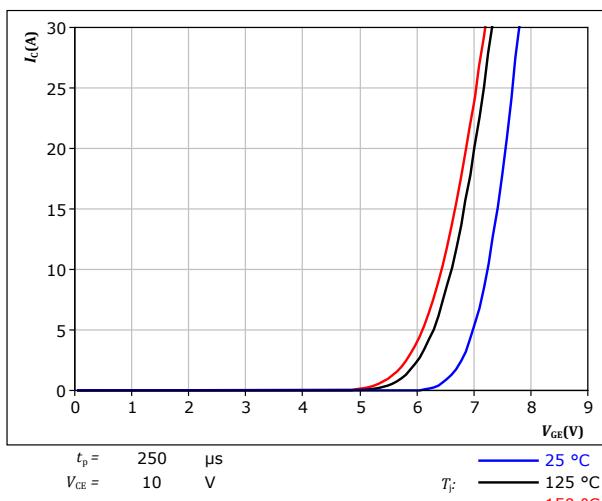
**figure 23.** IGBT

Typical output characteristics  
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



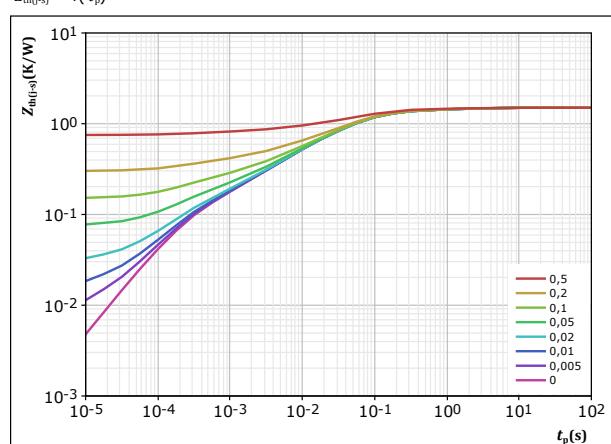
**figure 24.** IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics  
 $I_C = f(V_{GE})$



**figure 25.** IGBT

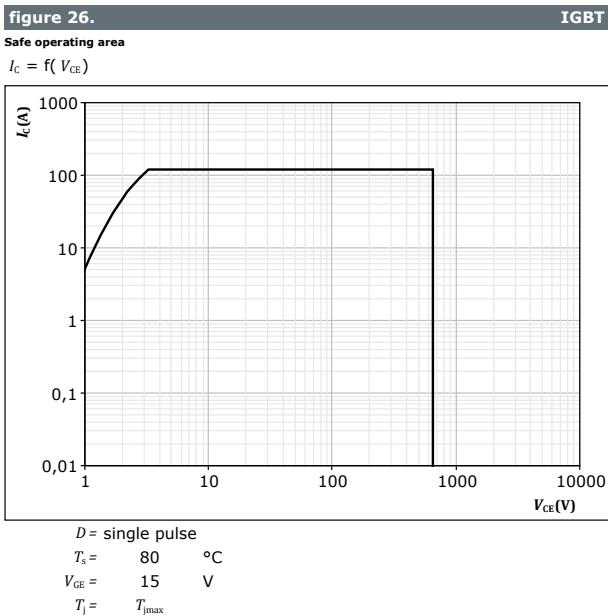
Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width  
 $Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$



$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
5,92E-02	3,33E+00
1,11E-01	5,14E-01
4,91E-01	8,64E-02
4,45E-01	3,10E-02
2,28E-01	6,69E-03
7,55E-02	1,48E-03
9,11E-02	2,40E-04



## Input Boost Switch Characteristics





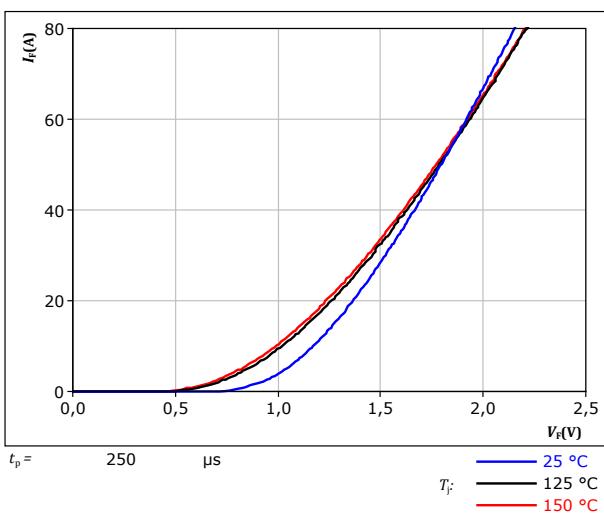
## Input Boost Diode Characteristics

figure 27.

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

FWD



$$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$$

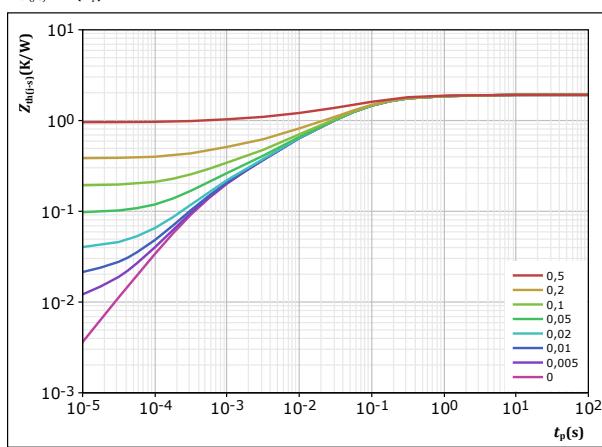
$T_J:$    
 ————— 25 °C  
 ————— 125 °C  
 ————— 150 °C

figure 28.

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$

FWD



$$D = \frac{t_p}{T} = 1,918 \text{ s}$$
  
$$R_{th(j-s)} = \frac{t_p}{1,918} \text{ K/W}$$

FWD thermal model values

$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
9,41E-02	2,25E+00
3,44E-01	2,12E-01
8,56E-01	5,84E-02
3,61E-01	9,83E-03
1,37E-01	2,89E-03
1,27E-01	4,79E-04



## Input Boost Sw. Protection Diode Characteristics

figure 29.

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

FWD

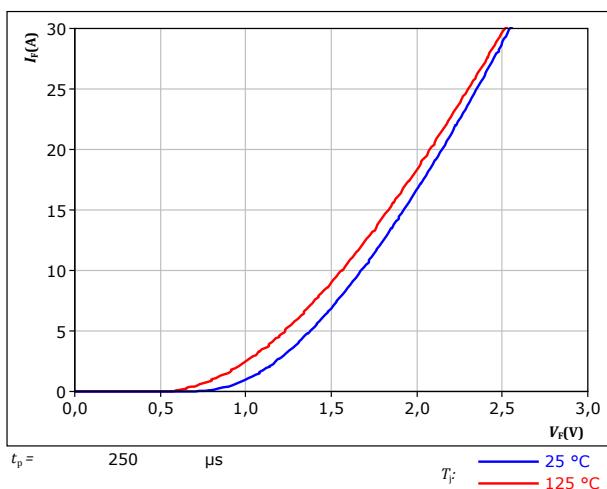
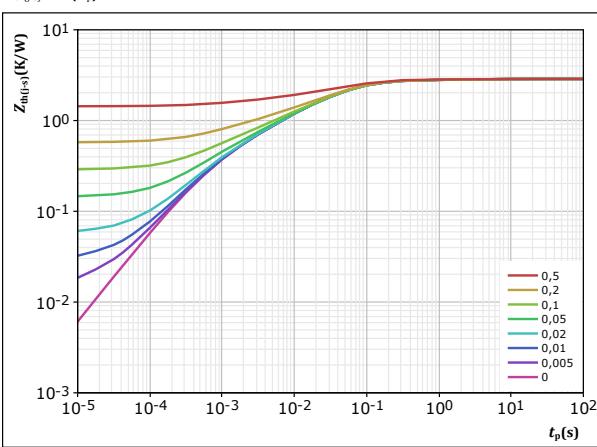


figure 30.

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$

FWD



$$D = \frac{t_p / T}{2,873} \quad K/W$$

FWD thermal model values

$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
6,53E-02	3,94E+00
1,48E-01	4,48E-01
1,31E+00	5,96E-02
7,32E-01	1,36E-02
4,04E-01	2,79E-03
2,11E-01	5,37E-04



## ByPass Diode Characteristics

figure 31.

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

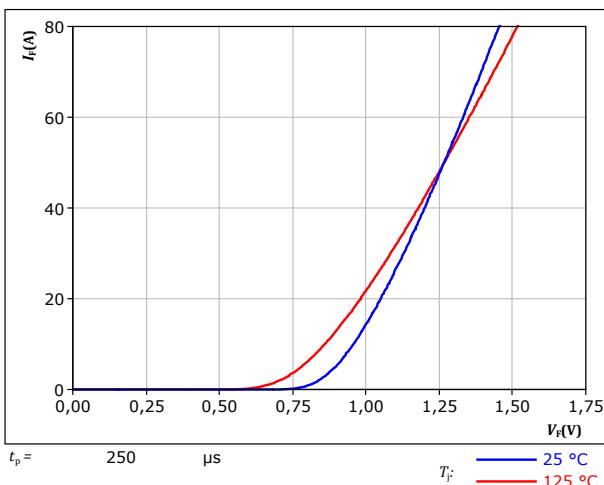
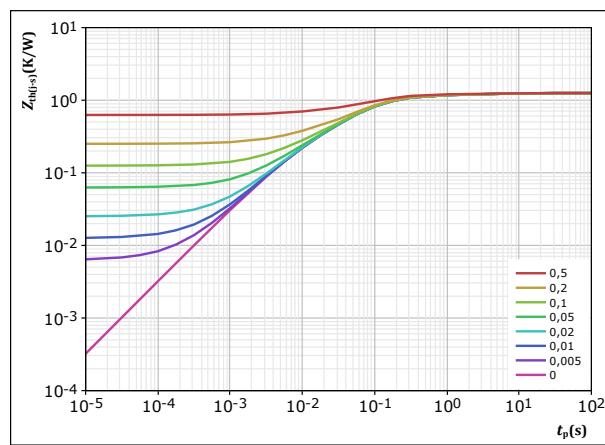


figure 32.

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



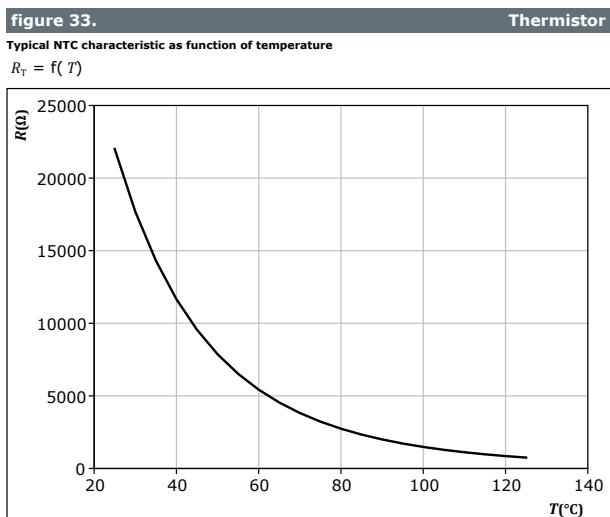
$$R_{th(j-s)} = \frac{t_p}{1,254} \text{ K/W}$$

Rectifier thermal model values

$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
8,00E-02	5,22E+00
1,56E-01	4,18E-01
6,95E-01	8,82E-02
2,23E-01	3,07E-02
9,97E-02	5,99E-03



## Thermistor Characteristics





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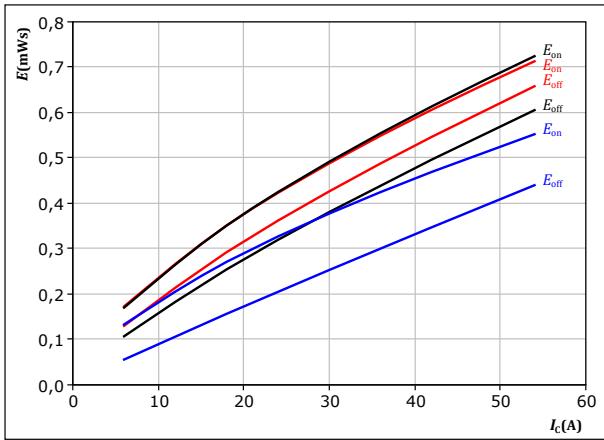
## Low Buck Switching Characteristics

figure 34.

IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

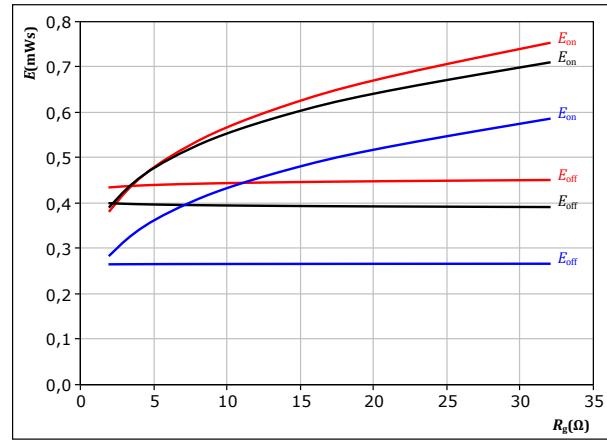
$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 350 \quad V & T_f: & 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \quad V & & 125 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \\ R_{gon} &= 8 \quad \Omega & & 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \\ R_{goff} &= 8 \quad \Omega \end{aligned}$$

figure 35.

IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$E = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

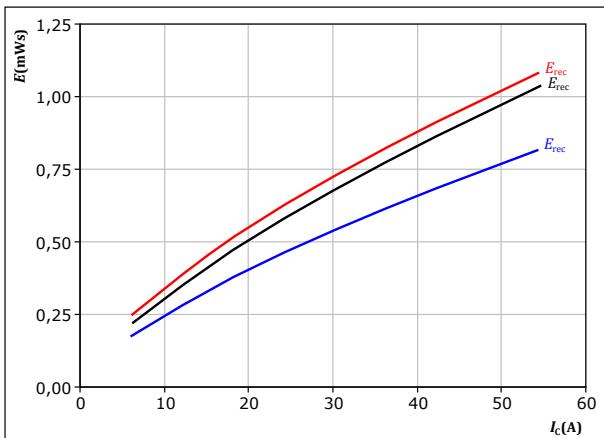
$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 350 \quad V & T_f: & 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \quad V & & 125 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \\ I_c &= 30 \quad A & & 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \end{aligned}$$

figure 36.

FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

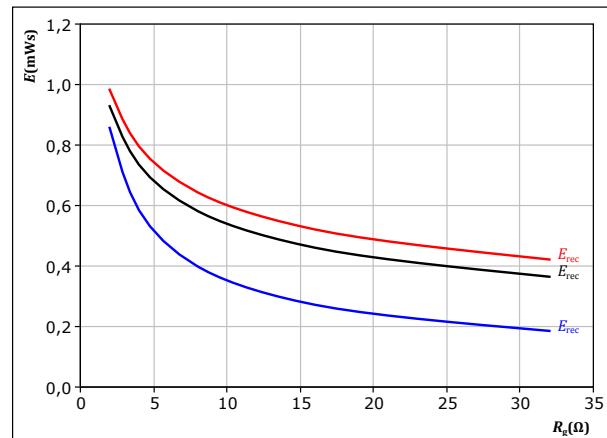
$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 350 \quad V & T_f: & 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \quad V & & 125 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \\ R_{gon} &= 8 \quad \Omega & & 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \end{aligned}$$

figure 37.

FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 350 \quad V & T_f: & 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \quad V & & 125 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \\ I_c &= 30 \quad A & & 150 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \end{aligned}$$

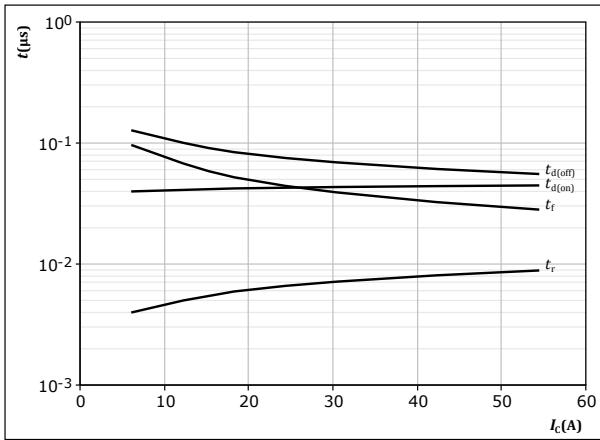


Vincotech

## Low Buck Switching Characteristics

**figure 38.** IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current  
 $t = f(I_C)$

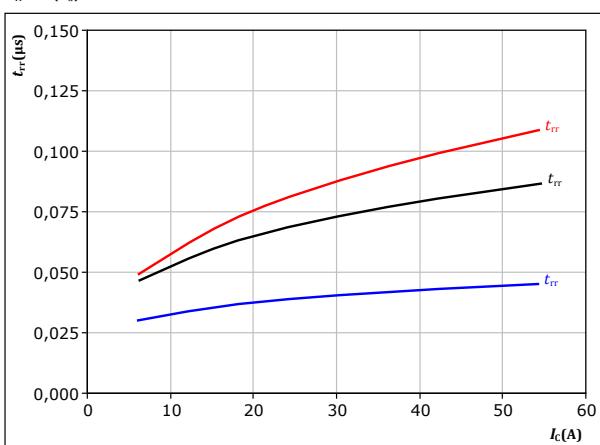


With an inductive load at

$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 8 \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 8 \Omega$

**figure 40.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current  
 $t_{rr} = f(I_C)$



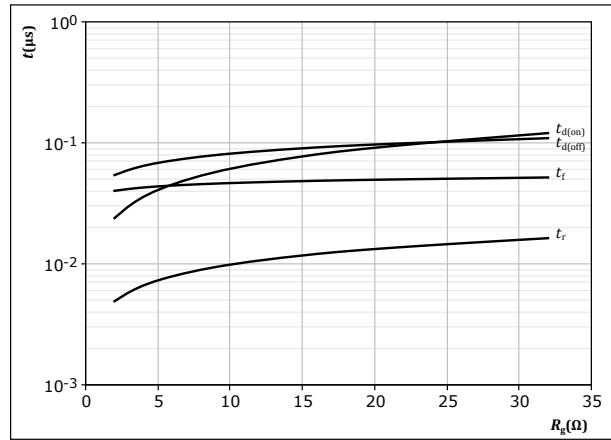
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 8 \Omega$

$T_j:$  — 25 °C  
            — 125 °C  
            — 150 °C

**figure 39.** IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $t = f(R_g)$

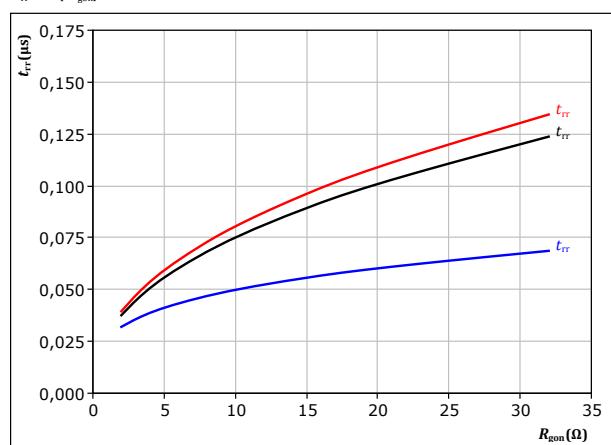


With an inductive load at

$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_C = 30 \text{ A}$

**figure 41.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_C = 30 \text{ A}$

$T_j:$  — 25 °C  
            — 125 °C  
            — 150 °C



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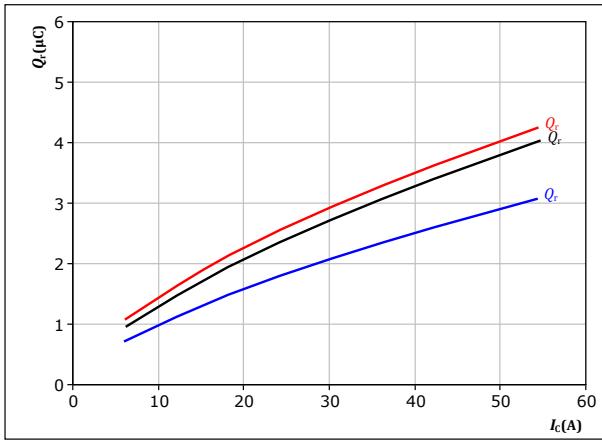
## Low Buck Switching Characteristics

figure 42.

FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

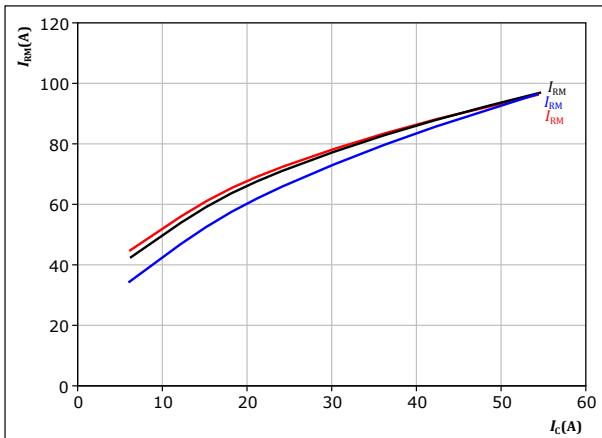
$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 350 \text{ V} & T_f &= 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \text{ V} & & \\ R_{gon} &= 8 \Omega & I_c &= 30 \text{ A} \end{aligned}$$

figure 44.

FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

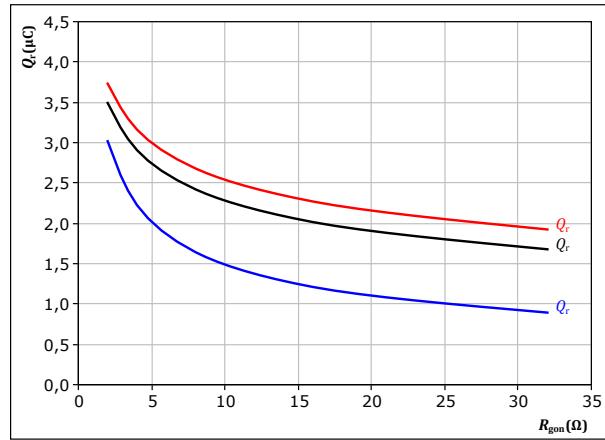
$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 350 \text{ V} & T_f &= 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \text{ V} & & \\ R_{gon} &= 8 \Omega & I_c &= 30 \text{ A} \end{aligned}$$

figure 43.

FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

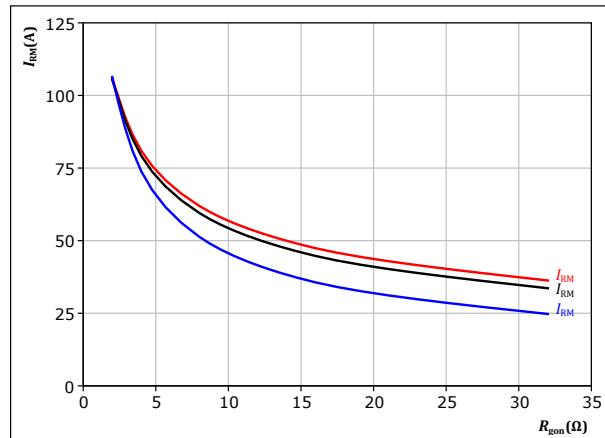
$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 350 \text{ V} & T_f &= 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \text{ V} & & \\ I_c &= 30 \text{ A} & R_{gon} &= 8 \Omega \end{aligned}$$

figure 45.

FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 350 \text{ V} & T_f &= 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \text{ V} & & \\ I_c &= 30 \text{ A} & R_{gon} &= 8 \Omega \end{aligned}$$

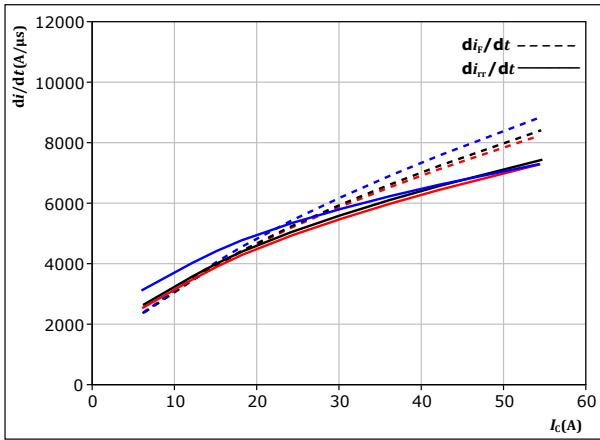


Vincotech

## Low Buck Switching Characteristics

**figure 46.** FWD

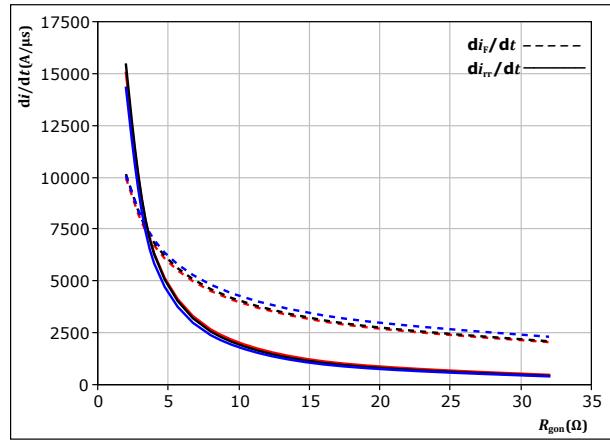
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$        $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$        $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$   
 $R_{gon} = 8 \Omega$        $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$

**figure 47.** FWD

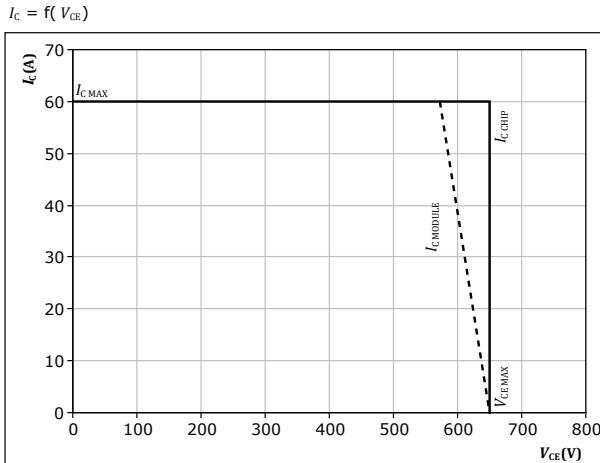
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$        $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$        $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$   
 $I_c = 30 \text{ A}$        $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$

**figure 48.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area  
 $I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At       $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$   
 $R_{gon} = 8 \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 8 \Omega$

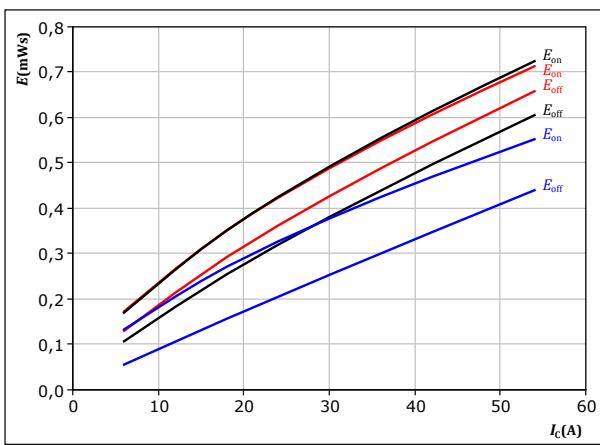


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## High Buck Switching Characteristics

figure 49. IGBT

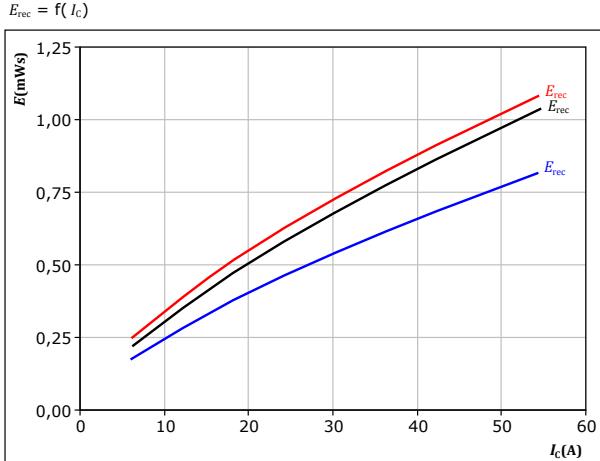
Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current  
 $E = f(I_C)$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V       $T_f = 125$  °C  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V       $25$  °C  
 $R_{gon} = 8$  Ω       $125$  °C  
 $R_{goff} = 8$  Ω       $150$  °C

figure 51. IGBT

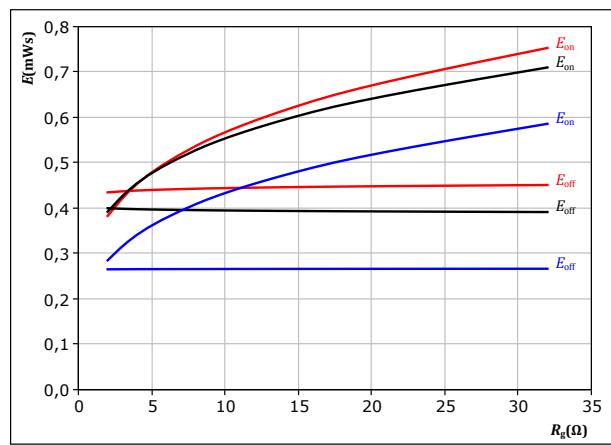
Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current  
 $E_{rec} = f(I_C)$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V       $T_f = 125$  °C  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V       $25$  °C  
 $R_{gon} = 8$  Ω       $125$  °C  
 $R_{goff} = 8$  Ω       $150$  °C

figure 50. IGBT

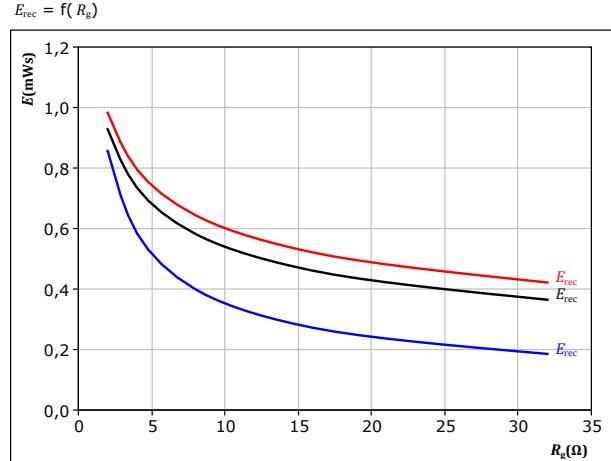
Typical switching energy losses as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $E = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V       $T_f = 125$  °C  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V       $25$  °C  
 $I_C = 30$  A       $125$  °C  
 $150$  °C

figure 52. IGBT

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $E_{rec} = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V       $T_f = 125$  °C  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V       $25$  °C  
 $I_C = 30$  A       $125$  °C  
 $150$  °C

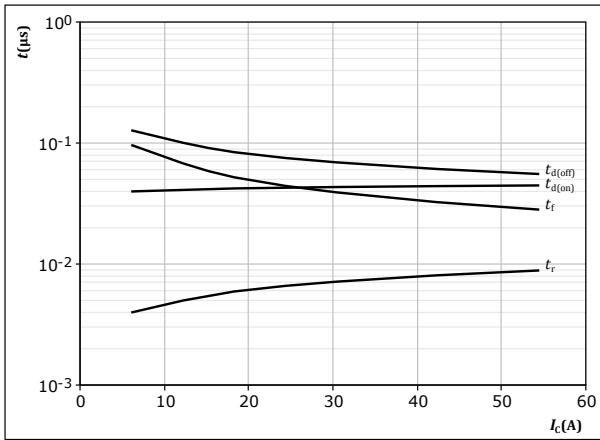


Vincotech

## High Buck Switching Characteristics

**figure 53.** IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current  
 $t = f(I_C)$

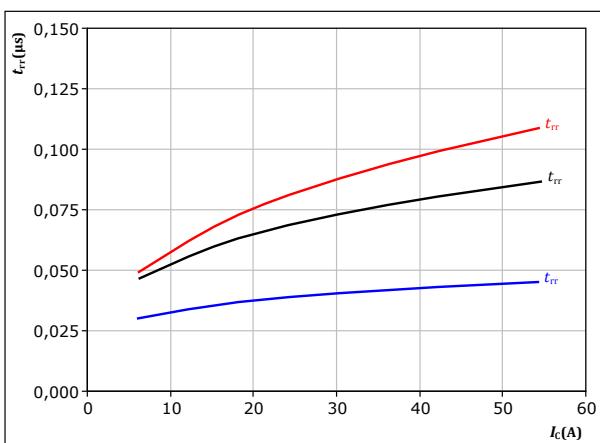


With an inductive load at

$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 8 \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 8 \Omega$

**figure 55.** IGBT

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current  
 $t_{rr} = f(I_C)$



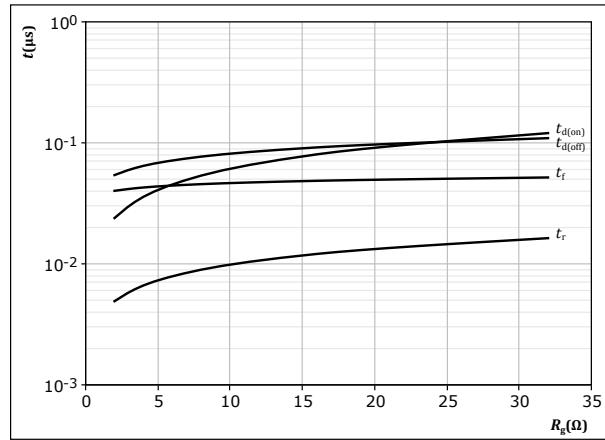
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 8 \Omega$

$T_j:$  — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C

**figure 54.** IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $t = f(R_g)$

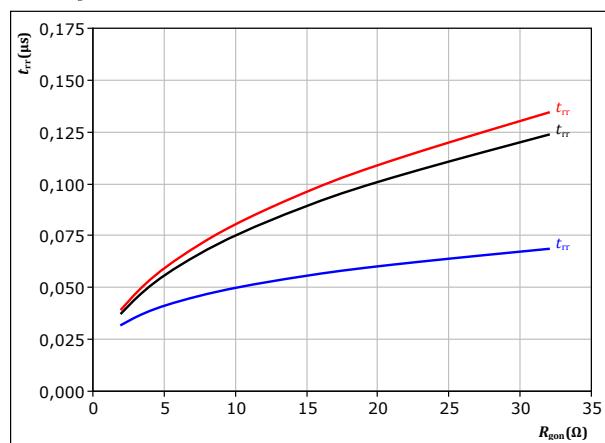


With an inductive load at

$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_C = 30 \text{ A}$

**figure 56.** IGBT

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_C = 30 \text{ A}$

$T_j:$  — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C  
 — 150 °C



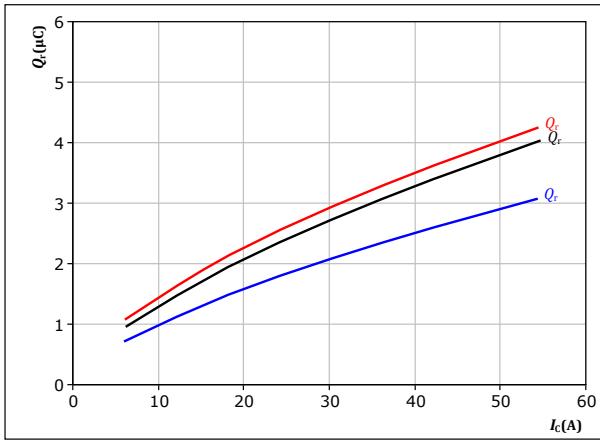
Vincotech

## High Buck Switching Characteristics

figure 57.

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

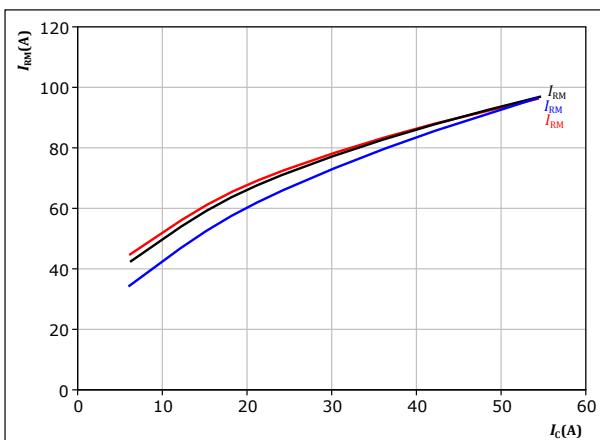
$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 350 \text{ V} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \text{ V} \\ R_{gon} &= 8 \Omega \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} T_f: & 25^\circ\text{C} \\ & 125^\circ\text{C} \\ & 150^\circ\text{C} \end{aligned}$$

figure 59.

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

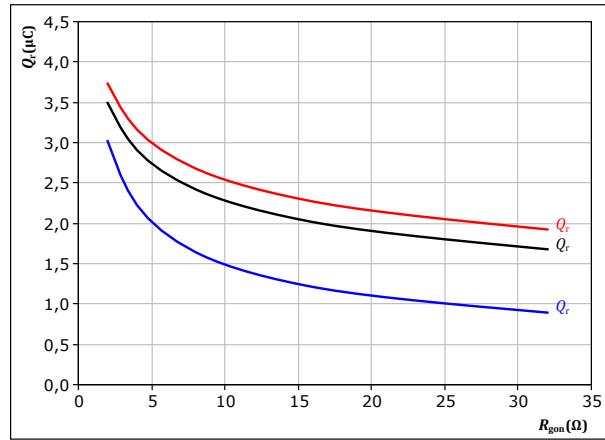
$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 350 \text{ V} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \text{ V} \\ R_{gon} &= 8 \Omega \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} T_f: & 25^\circ\text{C} \\ & 125^\circ\text{C} \\ & 150^\circ\text{C} \end{aligned}$$

figure 58.

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

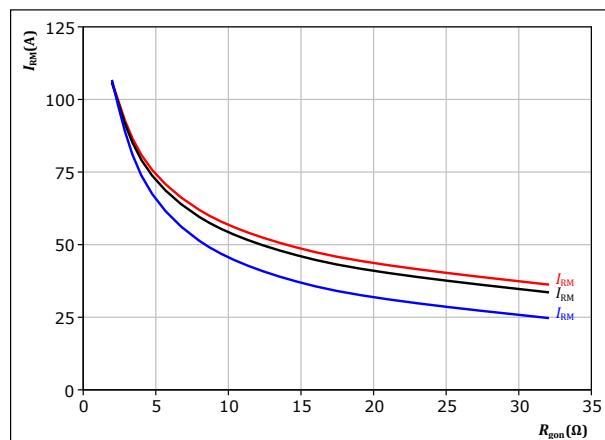
$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 350 \text{ V} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \text{ V} \\ I_c &= 30 \text{ A} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} T_f: & 25^\circ\text{C} \\ & 125^\circ\text{C} \\ & 150^\circ\text{C} \end{aligned}$$

figure 60.

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 350 \text{ V} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \text{ V} \\ I_c &= 30 \text{ A} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} T_f: & 25^\circ\text{C} \\ & 125^\circ\text{C} \\ & 150^\circ\text{C} \end{aligned}$$



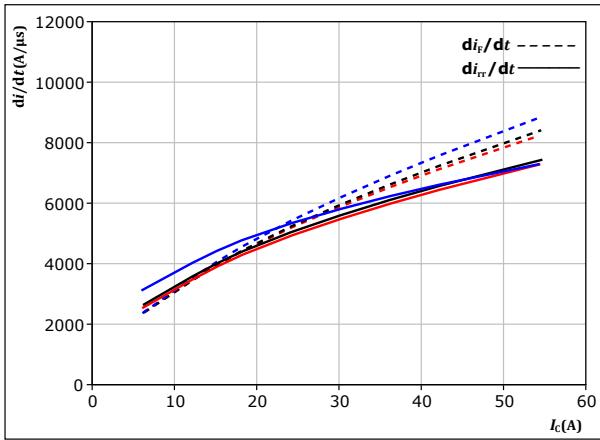
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## High Buck Switching Characteristics

**figure 61.** IGBT

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



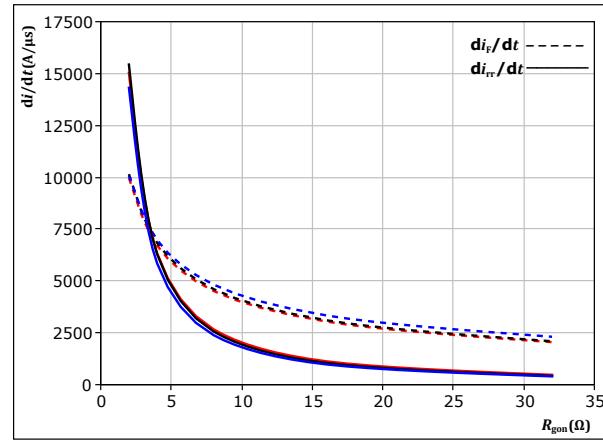
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$	V	$T_j = 25 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$	V	$T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
$R_{gon} = 8$	Ω	$T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

**figure 62.** IGBT

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor

$di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{gon})$



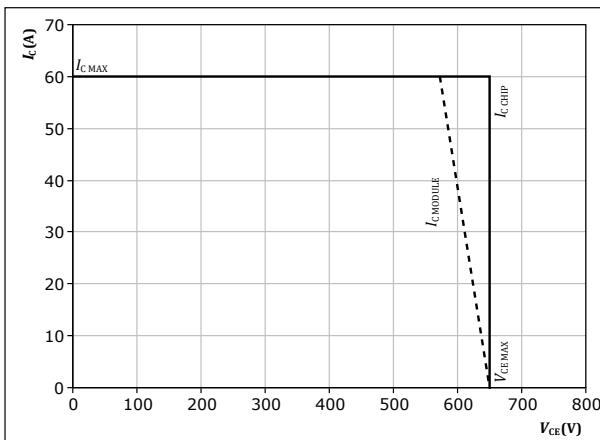
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$	V	$T_j = 25 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$	V	$T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
$I_c = 30$	A	$T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

**figure 63.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At  $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $R_{gon} = 8 \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 8 \Omega$



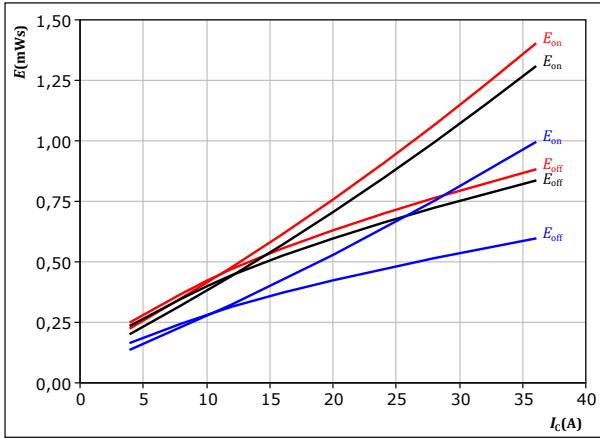
Vincotech

## Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 64. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

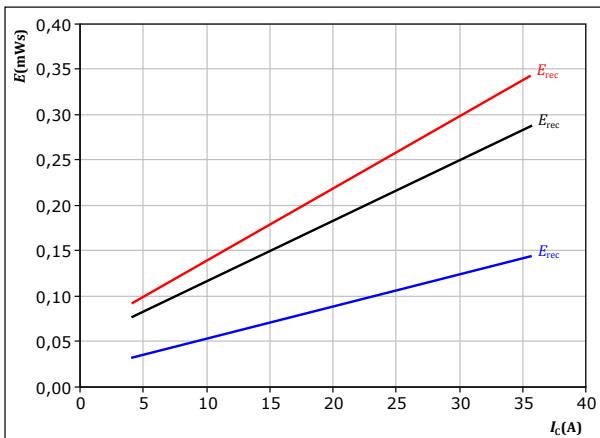
$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 350 \text{ V} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \text{ V} \\ R_{gon} &= 16 \Omega \\ R_{goff} &= 16 \Omega \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} T_f: & 25^\circ\text{C} \\ & 125^\circ\text{C} \\ & 150^\circ\text{C} \end{aligned}$$

figure 66. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

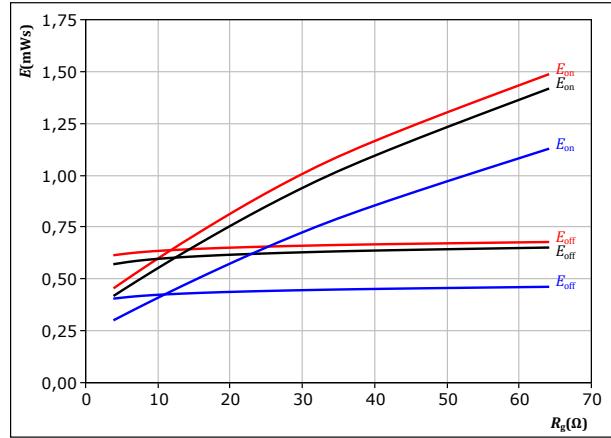
$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 350 \text{ V} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \text{ V} \\ R_{gon} &= 16 \Omega \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} T_f: & 25^\circ\text{C} \\ & 125^\circ\text{C} \\ & 150^\circ\text{C} \end{aligned}$$

figure 65. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$E = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

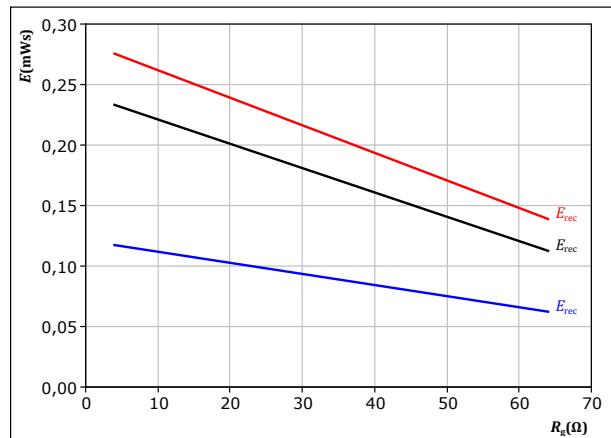
$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 350 \text{ V} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \text{ V} \\ I_c &= 20 \text{ A} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} T_f: & 25^\circ\text{C} \\ & 125^\circ\text{C} \\ & 150^\circ\text{C} \end{aligned}$$

figure 67. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 350 \text{ V} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \text{ V} \\ I_c &= 20 \text{ A} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} T_f: & 25^\circ\text{C} \\ & 125^\circ\text{C} \\ & 150^\circ\text{C} \end{aligned}$$

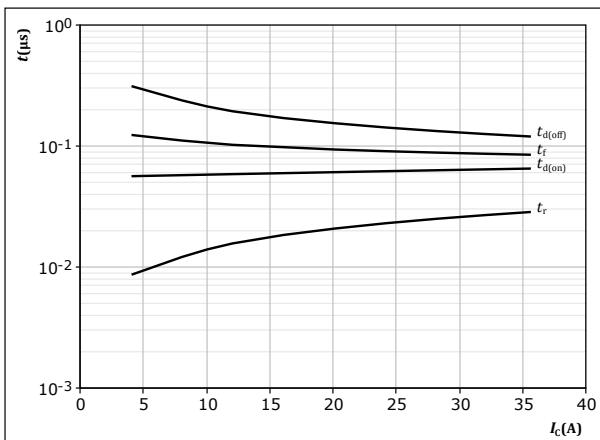


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## Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 68. IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current  
 $t = f(I_C)$

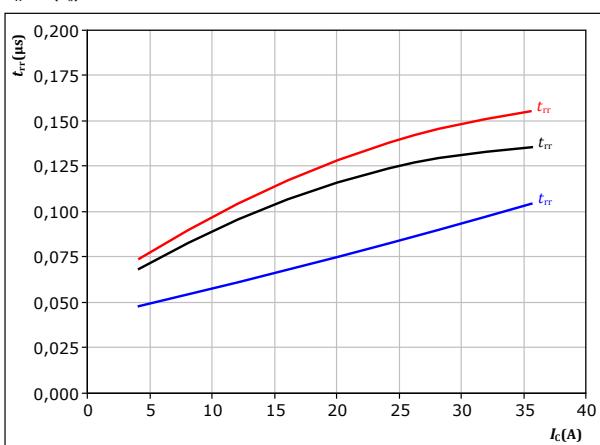


With an inductive load at

$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 16 \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 16 \Omega$

figure 70. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current  
 $t_{rr} = f(I_C)$

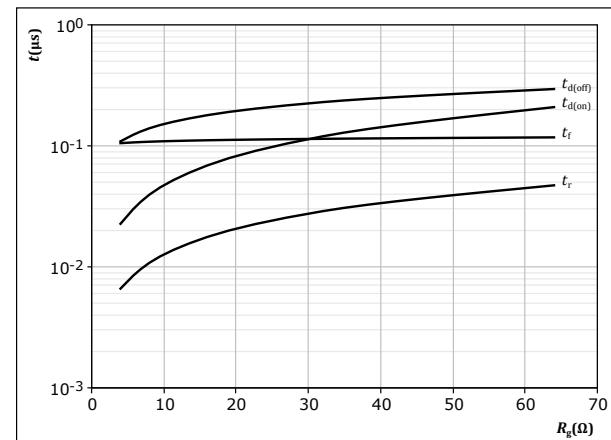


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 16 \Omega$

figure 69. IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $t = f(R_g)$

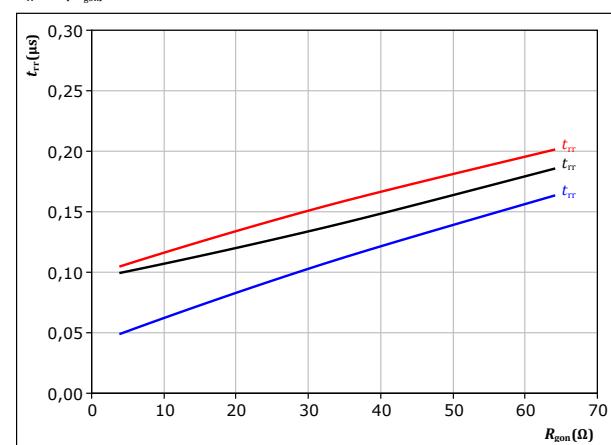


With an inductive load at

$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_C = 20 \text{ A}$

figure 71. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_C = 20 \text{ A}$



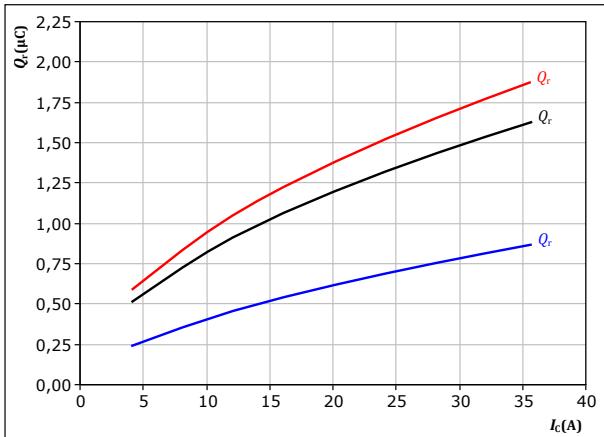
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## Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 72.

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

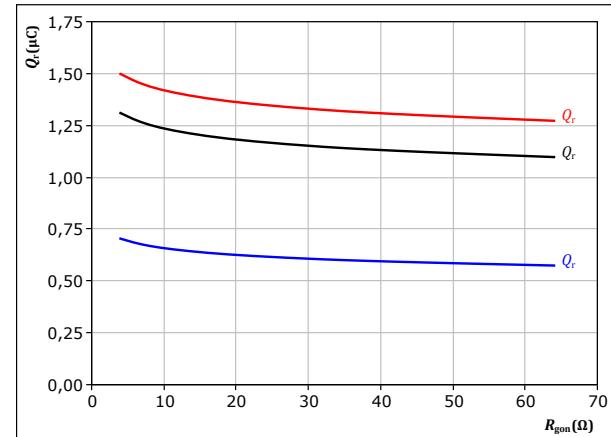
$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 350 \text{ V} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \text{ V} \\ R_{gon} &= 16 \Omega \end{aligned}$$

FWD

figure 73.

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

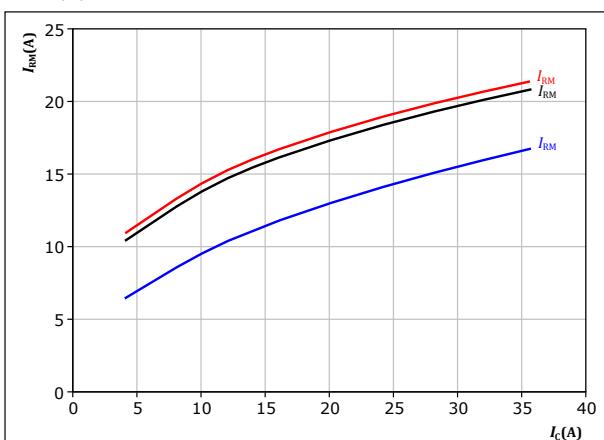
$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 350 \text{ V} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \text{ V} \\ I_c &= 20 \text{ A} \end{aligned}$$

FWD

figure 74.

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

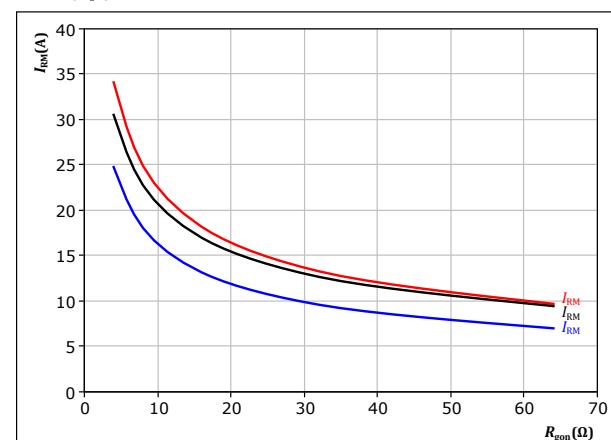
$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 350 \text{ V} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \text{ V} \\ R_{gon} &= 16 \Omega \end{aligned}$$

FWD

figure 75.

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 350 \text{ V} \\ V_{GE} &= \pm 15 \text{ V} \\ I_c &= 20 \text{ A} \end{aligned}$$

FWD

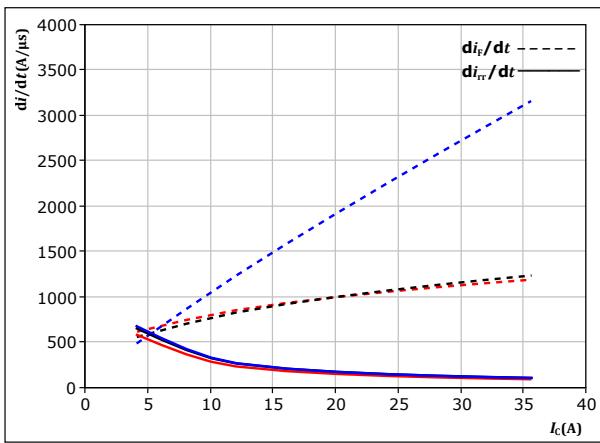


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## Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 76. FWD

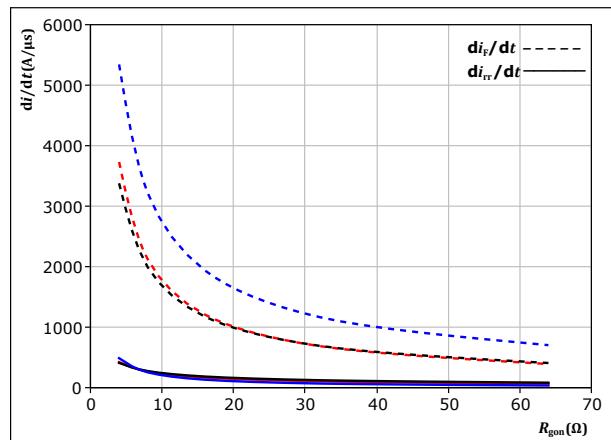
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$        $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$        $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$   
 $R_{gon} = 16 \Omega$        $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$

figure 77. FWD

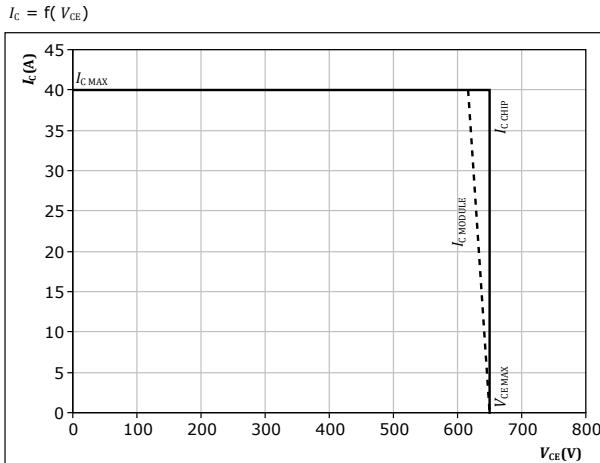
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$        $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$        $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$   
 $I_c = 20 \text{ A}$        $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$

figure 78. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area  
 $I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At       $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$   
 $R_{gon} = 16 \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 16 \Omega$



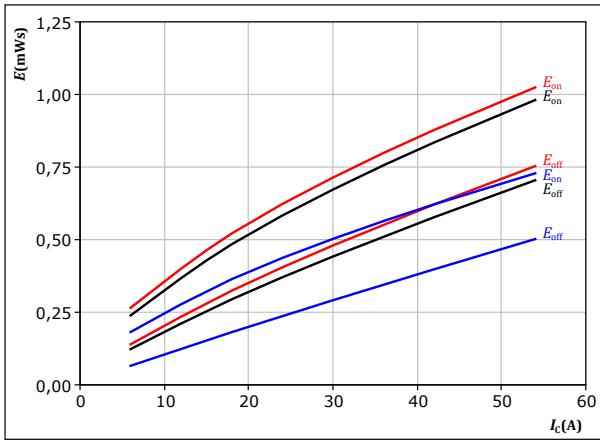
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## Input Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 79. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_c)$$



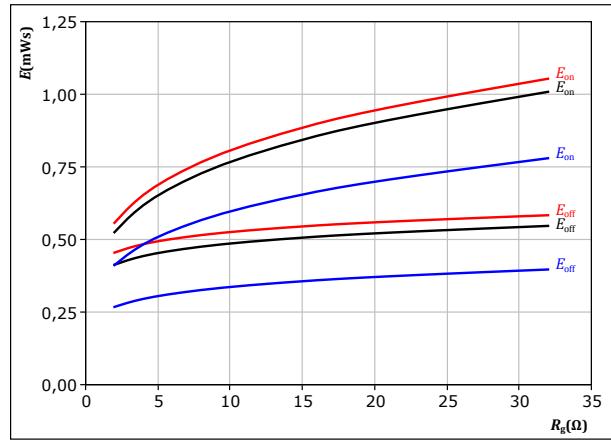
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 400 \text{ V} & T_f &= 25^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{GE} &= 0/15 \text{ V} & & \\ R_{gon} &= 8 \Omega & & \\ R_{goff} &= 8 \Omega & & \end{aligned}$$

figure 80. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$E = f(R_g)$$



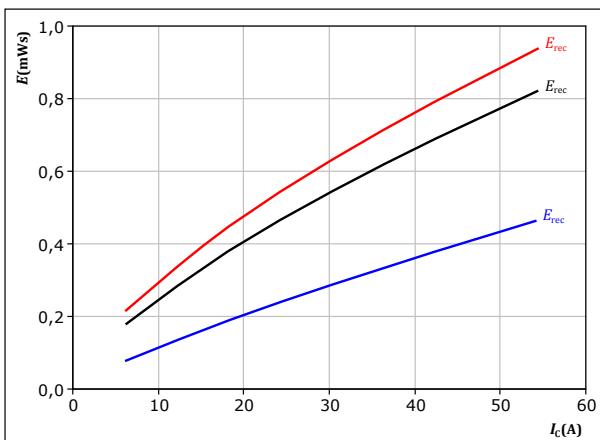
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 400 \text{ V} & T_f &= 25^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{GE} &= 0/15 \text{ V} & & \\ I_c &= 30 \text{ A} & & \end{aligned}$$

figure 81. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_c)$$



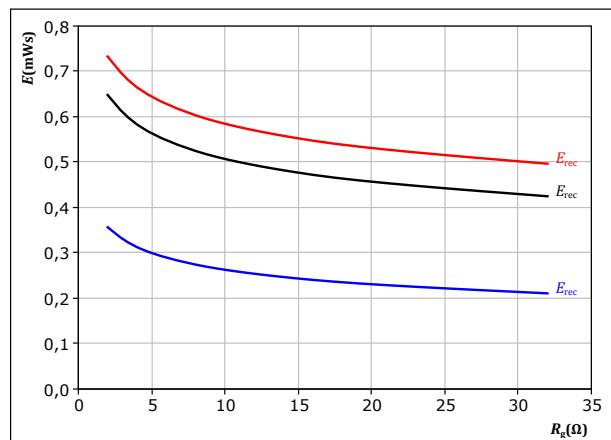
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 400 \text{ V} & T_f &= 25^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{GE} &= 0/15 \text{ V} & & \\ R_{gon} &= 8 \Omega & & \end{aligned}$$

figure 82. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 400 \text{ V} & T_f &= 25^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{GE} &= 0/15 \text{ V} & & \\ I_c &= 30 \text{ A} & & \end{aligned}$$

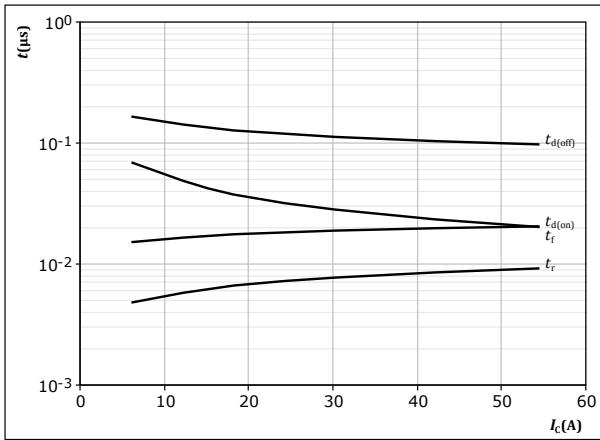


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## Input Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 83.** IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current  
 $t = f(I_C)$

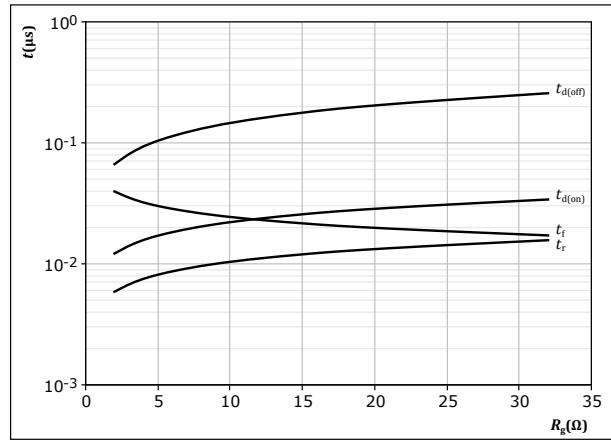


With an inductive load at

$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 8 \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 8 \Omega$

**figure 84.** IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $t = f(R_g)$

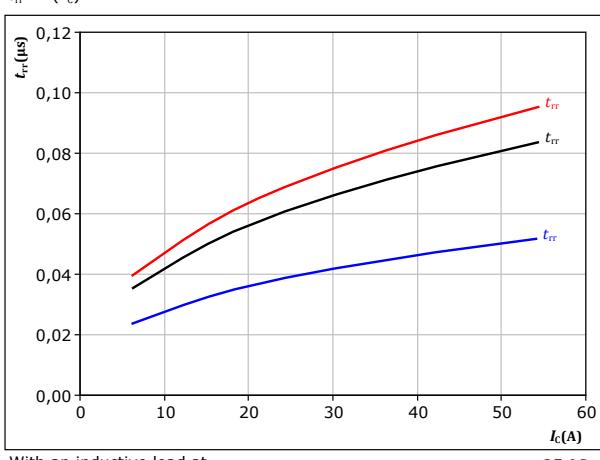


With an inductive load at

$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_C = 30 \text{ A}$

**figure 85.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current  
 $t_{rr} = f(I_C)$



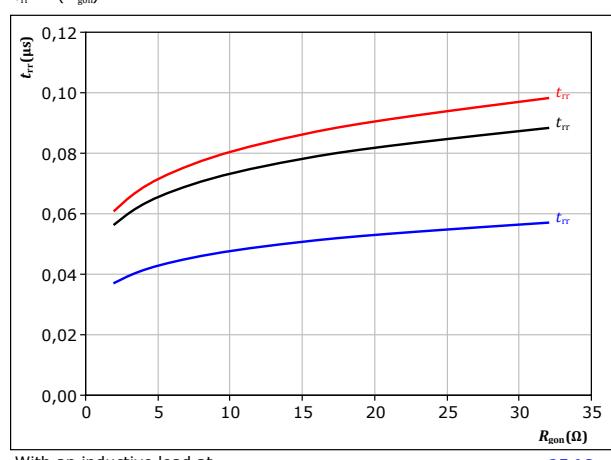
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 8 \Omega$

$T_j:$  — 25 °C  
  — 125 °C  
  — 150 °C

**figure 86.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_C = 30 \text{ A}$

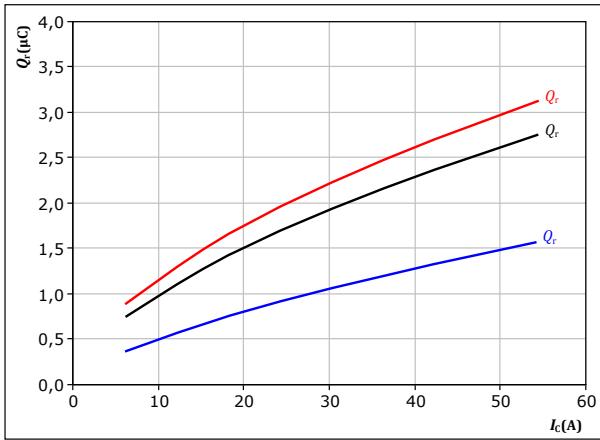
$T_j:$  — 25 °C  
  — 125 °C  
  — 150 °C

## Input Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 87.**

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



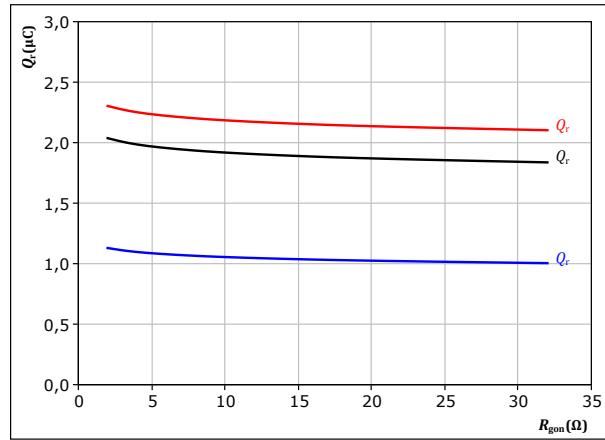
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 400 \quad \text{V} & T_f &= 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{GE} &= 0/15 \quad \text{V} & & \\ R_{gon} &= 8 \quad \Omega & & \end{aligned}$$

**FWD**
**figure 88.**

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$



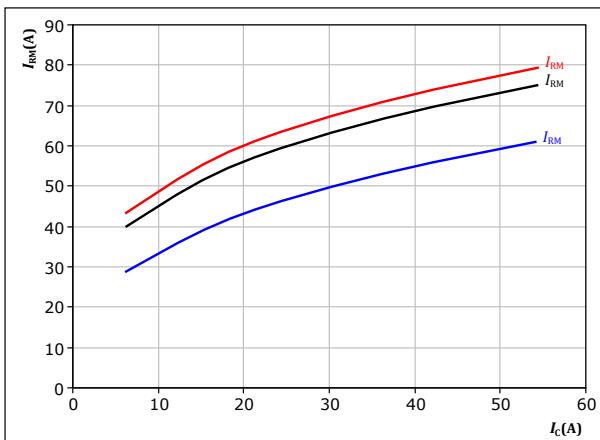
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 400 \quad \text{V} & T_f &= 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{GE} &= 0/15 \quad \text{V} & & \\ I_c &= 30 \quad \text{A} & & \end{aligned}$$

**FWD**
**figure 89.**

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



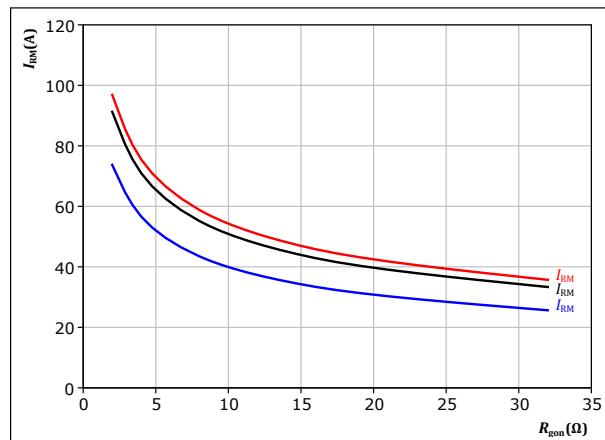
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 400 \quad \text{V} & T_f &= 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{GE} &= 0/15 \quad \text{V} & & \\ R_{gon} &= 8 \quad \Omega & & \end{aligned}$$

**FWD**
**figure 90.**

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} V_{CE} &= 400 \quad \text{V} & T_f &= 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{GE} &= 0/15 \quad \text{V} & & \\ I_c &= 30 \quad \text{A} & & \end{aligned}$$

**FWD**

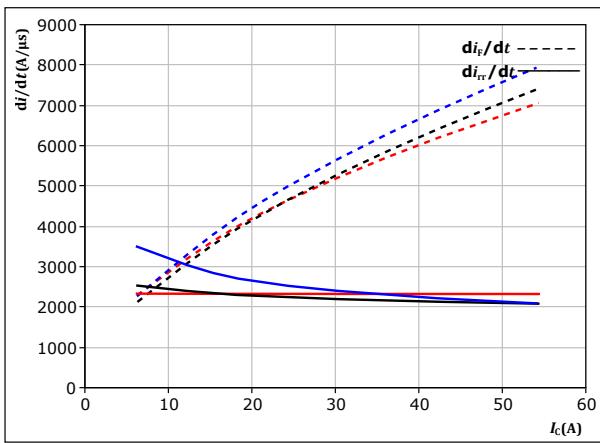


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## Input Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 91.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$

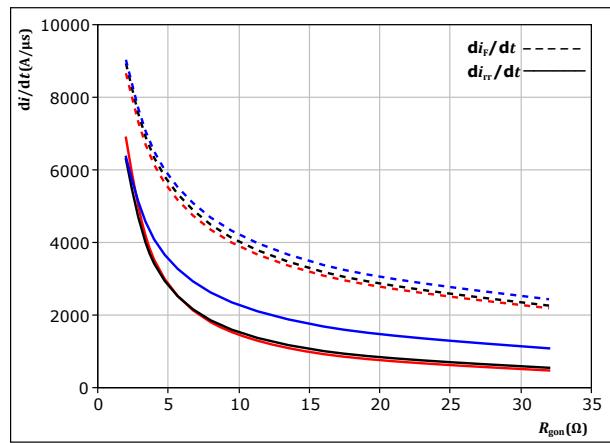


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 400$  V       $T_j = 25, 125, 150$  °C  
 $V_{GE} = 0/15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 8$  Ω

**figure 92.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{gon})$



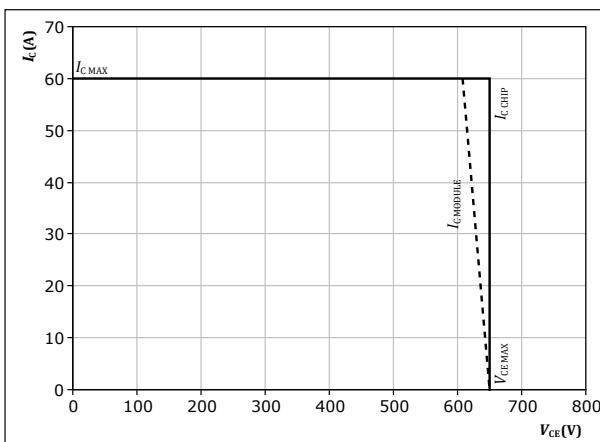
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 400$  V       $T_j = 25, 125, 150$  °C  
 $V_{GE} = 0/15$  V  
 $I_c = 30$  A

**figure 93.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At  $T_j = 150$  °C

$R_{gon} = 8$  Ω  
 $R_{goff} = 8$  Ω

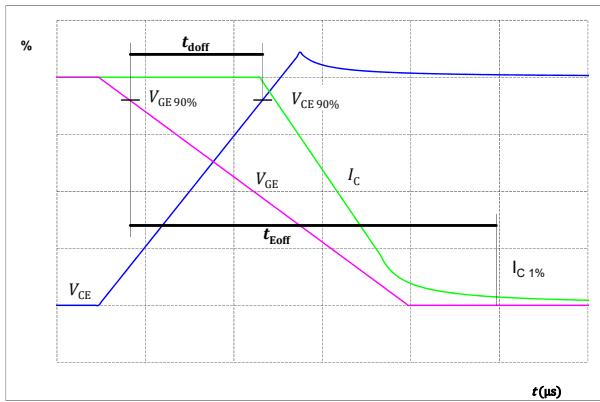


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## Switching Definitions

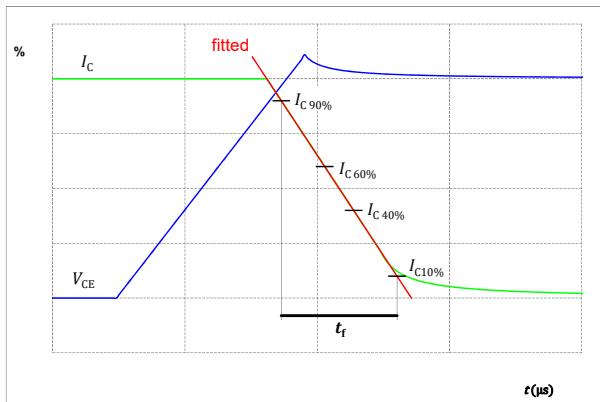
**figure 94.** IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$ ,  $t_{Eoff}$  ( $t_{Eoff}$  = integrating time for  $E_{off}$ )



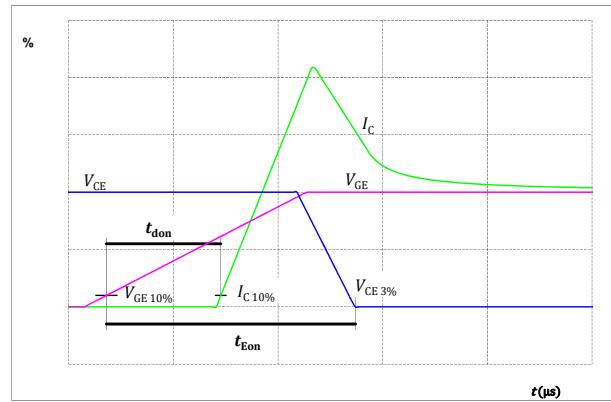
**figure 96.** IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_f$



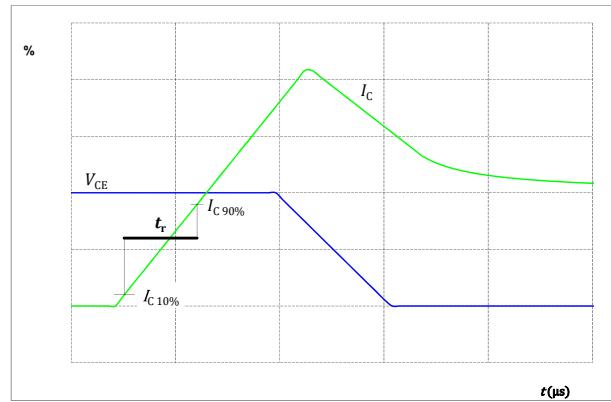
**figure 95.** IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{don}$ ,  $t_{Eon}$  ( $t_{Eon}$  = integrating time for  $E_{on}$ )



**figure 97.** IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$





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## Switching Definitions

figure 98.

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{tr}$

FWD

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{tr}$

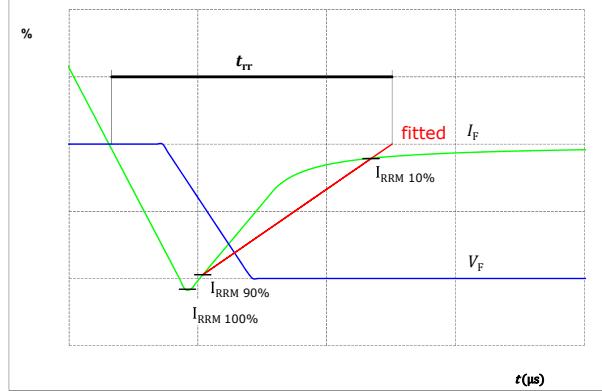
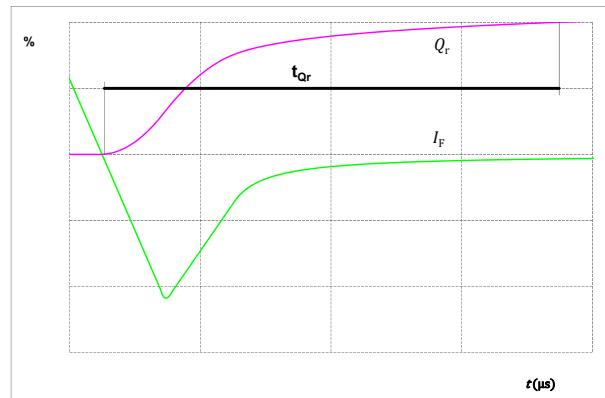


figure 99.

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{qr}$  ( $t_{qr}$  = integrating time for  $Q_r$ )

FWD

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{qr}$  ( $t_{qr}$  = integrating time for  $Q_r$ )



**10-PY07BVA030RW-LF42E28Y**

datasheet

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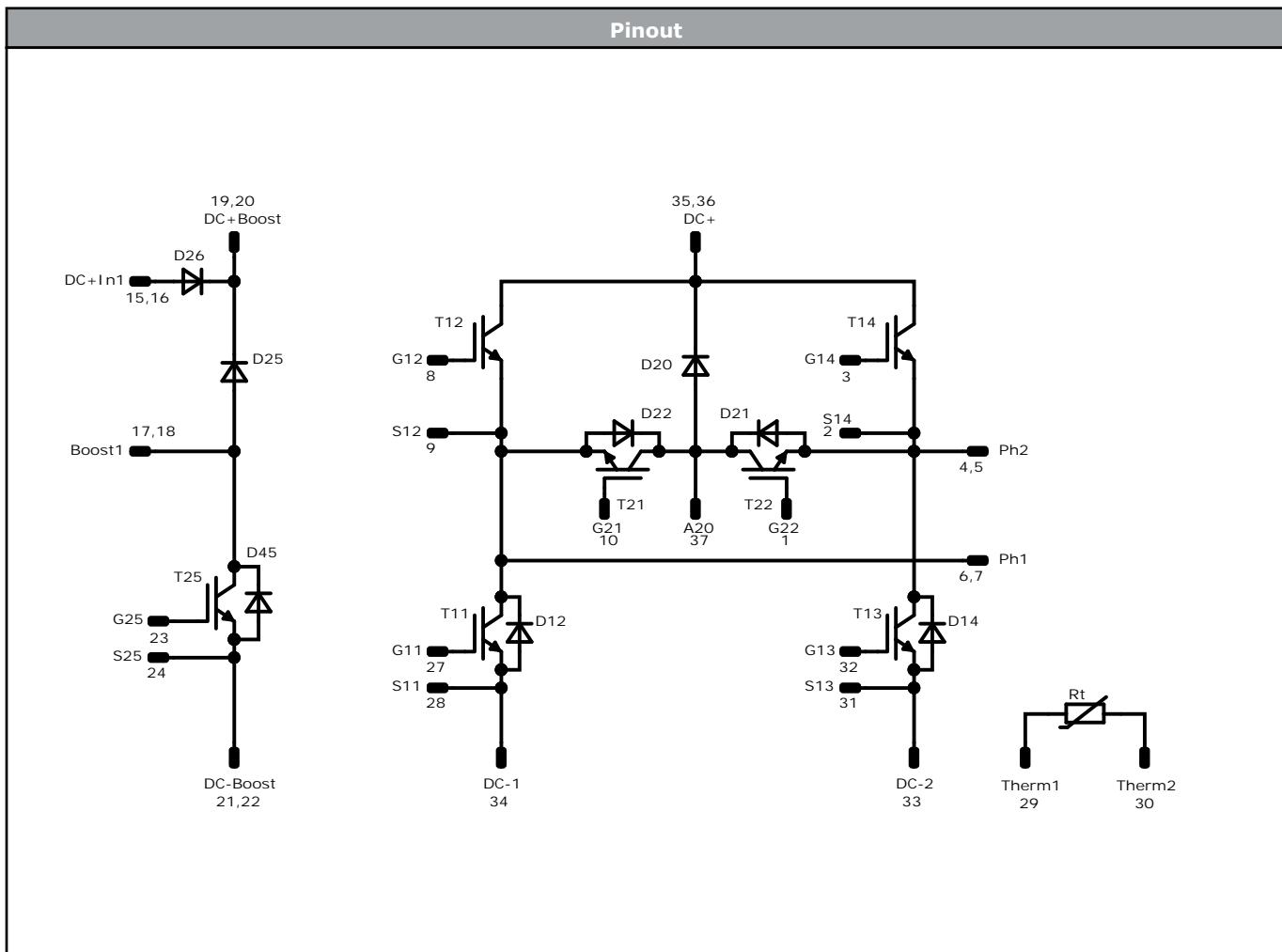
<b>Ordering Code</b>	
<b>Version</b>	<b>Ordering Code</b>
Without thermal paste	10-PY07BVA030RW-LF42E28Y
With thermal paste (5,2 W/mK, PTM6000HV)	10-PY07BVA030RW-LF42E28Y-/7/
With thermal paste (3,4 W/mK, PSX-P7)	10-PY07BVA030RW-LF42E28Y-/3/

<b>Marking</b>						
	<b>Text</b>	<b>Name</b> NN-NNNNNNNNNNNNN- TTTTTTVV	<b>Date code</b> WWYY	<b>UL &amp; VIN</b> UL VIN	<b>Lot</b> LLLLL	<b>Serial</b> SSSS
	<b>Datamatrix</b>	<b>Type&amp;Ver</b> TTTTTTVV	<b>Lot number</b> LLLLL	<b>Serial</b> SSSS	<b>Date code</b> WWYY	

<b>Outline</b>									
<b>Pin table [mm]</b>									
Pin	X	Y	Function						
1	52,3	9	G22						
2	52,3	6	S14						
3	52,3	3	G14						
4	49,3	0	Ph2						
5	46,8	0	Ph2						
6	30,75	0	Ph1						
7	28,25	0	Ph1						
8	25,25	3	G12						
9	25,25	6	S12						
10	25,25	9	G21						
11	not assembled								
12	not assembled								
13	not assembled								
14	not assembled								
15	7,1	0	DC+In1						
16	7,1	2,5	DC+In1						
17	0	0	Boost1						
18	0	2,5	Boost1						
19	11,1	15,1	DC+Boost						
20	11,1	17,6	DC+Boost						
21	11,1	26	DC-Boost						
22	11,1	28,3	DC-Boost						
23	0	28,3	G25						
24	3	28,3	S25						
25	not assembled								
26	not assembled								
27	26,4	28,3	G11						
28	31,3	28,3	S11						
29	36,8	28,3	Therm1						
30	41,9	28,3	Therm2						
31	47,4	28,3	S13						
32	52,3	28,3	G13						
33	40,85	17,7	DC-2						
34	37,85	17,7	DC-1						
35	39,35	11,2	DC+						
36	39,35	8,7	DC+						
37	52,3	17,3	A20						



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### Identification

ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T11, T13	IGBT	650 V	30 A	Low Buck Switch	
T12, T14	IGBT	650 V	30 A	High Buck Switch	
D22, D21	FWD	650 V	20 A	Buck Diode	
T21, T22	IGBT	650 V	20 A	Boost Switch	
D14, D12	FWD	650 V	20 A	Low Boost Diode	
D20	FWD	650 V	20 A	High Boost Diode	
T25	IGBT	650 V	30 A	Input Boost Switch	
D25	FWD	650 V	30 A	Input Boost Diode	
D45	FWD	650 V	10 A	Input Boost Sw. Protection Diode	
D26	Rectifier	1600 V	35 A	ByPass Diode	
R <sub>t</sub>	NTC			Thermistor	



# 10-PY07BVA030RW-LF42E28Y

datasheet

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Packaging instruction				
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 100	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ	Sample

Handling instruction				
Handling instructions for flow 1 packages see vincotech.com website.				

Package data				
Package data for flow 1 packages see vincotech.com website.				

Vincotech thermistor reference				
See Vincotech thermistor reference table at vincotech.com website.				

UL recognition and file number				
This device is certified according to UL 1557 standard, UL file number E192116. For more information see vincotech.com website.				

Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
10-PY07BVA030RW-LF42E28Y-D3-14	1 May. 2022	New Datasheet format, module is unchanged	

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.