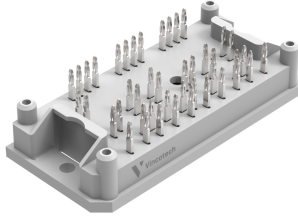
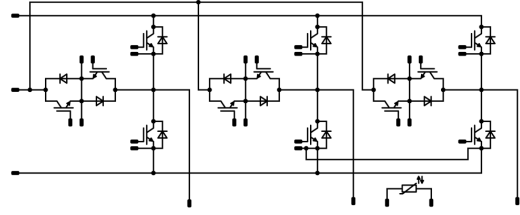




<i>flow3xMNPC 1</i>		1200 V / 25 A	
<b>Features</b>		<b>flow 1 17 mm housing</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 3 phase mixed voltage component topology</li><li>• Neutral point clamped inverter</li><li>• Reactive power capability</li><li>• Low inductance layout</li></ul>			
<b>Target applications</b>		<b>Schematic</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Solar inverter</li><li>• UPS</li></ul>			
<b>Types</b>			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 10-P112M3A025SH-M746F09Y</li></ul>			



Vincotech

## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
<b>Buck Switch</b>				
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		1200	V
Collector current (DC current)	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	31	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	75	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	94	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		$\pm 20$	V
Short circuit ratings	$t_{SC}$	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ , $V_{CC} = 800\text{ V}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	10	$\mu\text{s}$
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

## Buck Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		600	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	22	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	$I_{FSM}$	$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$	150	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	41	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

## Boost Switch

Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		600	V
Collector current (DC current)	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	27	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	60	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	56	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		$\pm 20$	V
Short circuit ratings	$t_{SC}$	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ , $V_{CC} = 360\text{ V}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	6	$\mu\text{s}$
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$



Vincotech

## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
<b>Boost Diode</b>				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	13	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	$I_{FSM}$	Single Half Sine Wave, $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$	36	A
Surge current capability	$I^2t$		0	A <sup>2</sup> s
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	39	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C

## Module Properties

### Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	$T_{jop}$		-40...+( $T_{jmax} - 25$ )	°C

### Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	$V_{isol}$	DC Test Voltage* $t_p = 2\text{ s}$	6000	V
Isolation voltage	$V_{isol}$	AC Voltage $t_p = 1\text{ min}$	2500	V
Creepage distance			>12,7	mm
Clearance			12,65	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI		≥ 200	

\*100 % tested in production



Vincotech

### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

#### Buck Switch

##### Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,00085	25	5,3	5,8	6,3	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		25	25 125	1,78	2,11 2,42 <sup>(1)</sup>	2,42 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	1200		25			2,4	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0		25			120	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$							None		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$							1430		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oes}$	$f = 1$ Mhz	0	25		25		115		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$							75		pF
Gate charge	$Q_g$	$V_{CC} = 960$ V	15		25	25		115		nC

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,01		K/W
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##### Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{gon} = 16$ Ω $R_{goff} = 16$ Ω	±15	350	15	25		73		ns
						125		74,2		
Rise time	$t_r$					25		15		
						125		18		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25		166,4		
						125		219,8		
Fall time	$t_f$					25		21,09		
		125		116,3						
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$	$Q_{tFWD} = 0,191$ μC				25		0,17		mWs
		$Q_{tFWD} = 0,442$ μC				125		0,3		
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$					25		0,367		mWs
						125		0,629		





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### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

#### Buck Diode

##### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				15	25 125	1,88	2,47 1,73	2,73 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_i = 600$ V				25			100	μA

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,71		K/W
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##### Dynamic

Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$	$di/dt=1415$ A/μs $di/dt=1159$ A/μs	±15	350	15	25		16,08		A
						125		22,27		
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					25		23,04		ns
						125		32,92		
Recovered charge	$Q_r$					25		0,191		μC
						125		0,442		
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$	25		0,025		mWs				
		125		0,05						
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$	25		1860		A/μs				
		125		1998						



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### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

#### Boost Switch

##### Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,00029	25	5	5,8	6,5	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		20	25 125	1,1	1,53 1,7	1,9 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	600		25			1,1	µA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0		25			300	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$							None		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$							1100		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oes}$	$f = 1$ Mhz	0	25		25		71		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$							32		pF
Gate charge	$Q_g$	$V_{CC} = 480$ V	15		20	25		120		nC

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,7		K/W
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##### Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{gon} = 16$ Ω $R_{goff} = 16$ Ω	±15	350	15	25		72,4		ns
						125		74,2		
Rise time	$t_r$					25		14		
						125		15,6		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25		131,2		
						125		157,2		
Fall time	$t_f$					25		33,89		
		125		68,86						
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$	$Q_{tFWD} = 0,693$ µC $Q_{tFWD} = 1,51$ µC				25		0,313		mWs
						125		0,387		
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$					25		0,379		mWs
						125		0,529		



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### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

#### Boost Diode

##### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				8	25 125 150		2,18 2,31	2,65 <sup>(1)</sup> 2,68 <sup>(1)</sup>	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$	$V_r = 1200$ V				25 150		0,3	0,06 0,7	mA

##### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink <sup>(2)</sup>	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						2,44		K/W
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##### Dynamic

Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$	$di/dt=1124$ A/ $\mu$ s $di/dt=1109$ A/ $\mu$ s	$\pm 15$	350	15	25		21,09		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					125		24,46		
						25		29,92		ns
Recovered charge	$Q_r$					125		0,693		$\mu$ C
						25		1,51		
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$	125		0,137		mWs				
		25		0,382						
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$	25		1972		A/ $\mu$ s				
		125		2214						



Vincotech

### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit	
		$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$V_F$ [V]	$I_D$ [A]	$I_C$ [A]	$I_F$ [A]		$T_j$ [°C]

### Thermistor

#### Static

Rated resistance	$R$					25		22		kΩ
Deviation of $R_{100}$	$A_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 1484 \Omega$				100	-5		5	%
Power dissipation	$P$							5		mW
Power dissipation constant	$d$					25		1,5		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. $\pm 1 \%$						3962		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. $\pm 1 \%$						4000		K
Vincotech Thermistor Reference									I	

<sup>(1)</sup> Value at chip level

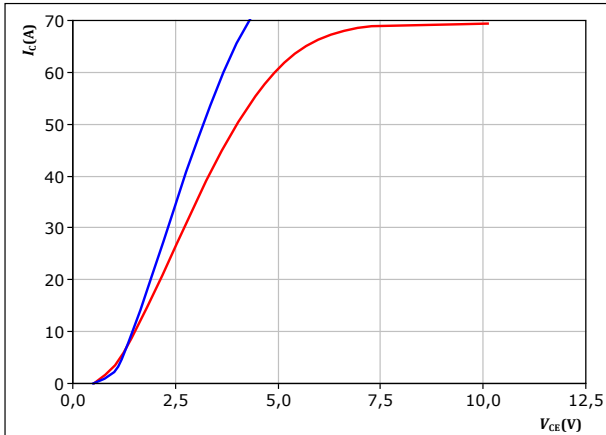
<sup>(2)</sup> Only valid with pre-applied Vincotech thermal interface material.



### Buck Switch Characteristics

figure 1. IGBT

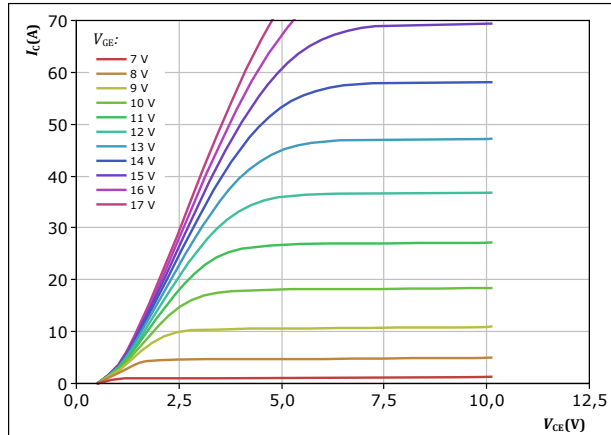
Typical output characteristics  
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$   
 $T_j:$  — 25 °C  
— 125 °C

figure 2. IGBT

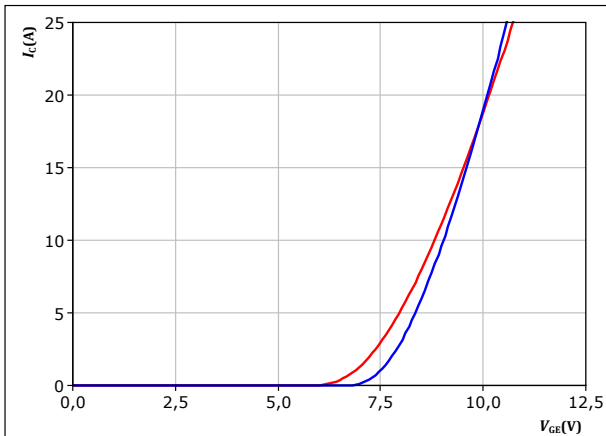
Typical output characteristics  
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 125 \text{ °C}$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 3. IGBT

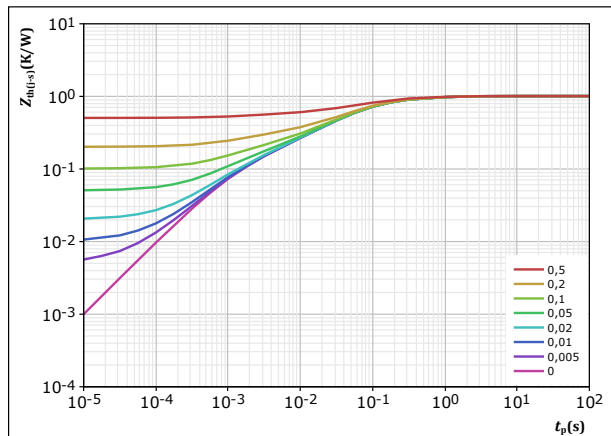
Typical transfer characteristics  
 $I_C = f(V_{GE})$



$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$   
 $T_j:$  — 25 °C  
— 125 °C

figure 4. IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width  
 $Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,009 \text{ K/W}$   
IGBT thermal model values  

R (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
8,44E-02	1,03E+00
2,46E-01	1,79E-01
4,48E-01	5,38E-02
1,38E-01	1,04E-02
5,48E-02	1,66E-03
3,85E-02	8,73E-04

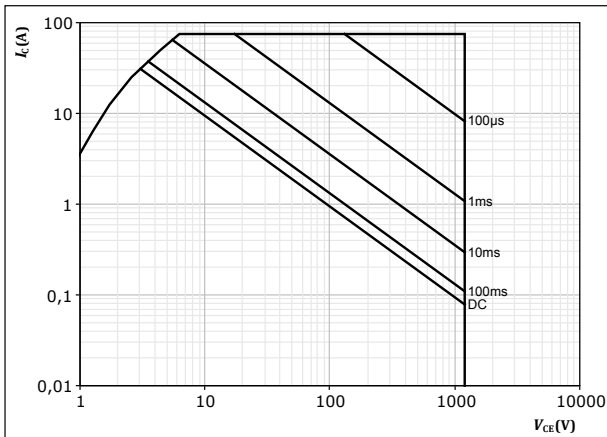


### Buck Switch Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT

Safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



$D =$  single pulse  
 $T_s = 80 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 15 \text{ V}$   
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$



### Buck Diode Characteristics

figure 6. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

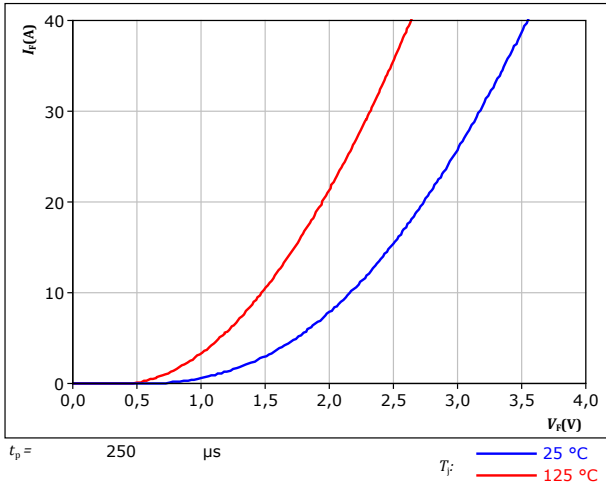
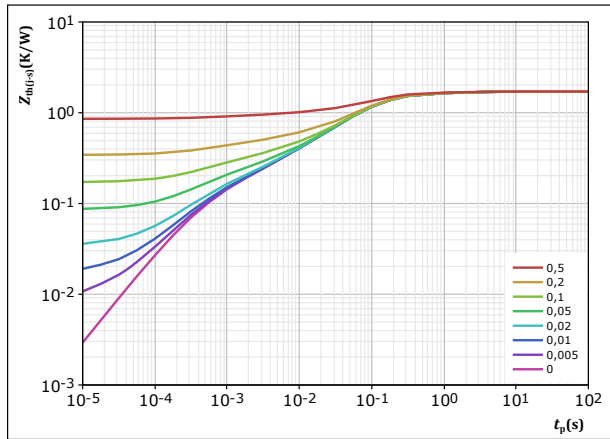


figure 7. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$

$R_{th(j-s)} = 1,713 \text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

$R \text{ (K/W)}$	$\tau \text{ (s)}$
7,49E-02	2,70E+00
1,69E-01	4,49E-01
9,61E-01	9,37E-02
2,39E-01	3,41E-02
1,24E-01	6,38E-03
7,56E-02	1,23E-03
7,06E-02	3,59E-04

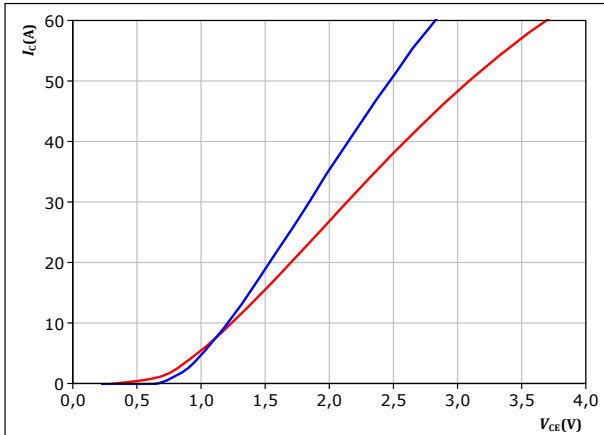


### Boost Switch Characteristics

figure 8. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

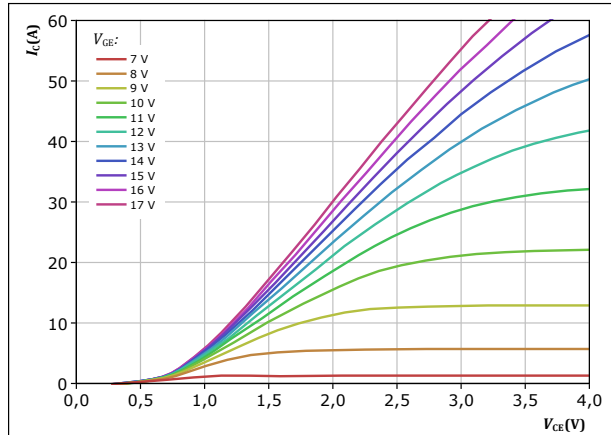


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$   
 $T_f: 25^\circ C$  (blue line)  
 $125^\circ C$  (red line)

figure 9. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

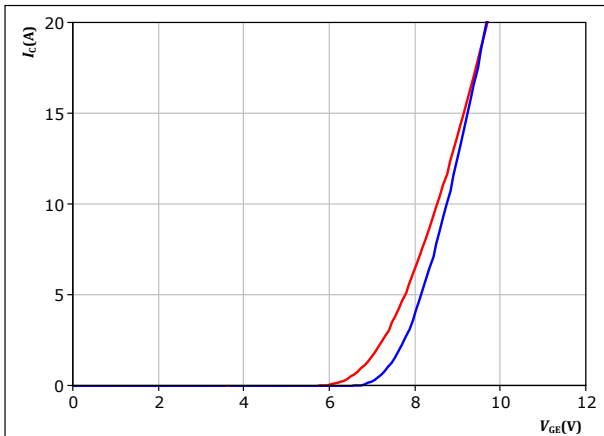


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_f = 125^\circ C$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 10. IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

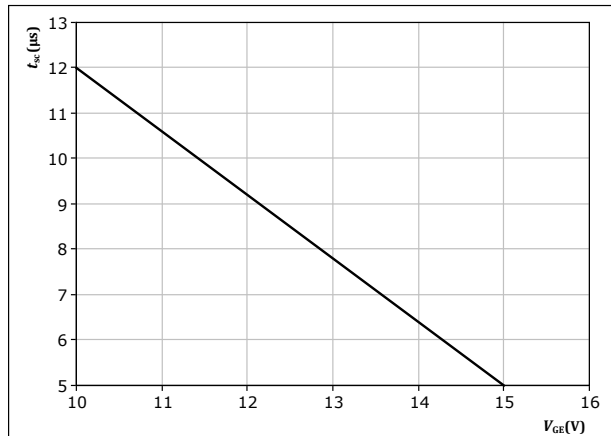


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$   
 $T_f: 25^\circ C$  (blue line)  
 $125^\circ C$  (red line)

figure 11. IGBT

Short circuit withstand time as a function of  $V_{GE}$

$$t_{sc} = f(V_{GE})$$



At  $V_{CE} = 333 V$   
 $T_f \leq 333^\circ C$

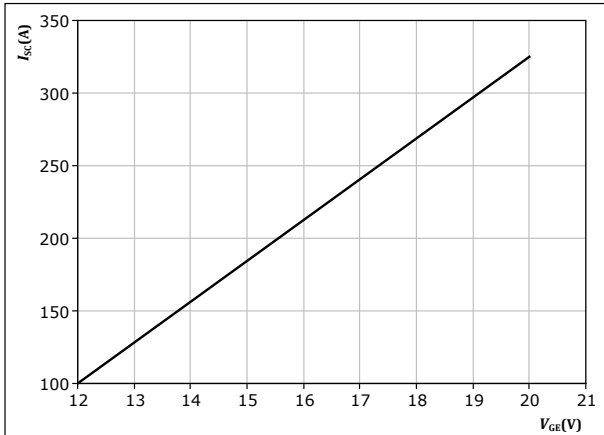




### Boost Switch Characteristics

**figure 12.** IGBT

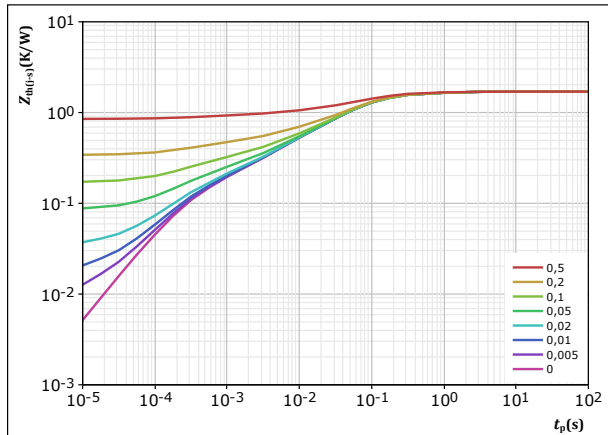
Typical short circuit current as a function of  $V_{GE}$   
 $I_{SC} = f(V_{GE})$



At  $V_{CE} = 333$  V  
 $T_j \leq 333$  °C

**figure 13.** IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width  
 $Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$

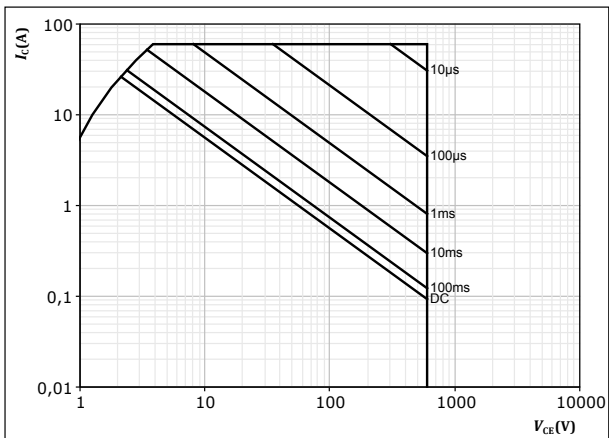


$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,701$  K/W  
IGBT thermal model values

$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
9,97E-02	1,34E+00
3,46E-01	1,70E-01
8,15E-01	5,34E-02
2,54E-01	7,74E-03
7,70E-02	1,33E-03
1,09E-01	2,63E-04

**figure 14.** IGBT

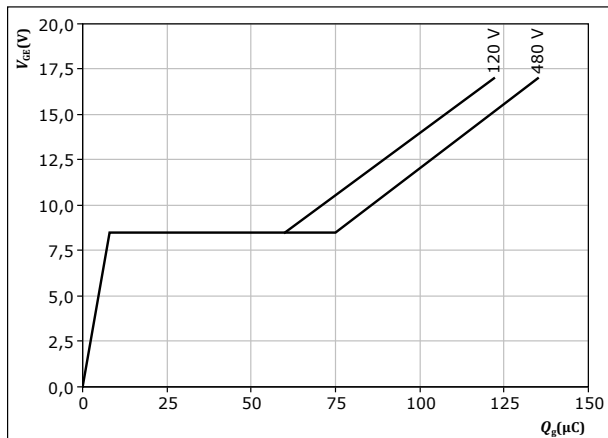
Safe operating area  
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



$D = \text{single pulse}$   
 $T_j = 80$  °C  
 $V_{GE} = 15$  V  
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$

**figure 15.** IGBT

Gate voltage vs gate charge  
 $V_{GE} = f(Q_g)$



$I_C = 33$  A  
 $T_j = 25$  °C



### Boost Diode Characteristics

figure 16. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

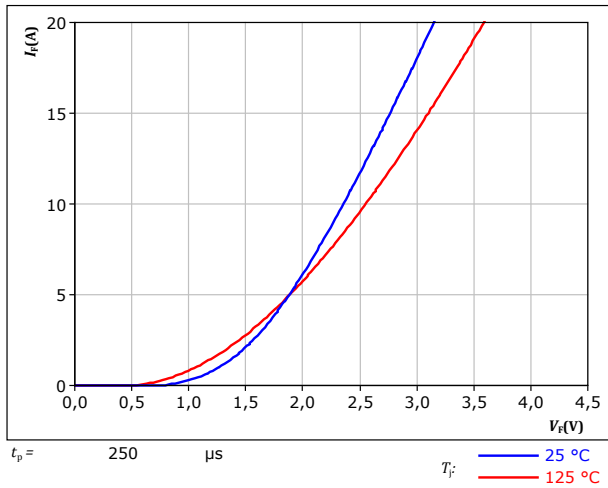
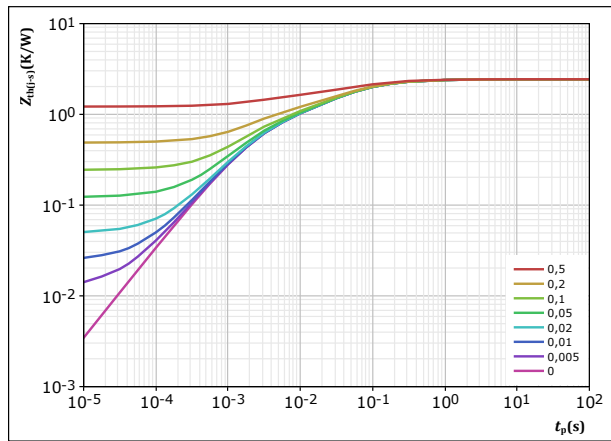


figure 17. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$

$R_{th(j-s)} = 2,436 \text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

$R \text{ (K/W)}$	$\tau \text{ (s)}$
1,03E-01	1,23E+00
3,89E-01	1,75E-01
9,47E-01	4,78E-02
5,16E-01	8,99E-03
4,81E-01	1,81E-03

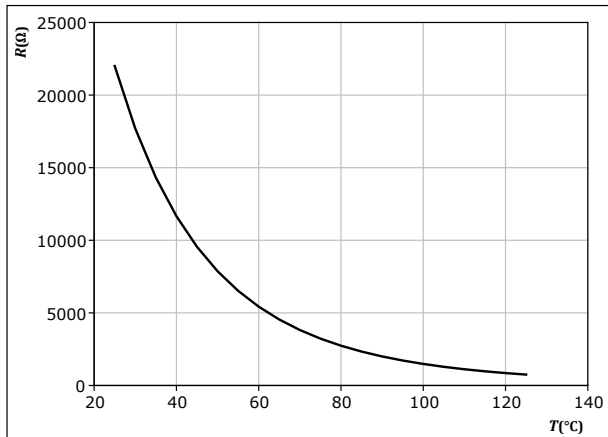


## Thermistor Characteristics

figure 18. Thermistor

Typical NTC characteristic as function of temperature

$$R_T = f(T)$$

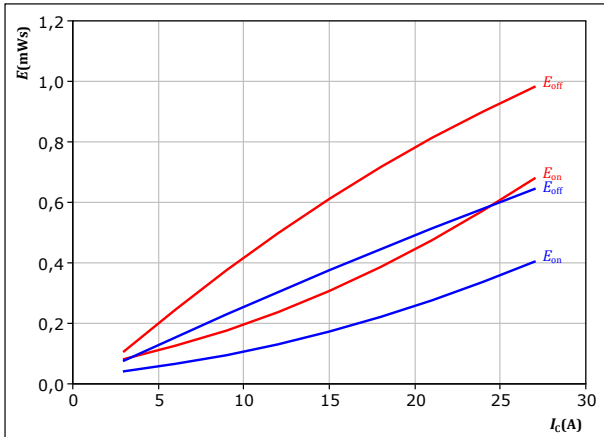




## Buck Switching Characteristics

**figure 19.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current  
 $E = f(I_c)$



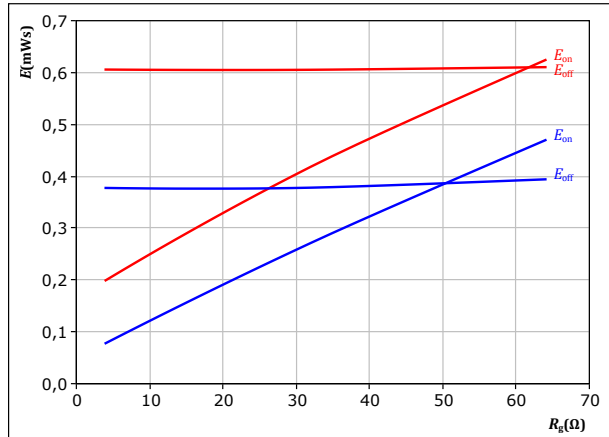
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 16$   $\Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 16$   $\Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C

**figure 20.** IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor  
 $E = f(R_g)$



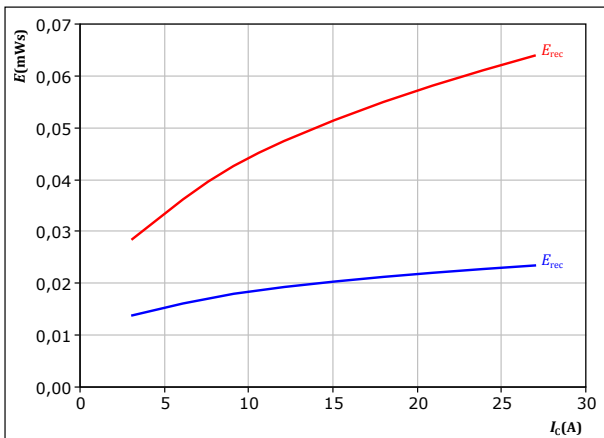
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 15$  A

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C

**figure 21.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current  
 $E_{rec} = f(I_c)$



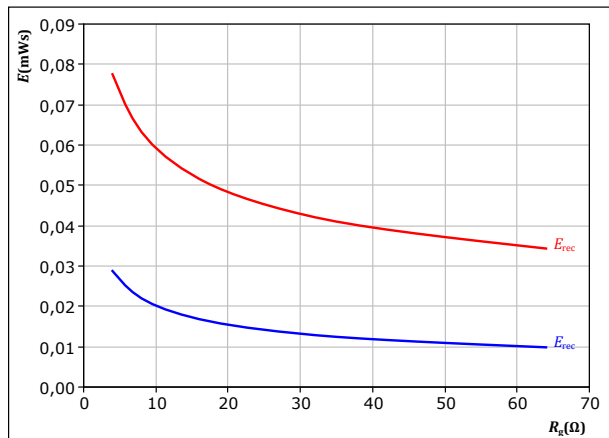
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 16$   $\Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C

**figure 22.** FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor  
 $E_{rec} = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 15$  A

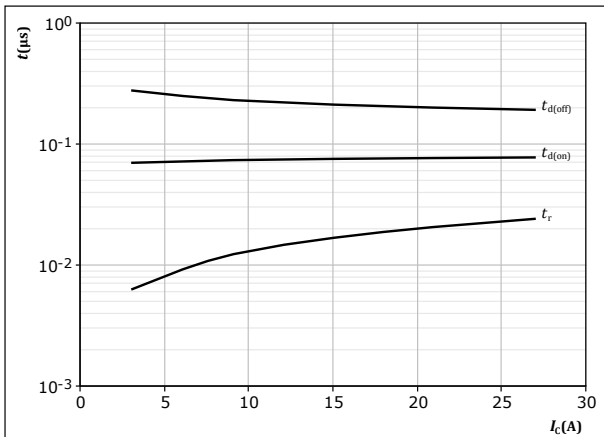
$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C



## Buck Switching Characteristics

**figure 23.** IGBT

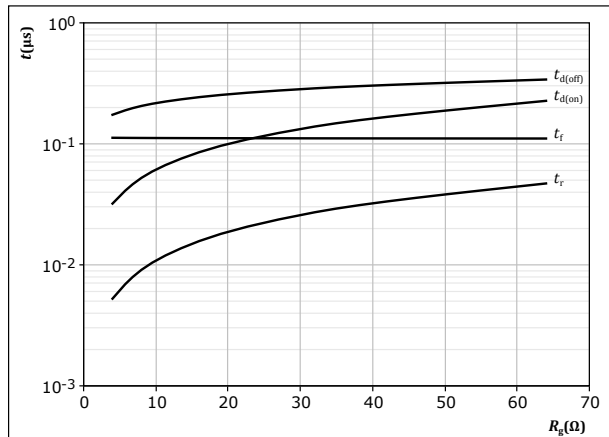
Typical switching times as a function of collector current  
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{g(on)} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{g(off)} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 24.** IGBT

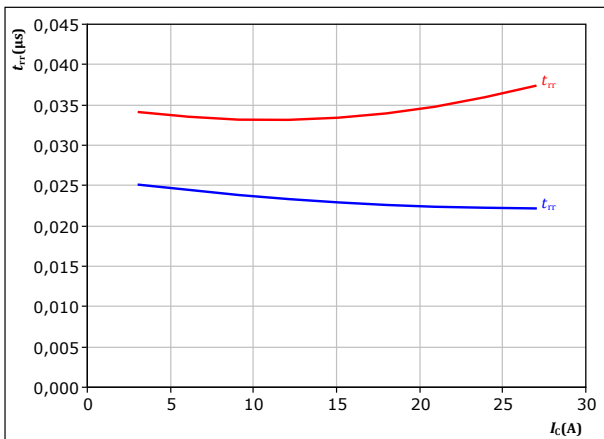
Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor  
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 15 \text{ A}$

**figure 25.** FWD

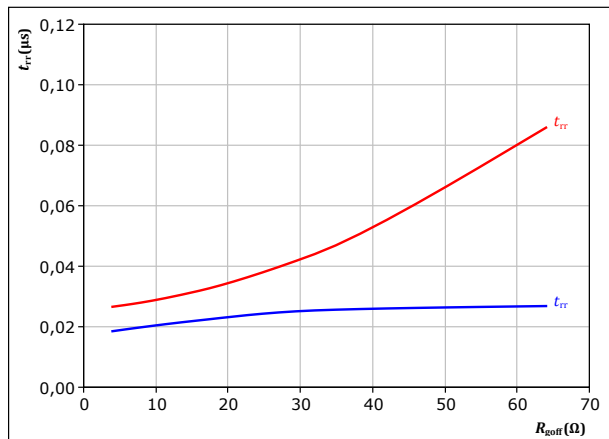
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current  
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{g(on)} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C

**figure 26.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn off gate resistor  
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{g(off)})$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 15 \text{ A}$   
 $T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C

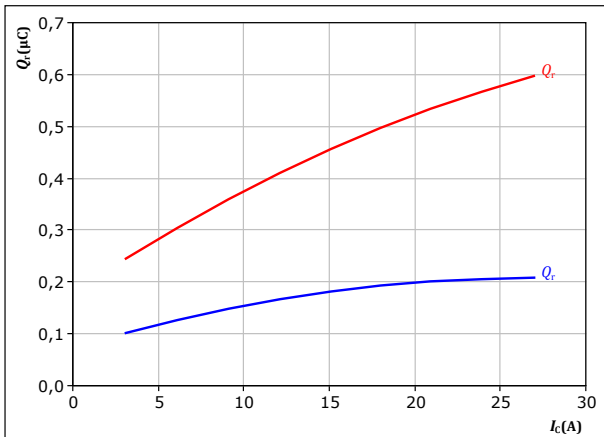


## Buck Switching Characteristics

**figure 27.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

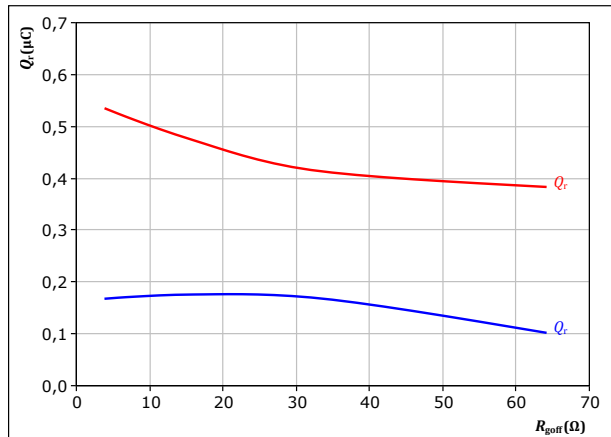
$V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{goff} = 16$  Ω

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C

**figure 28.** FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of turn off gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{goff})$$



With an inductive load at

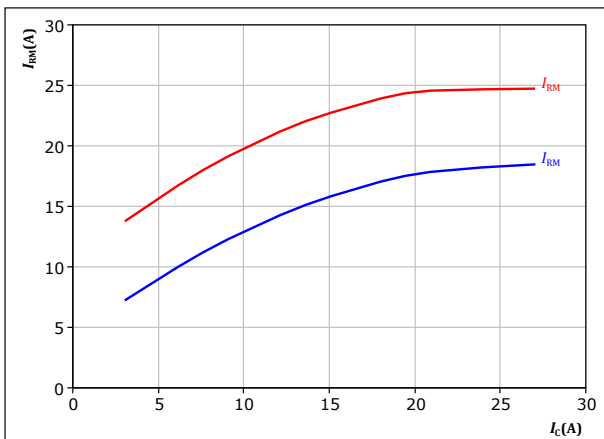
$V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 15$  A

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C

**figure 29.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

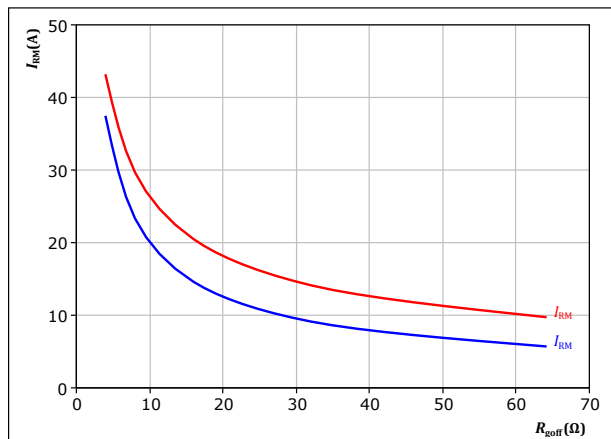
$V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{goff} = 16$  Ω

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C

**figure 30.** FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of turn off gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{goff})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 15$  A

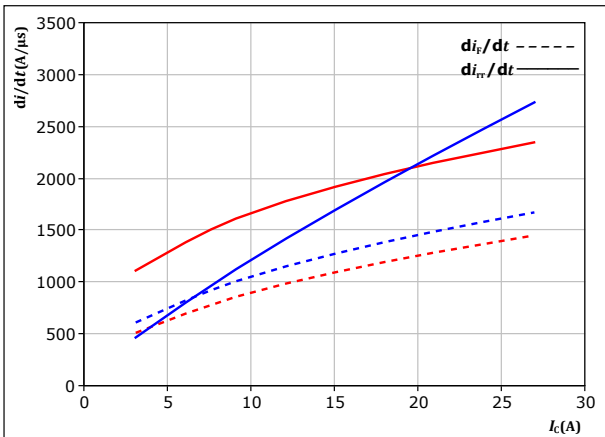
$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C



## Buck Switching Characteristics

**figure 31.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(I_C)$



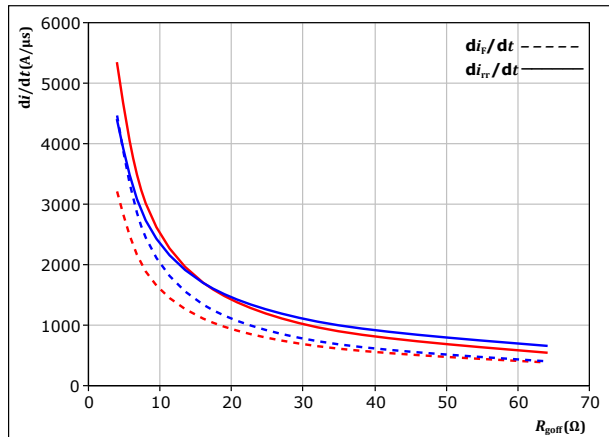
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{goff} = 16 \ \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C

**figure 32.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn off gate resistor  
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(R_{goff})$



With an inductive load at

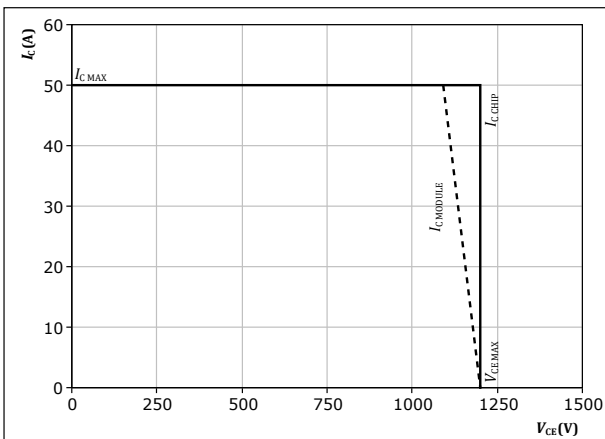
$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_C = 15 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C

**figure 33.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



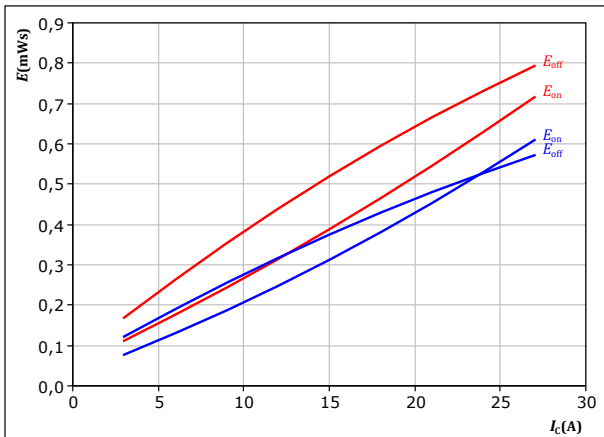
At  $T_j = 125 \text{ °C}$   
 $R_{goff} = 16 \ \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 16 \ \Omega$



## Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 34. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current  
 $E = f(I_c)$



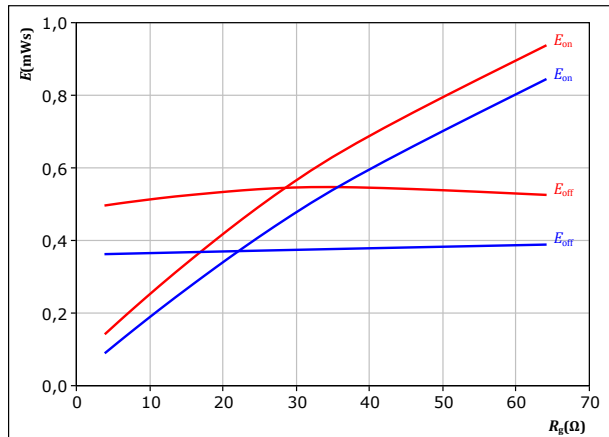
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 16$   $\Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 16$   $\Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C

figure 35. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor  
 $E = f(R_g)$



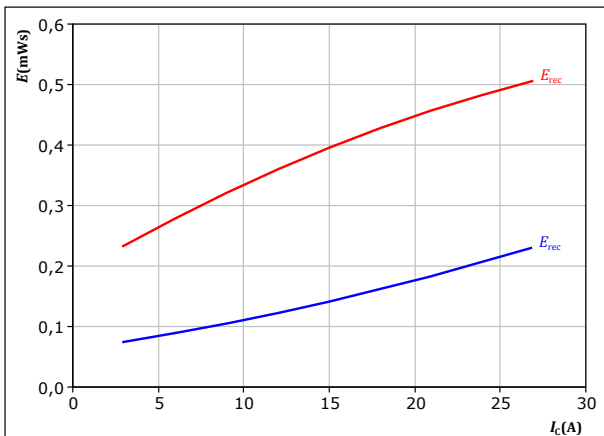
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 15$  A

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C

figure 36. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current  
 $E_{rec} = f(I_c)$



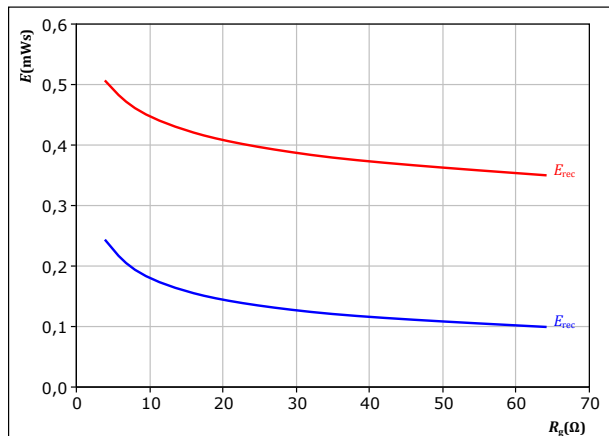
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 16$   $\Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C

figure 37. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor  
 $E_{rec} = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 15$  A

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C

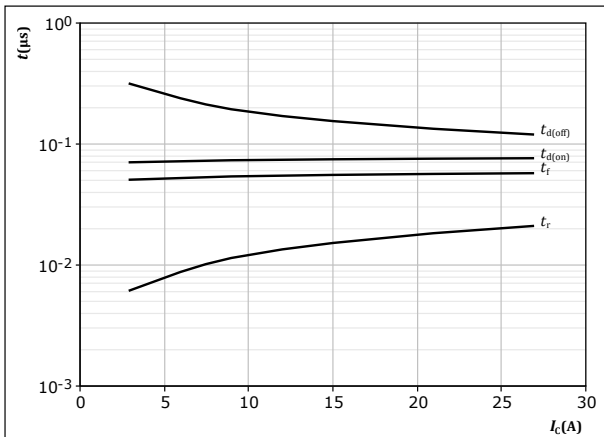




## Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 38.** IGBT

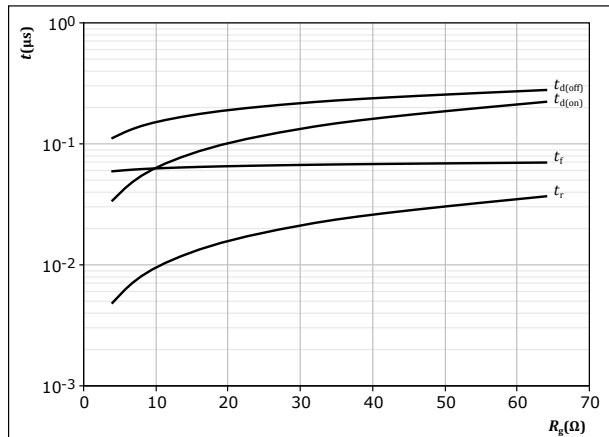
Typical switching times as a function of collector current  
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{g(on)} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{g(off)} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 39.** IGBT

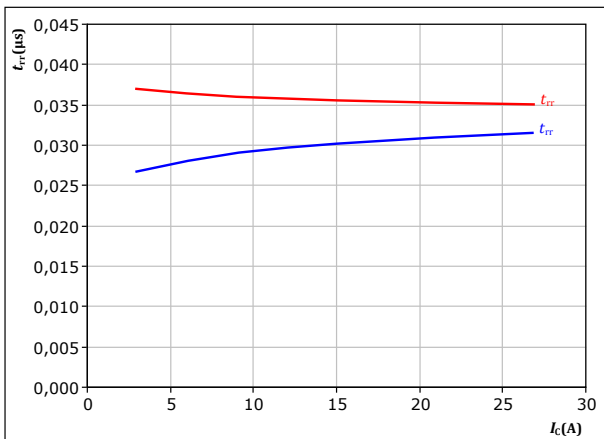
Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor  
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 15 \text{ A}$

**figure 40.** FWD

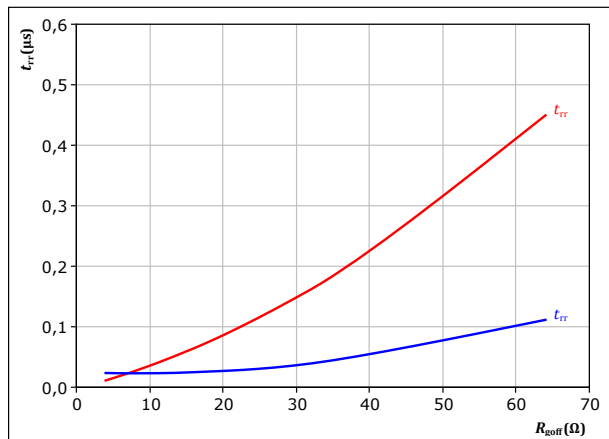
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current  
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{g(on)} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $T_j: \text{ — } 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $\text{ — } 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

**figure 41.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn off gate resistor  
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{g(off)})$



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 15 \text{ A}$   
 $T_j: \text{ — } 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $\text{ — } 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

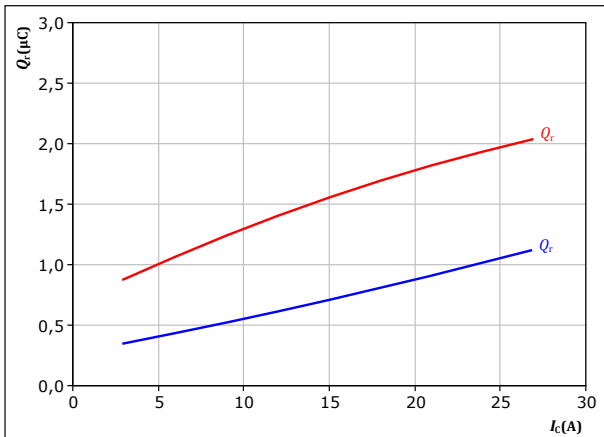


## Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 42. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

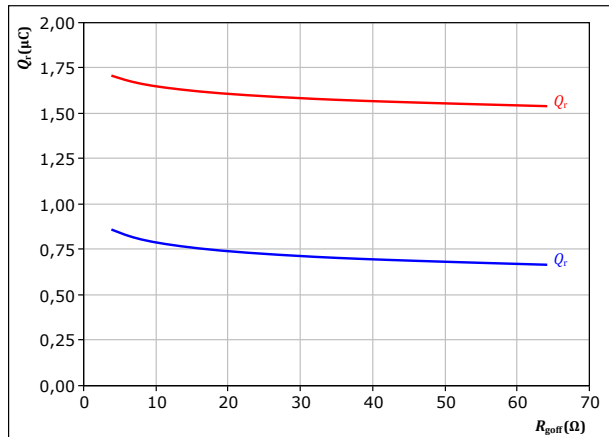
$V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{goff} = 16$  Ω

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C

figure 43. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of turn off gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{goff})$$



With an inductive load at

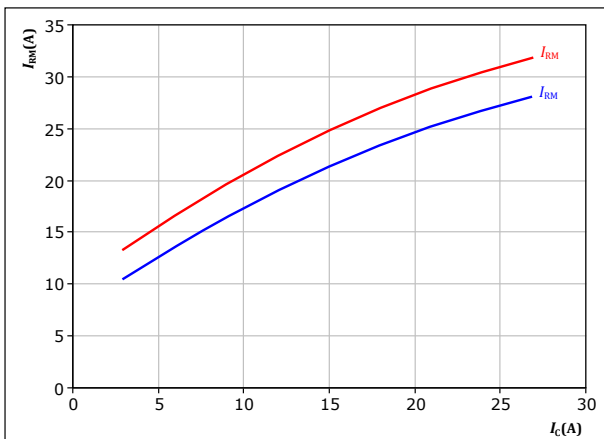
$V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 15$  A

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C

figure 44. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

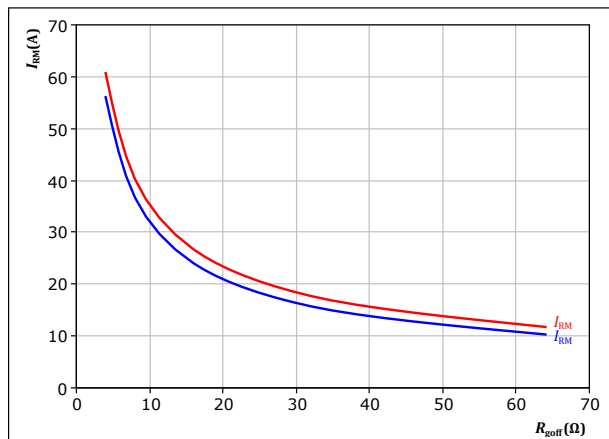
$V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{goff} = 16$  Ω

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C

figure 45. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of turn off gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{goff})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 15$  A

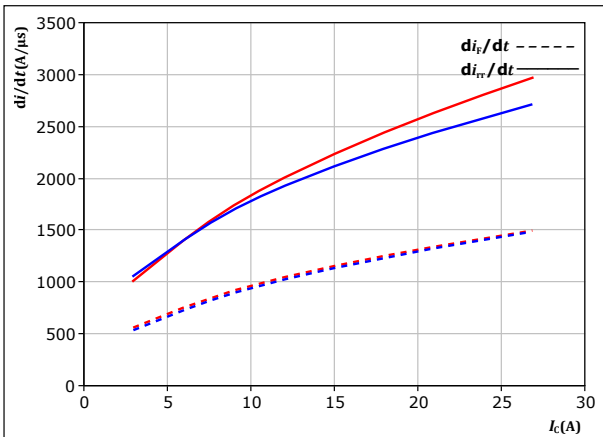
$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
— 125 °C



## Boost Switching Characteristics

**figure 46.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(I_C)$



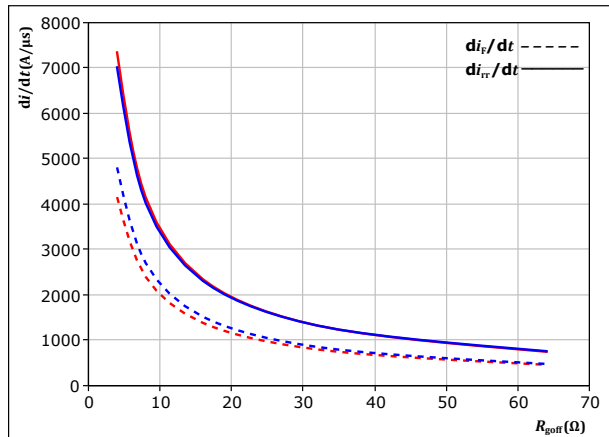
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{goff} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C

**figure 47.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn off gate resistor  
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(R_{goff})$



With an inductive load at

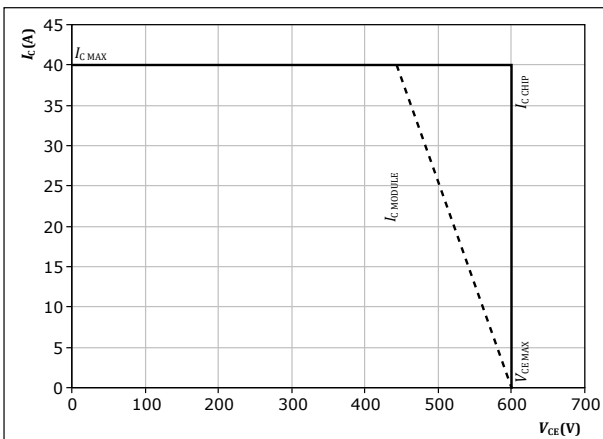
$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_C = 15 \text{ A}$

$T_j$ : — 25 °C  
 — 125 °C

**figure 48.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



At  $T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $R_{goff} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$



## Switching Definitions

figure 49. IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$ ,  $t_{Eoff}$  ( $t_{Eoff}$  = integrating time for  $E_{off}$ )

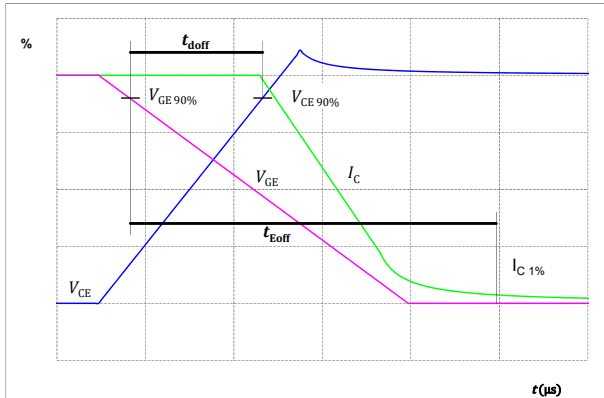


figure 50. IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{don}$ ,  $t_{Eon}$  ( $t_{Eon}$  = integrating time for  $E_{on}$ )

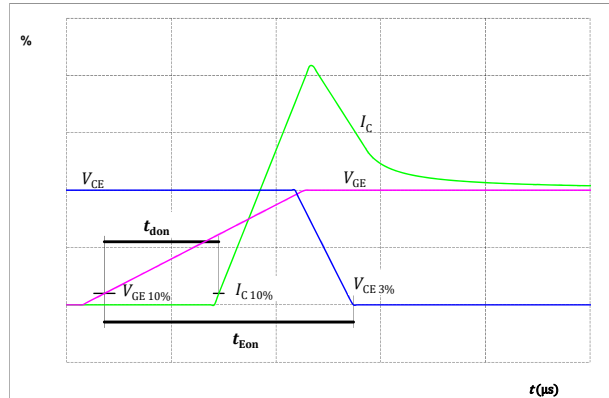


figure 51. IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_f$

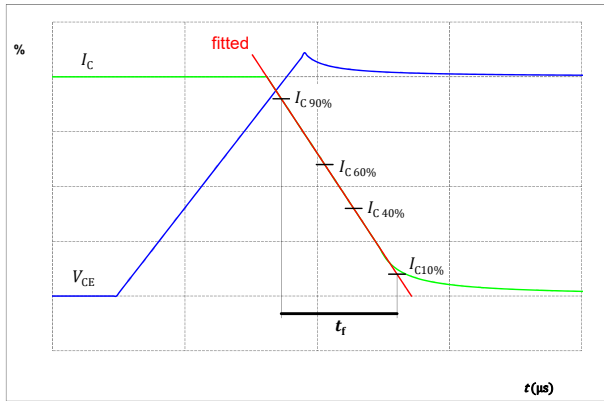
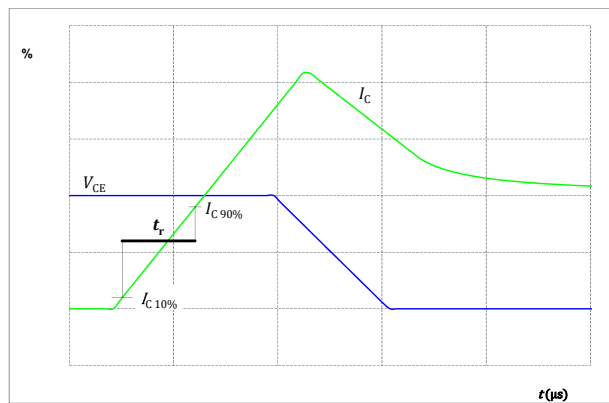


figure 52. IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$





### Switching Definitions

figure 53. FWD

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{rr}$

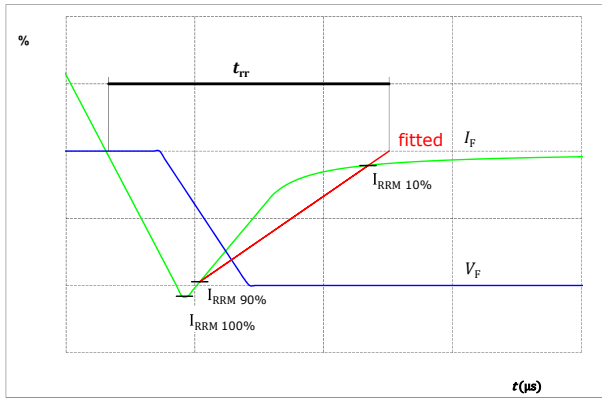
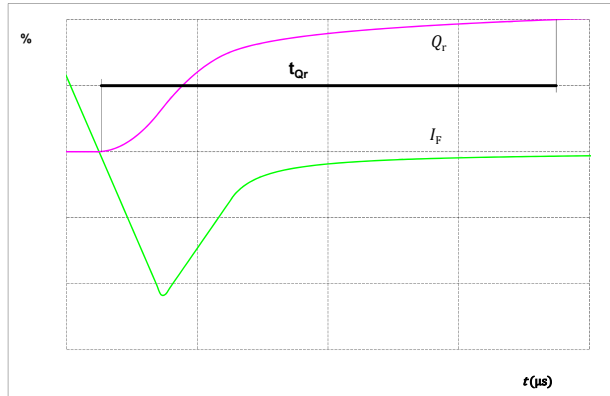


figure 54. FWD

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Qr}$  ( $t_{Qr}$  = integrating time for  $Q_r$ )





# 10-P112M3A025SH-M746F09Y

datasheet

Vincotech

Ordering Code	
<b>Version</b>	<b>Ordering Code</b>
Without thermal paste	10-P112M3A025SH-M746F09Y
With thermal paste (5,2 W/mK, PTM6000HV)	10-P112M3A025SH-M746F09Y-/7/
With thermal paste (3,4 W/mK, PSX-P7)	10-P112M3A025SH-M746F09Y-/3/

Marking						
	<b>Text</b>	<b>Name</b> NN-NNNNNNNNNNNNNN- TTTTTIVV	<b>Date code</b> WWYY	<b>UL &amp; VIN</b> UL VIN	<b>Lot</b> LLLLL	<b>Serial</b> SSSS
	<b>Datamatrix</b>	<b>Type&amp;Ver</b> TTTTTIVV	<b>Lot number</b> LLLLL	<b>Serial</b> SSSS	<b>Date code</b> WWYY	

Outline			
Pin table [mm]			
Pin	X	Y	Function
1	52,2	0	+DC
2	46,2	0	GND
3	47	3	G3
4	40,9	0	GND
5	44	3	S3
6	34,9	0	-DC
7	34,9	3	-DC
8	28,9	0	GND
9	25,9	2	S7
10	22,9	0	GND
11	22,9	3	G7
12	16,9	0	+DC
13	16,9	3	+DC
14	10,9	0	GND
15	10,9	3	G11
16	6	0	GND
17	7,9	3	S11
18	0	0	-DC
19	4,75	8,9	S12
20	1,75	7,9	G12
21	13,25	13,7	S10
22	13,25	10,7	G10
23	21,25	10,7	G6
24	21,25	13,7	S6
25	30,4	9,7	S8
26	33,4	9,7	G8
27	40,15	11,2	S4
28	40,15	8,2	G4
29	50,45	10,7	S2
30	50,45	13,7	G2
31	0	16,35	NTC
32	0	19,35	NTC
33	5,45	28,2	OUT3
34	8,25	28,2	OUT3
35	11,25	28,2	G9
36	14,25	28,2	S9
37	23	28,2	S5
38	26	28,2	G5
39	29	28,2	OUT2
40	31,8	28,2	OUT2
41	40,4	28,2	OUT1
42	43,2	28,2	OUT1
43	46,2	28,2	G1
44	49,2	28,2	S1

center of press-fit pinhead  
for connection parameter see the handling instruction

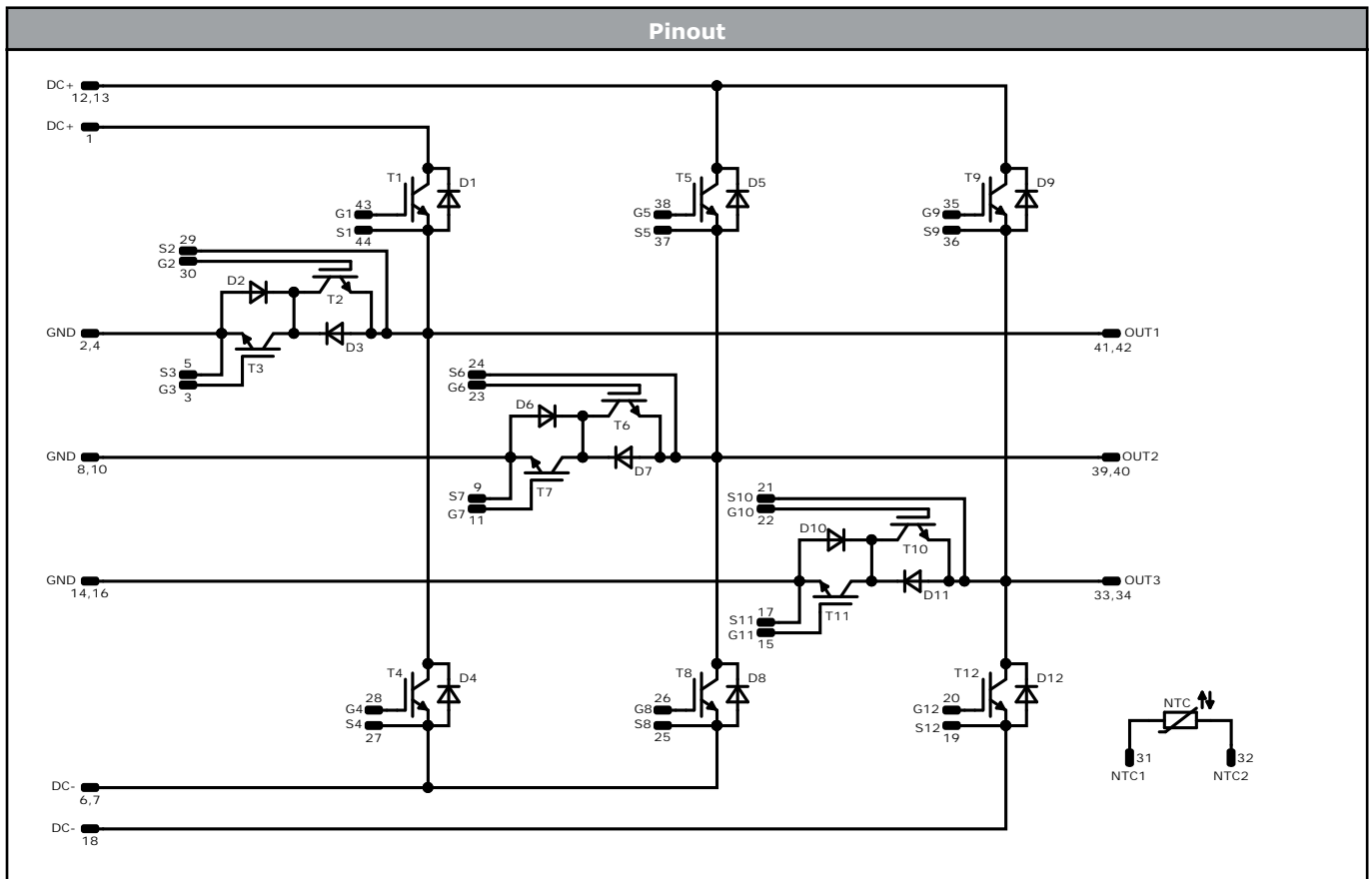
6,09 ±0,1  
2,4 ±0,05

28,1

Tolerance of pinpositions: ±0,5mm at the end of pins  
Dimension of coordinate axis is only offset without tolerance



Vincotech



Identification					
ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T1, T4, T5, T8, T9, T12	IGBT	1200 V	25 A	Buck Switch	
D2, D3, D6, D7, D10, D11	FWD	600 V	15 A	Buck Diode	
T3, T2, T7, T6, T11, T10	IGBT	600 V	20 A	Boost Switch	
D1, D4, D5, D8, D9, D12	FWD	1200 V	8 A	Boost Diode	
NTC	Thermistor			Thermistor	




Vincotech

Packaging instruction				
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 100	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ	Sample

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for <i>flow 1</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for <i>flow 1</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

Vincotech thermistor reference
See Vincotech thermistor reference table at vincotech.com website.

UL recognition and file number
This device is certified according to UL 1557 standard, UL file number E192116. For more information see vincotech.com website. 

Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
10-P112M3A025SH-M746F09Y-D6-14	12 Sep. 2021	New Datasheet format, module is unchanged Introduce Rth values with PSX-P7 TIM Separate datasheet for pressfit pin version	

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.