

Vincotech

flow PHASE 0

Output Inverter Application

1200 V / 50 A

General conditions

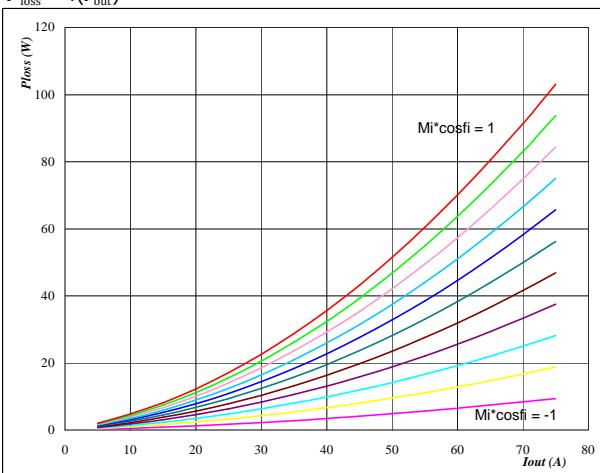
3phase SPWM	
$V_{G\text{Eon}}$	= 15 V
$V_{G\text{Off}}$	= -15 V
$R_{g\text{on}}$	= 8 Ω
$R_{g\text{off}}$	= 8 Ω

Figure 1

IGBT

Typical average static loss as a function of output current

$$P_{\text{loss}} = f(I_{\text{out}})$$

**At**

$$T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

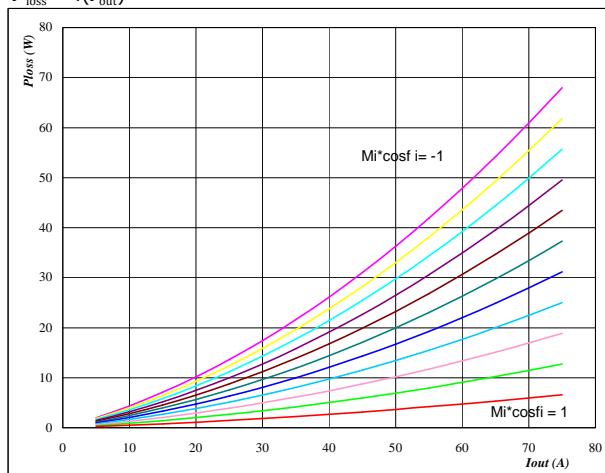
Mi*cosphi from -1 to 1 in steps of 0,2

Figure 2

FWD

Typical average static loss as a function of output current

$$P_{\text{loss}} = f(I_{\text{out}})$$

**At**

$$T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

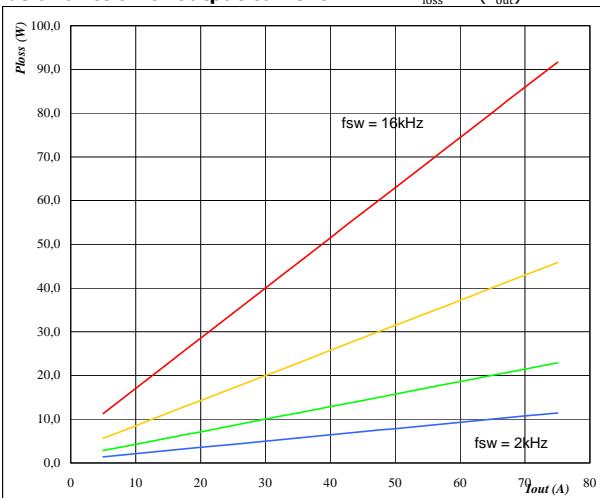
Mi*cosphi from -1 to 1 in steps of 0,2

Figure 3

IGBT

Typical average switching loss as a function of output current

$$P_{\text{loss}} = f(I_{\text{out}})$$

**At**

$$T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

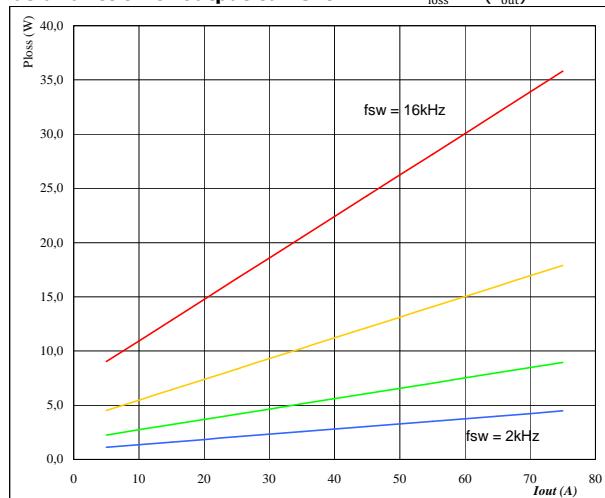
$$\text{DC-link} = 600 \text{ V}$$

 f_{sw} from 2 kHz to 16 kHz in steps of factor 2**Figure 4**

FWD

Typical average switching loss as a function of output current

$$P_{\text{loss}} = f(I_{\text{out}})$$

**At**

$$T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\text{DC-link} = 600 \text{ V}$$

 f_{sw} from 2 kHz to 16 kHz in steps of factor 2

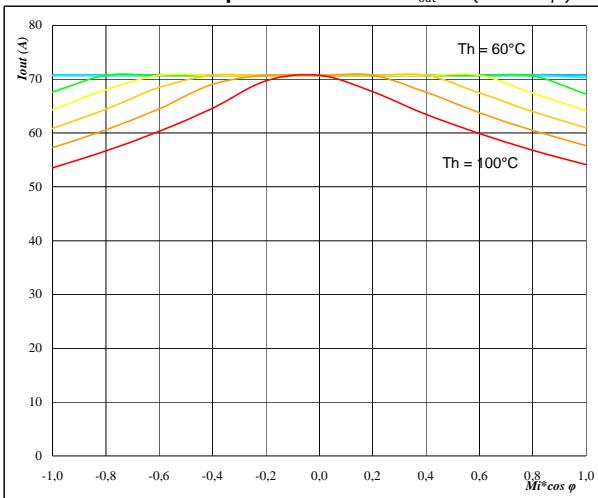
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Figure 5
**Typical available 50Hz output current
as a function $M_i \cos \varphi$**

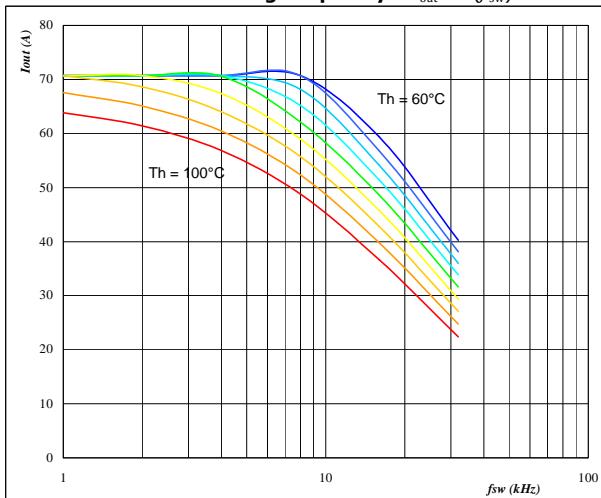
$$I_{out} = f(M_i \cos \varphi)$$



Phase

Figure 6
**Typical available 50Hz output current
as a function of switching frequency**

$$I_{out} = f(f_{sw})$$



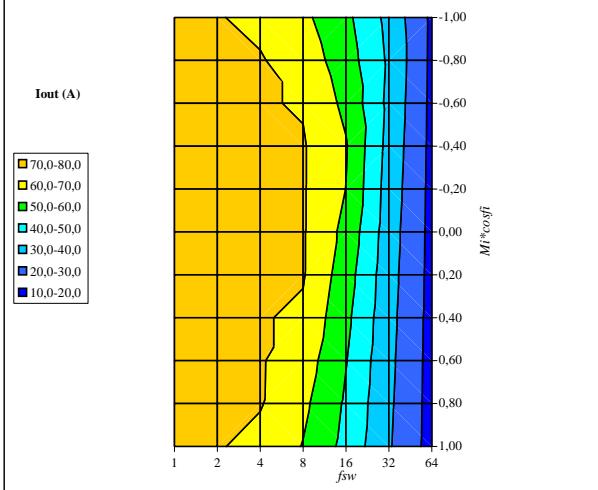
Phase

At
 $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

DC-link = 600 V

 $f_{sw} = 4 \text{ kHz}$
 T_h from 60°C to 100°C in steps of 5°C
Figure 7
**Typical available 50Hz output current as a function of
 $M_i \cos \varphi$ and switching frequency**

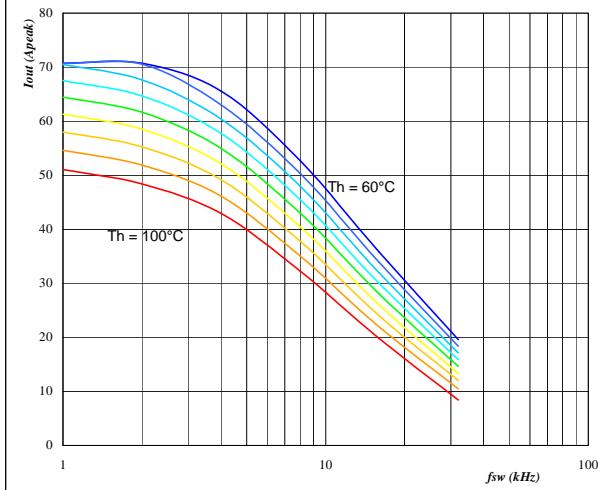
$$I_{out} = f(f_{sw}, M_i \cos \varphi)$$



Phase

Figure 8
**Typical available 0Hz output current as a function
of switching frequency**

$$I_{outpeak} = f(f_{sw})$$



Phase

At
 $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

DC-link = 600 V

 $T_h = 80 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
At
 $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

DC-link = 600 V

 T_h from 60°C to 100°C in steps of 5°C
 $M_i = 0$

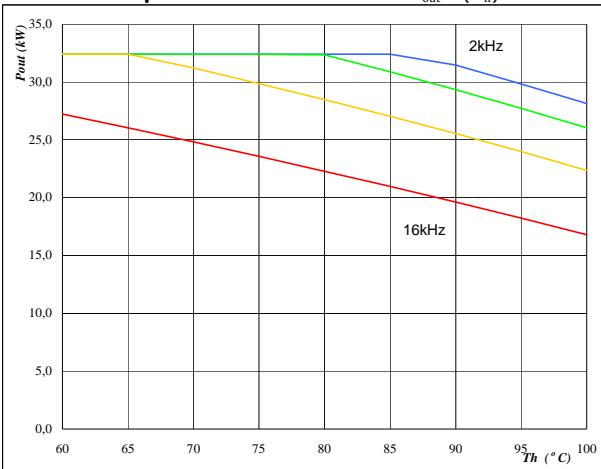
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flow PHASE 0**Output Inverter Application****1200 V / 50 A****Figure 9**

Inverter

Typical available peak output power as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{out} = f(T_h)$$

**At**

$$T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\text{DC-link} = 600 \text{ V}$$

$$M_i = 1$$

$$\cos \varphi = 0,80$$

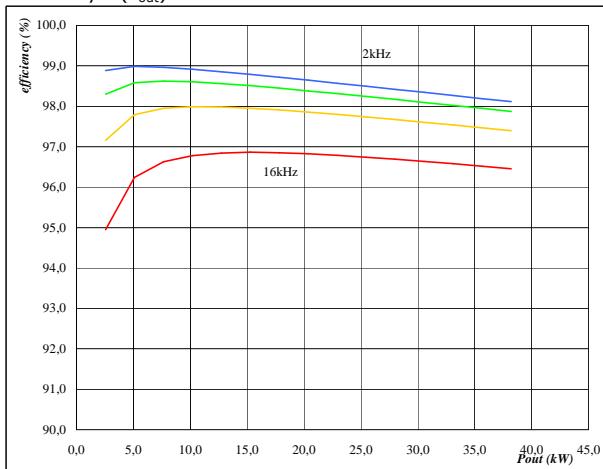
f_{sw} from 2 kHz to 16 kHz in steps of factor 2

Figure 10

Inverter

Typical efficiency as a function of output power

$$\text{efficiency} = f(P_{out})$$

**At**

$$T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\text{DC-link} = 600 \text{ V}$$

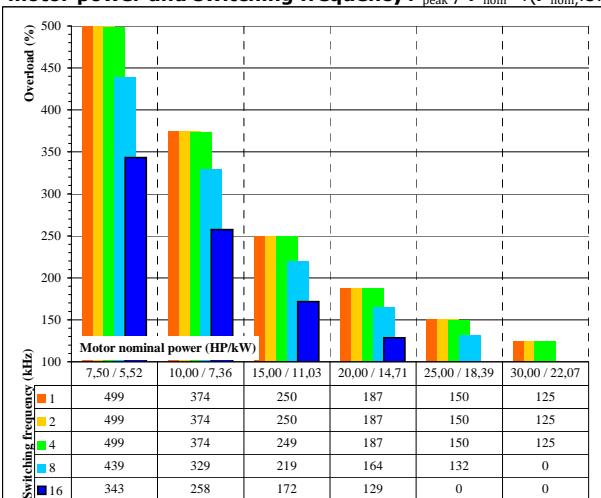
$$M_i = 1$$

$$\cos \varphi = 0,80$$

f_{sw} from 2 kHz to 16 kHz in steps of factor 2

Figure 11

Inverter

Typical available overload factor as a function of motor power and switching frequency**At**

$$T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\text{DC-link} = 600 \text{ V}$$

$$M_i = 1$$

$$\cos \varphi = 0,8$$

f_{sw} from 1 kHz to 16 kHz in steps of factor 2

$$T_h = 80 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\text{Motor eff} = 0,85$$