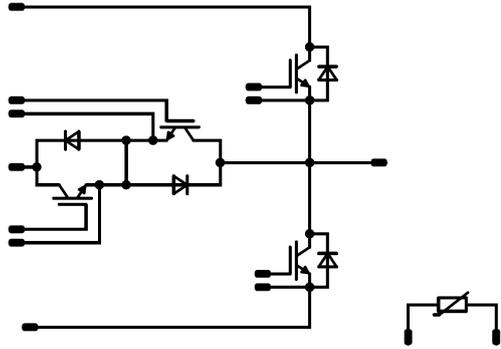




Vincotech

<i>flowMNPC 0</i>	1200 V / 80 A
<div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;">Features</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Three-level MNPC topology High reactive power capability Low inductive layout Improved LVRT capability Enhanced thermal performance 	<div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;">flow 0 12 mm housing</div> 
<div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;">Target applications</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Industrial Drives Solar Inverters UPS 	<div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;">Schematic</div> 
<div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;">Types</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 10-FS12NMA080SH08-M260F98 	

Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
Boost Switch				
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}		650	V
Collector current	I_C	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	62	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	320	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	101	W
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GES}		±30	V
Short circuit ratings	t_{SC}	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ $V_{CE} \leq 360\text{ V}$ $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$	2	μs
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C



Vincotech

Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
Boost Diode				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		1200	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	49	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	100	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	87	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C

Buck Switch

Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}		1200	V
Collector current	I_C	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	77	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	240	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	192	W
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GES}		±20	V
Short circuit ratings	t_{SC}	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ $V_{CE} = 800\text{ V}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	10	µs
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C

Buck Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		650	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	58	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}		320	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	82	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C



Vincotech

Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
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Module Properties

Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	T_{top}		-40...(T _{max} - 25)	°C

Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	V_{isol}	DC Test Voltage* $t_p = 2\text{ s}$	6000	V
		AC Voltage $t_p = 1\text{ min}$	2500	V
Creepage distance			min. 12,7	mm
Clearance			8,72	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI		> 200	

*100 % tested in production



Vincotech

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	I_D [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

Boost Switch

Static

Parameter	Symbol	V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	I_D [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$		5		0,0571	25	5	6	7	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V_{CEsat}	15			80	25 125 150		1,65 1,69 1,75	1,9	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	I_{CES}	0	650			25			10	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}	30	0			25			200	nA
Internal gate resistance	r_g							none		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{ies}							4810		pF
Output capacitance	C_{oes}	$f = 1$ Mhz	0	30		25		184		
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}							79		
Gate charge	Q_g	15	400	80		25		171		nC

Thermal

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)		0,94		K/W

Dynamic

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	I_D [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{gon} = 4$ Ω $R_{goff} = 4$ Ω					25		56		ns
							125		58		
							150		58		
Rise time	t_r						25		5		
							125		5		
							150		6		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$						25		76		
						125		89			
						150		92			
Fall time	t_f					25		47			
						125		44			
						150		54			
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	E_{on}	$Q_{tFWD} = 5,6$ μC					25		0,263		mWs
		$Q_{tFWD} = 7,6$ μC					125		0,368		
		$Q_{tFWD} = 8,4$ μC					150		0,420		
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	E_{off}						25		0,758		
							125		1,22		
							150		1,33		



Vincotech

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A]	I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	
Boost Diode										
fStatic										
Forward voltage	V_F			50		25 125 150		1,66 1,78 1,79	2,1	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R		1200			25			40	μA
Thermal										
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,09		K/W
Dynamic										
Peak recovery current	I_{RRM}					25 125 150		150 149 154		A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					25 125 150		34 112 115		ns
Recovered charge	Q_r	$di/dt = 15050$ A/μs $di/dt = 12587$ A/μs $di/dt = 12212$ A/μs	±15	350	55	25 125 150		5,62 7,56 8,39		μC
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}					25 125 150		1,51 2,08 2,31		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$					25 125 150		10000 9986 9495		A/μs



Vincotech

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	I_D [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

Buck Switch

Static

Parameter	Symbol	V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	I_D [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$		$V_{GE} = V_{CE}$			0,003	25	5,2	5,8	6,4	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V_{CEsat}			15		80	25 125 150	1,7	1,99 2,33 2,41	2,4	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	I_{CES}			0	1200		25			10	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}			20	0		25			240	nA
Internal gate resistance	r_g							none			Ω
Input capacitance	C_{ies}							4660			pF
Output capacitance	C_{oes}		$f = 1$ Mhz	0	25	25		300			
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}							260			
Gate charge	Q_g			15	960	80	25		370		nC

Thermal

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)	0,50	K/W

Dynamic

Parameter	Symbol	V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	I_D [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$					25 125 150		78 78 78		ns
Rise time	t_r					25 125 150		12 15 15		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25 125 150		179 235 248		
Fall time	t_f					25 125 150		54 89 107		
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	E_{on}					25 125 150		0,806 1,35 1,38		mWs
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	E_{off}					25 125 150		1,47 2,71 2,73		



Vincotech

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		V_{GE} [V]	V_{CE} [V]	I_C [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

Buck Diode

Static

Parameter	Symbol	V_{GE} [V]	V_{CE} [V]	I_C [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Forward voltage	V_F			80	25 125 150		1,55 1,62 1,62	1,9	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R		650		25			10	μA

Thermal

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)	1,15	K/W

Dynamic

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit	
Peak recovery current	I_{RRM}		25 125 150	82 84 86	
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}		25 125 150	42 109 125	
Recovered charge	Q_r	$di/dt = 3491$ A/μs $di/dt = 3563$ A/μs $di/dt = 3610$ A/μs	±15 350 55	25 125 150	2,04 3,64 4,16
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}		25 125 150	0,314 0,665 0,771	
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$		25 125 150	6568 4238 3040	

Thermistor

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Rated resistance	R		25	22
Deviation of R_{100}	$\Delta_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 1484$ Ω	100	-5
Power dissipation	P		25	5
Power dissipation constant			25	1,5
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. ±1 %	25	3962
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. ±1 %	25	4000
Vincotech NTC Reference				I

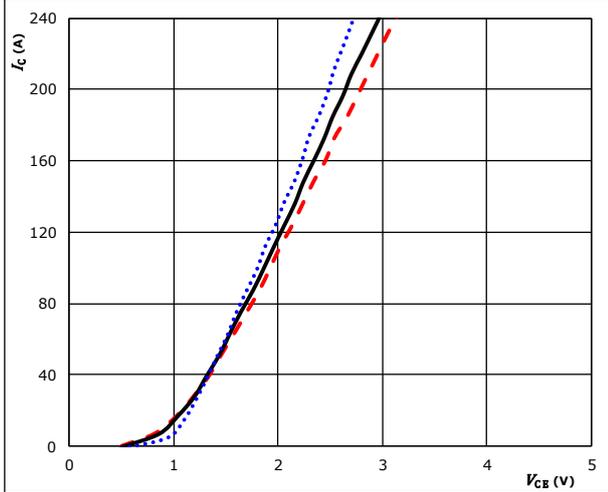


Boost Switch Characteristics

figure 1. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

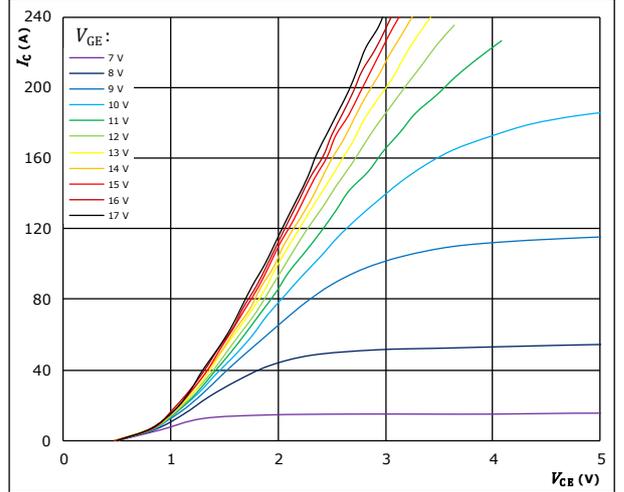


$t_p = 250 \mu s$ $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ C$
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$ $T_j: 125 \text{ }^\circ C$ ———
 $T_j: 150 \text{ }^\circ C$ - - - - -

figure 2. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

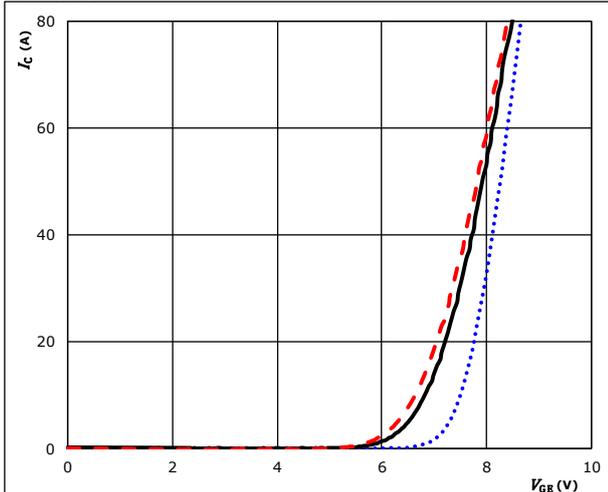


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 3. IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{GE})$

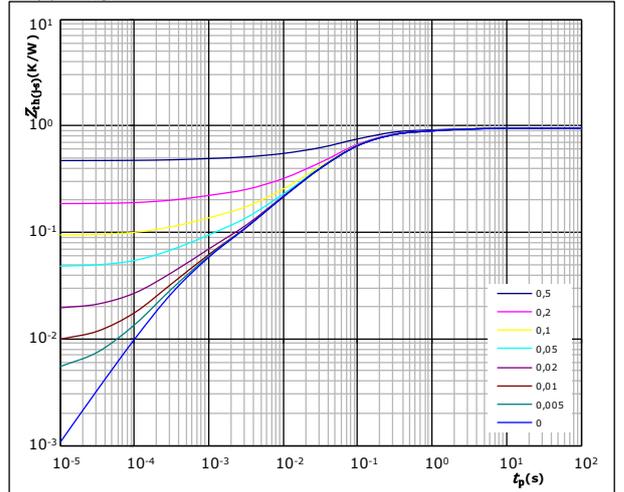


$t_p = 100 \mu s$ $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ C$
 $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ $T_j: 125 \text{ }^\circ C$ ———
 $T_j: 150 \text{ }^\circ C$ - - - - -

figure 4. IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as function of pulse duration

$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,94 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
6,31E-02	2,59E+00
1,02E-01	4,41E-01
4,73E-01	8,37E-02
1,96E-01	2,52E-02
6,91E-02	4,70E-03
3,59E-02	4,42E-04

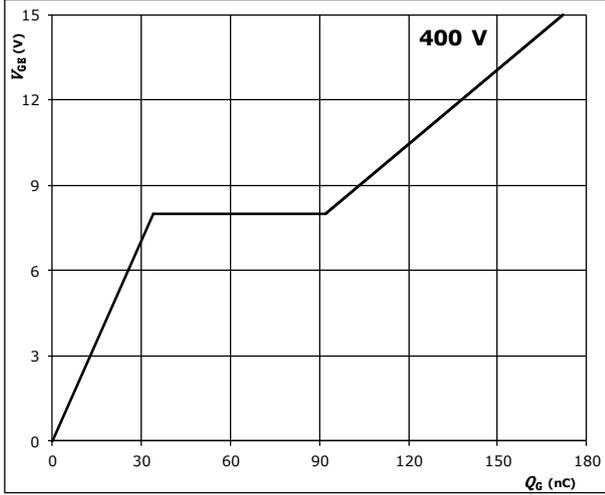


Boost Switch Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT

Gate voltage vs gate charge

$V_{GE} = f(Q_G)$

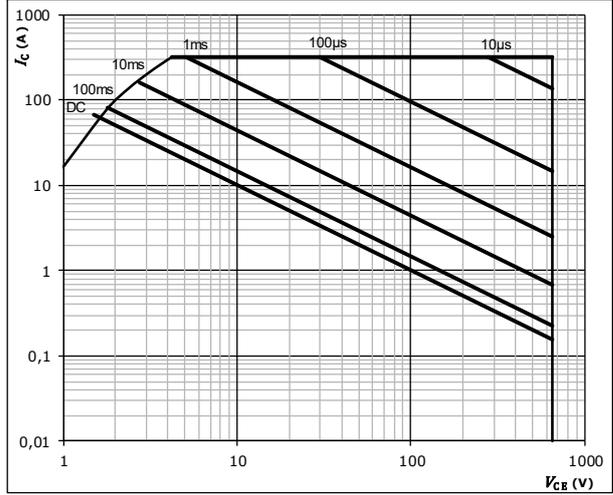


$I_C = 80$ A
 $T_j = 25$ °C

figure 6. IGBT

Safe operating area

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



$D =$ single pulse
 $T_s = 80$ °C
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$

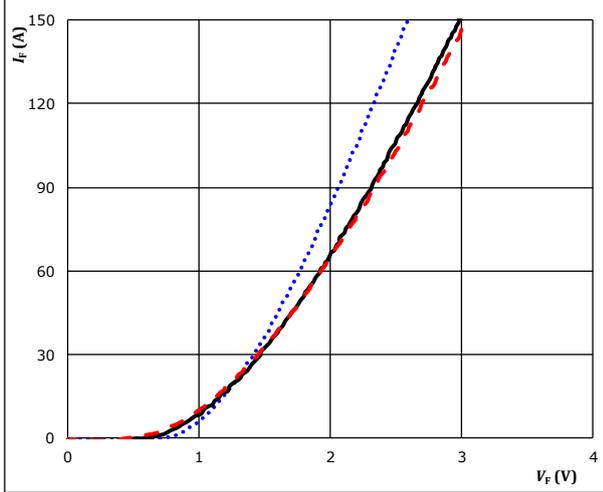


Boost Diode Characteristics

figure 1. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

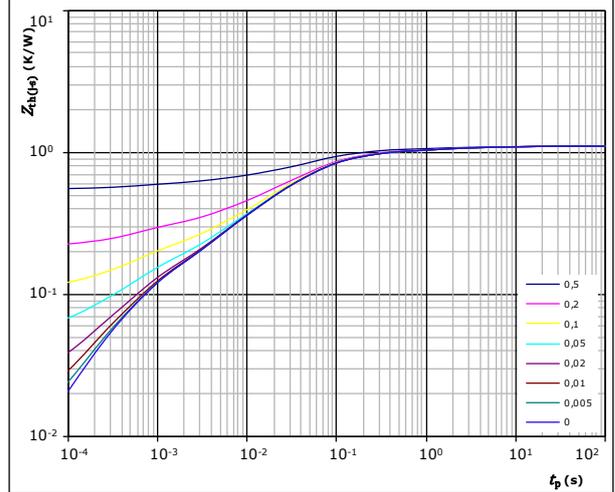


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 T_j : 25 °C
 125 °C ———
 150 °C - - - -

figure 2. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,09 \text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
4,05E-02	7,09E+00
8,82E-02	9,93E-01
2,80E-01	1,18E-01
4,48E-01	3,26E-02
1,45E-01	5,44E-03
9,23E-02	5,22E-04

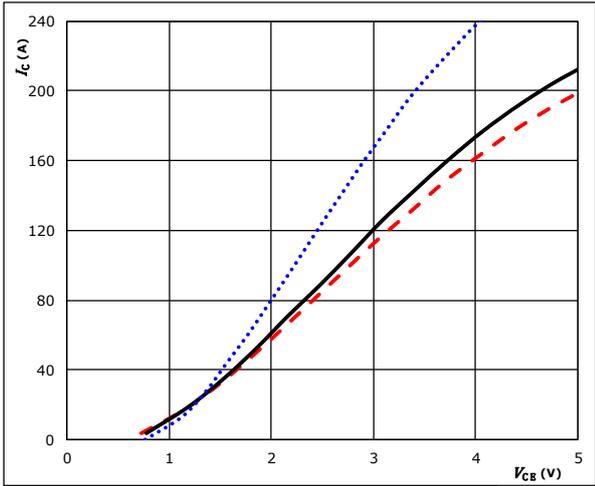


Buck Switch Characteristics

figure 1. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

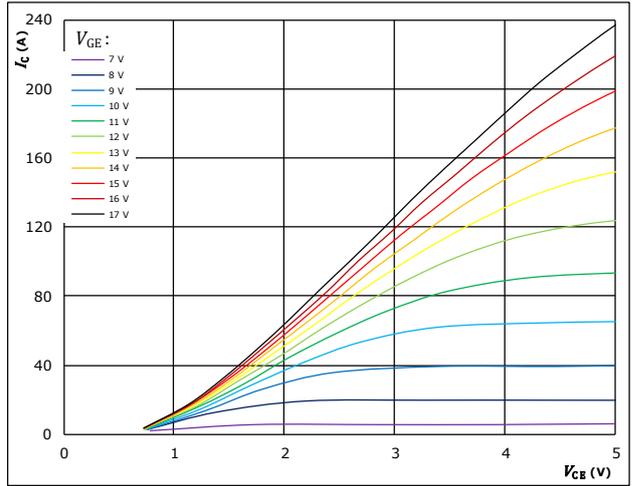


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$
 $T_j: 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$ (dotted blue)
 $125 \text{ } ^\circ C$ (solid black)
 $150 \text{ } ^\circ C$ (dashed red)

figure 2. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

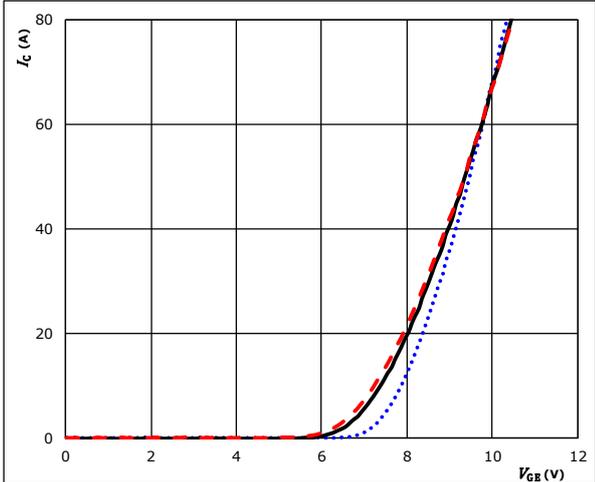


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 3. IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{GE})$

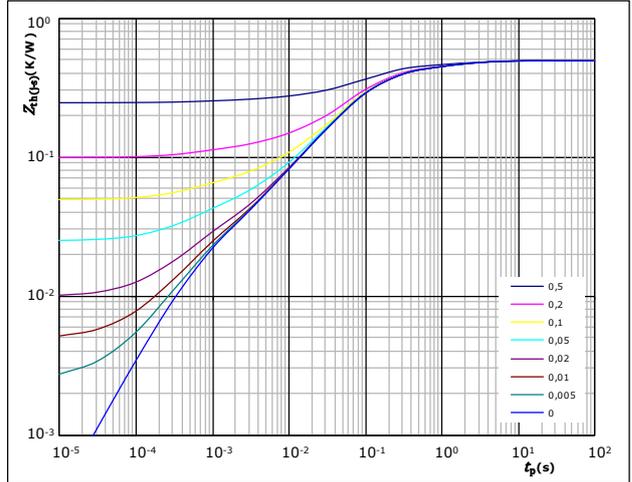


$t_p = 100 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$
 $T_j: 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$ (dotted blue)
 $125 \text{ } ^\circ C$ (solid black)
 $150 \text{ } ^\circ C$ (dashed red)

figure 4. IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as function of pulse duration

$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,50 \text{ K/W}$
 IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
6,04E-02	2,14E+00
7,39E-02	4,50E-01
2,54E-01	9,48E-02
6,61E-02	3,38E-02
2,51E-02	5,63E-03
1,59E-02	6,08E-04

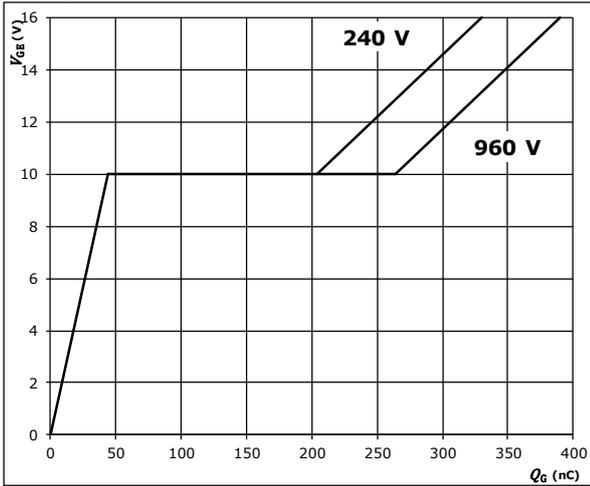


Buck Switch Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT

Gate voltage vs gate charge

$V_{GE} = f(Q_G)$

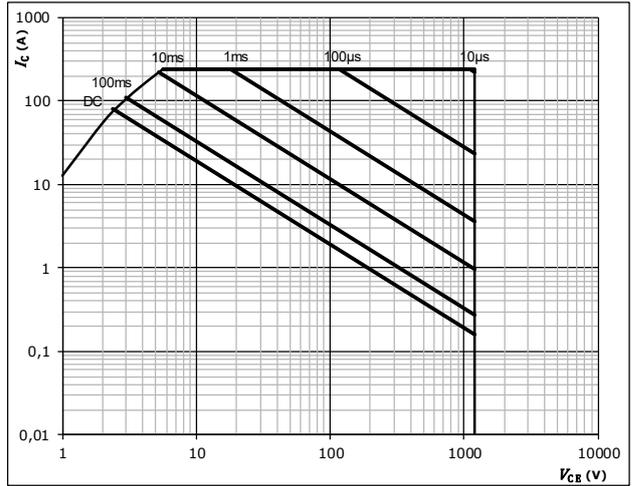


$I_C = 80 \text{ A}$

figure 6. IGBT

Safe operating area

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

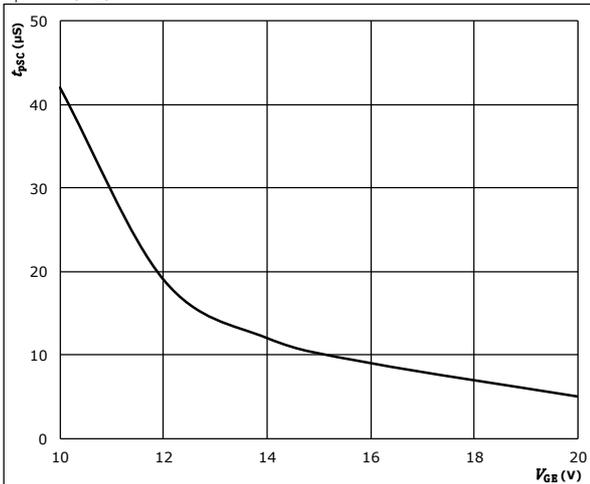


$D =$ single pulse
 $T_s = 80 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$

figure 7. IGBT

Short circuit duration as a function of V_{GE}

$t_{pSC} = f(V_{GE})$

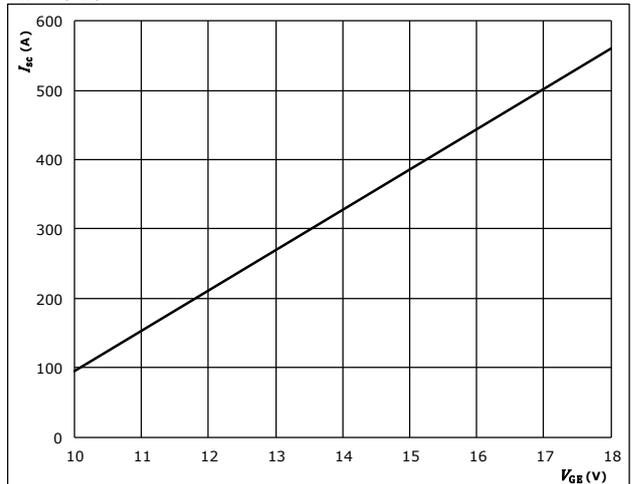


$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $T_j \leq 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

figure 8. IGBT

Typical short circuit current as a function of V_{GE}

$I_{SC} = f(V_{GE})$



$V_{CE} \leq 600 \text{ V}$
 $T_j \leq 25 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

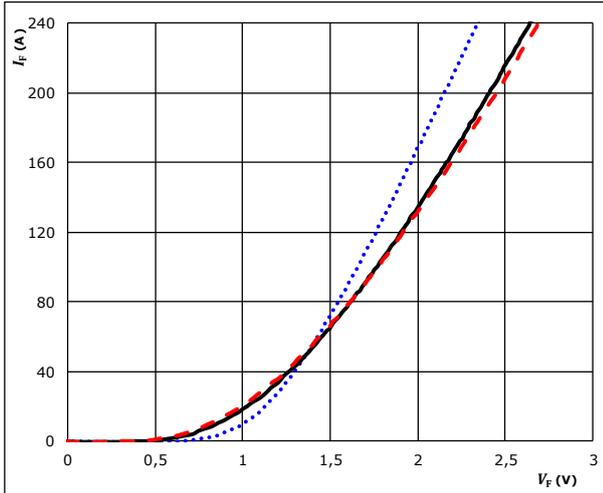


Buck Diode Characteristics

figure 1. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

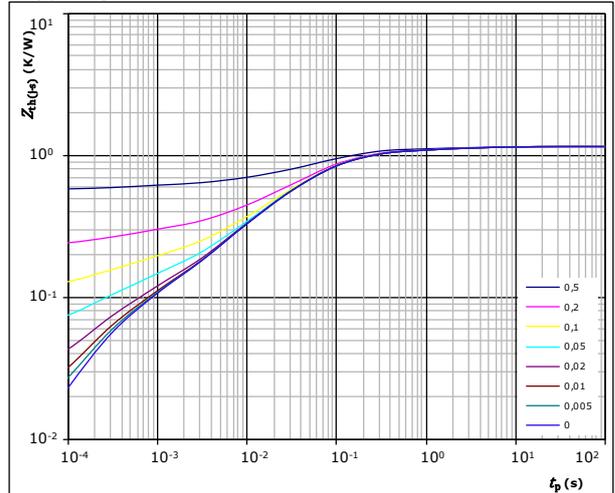


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 T_j : 25 °C
 125 °C ———
 150 °C - - - -

figure 2. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,15 \text{ K/W}$
 FWD thermal model values

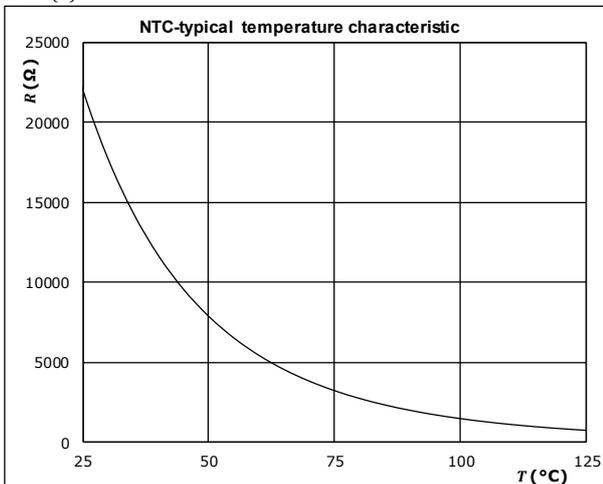
R (K/W)	τ (s)
5,84E-02	4,16E+00
1,14E-01	5,35E-01
5,44E-01	8,00E-02
2,68E-01	2,04E-02
9,87E-02	4,10E-03
6,88E-02	3,19E-04

Thermistor Characteristics

figure 1. Thermistor

Typical NTC characteristic as a function of temperature

$$R = f(T)$$



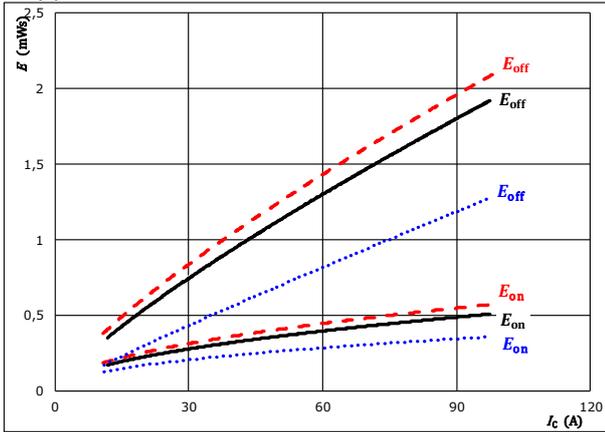


Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 1. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_c)$$

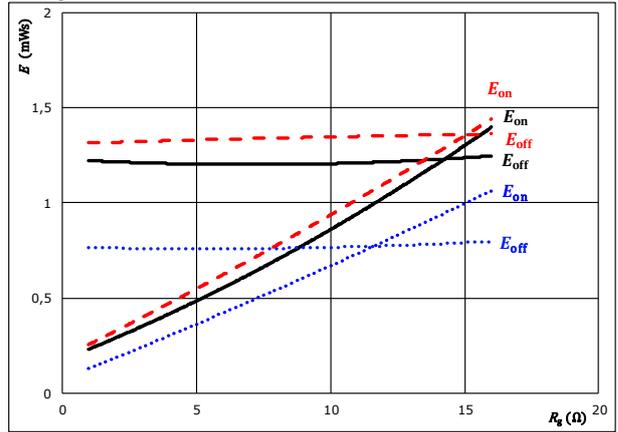


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{g\text{on}} = 4$ Ω
 $R_{g\text{off}} = 4$ Ω
 $T_j: 25$ °C
 125 °C
 150 °C

figure 2. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

$$E = f(R_g)$$

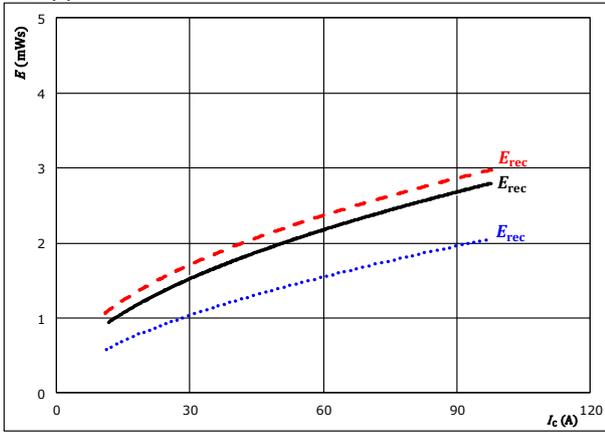


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 55$ A
 $T_j: 25$ °C
 125 °C
 150 °C

figure 3. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_c)$$

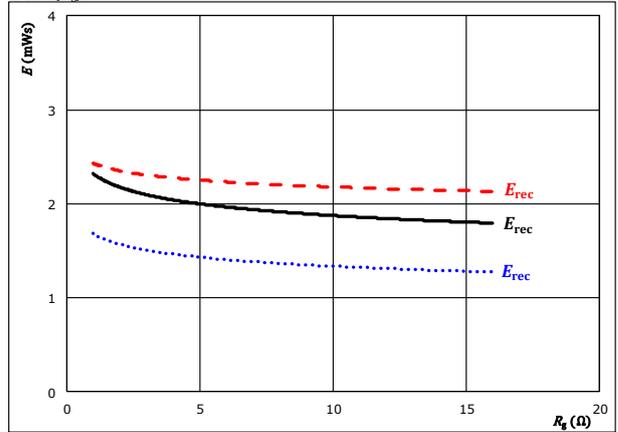


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{g\text{on}} = 4$ Ω
 $T_j: 25$ °C
 125 °C
 150 °C

figure 4. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 55$ A
 $T_j: 25$ °C
 125 °C
 150 °C

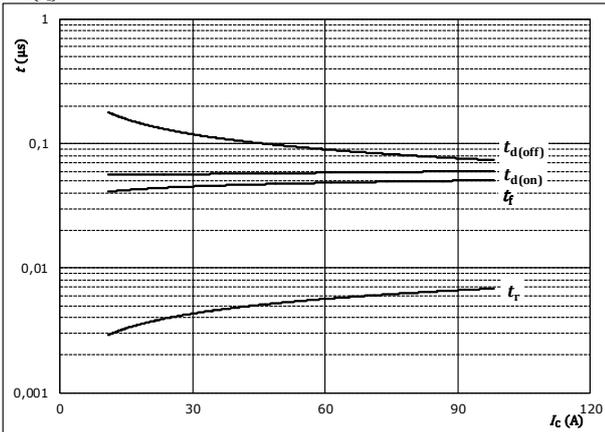


Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_C)$$



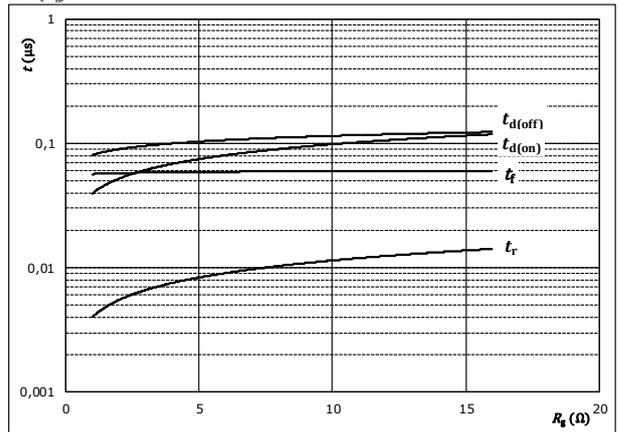
With an inductive load at

$T_j = 150$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω
 $R_{goff} = 4$ Ω

figure 6. IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(R_g)$$



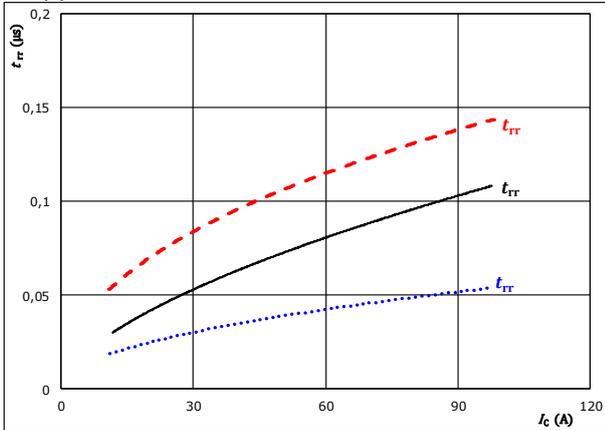
With an inductive load at

$T_j = 150$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_C = 55$ A

figure 7. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$$



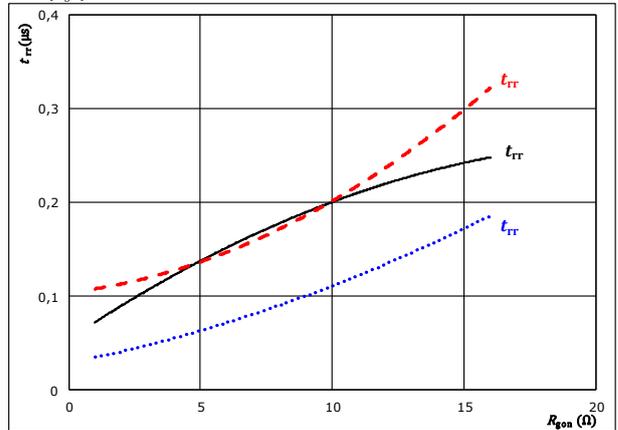
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω
 $T_j: 25$ °C (dotted blue)
 125 °C (solid black)
 150 °C (dashed red)

figure 8. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_C = 55$ A
 $T_j: 25$ °C (dotted blue)
 125 °C (solid black)
 150 °C (dashed red)

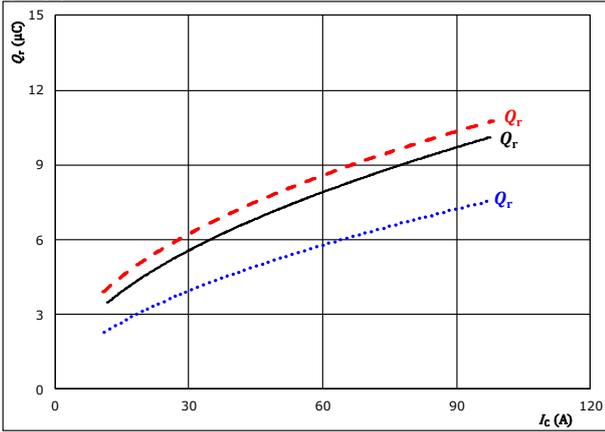


Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 9. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$

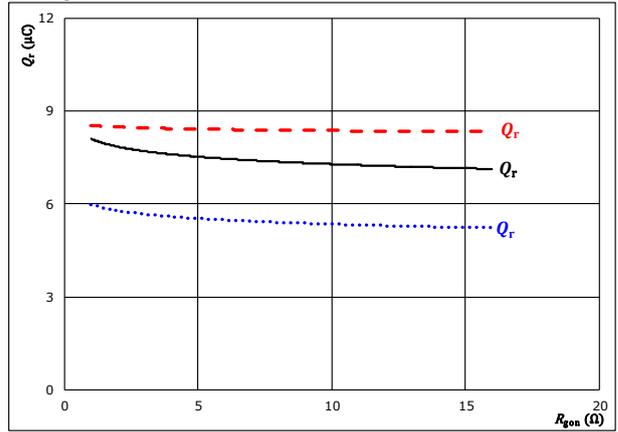


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω
 T_j : 25 °C (blue dotted), 125 °C (black solid), 150 °C (red dashed)

figure 10. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$

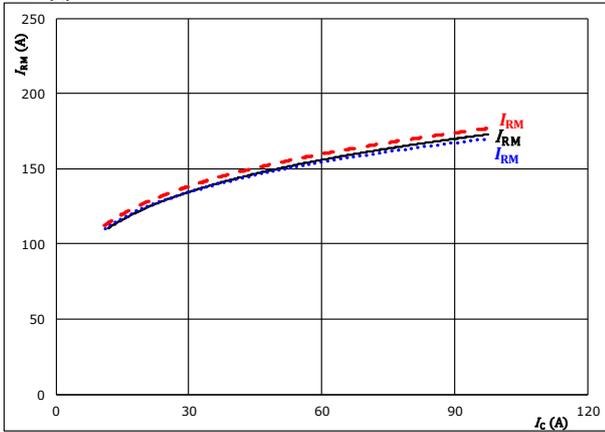


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 55$ A
 T_j : 25 °C (blue dotted), 125 °C (black solid), 150 °C (red dashed)

figure 11. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$

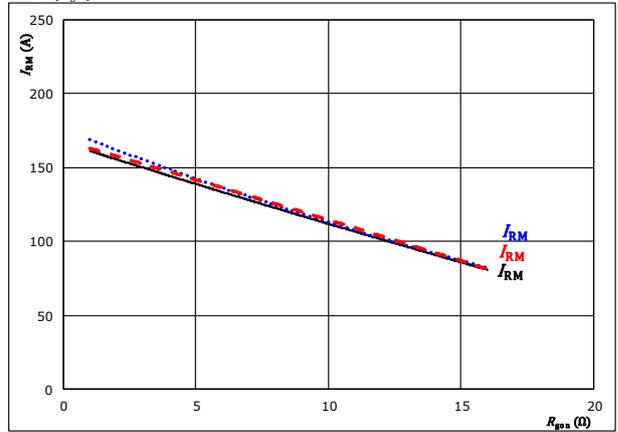


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω
 T_j : 25 °C (blue dotted), 125 °C (black solid), 150 °C (red dashed)

figure 12. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



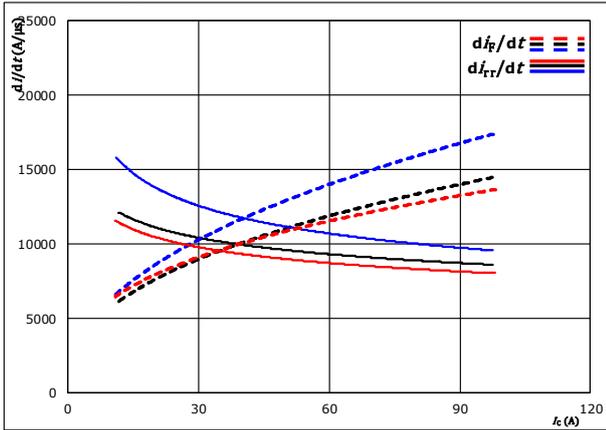
With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 55$ A
 T_j : 25 °C (blue dotted), 125 °C (black solid), 150 °C (red dashed)



Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 13. FWD

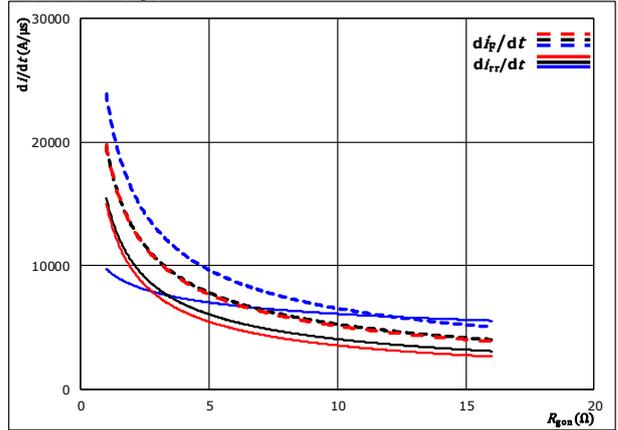
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{g\text{on}} = 4$ Ω
 $T_j = 125$ °C
 150 °C

figure 14. FWD

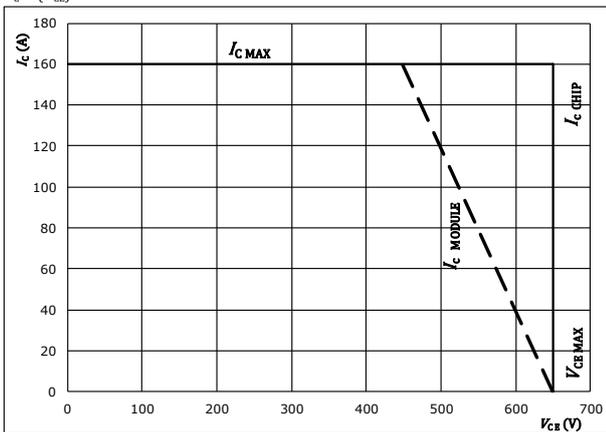
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{g\text{on}})$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_C = 55$ A
 $T_j = 125$ °C
 150 °C

figure 15. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



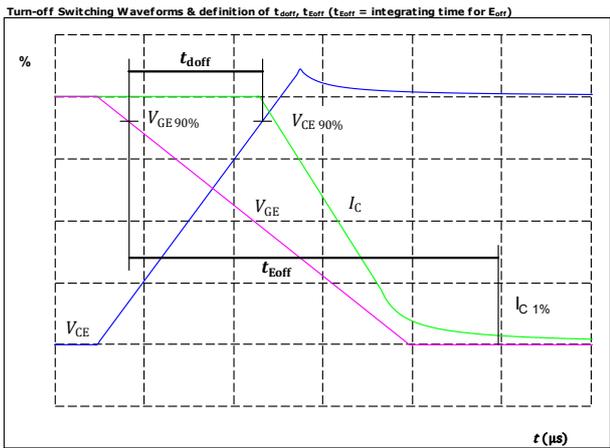
At
 $T_j = 125$ °C
 $R_{g\text{on}} = 4$ Ω
 $R_{g\text{off}} = 4$ Ω



Boost Switching Definitions

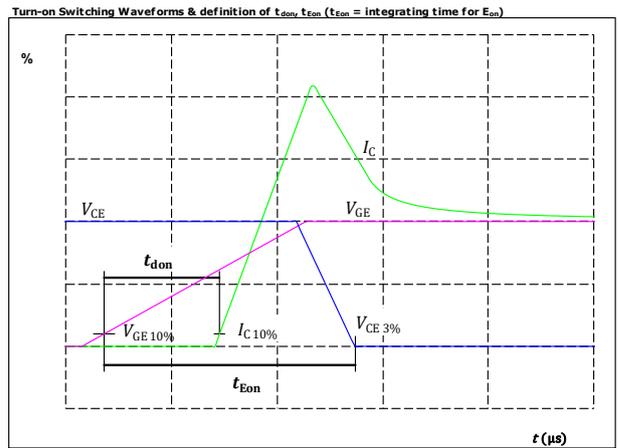
General conditions		
T_j	=	125 °C
R_{gon}	=	4 Ω
R_{goff}	=	4 Ω

figure 1. IGBT



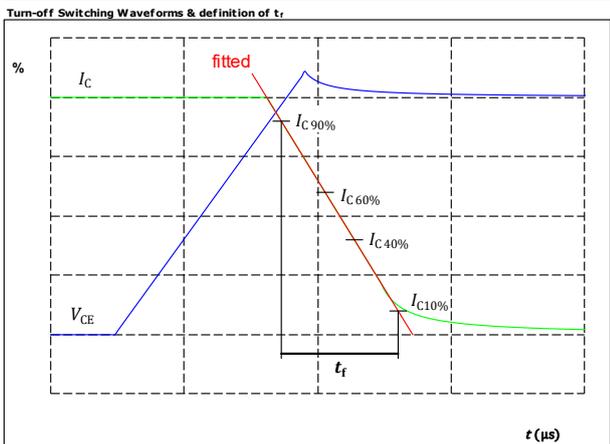
$V_{CE}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	55	A
$t_{doff} =$	89	ns

figure 2. IGBT



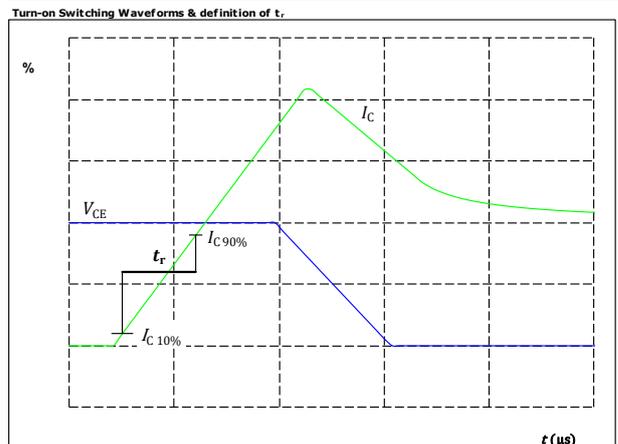
$V_{CE}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	55	A
$t_{don} =$	58	ns

figure 3. IGBT



$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	55	A
$t_f =$	44	ns

figure 4. IGBT

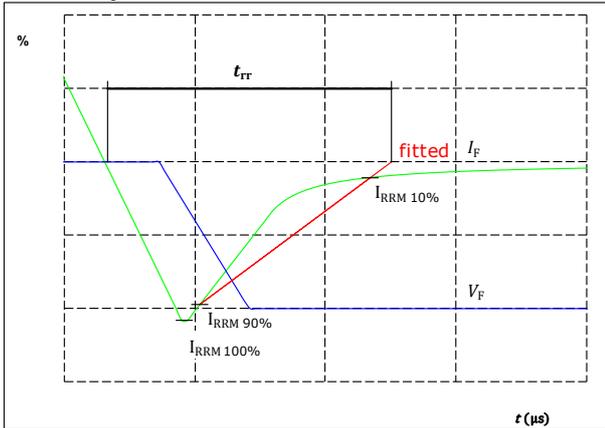


$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	55	A
$t_r =$	5	ns



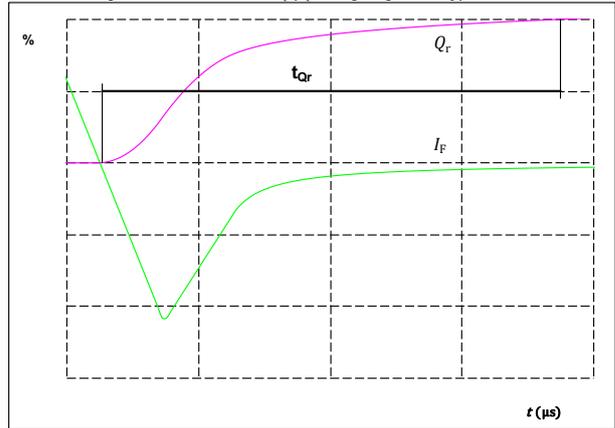
Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 5. FWD
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{rr}



$V_F(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_F(100\%) =$	55	A
$I_{RRM}(100\%) =$	149	A
$t_{rr} =$	112	ns

figure 6. FWD
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Qr} ($t_{Qr} =$ integrating time for Q_r)



$I_F(100\%) =$	55	A
$Q_r(100\%) =$	0	μC

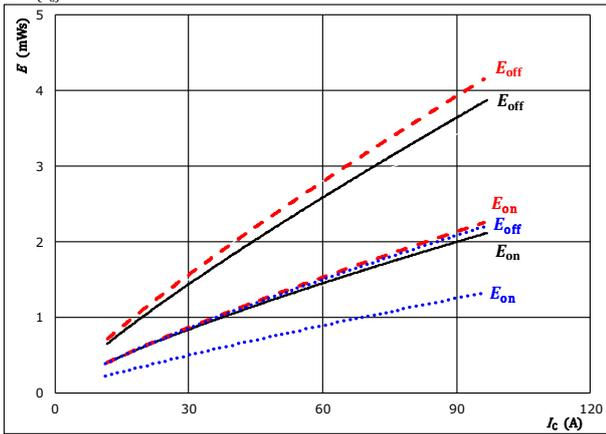


Buck Switching Characteristics

figure 1. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

$E = f(I_c)$

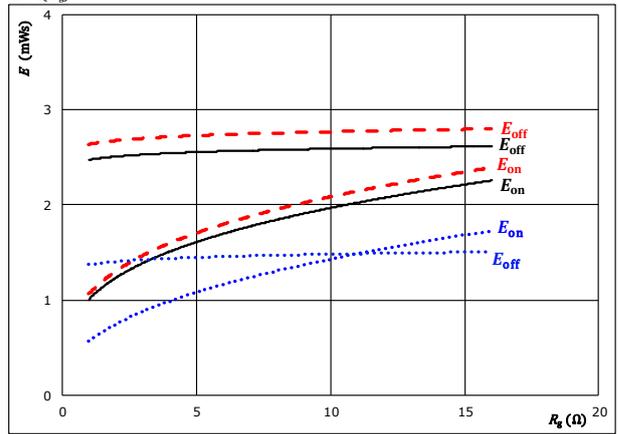


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω
 $R_{goff} = 4$ Ω
 $T_j: 25$ °C
 125 °C
 150 °C

figure 2. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

$E = f(R_g)$

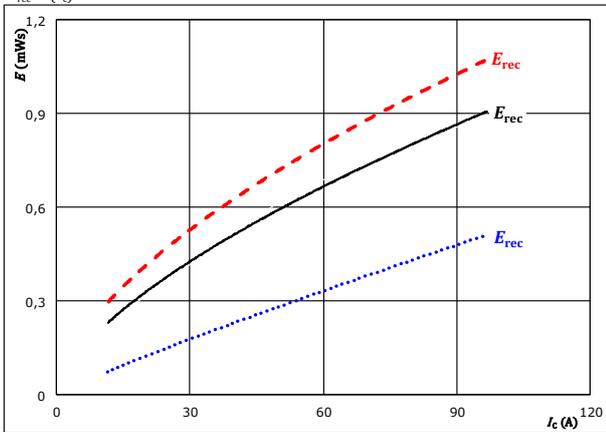


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 55$ A
 $T_j: 25$ °C
 125 °C
 150 °C

figure 3. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current

$E_{rec} = f(I_c)$

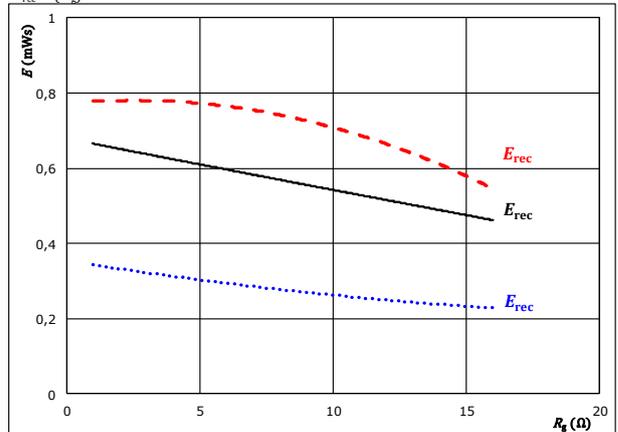


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω
 $T_j: 25$ °C
 125 °C
 150 °C

figure 4. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor

$E_{rec} = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 55$ A
 $T_j: 25$ °C
 125 °C
 150 °C

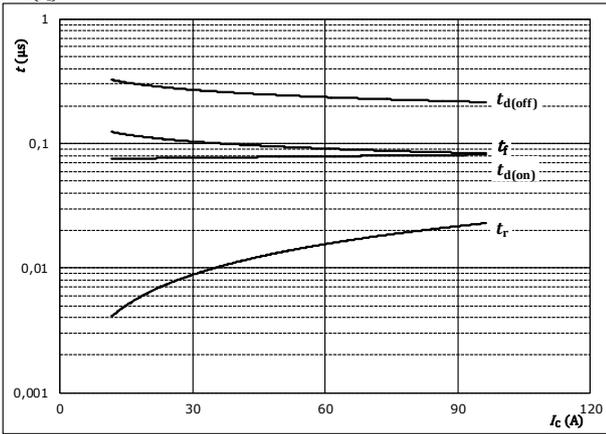


Buck Switching Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_C)$$



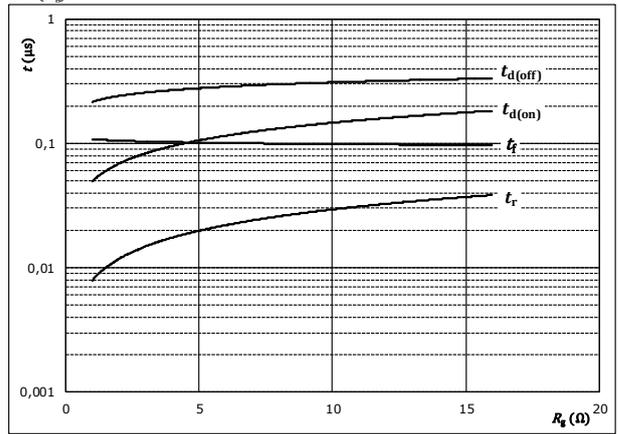
With an inductive load at

$T_j = 150$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{g\text{on}} = 4$ Ω
 $R_{g\text{off}} = 4$ Ω

figure 6. IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(R_g)$$



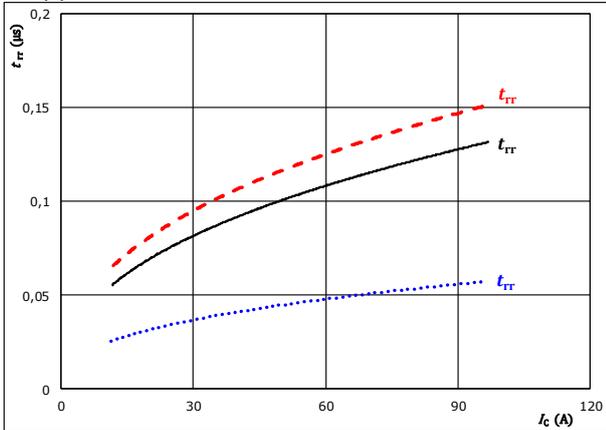
With an inductive load at

$T_j = 150$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_C = 55$ A

figure 7. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$$



With an inductive load at

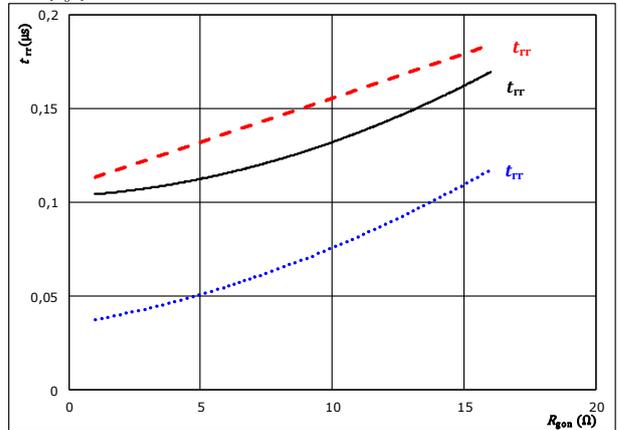
$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{g\text{on}} = 4$ Ω

T_j : 25 °C (dotted)
 125 °C (solid)
 150 °C (dashed)

figure 8. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{g\text{on}})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_C = 55$ A

T_j : 25 °C (dotted)
 125 °C (solid)
 150 °C (dashed)

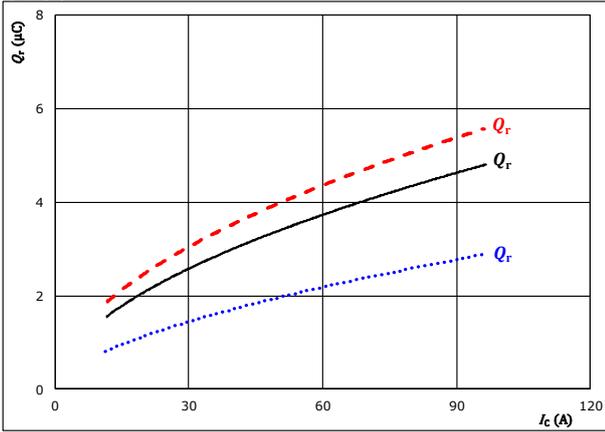


Buck Switching Characteristics

figure 9. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$

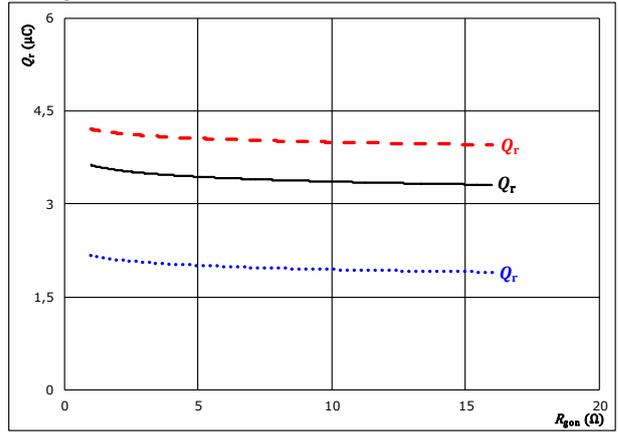


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω
 T_j : 25 °C (dotted blue), 125 °C (solid black), 150 °C (dashed red)

figure 10. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$

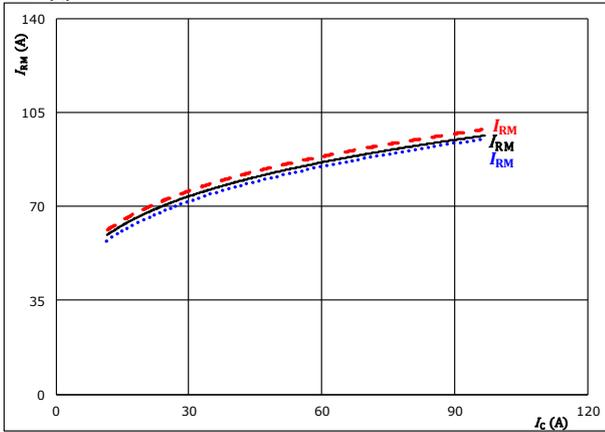


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 55$ A
 T_j : 25 °C (dotted blue), 125 °C (solid black), 150 °C (dashed red)

figure 11. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$

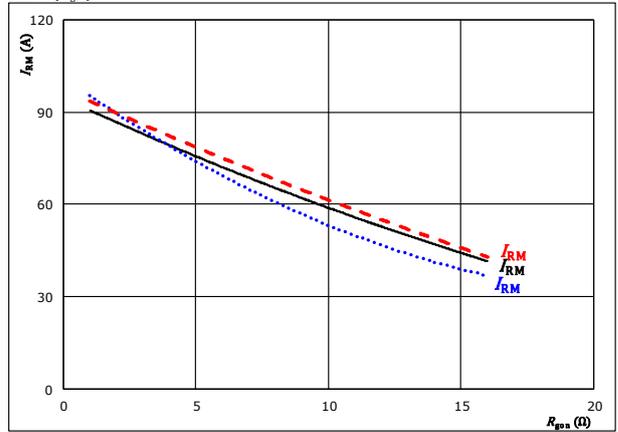


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω
 T_j : 25 °C (dotted blue), 125 °C (solid black), 150 °C (dashed red)

figure 12. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



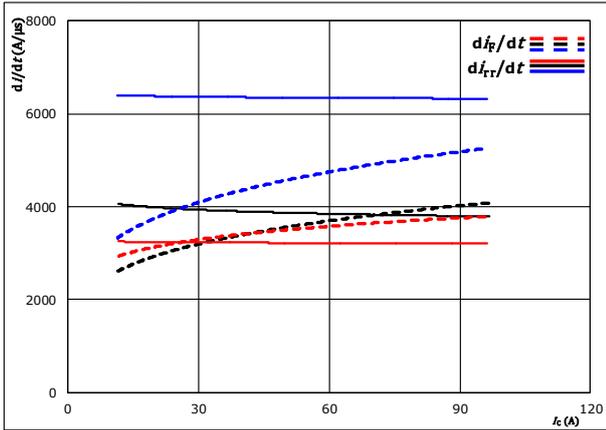
With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 55$ A
 T_j : 25 °C (dotted blue), 125 °C (solid black), 150 °C (dashed red)



Buck Switching Characteristics

figure 13. FWD

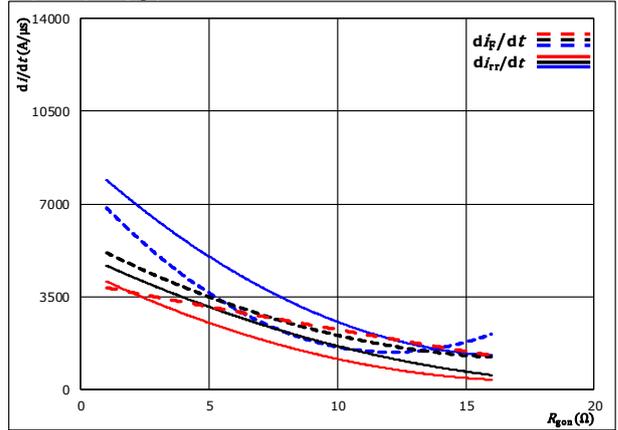
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω
 $T_j = 25$ °C
 150 °C

figure 14. FWD

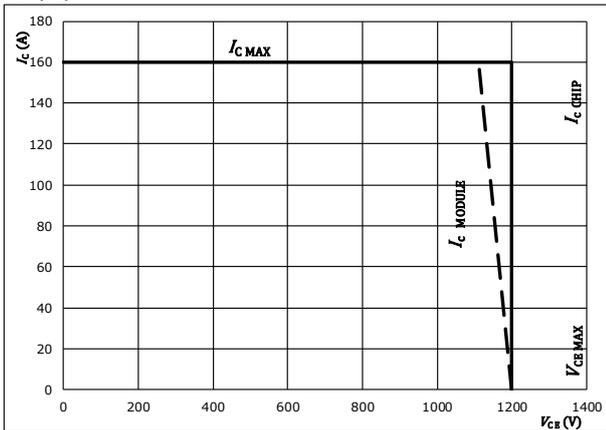
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 55$ A
 $T_j = 25$ °C
 150 °C

figure 15. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area
 $I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At
 $T_j = 125$ °C
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω
 $R_{goff} = 4$ Ω



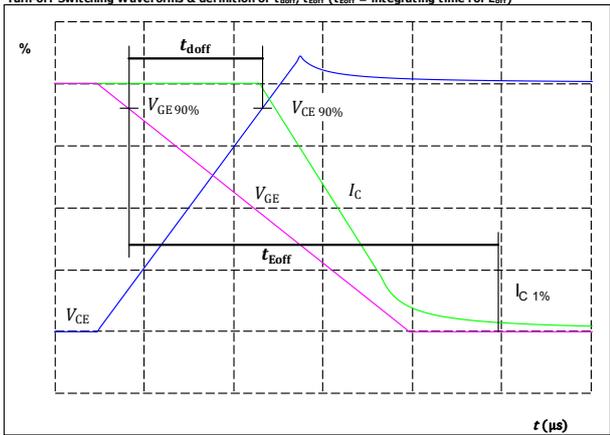
Buck Switching Definitions

General conditions

T_j	=	125 °C
R_{gon}	=	4 Ω
R_{goff}	=	4 Ω

figure 1. IGBT

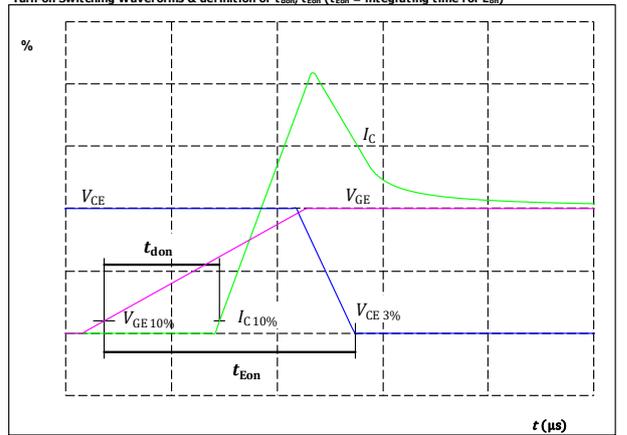
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} , t_{Eoff} (t_{Eoff} = integrating time for E_{off})



$V_{CE}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	55	A
$t_{doff} =$	235	ns

figure 2. IGBT

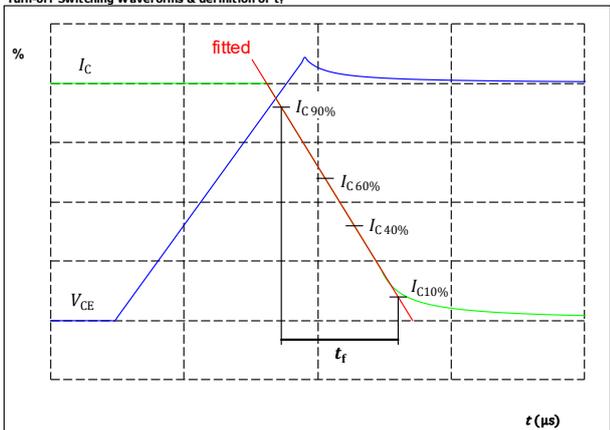
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} , t_{Eon} (t_{Eon} = integrating time for E_{on})



$V_{CE}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	55	A
$t_{don} =$	78	ns

figure 3. IGBT

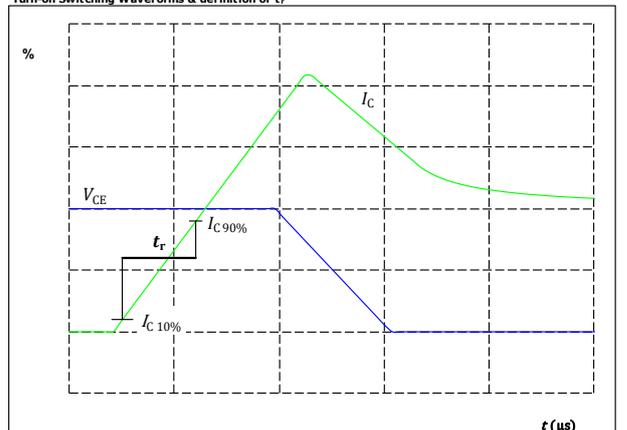
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f



$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	55	A
$t_f =$	89	ns

figure 4. IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r



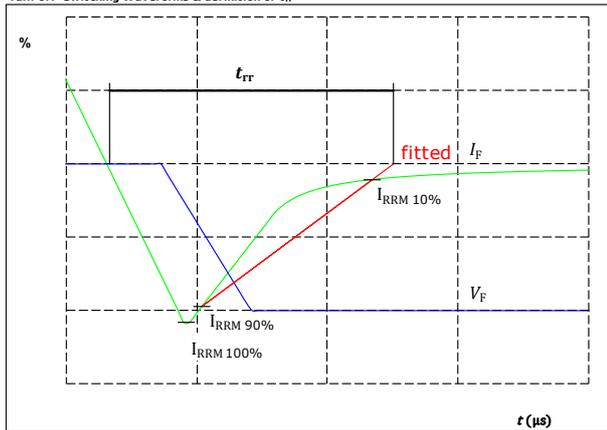
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	55	A
$t_r =$	15	ns



Vincotech

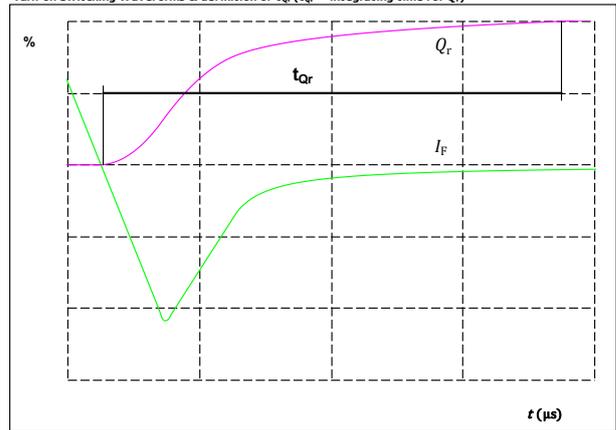
Buck Switching Characteristics

figure 5. FWD
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{rr}



$V_F(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_F(100\%) =$	55	A
$I_{RRM}(100\%) =$	84	A
$t_{rr} =$	109	ns

figure 6. FWD
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{qr} ($t_{qr} =$ integrating time for Q_r)



$I_F(100\%) =$	55	A
$Q_r(100\%) =$	0	μC



Vincotech

Ordering Code & Marking																																
Version			Ordering Code																													
without thermal paste 12 mm housing with solder pins			10-FS12NMA080SH08-M260F98																													
with thermal paste 12 mm housing with solder pins			10-FS12NMA080SH08-M260F98-/3/																													
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Text</th> <th colspan="2">Name</th> <th>Date code</th> <th>UL & VIN</th> <th>Lot</th> <th>Serial</th> </tr> <tr> <th>Type&Ver</th> <th>Lot number</th> <th>Serial</th> <th>Date code</th> <th></th> <th></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td rowspan="2"> NN-NNNNNNNNNNNN TTTTITW WWYY UL VIN LLLLL SSSS </td> <td colspan="2">NN-NNNNNNNNNNNN-TTTTITW</td> <td>WWYY</td> <td>UL VIN</td> <td>LLLLL</td> <td>SSSS</td> </tr> <tr> <td>TTTTITW</td> <td>LLLLL</td> <td>SSSS</td> <td>WWYY</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>							Text	Name		Date code	UL & VIN	Lot	Serial	Type&Ver	Lot number	Serial	Date code			NN-NNNNNNNNNNNN TTTTITW WWYY UL VIN LLLLL SSSS	NN-NNNNNNNNNNNN-TTTTITW		WWYY	UL VIN	LLLLL	SSSS	TTTTITW	LLLLL	SSSS	WWYY		
Text	Name		Date code	UL & VIN	Lot	Serial																										
	Type&Ver	Lot number	Serial	Date code																												
NN-NNNNNNNNNNNN TTTTITW WWYY UL VIN LLLLL SSSS	NN-NNNNNNNNNNNN-TTTTITW		WWYY	UL VIN	LLLLL	SSSS																										
	TTTTITW	LLLLL	SSSS	WWYY																												

Pin table			
Pin	X	Y	Function
1	33,6	0	S2
2	30,8	0	G2
3	22	0	-DC
4	19,2	0	-DC
5	10,1	0	GND
6	2,8	0	S4
7	0	0	G4
8	0	7,1	Line
9	0	9,9	Line
10	0	12,7	Line
11	0	15,5	Line
12	0	22,6	G3
13	2,8	22,6	S3
14	10,1	22,6	GND
15	19,2	22,6	+DC
16	22	22,6	+DC
17	30,8	22,6	G1
18	33,6	22,6	S1
19	33,6	14,8	NTC1
20	33,6	8,2	NTC2
21	Not assembled		
22	Not assembled		

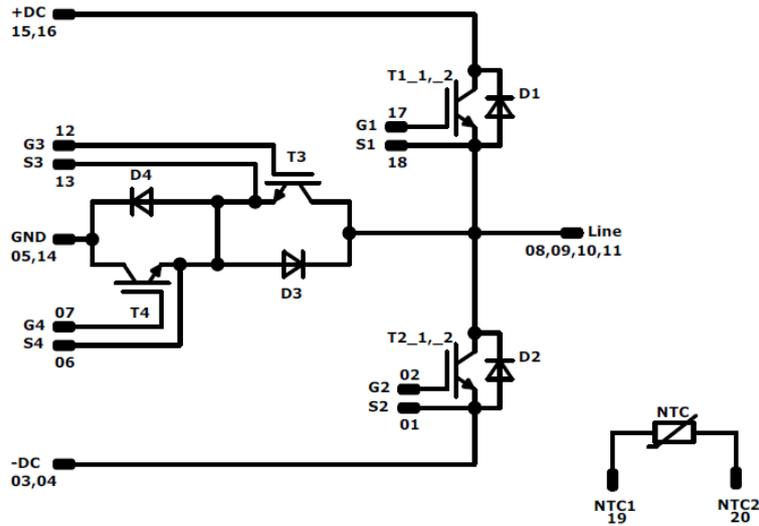
$\phi \pm 0.05$
 15.9 ± 0.5
 16.8
 11.3

Tolerance of pinpositions: $\pm 0.5\text{mm}$ at the end of pins
 Dimension of coordinate axis is only offset without tolerance



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Pinout



Identification

ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T3, T4	IGBT	650 V	80 A	Boost Switch	
D1, D2	FWD	1200 V	50 A	Boost Diode	
T1, T2	IGBT	1200 V	80 A	Buck Switch	
D4, D3	FWD	650 V	80 A	Buck Diode	
NTC	Thermistor			Thermistor	



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Packaging instruction			
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 135	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ Sample

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for <i>flow 0</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for <i>flow 0</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

UL recognition and file number
This device is certified according to UL 1557 standard, UL file number E192116. For more information see vincotech.com website. 

Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.