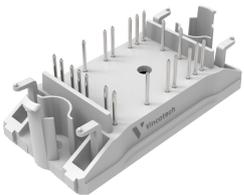
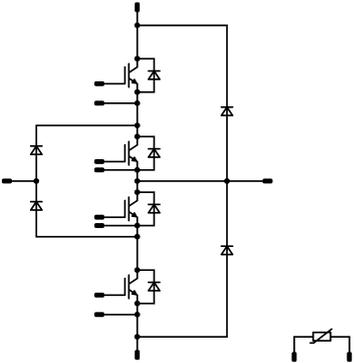




flowNPC 0 IGBT		1200 V / 50 A	
Features		flow 0 17 mm housing	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Neutral point clamped inverter• Reactive power capability• Low inductance layout• Improved LVRT capability			
Target applications		Schematic	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Solar inverter• UPS			
Types			
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 10-F007NRA050SG-P966F09			



Vincotech

Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Buck Switch				
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}		650	V
Collector current (DC current)	I_C	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	51	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	150	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	119	W
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GES}		± 20	V
Short circuit ratings	i_{SC}	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = 400\text{ V}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	5	μs
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Buck Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		650	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	23	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	70	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	I_{FSM}	Single Half Sine Wave, $t_p = 8,3\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	50	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	47	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Buck Sw. Protection Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		650	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	18	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	20	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	33	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$



Vincotech

Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Boost Switch				
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}		1200	V
Collector current (DC current)	I_C	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	42	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	105	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	101	W
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GES}		± 20	V
Short circuit ratings	t_{SC}	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = 800\text{ V}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	10	μs
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Boost Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	25	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	I_{FSM}	Single Half Sine Wave, $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	100	A
Surge current capability	I^2t		50	A^2s
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	61	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Boost Sw. Protection Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	16	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	14	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	36	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$



Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
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Module Properties

Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	T_{jop}		-40...+($T_{jmax} - 25$)	°C

Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	V_{isol}	DC Test Voltage* $t_p = 2\text{ s}$	4000	V
Isolation voltage	V_{isol}	AC Voltage $t_p = 1\text{ min}$	2500	V
Creepage distance			>12,7	mm
Clearance			>12,7	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI		≥ 200	

*100 % tested in production



Vincotech

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

Buck Switch

Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,0008	25	4,2	5,1	5,6	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		50	25 125	1,38	1,89 2,17	2,22 ⁽¹⁾	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	I_{CES}		0	650		25			2,8	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		0	0		25			150	nA
Internal gate resistance	r_g							None		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{ies}	$f = 1 \text{ Mhz}$	0	20		25		3100		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}							90		pF

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4 \text{ W/mK}$ (PSX)						0,8		K/W
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Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{gon} = 4 \Omega$ $R_{goff} = 4 \Omega$	±15	350	35	25		66		ns				
						125		66,6						
						150		67						
Rise time	t_r									25		7,4		ns
										125		8,8		
										150		9		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$									25		103,2		ns
						125		124						
						150		129,8						
Fall time	t_f					25		6,92		ns				
						125		11,96						
						150		16,34						
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	E_{on}	$Q_{tFWD}=0,072 \mu\text{C}$ $Q_{tFWD}=0,075 \mu\text{C}$ $Q_{tFWD}=0,075 \mu\text{C}$				25		0,134		mWs				
						125		0,18						
						150		0,192						
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	E_{off}					25		0,254		mWs				
						125		0,455						
						150		0,498						



Vincotech

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

Buck Diode

Static

Forward voltage	V_F				16	25 125 150		1,37 1,55 1,63	1,55 ⁽¹⁾	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_T = 650$ V				25 150		3,2 48	320	μA

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						2,03		K/W
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Dynamic

Peak recovery current	I_{RRM}					25 125 150		20,69 19,95 19,58		A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					25 125 150		9,07 8,95 8,97		ns
Recovered charge	Q_r	$di/dt=3796$ A/μs $di/dt=5003$ A/μs $di/dt=4290$ A/μs	±15	350	35	25 125 150		0,072 0,075 0,075		μC
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}					25 125 150		$7,853 \times 10^{-3}$ $6,428 \times 10^{-3}$ $7,703 \times 10^{-3}$		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_r/dt)_{max}$					25 125 150		6945 6615 6348		A/μs



Vincotech

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

Buck Sw. Protection Diode

Static

Forward voltage	V_F				10	25 125	1,23	1,67 1,54	1,87 ⁽¹⁾	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_i = 650$ V				25			0,14	μA

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						2,87		K/W
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Vincotech

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	

Boost Switch

Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$				0,0012	25	5,3	5,8	6,3	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		35	25 125		1,58	2,07 2,13	2,07 ⁽¹⁾	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	I_{CES}		0	1200			25			5	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0			25			120	nA
Internal gate resistance	r_g								None		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{ies}	$f = 1 \text{ Mhz}$	0	25			25		2000		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}										
Gate charge	Q_g		15		0		25		270		nC

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4 \text{ W/mK}$ (PSX)							0,94		K/W
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Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{gon} = 4 \Omega$ $R_{goff} = 4 \Omega$	±15	350	35	25		44,2		ns
Rise time	t_r					125		44,6		ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25		147,6		ns
Fall time	t_f					125		192,2		ns
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	E_{on}					25		70,47		mWs
						125		110,11		mWs
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	E_{off}					25		0,372		mWs
		125		0,631		mWs				



Vincotech

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions						Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V]	V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	I_C [A]	I_D [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	

Boost Diode

Static

Forward voltage	V_F				25	25 125 150		2,3 2,41	2,74 ⁽¹⁾ 2,79 ⁽¹⁾	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_T = 1200$ V				25 150		1600	60 3300	μA

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,56		K/W
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Dynamic

Peak recovery current	I_{RRM}	$di/dt=2585$ A/μs $di/dt=2622$ A/μs	±15	350	35	25		65,21		A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					125		66,56		ns
						25		43,39		
Recovered charge	Q_r					125		2,24		μC
						25		4,25		
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}					125		0,591		mWs
		25		1,18						
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$	125		5361		A/μs				
		25		3861						



Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	V_{CE} [V]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

Boost Sw. Protection Diode

Static

Forward voltage	V_F				7	25 125		2,01 1,66	3,5 ⁽¹⁾	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_i = 1200$ V				25			250	μA

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽²⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,92		K/W
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Thermistor

Static

Rated resistance	R					25		22		kΩ
Deviation of R_{100}	$\Delta_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 1484$ Ω				100	-5		5	%
Power dissipation	P							5		mW
Power dissipation constant	d					25		1,5		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. ±1 %						3962		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. ±1 %						4000		K
Vincotech Thermistor Reference									I	

⁽¹⁾ Value at chip level

⁽²⁾ Only valid with pre-applied Vincotech thermal interface material.

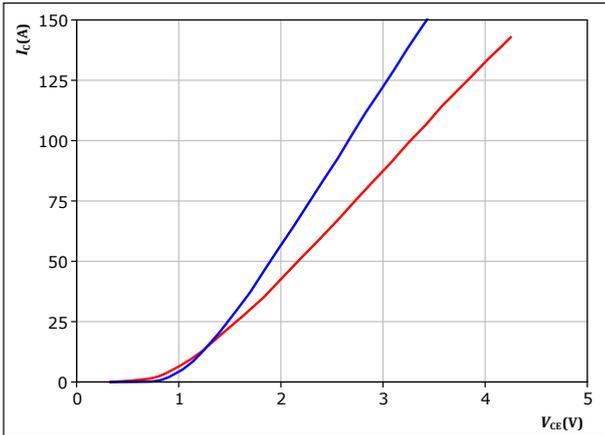


Buck Switch Characteristics

figure 1. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

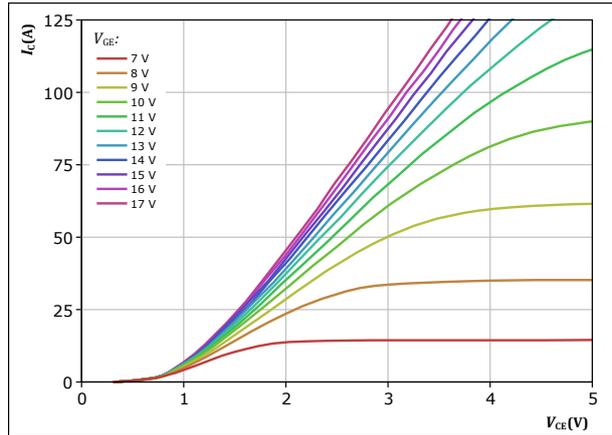


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$
 $T_j:$ — 25 °C
— 125 °C

figure 2. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

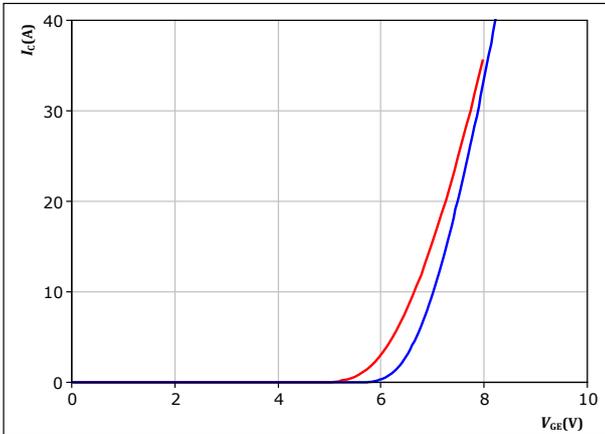


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 125 \text{ °C}$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 3. IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

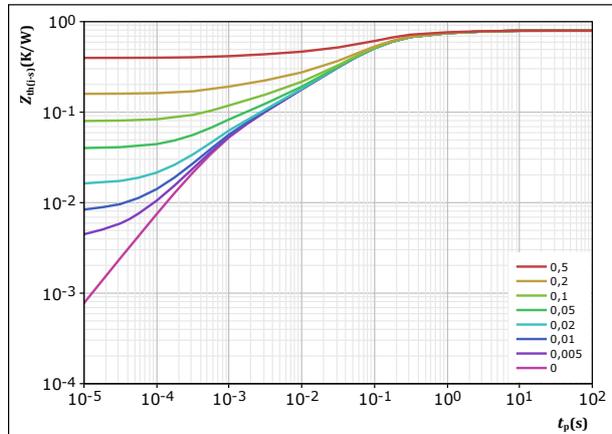


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$
 $T_j:$ — 25 °C
— 125 °C

figure 4. IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,795 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
6,19E-02	2,26E+00
1,10E-01	4,08E-01
4,12E-01	9,23E-02
1,04E-01	2,31E-02
5,73E-02	5,67E-03
4,98E-02	8,49E-04

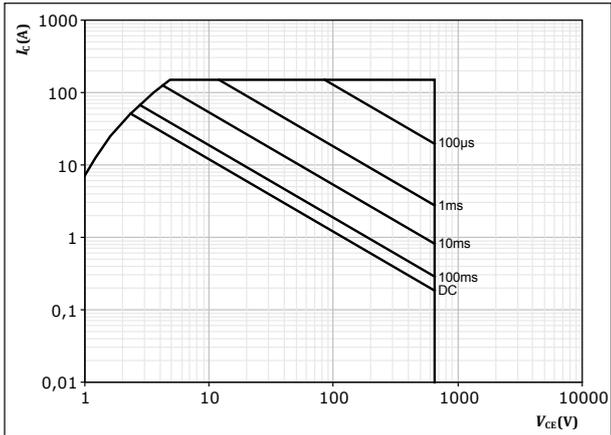


Buck Switch Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT

Safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



$D =$ single pulse
 $T_s = 80 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 15 \text{ V}$
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$



Buck Diode Characteristics

figure 6. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

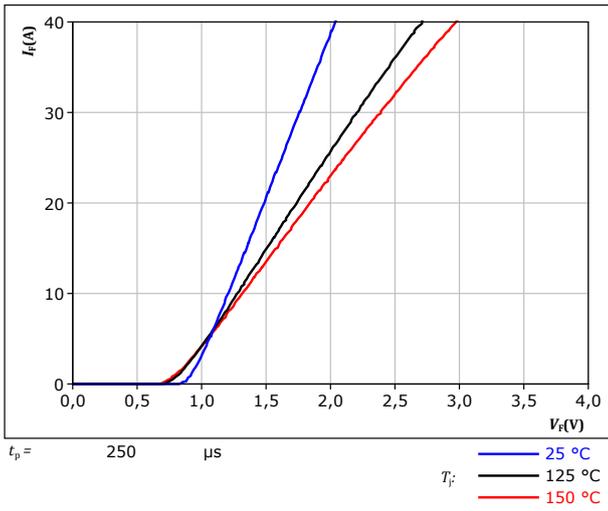
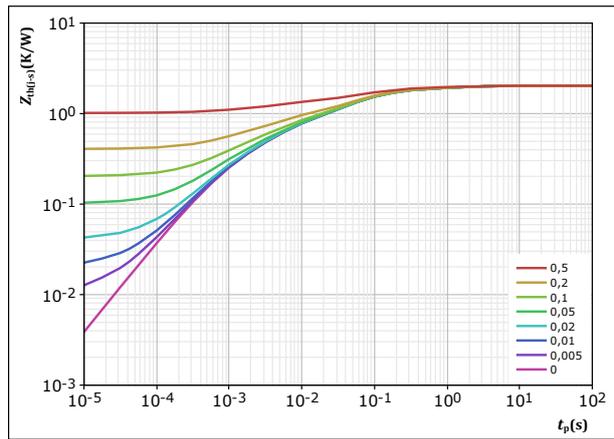


figure 7. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = \frac{t_p}{T}$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 2,032 \text{ K/W}$
 FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
1,81E-01	1,80E+00
4,90E-01	1,58E-01
7,30E-01	4,04E-02
4,51E-01	4,19E-03
1,81E-01	6,96E-04

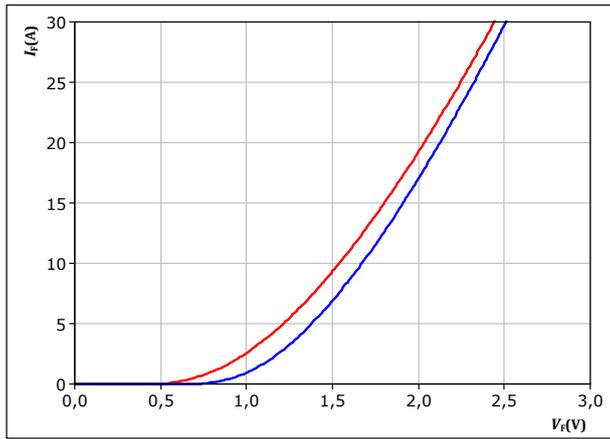


Buck Sw. Protection Diode Characteristics

figure 8. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

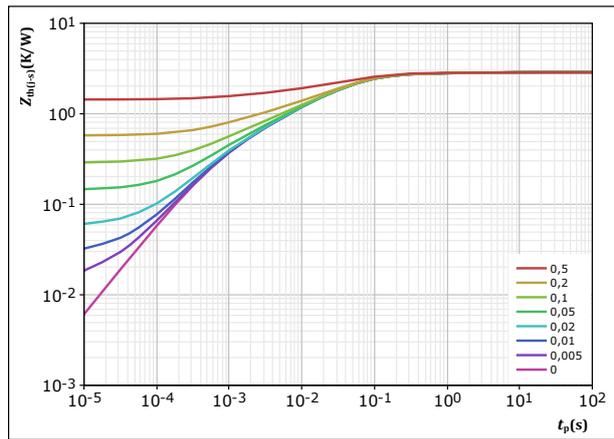


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C

figure 9. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 2,873 \text{ K/W}$
 FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
6,53E-02	3,94E+00
1,48E-01	4,48E-01
1,31E+00	5,96E-02
7,32E-01	1,36E-02
4,04E-01	2,79E-03
2,11E-01	5,37E-04

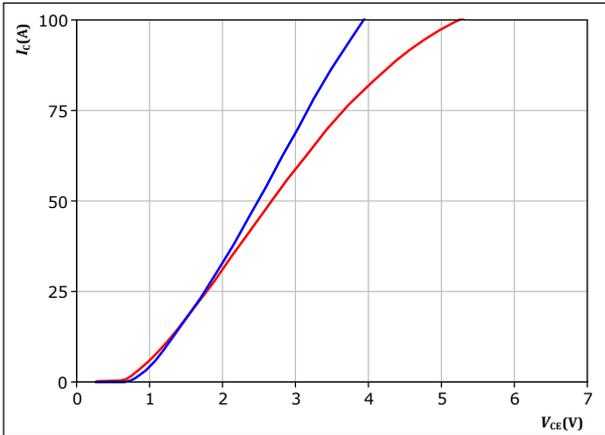


Boost Switch Characteristics

figure 10. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

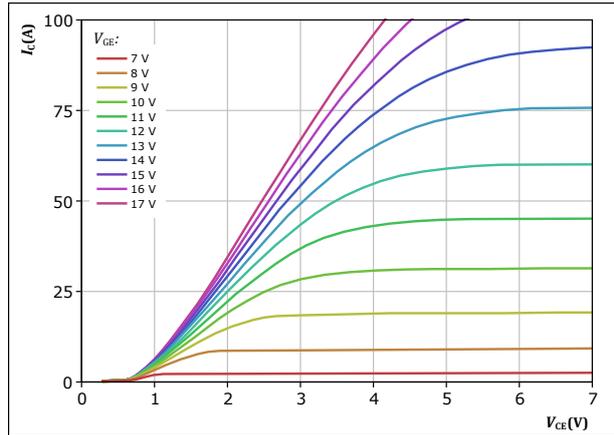


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$
 $T_j: 25^\circ C$ (blue), $125^\circ C$ (red)

figure 11. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

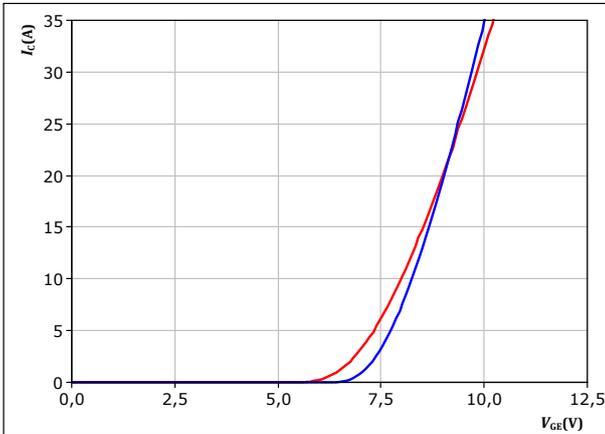


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 125^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 12. IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

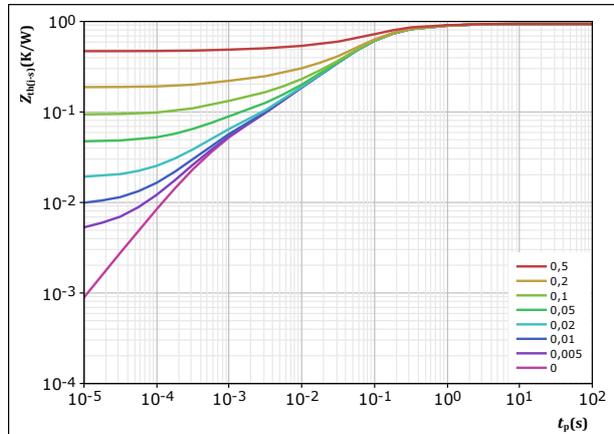


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$
 $T_j: 25^\circ C$ (blue), $125^\circ C$ (red)

figure 13. IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,938 K/W$
IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
1,15E-01	9,47E-01
4,15E-01	1,24E-01
2,99E-01	4,81E-02
7,22E-02	5,86E-03
3,82E-02	5,62E-04

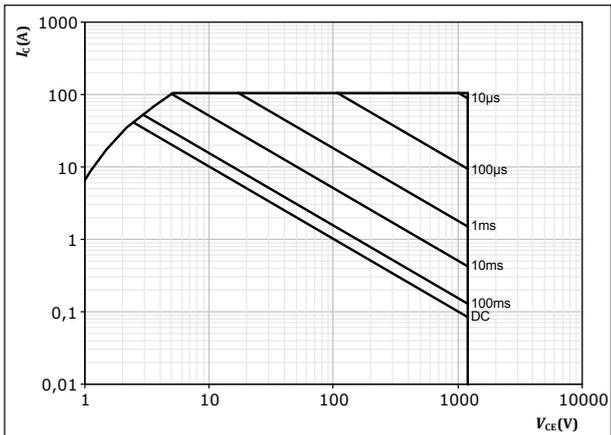


Boost Switch Characteristics

figure 14. IGBT

Safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



$D =$ single pulse
 $T_s = 80 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 15 \text{ V}$
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$



Boost Diode Characteristics

figure 15. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

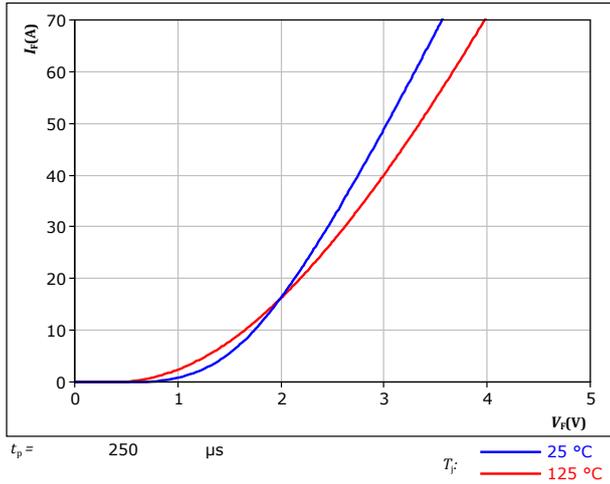
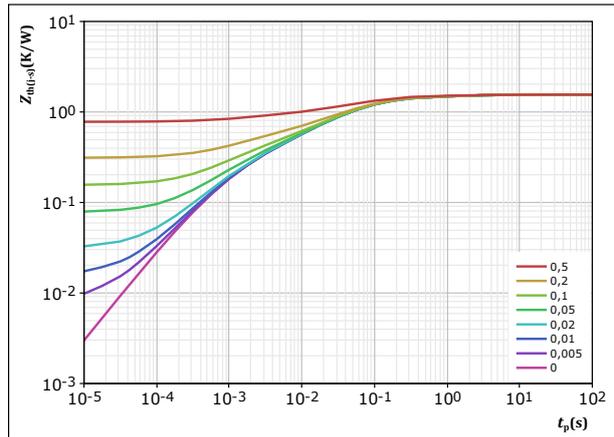


figure 16. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$

$R_{th(j-s)} = 1,556 \text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

$R \text{ (K/W)}$	$\tau \text{ (s)}$
4,65E-02	4,86E+00
1,06E-01	8,11E-01
4,71E-01	1,09E-01
4,83E-01	3,07E-02
2,34E-01	7,03E-03
1,81E-01	1,25E-03
3,38E-02	3,28E-04



Boost Sw. Protection Diode Characteristics

figure 17. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

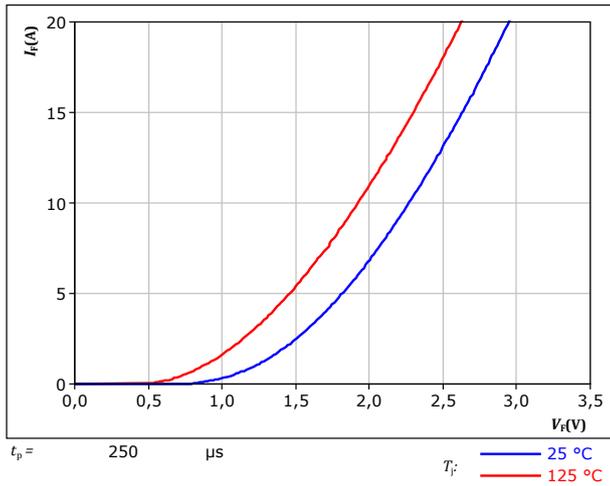
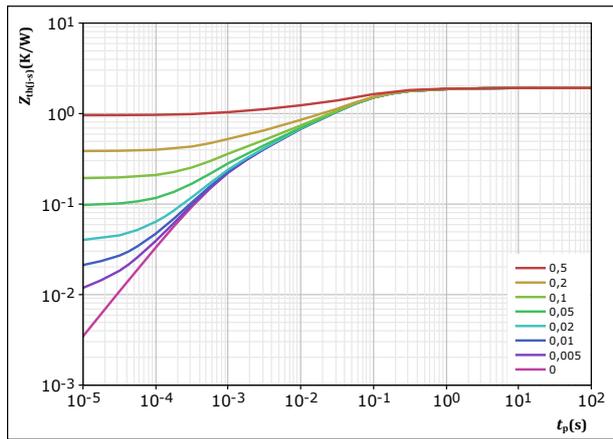


figure 18. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$

$R_{th(j-s)} = 1,919 \text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

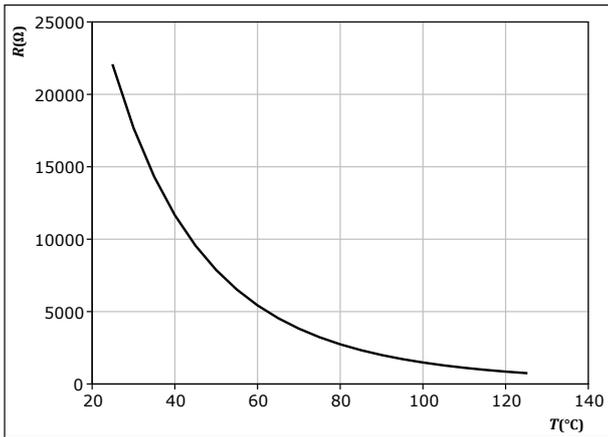
$R \text{ (K/W)}$	$\tau \text{ (s)}$
8,83E-02	2,18E+00
4,61E-01	1,63E-01
8,36E-01	4,26E-02
3,41E-01	5,57E-03
1,94E-01	7,35E-04



Thermistor Characteristics

figure 19. Thermistor

Typical NTC characteristic as function of temperature
 $R_T = f(T)$

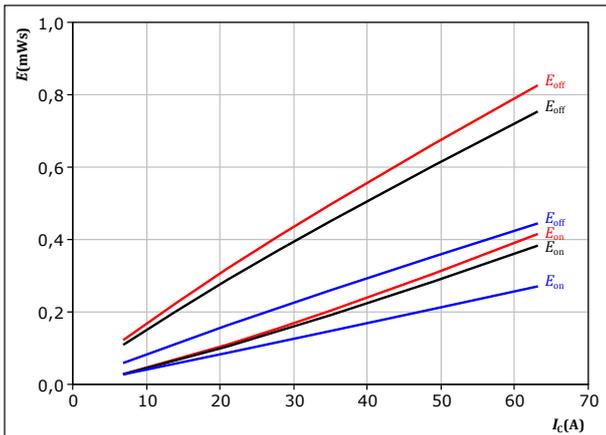




Buck Switching Characteristics

figure 20. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current
 $E = f(I_c)$

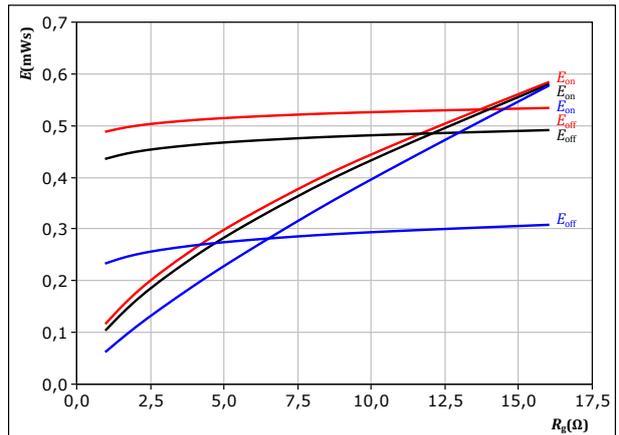


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω
 $R_{goff} = 4$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 21. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor
 $E = f(R_g)$

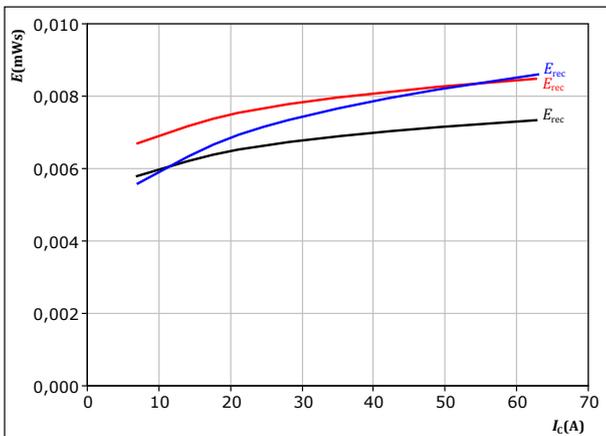


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 35$ A

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 22. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current
 $E_{rec} = f(I_c)$

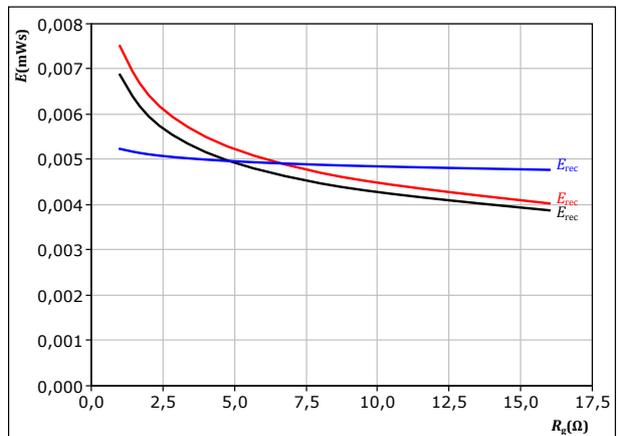


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 23. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor
 $E_{rec} = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 35$ A

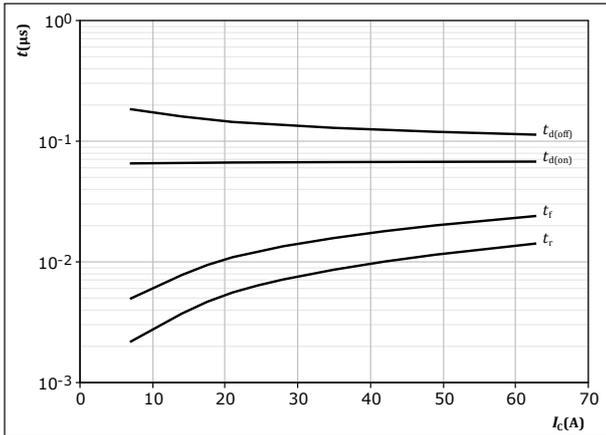
T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C



Buck Switching Characteristics

figure 24. IGBT

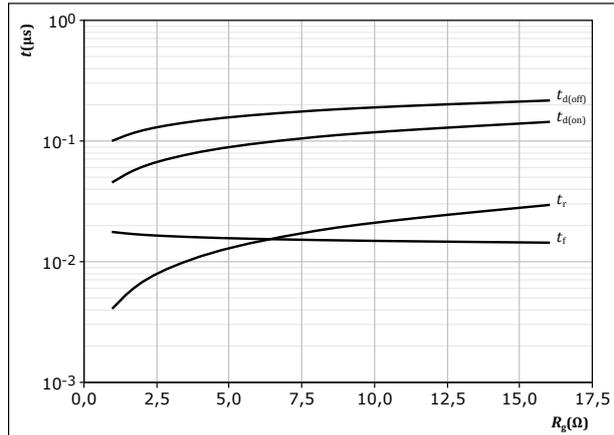
Typical switching times as a function of collector current
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{g(on)} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$
 $R_{g(off)} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$

figure 25. IGBT

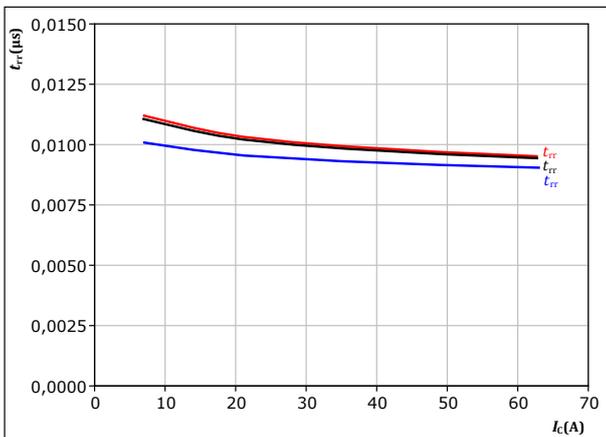
Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 35 \text{ A}$

figure 26. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$

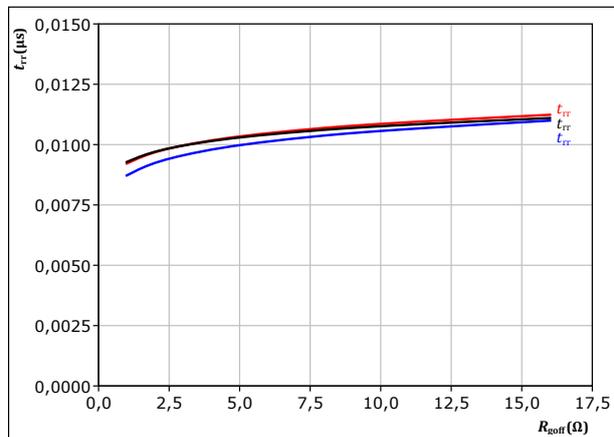


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{g(on)} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 27. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn off gate resistor
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{g(off)})$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 35 \text{ A}$

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

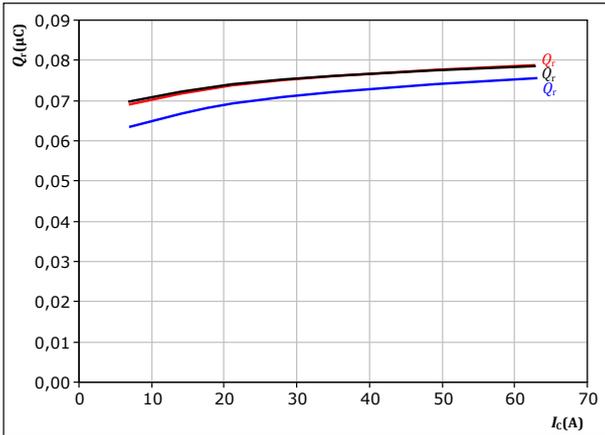


Buck Switching Characteristics

figure 28. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

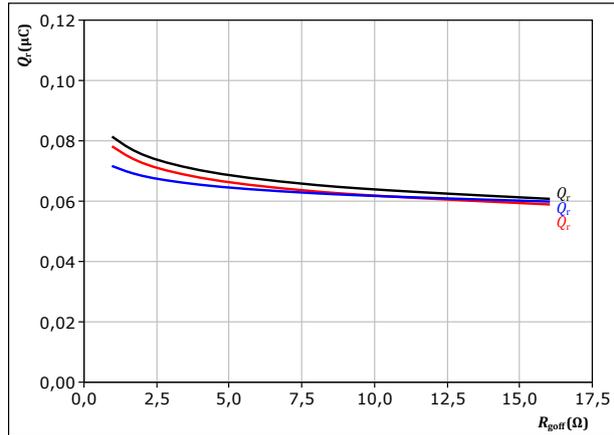
$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{goff} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$

T_j : $25 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ (blue)
 $125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ (black)
 $150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ (red)

figure 29. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of turn off gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{goff})$$



With an inductive load at

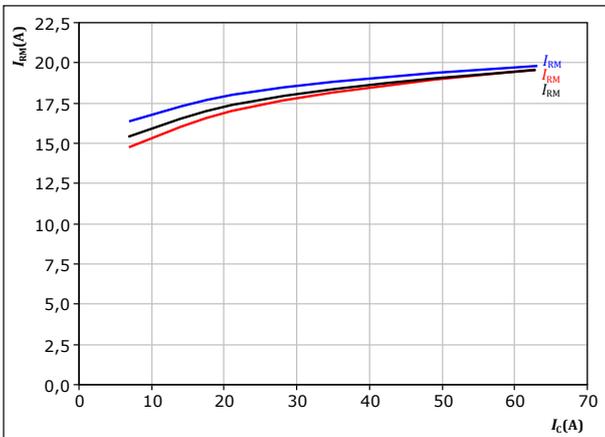
$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 35 \text{ A}$

T_j : $25 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ (blue)
 $125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ (black)
 $150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ (red)

figure 30. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

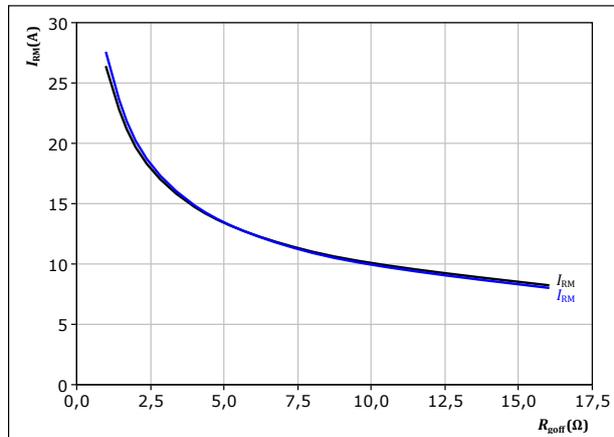
$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{goff} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$

T_j : $25 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ (blue)
 $125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ (black)
 $150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ (red)

figure 31. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of turn off gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{goff})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 35 \text{ A}$

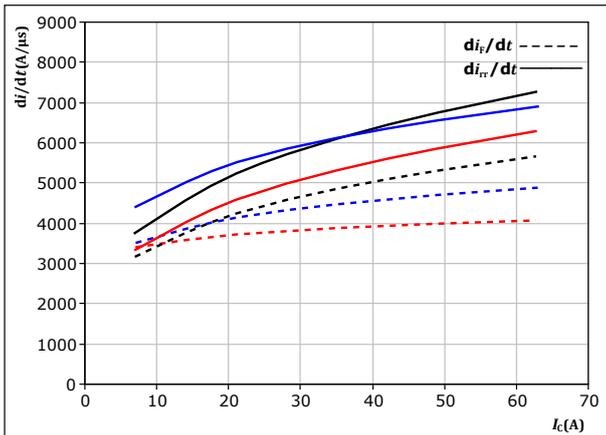
T_j : $25 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ (blue)
 $125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ (black)



Buck Switching Characteristics

figure 32. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(I_c)$



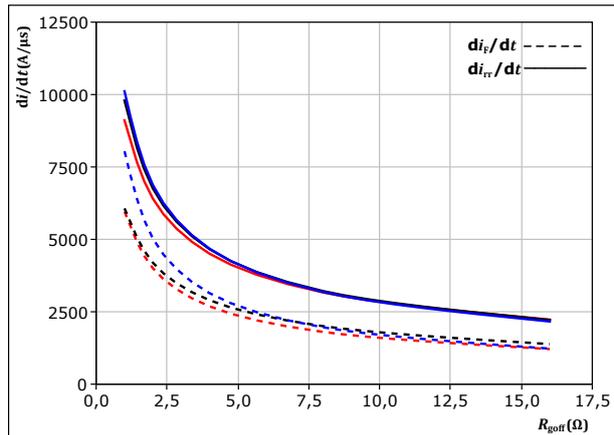
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{goff} = 4$ Ω

$T_j = 25$ °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 33. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn off gate resistor
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(R_{goff})$



With an inductive load at

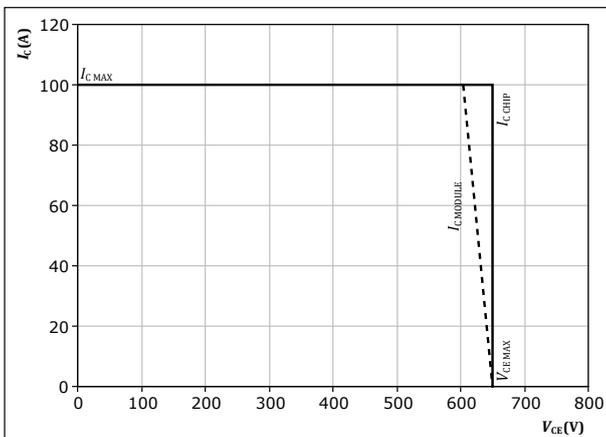
$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 35$ A

$T_j = 25$ °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 34. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_c = f(V_{CE})$



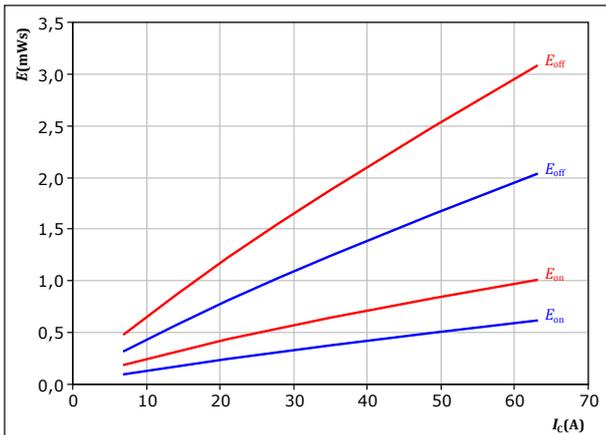
At $T_j = 150$ °C
 $R_{goff} = 4$ Ω
 $R_{goff} = 4$ Ω



Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 35. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current
 $E = f(I_c)$



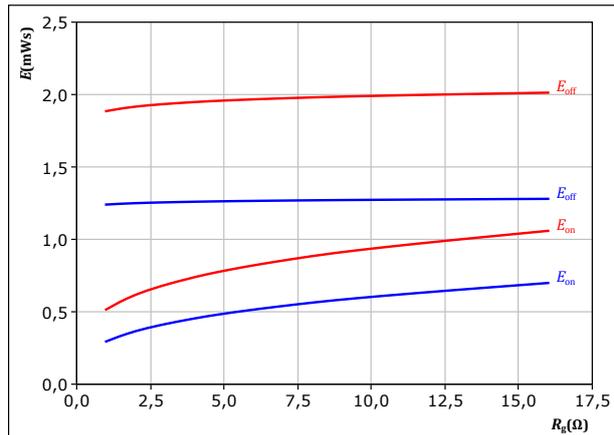
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω
 $R_{goff} = 4$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
— 125 °C

figure 36. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor
 $E = f(R_g)$



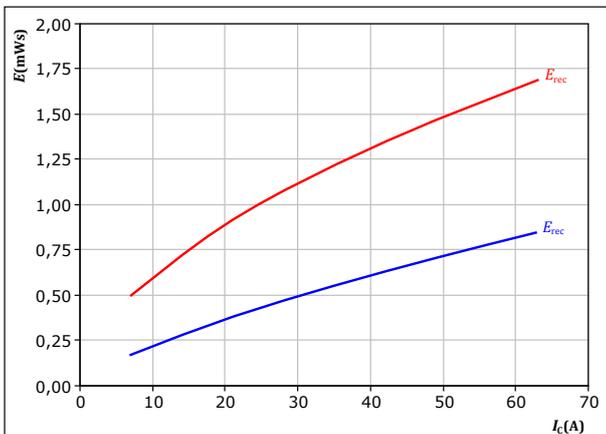
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 35$ A

T_j : — 25 °C
— 125 °C

figure 37. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current
 $E_{rec} = f(I_c)$



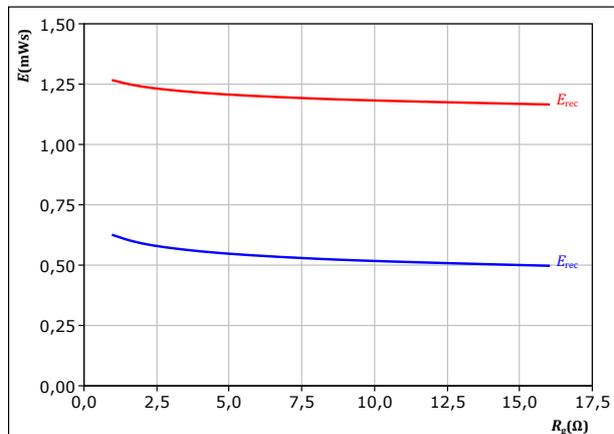
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
— 125 °C

figure 38. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor
 $E_{rec} = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 35$ A

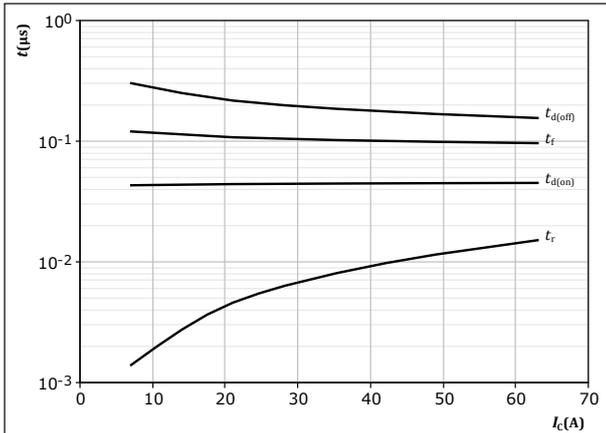
T_j : — 25 °C
— 125 °C



Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 39. IGBT

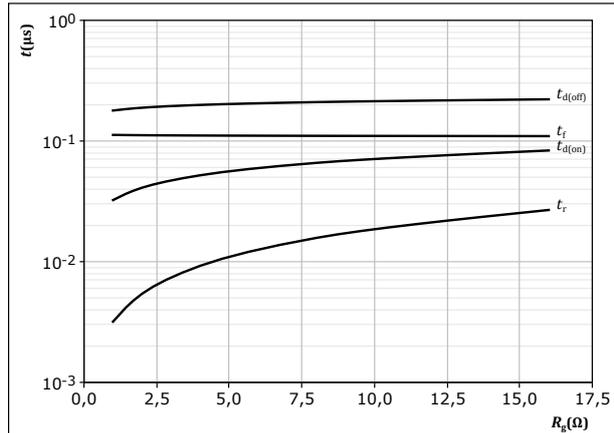
Typical switching times as a function of collector current
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 125$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω
 $R_{goff} = 4$ Ω

figure 40. IGBT

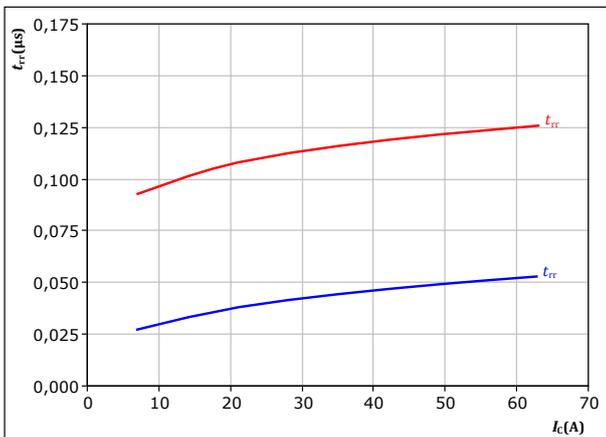
Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 125$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 35$ A

figure 41. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$

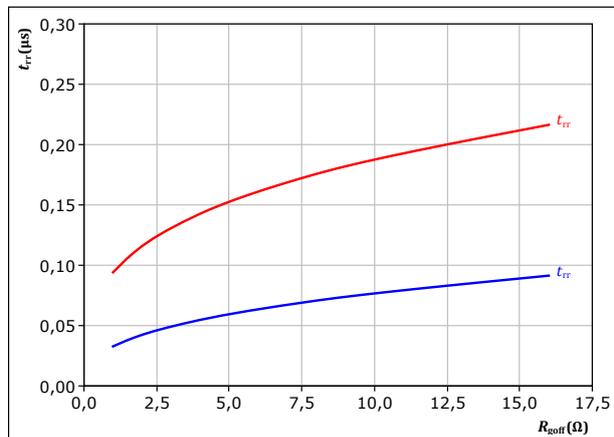


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C

figure 42. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn off gate resistor
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{goff})$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 35$ A

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C

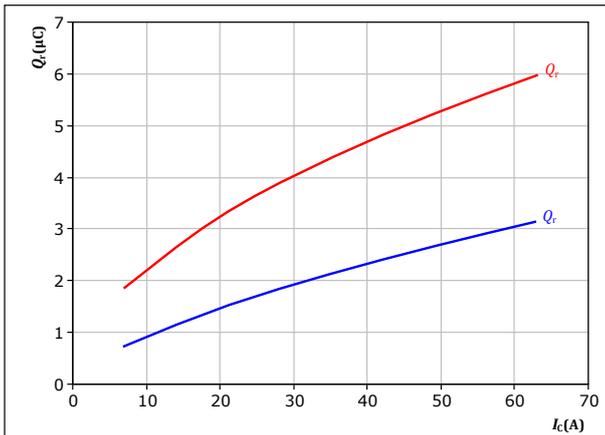


Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 43. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

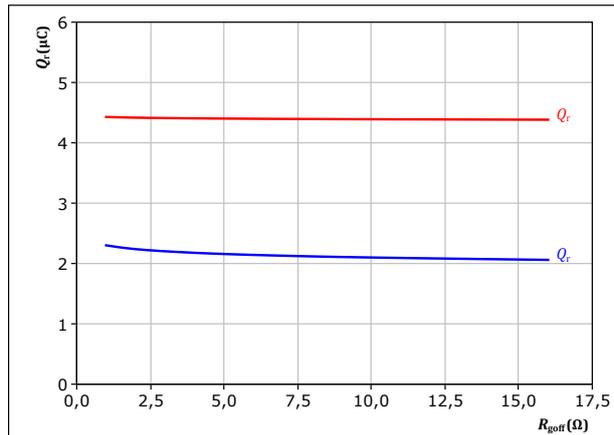
$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{goff} = 4$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
— 125 °C

figure 44. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of turn off gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{goff})$$



With an inductive load at

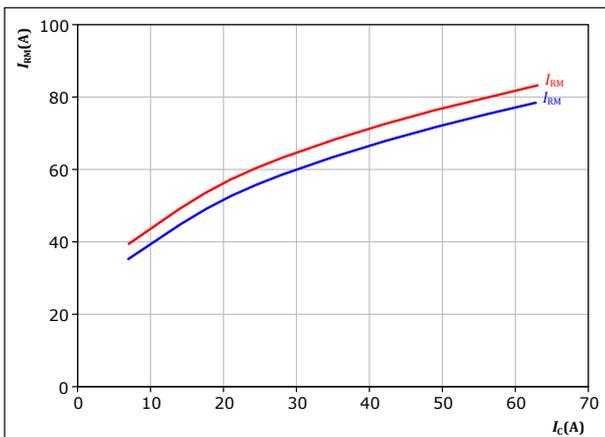
$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 35$ A

T_j : — 25 °C
— 125 °C

figure 45. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

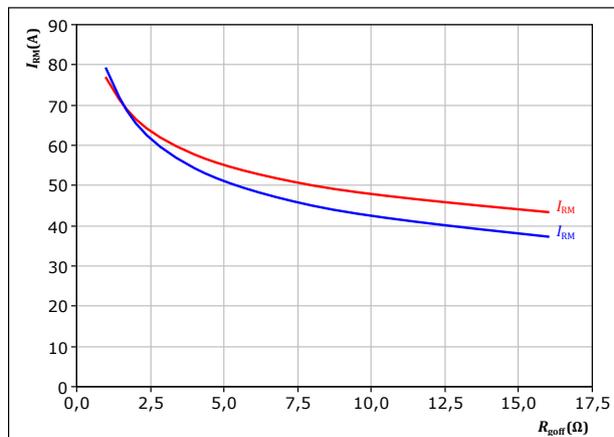
$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{goff} = 4$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
— 125 °C

figure 46. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of turn off gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{goff})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 35$ A

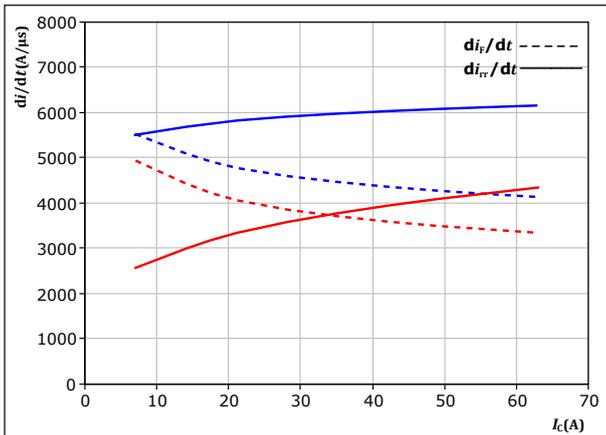
T_j : — 25 °C
— 125 °C



Boost Switching Characteristics

figure 47. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(I_c)$



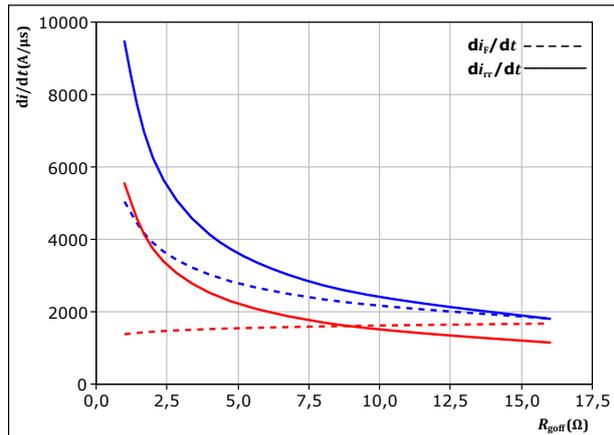
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{goff} = 4$ Ω

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C

figure 48. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn off gate resistor
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(R_{goff})$



With an inductive load at

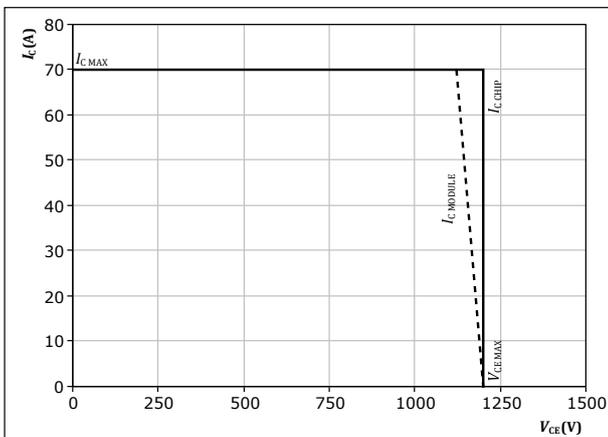
$V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 35$ A

T_j : — 25 °C
 — 125 °C

figure 49. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At $T_j = 125$ °C
 $R_{goff} = 4$ Ω
 $R_{goff} = 4$ Ω



Switching Definitions

figure 50. IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} , t_{Eoff} (t_{Eoff} = integrating time for E_{off})

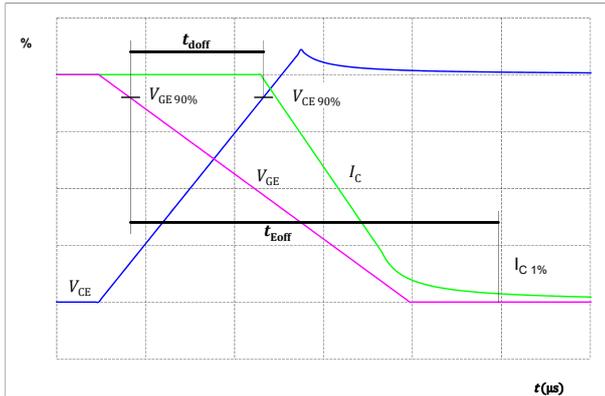


figure 51. IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} , t_{Eon} (t_{Eon} = integrating time for E_{on})

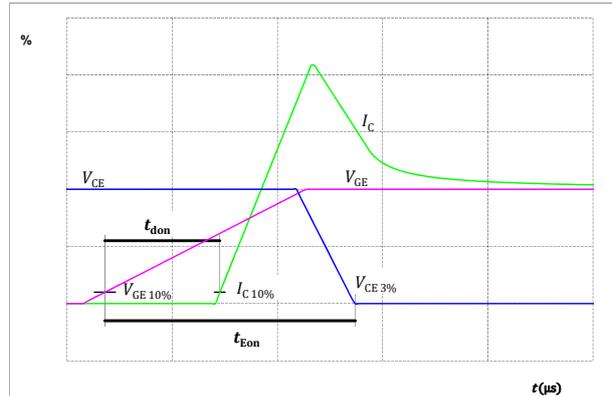


figure 52. IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f

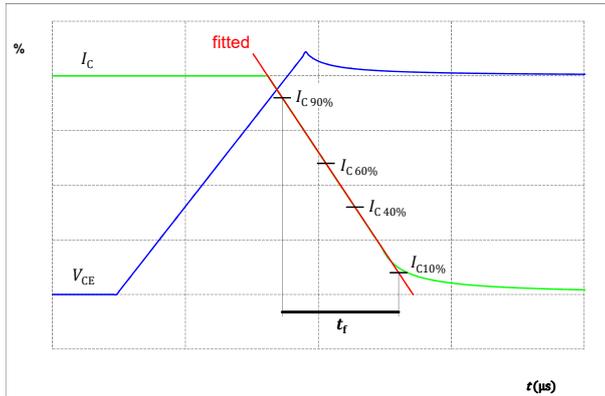
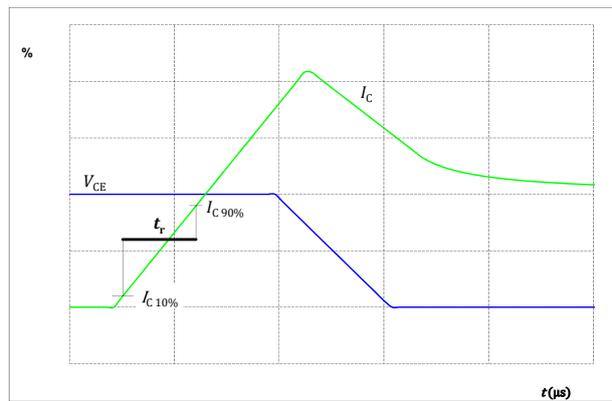


figure 53. IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r





Switching Definitions

figure 54. FWD

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{rr}

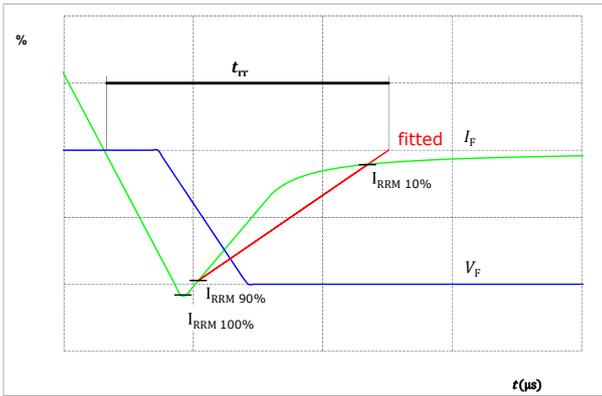
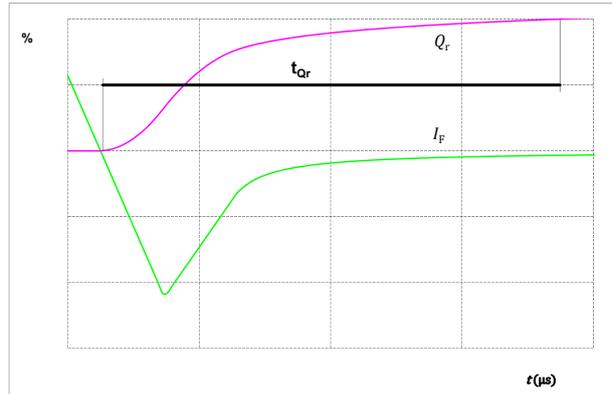


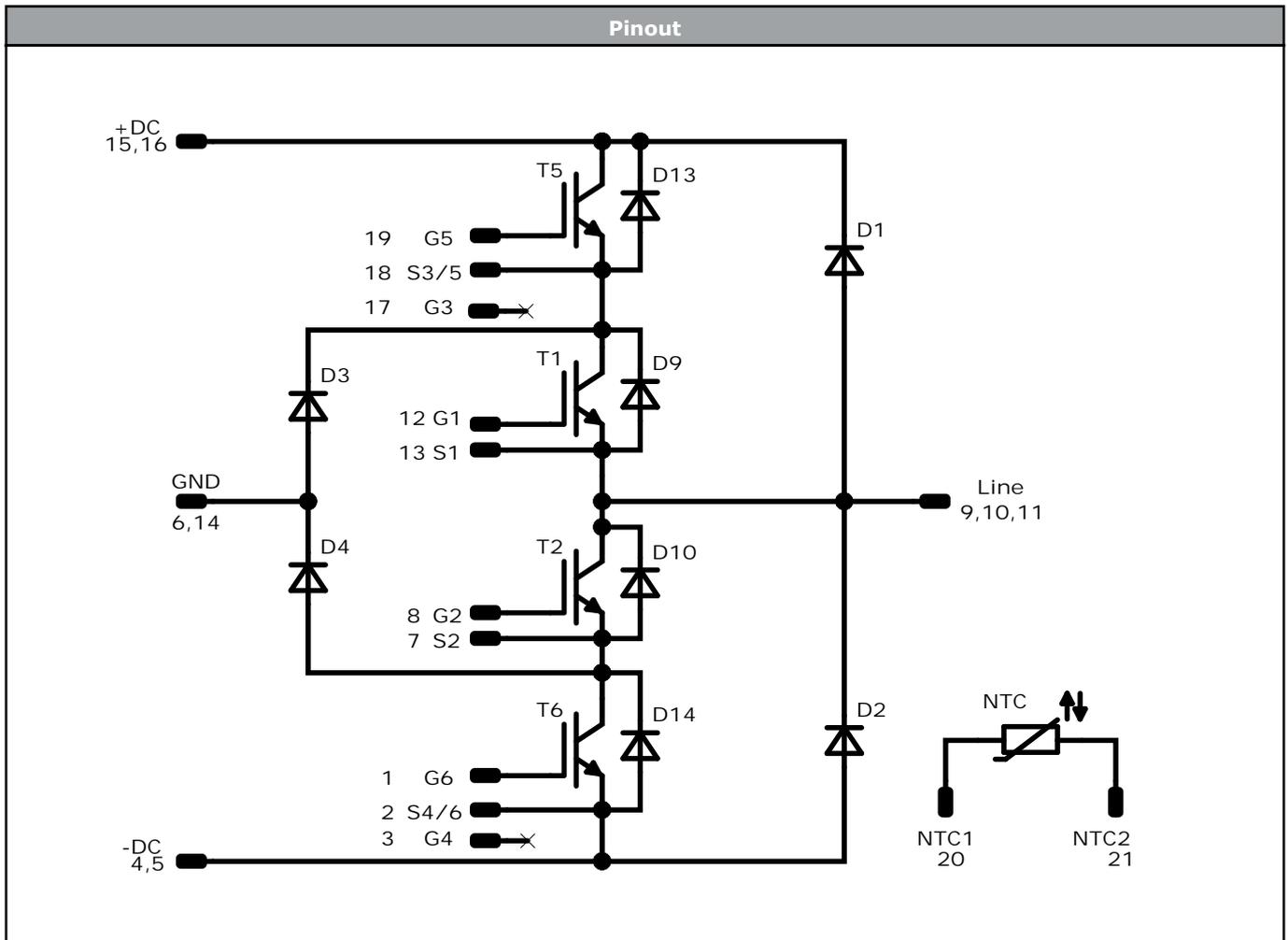
figure 55. FWD

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Qr} (t_{Qr} = integrating time for Q_r)





Vincotech



Identification					
ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T5, T6	IGBT	650 V	50 A	Buck Switch	
D3, D4	FWD	650 V	16 A	Buck Diode	
D13, D14	FWD	650 V	10 A	Buck Sw. Protection Diode	
T1, T2	IGBT	1200 V	35 A	Boost Switch	
D2, D1	FWD	1200 V	25 A	Boost Diode	
D9, D10	FWD	1200 V	7 A	Boost Sw. Protection Diode	
NTC	Thermistor			Thermistor	



Packaging instruction				
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 135	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ	Sample

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for <i>flow 0</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for <i>flow 0</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

Vincotech thermistor reference
See Vincotech thermistor reference table at vincotech.com website.

UL recognition and file number
This device is certified according to UL 1557 standard, UL file number E192116. For more information see vincotech.com website. 

Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
10-F007NRA050SG-P966F09-D2-14	20 Jun. 2016	New brand, PCM Rth values	
10-F007NRA050SG-P966F09-D3-14	28 Jul. 2021	Buck Diode change	

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.