



flowPIM E1

1200 V / 15 A

Topology features

- Open Emitter configuration
- Temperature sensor
- Converter+Brake+Inverter

Component features

- Easy paralleling
- Low turn-off losses
- Low collector emitter saturation voltage
- Positive temperature coefficient
- Short tail current
- Switching optimized for EMC

Housing features

- Base isolation: Al₂O₃
- Convex shaped substrate for superior thermal contact
- Compact housing
- CTI600 housing material
- Thermo-mechanical push-and-pull force relief
- Press-fit pin
- Reliable cold welding connection

Extra features

- Equivalent: IFX FP15R12W1T4_B11

Target applications

- Industrial Drives

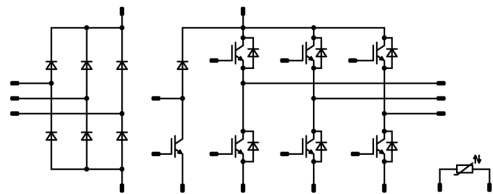
Types

- 10-EZ12PMA015M7-L928A78T

flow E1 12 mm housing



Schematic





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Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Inverter Switch				
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}		1200	V
Collector current (DC current)	I_C	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s \leq 80\text{ °C}$	30 ⁽¹⁾	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	30	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	64	W
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GES}		± 20	V
Short circuit ratings	t_{SC}	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = 800\text{ V}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	9,5	μs
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

⁽¹⁾ limited by I_{CRM}

Inverter Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	24	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	30	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	51	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Brake Switch

Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}		1200	V
Collector current (DC current)	I_C	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s \leq 80\text{ °C}$	30 ⁽²⁾	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	30	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	64	W
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GES}		± 20	V
Short circuit ratings	t_{SC}	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$, $V_{CC} = 800\text{ V}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	9,5	μs
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

⁽²⁾ limited by I_{CRM}



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Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Brake Diode				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		1200	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s \leq 80\text{ °C}$	20 ⁽³⁾	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	I_p limited by T_{jmax}	20	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	43	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C

⁽³⁾ limited by I_{FRM}

Rectifier Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		1600	V
Forward current (DC current)	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	47	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	I_{FSM}	Single Half Sine Wave, $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	270	A
Surge current capability	I^2t		370	A ² s
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	61	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		150	°C

Module Properties

Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	T_{jop}		-40...+($T_{jmax} - 25$)	°C

Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	V_{isol}	DC Test Voltage* $t_p = 2\text{ s}$	6000	V
Creepage distance			>12,7	mm
Clearance			>12,7	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI		≥ 600	

*100 % tested in production



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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

Inverter Switch

Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$			10	0,0015	25	5,4	6	6,6	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		15	25 125 150		1,7 1,95 2,01	2,1 ⁽⁴⁾	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	I_{CES}		0	1200		25			60	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		25			200	nA
Internal gate resistance	r_g							None		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{ies}							2900		pF
Output capacitance	C_{oes}		0	10		25		120		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}							34		pF
Gate charge	Q_g	$V_{CC} = 600$ V	0/15		15	25		110		nC

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽⁵⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,48		K/W
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Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$					25 125 150		196,2 191,2 189,6		ns
Rise time	t_r					25 125 150		59,6 63,2 64,2		ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25 125 150		181,4 206,2 211,4		ns
Fall time	t_f					25 125 150		94,66 113,14 114,01		ns
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	E_{on}	$Q_{tFWD} = 1,5$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 2,46$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 2,68$ μC				25 125 150		1,68 2,11 2,21		mWs
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	E_{off}					25 125 150		0,987 1,33 1,41		mWs



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10-EZ12PMA015M7-L928A78T
datasheet

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
Inverter Diode										
Static										
Forward voltage	V_F			15	25 125 150		1,63 1,74 1,73	1,9 ⁽⁴⁾		V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_r = 1200$ V			25			30		µA
Thermal										
Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽⁵⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)					1,88			K/W
Dynamic										
Peak recovery current	I_{RM}				25 125 150		9,46 10,72 10,9			A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}				25 125 150		285,73 421,73 470,63			ns
Recovered charge	Q_r	$di/dt=181$ A/µs $di/dt=205$ A/µs $di/dt=175$ A/µs	±15	600	15	25 125 150	1,5 2,46 2,68			µC
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}				25 125 150		0,497 0,913 1			mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_r/dt)_{max}$				25 125 150		76,99 48,52 43,64			A/µs



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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	I_C [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

Brake Switch

Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$			10	0,0015	25	5,4	6	6,6	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		15	25 125 150		1,7 1,95 2,01	2,1 ⁽⁴⁾	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	I_{CES}		0	1200		25			60	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		25			200	nA
Internal gate resistance	r_g							None		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{ies}							2900		pF
Output capacitance	C_{oes}		0	10		25		120		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}							34		pF
Gate charge	Q_g	$V_{CC} = 600$ V	0/15		15	25		110		nC

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽⁵⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,48		K/W
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Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$					25 125 150		299,8 261,6 252,6		ns
Rise time	t_r					25 125 150		193,8 204,6 209,2		ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25 125 150		387,8 427,8 438,2		ns
Fall time	t_f					25 125 150		66,52 86,69 88,96		ns
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	E_{on}	$Q_{tFWD} = 1,11$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 1,78$ μC $Q_{tFWD} = 2,04$ μC				25 125 150		2,5 3 3,19		mWs
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	E_{off}					25 125 150		1,12 1,44 1,54		mWs



Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
Brake Diode										
Static										
Forward voltage	V_F			10	25 125 150		1,61 1,69 1,7	1,9 ⁽⁴⁾		V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_r = 1200$ V			25			25		μA
Thermal										
Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽⁵⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)					2,19			K/W
Dynamic										
Peak recovery current	I_{RM}	$di/dt=74$ A/μs $di/dt=65$ A/μs $di/dt=62$ A/μs	0/15	600	15	25		5,91		A
						125		6,68		
						150		6,84		
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					25		317,36		ns
						125		472,66		
						150		542,16		
Recovered charge	Q_r					25		1,11		μC
						125		1,78		
						150		2,04		
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}					25		0,368		mWs
						125		0,644		
						150		0,753		
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_r/dt)_{max}$					25		40,15		A/μs
						125		27,59		
						150		23,82		



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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Values			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

Rectifier Diode

Static

Forward voltage	V_F				28	25 125		1,15 1,1	1,5 ⁽⁴⁾	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R	$V_r = 1600$ V				25 150			100 1000	μA

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink ⁽⁵⁾	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4$ W/mK (PSX)						1,15		K/W
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Thermistor

Static

Rated resistance	R					25		5		kΩ
Deviation of R100	$\Delta_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 493$ Ω				100	-5		5	%
Power dissipation	P							245		mW
Power dissipation constant	d					25		1,4		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. ±2 %						3375		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. ±2 %						3437		K
Vincotech Thermistor Reference									K	

⁽⁴⁾ Value at chip level

⁽⁵⁾ Only valid with pre-applied Vincotech thermal interface material.

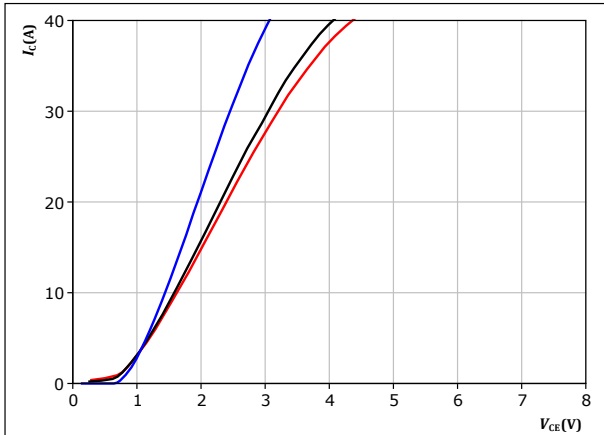


Inverter Switch Characteristics

figure 1. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

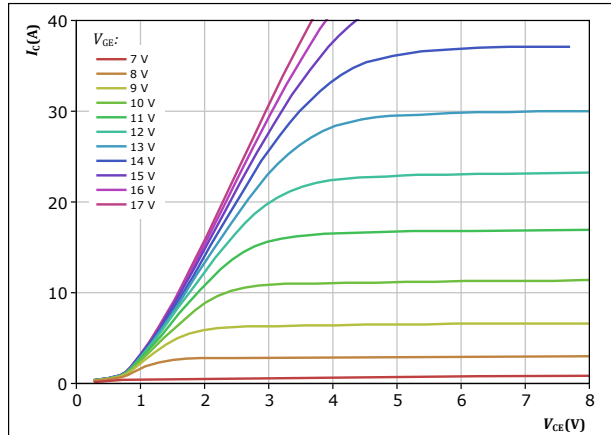


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$
 $T_j:$ 25 °C, 125 °C, 150 °C

figure 2. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

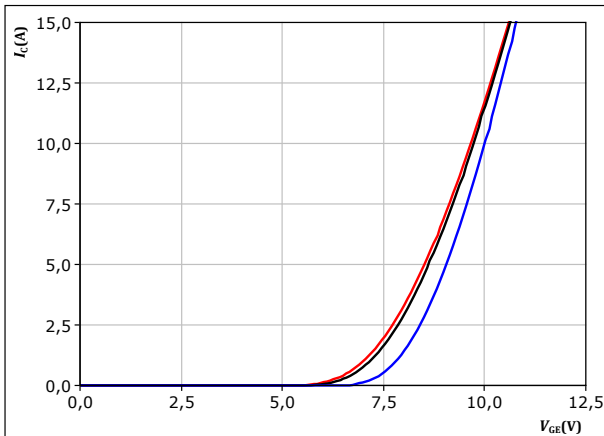


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 3. IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

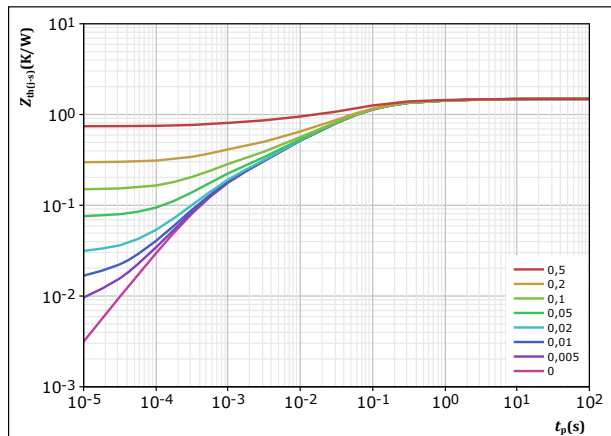


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$
 $T_j:$ 25 °C, 125 °C, 150 °C

figure 4. IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,485 \text{ K/W}$
 IGBT thermal model values

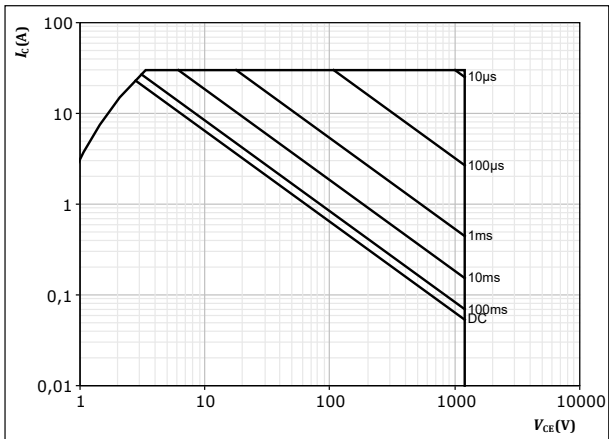
R (K/W)	τ (s)
4,90E-02	3,61E+00
1,10E-01	6,54E-01
4,70E-01	1,09E-01
4,98E-01	2,97E-02
2,21E-01	4,73E-03
1,37E-01	5,51E-04



Inverter Switch Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT

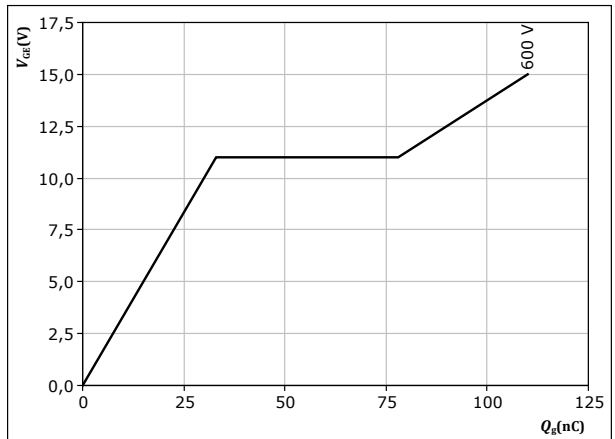
Safe operating area
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



$D =$ single pulse
 $T_s = 80$ °C
 $V_{GE} = 15$ V
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$

figure 6. IGBT

Gate voltage vs gate charge
 $V_{GE} = f(Q_g)$



$I_C = 15$ A
 $T_j = 25$ °C



Inverter Diode Characteristics

figure 7. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

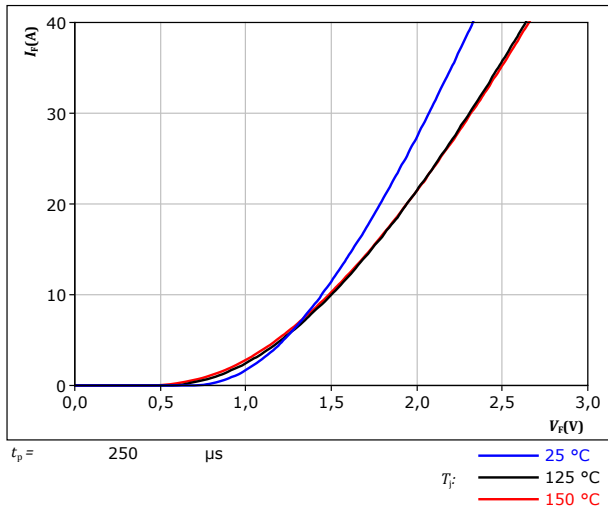
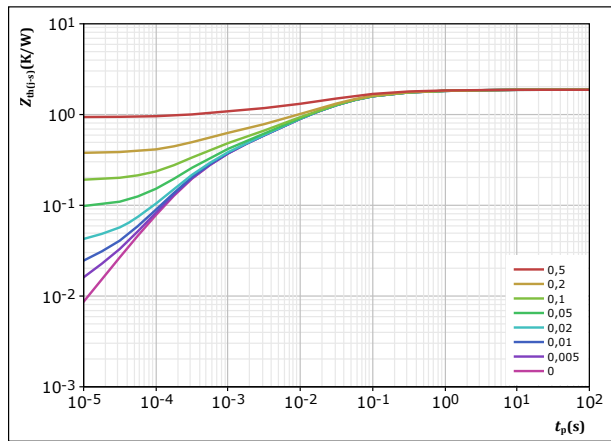


figure 8. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = \frac{t_p}{T}$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,875 \text{ K/W}$
 FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
7,31E-02	2,45E+00
1,93E-01	2,55E-01
6,27E-01	4,97E-02
4,83E-01	1,15E-02
2,56E-01	2,33E-03
2,42E-01	3,41E-04

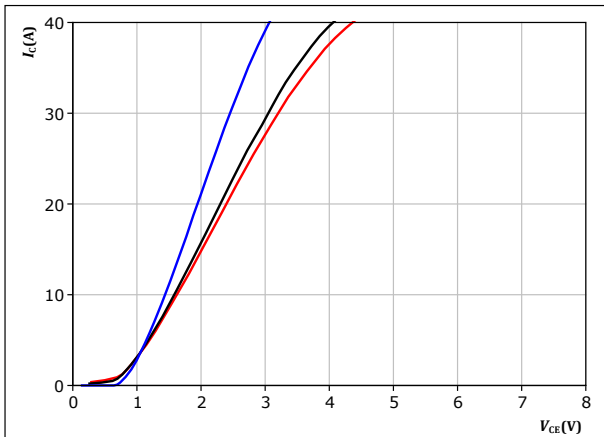


Brake Switch Characteristics

figure 9. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

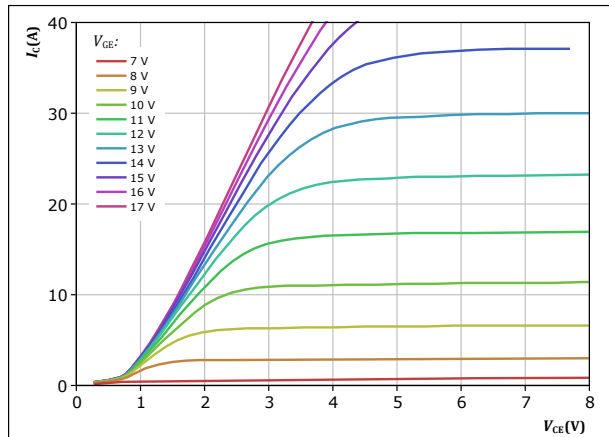


$t_p = 250\ \mu\text{s}$
 $V_{GE} = 15\ \text{V}$
 $T_j:$ 25 °C
 125 °C
 150 °C

figure 10. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

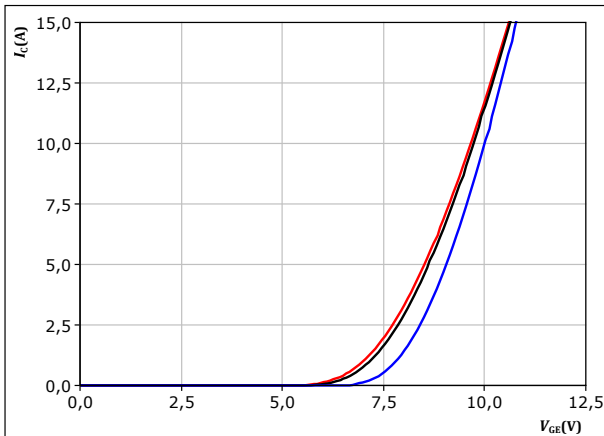


$t_p = 250\ \mu\text{s}$
 $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 11. IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

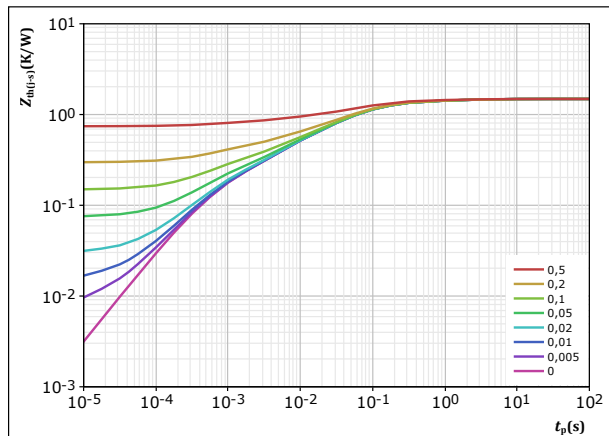


$t_p = 250\ \mu\text{s}$
 $V_{CE} = 10\ \text{V}$
 $T_j:$ 25 °C
 125 °C
 150 °C

figure 12. IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,485\ \text{K/W}$
IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
4,90E-02	3,61E+00
1,10E-01	6,54E-01
4,70E-01	1,09E-01
4,98E-01	2,97E-02
2,21E-01	4,73E-03
1,37E-01	5,51E-04

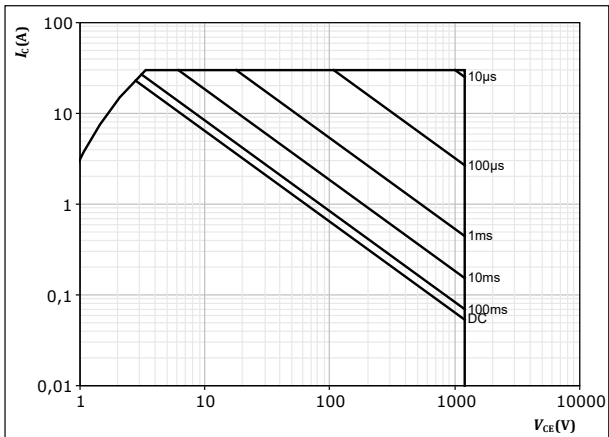


Brake Switch Characteristics

figure 13. IGBT

Safe operating area

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

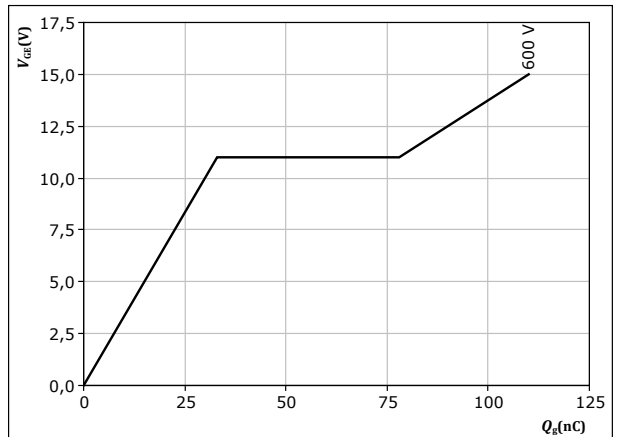


$D =$ single pulse
 $T_s = 80 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$

figure 14. IGBT

Gate voltage vs gate charge

$V_{GE} = f(Q_g)$



$I_C = 15 \text{ A}$
 $T_j = 25 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$



Brake Diode Characteristics

figure 15. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

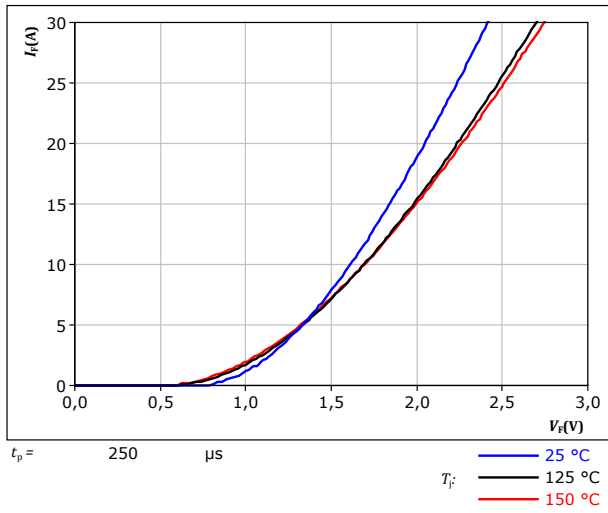
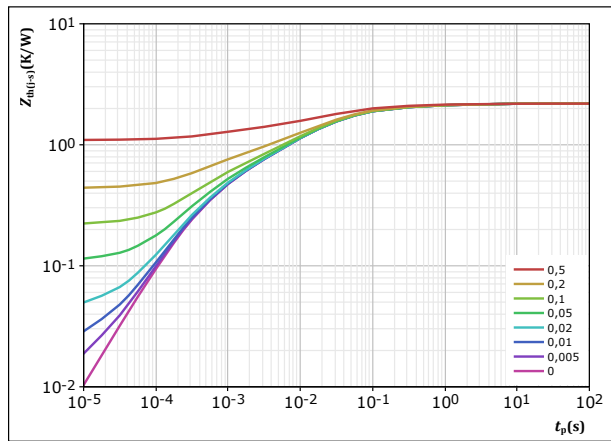


figure 16. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D =$	t_p / T	
$R_{th(j-s)} =$	2,189	K/W
FWD thermal model values		
R (K/W)	τ (s)	
8,09E-02	3,20E+00	
2,08E-01	2,82E-01	
6,85E-01	4,41E-02	
5,92E-01	1,02E-02	
3,27E-01	2,02E-03	
2,95E-01	3,64E-04	



Rectifier Diode Characteristics

figure 17. Rectifier

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

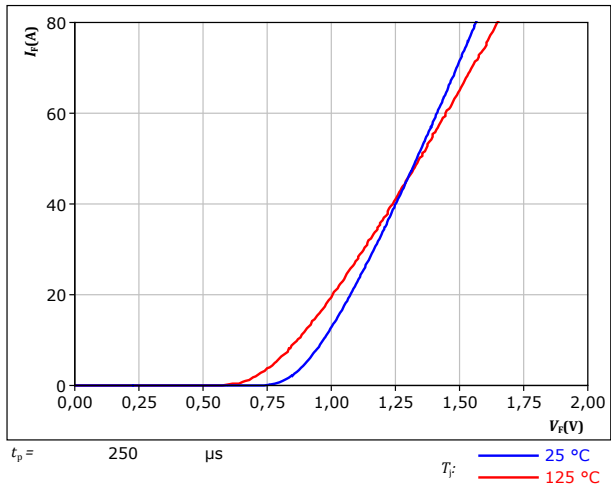
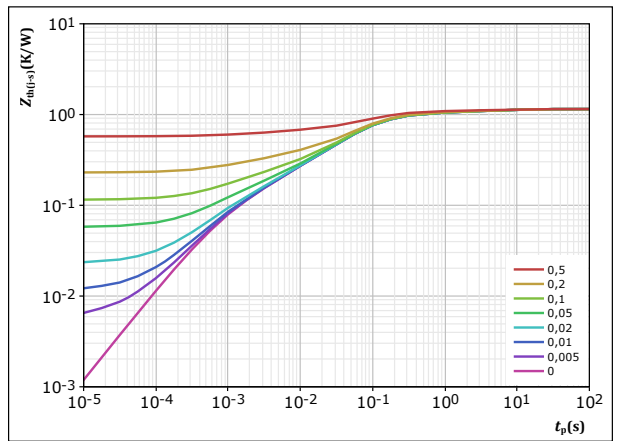


figure 18. Rectifier

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,149 \text{ K/W}$
 Rectifier thermal model values

$R \text{ (K/W)}$	$\tau \text{ (s)}$
8,29E-02	7,59E+00
1,02E-01	6,72E-01
4,20E-01	1,19E-01
3,78E-01	4,22E-02
1,08E-01	4,04E-03
5,78E-02	7,21E-04

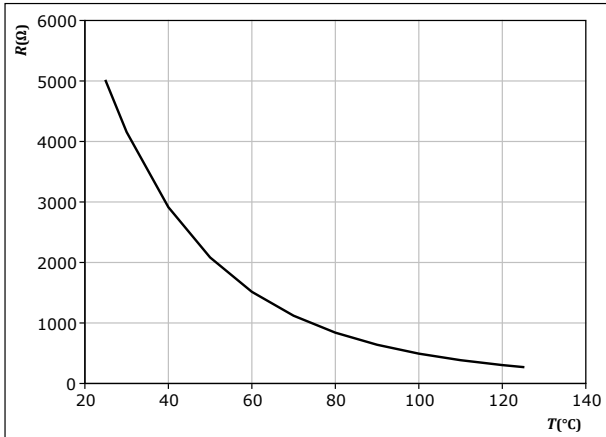


Thermistor Characteristics

figure 19. Thermistor

Typical NTC characteristic as function of temperature

$$R_T = f(T)$$

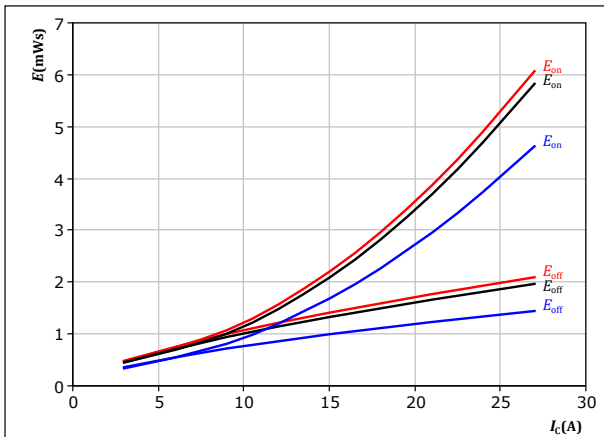




Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 20. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current
 $E = f(I_c)$

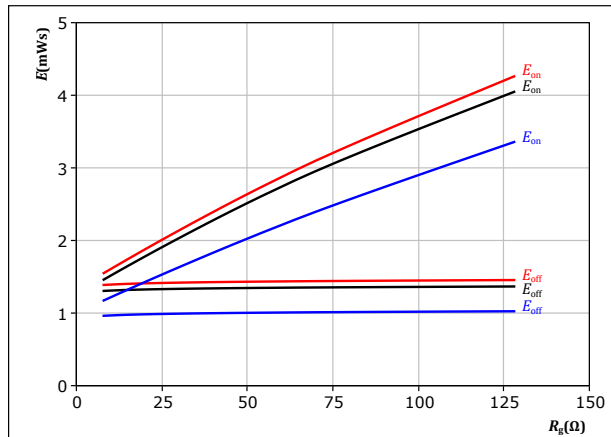


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V	$T_j = 25$ °C
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V	$T_j = 125$ °C
$R_{g(on)} = 32$ Ω	$T_j = 150$ °C
$R_{g(off)} = 32$ Ω	

figure 21. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $E = f(R_g)$

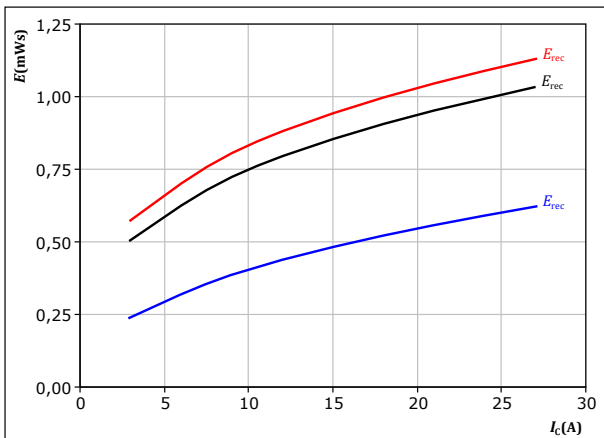


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V	$T_j = 25$ °C
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V	$T_j = 125$ °C
$I_c = 15$ A	$T_j = 150$ °C

figure 22. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current
 $E_{rec} = f(I_c)$

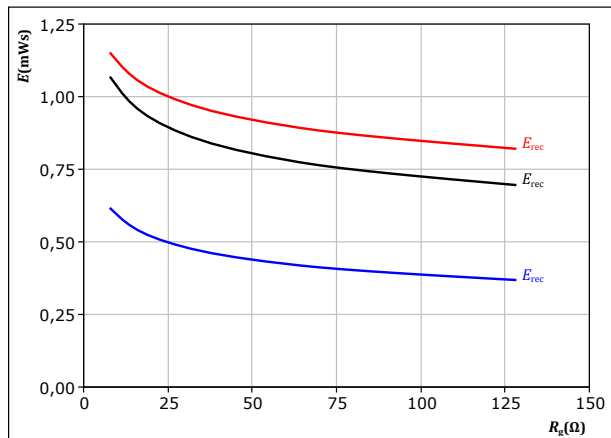


With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V	$T_j = 25$ °C
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V	$T_j = 125$ °C
$R_{g(on)} = 32$ Ω	$T_j = 150$ °C

figure 23. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $E_{rec} = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at

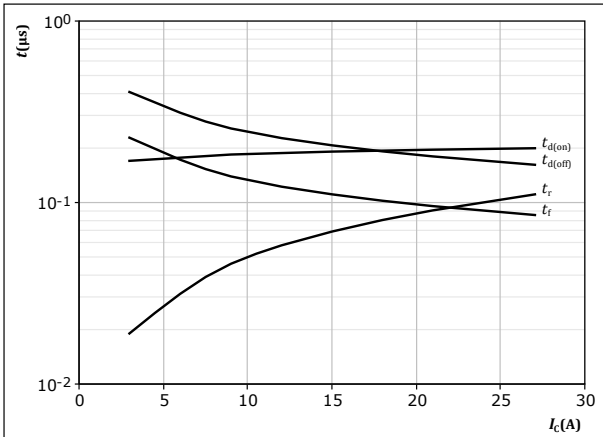
$V_{CE} = 600$ V	$T_j = 25$ °C
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V	$T_j = 125$ °C
$I_c = 15$ A	$T_j = 150$ °C



Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 24. IGBT

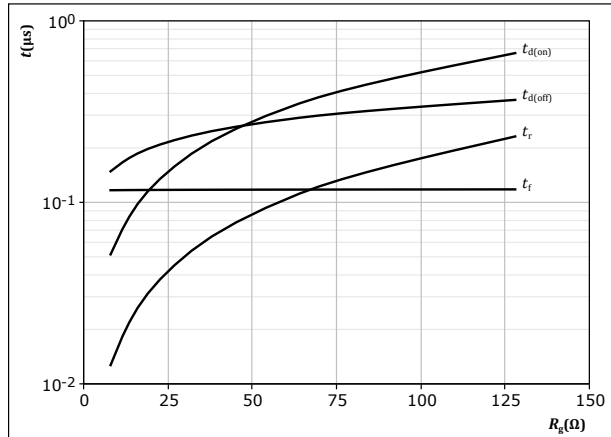
Typical switching times as a function of collector current
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 32 \text{ } \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 32 \text{ } \Omega$

figure 25. IGBT

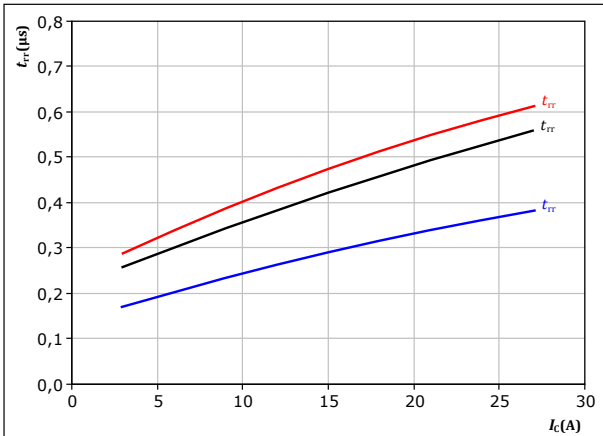
Typical switching times as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 15 \text{ A}$

figure 26. FWD

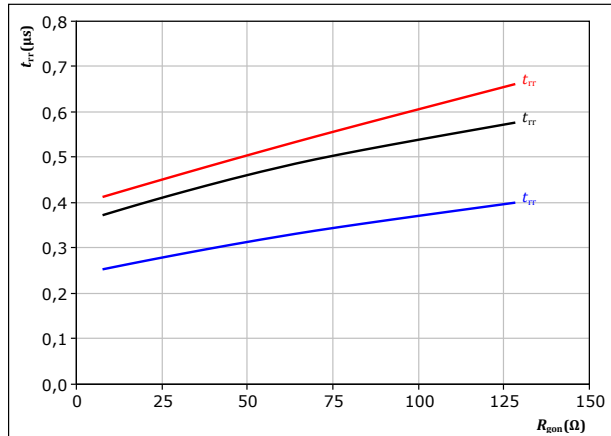
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 32 \text{ } \Omega$
 $T_j:$ — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 27. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 15 \text{ A}$
 $T_j:$ — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

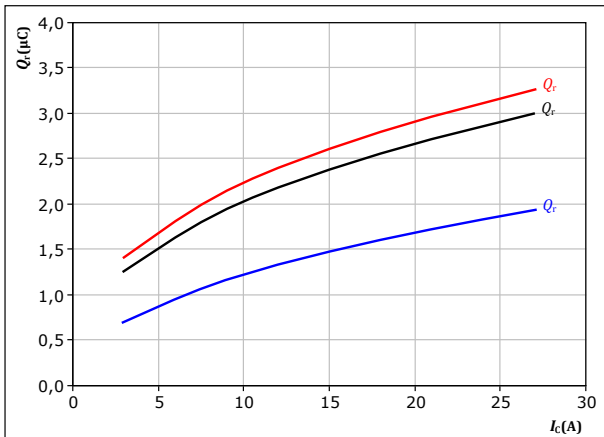


Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 28. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

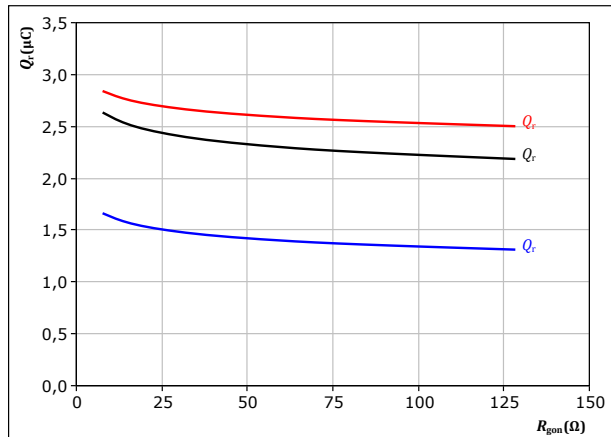
$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 32$ Ω

T_j :
— 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 29. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

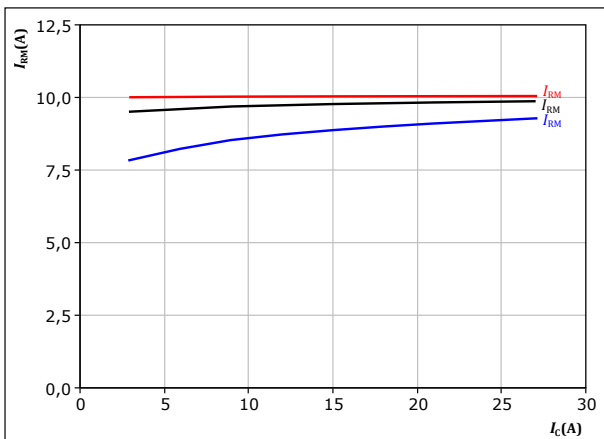
$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 15$ A

T_j :
— 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 30. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

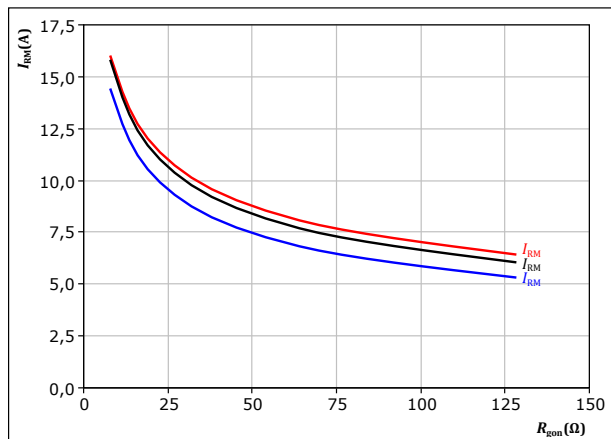
$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 32$ Ω

T_j :
— 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 31. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 15$ A

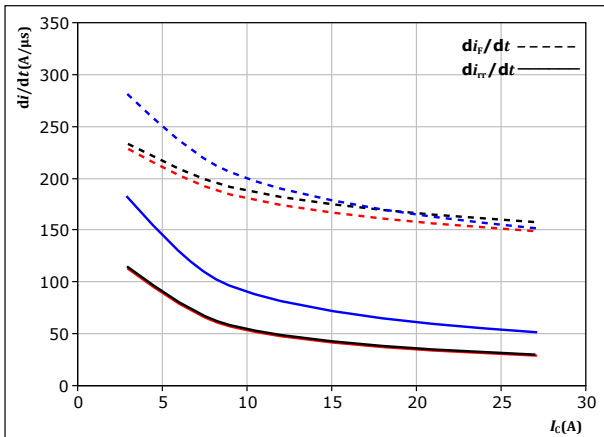
T_j :
— 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C



Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 32. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



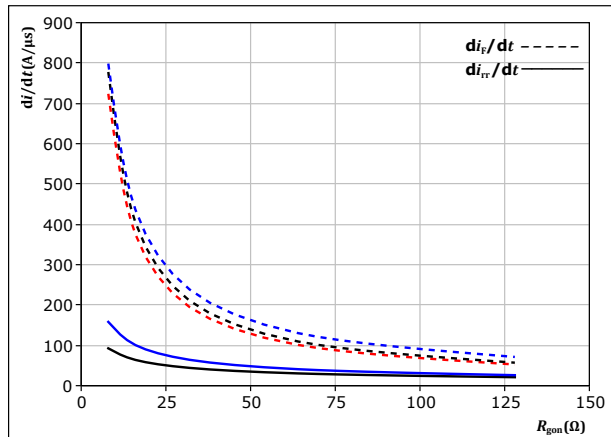
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 32$ Ω

T_j :
 — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 — 150 °C

figure 33. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at

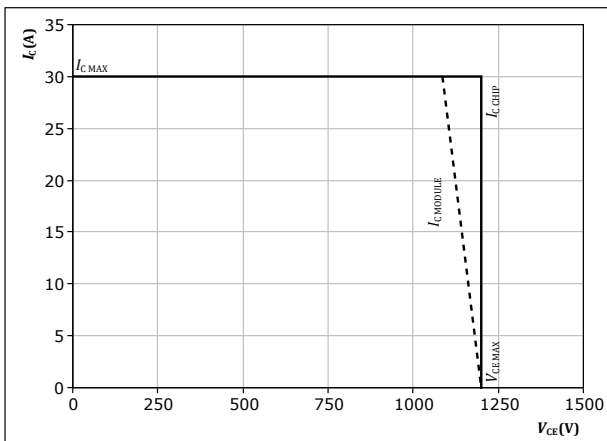
$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $I_c = 15$ A

T_j :
 — 25 °C
 — 125 °C
 - - - 150 °C

figure 34. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At $T_j = 150$ °C
 $R_{gon} = 32$ Ω
 $R_{goff} = 32$ Ω

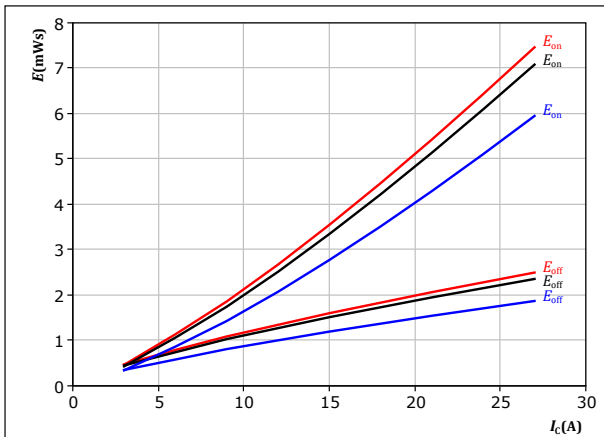


Brake Switching Characteristics

figure 35. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_c)$$



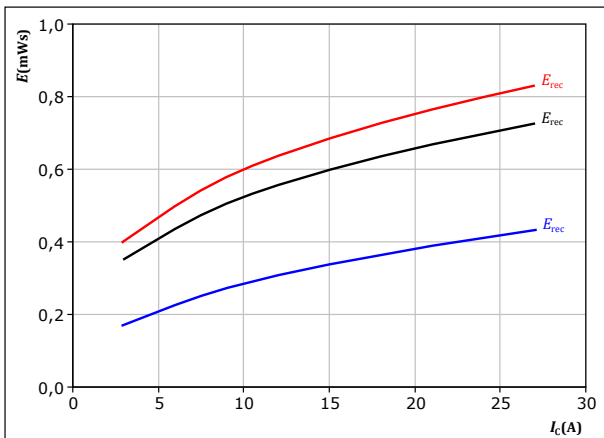
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_j:$	— 25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	0/15	V		— 125 °C
$R_{gon} =$	32	Ω		— 150 °C
$R_{goff} =$	32	Ω		

figure 37. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_c)$$



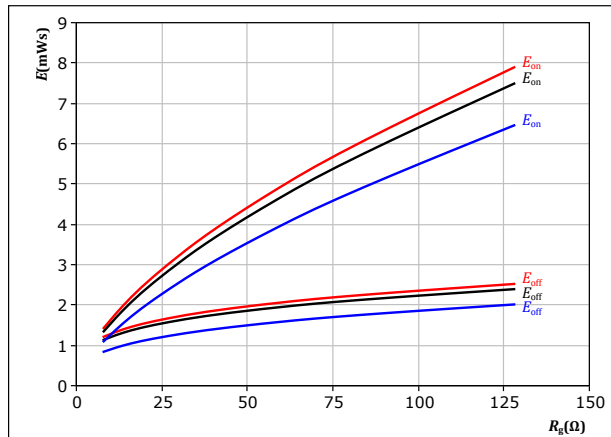
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_j:$	— 25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	0/15	V		— 125 °C
$R_{gon} =$	32	Ω		— 150 °C

figure 36. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$E = f(R_g)$$



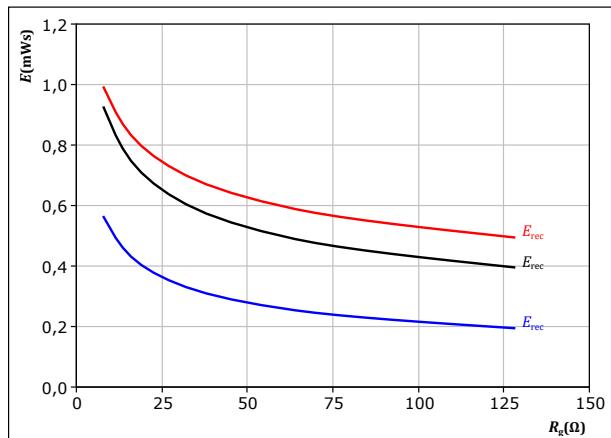
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_j:$	— 25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	0/15	V		— 125 °C
$I_c =$	15	A		— 150 °C

figure 38. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

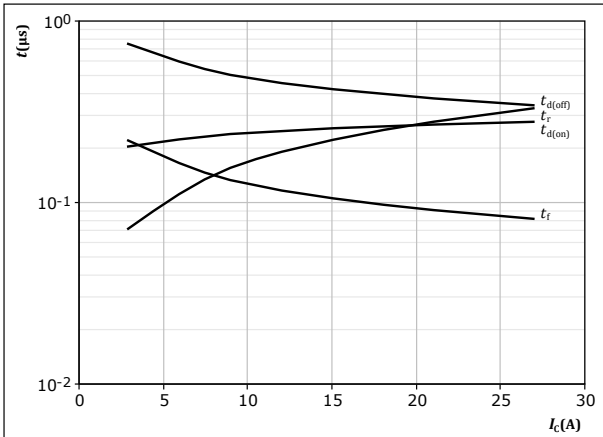
$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_j:$	— 25 °C
$V_{GE} =$	0/15	V		— 125 °C
$I_c =$	15	A		— 150 °C



Brake Switching Characteristics

figure 39. IGBT

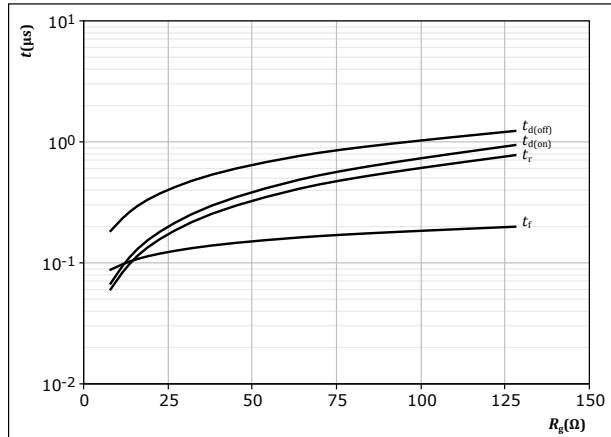
Typical switching times as a function of collector current
 $t = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = 0/15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 32$ Ω
 $R_{goff} = 32$ Ω

figure 40. IGBT

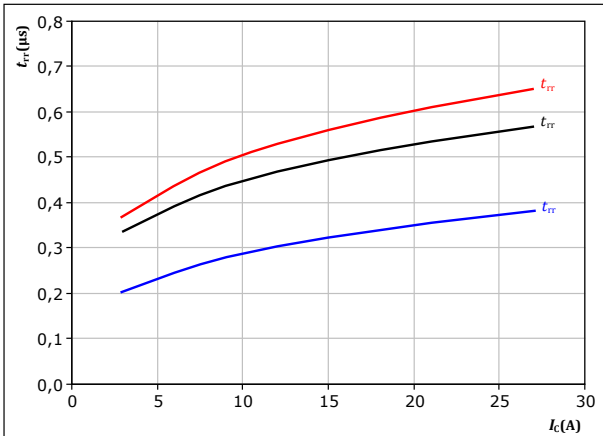
Typical switching times as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t = f(R_g)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = 0/15$ V
 $I_c = 15$ A

figure 41. FWD

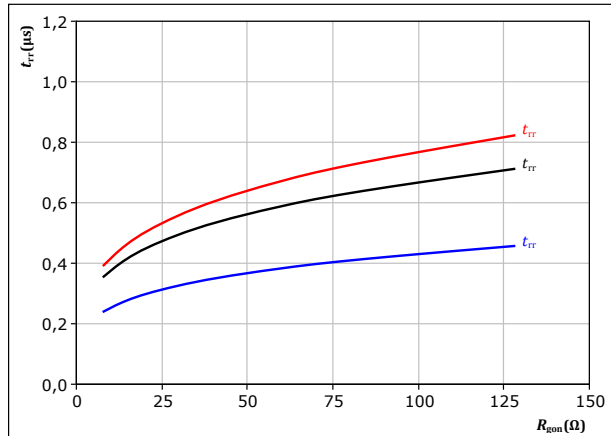
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current
 $t_{rr} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = 0/15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 32$ Ω
 $T_j:$ — 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 42. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = 0/15$ V
 $I_c = 15$ A
 $T_j:$ — 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

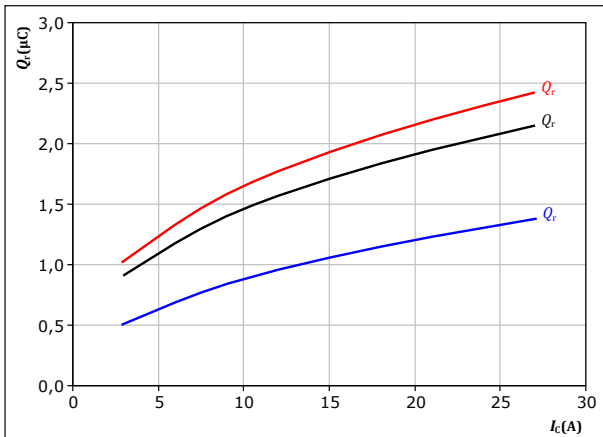


Brake Switching Characteristics

figure 43. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

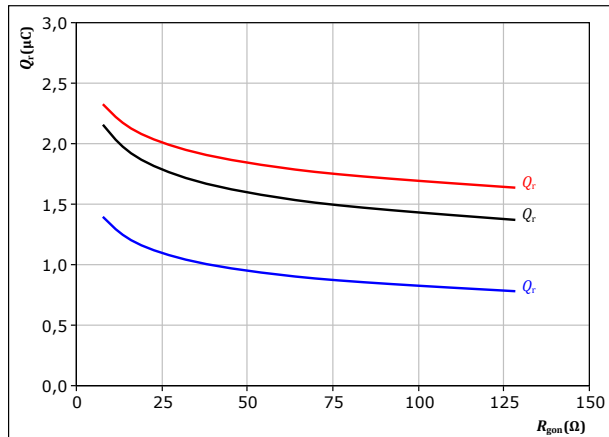
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 32 \ \Omega$

T_j : — 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 44. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

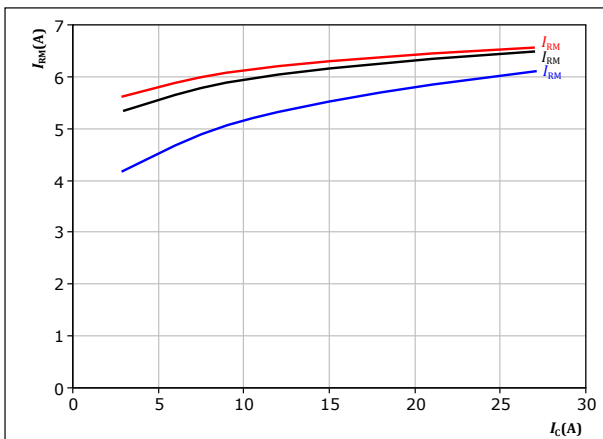
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 15 \text{ A}$

T_j : — 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 45. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

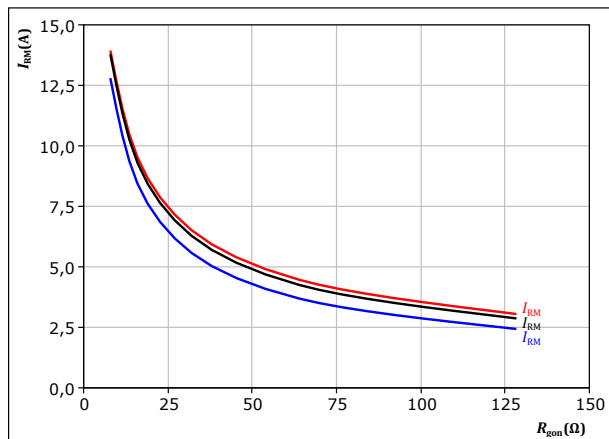
$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 32 \ \Omega$

T_j : — 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C

figure 46. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gon})$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 0/15 \text{ V}$
 $I_c = 15 \text{ A}$

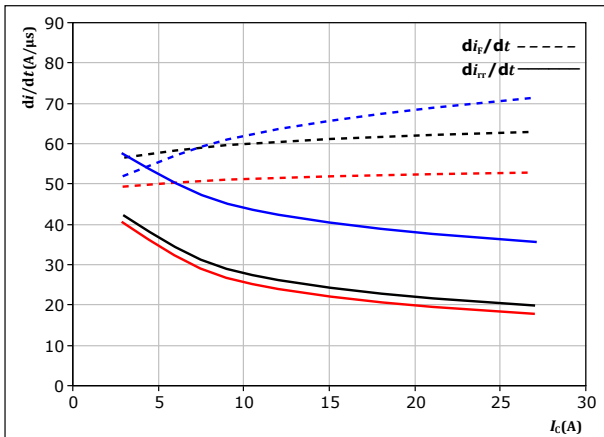
T_j : — 25 °C
— 125 °C
— 150 °C



Brake Switching Characteristics

figure 47. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(I_c)$



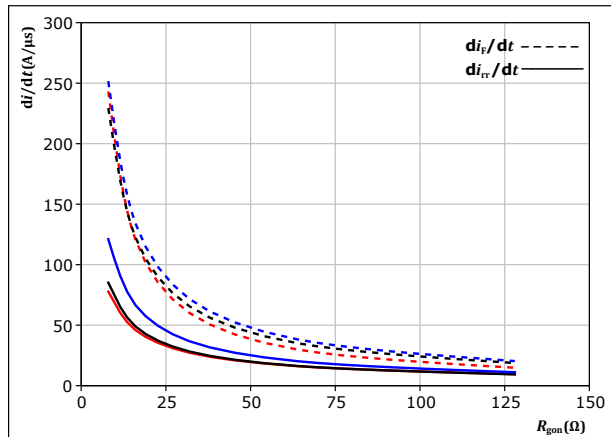
With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = 0/15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 32$ Ω

$T_j = 25$ °C
 125 °C
 150 °C

figure 48. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of turn on gate resistor
 $di_f/dt, di_r/dt = f(R_{gon})$



With an inductive load at

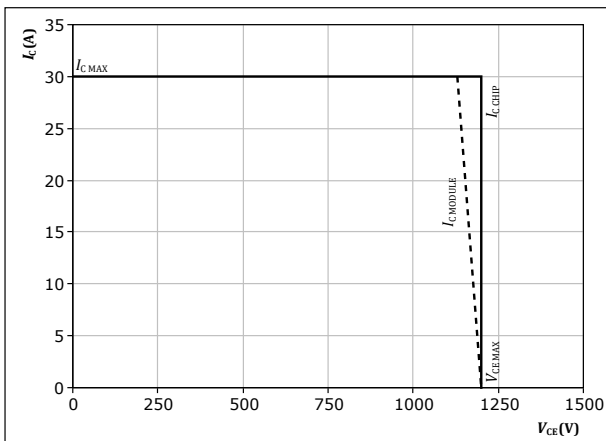
$V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = 0/15$ V
 $I_c = 15$ A

$T_j = 25$ °C
 125 °C
 150 °C

figure 49. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_c = f(V_{CE})$



At $T_j = 150$ °C
 $R_{gon} = 32$ Ω
 $R_{goff} = 32$ Ω



Switching Definitions

figure 50. IGBT
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} , t_{Eoff} (t_{Eoff} = integrating time for E_{off})

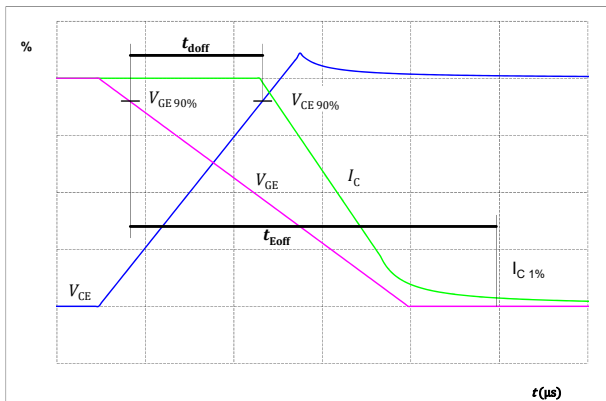


figure 51. IGBT
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} , t_{Eon} (t_{Eon} = integrating time for E_{on})

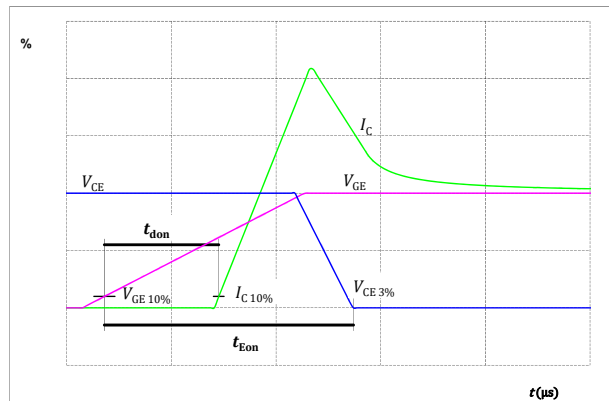


figure 52. IGBT
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f

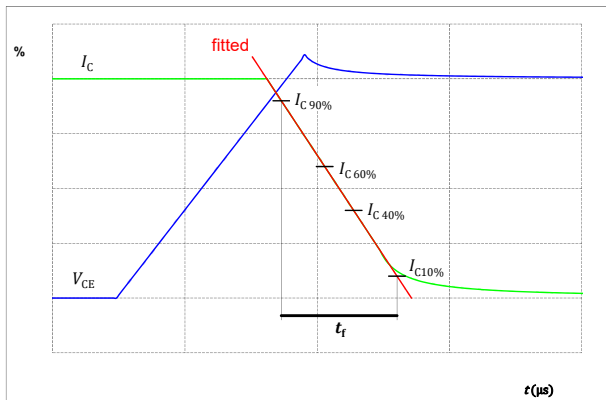
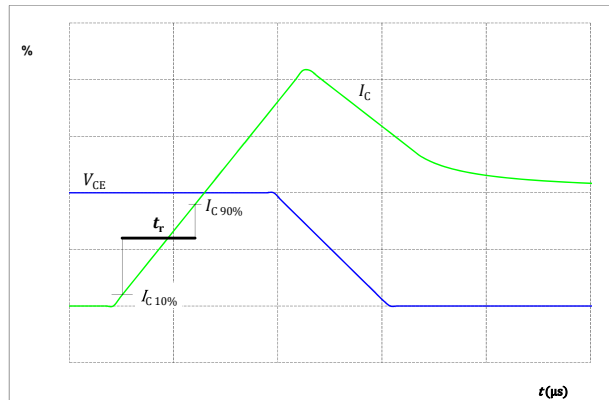


figure 53. IGBT
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r





Switching Definitions

figure 54. FWD

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{rr}

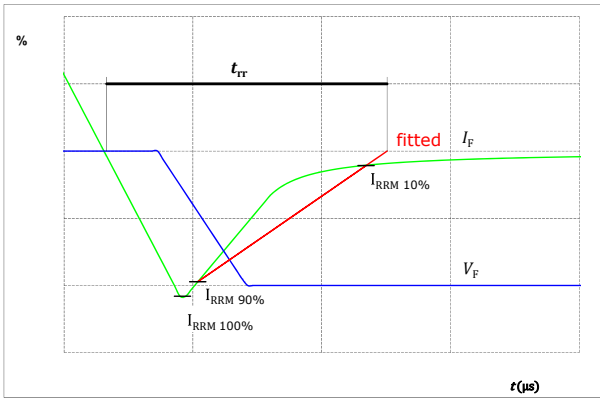
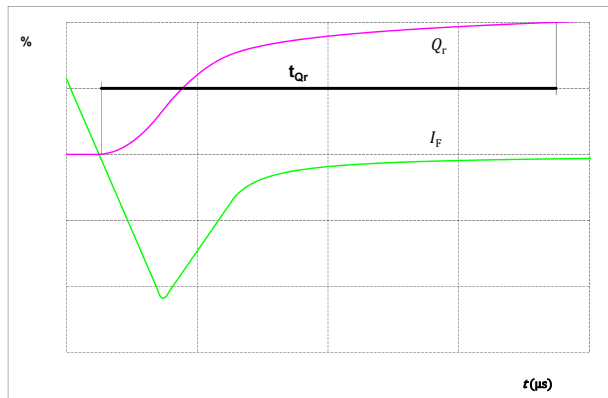


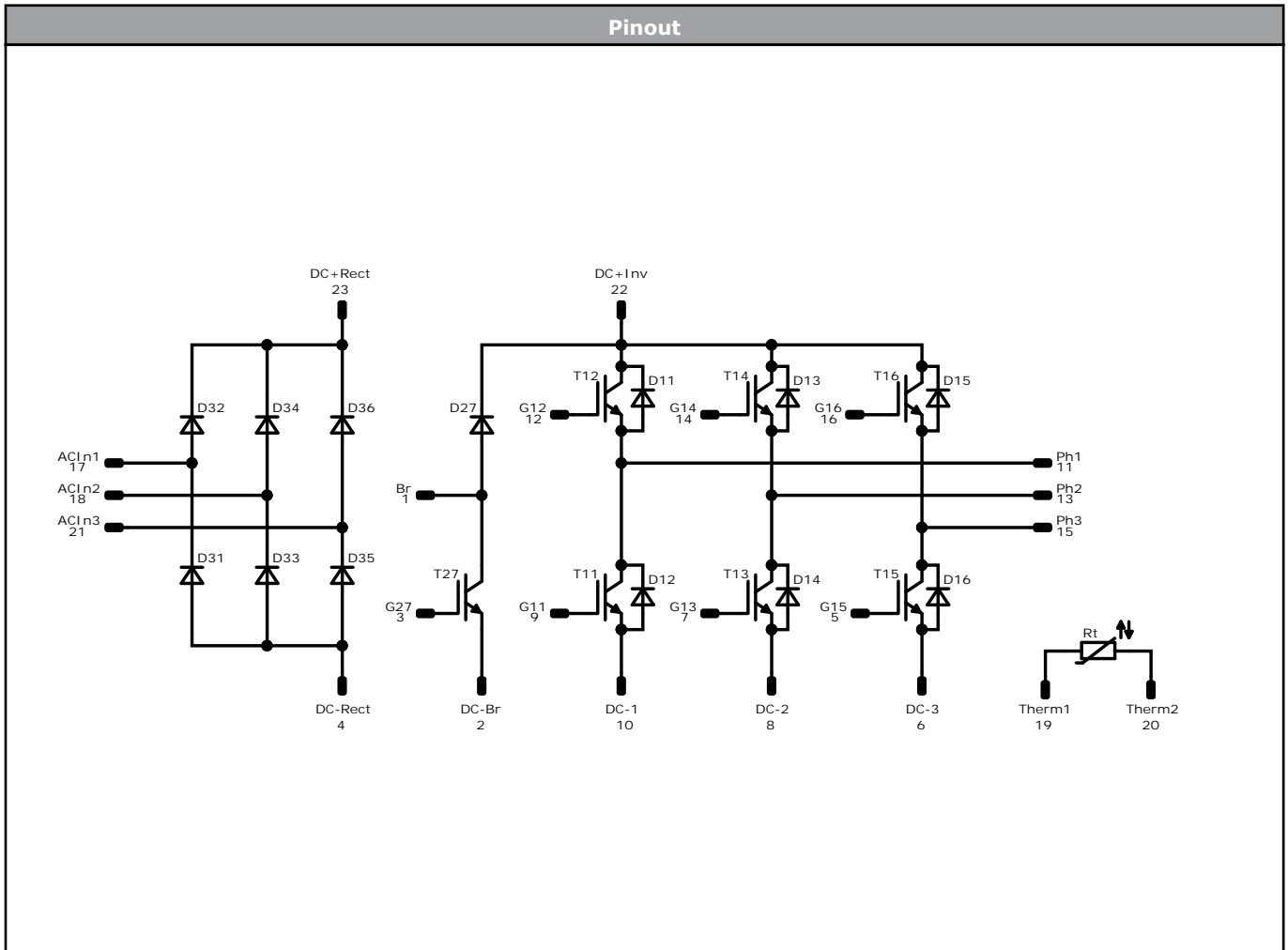
figure 55. FWD

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Qr} (t_{Qr} = integrating time for Q_r)





Vincotech



Identification					
ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T11, T12, T13, T14, T15, T16	IGBT	1200 V	15 A	Inverter Switch	
D11, D12, D13, D14, D15, D16	FWD	1200 V	15 A	Inverter Diode	
T27	IGBT	1200 V	15 A	Brake Switch	
D27	FWD	1200 V	10 A	Brake Diode	
D31, D32, D33, D34, D35, D36	Rectifier	1600 V	28 A	Rectifier Diode	
Rt	NTC			Thermistor	



Packaging instruction				
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 100	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ	Sample

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for <i>flow</i> E1 packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for <i>flow</i> E1 packages see vincotech.com website.

Vincotech thermistor reference
See Vincotech thermistor reference table at vincotech.com website.

UL recognition and file number
This device is UL 1557 recognized under E192116 up to a junction temperature under switching condition $T_{j,op}=175^{\circ}C$ and up to 3500VAC/1min isolation voltage. For more information see vincotech.com website.



Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
10-EZ12PMA015M7-L928A78T-D5-14	16 Mar. 2021	New Datasheet format Update characteristics of Rectifier Diode	
10-EZ12PMA015M7-L928A78T-D6-14	3 Dec. 2024	Update Main Page and Ordering Codes	

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.