



Vincotech

30-F212R6A100SC*-M449E*

datasheet

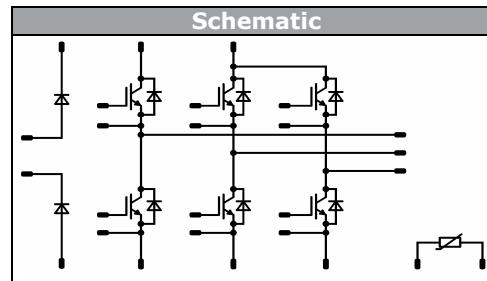
flow PACK 2 + R

1200 V / 100 A

Features
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inverter, blocking diodes • Built-in thermistor • IGBT4 technology for low saturation losses



Target Applications
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Industrial Drives



Types
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 30-F212R6A100SC-M449E (with thermistor) • 30-F212R6A100SC01-M449E10 (without thermistor)

Maximum Ratings

 $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
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DC Blocking Diode

Repetitive peak reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		1600	V
DC forward current	I_{FAV}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$	154	A
Surge forward current	I_{FSM}	$t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$	1270	A
Power dissipation per Diode	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$	189	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	T_{jmax}		150	$^\circ\text{C}$

Inverter Switch

Collector-emitter break down voltage	V_{CE}		1200	V
DC collector current	I_C	$T_j = T_{jmax}$	116	A
Pulsed collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	300	A
Turn off safe operating area		$V_{CE} \leq 1200\text{V}$, $T_j \leq T_{op\ max}$	200	A
Power dissipation per IGBT	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$	307	W
Gate-emitter peak voltage	V_{GE}		20	V
Short circuit ratings	t_{SC} V_{CC}	$T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$	10 800	μs V
Maximum Junction Temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^\circ\text{C}$



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Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
Inverter Diode				
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}		1200	V
DC forward current	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$	64	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	100	A
Power dissipation per Diode	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$	127	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^\circ\text{C}$

Module Properties

Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-40...+125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Operation temperature under switching condition	T_{op}		-40...+($T_{jmax} - 25$)	$^\circ\text{C}$

Insulation Properties

Insulation voltage	V_{is}	DC Test Voltage*	$t_p = 2\text{ s}$	4000	V
		AC Voltage	$t_p = 1\text{ min}$	2500	V
Creepage distance				min 12,7	mm
Clearance				12,1	mm
Comparative tracking index	CTI			>200	

* 100 % Tested in production



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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions						Value			Unit
		V_{GE} [V]	V_r [V]	I_C [A]	I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		
		V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V]	I_D [A]							
DC Blocking Diode											
Forward voltage	V_F			100	25 125			1,12 1,07	1,4	V	
Threshold voltage (for power loss calc. only)	V_{to}			100	25 125			0,89 0,76		V	
Slope resistance (for power loss calc. only)	r_t			100	25 125			2 3		mΩ	
Reverse current	I_r		1500		25				0,1	mA	
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	$R_{th(j-s)}$	λpaste = 3,4 W/mK (PSX)						0,37		K/W	
Inverter Switch											
Gate emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$		0,0034	25	5	5,8	6,5		V	
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V_{CESat}		15	100	25 150	1,6	1,88 2,26	2,1		V	
Collector-emitter cut-off current incl. Diode	I_{CES}		0	1200	25			0,028		mA	
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0	25			1200		nA	
Integrated Gate resistor	R_{gint}						2			Ω	
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{goff} = 4 \Omega$ $R_{gon} = 4 \Omega$	±15	600	100	25 150	105 109				
Rise time	t_r					25 150	23 27			ns	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25 150	220 301				
Fall time	t_f					25 150	49 117				
Turn-on energy loss per pulse	E_{on}					25 150	4,67 6,78			mWs	
Turn-off energy loss per pulse	E_{off}					25 150	5,28 9,38				
Input capacitance	C_{ies}						5540				
Output capacitance	C_{oss}	$f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	0	25	25		410			pF	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}						320				
Gate charge	Q_G						480			nC	
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	$R_{th(j-s)}$	λpaste = 3,4 W/mK (PSX)					0,31			K/W	
Inverter Diode											
Diode forward voltage	V_F			50	25 150	1,1	1,74 1,77	2,3		V	
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{RRM}	$R_{gon} = 4 \Omega$	±15	600	100	25 150	103,19 118,1			A	
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					25 150	131,1 289,8			ns	
Reverse recovered charge	Q_{rr}					25 150	7,03 13,9			μC	
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$					25 150	4928 2403			A/μs	
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}					25 150	2,79 5,92			mWs	
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	$R_{th(j-s)}$	λpaste = 3,4 W/mK (PSX)					0,75			K/W	
Thermistor											
Rated resistance	R				25			22000		Ω	
Deviation of R_{100}	$\Delta R/R$	$R_{100} = 1486 \Omega$			100	-12		14	%		
Power dissipation	P				25		200			mW	
Power dissipation constant					25		2			mW/K	
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. ±3%			25			3950		K	
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. ±3%			25			3998		K	
Vincotech NTC Reference					25			B			

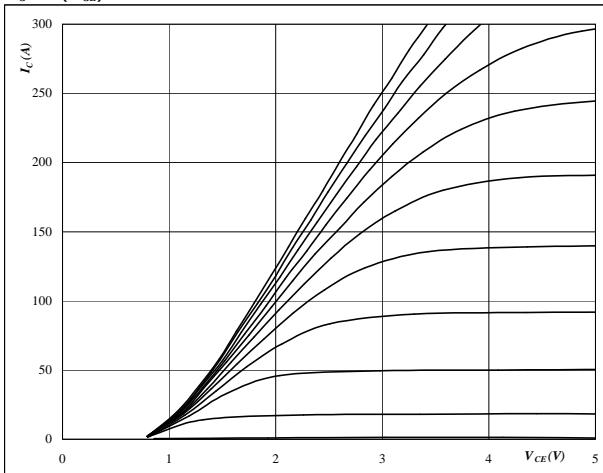
Inverter Switch/Inverter Diode

figure 1.

IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

**At**

$$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$$

$$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$$

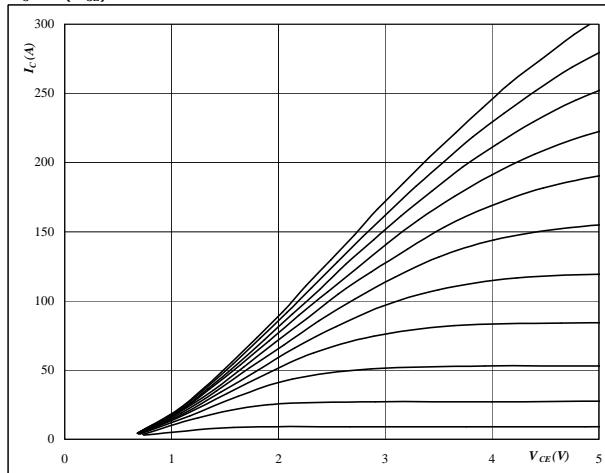
V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 2.

IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

**At**

$$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$$

$$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$$

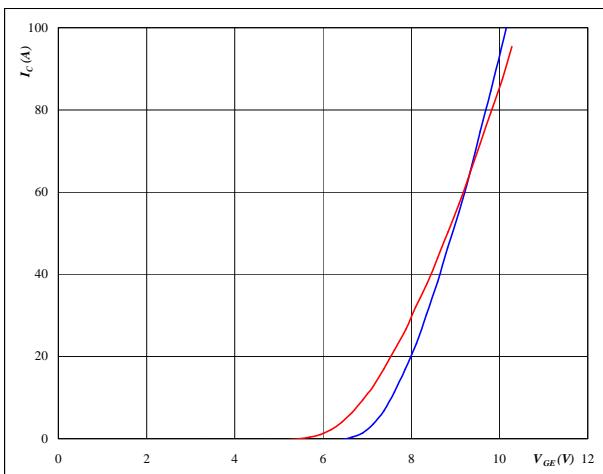
V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 3.

IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

**At**

$$T_j = 25/150^\circ\text{C}$$

$$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$$

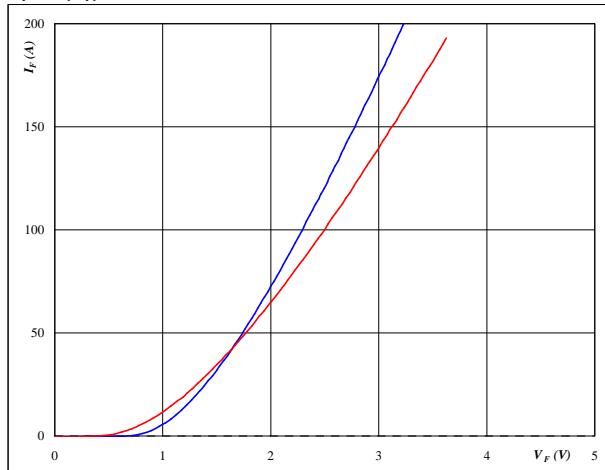
$V_{CE} = 10$ V

Figure 4

FWD

Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

**At**

$$T_j = 25/150^\circ\text{C}$$

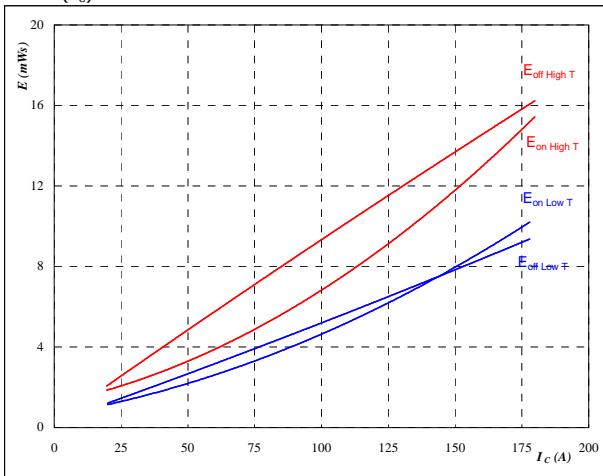
$$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$$

Inverter Switch/Inverter Diode

Figure 5

**Typical switching energy losses
as a function of collector current**

$$E = f(I_C)$$



With an inductive load at

$$T_j = \textcolor{blue}{25} / \textcolor{red}{150} \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 600 \quad \text{V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \quad \text{V}$$

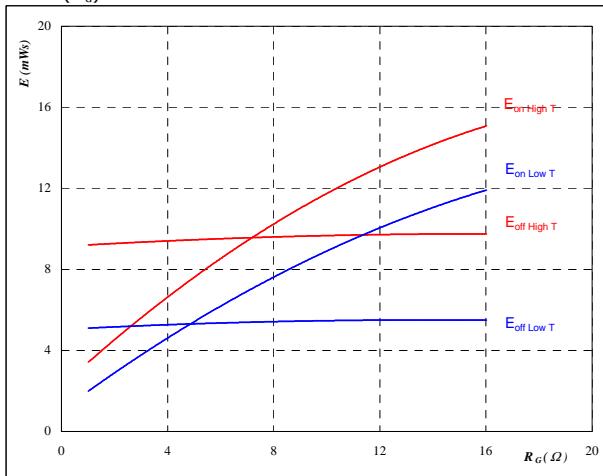
$$R_{gon} = 4 \quad \Omega$$

$$R_{goff} = 4 \quad \Omega$$

Figure 6

**Typical switching energy losses
as a function of gate resistor**

$$E = f(R_G)$$



With an inductive load at

$$T_j = \textcolor{blue}{25} / \textcolor{red}{150} \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 600 \quad \text{V}$$

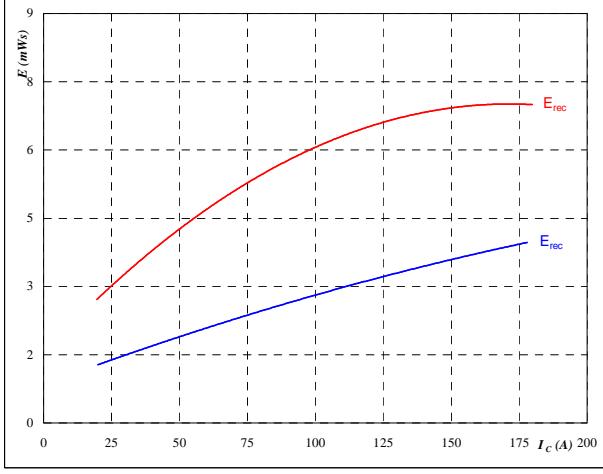
$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \quad \text{V}$$

$$I_C = 99 \quad \text{A}$$

Figure 7

**Typical reverse recovery energy loss
as a function of collector current**

$$E_{rec} = f(I_C)$$



With an inductive load at

$$T_j = \textcolor{blue}{25} / \textcolor{red}{150} \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 600 \quad \text{V}$$

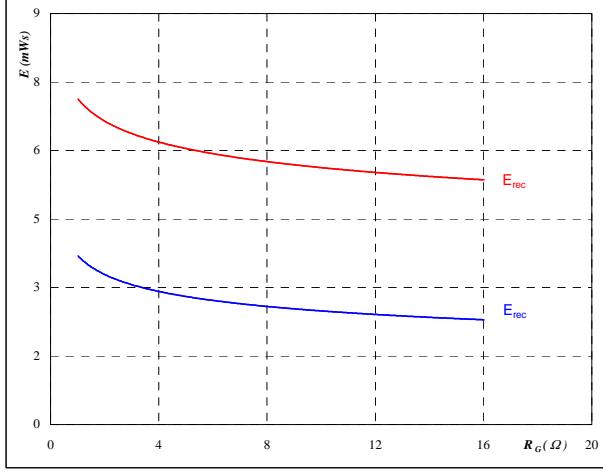
$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \quad \text{V}$$

$$R_{gon} = 4 \quad \Omega$$

Figure 8

**Typical reverse recovery energy loss
as a function of gate resistor**

$$E_{rec} = f(R_G)$$



With an inductive load at

$$T_j = \textcolor{blue}{25} / \textcolor{red}{150} \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 600 \quad \text{V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \quad \text{V}$$

$$I_C = 99 \quad \text{A}$$

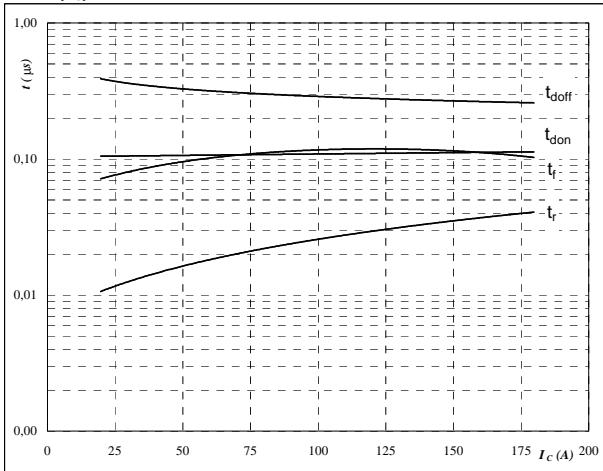
Inverter Switch/Inverter Diode

Figure 9

IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

$$T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$$

$$R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$$

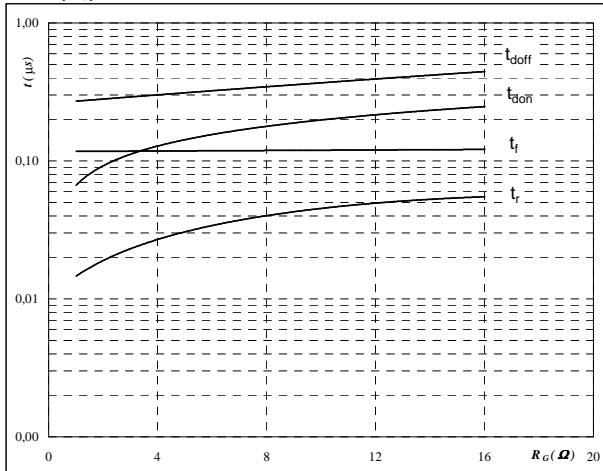
$$R_{goff} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$$

Figure 10

IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(R_G)$$



With an inductive load at

$$T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$$

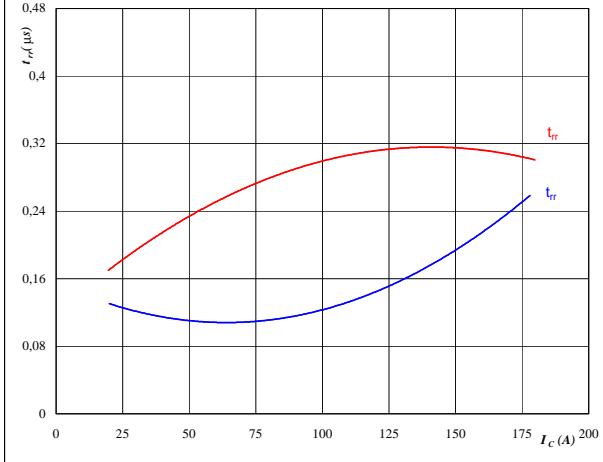
$$I_c = 99 \text{ A}$$

Figure 11

FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_c)$$



At

$$T_j = 25/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$$

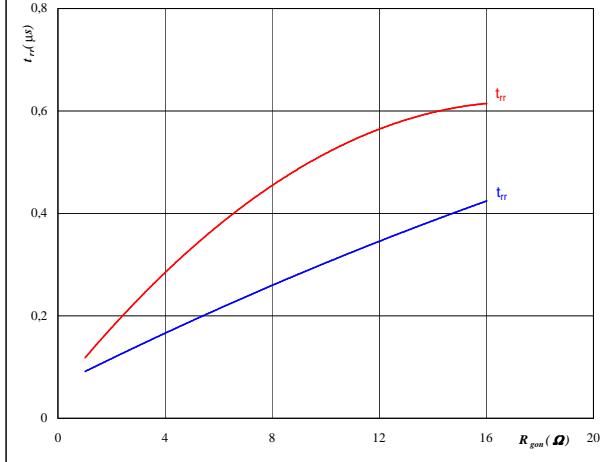
$$R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$$

Figure 12

FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$



At

$$T_j = 25/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_R = 600 \text{ V}$$

$$I_F = 99 \text{ A}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$$

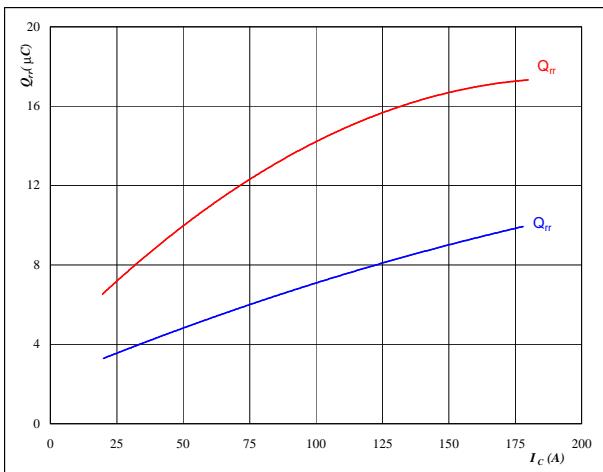
Inverter Switch/Inverter Diode

Figure 13

FWD

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_{rr} = f(I_c)$$

**At**

$$T_j = 25/150 \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 600 \quad \text{V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \quad \text{V}$$

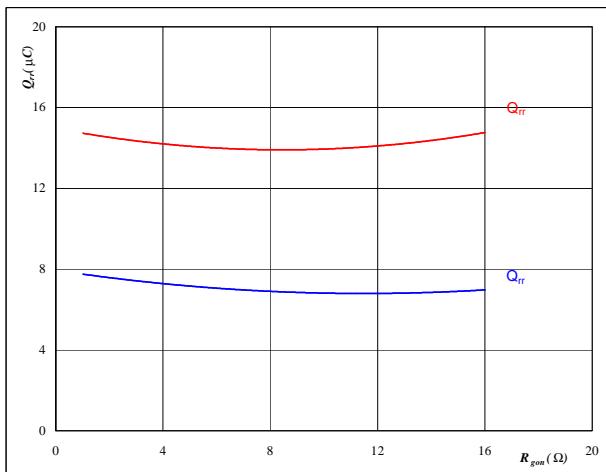
$$R_{gon} = 4 \quad \Omega$$

Figure 14

FWD

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$

**At**

$$T_j = 25/150 \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_R = 600 \quad \text{V}$$

$$I_F = 99 \quad \text{A}$$

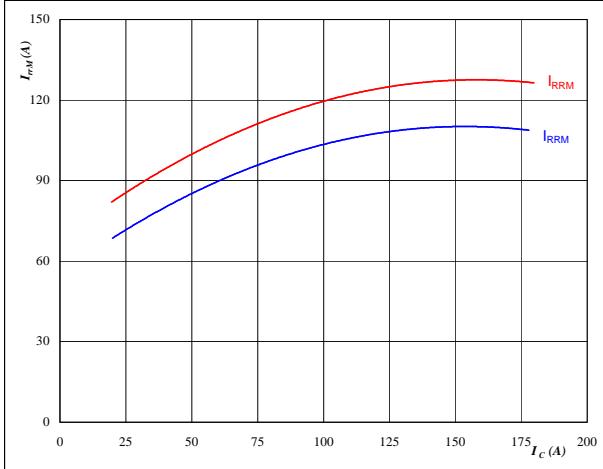
$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \quad \text{V}$$

Figure 15

FWD

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RRM} = f(I_c)$$

**At**

$$T_j = 25/150 \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 600 \quad \text{V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \quad \text{V}$$

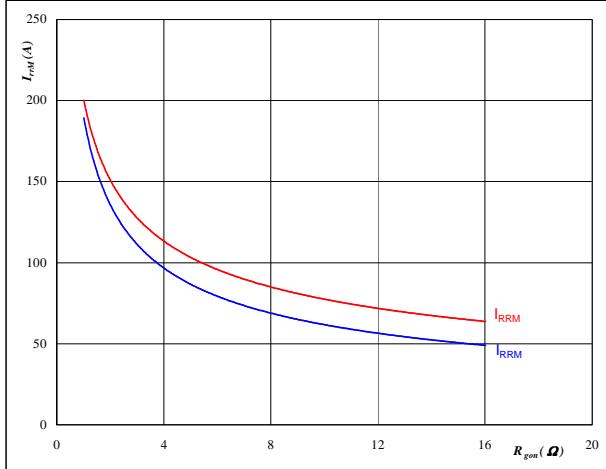
$$R_{gon} = 4 \quad \Omega$$

Figure 16

FWD

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RRM} = f(R_{gon})$$

**At**

$$T_j = 25/150 \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_R = 600 \quad \text{V}$$

$$I_F = 99 \quad \text{A}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \quad \text{V}$$

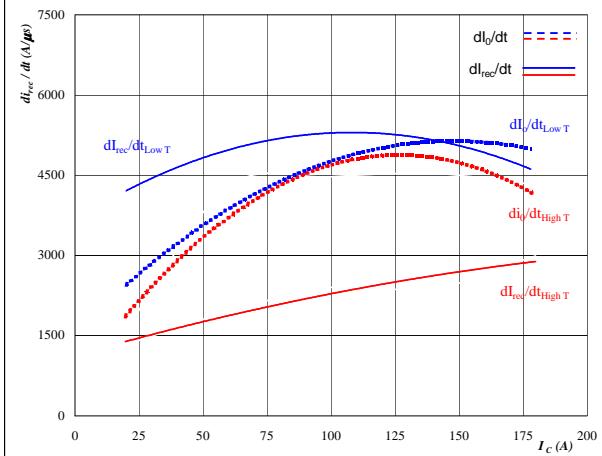
Inverter Switch/Inverter Diode

Figure 17

FWD

**Typical rate of fall of forward
and reverse recovery current as a
function of collector current**

$$dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(I_C)$$

**At**

$$T_j = 25/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$$

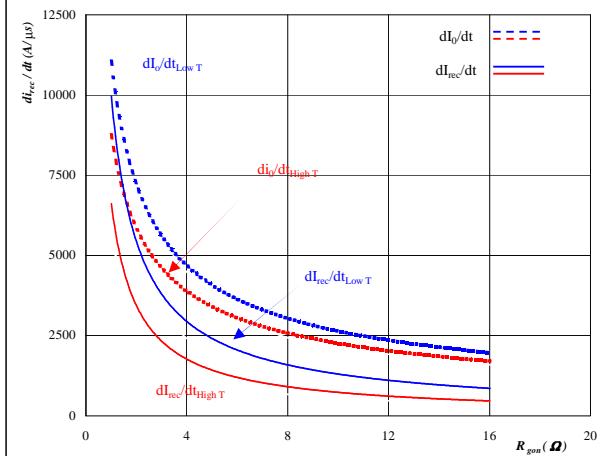
$$R_{gon} = 4 \Omega$$

Figure 18

FWD

**Typical rate of fall of forward
and reverse recovery current as a
function of IGBT turn on gate resistor**

$$dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(R_{gon})$$

**At**

$$T_j = 25/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_R = 600 \text{ V}$$

$$I_F = 99 \text{ A}$$

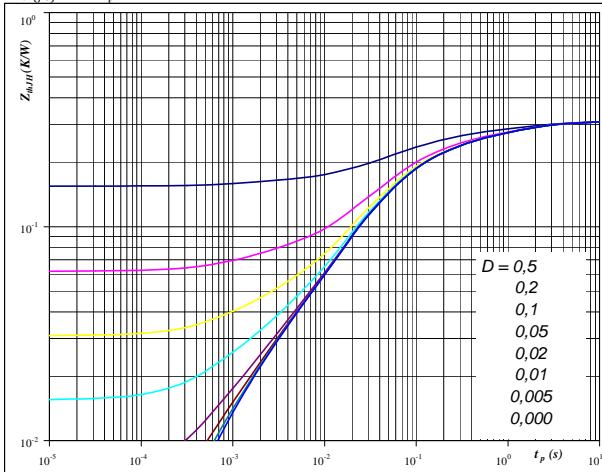
$$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$$

Figure 19

IGBT

**IGBT transient thermal impedance
as a function of pulse width**

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$

**At**

$$D = t_p / T$$

$$R_{th(j-s)} = 0,31 \text{ K/W}$$

IGBT thermal model values

Phase-Change Material

$$R (\text{K/W}) \quad \text{Tau (s)}$$

$$6,00E-02 \quad 1,67E+00$$

$$7,30E-02 \quad 2,35E-01$$

$$1,19E-01 \quad 5,35E-02$$

$$4,31E-02 \quad 1,45E-02$$

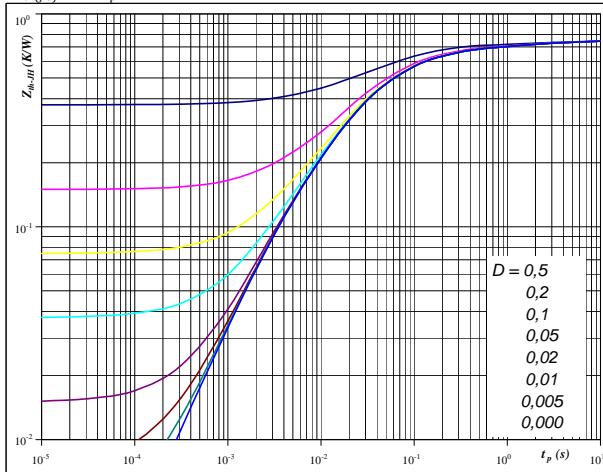
$$1,45E-02 \quad 1,21E-03$$

Figure 20

FWD

**FWD transient thermal impedance
as a function of pulse width**

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$

**At**

$$D = t_p / T$$

$$R_{th(j-s)} = 0,75 \text{ K/W}$$

FWD thermal model values

Phase-Change Material

$$R (\text{K/W}) \quad \text{Tau (s)}$$

$$4,26E-02 \quad 3,64E+00$$

$$6,76E-02 \quad 6,18E-01$$

$$2,53E-01 \quad 8,65E-02$$

$$3,23E-01 \quad 2,11E-02$$

$$6,24E-02 \quad 3,47E-03$$

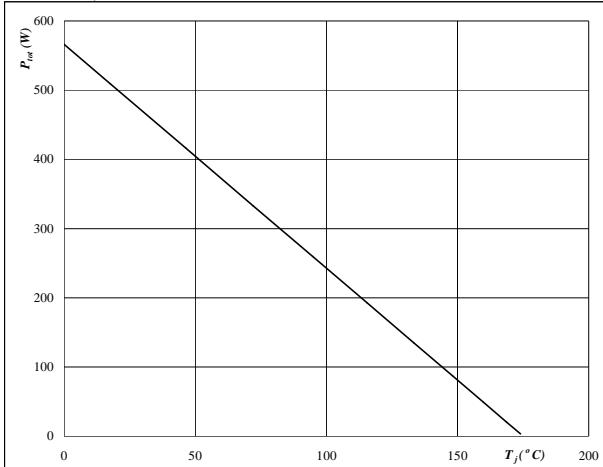
Inverter Switch/Inverter Diode

Figure 21

IGBT

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_j)$$

**At**

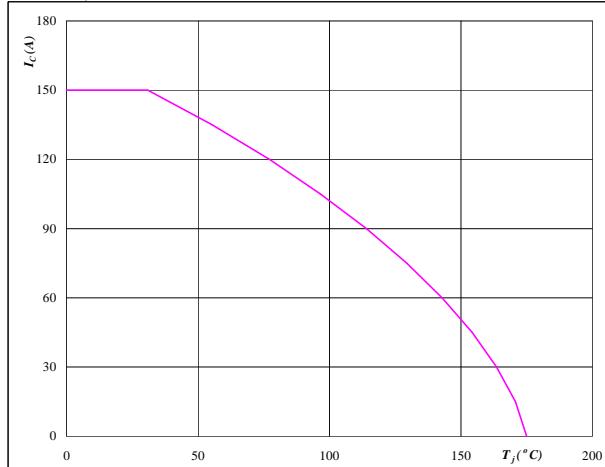
$$T_j = 175 \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

Figure 22

IGBT

Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_C = f(T_j)$$

**At**

$$T_j = 175 \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

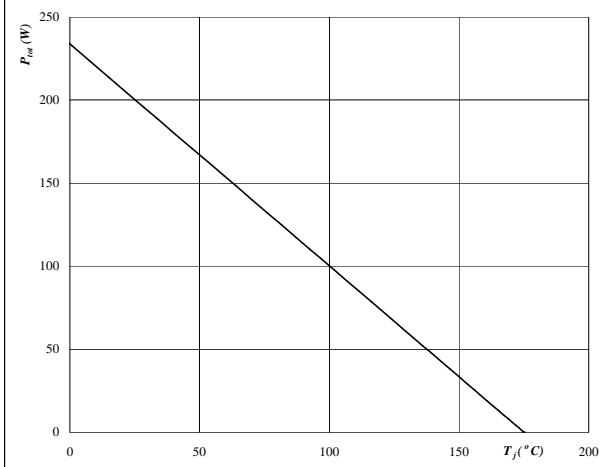
$$V_{GE} = 15 \quad \text{V}$$

Figure 23

FWD

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_j)$$

**At**

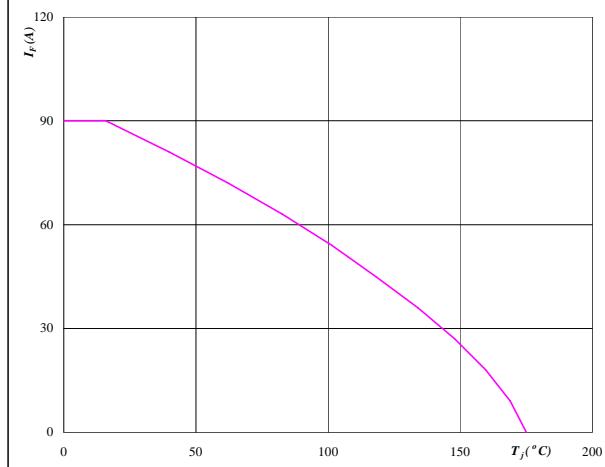
$$T_j = 175 \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

Figure 24

FWD

Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_F = f(T_j)$$

**At**

$$T_j = 175 \quad ^\circ\text{C}$$

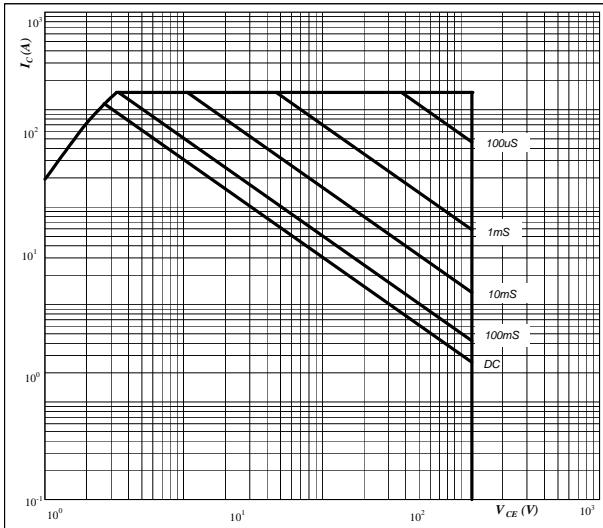
Inverter Switch/Inverter Diode

Figure 25

IGBT

**Safe operating area as a function
of collector-emitter voltage**

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

**At**

D = single pulse

T_s = 80 °C

V_{GE} = ±15 V

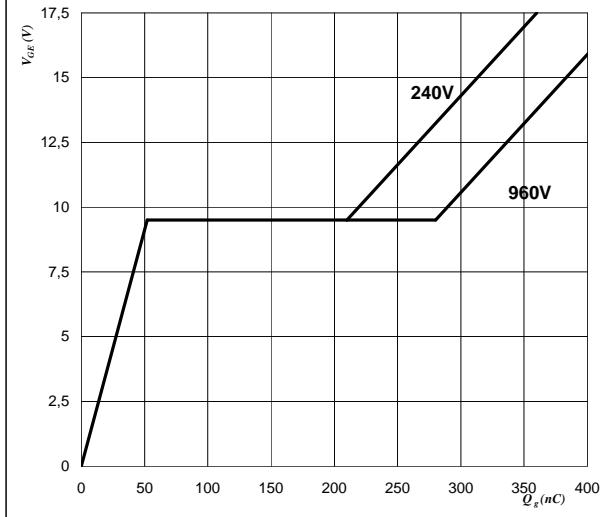
T_j = T_{jmax}

Figure 26

IGBT

Gate voltage vs Gate charge

$$V_{GE} = f(Q_g)$$

**At**

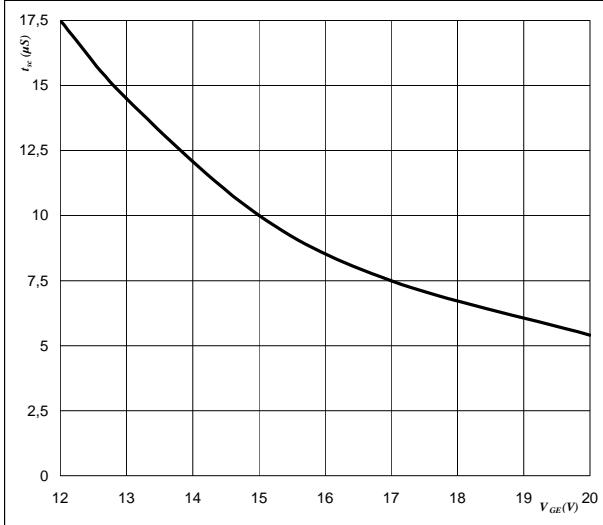
$$I_C = 99 \text{ A}$$

Figure 27

IGBT

**Short circuit withstand time as a function of
gate-emitter voltage**

$$t_{sc} = f(V_{GE})$$

**At**

$V_{CE} = 1200$ V

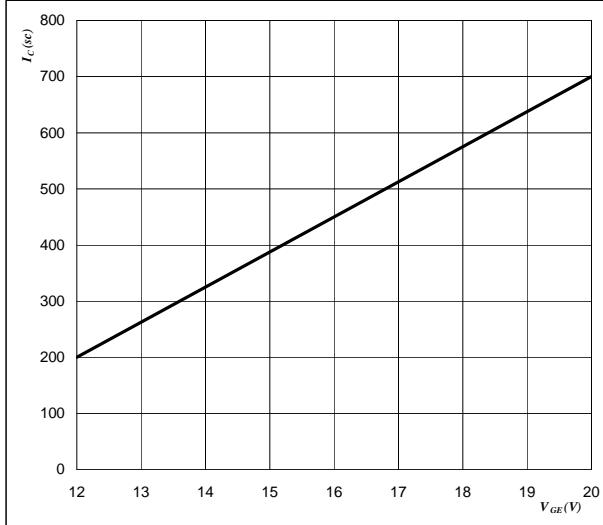
$T_j \leq 175$ °C

Figure 28

IGBT

**Typical short circuit collector current as a function of
gate-emitter voltage**

$$V_{GE} = f(Q_g)$$

**At**

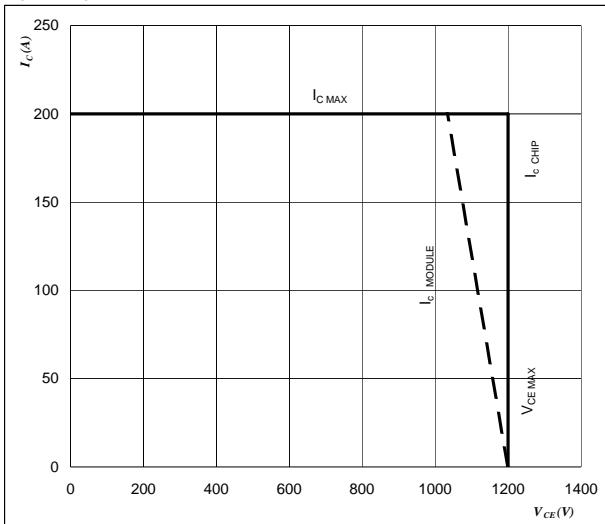
$$V_{CE} \leq 1200 \text{ V}$$

$$T_j = 175 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$$

Figure 29
Reverse bias safe operating area

IGBT

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

**At** $T_j = 151\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ $R_{gon} = 4\text{ }\Omega$ $R_{goff} = 4\text{ }\Omega$

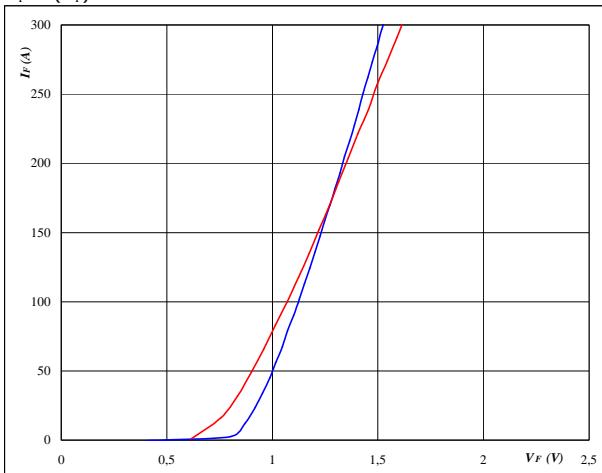
DC Blocking Diode

Figure 1

DC Blocking Diode

Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

**At**

$$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

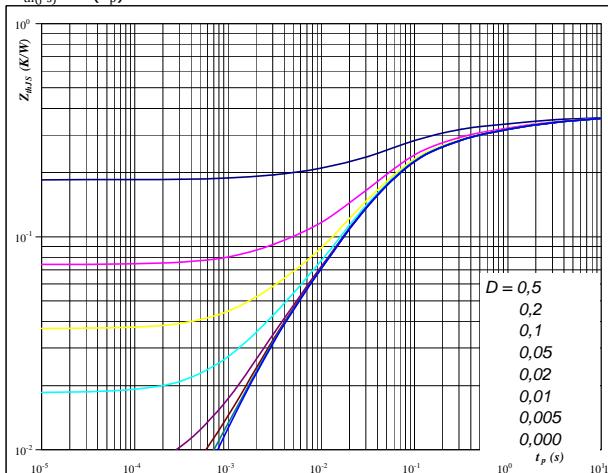
$$t_p = 250 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$$

Figure 2

DC Blocking Diode

Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$

**At**

$$D = t_p / T$$

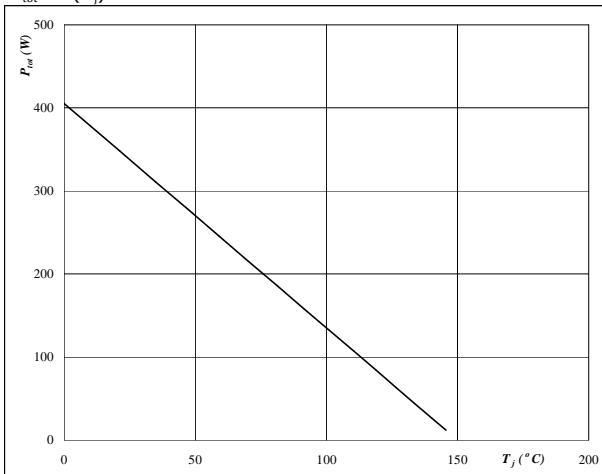
$$R_{th(j-s)} = 0,37 \text{ K/W}$$

Figure 3

DC Blocking Diode

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{tot} = f(T_j)$$

**At**

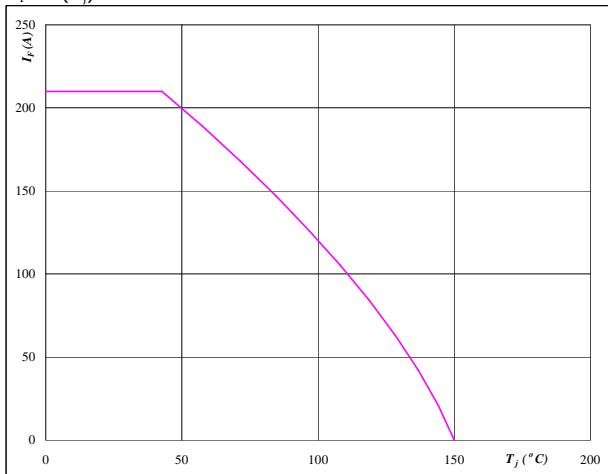
$$T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

Figure 4

DC Blocking Diode

Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_F = f(T_j)$$

**At**

$$T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

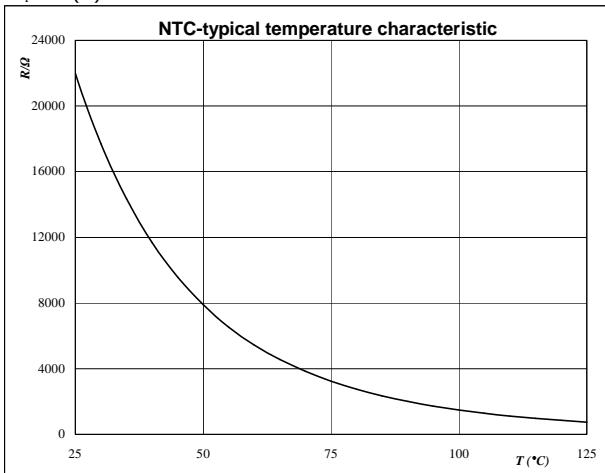
Thermistor

Figure 1

Thermistor

**Typical NTC characteristic
as a function of temperature**

$$R_T = f(T)$$



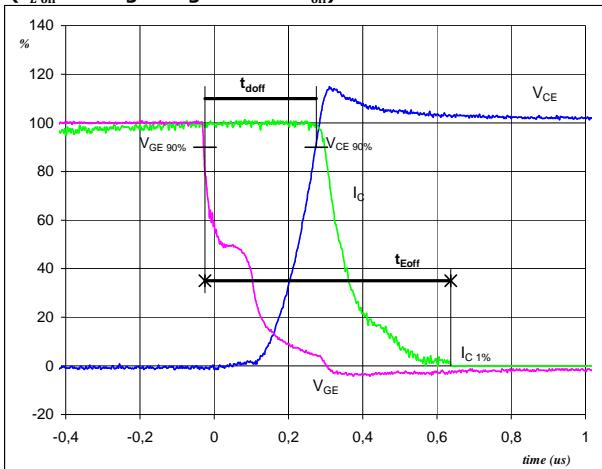
Switching Definitions Inverter

General conditions

T_j	= 151 °C
R_{gon}	= 4 Ω
R_{goff}	= 4 Ω

Figure 1

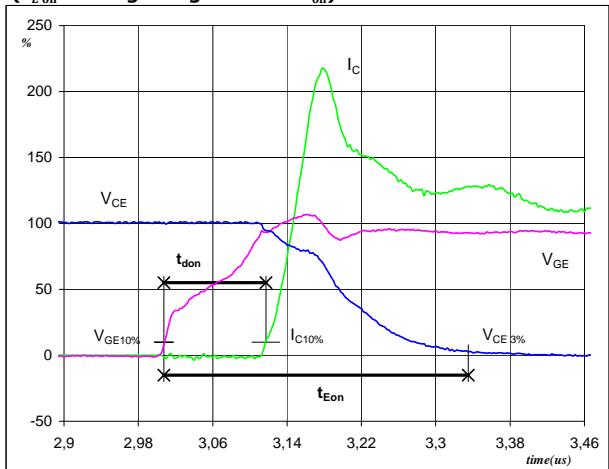
IGBT
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} , t_{Eoff}
 $(t_{Eoff} = \text{integrating time for } E_{off})$



$V_{GE}(0\%) = -15$ V
 $V_{GE}(100\%) = 15$ V
 $V_C(100\%) = 600$ V
 $I_C(100\%) = 99$ A
 $t_{doff} = 0,30$ μs
 $t_{Eoff} = 0,66$ μs

Figure 2

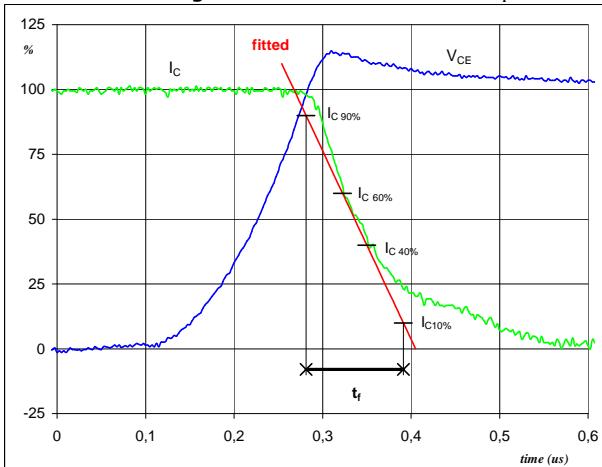
IGBT
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} , t_{Eon}
 $(t_{Eon} = \text{integrating time for } E_{on})$



$V_{GE}(0\%) = -15$ V
 $V_{GE}(100\%) = 15$ V
 $V_C(100\%) = 600$ V
 $I_C(100\%) = 99$ A
 $t_{don} = 0,11$ μs
 $t_{Eon} = 0,33$ μs

Figure 3

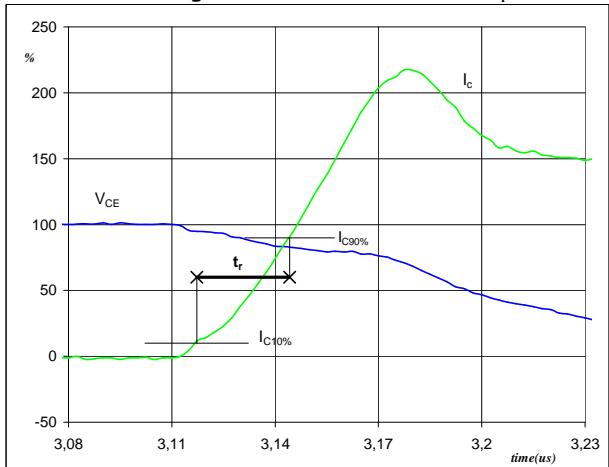
IGBT
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f



$V_C(100\%) = 600$ V
 $I_C(100\%) = 99$ A
 $t_f = 0,12$ μs

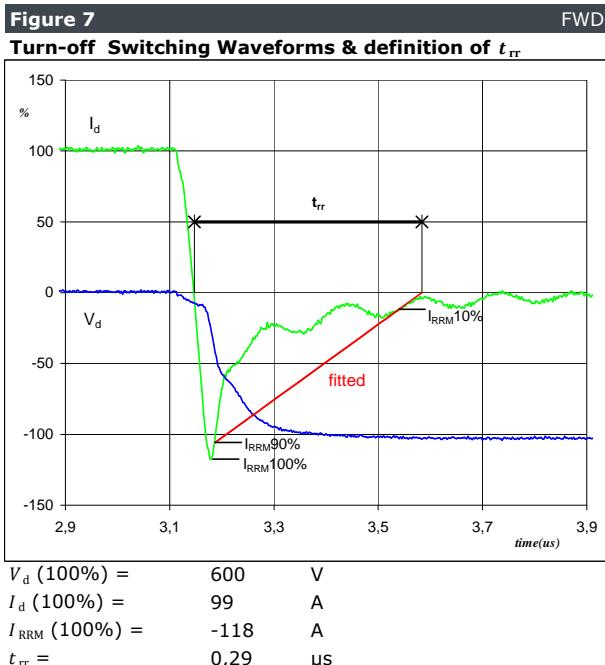
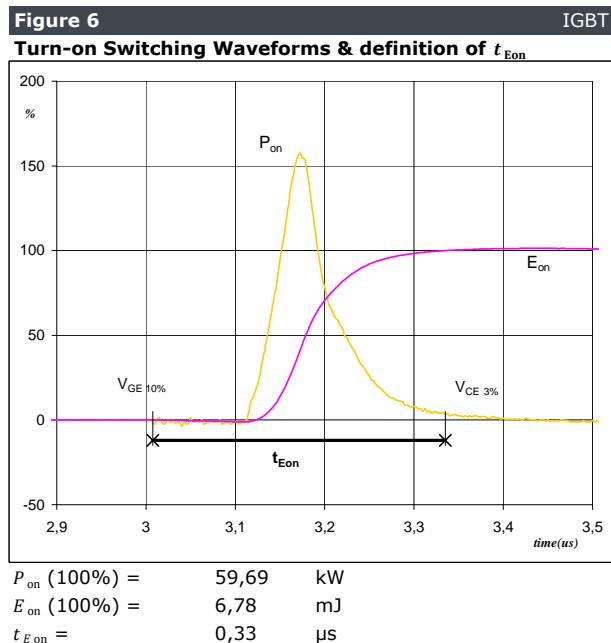
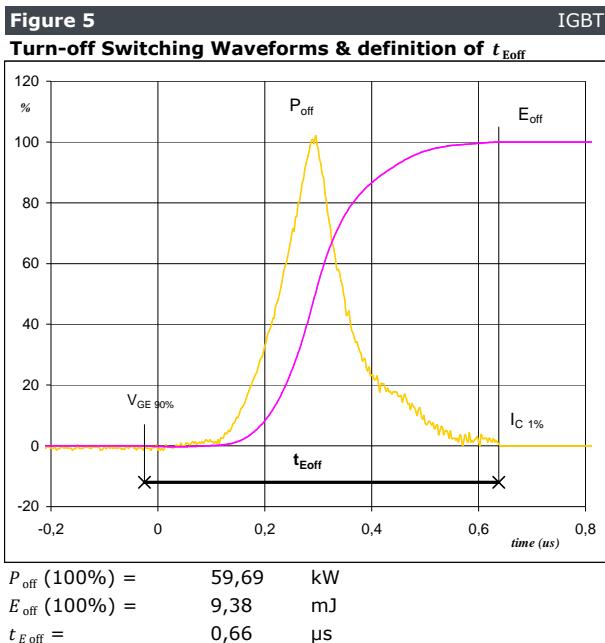
Figure 4

IGBT
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r



$V_C(100\%) = 600$ V
 $I_C(100\%) = 99$ A
 $t_r = 0,03$ μs

Switching Definitions Inverter

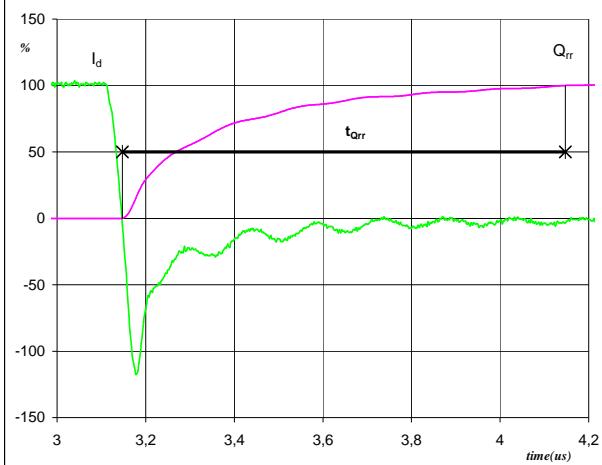


Switching Definitions Inverter

Figure 8

FWD

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Qrr}
 $(t_{Qrr} = \text{integrating time for } Q_{rr})$

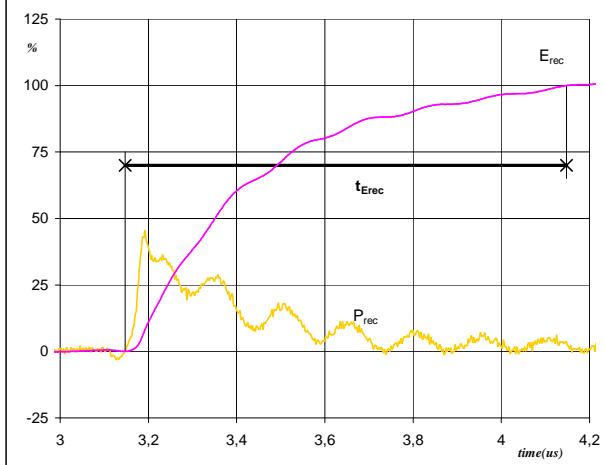


I_d (100%) = 99 A
 Q_{rr} (100%) = 13,90 μC
 t_{Qrr} = 1,00 μs

Figure 9

FWD

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Erec}
 $(t_{Erec} = \text{integrating time for } E_{rec})$



P_{rec} (100%) = 59,69 kW
 E_{rec} (100%) = 5,92 mJ
 t_{Erec} = 1,00 μs



Vincotech

30-F212R6A100SC*-M449E*

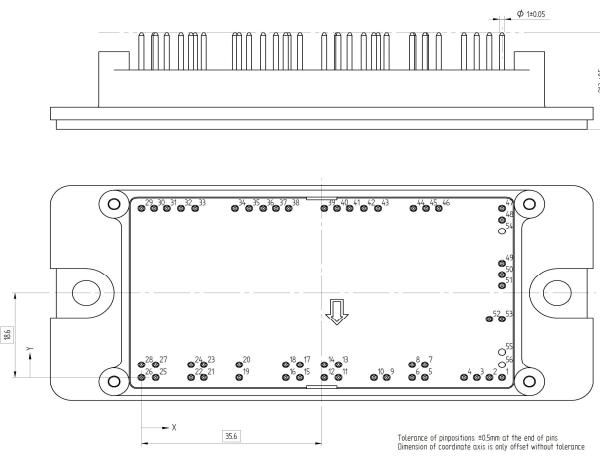
datasheet

Ordering Code & Marking

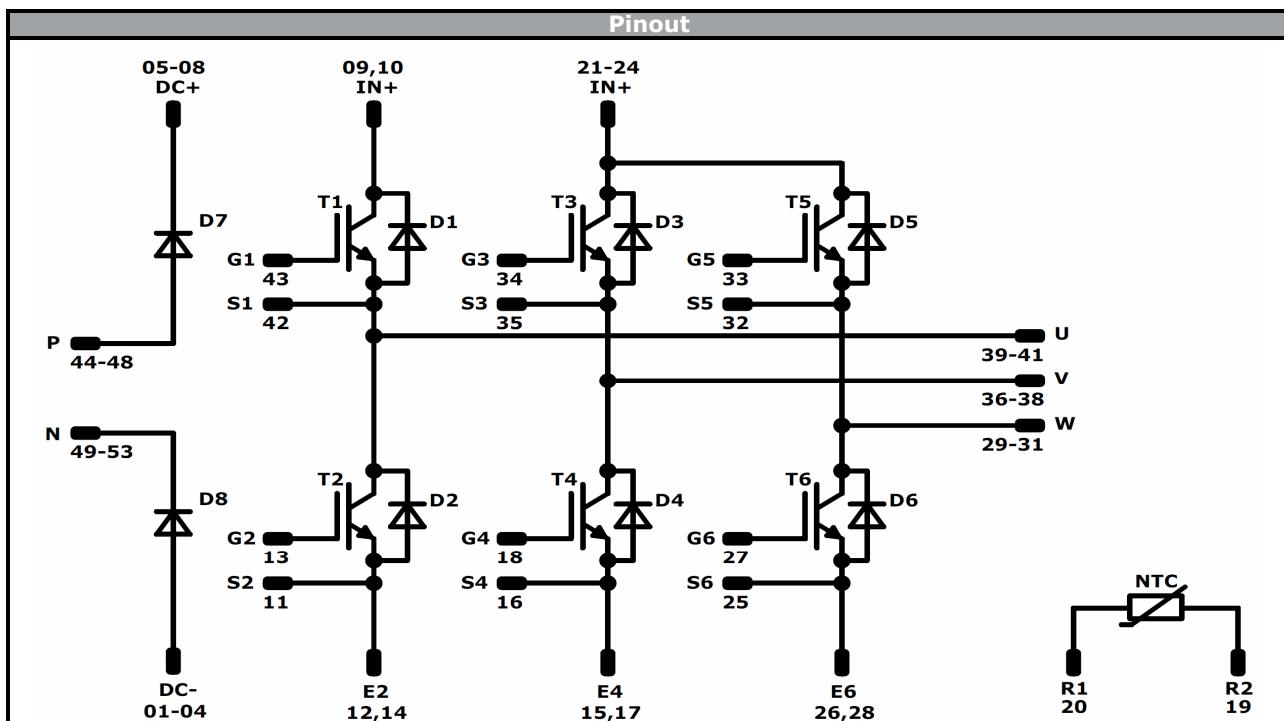
Version	Ordering Code				
without thermal paste 17 mm housing with solder pins with thermistor	30-F212R6A100SC-M449E				
with thermal paste 17 mm housing with solder pins with thermistor	30-F212R6A100SC-M449E-/3/				
without thermal paste 17 mm housing with solder pins without thermistor	30-F212R6A100SC01-M449E10				
with thermal paste 17 mm housing with solder pins without thermistor	30-F212R6A100SC01-M449E10-/3/				
Text	Name	Date code	UL & VIN	Lot	Serial
NN-NNNNNNNNNNNN TTTTTTVV WWWY UL VIN LLLLLL SSSS	NN-NNNNNNNNNNNN-TTTTTTVV	WWYY	UL VIN	LLLLL	SSSS
Datamatrix	Type&Ver	Lot number	Serial	Date code	
	TTTTTTVV	LLLLL	SSSS	WWYY	

Outline

Pin table [mm]				Pin table [mm]			
Pin	X	Y	Function	Pin	X	Y	Function
1	71,2	0	DC-	32	7,8	37,2	S5
2	68,7	0	DC-	33	10,6	37,2	G5
3	66,2	0	DC-	34	18,45	37,2	G3
4	63,7	0	DC-	35	21,25	37,2	G3
5	55,95	0	DC+	36	24,05	37,2	V
6	53,45	0	DC+	37	26,55	37,2	V
7	55,95	2,8	DC+	38	29,05	37,2	V
8	53,45	2,8	DC+	39	36,1	37,2	U
9	48,4	0	IN+	40	38,6	37,2	U
10	45,9	0	IN+	41	41,1	37,2	U
11	38,9	0	S2	42	43,9	37,2	S1
12	36,1	0	E2	43	46,7	37,2	G1
13	38,9	2,8	G2	44	53,7	37,2	P
14	36,1	2,8	E2	45	56,2	37,2	P
15	31,3	0	E4	46	58,7	37,2	P
16	28,5	0	S4	47	71,2	37,2	P
17	31,3	2,8	E4	48	71,2	34,7	P
18	28,5	2,8	G4	49	71,2	25,2	N
19*	19,3	0	R2	50	71,2	22,7	N
20*	19,3	2,8	R1	51	71,2	20,2	N
21	12,3	0	IN+	52	68,7	12,8	N
22	9,8	0	IN+	53	71,2	12,8	N
23	12,3	2,8	IN+	54			
24	9,8	2,8	IN+	55			
25	2,8	0	S6	56			
26	0	0	E6				
27	2,8	2,8	G6				
28	0	2,8	E6				
29	0	37,2	W				
30	2,5	37,2	W				
31	5	37,2	W				



* Not assembled in 30-F212R6A100SC01-M449E10

**Identification**

ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
D7 , D8	FWD	1600 V	100 A	DC Blocking Diode	
T1 - T6	IGBT	1200 V	100 A	Inverter Switch	
D1 - D6	FWD	1200 V	50 A	Inverter Diode	
NTC	NTC			Thermistor	Not assembled in 30-F212R6A100SC01-M449E10



Vincotech

30-F212R6A100SC*-M449E*

datasheet

Packaging instruction		>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ	Sample
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ)	36				

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for <i>flow</i> 2 packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for <i>flow</i> 2 packages see vincotech.com website.

UL recognition and file number
This device is certified according to UL 1557 standard, UL file number E192116. For more information see vincotech.com website. 

Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
30-F212R6A100SCx-M449Ex-D4-14	17 Oct. 2017	Logo,SPQ corrected	All

Product status definition
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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.