

*flow*PACK 2

600 V/75 A

Features

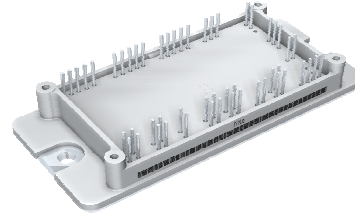
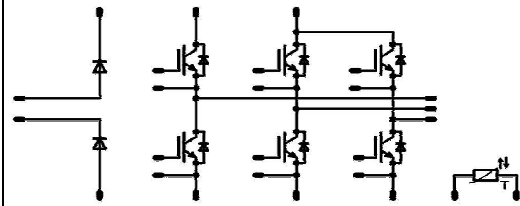
- Inverter, blocking diodes
- Built-in thermistor
- IGBT4 technology for low saturation losses

Target Applications

- Power Regeneration

Types

- 30-F206R6A075SB-M443E
- 30-F206R6A075SB01-M443E10

flow 2 housing

Schematic


Maximum Ratings

 $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
D7a,b-D8a,b				
Repetitive peak reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		1600	V
DC forward current	I_{FAV}	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	154 208	A
Surge forward current	I_{FSM}	$t_p=10\text{ms}$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	1270	A
I^2t -value	I^2t		2400	A^2s
Power dissipation per Diode	P_{tot}	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	189 287	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	T_{jmax}		150	$^\circ\text{C}$

T1a-b,T2a-b,T3a-b,T4a-b,T5a-b,T6a-b

Collector-emitter break down voltage	V_{CE}		600	V
DC collector current	I_C	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	82 107	A
Pulsed collector current	I_{Cpulse}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	225	A
Turn off safe operating area		$V_{CE} \leq 1200\text{V}$, $T_j \leq T_{op max}$	225	A
Power dissipation per IGBT	P_{tot}	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	160 242	W
Gate-emitter peak voltage	V_{GE}		± 20	V
Short circuit ratings	t_{SC} V_{CC}	$T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$	6 360	μs V
Maximum Junction Temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^\circ\text{C}$

Maximum Ratings

 $T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit	
D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6					
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}		600	V	
DC forward current	I_F	$T_j=T_{j,max}$	$T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	59	A
			$T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	60	
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by $T_{j,max}$	100	A	
Power dissipation per Diode	P_{tot}	$T_j=T_{j,max}$	$T_h=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	94	W
			$T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$	143	
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{j,max}$		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	

Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-40...+kell	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Operation temperature under switching condition	T_{op}		-40...+($T_{j,max} - 25$)	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Insulation Properties

Insulation voltage	V_{is}	$t=2\text{s}$ DC voltage	4000	V
Creepage distance			min 12,7	mm
Clearance			min 12,7	mm
Comparative tracking index	CTI		>200	

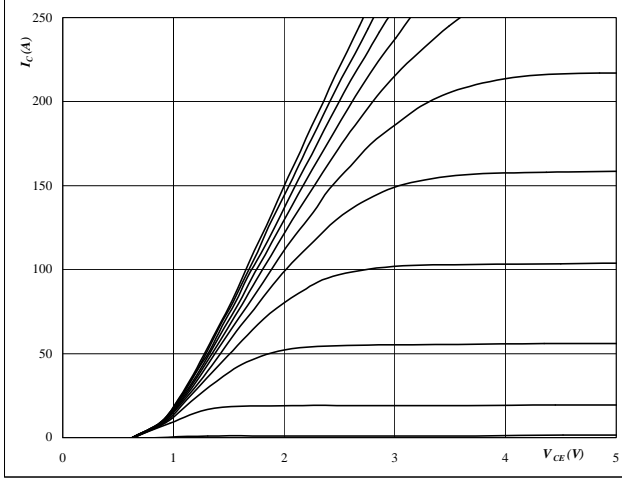
Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GE}[V]$ or $V_{GS}[V]$	$V_r[V]$ or $V_{CE}[V]$ or $V_{DS}[V]$	$I_c[A]$ or $I_F[A]$ or $I_b[A]$	T_j	Min	Typ	Max		
D7a,b-D8a,b										
Forward voltage	V_F			100	$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$	1,12 1,07	1,21			V
Threshold voltage (for power loss calc. only)	V_{to}			100	$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$	0,89 0,76				V
Slope resistance (for power loss calc. only)	r_t			100	$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$	2 3				m Ω
Reverse current	I_r		1600		$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=125^\circ C$		0,05			mA
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R_{thJH}	Phase-Change Material					0,37			K/W
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R_{thJC}						0,24			K/W
T1a-b,T2a-b,T3a-b,T4a-b,T5a-b,T6a-b										
Gate emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE}=V_{GE}$		0,0024	$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=150^\circ C$	5 5,8	6,5			V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15	75	$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=150^\circ C$	1 1,51 1,76	2			V
Collector-emitter cut-off current incl. Diode	I_{CES}		0	600	$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=150^\circ C$		0,005			mA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0	$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=150^\circ C$		600			nA
Integrated Gate resistor	R_{gint}						none			Ω
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{goff}=4 \Omega$ $R_{gon}=4 \Omega$	± 15	300	75	$T_j=25^\circ C$	90			ns
Rise time	t_r					$T_j=150^\circ C$	91			
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					$T_j=25^\circ C$	17			
Fall time	t_f					$T_j=150^\circ C$	19			
Turn-on energy loss per pulse	E_{on}					$T_j=25^\circ C$	143			
Turn-off energy loss per pulse	E_{off}	$T_j=150^\circ C$	167							
Input capacitance	C_{ies}						4620			pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}	$f=1MHz$	0	25	$T_j=25^\circ C$		288			pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}						137			pF
Gate charge	Q_{Gate}		± 15	480	75	$T_j=25^\circ C$	470			nC
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R_{thJH}	Phase-Change Material					0,59			K/W
Thermal resistance chip to case per chip	R_{thJC}						0,39			K/W
D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6										
Diode forward voltage	V_F			50	$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=150^\circ C$	1,1 1,63 1,52	2,2			V
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{RRM}				$T_j=25^\circ C$ $T_j=150^\circ C$	65 79				A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$R_{gon}=4 \Omega$	± 15	300	75	$T_j=25^\circ C$	109			ns
Reverse recovered charge	Q_{rr}					$T_j=150^\circ C$	141			
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$di(rec)max/dt$					$T_j=25^\circ C$	2,73			
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}	$T_j=150^\circ C$	6,02							
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R_{thJH}	Phase-Change Material					1,01			K/W
Thermal resistance chip to case per chip	R_{thJC}						0,67			K/W
Thermistor										
Rated resistance	R				$T_j=25^\circ C$		22000			Ω
Deviation of R100	$\Delta R/R$	R100=1486 Ω			T=100 $^\circ C$	-12	14			%
Power dissipation	P				Tc=100 $^\circ C$		200			mW
Power dissipation constant					$T_j=25^\circ C$		2			mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. $\pm 3\%$			$T_j=25^\circ C$		3950			K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. $\pm 3\%$			$T_j=25^\circ C$		3998			K
Vincotech NTC Reference					$T_j=25^\circ C$			B		

T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6/D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6
Figure 1 T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6 IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

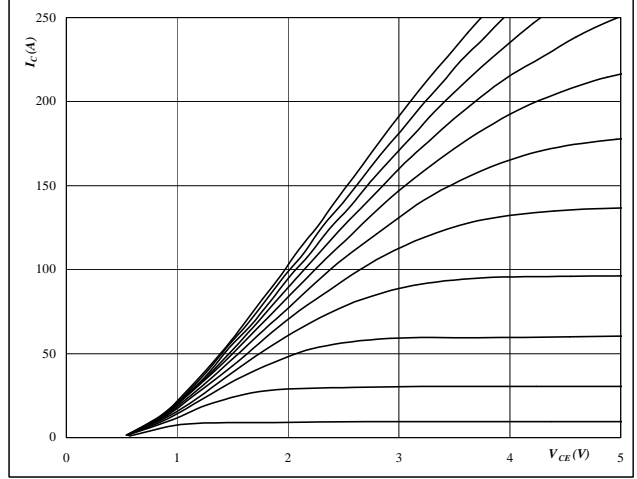


At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 2 T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6 IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

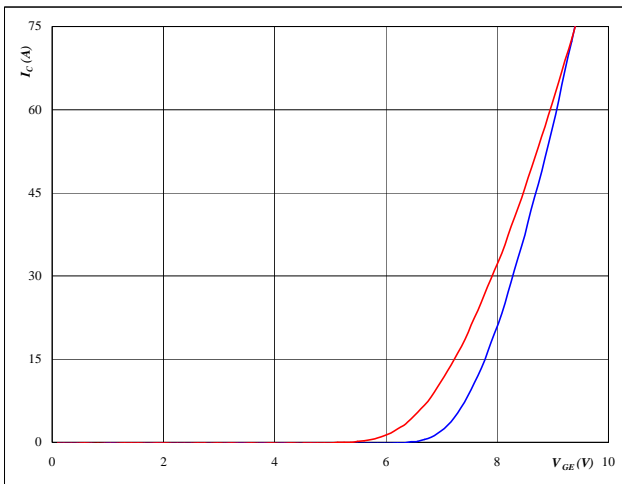


At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 3 T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6 IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{GE})$

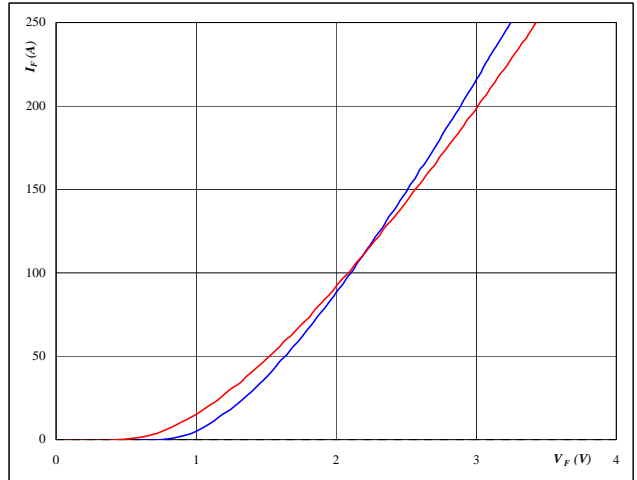


At
 $T_j = 25/150 \text{ } ^\circ C$
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$

Figure 4 D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6 FWD

Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

$I_F = f(V_F)$

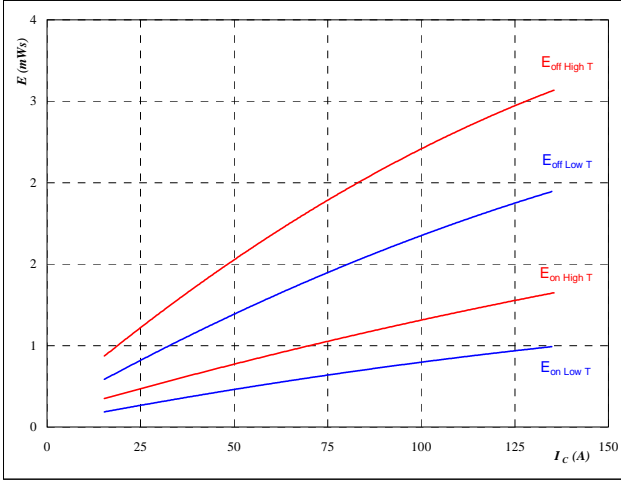


At
 $T_j = 25/150 \text{ } ^\circ C$
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$

T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6/D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6
Figure 5 T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6 IGBT

**Typical switching energy losses
as a function of collector current**

$E = f(I_C)$

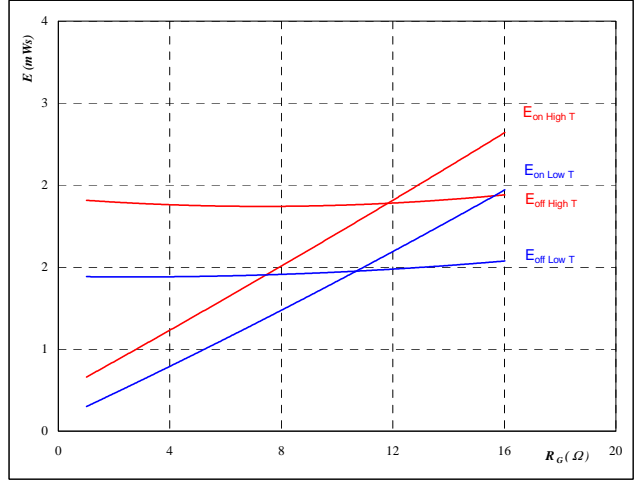


With an inductive load at

 $T_J = 25/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 300 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$
Figure 6 T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6 IGBT

**Typical switching energy losses
as a function of gate resistor**

$E = f(R_G)$

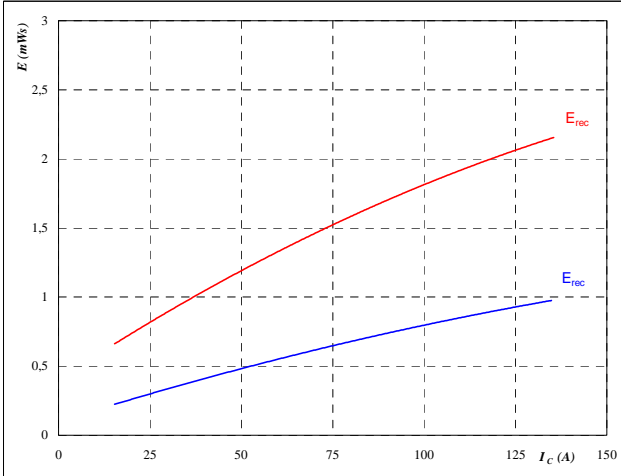


With an inductive load at

 $T_J = 25/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 300 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_C = 75 \text{ A}$
Figure 7 D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6 FWD

**Typical reverse recovery energy loss
as a function of collector current**

$E_{rec} = f(I_C)$

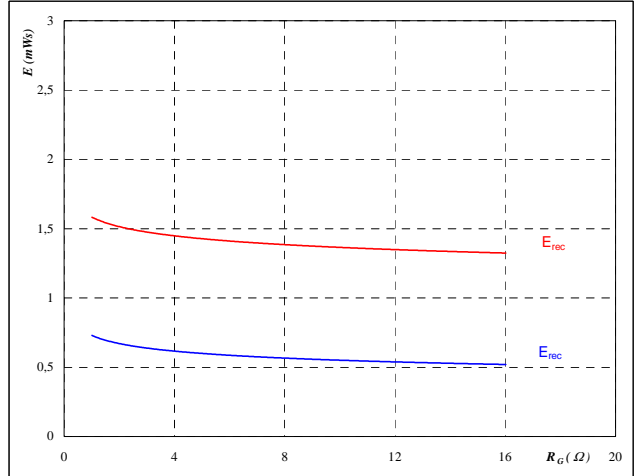


With an inductive load at

 $T_J = 25/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 300 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$
Figure 8 D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6 FWD

**Typical reverse recovery energy loss
as a function of gate resistor**

$E_{rec} = f(R_G)$



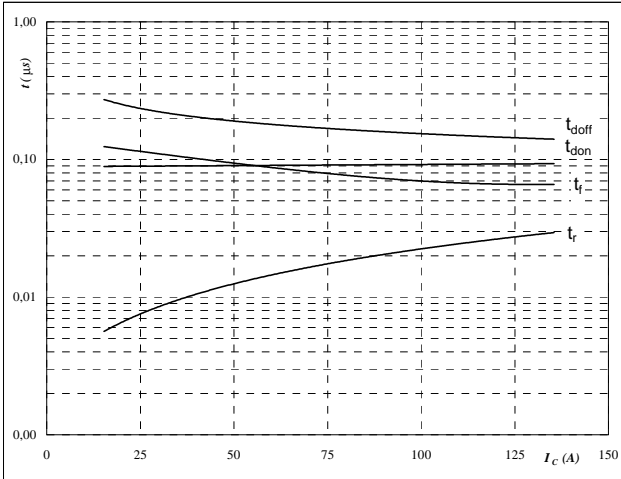
With an inductive load at

 $T_J = 25/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 300 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_C = 75 \text{ A}$

T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6/D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6
Figure 9 T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6 IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$t = f(I_C)$



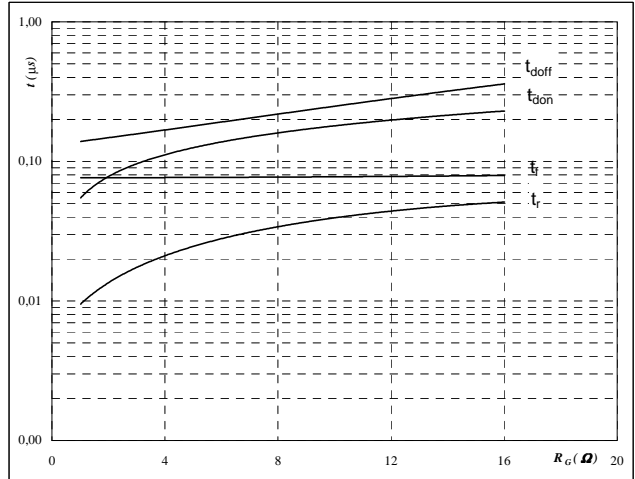
With an inductive load at

$T_J =$	150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	300	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{gon} =$	4	Ω
$R_{goff} =$	4	Ω

Figure 10 T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6 IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$t = f(R_G)$



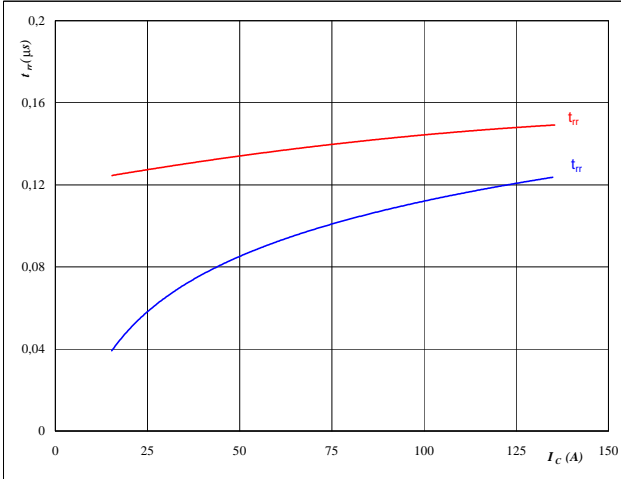
With an inductive load at

$T_J =$	150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	300	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$I_C =$	75	A

Figure 11 D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6 FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$

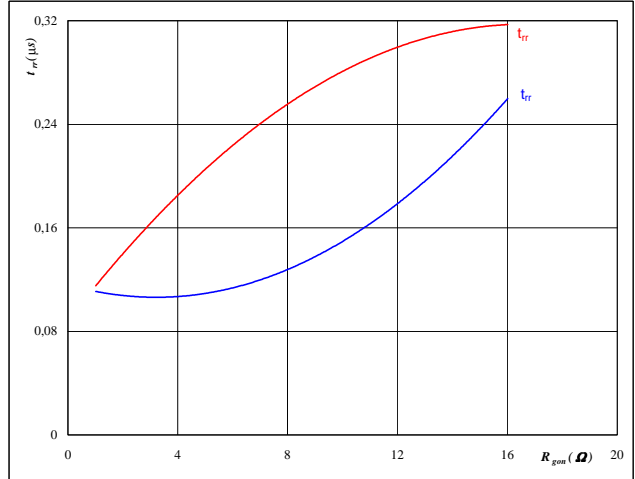

At

$T_J =$	25/150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	300	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{gon} =$	4	Ω

Figure 12 D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6 FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$

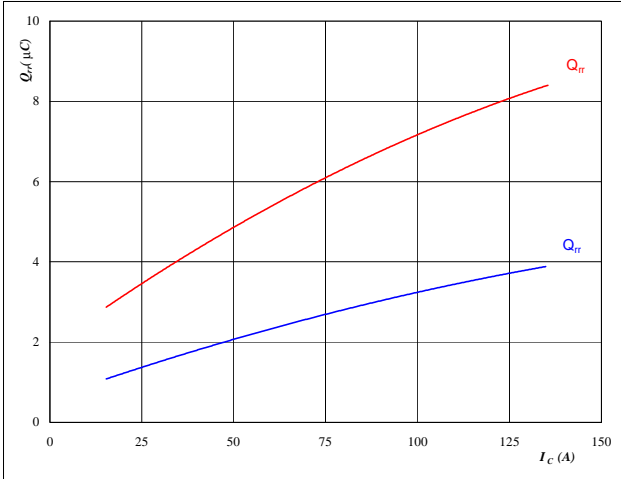

At

$T_J =$	25/150	°C
$V_R =$	300	V
$I_F =$	75	A
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V

T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6/D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6
Figure 13 D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6 FWD

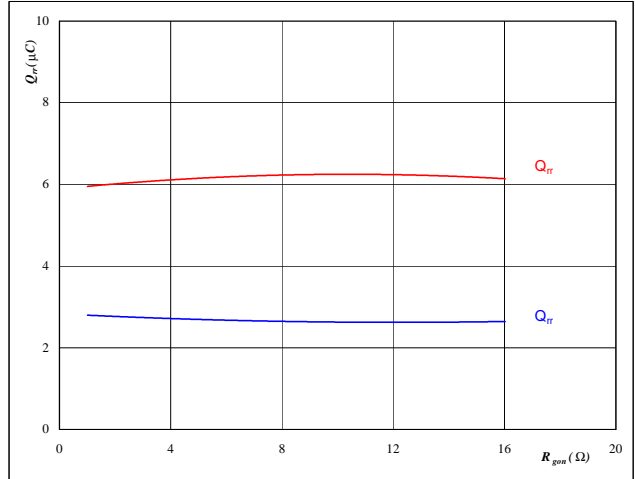
Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_{rr} = f(I_C)$$


At
 $T_j = 25/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 300 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$
Figure 14 D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6 FWD

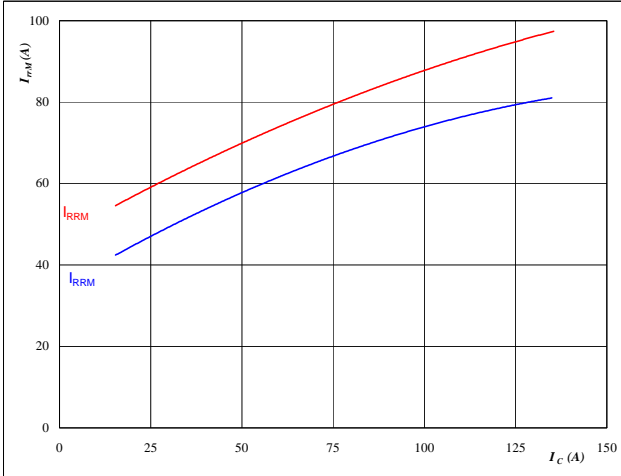
Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$


At
 $T_j = 25/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 300 \text{ V}$
 $I_F = 75 \text{ A}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
Figure 15 D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6 FWD

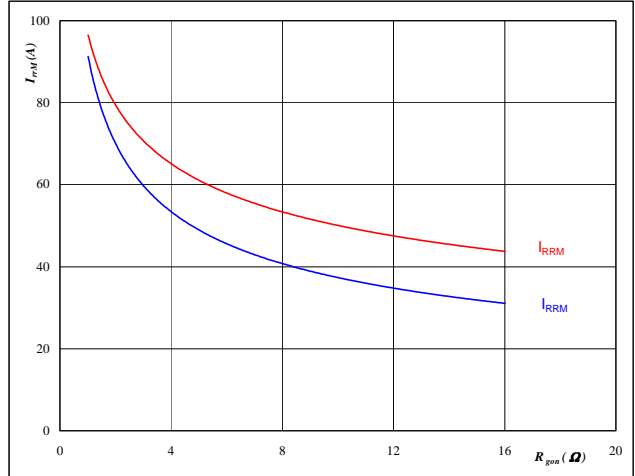
Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RRM} = f(I_C)$$


At
 $T_j = 25/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 300 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$
Figure 16 D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6 FWD

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RRM} = f(R_{gon})$$

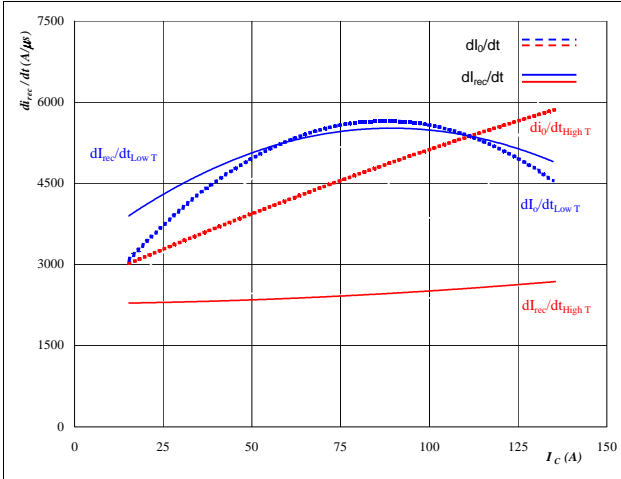

At
 $T_j = 25/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 300 \text{ V}$
 $I_F = 75 \text{ A}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$

T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6/D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6

Figure 17 D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6 FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$dI_f/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(I_C)$

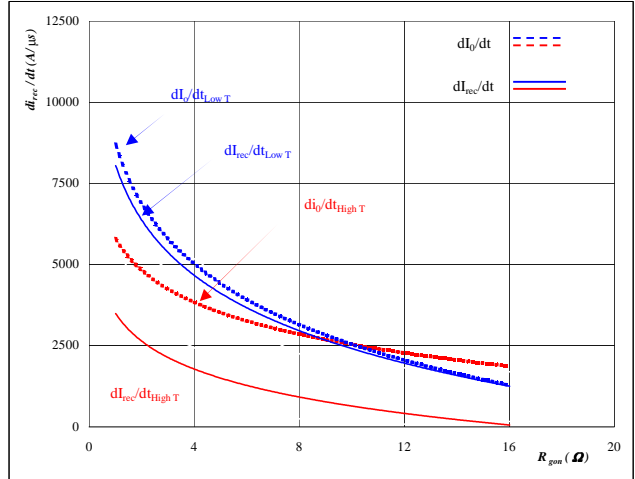


At
 $T_j = 25/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 300 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$

Figure 18 D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6 FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$dI_f/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(R_{gon})$

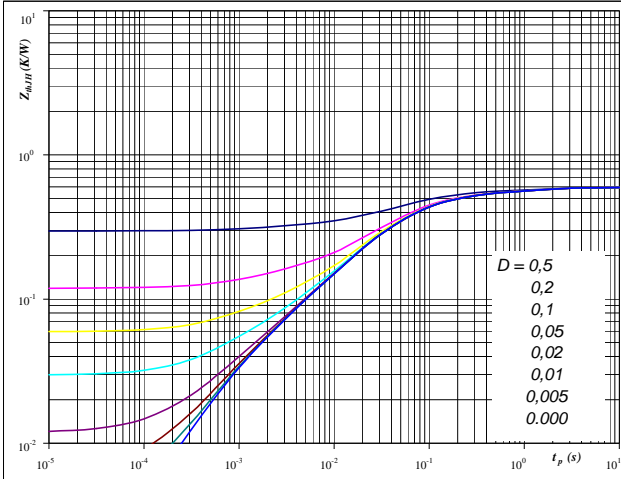


At
 $T_j = 25/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 300 \text{ V}$
 $I_F = 75 \text{ A}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$

Figure 19 T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6 IGBT

IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$



At
 $D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 0,59 \text{ K/W}$

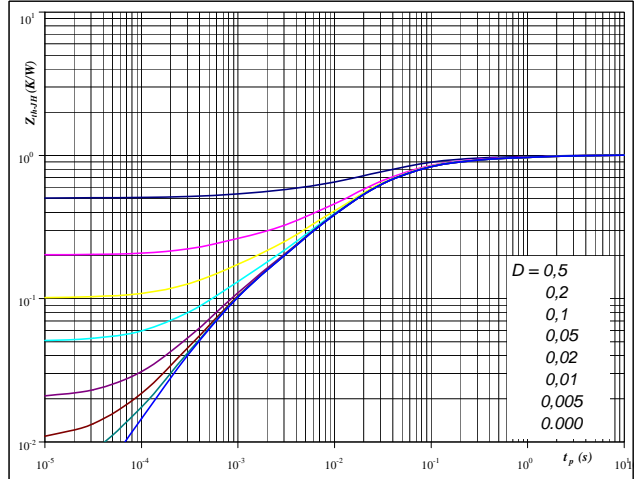
IGBT thermal model values

Phase-Change Material	
R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0,07	1,2E+00
0,15	1,3E-01
0,26	3,8E-02
0,07	1,0E-02
0,03	1,1E-03

Figure 20 D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6 FWD

FWD transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$



At
 $D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 1,01 \text{ K/W}$

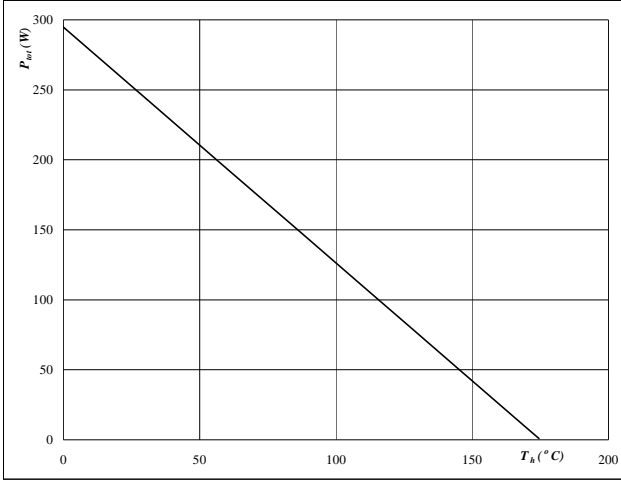
FWD thermal model values

Phase-Change Material	
R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0,04	3,5E+00
0,08	4,7E-01
0,28	7,2E-02
0,41	2,0E-02
0,13	5,0E-03
0,07	6,9E-04

T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6/D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6
Figure 21 T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6 IGBT

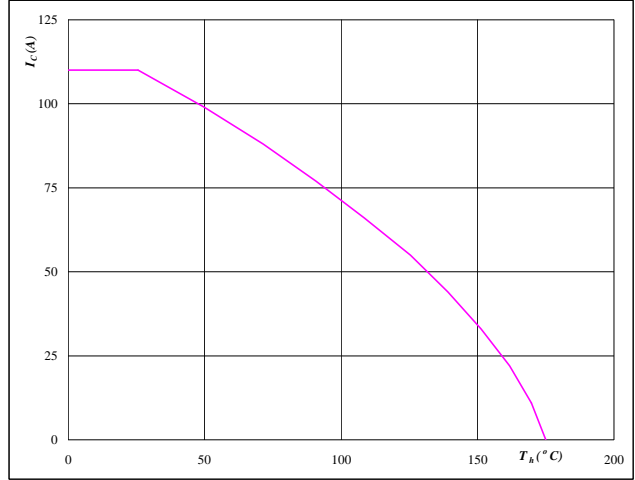
Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$$


At
 $T_j = 175 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
Figure 22 T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6 IGBT

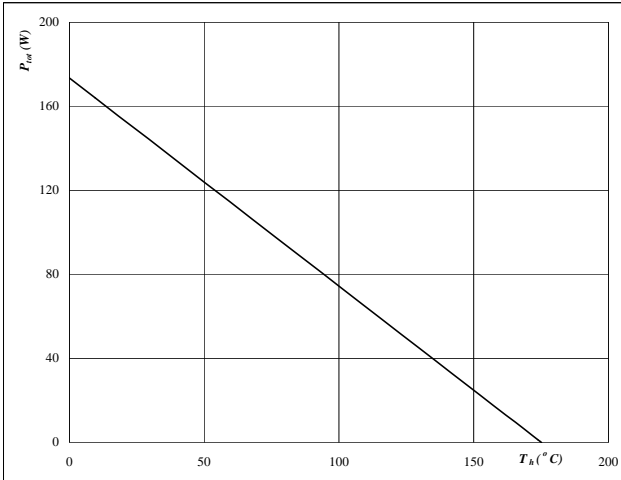
Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_C = f(T_h)$$


At
 $T_j = 175 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$
Figure 23 D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6 FWD

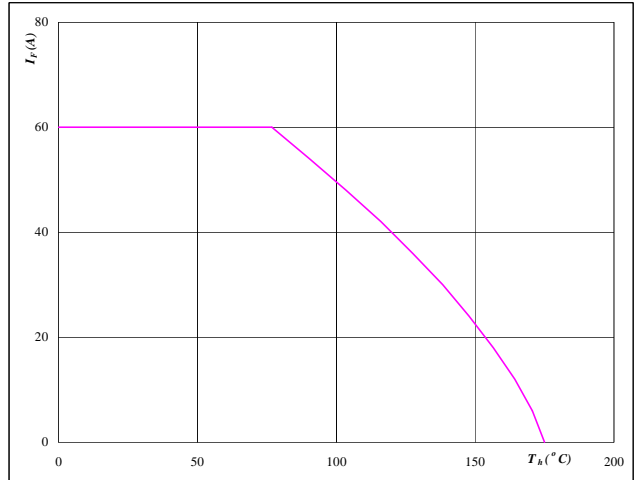
Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$$


At
 $T_j = 175 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
Figure 24 D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6 FWD

Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_F = f(T_h)$$


At
 $T_j = 175 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6/D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6
Figure 25 T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6 IGBT

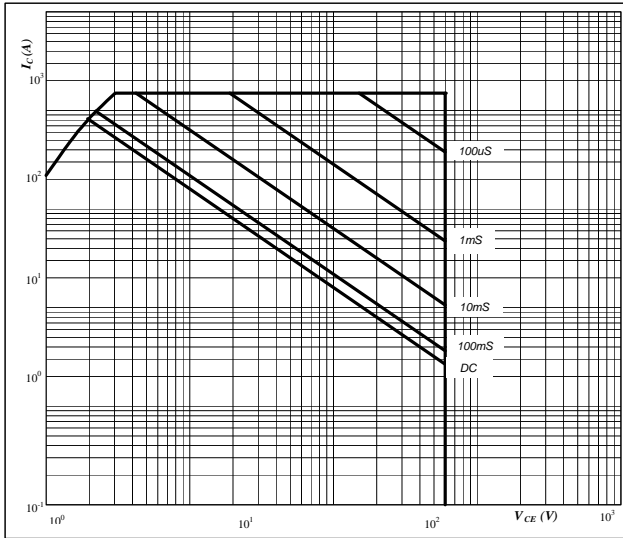
Safe operating area as a function of collector-emitter voltage
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$

At
 D = single pulse
 $T_h = 80$ °C
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$ °C

Figure 26 T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6 IGBT

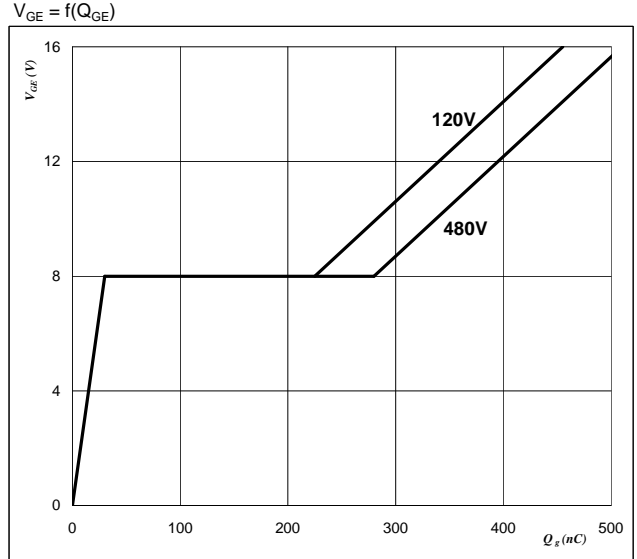
Gate voltage vs Gate charge
 $V_{GE} = f(Q_{GE})$

At
 $I_C = 75$ A

Figure 27 T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6 IGBT

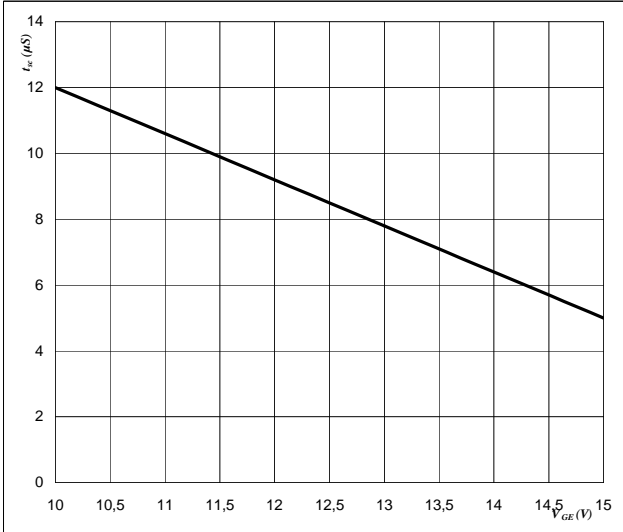
Short circuit withstand time as a function of gate-emitter voltage
 $t_{sc} = f(V_{GE})$

At
 $V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $T_j \leq 175$ °C

Figure 28 T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6 IGBT

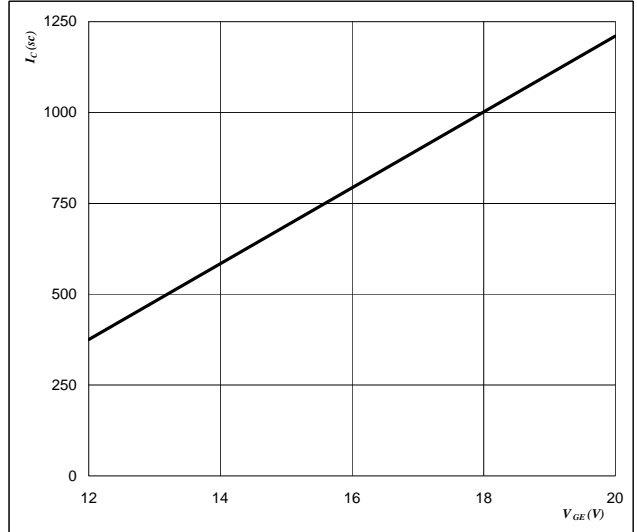
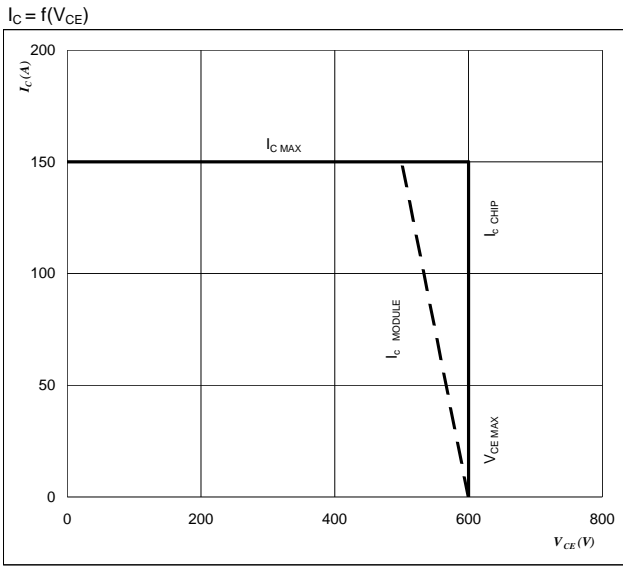
Typical short circuit collector current as a function of gate-emitter voltage
 $V_{GE} = f(Q_{GE})$

At
 $V_{CE} \leq 600$ V
 $T_j = 175$ °C

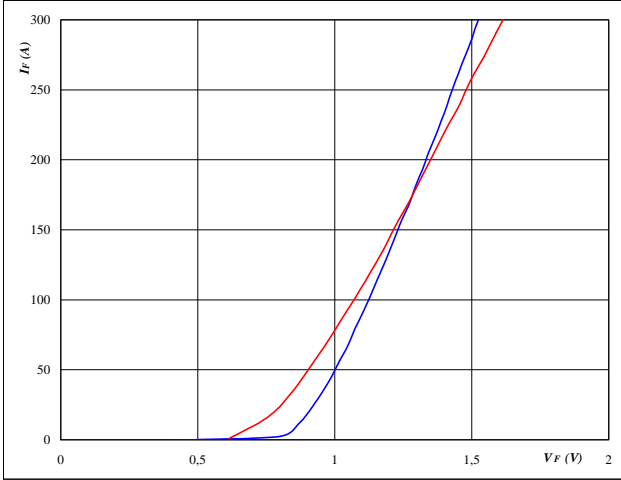
Figure 29 T1, T2, T3, T4, T5, T6 IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

At
 $T_J = 150\ ^\circ\text{C}$
 $R_{gon} = 4\ \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 4\ \Omega$

D7a-b,D8a-b
Figure 1 D7a-b,D8a-b

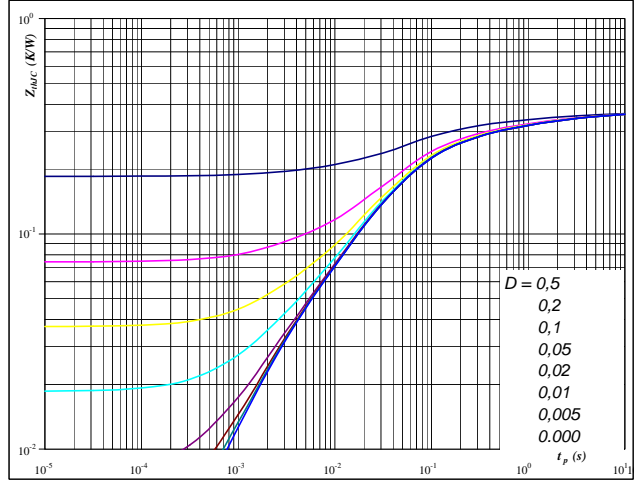
Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$


At
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $t_p = 250 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$
Figure 2 D7a-b,D8a-b

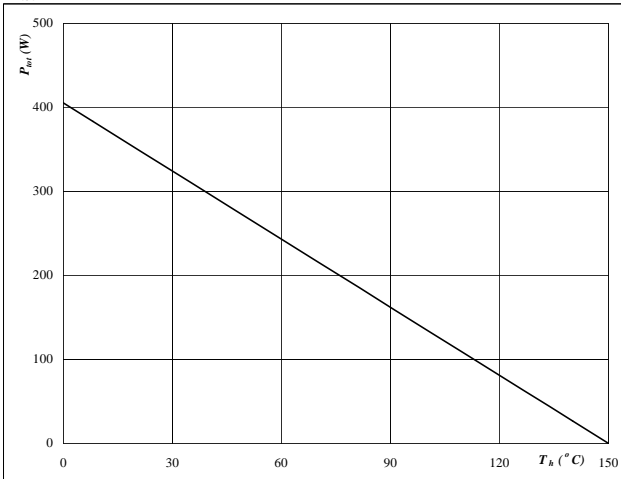
Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$


At
 $D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 0,37 \text{ K/W}$
Figure 3 D7a-b,D8a-b

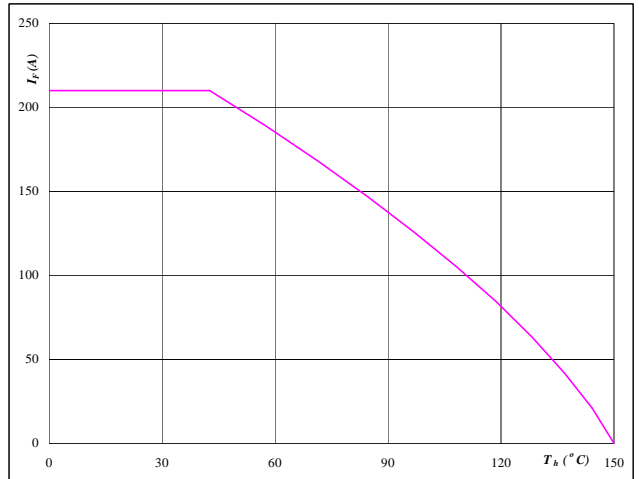
Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$$


At
 $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
Figure 4 D7a-b,D8a-b

Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_F = f(T_h)$$

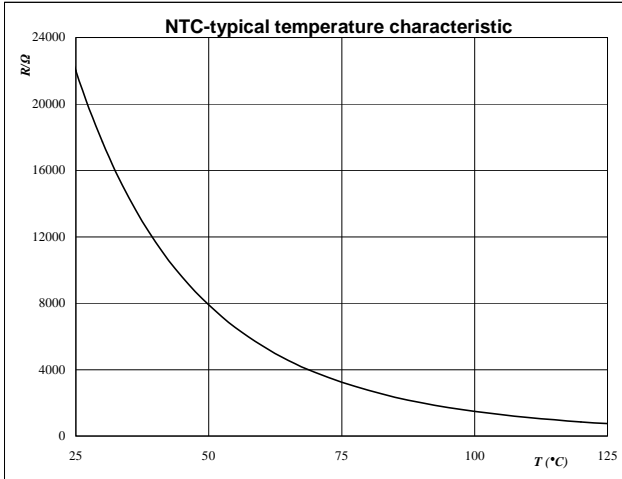

At
 $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

Thermistor

Figure 1 Thermistor

**Typical NTC characteristic
as a function of temperature**

$$R_T = f(T)$$

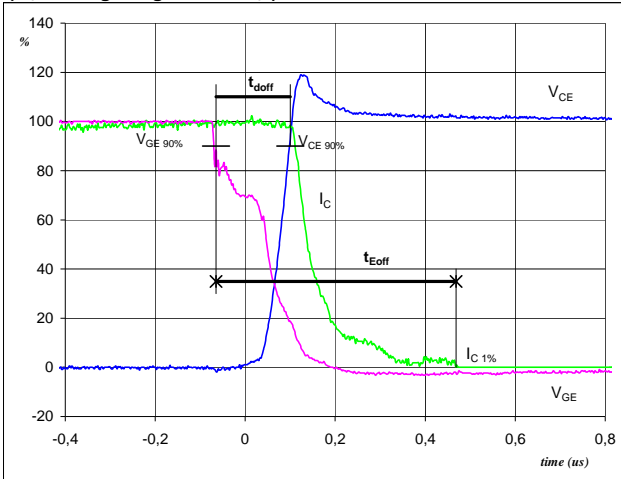


Switching Definitions Output Inverter

General conditions	
T_j	= 150 °C
R_{gon}	= 4 Ω
R_{goff}	= 4 Ω

Figure 1 T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6 IGBT

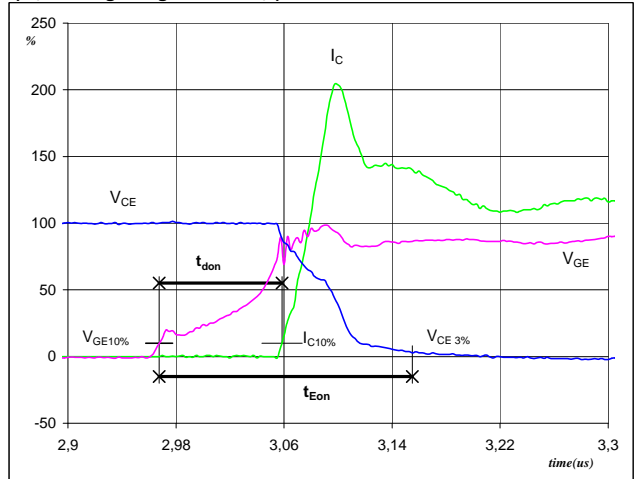
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} , t_{Eoff}
 (t_{Eoff} = integrating time for E_{off})



$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	300	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	75	A
$t_{doff} =$	0,17	μ s
$t_{Eoff} =$	0,53	μ s

Figure 2 T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6 IGBT

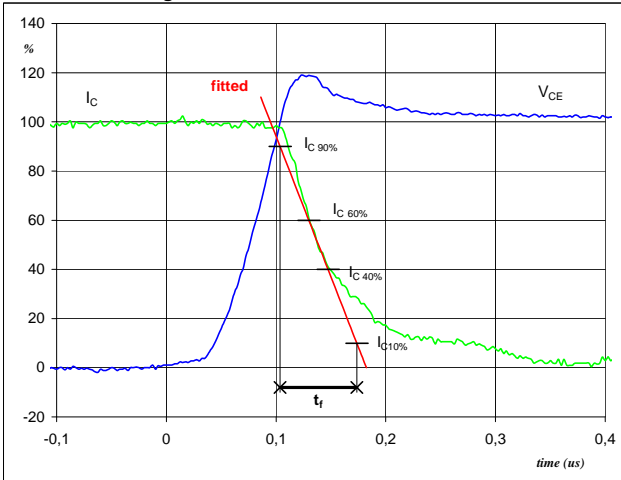
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} , t_{Eon}
 (t_{Eon} = integrating time for E_{on})



$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	300	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	75	A
$t_{don} =$	0,09	μ s
$t_{Eon} =$	0,19	μ s

Figure 3 T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6 IGBT

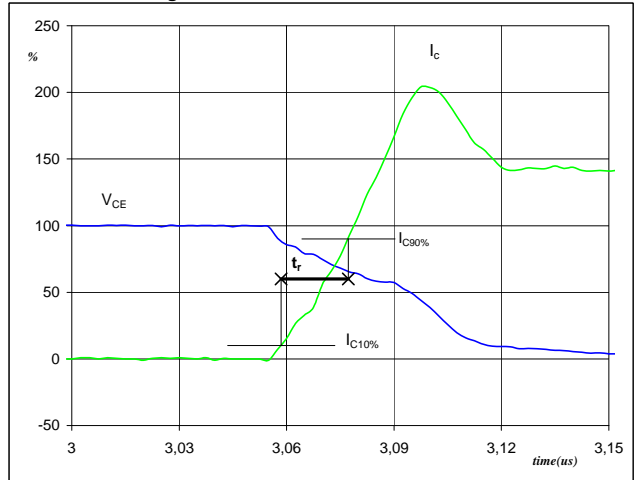
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f



$V_C(100\%) =$	300	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	75	A
$t_f =$	0,08	μ s

Figure 4 T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6 IGBT

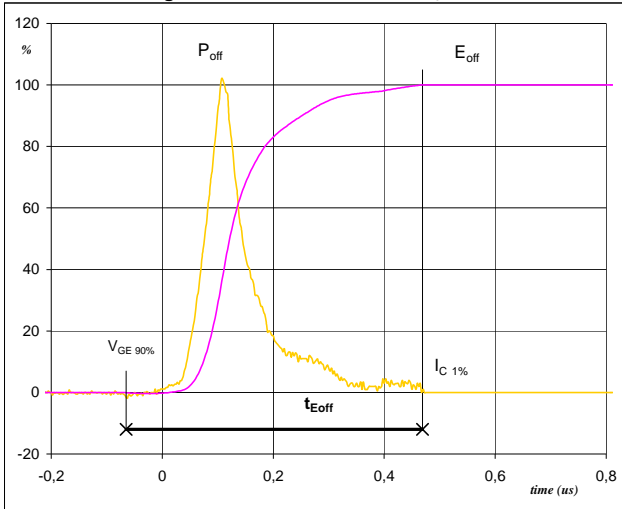
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r



$V_C(100\%) =$	300	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	75	A
$t_r =$	0,02	μ s

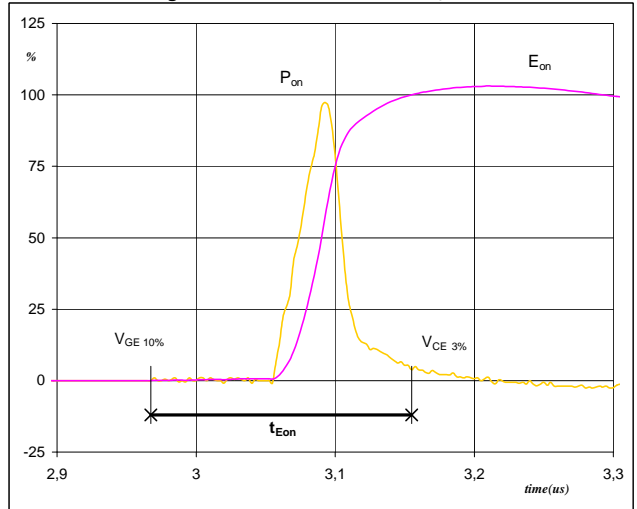
Switching Definitions Output Inverter

Figure 5 T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6 IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Eoff}


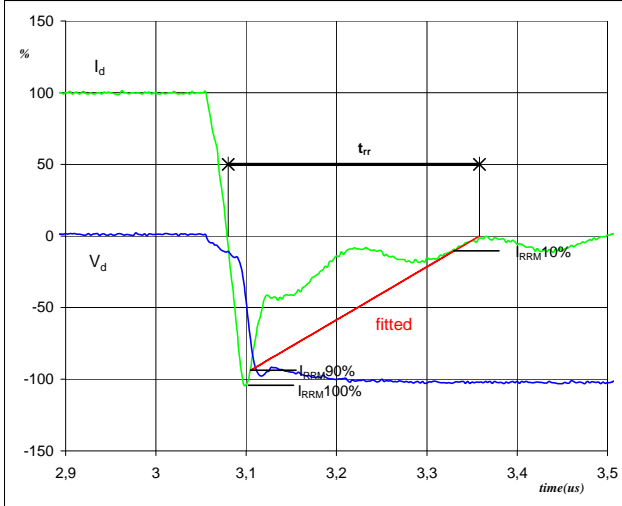
$P_{off}(100\%) = 22,37 \text{ kW}$
 $E_{off}(100\%) = 2,25 \text{ mJ}$
 $t_{Eoff} = 0,53 \text{ }\mu\text{s}$

Figure 6 T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6 IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Eon}


$P_{on}(100\%) = 22,37 \text{ kW}$
 $E_{on}(100\%) = 0,84 \text{ mJ}$
 $t_{Eon} = 0,19 \text{ }\mu\text{s}$

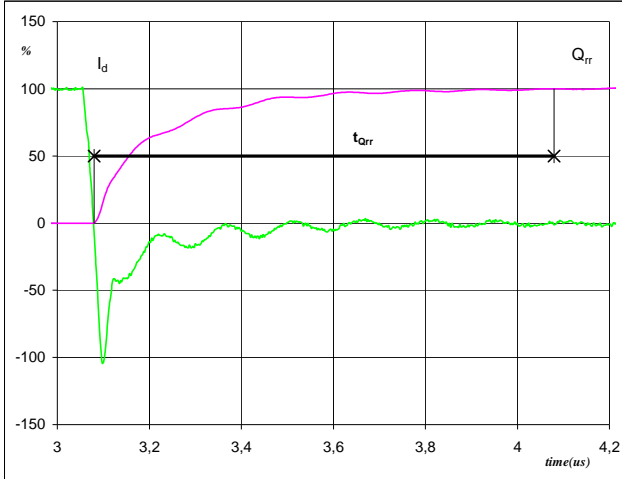
Figure 7 D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6 FWD

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{rr}


$V_d(100\%) = 300 \text{ V}$
 $I_d(100\%) = 75 \text{ A}$
 $I_{RRM}(100\%) = -79 \text{ A}$
 $t_{rr} = 0,14 \text{ }\mu\text{s}$

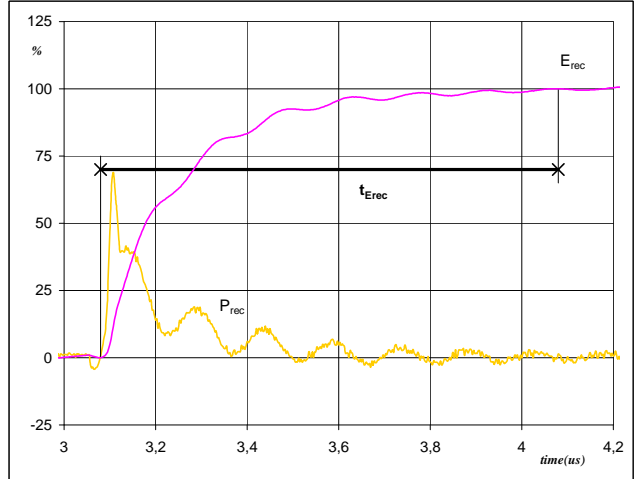
Switching Definitions Output Inverter

Figure 8 D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6 FWD

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Qrr}
(t_{Qrr} = integrating time for Q_{rr})


I_d (100%) =	75	A
Q_{rr} (100%) =	6,02	μC
t_{Qrr} =	1,00	μs

Figure 9 D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D6 FWD

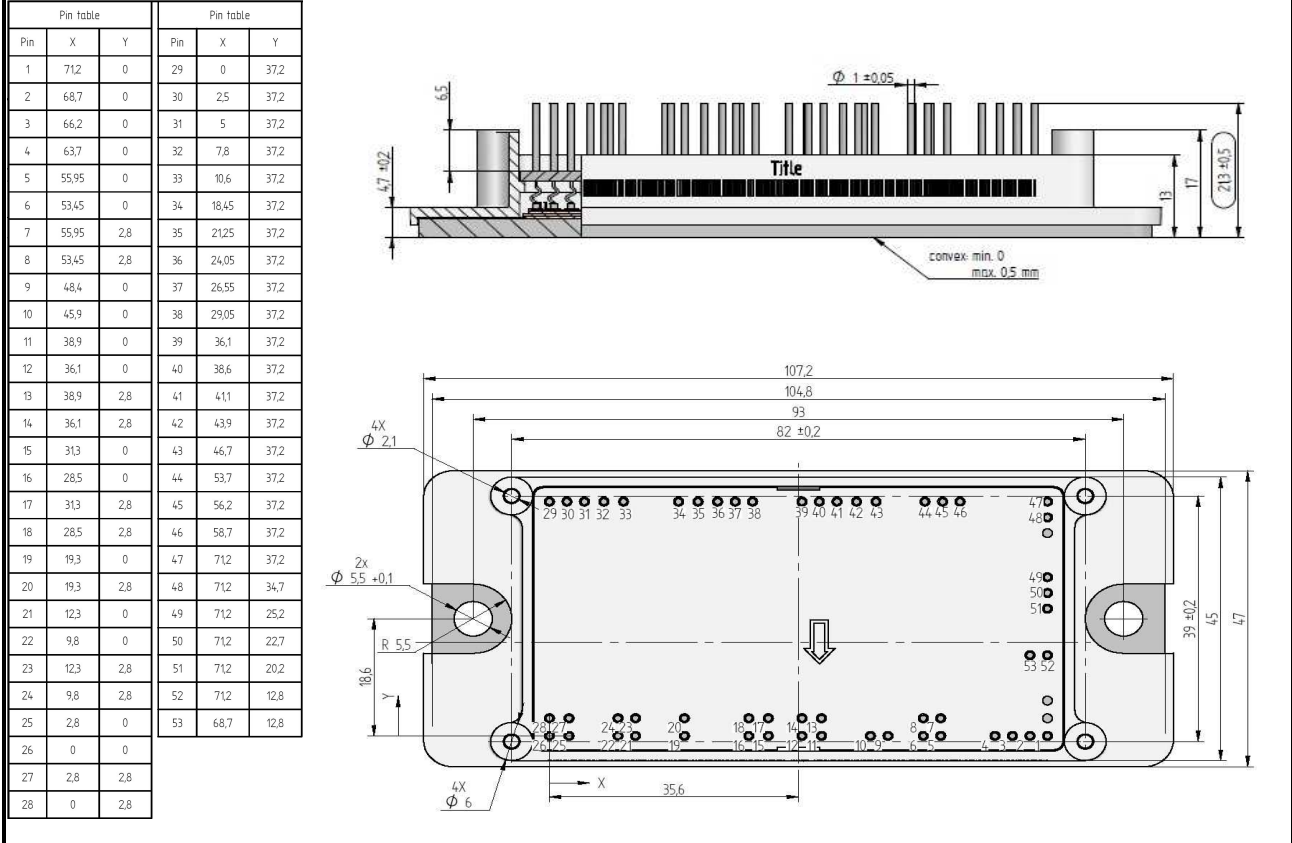
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Erec}
(t_{Erec} = integrating time for E_{rec})


P_{rec} (100%) =	22,37	kW
E_{rec} (100%) =	1,50	mJ
t_{Erec} =	1,00	μs

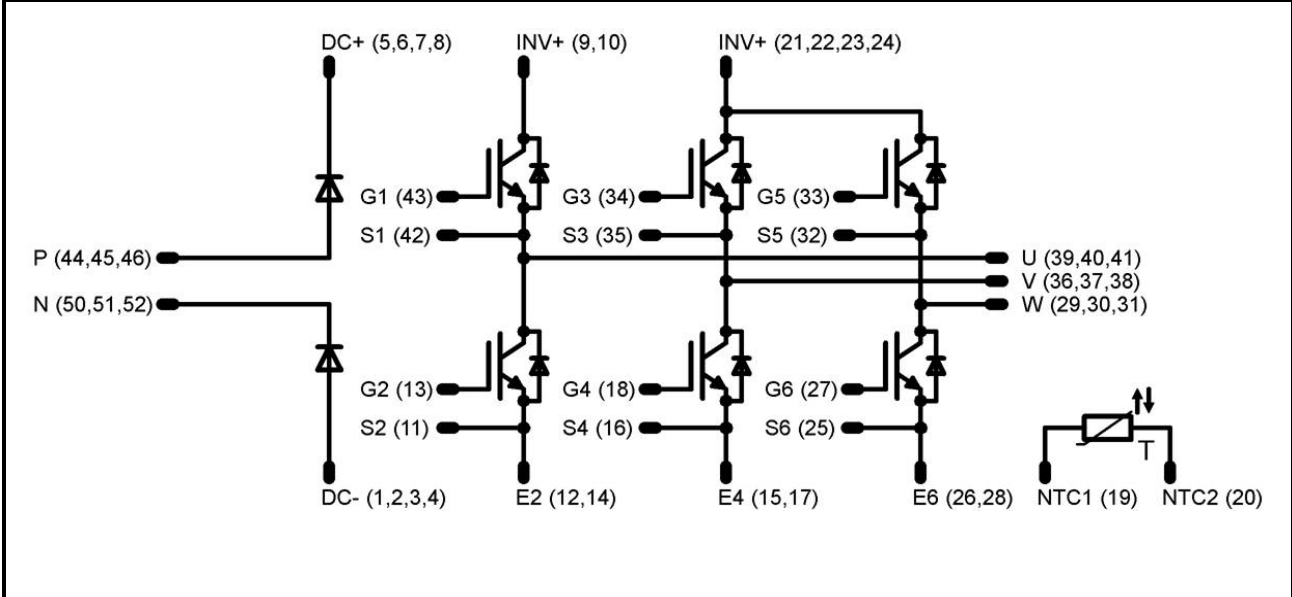
Ordering Code and Marking - Outline - Pinout

Ordering Code & Marking			
Version	Ordering Code	in DataMatrix as	in packaging barcode as
17mm housing	30-F206R6A075SB-M443E	M443-E	M443-E
17mm housing, without thermistor	30-F206R6A075SB01-M443E10	M443-E10	M443-E10

Outline



Pinout



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