



| <i>flow MNPC 0</i> | 1200 V / 80 A |
|---|---|
| <div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;">Features</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> mixed voltage component topology neutral point clamped inverter reactive power capability low inductance layout | <div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;">flow 0 12mm housing</div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> </div> |
| <div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;">Target Applications</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Solar inverter UPS | <div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;">Schematic</div> |
| <div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;">Types</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 10-FZ12NMA080NS03-M260F38 10-PZ12NMA080NS03-M260F38Y | |

Maximum Ratings

$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | Value | Unit |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|--|------------|--------------------|
| Half Bridge IGBT | | | | |
| Collector-emitter break down voltage | V_{CE} | | 1200 | V |
| DC collector current | I_C | $T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_s=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 57 76 | A |
| Pulsed collector current | I_{CRM} | t_p limited by T_{jmax} | 240 | A |
| Power dissipation per IGBT | P_{tot} | $T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_s=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 112 169 | W |
| Gate-emitter peak voltage | V_{GE} | | ± 20 | V |
| Short circuit ratings | t_{SC} V_{CC} | $T_j \leq 150^{\circ}\text{C}$ $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ | 10 600 | μs V |
| Maximum Junction Temperature | T_{jmax} | | 175 | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Neutral Point FWD | | | | |
| Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage | V_{RRM} | | 600 | V |
| DC forward current | I_F | $T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_s=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 34 46 | A |
| Power dissipation per Diode | P_{tot} | $T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_s=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 59 90 | W |
| Maximum Junction Temperature | T_{jmax} | | 175 | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |

**Maximum Ratings** $T_i=25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | Value | Unit |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|---|-----------|--------------------|
| Neutral Point IGBT | | | | |
| Collector-emitter break down voltage | V_{CE} | | 600 | V |
| DC collector current | I_C | $T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_s=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 52 68 | A |
| Repetitive peak collector current | I_{CRM} | t_p limited by T_{jmax} | 225 | A |
| Power dissipation per IGBT | P_{tot} | $T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_s=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 72 109 | W |
| Gate-emitter peak voltage | V_{GE} | | ± 20 | V |
| Short circuit ratings | t_{SC} V_{CC} | $T_j \leq 150^{\circ}\text{C}$ $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ | 6 360 | μs V |
| Turn off safe operating area (RBSOA) | I_{cmax} | $V_{CE} \text{ max} = 600\text{V}$ $T_{vj} \text{ max} \leq 150^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 150 | A |
| Maximum Junction Temperature | T_{jmax} | | 175 | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |

Half Bridge FWD

| | | | | |
|---------------------------------|------------|--|-----------|--------------------|
| Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage | V_{RRM} | | 1200 | V |
| DC forward current | I_F | $T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_s=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 47 62 | A |
| Repetitive peak forward current | I_{FRM} | t_p limited by T_{jmax} | 100 | A |
| Power dissipation per Diode | P_{tot} | $T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_s=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c=80^{\circ}\text{C}$ | 79 119 | W |
| Maximum Junction Temperature | T_{jmax} | | 175 | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |

Thermal Properties

| | | | | |
|---|-----------|--|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| Storage temperature | T_{stg} | | $-40 \dots +125$ | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Operation temperature under switching condition | T_{op} | | $-40 \dots + (T_{jmax} - 25)$ | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |

Creepage distance

| | | | | |
|----------------------------|----------|------------------------------|-------------|----|
| Insulation voltage | V_{is} | $t=2\text{s}$ DC voltage | 4000 | V |
| Creepage distance | | | min 12,7 | mm |
| Clearance | | solder pins / Press-fit pins | 9,15 / 8,95 | mm |
| Comparative Tracking Index | CTI | | >200 | |



Characteristic Values

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | | | | | Value | | | Unit |
|-----------|--------|------------------------------------|---|---|------------|-----|-------|-----|--|------|
| | | V_{GE} [V] or V_{GS} [V] | V_r [V] or V_{CE} [V] or V_{DS} [V] | I_C [A] or I_F [A] or I_D [A] | T_j [°C] | Min | Typ | Max | | |

Half Bridge IGBT

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------|---|----------|------|--------|-----------|-----|--------------|-----|----------|
| Gate emitter threshold voltage | $V_{GE(th)}$ | $V_{CE}=V_{GE}$ | | | 0,0006 | 25 125 | 4,5 | 5,5 | 6,5 | V |
| Collector-emitter saturation voltage | V_{CEsat} | | 15 | | 80 | 25 125 | | 2,02 2,17 | | V |
| Collector-emitter cut-off current incl. Diode | I_{CES} | | 0 | 1200 | | 25 125 | | | 2 | mA |
| Gate-emitter leakage current | I_{GES} | | 20 | 0 | | 25 125 | | | 400 | nA |
| Integrated Gate resistor | R_{gint} | | | | | | | none | | Ω |
| Turn-on delay time | $t_{d(on)}$ | | | | | 25 125 | | 113 113 | | ns |
| Rise time | t_r | | | | | 25 125 | | 15 17 | | |
| Turn-off delay time | $t_{d(off)}$ | $R_{goff}=4 \Omega$ $R_{gonn}=4 \Omega$ | ± 15 | 350 | 56 | 25 125 | | 128 149 | | |
| Fall time | t_f | | | | | 25 125 | | 28 45 | | |
| Turn-on energy loss per pulse | E_{on} | | | | | 25 125 | | 0,41 0,68 | | mWs |
| Turn-off energy loss per pulse | E_{off} | | | | | 25 125 | | 0,73 1,36 | | |
| Input capacitance | C_{ies} | | | | | | | 15000 | | pF |
| Output capacitance | C_{oss} | $f=1\text{MHz}$ | 0 | 25 | | 25 | | 400 | | |
| Reverse transfer capacitance | C_{rss} | | | | | | | 280 | | |
| Gate charge | Q_G | | 15 | 600 | 80 | 25 | | 626 | | nC |
| Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip | $R_{th(j-s)}$ | Thermal grease thickness $\leq 50\mu\text{m}$ $\lambda = 1 \text{ W/mK}$ | | | | | | 0,85 | | K/W |

Neutral Point FWD

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|---|----------|-----|----|-----------|--|--------------|--|------------------|
| Diode forward voltage | V_F | | | | 75 | 25 125 | | 2,15 2,36 | | V |
| Peak reverse recovery current | I_{RRM} | | | | | 25 125 | | 72 74 | | A |
| Reverse recovery time | t_{rr} | | | | | 25 125 | | 40 79 | | ns |
| Reverse recovered charge | Q_{rr} | $R_{goff}=4 \Omega$ | ± 15 | 350 | 56 | 25 125 | | 1 2 | | μC |
| Peak rate of fall of recovery current | $(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$ | | | | | 25 125 | | 5066 3825 | | A/ μs |
| Reverse recovered energy | E_{rec} | | | | | 25 125 | | 0,32 0,53 | | mWs |
| Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip | $R_{th(j-s)}$ | Thermal grease thickness $\leq 50\mu\text{m}$ $\lambda = 1 \text{ W/mK}$ | | | | | | 1,6 | | K/W |



Characteristic Values

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | | | | | Value | | | Unit |
|-----------|--------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|------------|-----|-------|-----|--|------|
| | | V_{GE} [V] or V_{GS} [V] | V_{CE} [V] or V_{DS} [V] | I_C [A] or I_F [A] or I_D [A] | T_j [°C] | Min | Typ | Max | | |

Neutral Point IGBT

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------|--|----------|-----|--------|-----------|------|--------------|------|-----|
| Gate emitter threshold voltage | $V_{GE(th)}$ | $V_{CE}=V_{GE}$ | | | 0,0012 | 25 125 | 5 | 5,8 | 6,5 | V |
| Collector-emitter saturation voltage | V_{CESat} | | 15 | | 75 | 25 125 | 1,05 | 1,45 1,59 | 1,85 | V |
| Collector-emitter cut-off incl diode | I_{CES} | | 0 | 600 | | 25 125 | | | 15 | mA |
| Gate-emitter leakage current | I_{GES} | | 20 | 0 | | 25 125 | | | 600 | nA |
| Integrated Gate resistor | R_{gint} | | | | | | | none | | Ω |
| Turn-on delay time | $t_{d(on)}$ | $R_{goff}=4\ \Omega$ $R_{gonn}=4\ \Omega$ | ± 15 | 350 | 56 | 25 | | 84 | | ns |
| Rise time | t_r | | | | | 125 | | 85 | | |
| Turn-off delay time | $t_{d(off)}$ | | | | | 25 | | 11 | | |
| Fall time | t_f | | | | | 125 | | 12 | | |
| Turn-on energy loss per pulse | E_{on} | | | | | 25 | | 177 | | |
| Turn-off energy loss per pulse | E_{off} | | | | | 125 | | 205 | | |
| Input capacitance | C_{ies} | f=1MHz | 0 | 25 | 25 | | | 4620 | | pF |
| Output capacitance | C_{oss} | | | | | | | 288 | | |
| Reverse transfer capacitance | C_{rss} | | | | | | | 137 | | |
| Gate charge | Q_G | | ± 15 | 480 | 75 | 25 | | 470 | | nC |
| Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip | $R_{th(j-s)}$ | Thermal grease thickness≤50um $\lambda = 1\ W/mK$ | | | | | | 1,32 | | K/W |

Half Bridge FWD

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|--|-----|------|----|-----------|------|--------------|------|-----|
| Diode forward voltage | V_F | | | | 50 | 25 125 | 1,35 | 1,73 1,70 | 2,05 | V |
| Reverse leakage current | I_r | | | 1200 | | 25 125 | | | 10 | μA |
| Peak reverse recovery current | I_{RRM} | ± 15 | 350 | 56 | 25 | 25 | | 106 | | A |
| Reverse recovery time | t_{rr} | | | | | 125 | | 118 | | |
| Reverse recovered charge | Q_{rr} | | | | | 25 | | 102 | | |
| Peak rate of fall of recovery current | $(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$ | | | | | 125 | | 148 | | |
| Reverse recovery energy | E_{rec} | | | | | 25 | | 5,32 | | |
| | | | | | | 125 | | 8,22 | | |
| Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip | $R_{th(j-s)}$ | Thermal grease thickness≤50um $\lambda = 1\ W/mK$ | | | | | | 1,21 | | K/W |

Thermistor

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|----------------|------------------------|--|--|--|-----|-----|-------|----|------|
| Rated resistance | R | | | | | 25 | | 22000 | | Ω |
| Deviation of R100 | $\Delta_{R/R}$ | $R_{100}=1486\ \Omega$ | | | | 100 | -12 | | 12 | % |
| Power dissipation | P | | | | | 25 | | 200 | | mW |
| Power dissipation constant | | | | | | 25 | | 2 | | mW/K |
| B-value | $B_{(25/50)}$ | Tol. ±3% | | | | 25 | | 3950 | | K |
| B-value | $B_{(25/100)}$ | Tol. ±3% | | | | 25 | | 3996 | | K |
| Vincotech NTC Reference | | | | | | | | | B | |



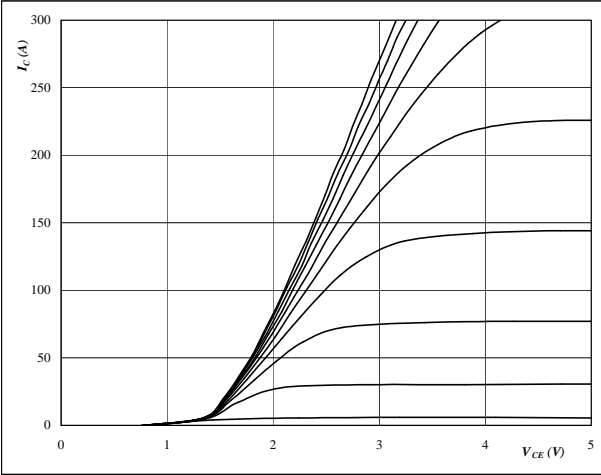
Half Bridge

Half Bridge IGBT and Neutral Point FWD

Figure 1 IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



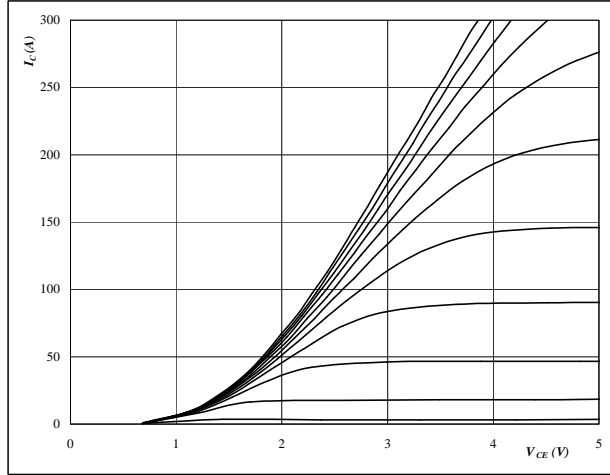
At

$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 2 IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



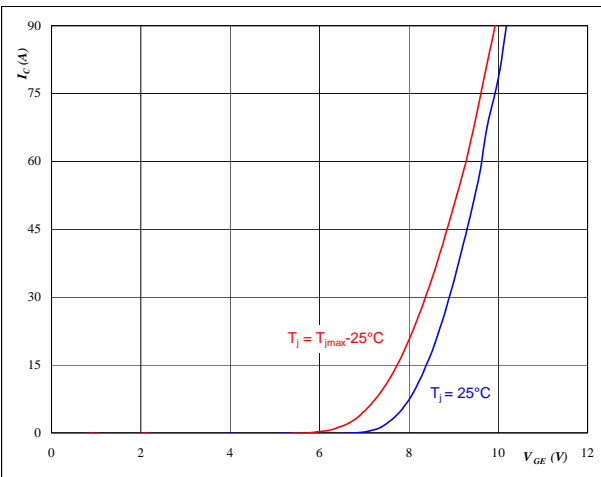
At

$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 125 \text{ }^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 3 IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{GE})$



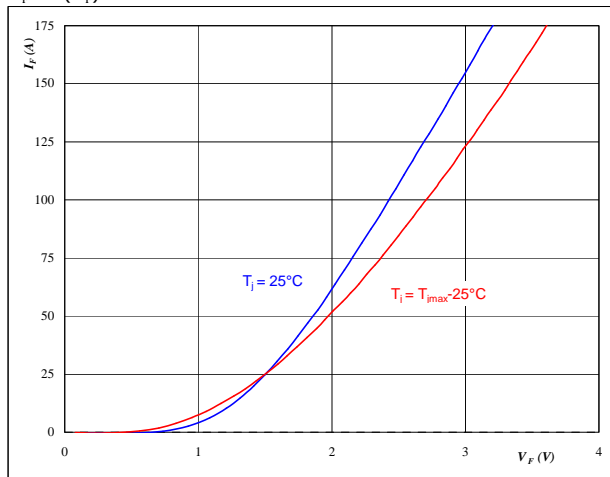
At

$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 1 V$

Figure 4 FWD

Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

$I_F = f(V_F)$



At

$t_p = 250 \mu s$



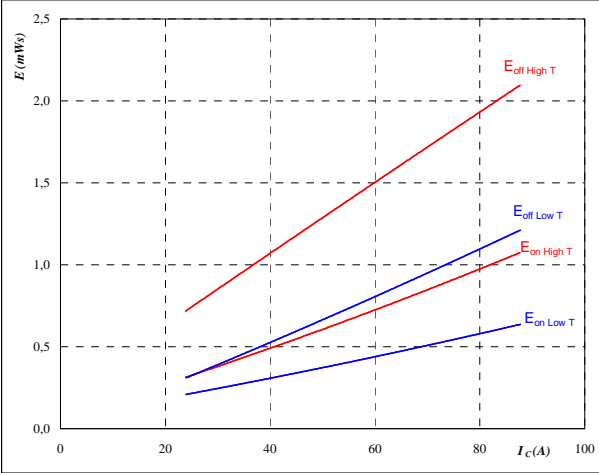
Half Bridge

Half Bridge IGBT and Neutral Point FWD

Figure 5 IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_C)$$



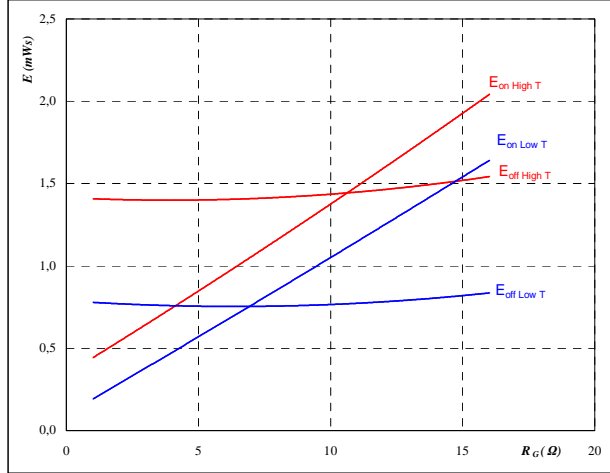
With an inductive load at

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$

Figure 6 IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

$$E = f(R_G)$$



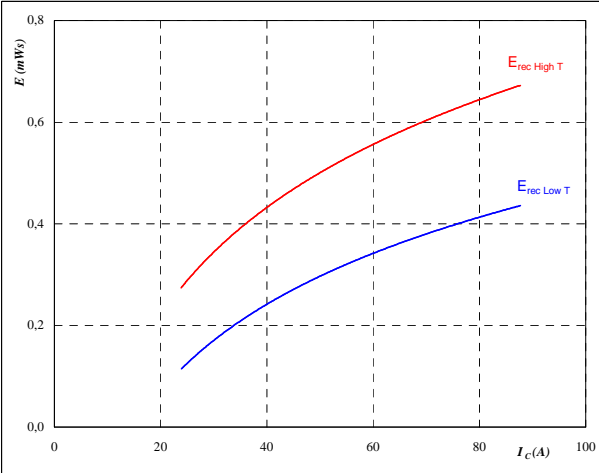
With an inductive load at

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_C = 56 \text{ A}$

Figure 7 FWD

Typical reverse recovery energy loss as a function of collector current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_C)$$



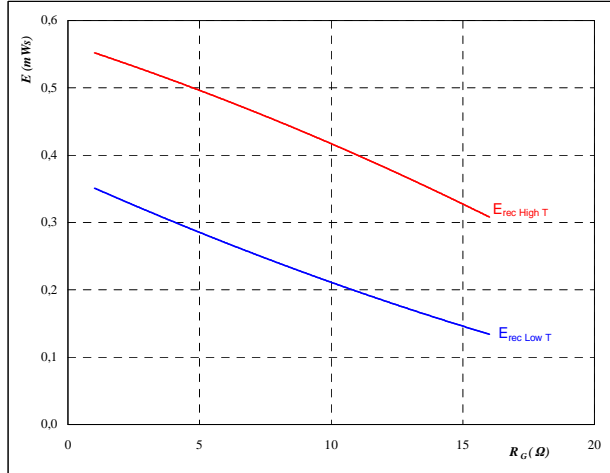
With an inductive load at

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$

Figure 8 FWD

Typical reverse recovery energy loss as a function of gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(R_G)$$



With an inductive load at

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_C = 56 \text{ A}$



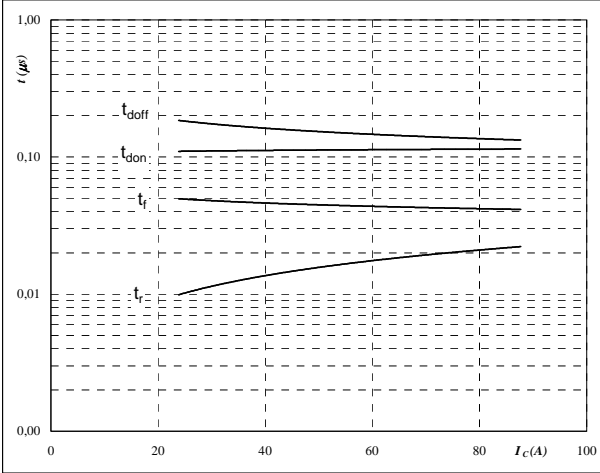
Half Bridge

Half Bridge IGBT and Neutral Point FWD

Figure 9 IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_C)$$



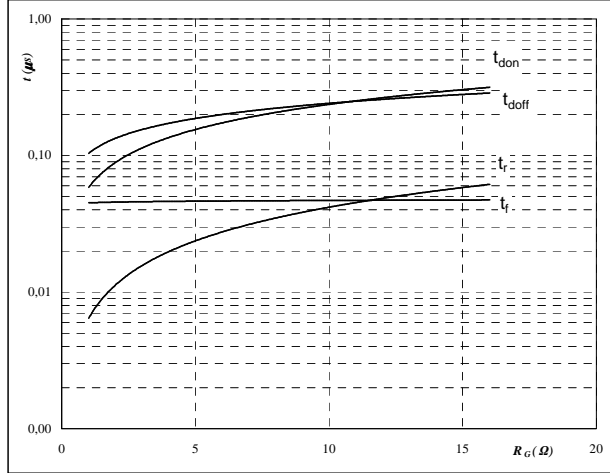
With an inductive load at

| | | |
|--------------|-----|----|
| $T_j =$ | 125 | °C |
| $V_{CE} =$ | 350 | V |
| $V_{GE} =$ | ±15 | V |
| $R_{gon} =$ | 4 | Ω |
| $R_{goff} =$ | 4 | Ω |

Figure 10 IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(R_G)$$



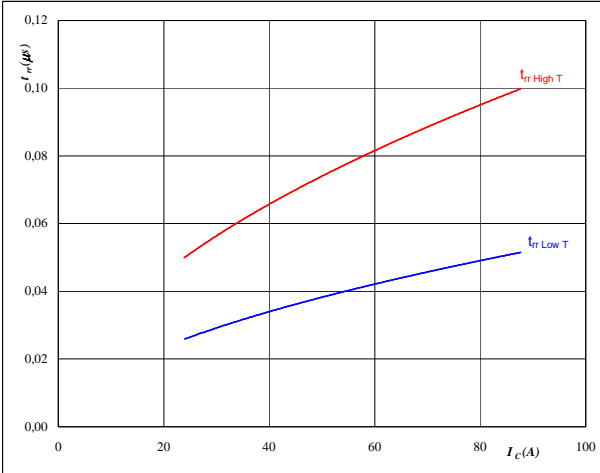
With an inductive load at

| | | |
|------------|-----|----|
| $T_j =$ | 125 | °C |
| $V_{CE} =$ | 350 | V |
| $V_{GE} =$ | ±15 | V |
| $I_C =$ | 56 | A |

Figure 11 FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$$



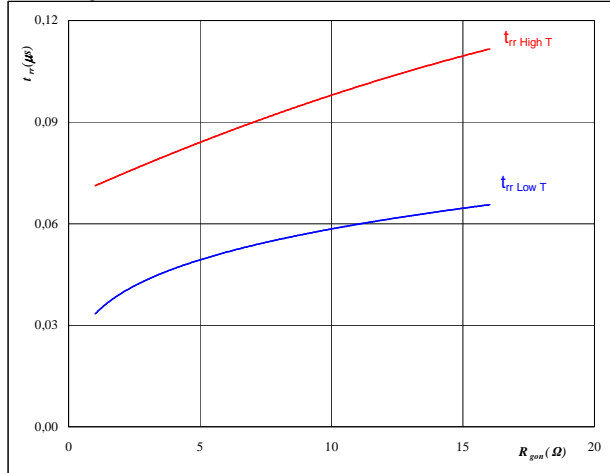
At

| | | |
|-------------|--------|----|
| $T_j =$ | 25/125 | °C |
| $V_{CE} =$ | 350 | V |
| $V_{GE} =$ | ±15 | V |
| $R_{gon} =$ | 4 | Ω |

Figure 12 FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$



At

| | | |
|------------|--------|----|
| $T_j =$ | 25/125 | °C |
| $V_R =$ | 350 | V |
| $I_F =$ | 56 | A |
| $V_{GE} =$ | ±15 | V |



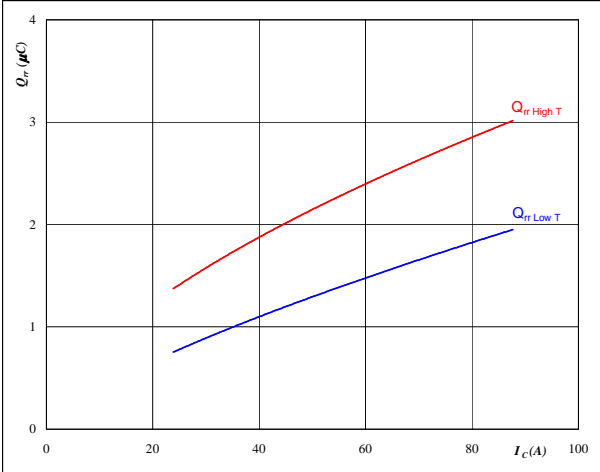
Half Bridge

Half Bridge IGBT and Neutral Point FWD

Figure 13 FWD

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_{rr} = f(I_c)$$

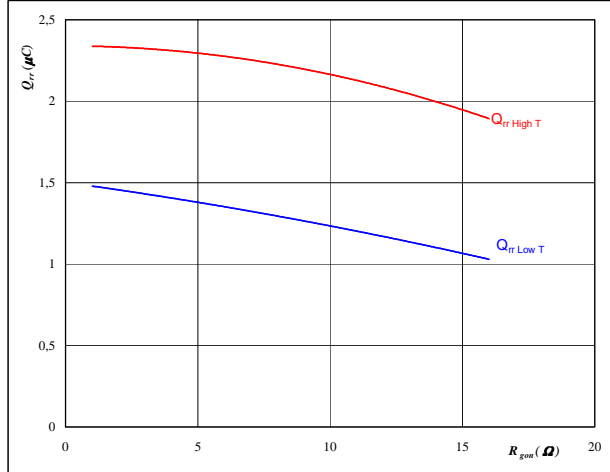


At
 $T_j = 25/125$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω

Figure 14 FWD

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$

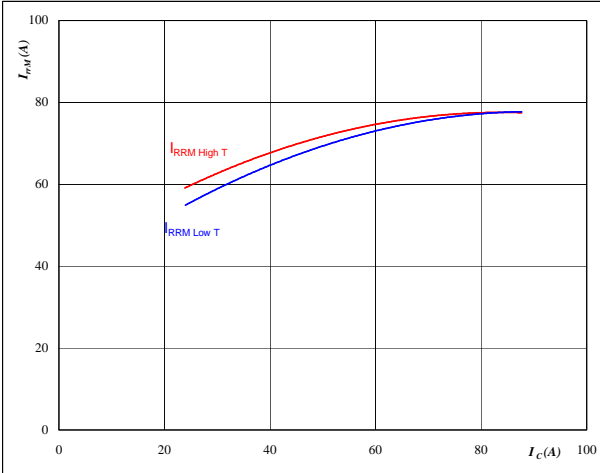


At
 $T_j = 25/125$ °C
 $V_R = 350$ V
 $I_F = 56$ A
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V

Figure 15 FWD

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RRM} = f(I_c)$$

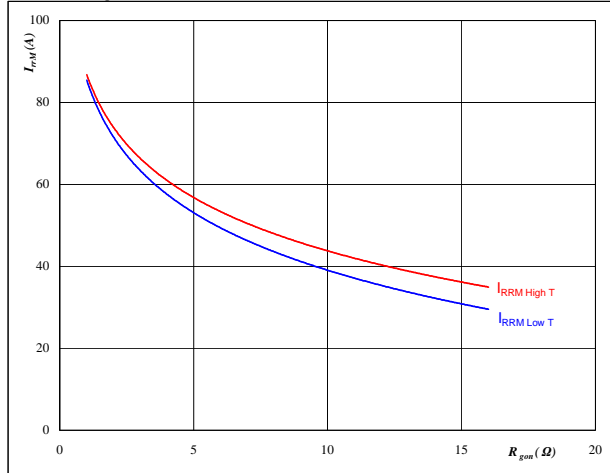


At
 $T_j = 25/125$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω

Figure 16 FWD

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RRM} = f(R_{gon})$$



At
 $T_j = 25/125$ °C
 $V_R = 350$ V
 $I_F = 56$ A
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V



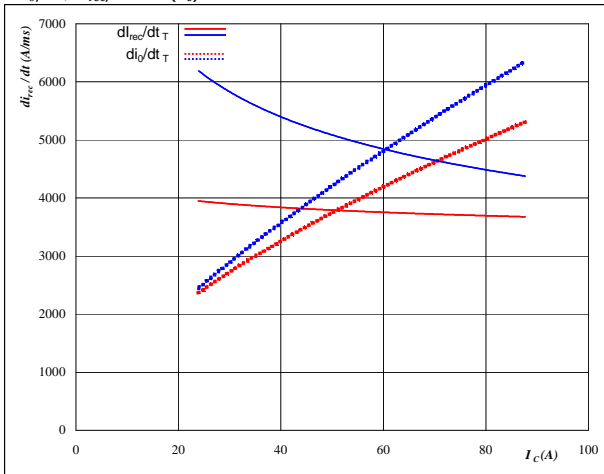
Half Bridge

Half Bridge IGBT and Neutral Point FWD

Figure 17 FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(I_c)$$

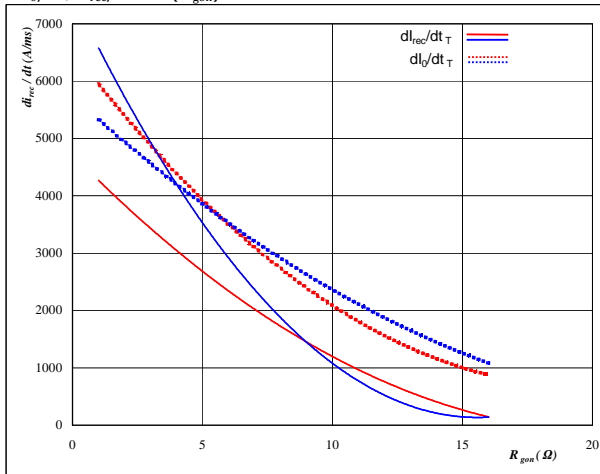


At
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$

Figure 18 FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(R_{gon})$$

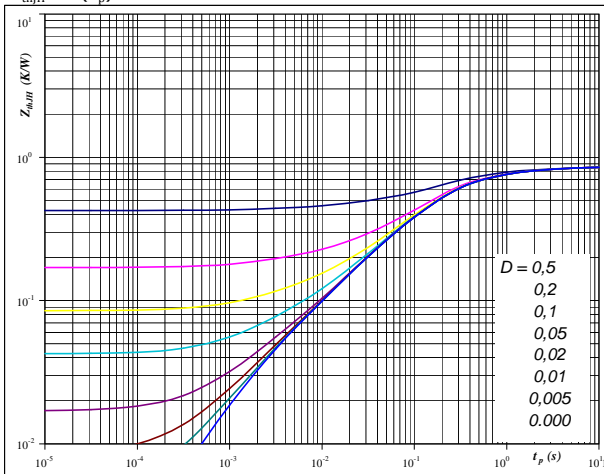


At
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 350 \text{ V}$
 $I_F = 56 \text{ A}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$

Figure 19 IGBT

IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thjH} = f(t_p)$$



At
 $D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thjH} = 0,85 \text{ K/W}$

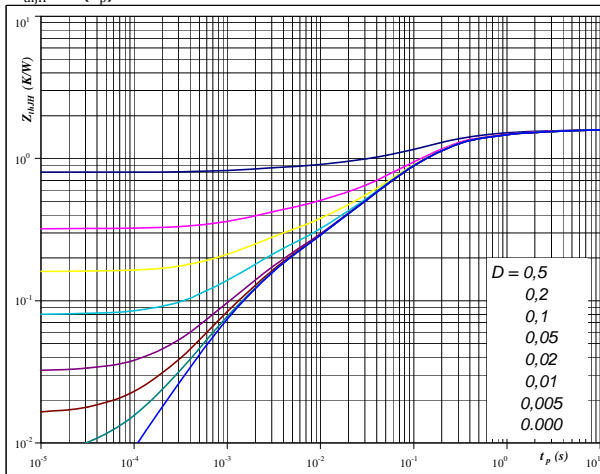
IGBT thermal model values

| R (K/W) | Tau (s) |
|---------|---------|
| 0,14 | 1,8E+00 |
| 0,32 | 2,9E-01 |
| 0,30 | 1,0E-01 |
| 0,07 | 1,4E-02 |
| 0,02 | 1,7E-03 |

Figure 20 FWD

FWD transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thjH} = f(t_p)$$



At
 $D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thjH} = 1,60 \text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

| R (K/W) | Tau (s) |
|---------|---------|
| 0,07 | 5,7E+00 |
| 0,16 | 1,2E+00 |
| 0,64 | 2,0E-01 |
| 0,50 | 6,6E-02 |
| 0,13 | 9,1E-03 |
| 0,10 | 1,5E-03 |



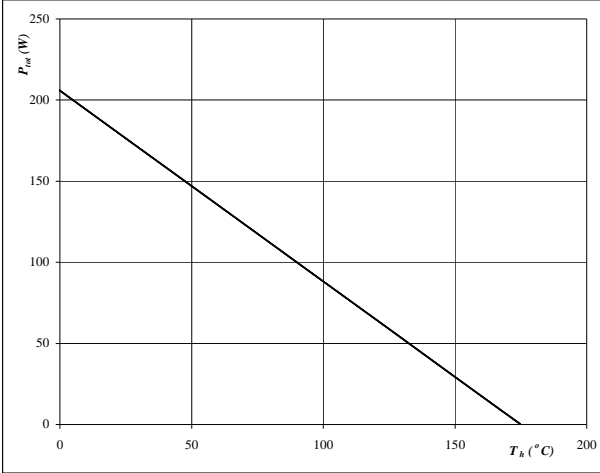
Half Bridge

Half Bridge IGBT and Neutral Point FWD

Figure 21 IGBT

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$

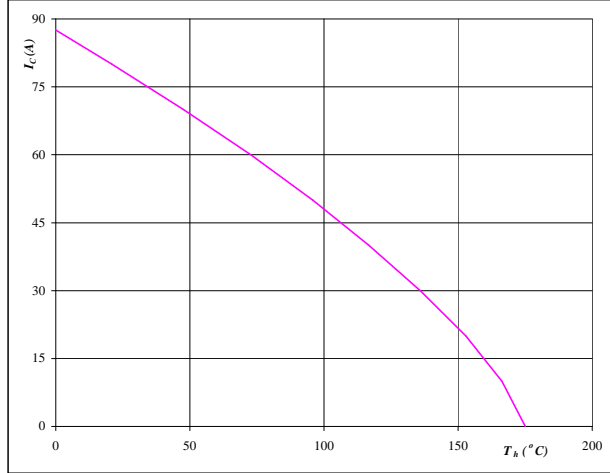


At
T_j = 175 °C

Figure 22 IGBT

Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature

$I_c = f(T_h)$

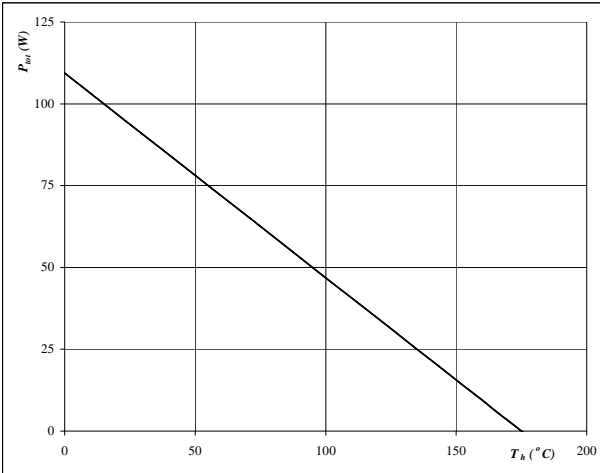


At
T_j = 175 °C
V_{GE} = 15 V

Figure 23 FWD

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$

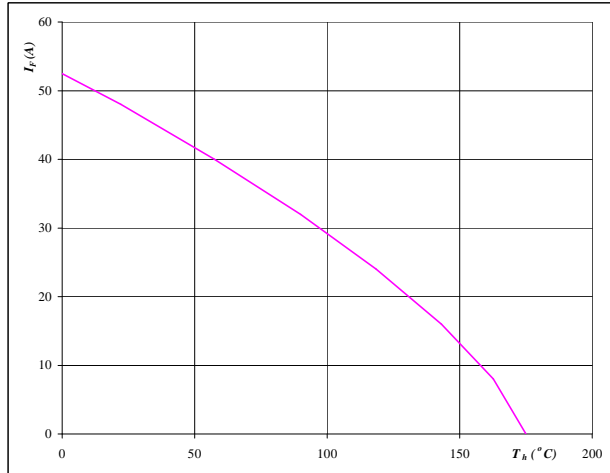


At
T_j = 175 °C

Figure 24 FWD

Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

$I_F = f(T_h)$



At
T_j = 175 °C

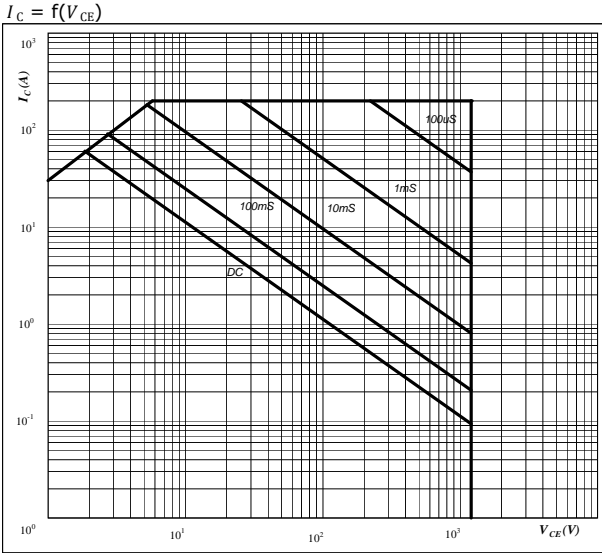


Half Bridge

Half Bridge IGBT and Neutral Point FWD

Figure 25 IGBT

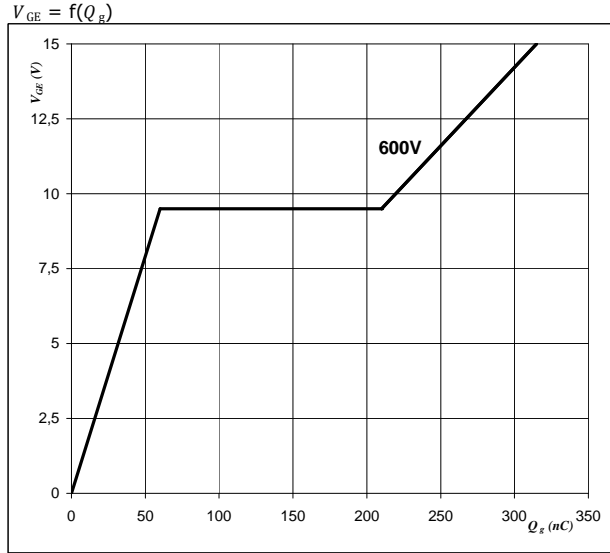
Safe operating area as a function of collector-emitter voltage



At
 $D =$ single pulse
 $T_h =$ 80 °C
 $V_{GE} =$ ±15 V
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$ °C

Figure 26 IGBT

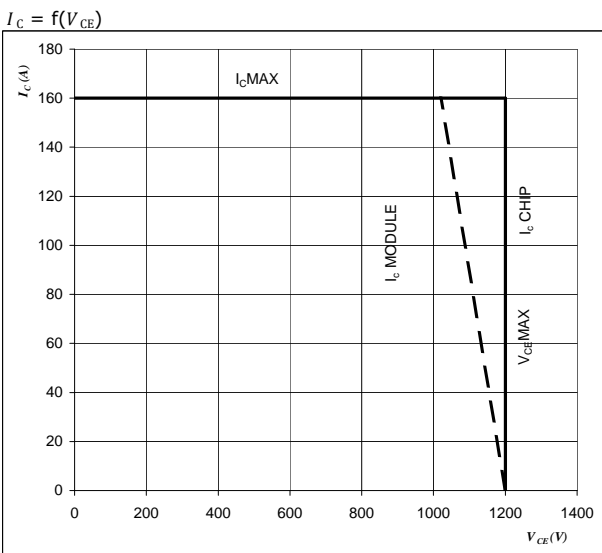
Gate voltage vs Gate charge



At
 $I_C =$ 80 A

Figure 27 IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area



At
 $T_j = T_{jmax} - 25$ °C
 DC link minus = DC link plus
 Switching mode : 3 level switching



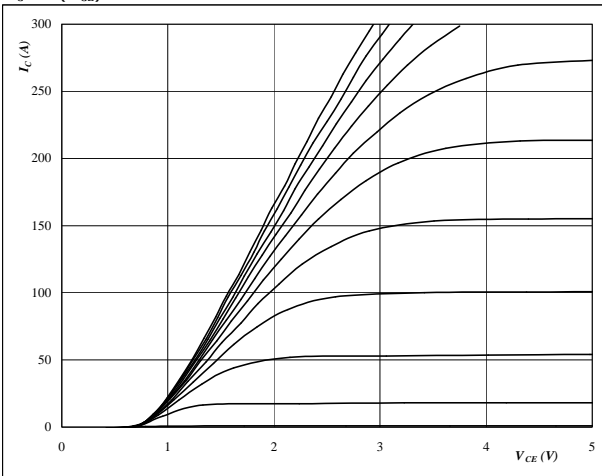
Neutral point

Neutral Point IGBT and Half Bridge FWD

Figure 1 IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

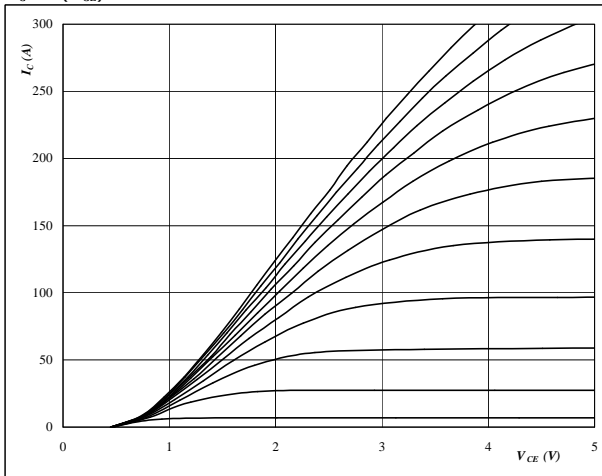


At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 2 IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

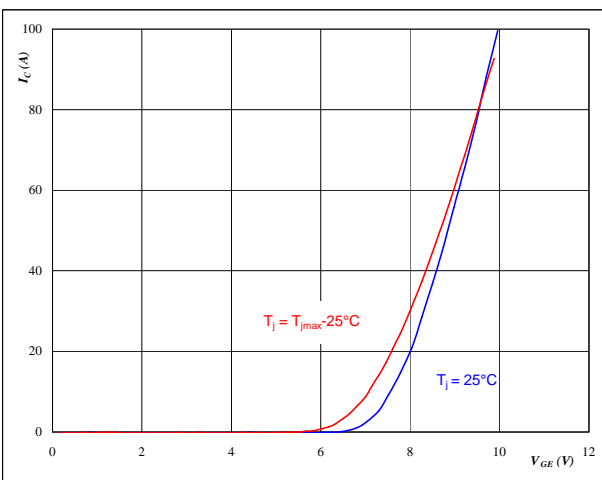


At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 3 IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{GE})$

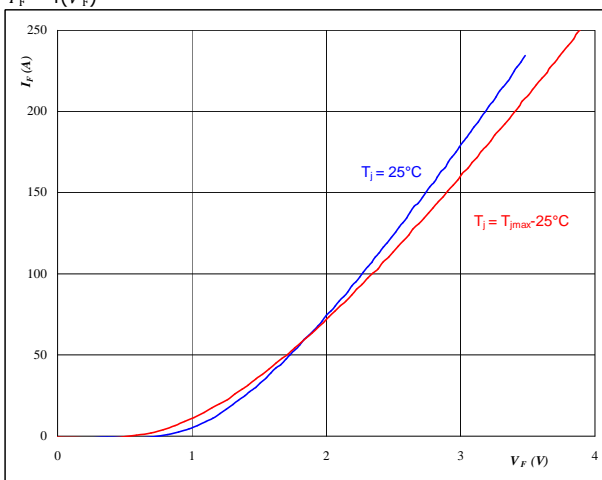


At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$

Figure 4 FWD

Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

$I_F = f(V_F)$



At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$



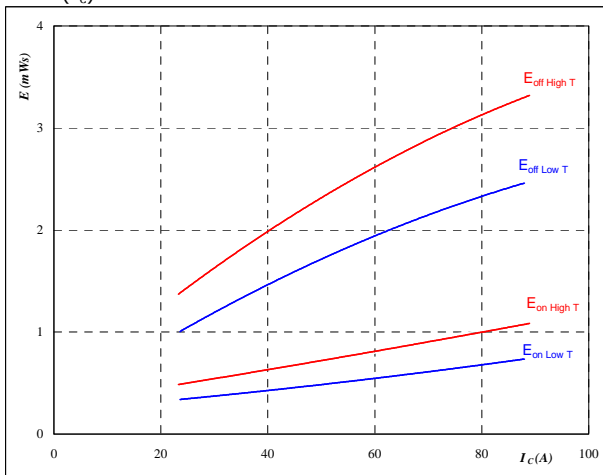
Neutral point

Neutral Point IGBT and Half Bridge FWD

Figure 5 IGBT

Typical switching energy losses
 as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_C)$$



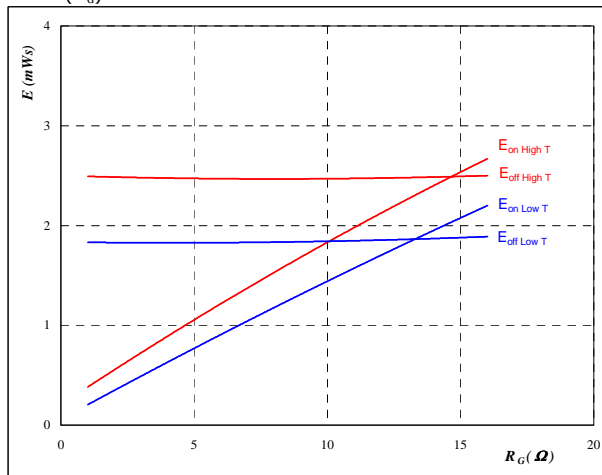
With an inductive load at

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$

Figure 6 IGBT

Typical switching energy losses
 as a function of gate resistor

$$E = f(R_G)$$



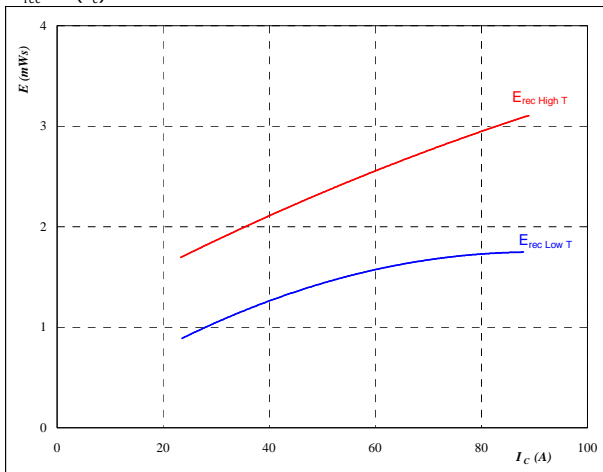
With an inductive load at

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_C = 56 \text{ A}$

Figure 7 FWD

Typical reverse recovery energy loss
 as a function of collector current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_C)$$



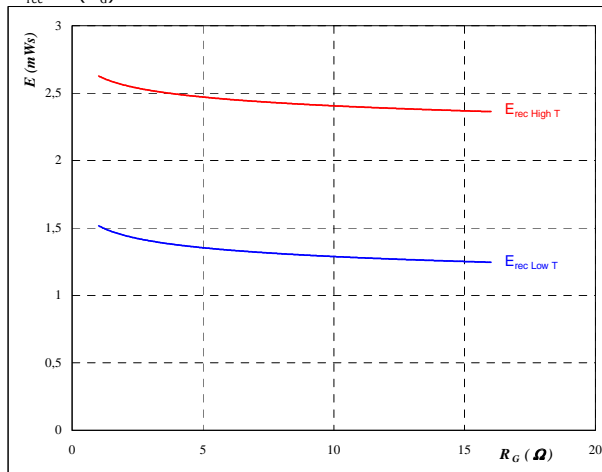
With an inductive load at

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$

Figure 8 FWD

Typical reverse recovery energy loss
 as a function of gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(R_G)$$



With an inductive load at

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_C = 56 \text{ A}$



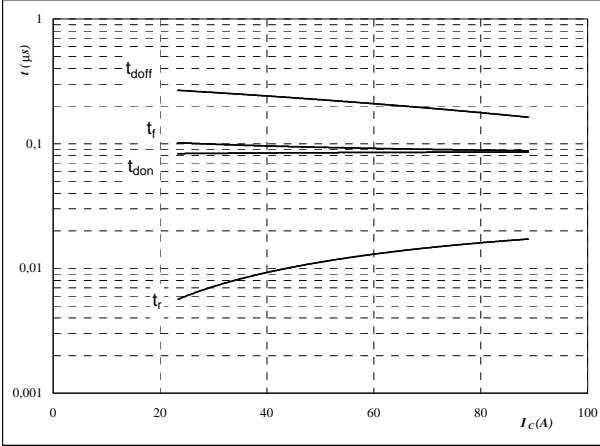
Neutral point

Neutral Point IGBT and Half Bridge FWD

Figure 9 IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_C)$$



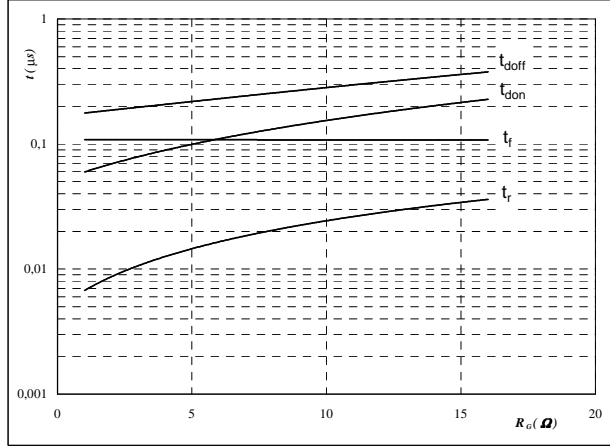
With an inductive load at

| | | |
|--------------|-----|----|
| $T_j =$ | 125 | °C |
| $V_{CE} =$ | 350 | V |
| $V_{GE} =$ | ±15 | V |
| $R_{gon} =$ | 4 | Ω |
| $R_{goff} =$ | 4 | Ω |

Figure 10 IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(R_G)$$



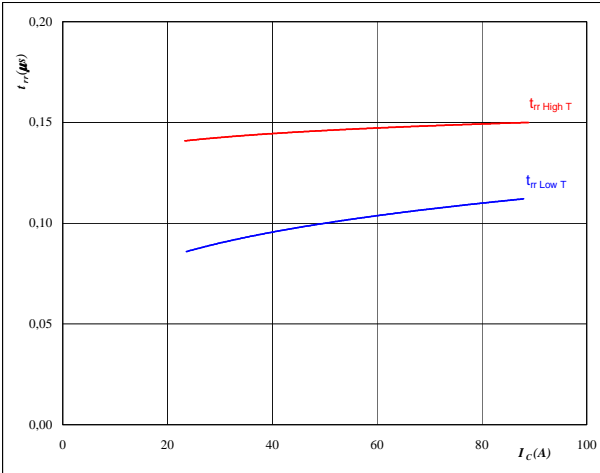
With an inductive load at

| | | |
|------------|-----|----|
| $T_j =$ | 125 | °C |
| $V_{CE} =$ | 350 | V |
| $V_{GE} =$ | ±15 | V |
| $I_C =$ | 56 | A |

Figure 11 FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$$



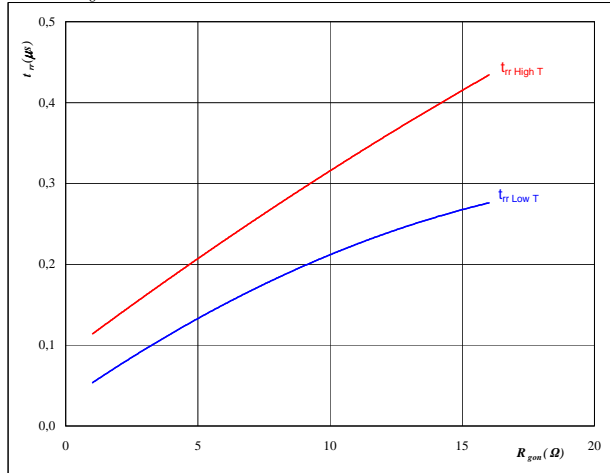
At

| | | |
|-------------|--------|----|
| $T_j =$ | 25/125 | °C |
| $V_{CE} =$ | 350 | V |
| $V_{GE} =$ | ±15 | V |
| $R_{gon} =$ | 4 | Ω |

Figure 12 FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$



At

| | | |
|------------|--------|----|
| $T_j =$ | 25/125 | °C |
| $V_R =$ | 350 | V |
| $I_F =$ | 56 | A |
| $V_{GE} =$ | ±15 | V |



Neutral point

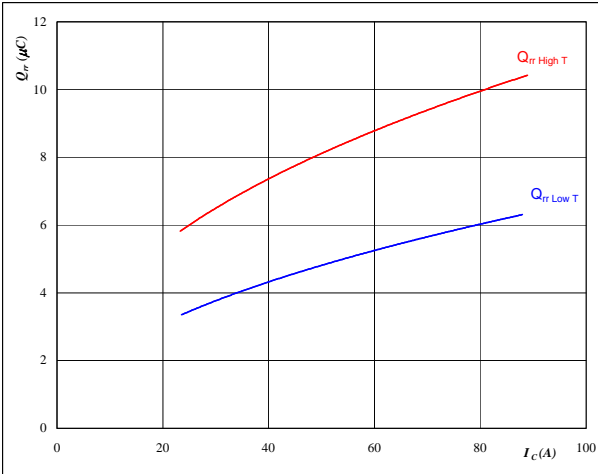
Neutral Point IGBT and Half Bridge FWD

Figure 13

FWD

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_{rr} = f(I_c)$$

**At**

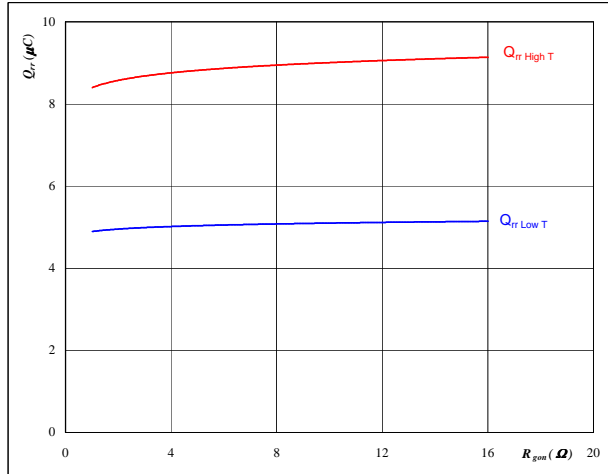
| | | |
|-------------|----------|--------------|
| $T_j =$ | 25/125 | $^{\circ}$ C |
| $V_{CE} =$ | 350 | V |
| $V_{GE} =$ | ± 15 | V |
| $R_{gon} =$ | 4 | Ω |

Figure 14

FWD

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$

**At**

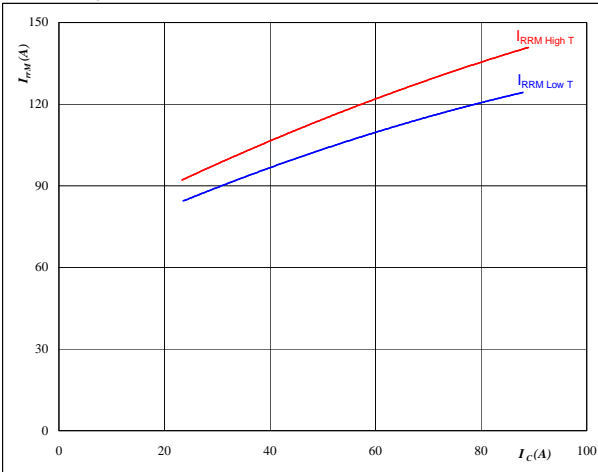
| | | |
|------------|----------|--------------|
| $T_j =$ | 25/125 | $^{\circ}$ C |
| $V_R =$ | 350 | V |
| $I_F =$ | 56 | A |
| $V_{GE} =$ | ± 15 | V |

Figure 15

FWD

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RRM} = f(I_c)$$

**At**

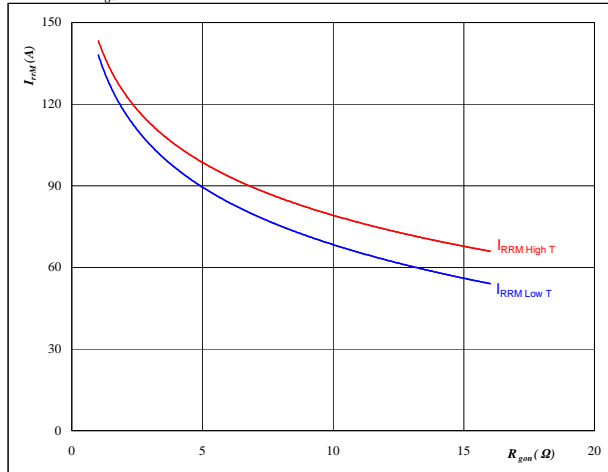
| | | |
|-------------|----------|--------------|
| $T_j =$ | 25/125 | $^{\circ}$ C |
| $V_{CE} =$ | 350 | V |
| $V_{GE} =$ | ± 15 | V |
| $R_{gon} =$ | 4 | Ω |

Figure 16

FWD

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RRM} = f(R_{gon})$$

**At**

| | | |
|------------|----------|--------------|
| $T_j =$ | 25/125 | $^{\circ}$ C |
| $V_R =$ | 350 | V |
| $I_F =$ | 56 | A |
| $V_{GE} =$ | ± 15 | V |



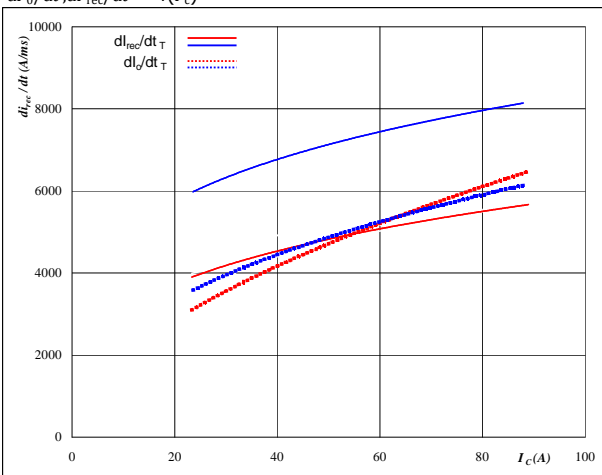
Neutral point

Neutral Point IGBT and Half Bridge FWD

Figure 17 FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(I_c)$$

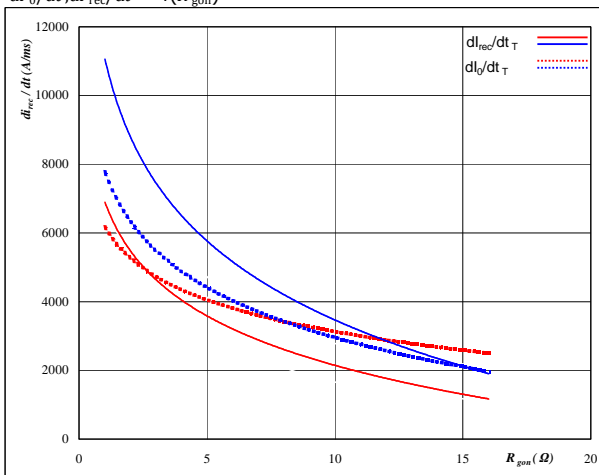


At
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$

Figure 18 FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(R_{gon})$$

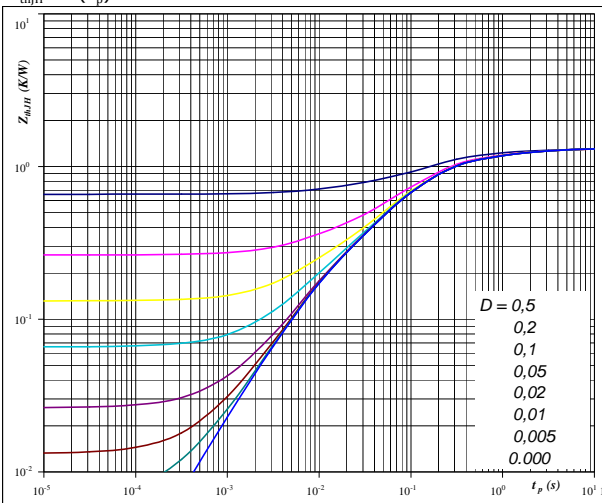


At
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 350 \text{ V}$
 $I_F = 56 \text{ A}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$

Figure 19 IGBT

IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thjH} = f(t_p)$$



At
 $D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thjH} = 1,32 \text{ K/W}$

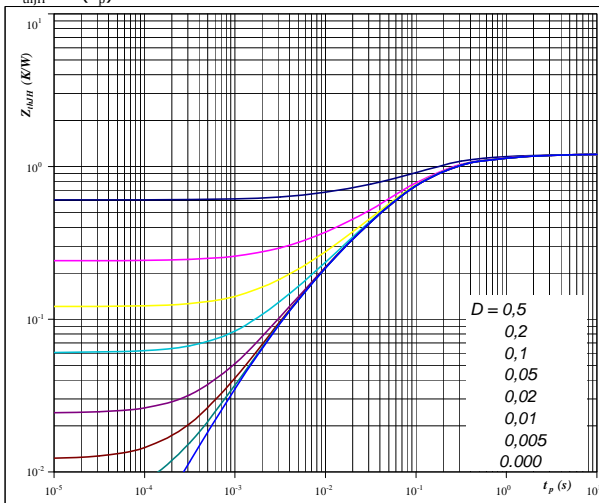
IGBT thermal model values

| R (K/W) | Tau (s) |
|---------|---------|
| 0,06 | 6,4E+00 |
| 0,17 | 1,3E+00 |
| 0,35 | 2,5E-01 |
| 0,60 | 8,5E-02 |
| 0,13 | 8,9E-03 |

Figure 20 FWD

FWD transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thjH} = f(t_p)$$



At
 $D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thjH} = 1,21 \text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

| R (K/W) | Tau (s) |
|---------|---------|
| 0,03 | 6,2E+00 |
| 0,11 | 1,1E+00 |
| 0,34 | 2,0E-01 |
| 0,54 | 6,8E-02 |
| 0,14 | 1,2E-02 |
| 0,05 | 2,8E-03 |



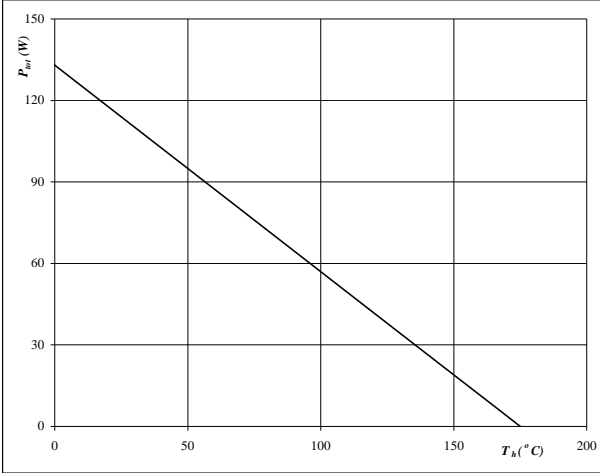
Neutral point

Neutral Point IGBT and Half Bridge FWD

Figure 21 IGBT

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$

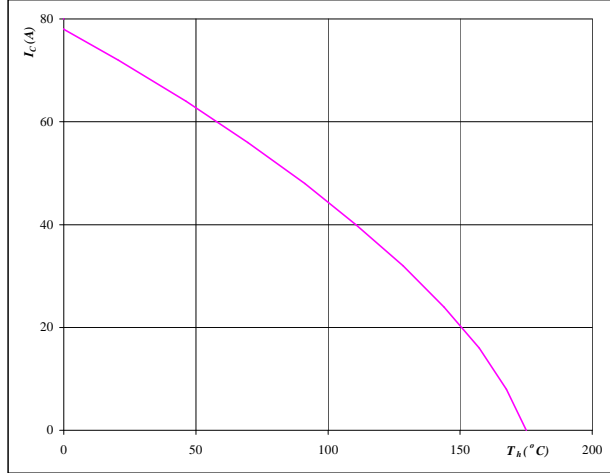


At
T_j = 175 °C

Figure 22 IGBT

Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature

$I_C = f(T_h)$

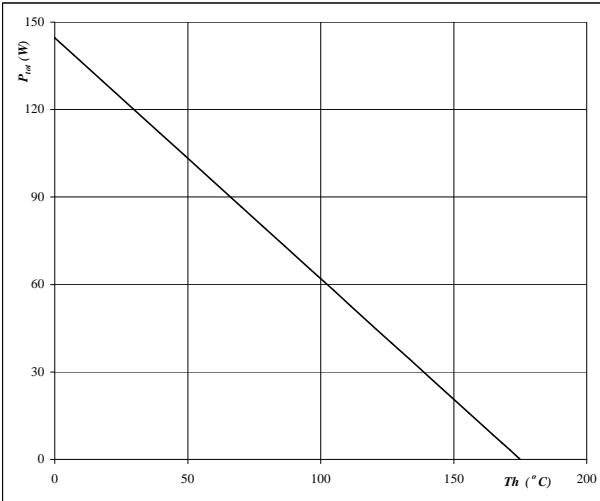


At
T_j = 175 °C
V_{GE} = 15 V

Figure 23 FWD

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$

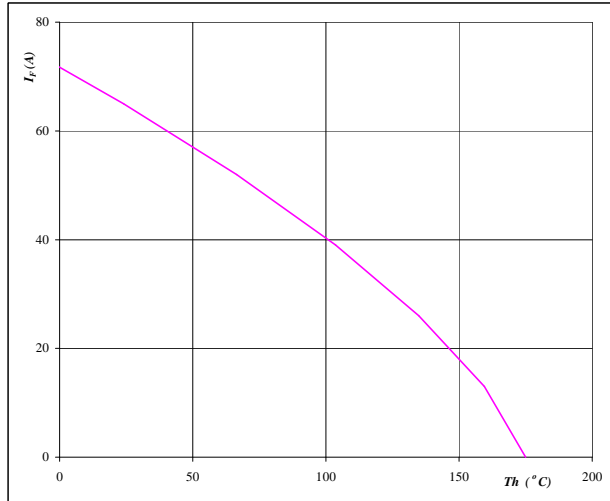


At
T_j = 175 °C

Figure 24 FWD

Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

$I_F = f(T_h)$



At
T_j = 175 °C



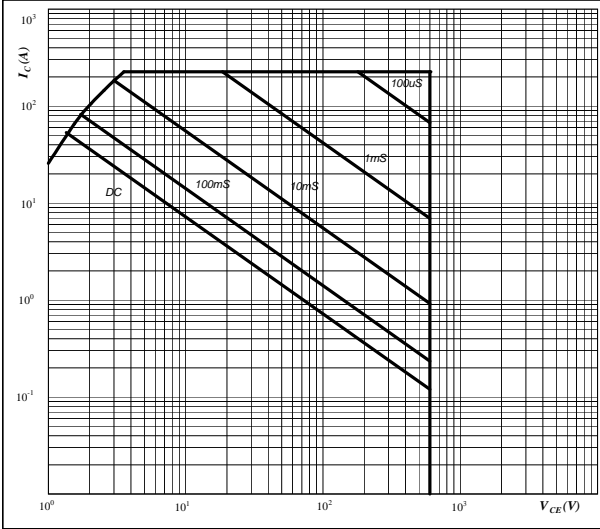
Neutral point

Neutral Point IGBT and Half Bridge FWD

Figure 25 IGBT

Safe operating area as a function of collector-emitter voltage

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

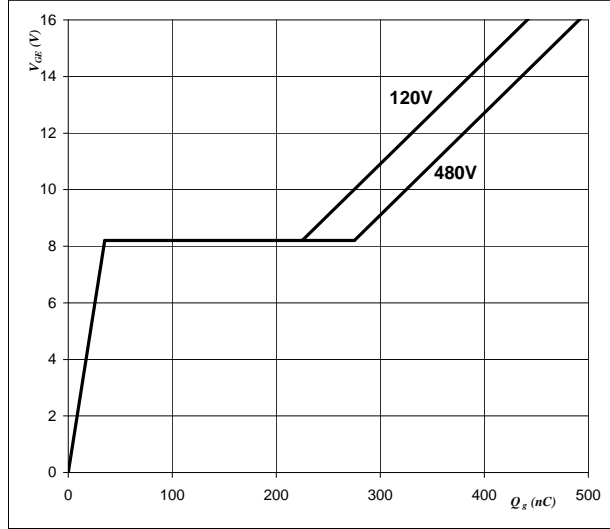


At
 $D =$ single pulse
 $T_h =$ 80 °C
 $V_{GE} =$ 15 V
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$ °C

Figure 26 IGBT

Gate voltage vs Gate charge

$$V_{GE} = f(Q_g)$$

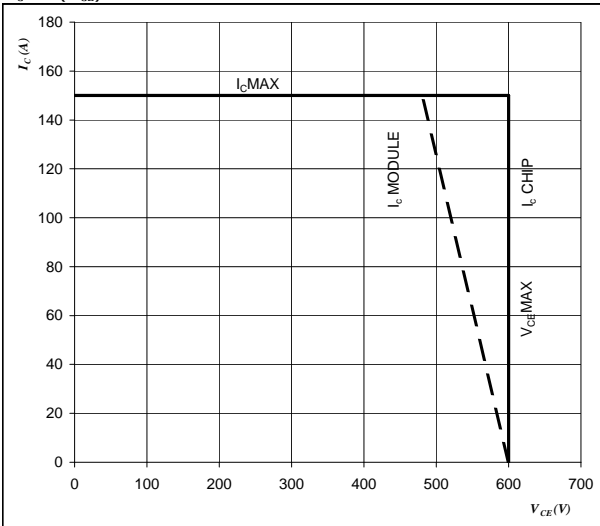


At
 $I_C =$ 75 A

Figure 27 IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



At
 $T_j = T_{jmax} - 25$ °C
DC link minus = DC link plus
Switching mode : 3 level switching

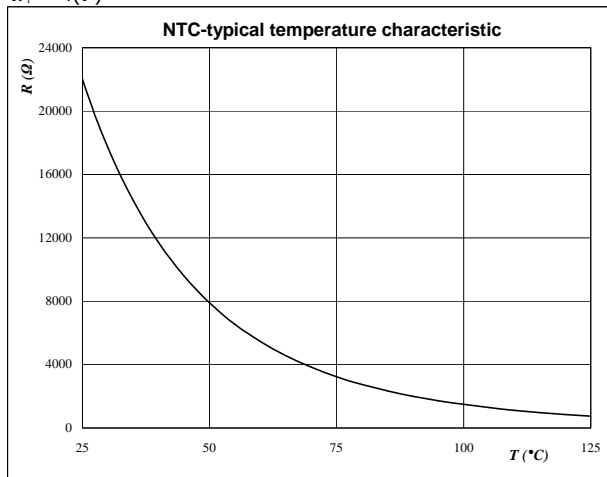


Thermistor

Figure 1 Thermistor

**Typical NTC characteristic
as a function of temperature**

$$R_T = f(T)$$





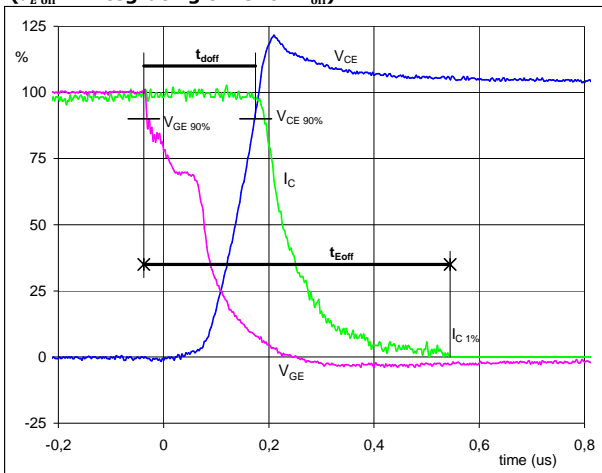
Switching Definitions Neutral point IGBT

General conditions

| | | |
|------------|---|--------|
| T_j | = | 125 °C |
| R_{gon} | = | 4 Ω |
| R_{goff} | = | 4 Ω |

Figure 1 Neutral point IGBT

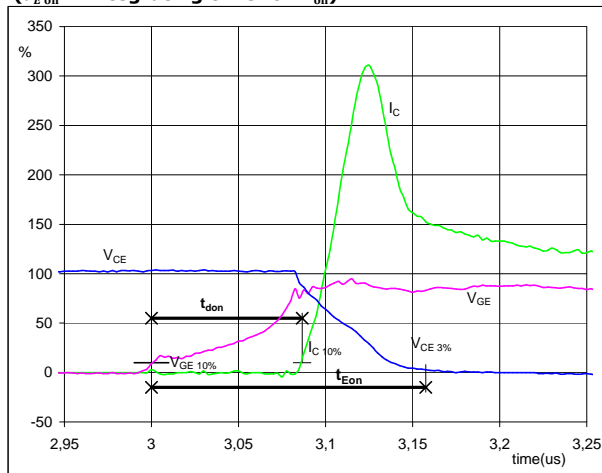
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} t_{Eoff}
 (t_{Eoff} = integrating time for E_{off})



| | | |
|-------------------|------|----|
| V_{GE} (0%) = | -15 | V |
| V_{GE} (100%) = | 15 | V |
| V_C (100%) = | 350 | V |
| I_C (100%) = | 56 | A |
| t_{doff} = | 0,21 | μs |
| t_{Eoff} = | 0,58 | μs |

Figure 2 Neutral point IGBT

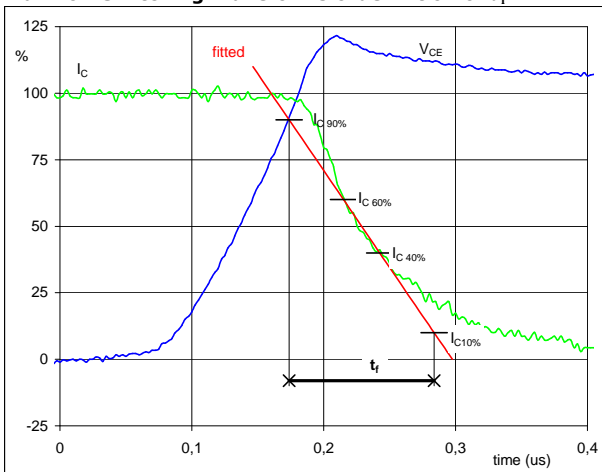
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{donr} t_{Eon}
 (t_{Eon} = integrating time for E_{on})



| | | |
|-------------------|------|----|
| V_{GE} (0%) = | -15 | V |
| V_{GE} (100%) = | 15 | V |
| V_C (100%) = | 350 | V |
| I_C (100%) = | 56 | A |
| t_{don} = | 0,09 | μs |
| t_{Eon} = | 0,16 | μs |

Figure 3 Neutral point IGBT

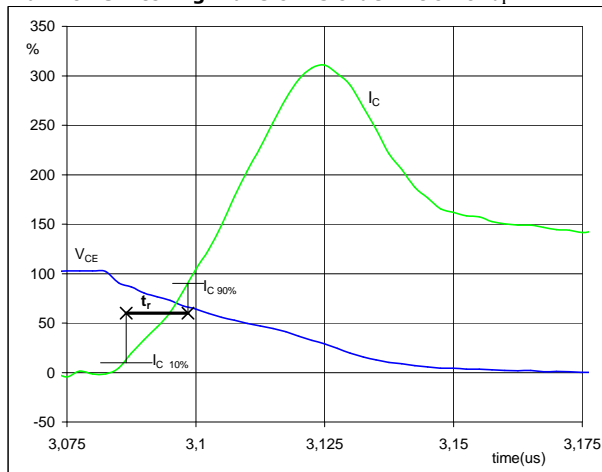
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f



| | | |
|----------------|------|----|
| V_C (100%) = | 350 | V |
| I_C (100%) = | 56 | A |
| t_f = | 0,11 | μs |

Figure 4 Neutral point IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r

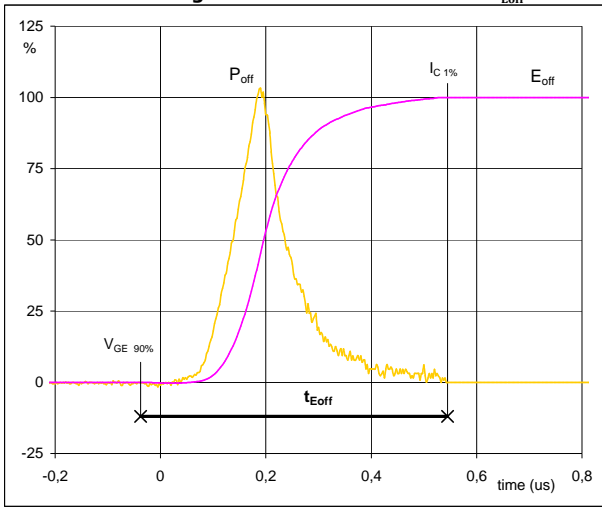


| | | |
|----------------|------|----|
| V_C (100%) = | 350 | V |
| I_C (100%) = | 56 | A |
| t_r = | 0,01 | μs |



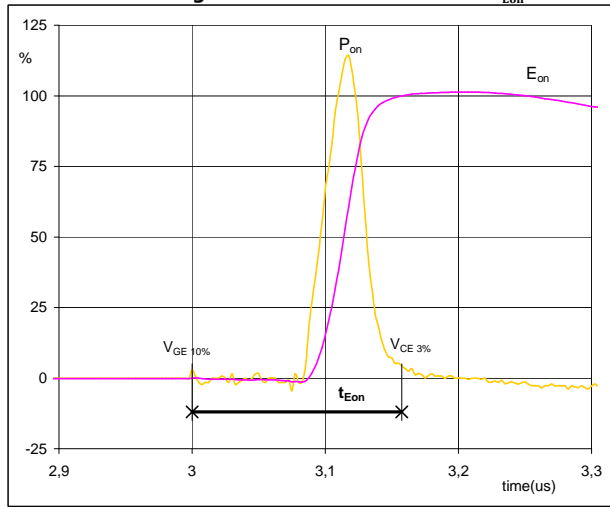
Switching Definitions Neutral point IGBT

Figure 5 Neutral point IGBT
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Eoff}



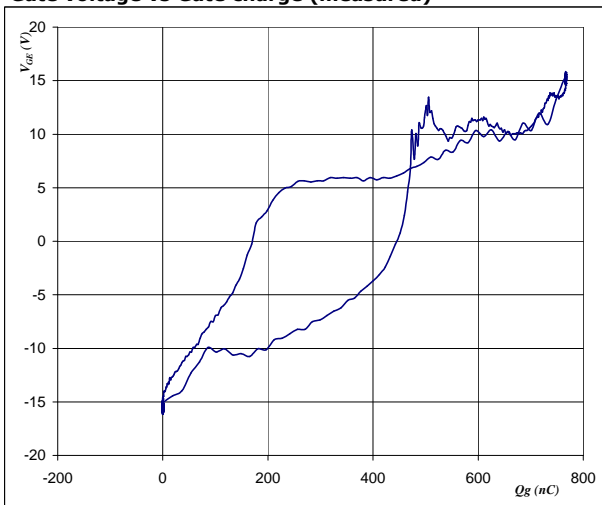
$P_{off} (100\%) = 19,56 \text{ kW}$
 $E_{off} (100\%) = 2,50 \text{ mJ}$
 $t_{Eoff} = 0,58 \text{ }\mu\text{s}$

Figure 6 Neutral point IGBT
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Eon}



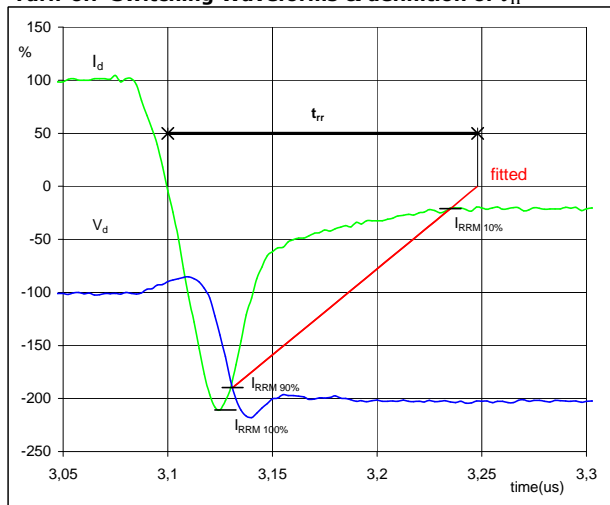
$P_{on} (100\%) = 19,56 \text{ kW}$
 $E_{on} (100\%) = 0,75 \text{ mJ}$
 $t_{Eon} = 0,16 \text{ }\mu\text{s}$

Figure 7 Neutral point IGBT
Gate voltage vs Gate charge (measured)



$V_{GE\ off} = -15 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE\ on} = 15 \text{ V}$
 $V_C (100\%) = 350 \text{ V}$
 $I_C (100\%) = 56 \text{ A}$
 $Q_g = 775,97 \text{ nC}$

Figure 8 Neutral point FWD
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{rr}



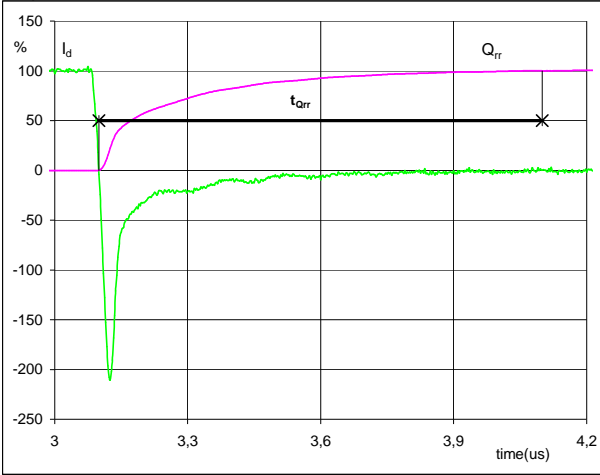
$V_d (100\%) = 350 \text{ V}$
 $I_d (100\%) = 56 \text{ A}$
 $I_{RRM} (100\%) = -118 \text{ A}$
 $t_{rr} = 0,15 \text{ }\mu\text{s}$



Switching Definitions Neutral point IGBT

Figure 9 Neutral point IGBT

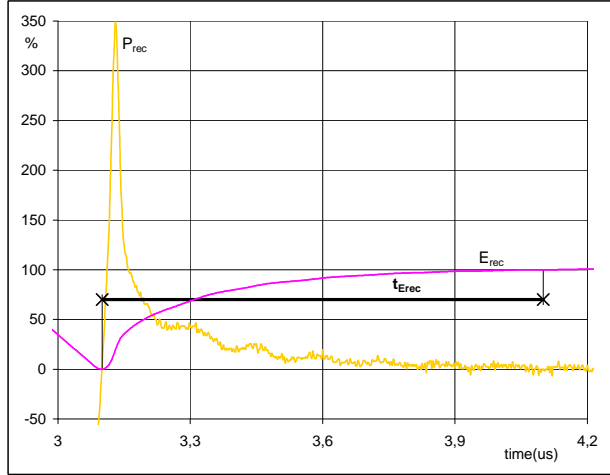
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Qrr}
 (t_{Qrr} = integrating time for Q_{rr})



| | | |
|-------------------|------|---------------|
| I_d (100%) = | 56 | A |
| Q_{rr} (100%) = | 8,22 | μC |
| t_{Qrr} = | 1,00 | μs |

Figure 10 Neutral point IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Erec}
 (t_{Erec} = integrating time for E_{rec})

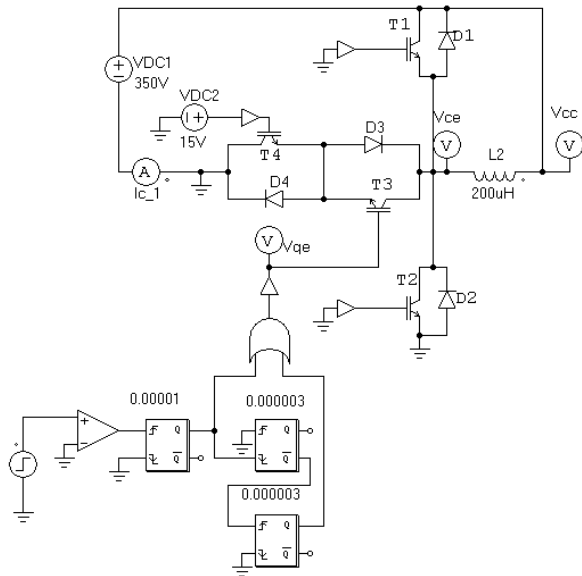


| | | |
|--------------------|-------|---------------|
| P_{rec} (100%) = | 19,56 | kW |
| E_{rec} (100%) = | 2,42 | mJ |
| t_{Erec} = | 1,00 | μs |

Measurement circuits

Figure 11

BOOST stage switching measurement circuit





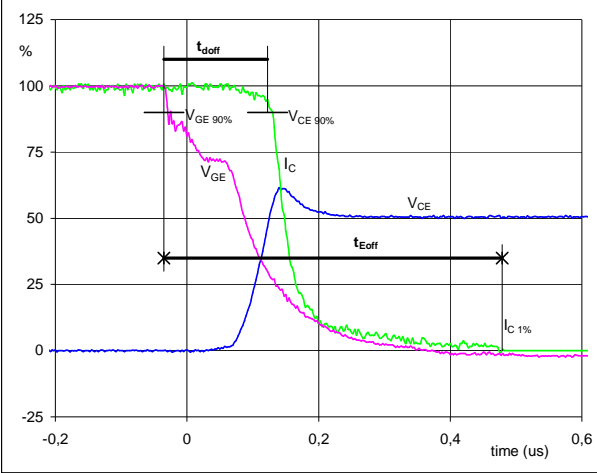
Switching Definitions Half Bridge IGBT

General conditions

| | | |
|------------|---|--------|
| T_j | = | 125 °C |
| R_{gon} | = | 4 Ω |
| R_{goff} | = | 4 Ω |

Figure 1 Half Bridge IGBT

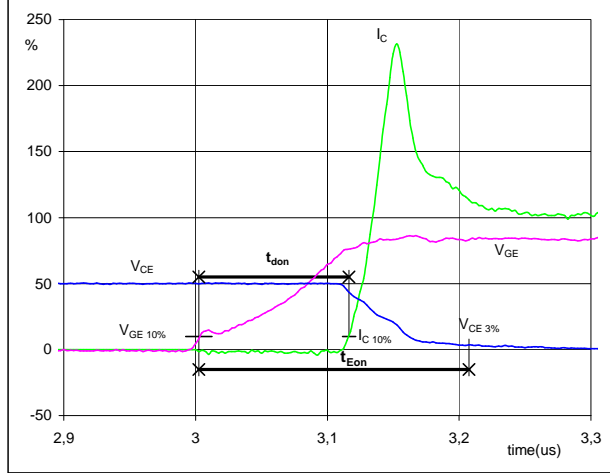
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} t_{Eoff}
 (t_{Eoff} = integrating time for E_{off})



| | | |
|-------------------|------|----|
| V_{GE} (0%) = | -15 | V |
| V_{GE} (100%) = | 15 | V |
| V_C (100%) = | 700 | V |
| I_C (100%) = | 56 | A |
| t_{doff} = | 0,15 | μs |
| t_{Eoff} = | 0,51 | μs |

Figure 2 Half Bridge IGBT

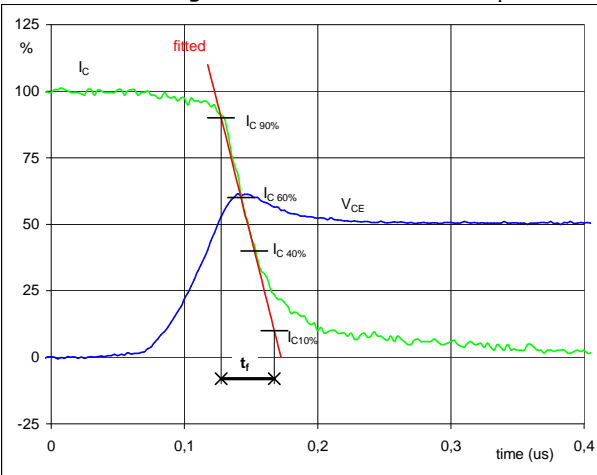
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} t_{Eon}
 (t_{Eon} = integrating time for E_{on})



| | | |
|-------------------|------|----|
| V_{GE} (0%) = | -15 | V |
| V_{GE} (100%) = | 15 | V |
| V_C (100%) = | 700 | V |
| I_C (100%) = | 56 | A |
| t_{don} = | 0,11 | μs |
| t_{Eon} = | 0,20 | μs |

Figure 3 Half Bridge IGBT

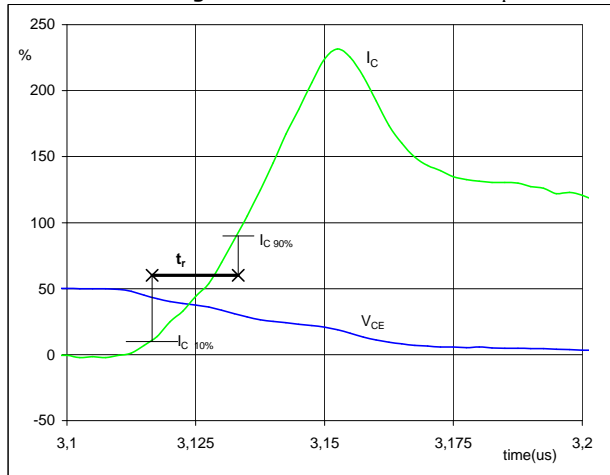
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f



| | | |
|----------------|------|----|
| V_C (100%) = | 700 | V |
| I_C (100%) = | 56 | A |
| t_f = | 0,05 | μs |

Figure 4 Half Bridge IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r

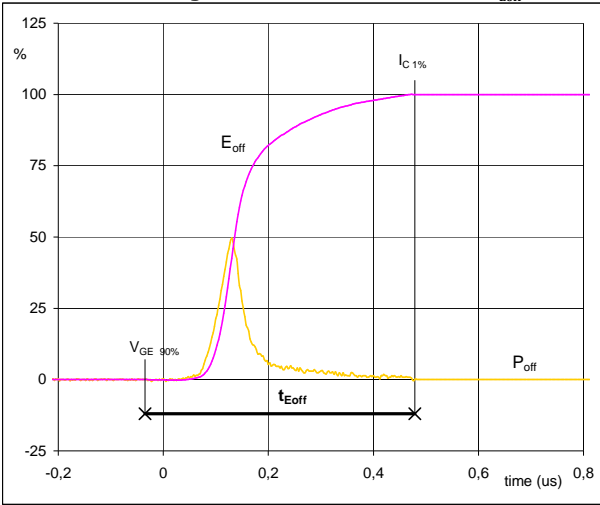


| | | |
|----------------|------|----|
| V_C (100%) = | 700 | V |
| I_C (100%) = | 56 | A |
| t_r = | 0,02 | μs |



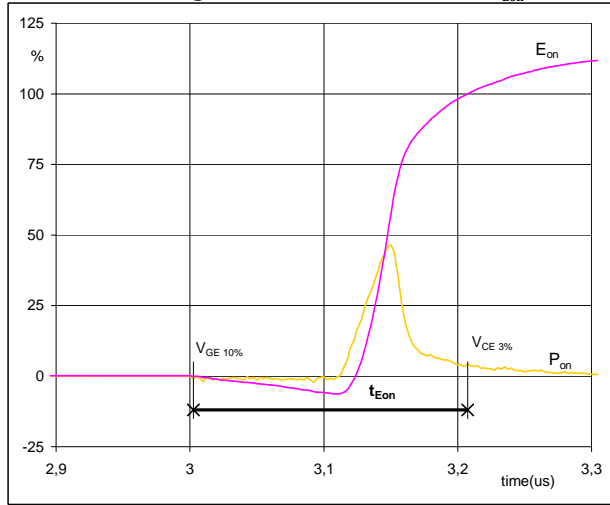
Switching Definitions Half Bridge IGBT

Figure 5 Half Bridge IGBT
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Eoff}



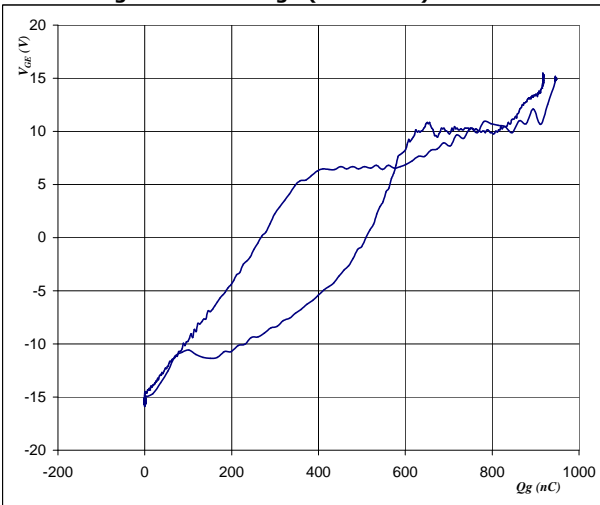
$P_{off} (100\%) = 39,18 \text{ kW}$
 $E_{off} (100\%) = 1,36 \text{ mJ}$
 $t_{Eoff} = 0,51 \text{ }\mu\text{s}$

Figure 6 Half Bridge IGBT
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Eon}



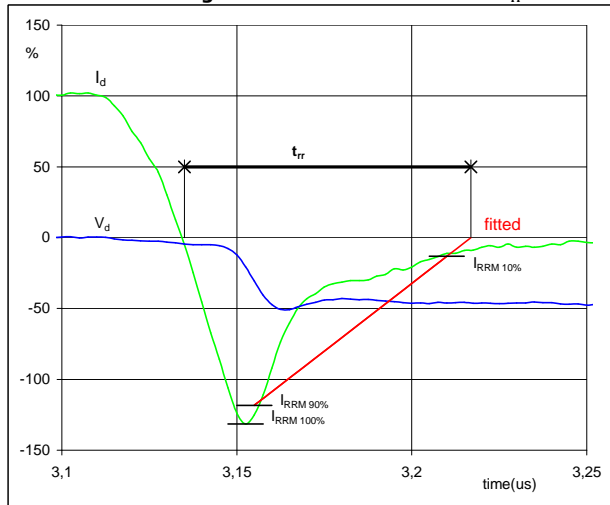
$P_{on} (100\%) = 39,18 \text{ kW}$
 $E_{on} (100\%) = 0,68 \text{ mJ}$
 $t_{Eon} = 0,20 \text{ }\mu\text{s}$

Figure 7 Half Bridge IGBT
Gate voltage vs Gate charge (measured)



$V_{GE\ off} = -15 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE\ on} = 15 \text{ V}$
 $V_C (100\%) = 700 \text{ V}$
 $I_C (100\%) = 56 \text{ A}$
 $Q_g = 945,34 \text{ nC}$

Figure 8 Half Bridge FWD
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{rr}



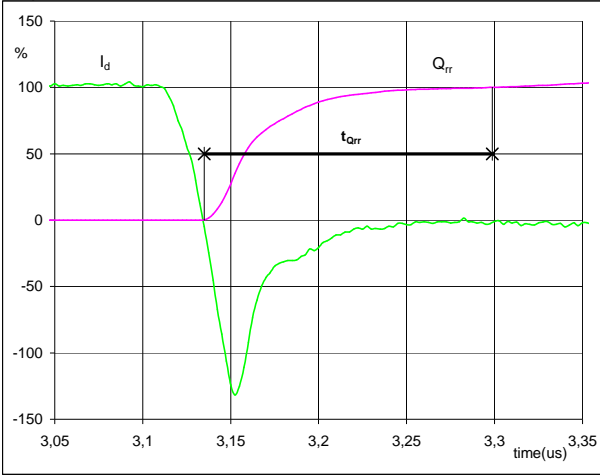
$V_d (100\%) = 700 \text{ V}$
 $I_d (100\%) = 56 \text{ A}$
 $I_{RRM} (100\%) = -74 \text{ A}$
 $t_{rr} = 0,08 \text{ }\mu\text{s}$



Switching Definitions Half Bridge IGBT

Figure 9 Half Bridge IGBT

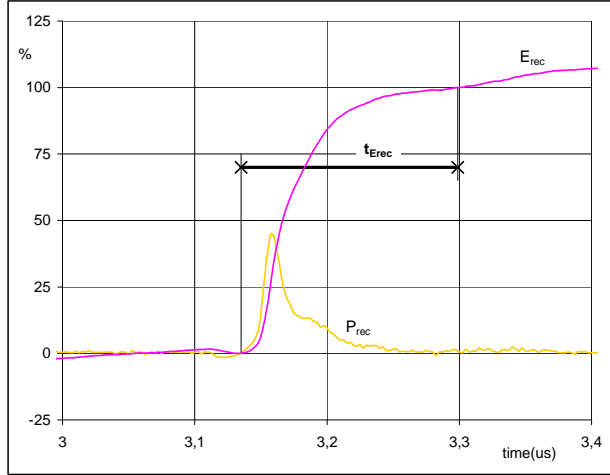
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Qrr}
 (t_{Qrr} = integrating time for Q_{rr})



I_d (100%) = 56 A
 Q_{rr} (100%) = 2,33 μ C
 t_{Qrr} = 0,16 μ s

Figure 10 Half Bridge IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Erec}
 (t_{Erec} = integrating time for E_{rec})

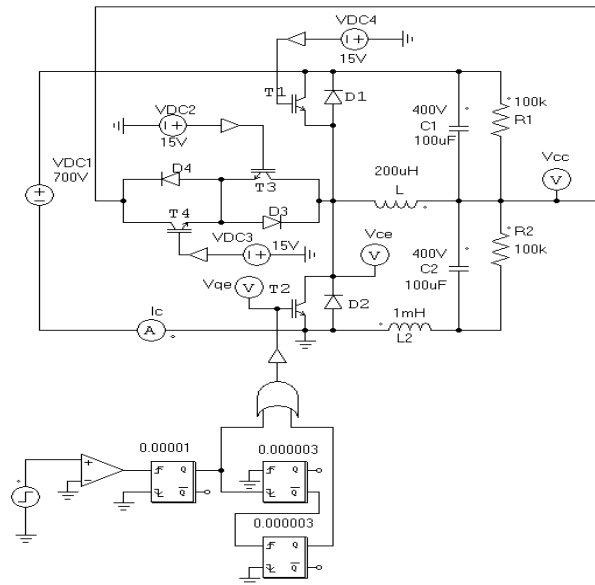


P_{rec} (100%) = 39,18 kW
 E_{rec} (100%) = 0,53 mJ
 t_{Erec} = 0,16 μ s

Measurement circuits

Figure 11

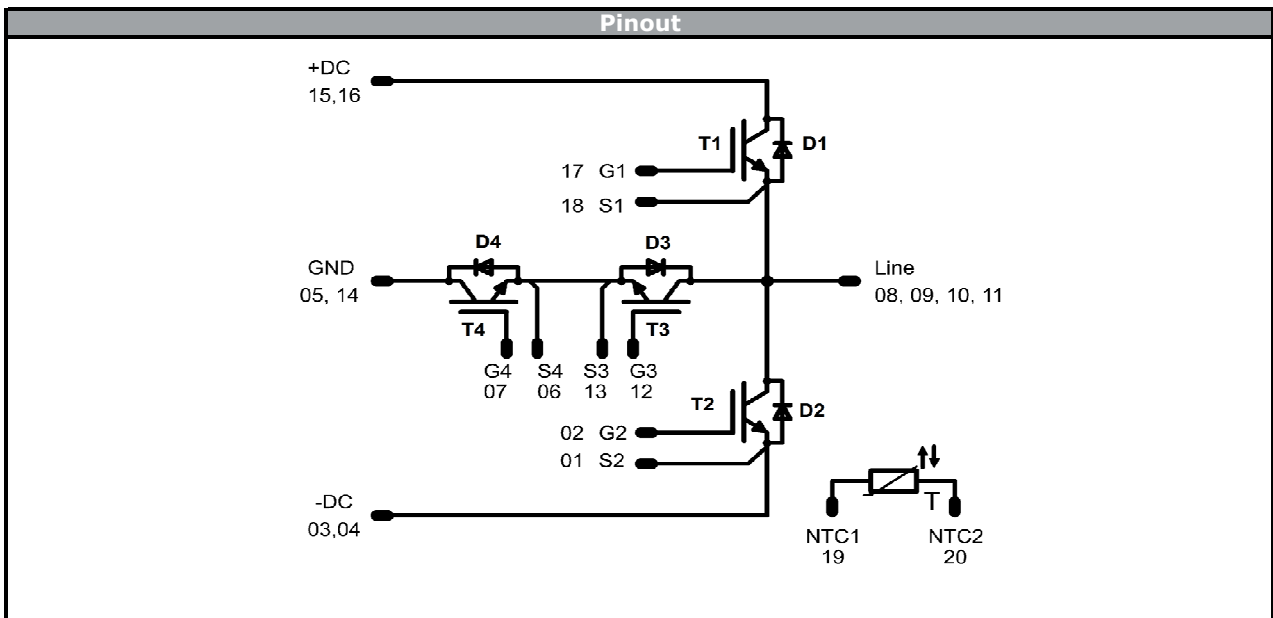
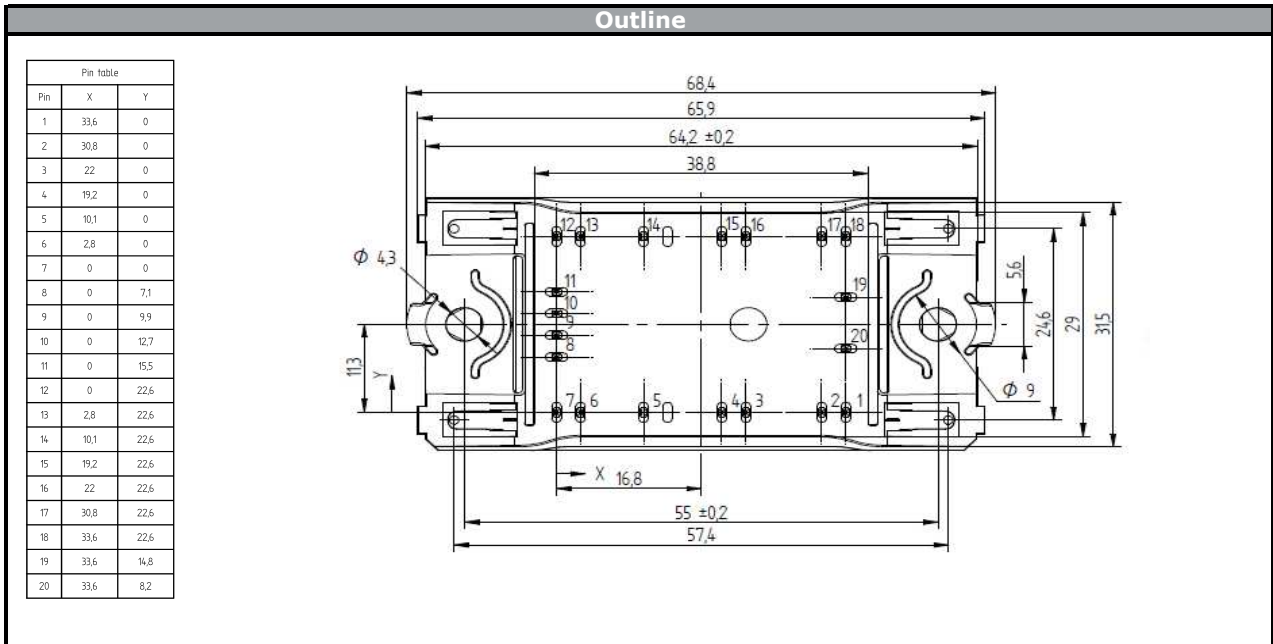
BUCK stage switching measurement circuit





Ordering Code and Marking - Outline - Pinout

| Ordering Code & Marking | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Version | | | Ordering Code | | | |
| without thermal paste with solder pin 12mm housing | | | 10-FZ12NMA080NS03-M260F38 | | | |
| without thermal paste with Press-fit pin 12mm housing | | | 10-PZ12NMA080NS03-M260F38Y | | | |
| <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 10px;"> NN-NNNNNNNNNNNNNN TTTTIVV WWYY UL Vinco LLLL SSSS </div> </div> | | | | | | |
| Text | Name | | Type&Ver | Date code | Vinco&Lot | Serial&UL |
| | NN-NNNNNNNNNNNNNN | | TTTTIVV | WWYY | Vinco LLLL | SSSS UL |
| Datamatrix | Type&Ver | Lot number | Serial | Date code | | |
| | TTTTIVV | LLLLL | SSSS | WWYY | | |



| Identification | | | | | |
|----------------|-----------|---------|---------|---------------------|---------|
| ID | Component | Voltage | Current | Function | Comment |
| T1,T2 | IGBT | 1200 V | 80 A | Half Bridge IGBT | |
| D1,D2 | FWD | 1200 V | 50 A | Half Bridge Diode | |
| T3,T4 | IGBT | 600 V | 75 A | Neutral Point IGBT | |
| D3,D4 | FWD | 600 V | 75 A | Neutral Point Diode | |
| T | NTC | - | - | Thermistor | |

**Handling instruction**

Handling instructions for *flow* 0 packages see vincotech.com website.

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.