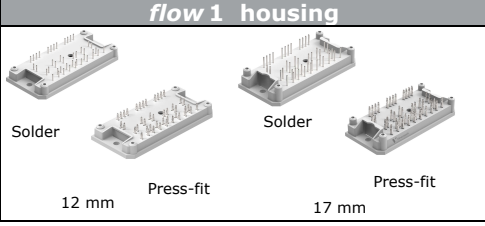
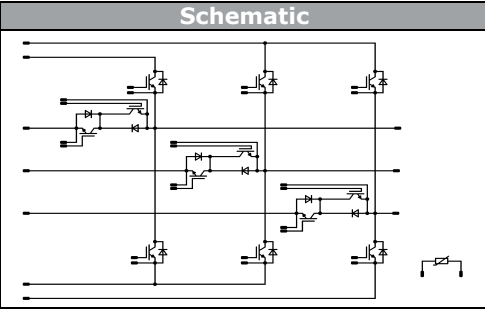




<i>flow 3xMNPC 1</i>	<b>1200 V / 25 A</b>
<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> <p style="text-align: center; margin: 0;"><b>Features</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3 phase mixed voltage component topology</li> <li>neutral point clamped inverter</li> <li>reactive power capability</li> <li>low inductance layout</li> </ul> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> <p style="text-align: center; margin: 0;"><b>Target Applications</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>solar inverter</li> <li>UPS</li> </ul> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p style="text-align: center; margin: 0;"><b>Types</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>10-FY12M3A025SH-M746F08</li> <li>10-P112M3A025SH-M746F08Y</li> <li>10-F112M3A025SH-M746F09</li> <li>10-P112M3A025SH-M746F09Y</li> </ul> </div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 5px;"> <p style="text-align: center; margin: 0;"><b>flow 1 housing</b></p>  </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p style="text-align: center; margin: 0;"><b>Schematic</b></p>  </div>

## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
<b>Half Bridge IGBT</b>				
Collector-emitter break down voltage	$V_{CES}$		1200	V
DC collector current	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	23	A
Pulsed collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	75	A
Turn off safe operating area		$T_j \leq 150\text{ °C}$ $V_{CE} \leq V_{CES}$	75	A
Power dissipation per IGBT	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	58	W
Gate-emitter peak voltage	$V_{GE}$		±20	V
Short circuit ratings	$t_{SC}$ $V_{CC}$	$T_j \leq 150\text{ °C}$ $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$	10 800	μs V
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C
<b>Neutral P. FWD</b>				
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	$V_{RRM}$		600	V
DC forward current	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	17	A
Surge forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$ $T_j = 100\text{ °C}$	150	A
Power dissipation per Diode	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	28	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		150	°C



## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
<b>Neutral P. IGBT</b>				
Collector-emitter break down voltage	$V_{CES}$		600	V
DC collector current	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	18	A
Pulsed collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	60	A
Turn off safe operating area		$T_j \leq 150\text{ °C}$ $V_{CE} \leq V_{CES}$	60	A
Power dissipation per IGBT	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	31	W
Gate-emitter peak voltage	$V_{GE}$		$\pm 20$	V
Short circuit ratings	$t_{SC}$ $V_{CC}$	$T_j \leq 150\text{ °C}$ $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$	6 360	$\mu\text{s}$ V
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

### Half Bridge FWD

Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1200	V
DC forward current	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	10	A
Surge forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	36	A
Power dissipation per Diode	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	26	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

### Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$		$-40\dots+125$	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Operation temperature under switching condition	$T_{op}$		$-40\dots+(T_{jmax} - 25)$	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

### Insulation Properties

Insulation voltage	$V_{is}$	$t = 2\text{ s}$ *DC Test Voltage	6000	V
		$t = 1\text{ min}$ AC Voltage	2500	V
Creepage distance			min 12,7	mm
Clearance		12 mm Solder pin	8,19	mm
		12 mm Press-fit pin	7,89	mm
		17 mm Solder pin	min 12,7	mm
		17 mm Press-fit pin	12,65	mm

\* 100 % tested in production



**Characteristic Values**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit	
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_r$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$I_F$ [A]	$I_D$ [A]		$T_j$ [°C]

**Half Bridge IGBT**

Gate emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$				0,00085	25		5,2	5,8	6,4	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15			25	25 125		1,7	2,11 2,42	2,4	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	1200			25				0,0024	mA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0			25				120	nA
Integrated Gate resistor	$R_{gint}$								none			Ω
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$						25 125			73 74		ns
Rise time	$t_r$						25 125			15 18		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	$R_{goff} = 16 \Omega$	±15	350	15		25 125			166 220		
Fall time	$t_f$	$R_{gon} = 16 \Omega$				25 125		21 116				
Turn-on energy loss per pulse	$E_{on}$					25 125		0,17 0,30		mWs		
Turn-off energy loss per pulse	$E_{off}$					25 125		0,37 0,63				
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$									1430		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oss}$	$f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	0	25		25			99			
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{rss}$								85			
Gate charge	$Q_G$		±15	960	25	25				155		nC
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	$R_{th(j-s)}$	Thermal grease thickness ≤ 50um $\lambda = 1 \text{ W/mK}$								1,64		K/W

**Neutral P. FWD**

Diode forward voltage	$V_F$				15	25 125			2,47 1,73	2,6		V
Reverse leakage current	$I_r$			600		25				10		μA
Peak reverse recovery current	$I_{RRM}$					25 125			16 22			A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					25 125			23 33			ns
Reverse recovered charge	$Q_{rr}$	$R_{goff} = 16 \Omega$	±15	350	15		25 125			0,19 0,44		μC
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$					25 125		1860 1998		A/μs		
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$					25 125		0,03 0,05		mWs		
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	$R_{th(j-s)}$	Thermal grease thickness ≤ 50um $\lambda = 1 \text{ W/mK}$							2,48			K/W



**Characteristic Values**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit			
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_r$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A]	$I_F$ [A]	$I_D$ [A]		$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ
<b>Neutral P. IGBT</b>													
Gate emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$				0,0012	25			5	5,8	6,5	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CESat}$		15			20	25 125			1,1	1,53 1,70	1,9	V
Collector-emitter cut-off	$I_{CES}$		0	600			25					0,0011	mA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0			25					300	nA
Integrated Gate resistor	$R_{gint}$										none		Ω
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$						25 125				72 74		ns
Rise time	$t_r$						25 125				14 16		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	$R_{goff} = 16 \Omega$ $R_{gon} = 16 \Omega$	±15	350	15		25 125				131 157		
Fall time	$t_f$						25 125				34 69		
Turn-on energy loss per pulse	$E_{on}$						25 125				0,31 0,39		mWs
Turn-off energy loss per pulse	$E_{off}$						25 125				0,38 0,53		
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$										1100		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oss}$	$f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	0	25		25					71		
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{rss}$										32		
Gate charge	$Q_G$		15	480	20	25					120		nC
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	$R_{th(j-s)}$	Thermal grease thickness ≤ 50um $\lambda = 1 \text{ W/mK}$									3,09		K/W
<b>Half Bridge FWD</b>													
Diode forward voltage	$V_F$					8	25 125				2,18 2,30	2,65	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_r$			1200			25					60	μA
Peak reverse recovery current	$I_{RRM}$						25 125				21 24		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$						25 125				29,9 34,7		ns
Reverse recovered charge	$Q_{rr}$	$R_{gon} = 16 \Omega$	±15	350	15		25 125				0,7 1,5		μC
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$						25 125				1972 2214		A/μs
Reverse recovery energy	$E_{rec}$						25 125				0,14 0,38		mWs
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	$R_{th(j-s)}$	Thermal grease thickness ≤ 50um $\lambda = 1 \text{ W/mK}$									3,65		K/W
<b>Thermistor</b>													
Rated resistance	$R$						25				21511		Ω
Deviation of $R_{100}$	$\Delta_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 1486 \Omega$					100			-4,5		+4,5	%
Power dissipation	$P$						25				210		mW
Power dissipation constant							25				3,5		mW/K
B-value	B(25/50)						25				3884		K
B-value	B(25/100)						25				3964		K
Vincotech NTC Reference												F	



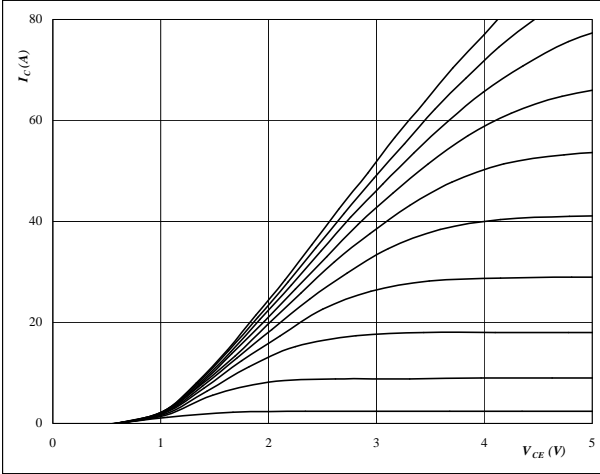
# Half Bridge

## Half Bridge IGBT & Neutral Point FWD

figure 1. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



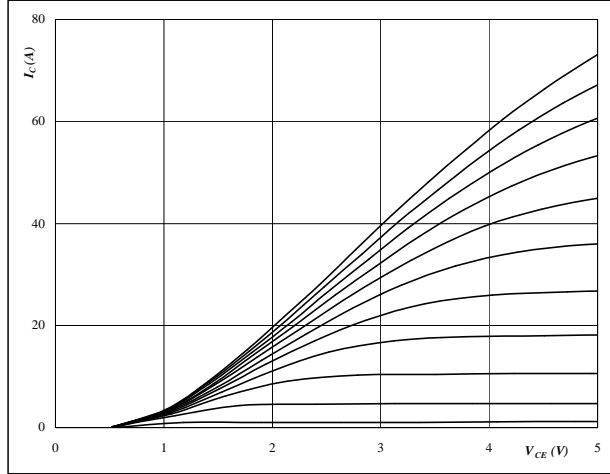
At

$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 2. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



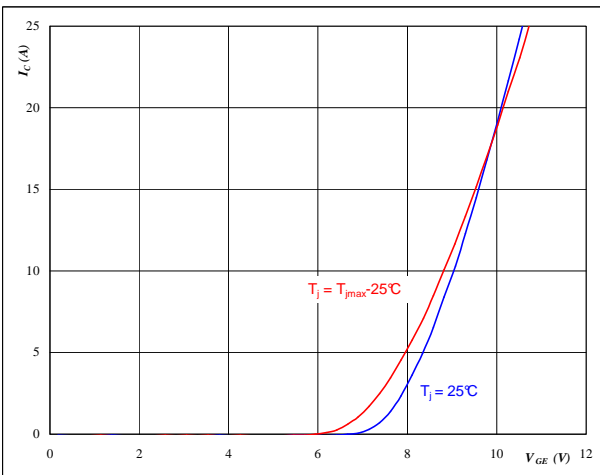
At

$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ C$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 3. IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{GE})$



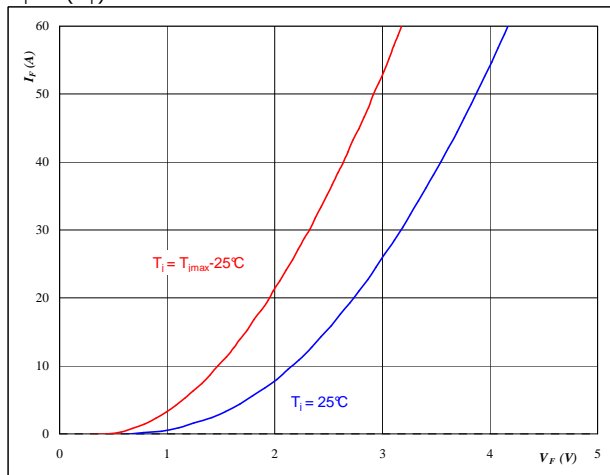
At

$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$

figure 4. FWD

Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

$I_F = f(V_F)$



At

$t_p = 250 \mu s$



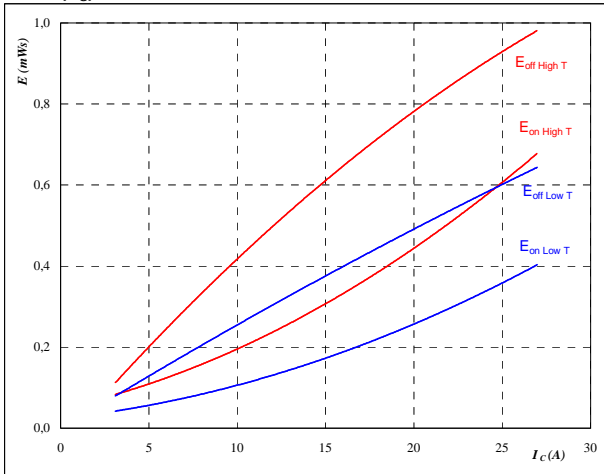
## Half Bridge

### Half Bridge IGBT & Neutral Point FWD

**figure 5.** IGBT

**Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current**

$E = f(I_C)$



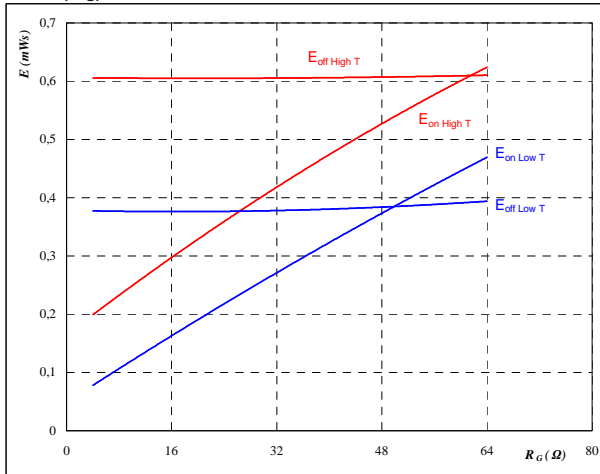
With an inductive load at

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 6.** IGBT

**Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor**

$E = f(R_G)$



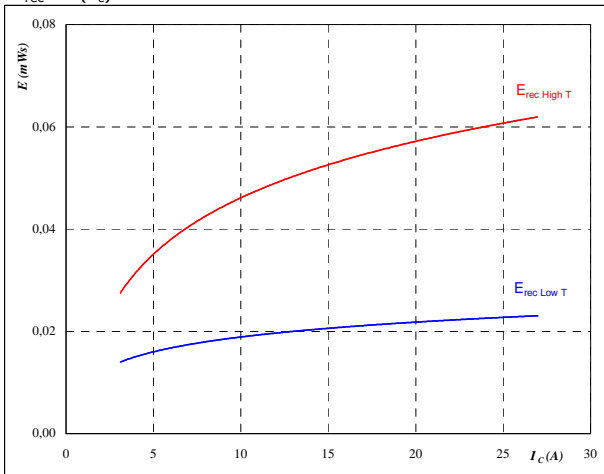
With an inductive load at

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_C = 15 \text{ A}$

**figure 7.** FWD

**Typical reverse recovery energy loss as a function of collector current**

$E_{rec} = f(I_C)$



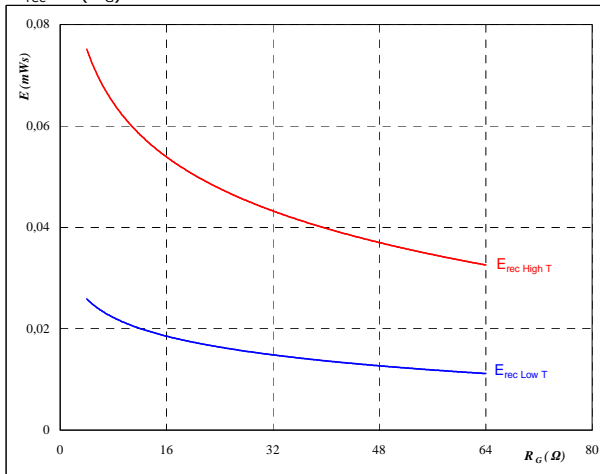
With an inductive load at

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 8.** FWD

**Typical reverse recovery energy loss as a function of gate resistor**

$E_{rec} = f(R_G)$



With an inductive load at

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_C = 15 \text{ A}$



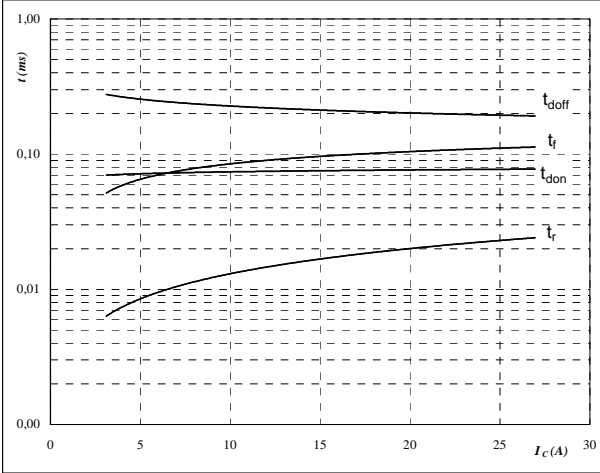
## Half Bridge

### Half Bridge IGBT & Neutral Point FWD

**figure 9.** IGBT

**Typical switching times as a function of collector current**

$t = f(I_C)$



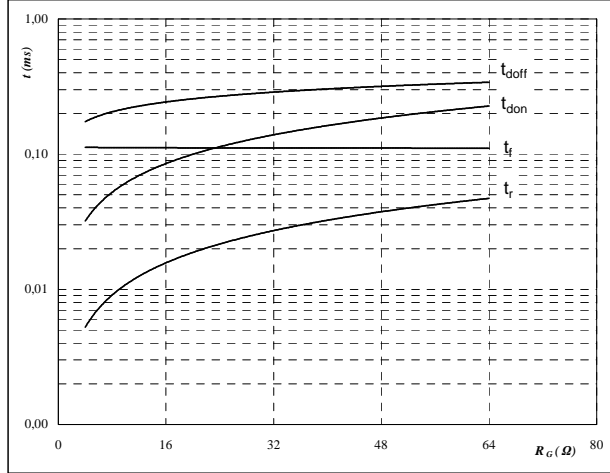
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{gon} =$	16	Ω
$R_{goff} =$	16	Ω

**figure 10.** IGBT

**Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor**

$t = f(R_G)$



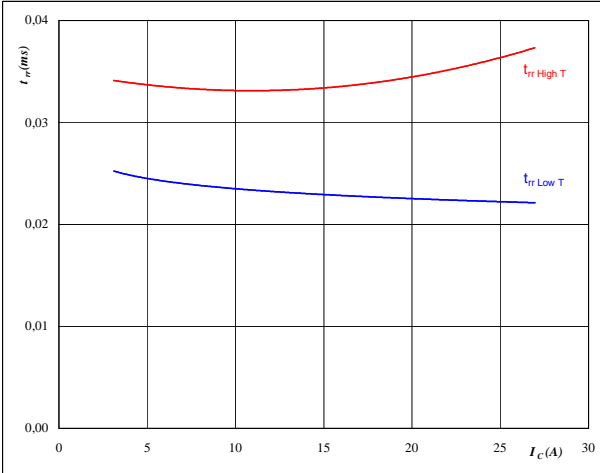
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$I_C =$	15	A

**figure 11.** FWD

**Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current**

$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$



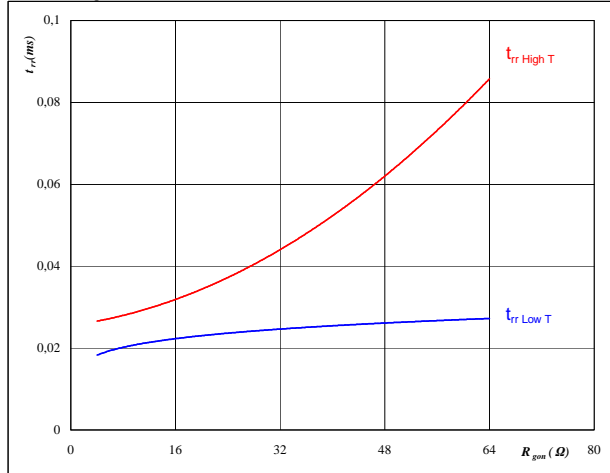
**At**

$T_j =$	25/125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{gon} =$	16	Ω

**figure 12.** FWD

**Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor**

$t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



**At**

$T_j =$	25/125	°C
$V_R =$	350	V
$I_F =$	15	A
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V



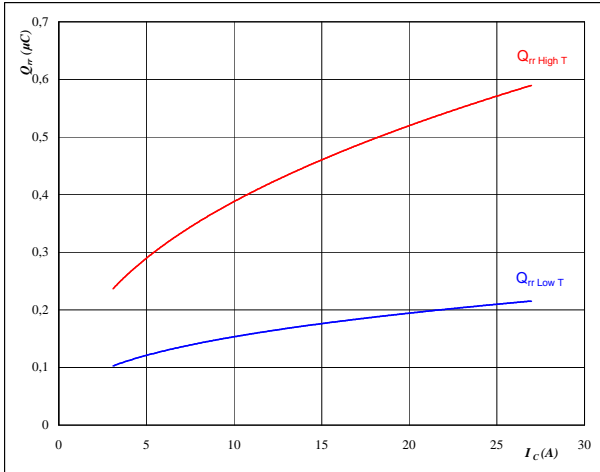
## Half Bridge

### Half Bridge IGBT & Neutral Point FWD

**figure 13.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_{rr} = f(I_C)$$



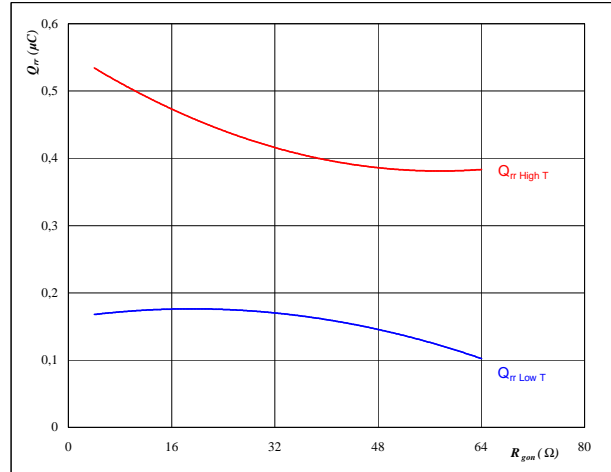
**At**

$T_j =$	25/125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{gon} =$	16	Ω

**figure 14.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$



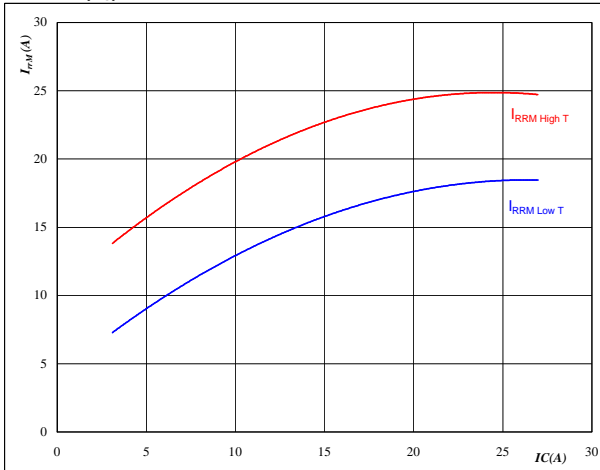
**At**

$T_j =$	25/125	°C
$V_R =$	350	V
$I_F =$	15	A
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V

**figure 15.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RRM} = f(I_C)$$



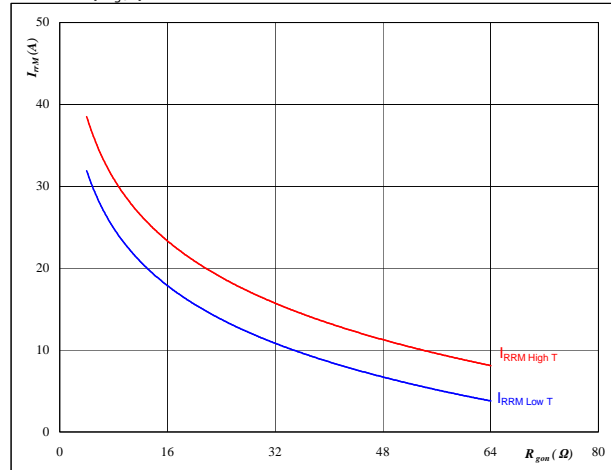
**At**

$T_j =$	25/125	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{gon} =$	16	Ω

**figure 16.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RRM} = f(R_{gon})$$



**At**

$T_j =$	25/125	°C
$V_R =$	350	V
$I_F =$	15	A
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V





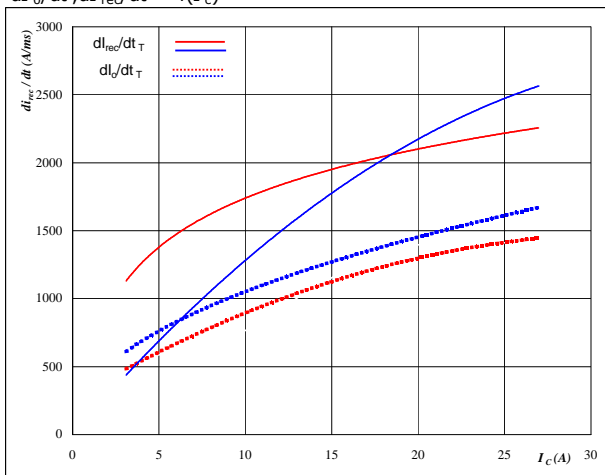
## Half Bridge

### Half Bridge IGBT & Neutral Point FWD

**figure 17.** FWD

**Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current**

$$dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(I_c)$$

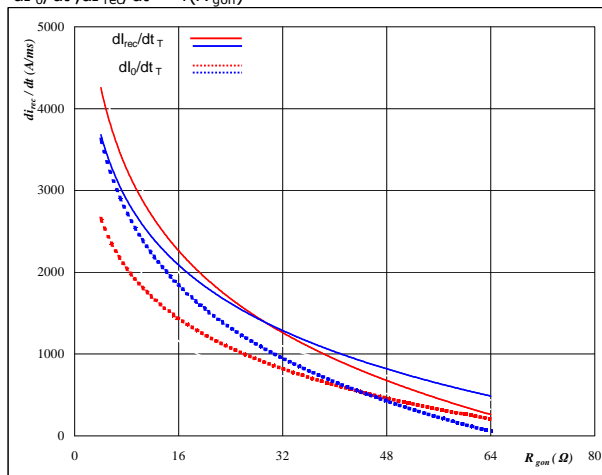


**At**  
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 18.** FWD

**Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor**

$$dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(R_{gon})$$

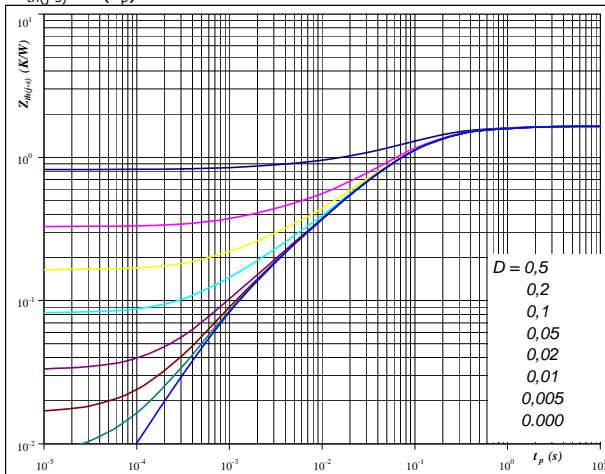


**At**  
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_R = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $I_F = 15 \text{ A}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$

**figure 19.** IGBT

**IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width**

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



**At**  
 $D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,64 \text{ K/W}$

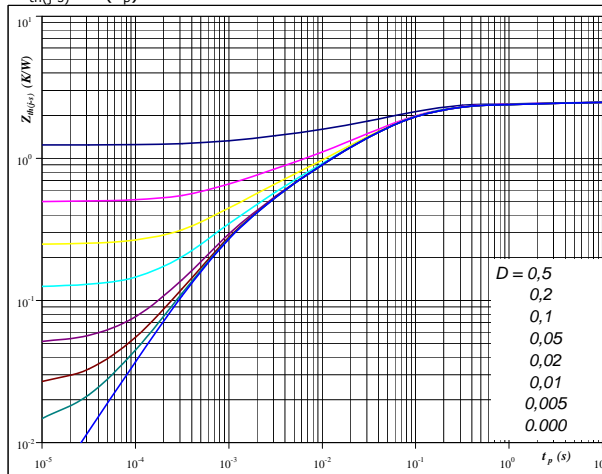
IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	Tau (s)
2,04E-01	7,24E-01
6,14E-01	1,26E-01
5,32E-01	4,64E-02
2,06E-01	9,84E-03
8,53E-02	1,28E-03

**figure 20.** FWD

**FWD transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width**

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



**At**  
 $D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 2,48 \text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	Tau (s)
7,74E-02	4,05E+00
1,56E-01	5,69E-01
1,07E+00	7,94E-02
6,06E-01	1,99E-02
3,14E-01	4,66E-03
2,53E-01	9,24E-04



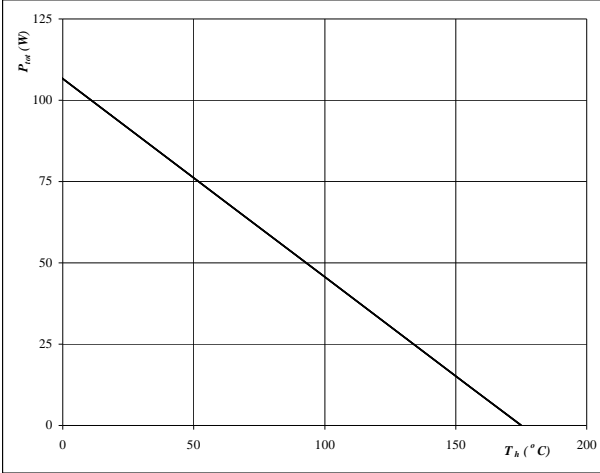
### Half Bridge

#### Half Bridge IGBT & Neutral Point FWD

figure 21. IGBT

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{tot} = f(T_s)$$

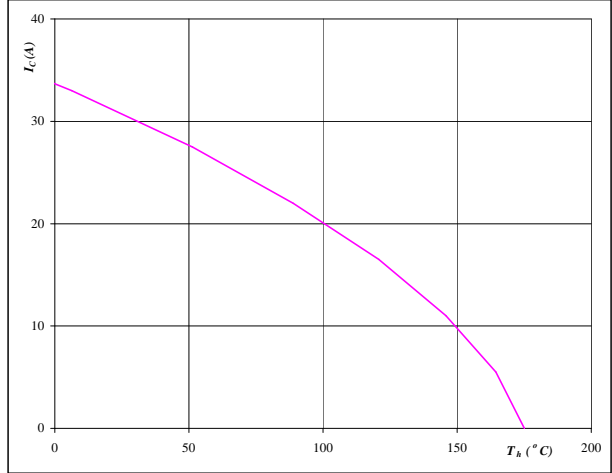


At  
T<sub>j</sub> = 175 °C

figure 22. IGBT

Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_C = f(T_s)$$

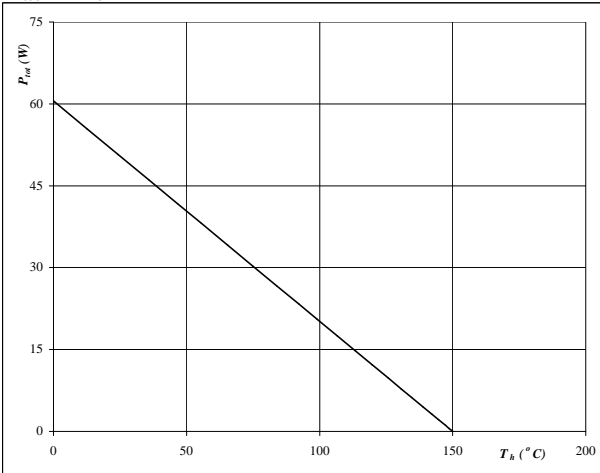


At  
T<sub>j</sub> = 175 °C  
V<sub>GE</sub> = 15 V

figure 23. FWD

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{tot} = f(T_s)$$

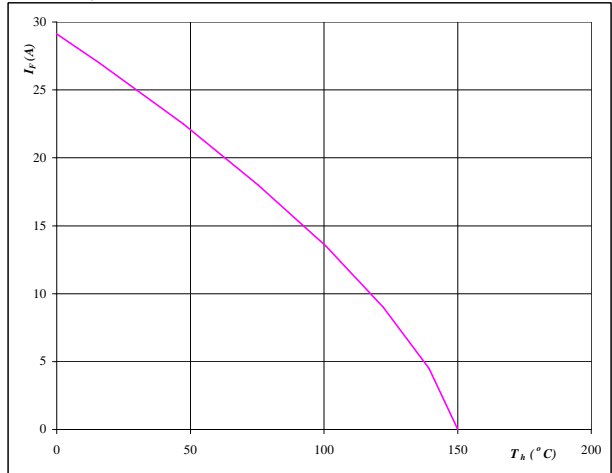


At  
T<sub>j</sub> = 150 °C

figure 24. FWD

Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_F = f(T_s)$$



At  
T<sub>j</sub> = 150 °C



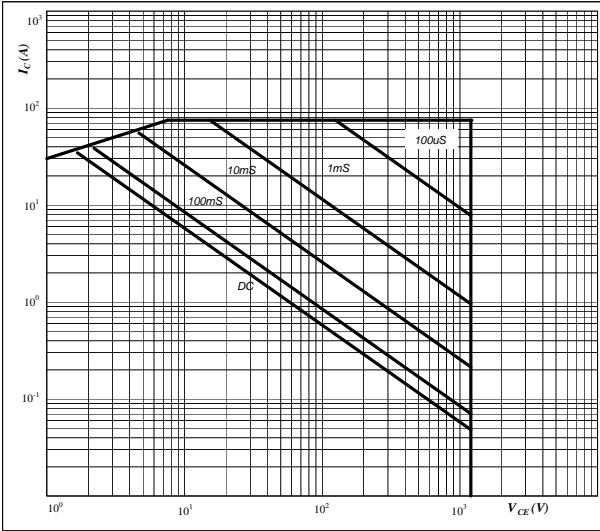
# Half Bridge

## Half Bridge IGBT & Neutral Point FWD

figure 25. IGBT

Safe operating area as a function of collector-emitter voltage

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

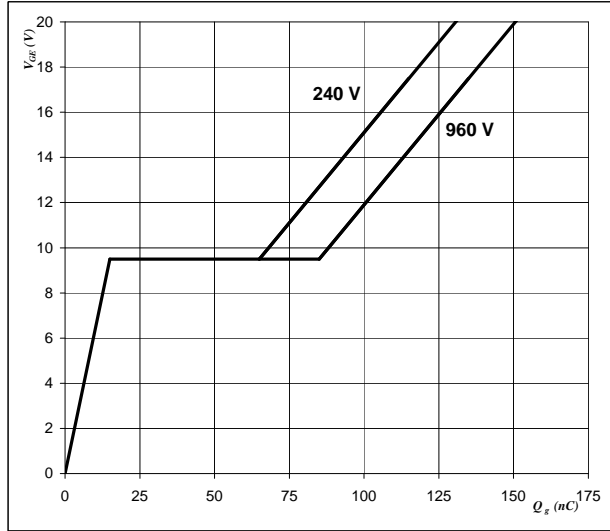


**At**  
 $D =$  single pulse  
 $T_s =$  80 °C  
 $V_{GE} =$  ±15 V  
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$  °C

figure 26. IGBT

Gate voltage vs Gate charge

$$V_{GE} = f(Q_g)$$



**At**  
 $I_C =$  0 A



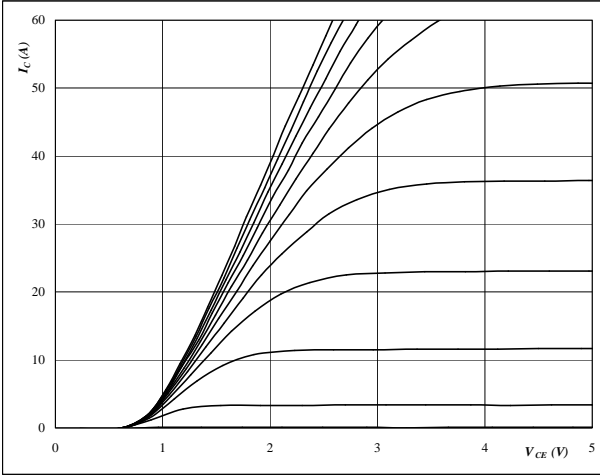
### Neutral Point

#### Neutral Point IGBT & Half Bridge FWD

figure 1. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



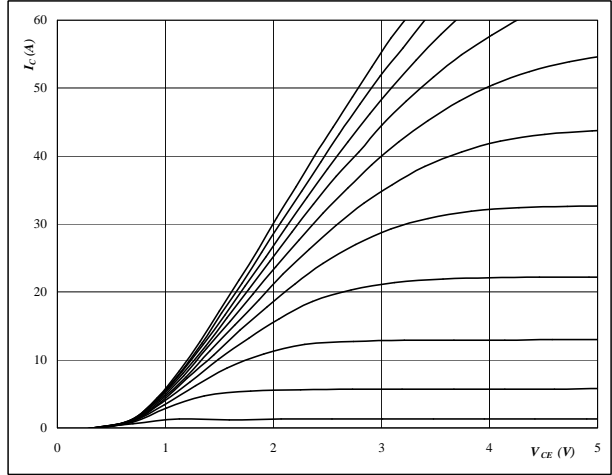
At

$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ C$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 2. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



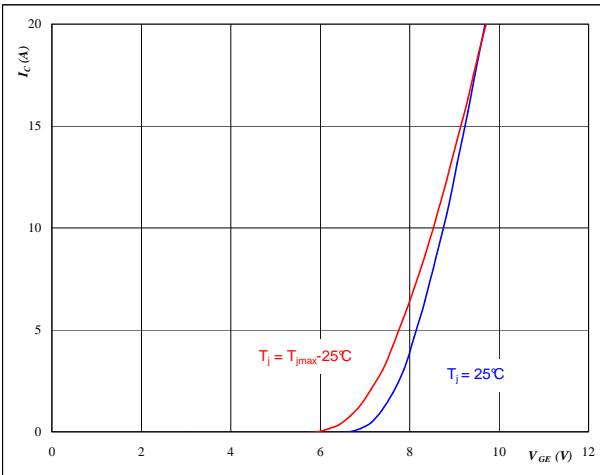
At

$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 126 \text{ }^\circ C$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 3. IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{GE})$



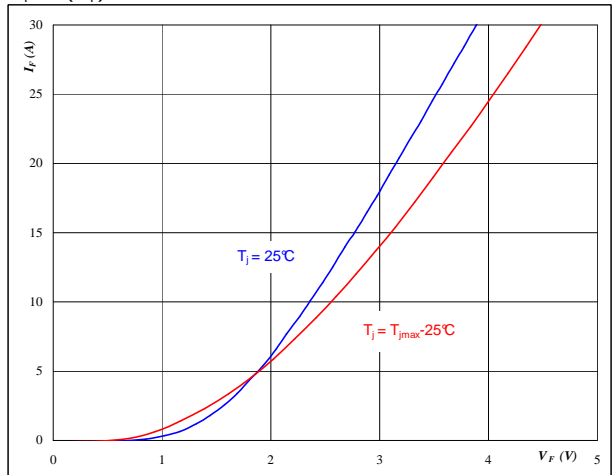
At

$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$

figure 4. FWD

Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

$I_F = f(V_F)$



At

$t_p = 250 \mu s$



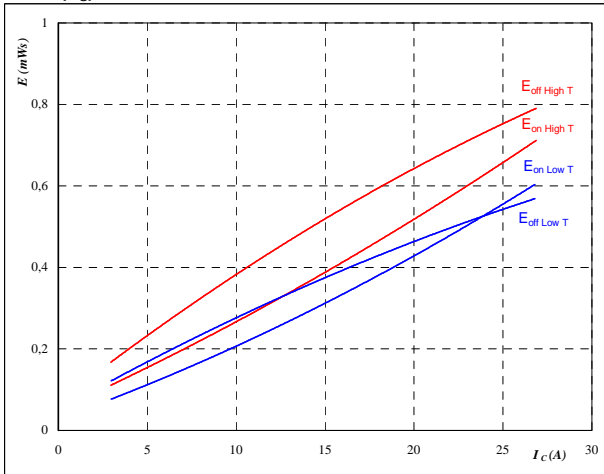
## Neutral Point

### Neutral Point IGBT & Half Bridge FWD

**figure 5.** IGBT

**Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current**

$E = f(I_C)$



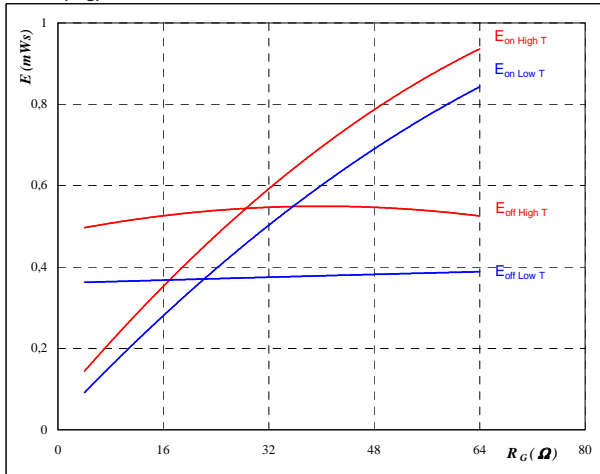
With an inductive load at

- $T_j = 25/126 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
- $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
- $R_{gon} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$
- $R_{goff} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 6.** IGBT

**Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor**

$E = f(R_G)$



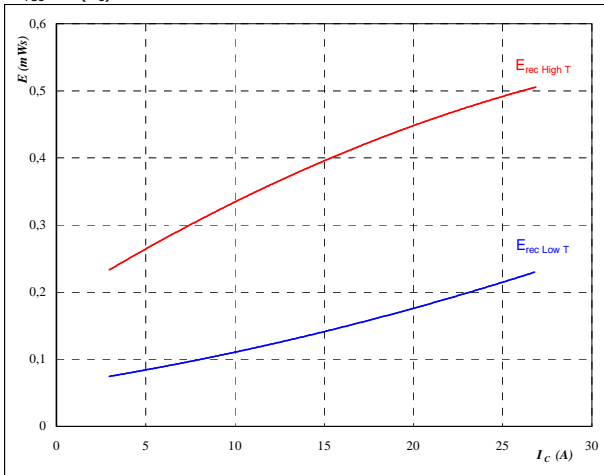
With an inductive load at

- $T_j = 25/126 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
- $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
- $I_C = 15 \text{ A}$

**figure 7.** FWD

**Typical reverse recovery energy loss as a function of collector current**

$E_{rec} = f(I_C)$



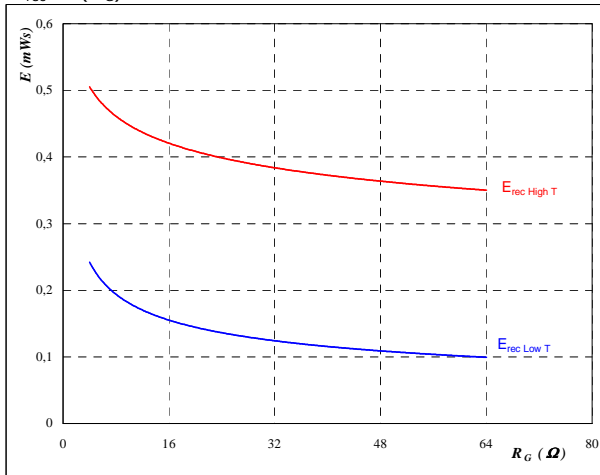
With an inductive load at

- $T_j = 25/126 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
- $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
- $R_{gon} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 8.** FWD

**Typical reverse recovery energy loss as a function of gate resistor**

$E_{rec} = f(R_G)$



With an inductive load at

- $T_j = 25/126 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$
- $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
- $I_C = 15 \text{ A}$



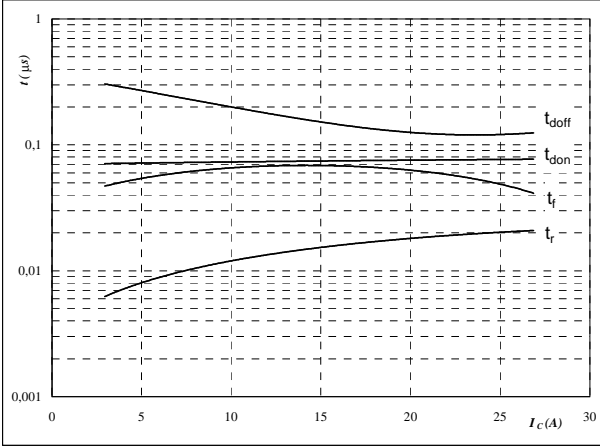
**Neutral Point**

**Neutral Point IGBT & Half Bridge FWD**

**figure 9. IGBT**

**Typical switching times as a function of collector current**

$t = f(I_C)$

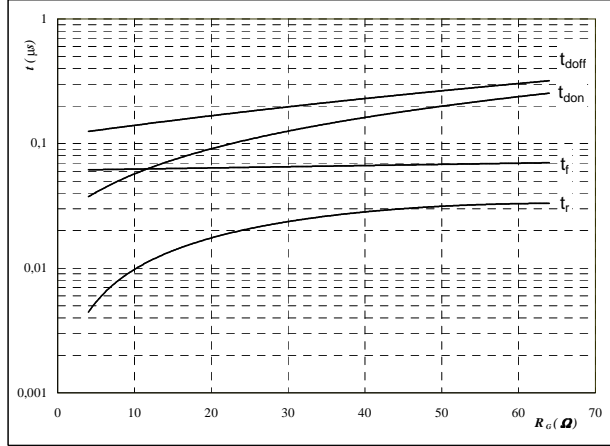


With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 126 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 10. IGBT**

**Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor**

$t = f(R_G)$

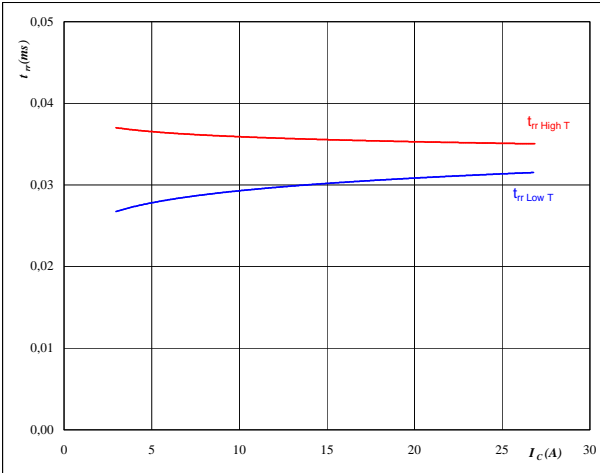


With an inductive load at  
 $T_j = 126 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_C = 15 \text{ A}$

**figure 11. FWD**

**Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current**

$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$

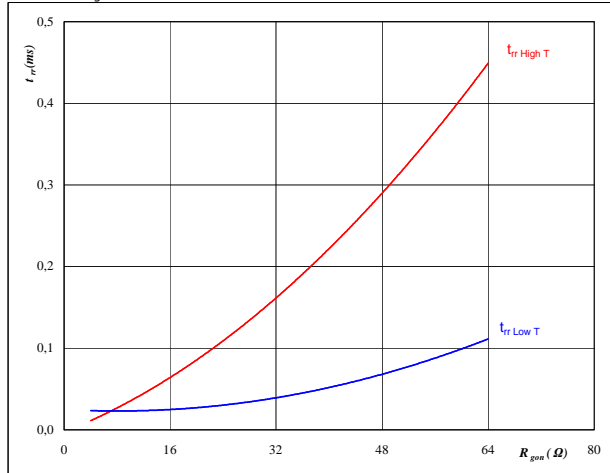


**At**  
 $T_j = 25/126 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 12. FWD**

**Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor**

$t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



**At**  
 $T_j = 25/126 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_R = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $I_F = 15 \text{ A}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$



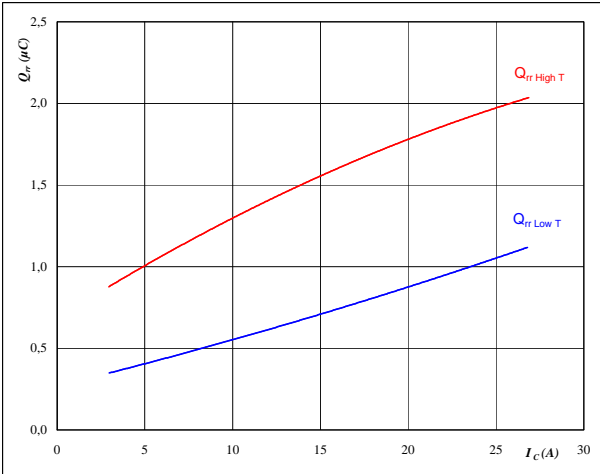
## Neutral Point

### Neutral Point IGBT & Half Bridge FWD

**figure 13.** FWD

**Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current**

$$Q_{rr} = f(I_C)$$

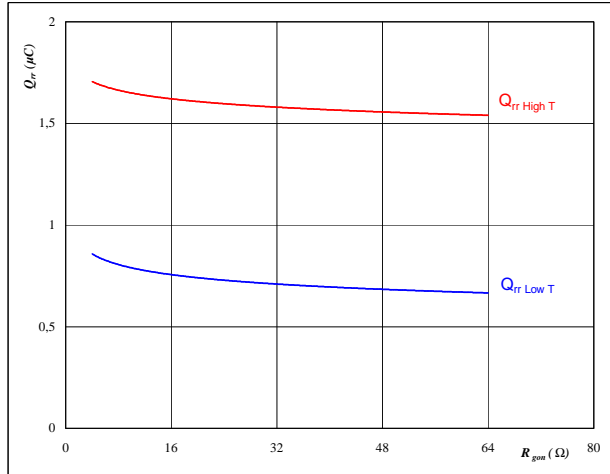


**At**  
 $T_j = 25/126 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 14.** FWD

**Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor**

$$Q_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$

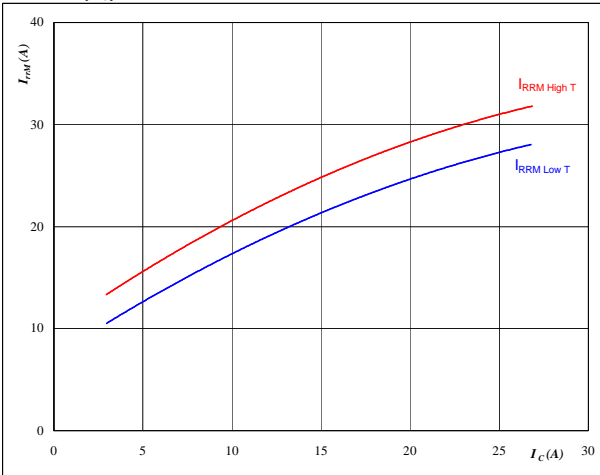


**At**  
 $T_j = 25/126 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_R = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $I_F = 15 \text{ A}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$

**figure 15.** FWD

**Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current**

$$I_{RRM} = f(I_C)$$

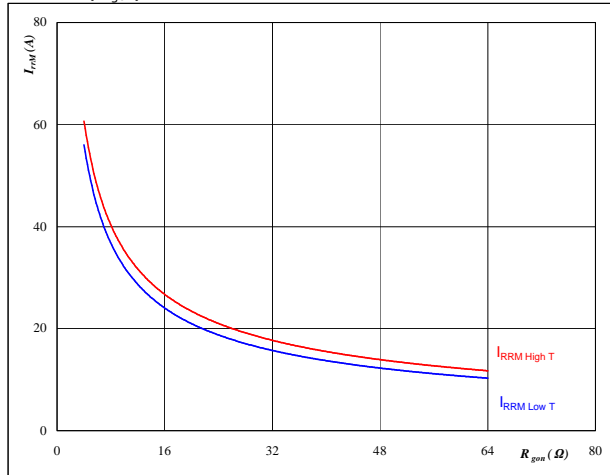


**At**  
 $T_j = 25/126 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 16.** FWD

**Typical reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor**

$$I_{RRM} = f(R_{gon})$$



**At**  
 $T_j = 25/126 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_R = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $I_F = 15 \text{ A}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$



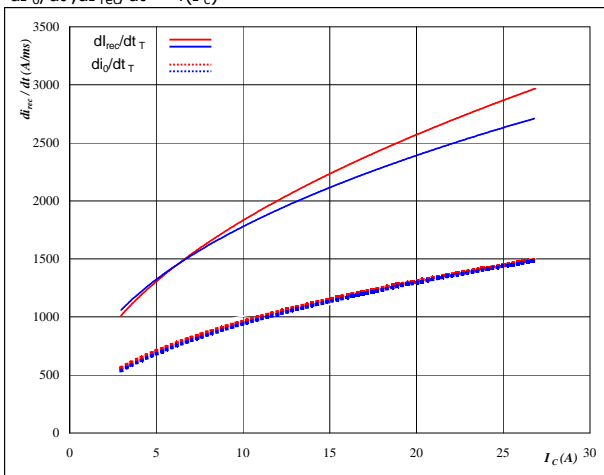
## Neutral Point

### Neutral Point IGBT & Half Bridge FWD

**figure 17.** FWD

**Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current**

$$dI_o/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(I_c)$$

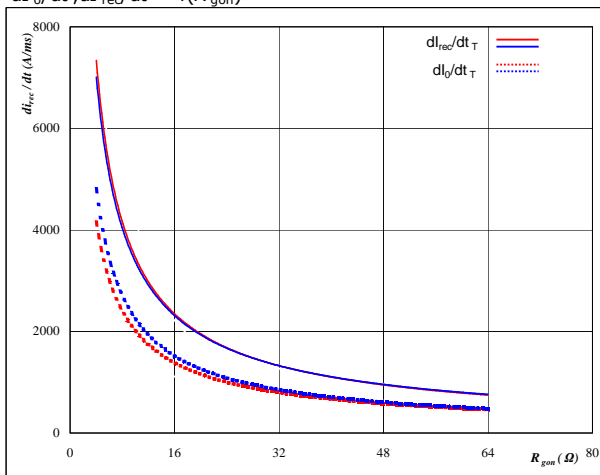


**At**  
 $T_j = 25/126 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 16 \text{ } \Omega$

**figure 18.** FWD

**Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor**

$$dI_o/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(R_{gon})$$

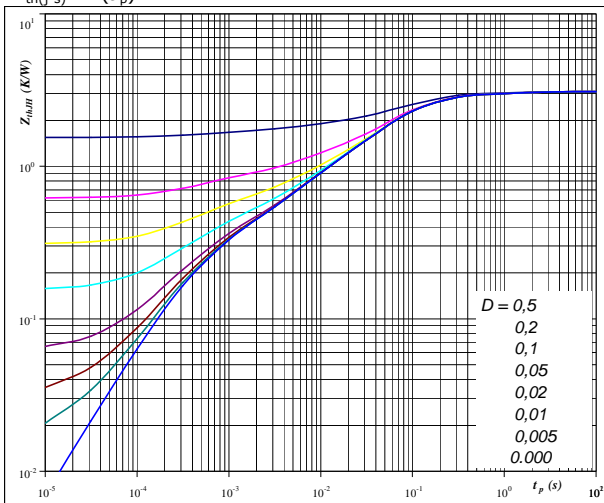


**At**  
 $T_j = 25/126 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_R = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $I_F = 15 \text{ A}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$

**figure 19.** IGBT

**IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width**

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



**At**  
 $D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 3,09 \text{ K/W}$

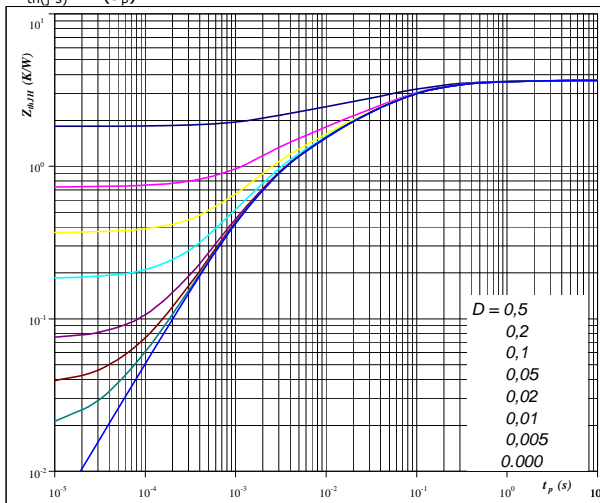
IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	Tau (s)
9,31E-02	1,78E+00
3,67E-01	2,71E-01
1,74E+00	6,94E-02
3,64E-01	1,36E-02
2,46E-01	3,45E-03
2,37E-01	4,12E-04

**figure 20.** FWD

**FWD transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width**

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



**At**  
 $D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 3,65 \text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	Tau (s)
1,54E-01	1,23E+00
5,83E-01	1,75E-01
1,42E+00	4,78E-02
7,75E-01	8,99E-03
7,22E-01	1,81E-03





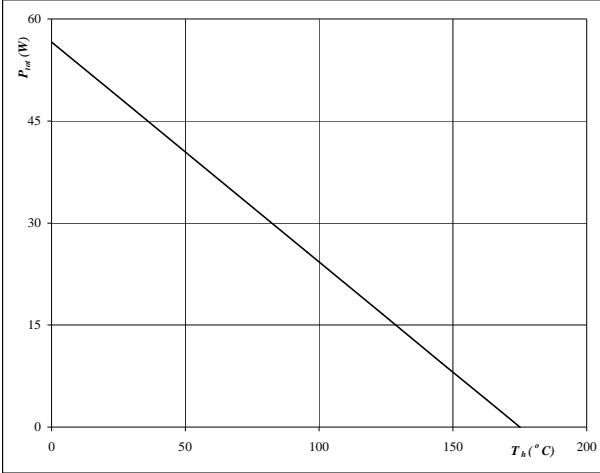
### Neutral Point

#### Neutral Point IGBT & Half Bridge FWD

figure 21. IGBT

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{tot} = f(T_s)$$

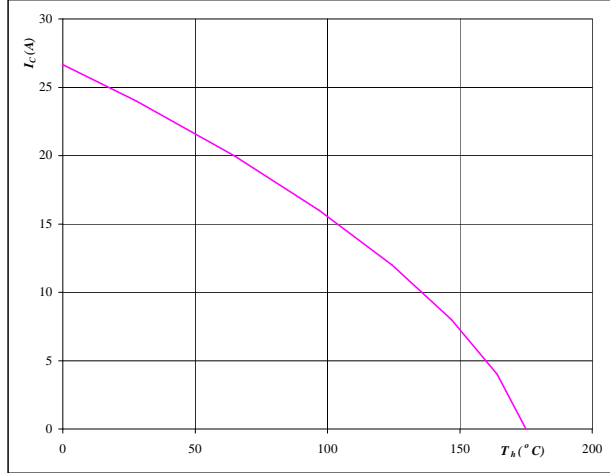


At  
T<sub>j</sub> = 175 °C

figure 22. IGBT

Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_C = f(T_s)$$

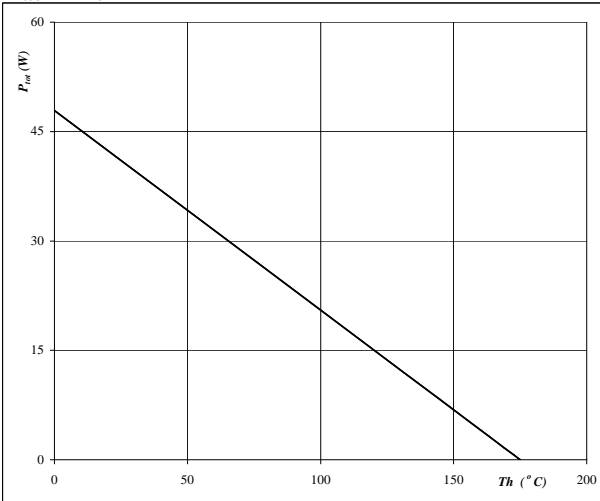


At  
T<sub>j</sub> = 175 °C  
V<sub>GE</sub> = 15 V

figure 23. FWD

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{tot} = f(T_s)$$

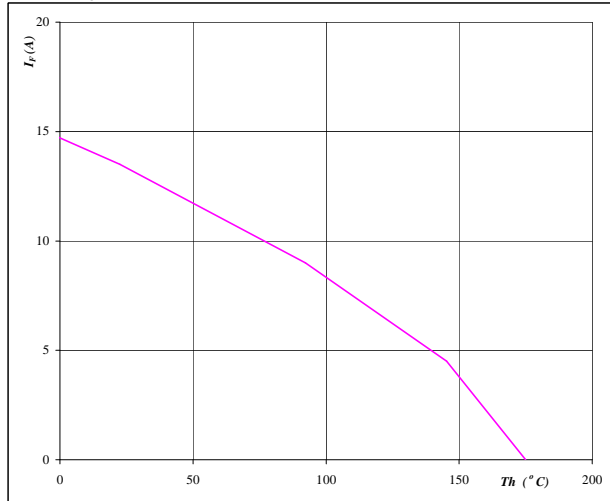


At  
T<sub>j</sub> = 175 °C

figure 24. FWD

Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_F = f(T_s)$$



At  
T<sub>j</sub> = 175 °C

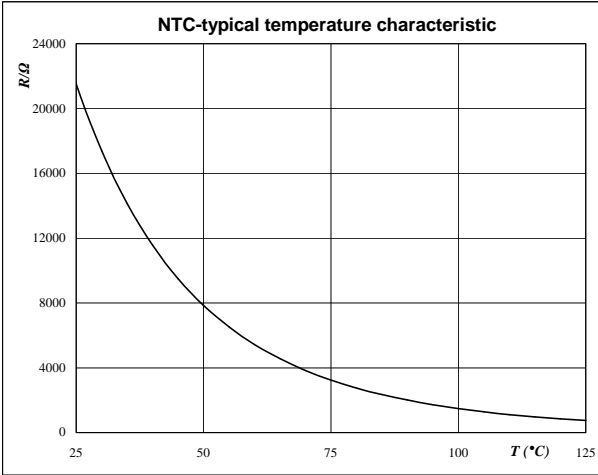


## Thermistor

figure 1. Thermistor

**Typical NTC characteristic  
as a function of temperature**

$$R_T = f(T)$$





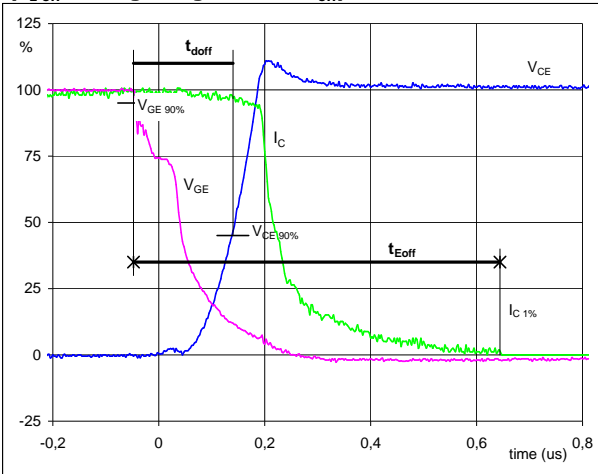
### Switching Definitions Half Bridge

**General conditions**

$T_j$	=	125 °C
$R_{gon}$	=	16 Ω
$R_{goff}$	=	16 Ω

**figure 1. IGBT**

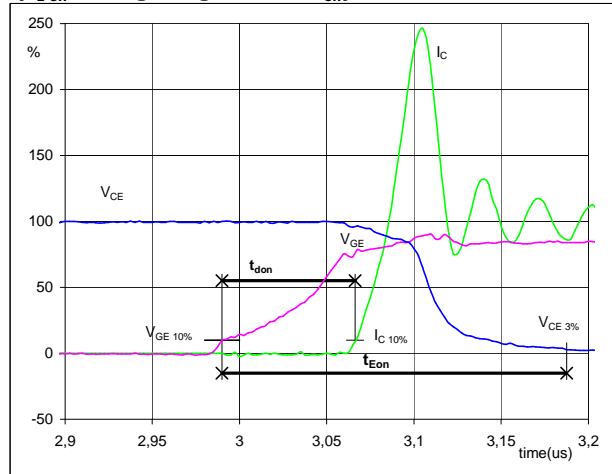
**Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$ ,  $t_{Eoff}$**   
 ( $t_{Eoff}$  = integrating time for  $E_{off}$ )



$V_{GE}$ (0%) =	-15	V
$V_{GE}$ (100%) =	15	V
$V_C$ (100%) =	350	V
$I_C$ (100%) =	15	A
$t_{doff}$ =	0,22	μs
$t_{Eoff}$ =	0,69	μs

**figure 2. IGBT**

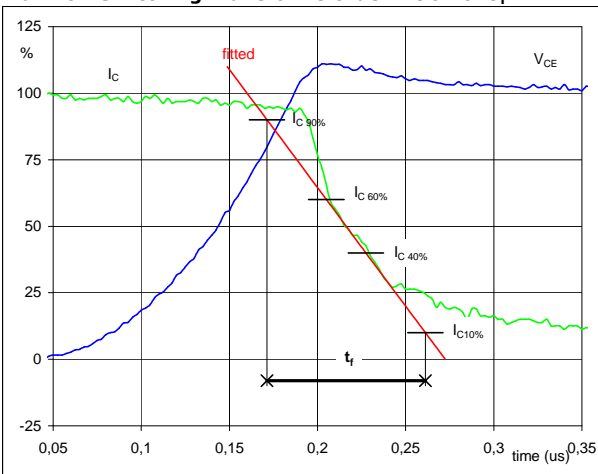
**Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{don}$ ,  $t_{Eon}$**   
 ( $t_{Eon}$  = integrating time for  $E_{on}$ )



$V_{GE}$ (0%) =	-15	V
$V_{GE}$ (100%) =	15	V
$V_C$ (100%) =	350	V
$I_C$ (100%) =	15	A
$t_{don}$ =	0,07	μs
$t_{Eon}$ =	0,20	μs

**figure 3. IGBT**

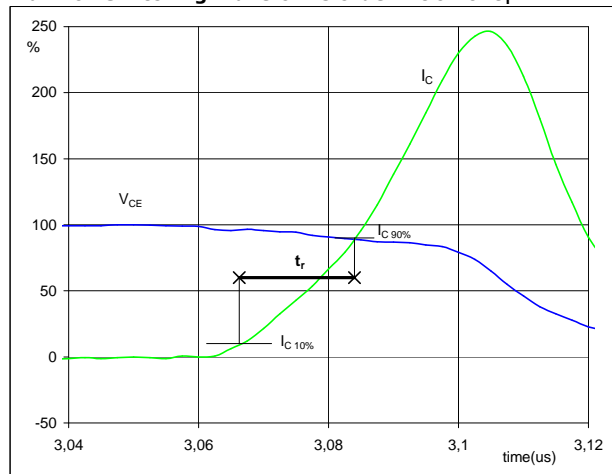
**Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_f$**



$V_C$ (100%) =	350	V
$I_C$ (100%) =	15	A
$t_f$ =	0,12	μs

**figure 4. IGBT**

**Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$**

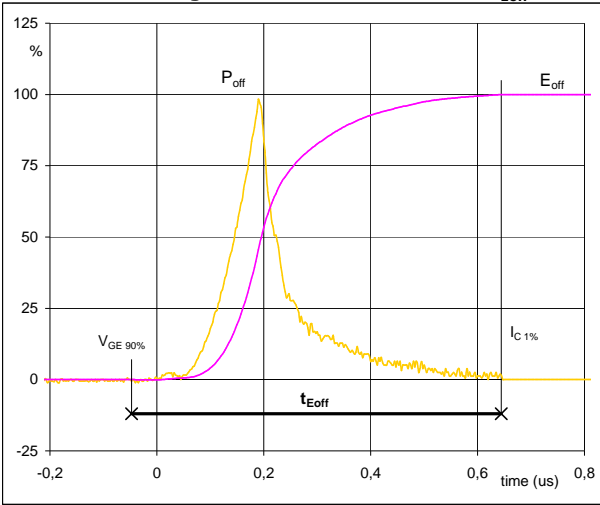


$V_C$ (100%) =	350	V
$I_C$ (100%) =	15	A
$t_r$ =	0,02	μs



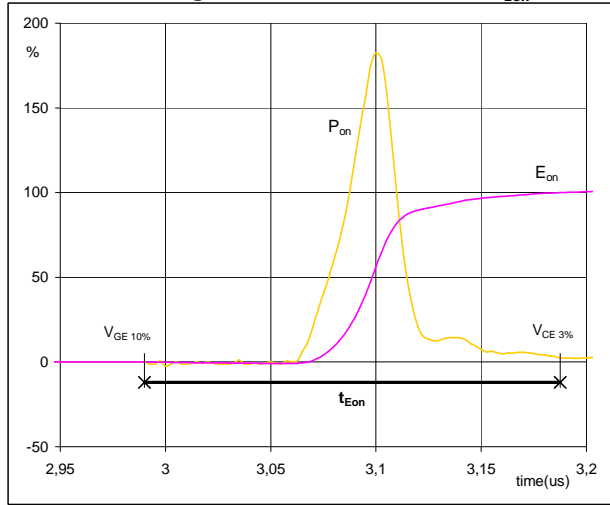
## Switching Definitions Half Bridge

**figure 5.** IGBT  
**Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Eoff}$**



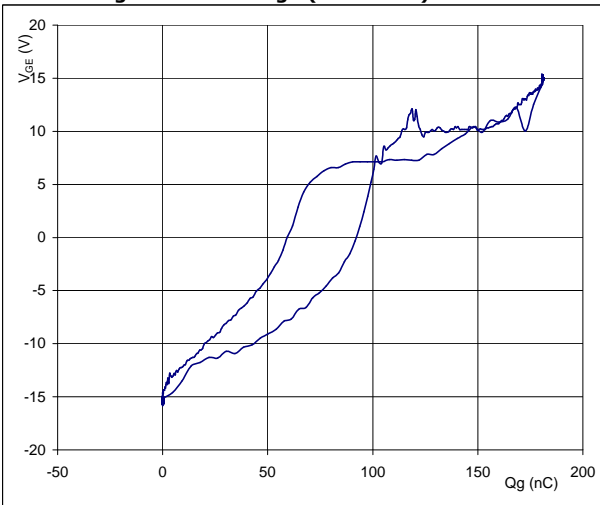
$P_{off} (100\%) = 5,28 \text{ kW}$   
 $E_{off} (100\%) = 0,63 \text{ mJ}$   
 $t_{Eoff} = 0,69 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$

**figure 6.** IGBT  
**Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Eon}$**



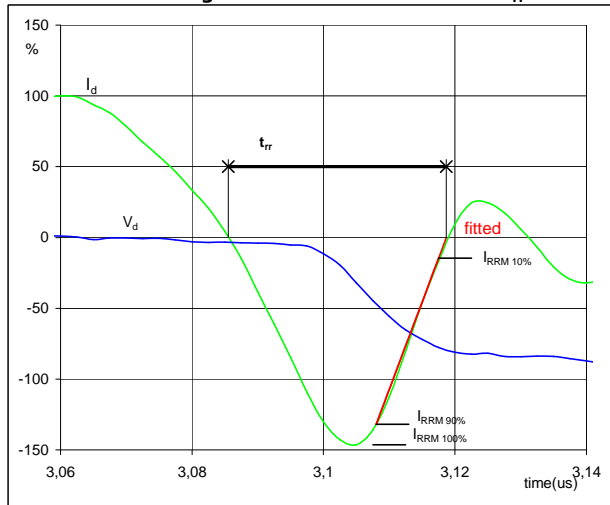
$P_{on} (100\%) = 5,28 \text{ kW}$   
 $E_{on} (100\%) = 0,30 \text{ mJ}$   
 $t_{Eon} = 0,20 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$

**figure 7.** IGBT  
**Gate voltage vs Gate charge (measured)**



$V_{GE\ off} = -15 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE\ on} = 15 \text{ V}$   
 $V_C (100\%) = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $I_C (100\%) = 15 \text{ A}$   
 $Q_g = 180,95 \text{ nC}$

**figure 8.** FWD  
**Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{rr}$**



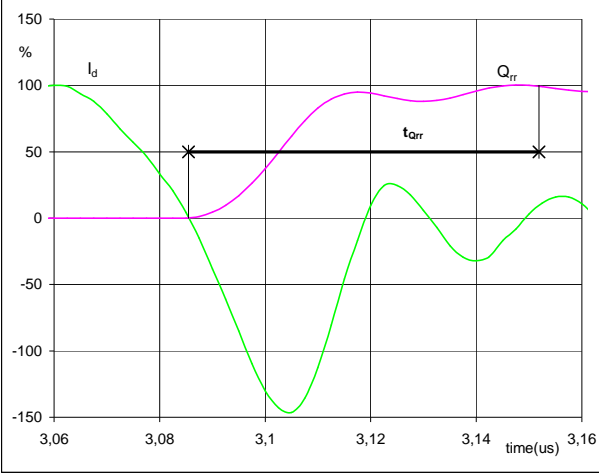
$V_d (100\%) = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $I_d (100\%) = 15 \text{ A}$   
 $I_{RRM} (100\%) = -22 \text{ A}$   
 $t_{rr} = 0,03 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$



### Switching Definitions Half Bridge

figure 9. IGBT

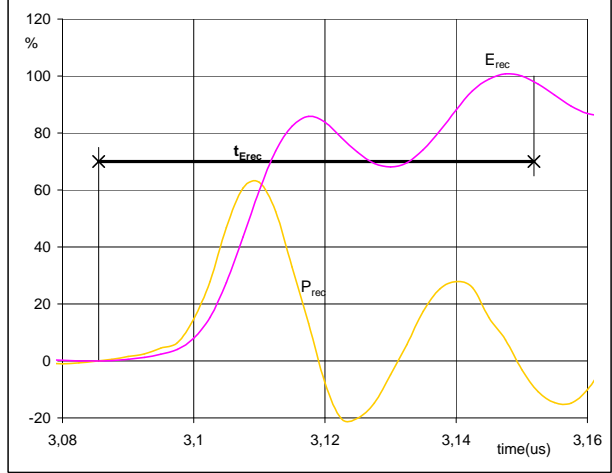
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Qrr}$   
( $t_{Qrr}$  = integrating time for  $Q_{rr}$ )



$I_d$ (100%) =	15	A
$Q_{rr}$ (100%) =	0,44	$\mu C$
$t_{Qrr}$ =	0,07	$\mu s$

figure 10. IGBT

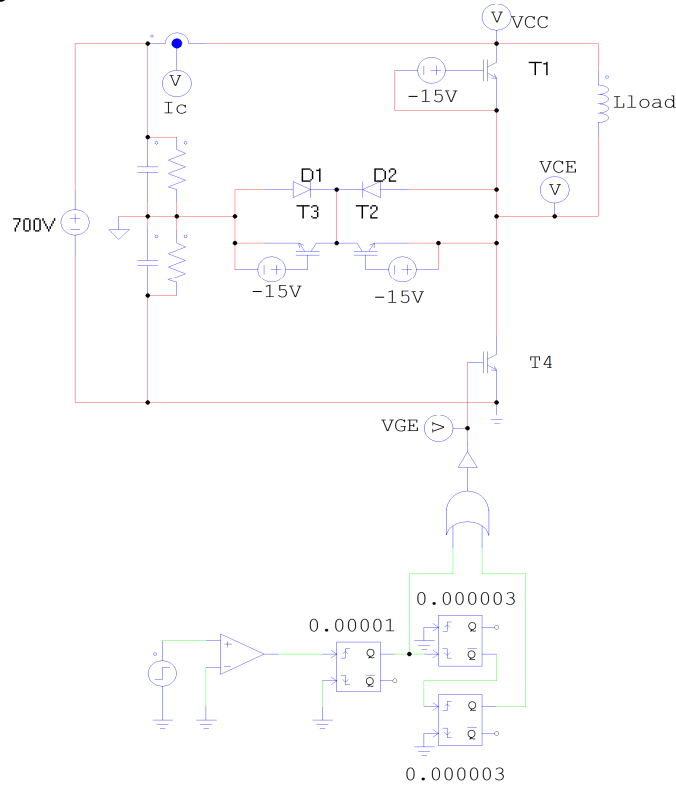
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Erec}$   
( $t_{Erec}$  = integrating time for  $E_{rec}$ )



$P_{rec}$ (100%) =	5,28	kW
$E_{rec}$ (100%) =	0,05	mJ
$t_{Erec}$ =	0,07	$\mu s$

### Half Bridge switching measurement circuit

figure 11. Half Bridge stage switching measurement circuit





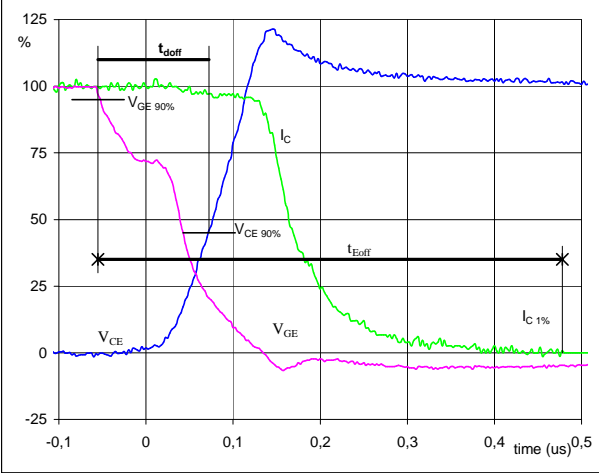
**Switching Definitions Neutral Point**

**General conditions**

$T_j$	=	125 °C
$R_{gon}$	=	16 $\Omega$
$R_{goff}$	=	16 $\Omega$

**figure 1. Neutral Point IGBT**

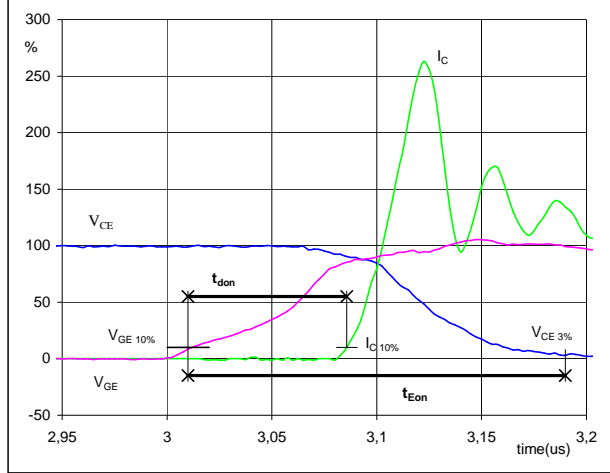
**Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$   $t_{Eoff}$**   
 ( $t_{Eoff}$  = integrating time for  $E_{off}$ )



$V_{GE}$ (0%) =	-15	V
$V_{GE}$ (100%) =	15	V
$V_C$ (100%) =	350	V
$I_C$ (100%) =	15	A
$t_{doff}$ =	0,16	$\mu$ s
$t_{Eoff}$ =	0,53	$\mu$ s

**figure 2. Neutral Point IGBT**

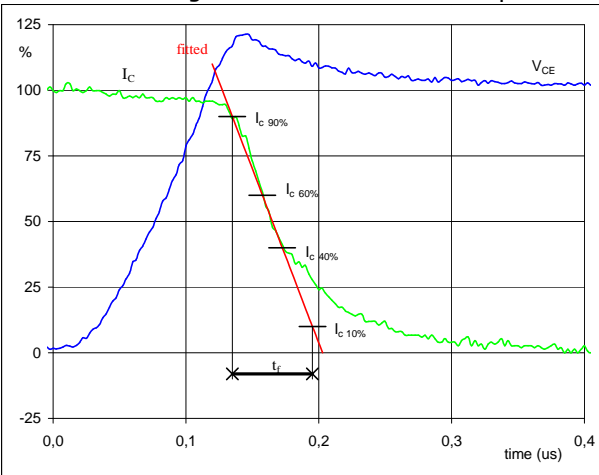
**Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{don}$   $t_{Eon}$**   
 ( $t_{Eon}$  = integrating time for  $E_{on}$ )



$V_{GE}$ (0%) =	-15	V
$V_{GE}$ (100%) =	15	V
$V_C$ (100%) =	350	V
$I_C$ (100%) =	15	A
$t_{don}$ =	0,07	$\mu$ s
$t_{Eon}$ =	0,18	$\mu$ s

**figure 3. Neutral Point IGBT**

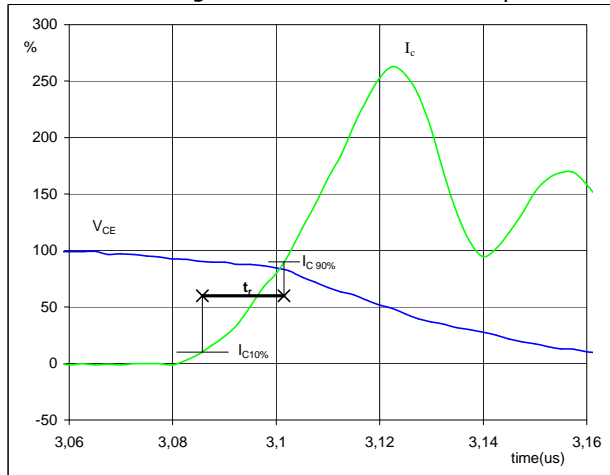
**Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_f$**



$V_C$ (100%) =	350	V
$I_C$ (100%) =	15	A
$t_f$ =	0,069	$\mu$ s

**figure 4. Neutral Point IGBT**

**Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$**

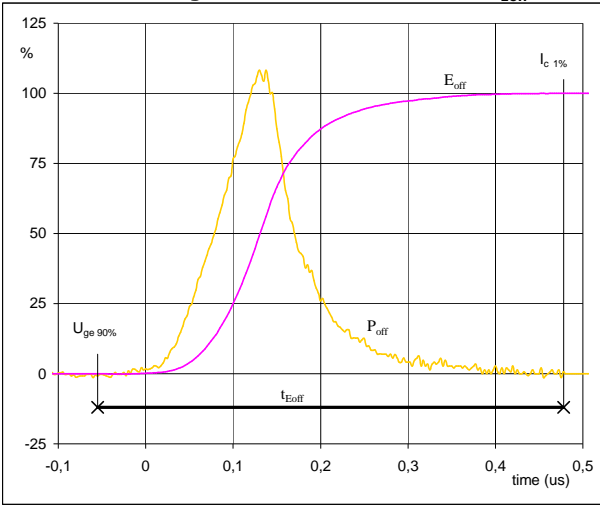


$V_C$ (100%) =	350	V
$I_C$ (100%) =	15	A
$t_r$ =	0,016	$\mu$ s



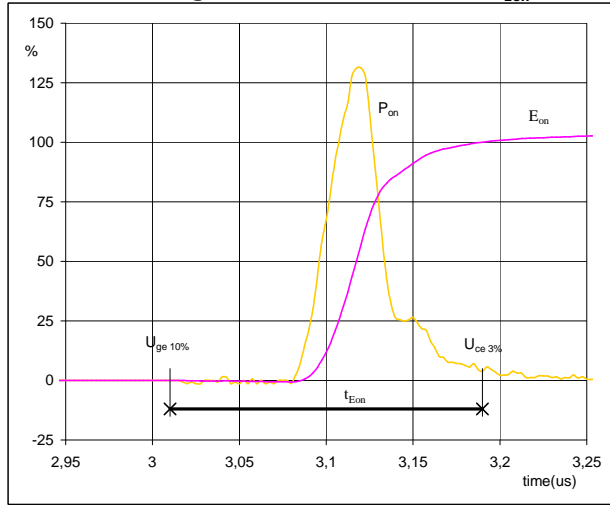
**Switching Definitions Neutral Point**

**figure 5. Neutral Point IGBT**  
**Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Eoff}$**



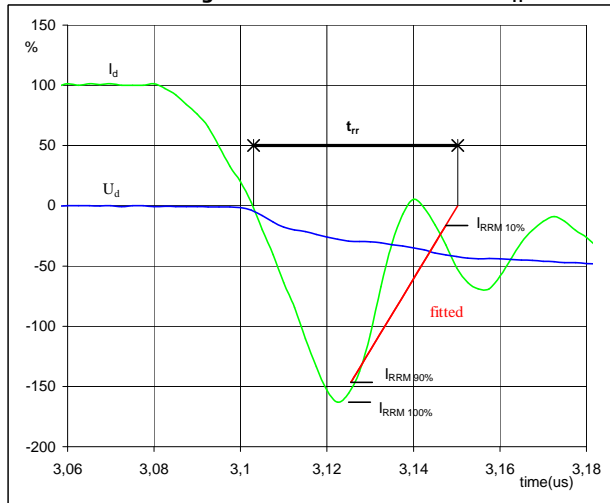
$P_{off} (100\%) = 5,26 \text{ kW}$   
 $E_{off} (100\%) = 0,53 \text{ mJ}$   
 $t_{Eoff} = 0,53 \text{ }\mu\text{s}$

**figure 6. Neutral Point IGBT**  
**Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Eon}$**



$P_{on} (100\%) = 5,26 \text{ kW}$   
 $E_{on} (100\%) = 0,30 \text{ mJ}$   
 $t_{Eon} = 0,18 \text{ }\mu\text{s}$

**figure 8. Half Bridge FWD**  
**Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{rr}$**

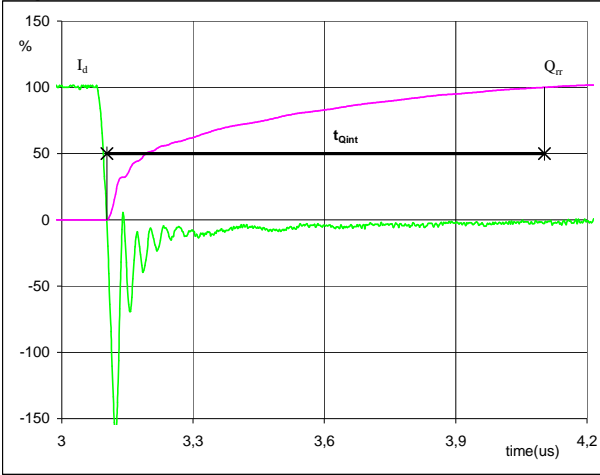


$V_d (100\%) = 350 \text{ V}$   
 $I_d (100\%) = 15 \text{ A}$   
 $I_{RRM} (100\%) = -24 \text{ A}$   
 $t_{rr} = 0,04 \text{ }\mu\text{s}$



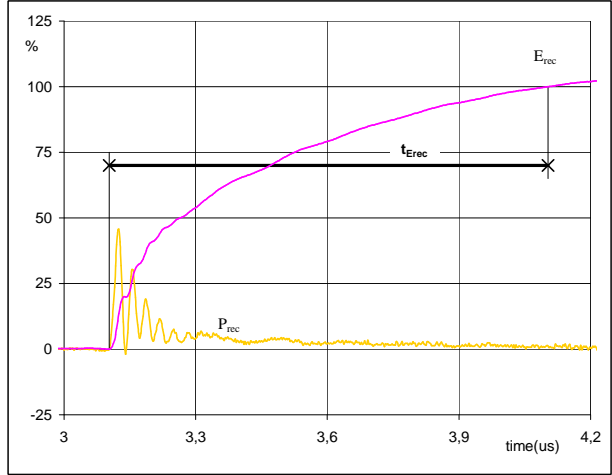
### Switching Definitions Neutral Point

**figure 9. Half Bridge FWD**  
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Qrr}$   
( $t_{Qrr}$ = integrating time for  $Q_{rr}$ )



$I_d$ (100%) =	15	A
$Q_{rr}$ (100%) =	1,51	$\mu C$
$t_{Qint}$ =	1,00	$\mu s$

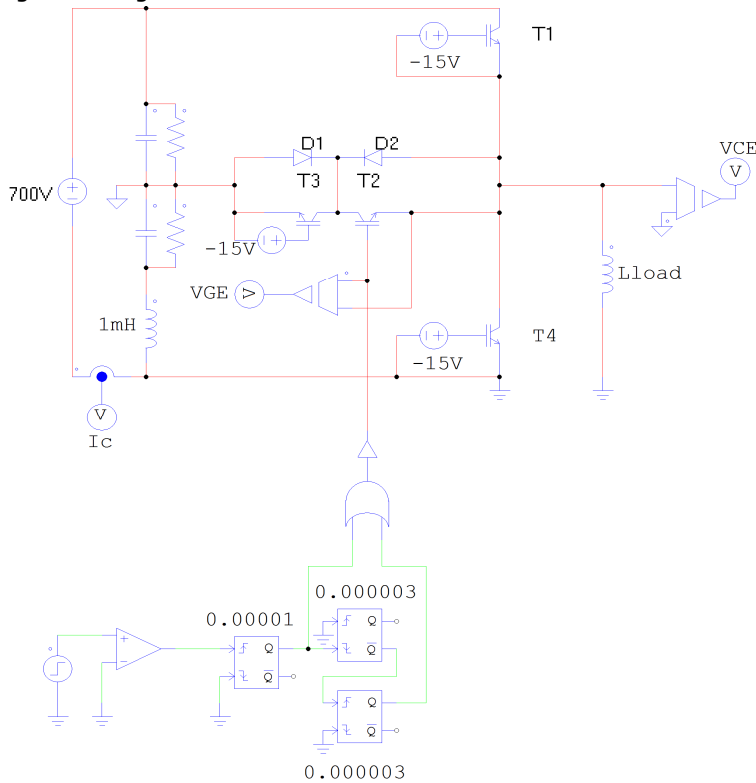
**figure 10. Half Bridge FWD**  
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Erec}$   
( $t_{Erec}$ = integrating time for  $E_{rec}$ )



$P_{rec}$ (100%) =	5,26	kW
$E_{rec}$ (100%) =	0,38	mJ
$t_{Erec}$ =	1,00	$\mu s$

### Neutral Point switching measurement circuit

**figure 11. Neutral Point stage switching measurement circuit**







**Ordering Code & Marking**

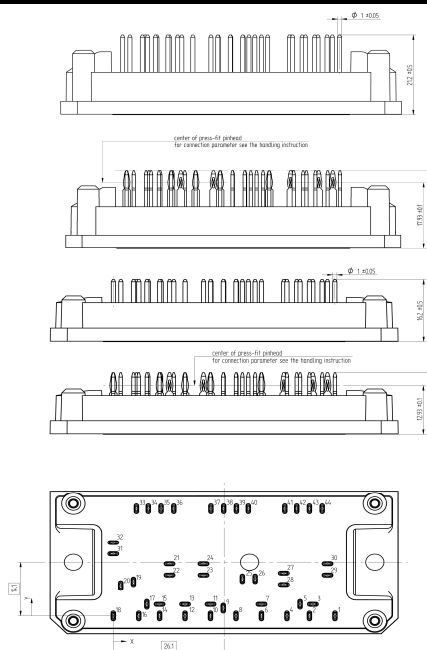
Version	Ordering Code
without thermal paste 12 mm housing with solder pins	10-FY12M3A025SH-M746F08
without thermal paste 12 mm housing with press-fit pins	10-PY12M3A025SH-M746F08Y
with thermal paste 12 mm housing with solder pins	10-FY12M3A025SH-M746F08-/3/
with thermal paste 12 mm housing with press-fit pins	10-PY12M3A025SH-M746F08Y-/3/
without thermal paste 17 mm housing with solder pins	10-F112M3A025SH-M746F09
without thermal paste 17 mm housing with press-fit pins	10-P112M3A025SH-M746F09Y
with thermal paste 17 mm housing with solder pins	10-F112M3A025SH-M746F09-/3/
with thermal paste 17 mm housing with press-fit pins	10-P112M3A025SH-M746F09Y-/3/

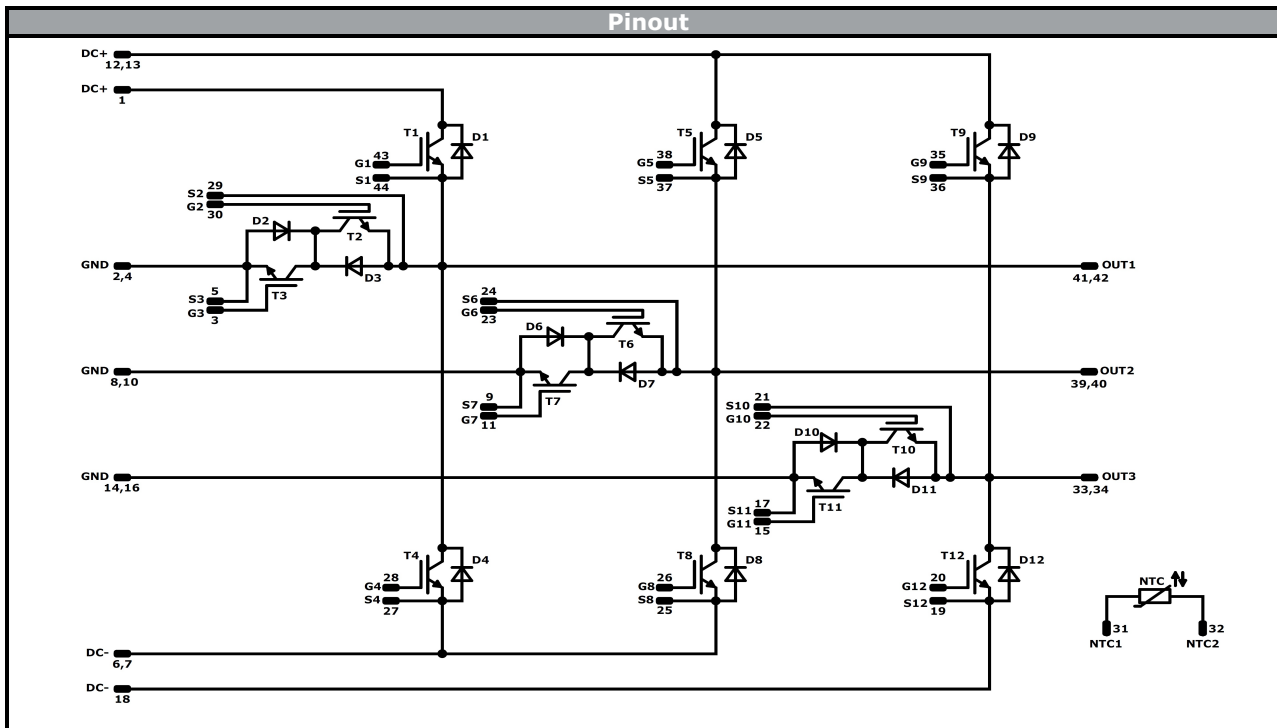
  

	<b>Text</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>Date code</b>	<b>UL &amp; VIN</b>	<b>Lot</b>	<b>Serial</b>
		NN-NNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN-TTTTIVV	WWYY	UL VIN	LLLLL	SSSS
	<b>Datamatrix</b>	<b>Type&amp;Ver</b>	<b>Lot number</b>	<b>Serial</b>	<b>Date code</b>	
		TTTTTIVV	LLLLL	SSSS	WWYY	

**Outline**

Pin table [mm]				Pin table [mm]			
Pin	X	Y	Function	Pin	X	Y	Function
1	52,2	0	+DC	23	21,25	10,7	G6
2	46,2	0	GND	24	21,25	13,7	S6
3	47	3	G3	25	30,4	9,7	S8
4	40,9	0	GND	26	33,4	9,7	G8
5	44	3	S3	27	40,15	11,2	S4
6	34,9	0	-DC	28	40,15	8,2	G4
7	34,9	3	-DC	29	50,45	10,7	S2
8	28,9	0	GND	30	50,45	13,7	G2
9	25,9	2	S7	31	0	16,35	NTC1
10	22,9	0	GND	32	0	19,35	NTC2
11	22,9	3	G7	33	5,45	28,2	OUT3
12	16,9	0	+DC	34	8,25	28,2	OUT3
13	16,9	3	+DC	35	11,25	28,2	G9
14	10,9	0	GND	36	14,25	28,2	S9
15	10,9	3	G11	37	23	28,2	S5
16	6	0	GND	38	26	28,2	G5
17	7,9	3	S11	39	29	28,2	OUT2
18	0	0	-DC	40	31,8	28,2	OUT2
19	4,75	8,9	S12	41	40,4	28,2	OUT1
20	1,75	7,9	G12	42	43,2	28,2	OUT1
21	13,25	13,7	S10	43	46,2	28,2	G1
22	13,25	10,7	G10	44	49,2	28,2	S1






Identification					
ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T1,T4,T5,T8,T9,T12	IGBT	1200 V	25 A	Half Bridge IGBT	
D1,D4,D5,D8,D9,D12	FWD	1200 V	8 A	Half Bridge FWD	
T2,T3,T6,T7,T10,T11	IGBT	600 V	20 A	Neutral P. IGBT	
D2,D3,D6,D7,D10,D11	FWD	600 V	15 A	Neutral P. FWD	
NTC	NTC			Thermistor	



Packaging instruction			
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ)	<b>100</b>	>SPQ Standard	<SPQ Sample

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for <i>flow</i> 1 packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for <i>flow</i> 1 packages see vincotech.com website.

UL recognition and file number
This device is certified according to UL 1557 standard, UL file number E192116. For more information see vincotech.com website. 

Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
10-xY12M3A025SH-M746F0xx-D5-14	12 Jul. 2017	Added press-fit version	All

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