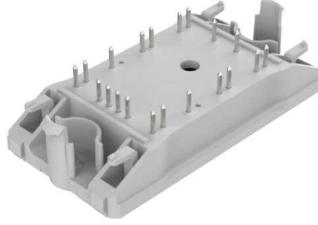
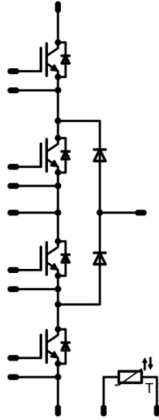




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<i>flow</i> NPC 0	650 V / 75 A
<div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;"><b>Features</b></div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>High Efficiency three-level half-bridge</li> <li>High efficiency IGBT</li> <li>Neutral point-Clamped inverter</li> <li>Clip-In PCB mounting</li> <li>Low Inductance Layout</li> </ul>	<div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;"><b>flow0 12mm housing</b></div> 
<div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;"><b>Target applications</b></div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Solar inverters</li> <li>UPS</li> <li>Power supplies</li> </ul>	<div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;"><b>Schematic</b></div> 
<div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;"><b>Types</b></div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>10-FZ07NA075SM-P926F58</li> </ul>	

## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
<b>Buck Switch \ Out. Boost Switch</b>				
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		650	V
Collector current	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	57	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	225	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	97	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		±20	V
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C



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## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
<b>Buck Diode\Out. Boost Diode</b>				
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	$V_{RRM}$		650	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	59	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$		150	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	78	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C

## Out. Boost Inverse Diode

Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	$V_{RRM}$		650	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	65	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$		150	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	85	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C

## Module Properties

### Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	$T_{jop}$		-40...+( $T_{jmax} - 25$ )	°C

### Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	$V_{isol}$	DC Voltage $t_p = 2\text{ s}$	4000	V
Creepage distance			min. 12,7	mm
Clearance			9,75	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI		> 200	



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## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V] $V_r$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

### Buck Switch

#### Static

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V] $V_r$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}$			0,00075	25	3,3	4	4,7	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CEsat}$		15		75	25 125 150		1,67 1,84 1,89	2,22	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	650		25			40	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0		25			120	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$							none		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$	$f = 1$ MHz	0	25		25		4300		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oes}$							75		
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$							16		
Gate charge	$Q_g$		15	520	75	25		166		nC

#### Thermal

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V] $V_r$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	phase-change material $\lambda = 3,4$ W/mK						0,98		K/W

#### IGBT Switching

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V] $V_r$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{goff} = 4$ Ω $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω				±15 350 75	25	39		ns
Rise time	$t_r$						125	39		
							150	39		
							25	12		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$						125	14		
							150	15		
		25	102							
Fall time	$t_f$	125	115							
		150	119							
		25	5							
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$	$Q_{rFWD} = 2,4$ μC	25	0,799		mWs				
		$Q_{rFWD} = 4,8$ μC	125	1,170						
		$Q_{rFWD} = 5,4$ μC	150	1,223						
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$		25	0,314						
			125	0,534						
			150	0,592						



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## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V] $V_r$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

### Buck Diode

#### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				75	25 125 150		1,53 1,49 1,47	1,77	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_r$			650		25			3,8	$\mu$ A

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	phase-change material $\lambda = 3,4$ W/mK						1,23		K/W
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#### FWD Switching

Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$					25 125 150		60 79 84		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					25 125 150		72 121 134		ns
Recovered charge	$Q_r$	$di/dt = 4857$ A/ $\mu$ s $di/dt = 5610$ A/ $\mu$ s $di/dt = 5462$ A/ $\mu$ s	$\pm 15$	350	75	25 125 150		2,434 4,832 5,418		$\mu$ C
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$					25 125 150		0,484 1,031 1,126		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$					25 125 150		708 814 959		A/ $\mu$ s



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## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V] $V_r$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

### Out. Boost Switch

#### Static

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V] $V_r$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}$			0,00075	25	3,3	4	4,7	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CEsat}$		15		75	25 125 150		1,67 1,84 1,89	2,22	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	650		25			40	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0		25			120	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$							none		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$							4300		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oes}$	$f = 1$ MHz	0	25		25		75		
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$							16		
Gate charge	$Q_g$		15	520	75	25		166		nC

#### Thermal

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V] $V_r$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	phase-change material $\lambda = 3,4$ W/mK						0,98		K/W

#### IGBT Switching

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V] $V_r$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$					25 125 150		40 40 40		ns
Rise time	$t_r$	$R_{goff} = 4 \Omega$ $R_{gon} = 4 \Omega$				25 125 150		13 15 15		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25 125 150		105 120 124		
Fall time	$t_f$					25 125 150		5 10 13		
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$	$Q_{rFWD} = 2,5 \mu C$ $Q_{rFWD} = 4,7 \mu C$ $Q_{rFWD} = 5,3 \mu C$				25 125 150		0,710 0,987 1,047		mWs
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$					25 125 150		0,332 0,597 0,647		



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## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V] $V_r$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

### Out. Boost Diode

#### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				75	25 125 150		1,53 1,49 1,47	1,77	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_r$			650		25			3,8	$\mu$ A

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	phase-change material $\lambda = 3,4$ W/mK						1,23		K/W
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#### FWD Switching

Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$					25 125 150		56 73 77		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					25 125 150		74 114 124		ns
Recovered charge	$Q_r$	$di/dt = 5868$ A/ $\mu$ s $di/dt = 5310$ A/ $\mu$ s $di/dt = 4117$ A/ $\mu$ s	$\pm 15$	350	75	25 125 150		2,450 4,736 5,336		$\mu$ C
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$					25 125 150		0,607 1,222 1,380		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$					25 125 150		498 431 444		A/ $\mu$ s

### Out. Boost Inverse Diode

#### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$				75	25 125 150		1,46 1,42 1,40	1,82	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_r$			650		25			0,9	$\mu$ A

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	phase-change material $\lambda = 3,4$ W/mK						1,12		K/W
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### Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions				Value			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V] $V_T$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_i$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

#### Thermistor

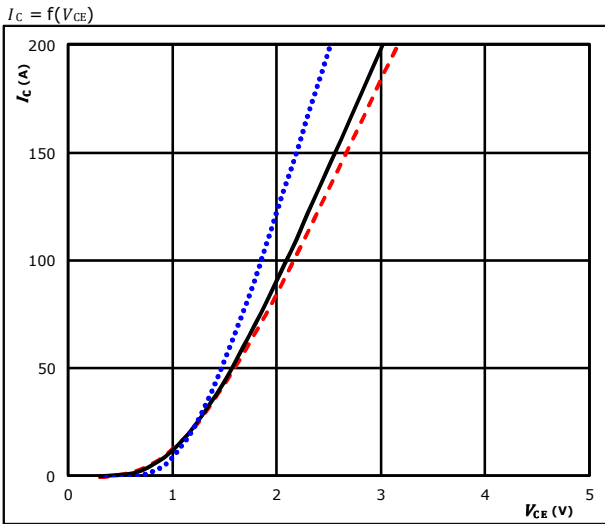
Rated resistance	$R$				25		22		k $\Omega$
Deviation of R100	$\Delta_{R/R}$	R100=1484 $\Omega$			100	-5		5	%
Power dissipation	$P$				25		5		mW
Power dissipation constant					25		1,5		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. $\pm 1\%$			25		3962		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. $\pm 1\%$			25		4000		K
Vincotech NTC Reference								I	



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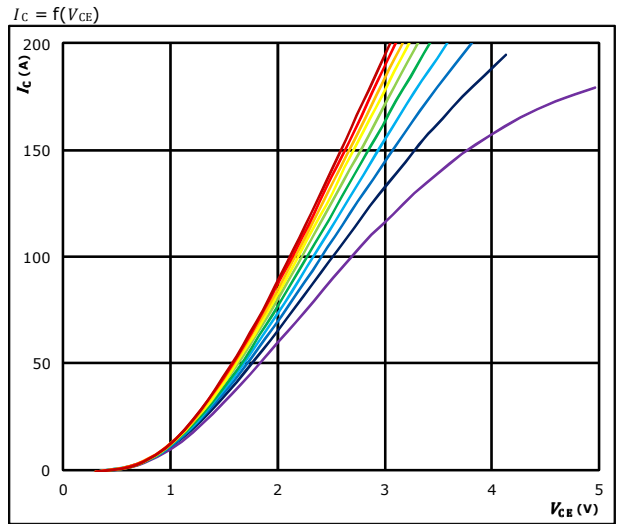
## Buck Switch\Out. Boost Switch Characteristics

Typical output characteristics IGBT



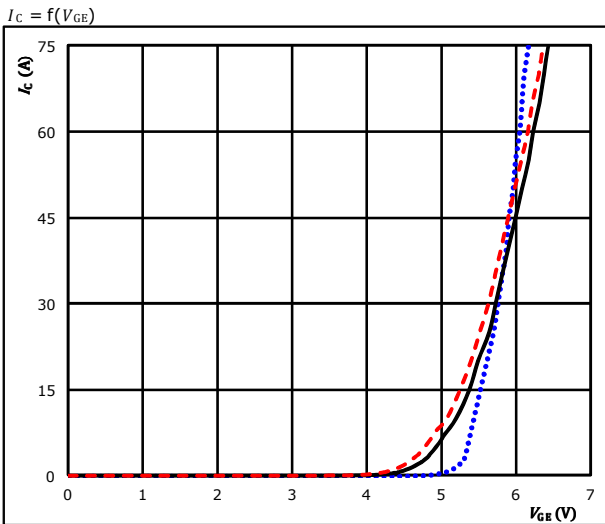
$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$   
 $T_j: 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$  (dotted blue)  
 $125 \text{ } ^\circ C$  (solid black)  
 $150 \text{ } ^\circ C$  (dashed red)

Typical output characteristics IGBT



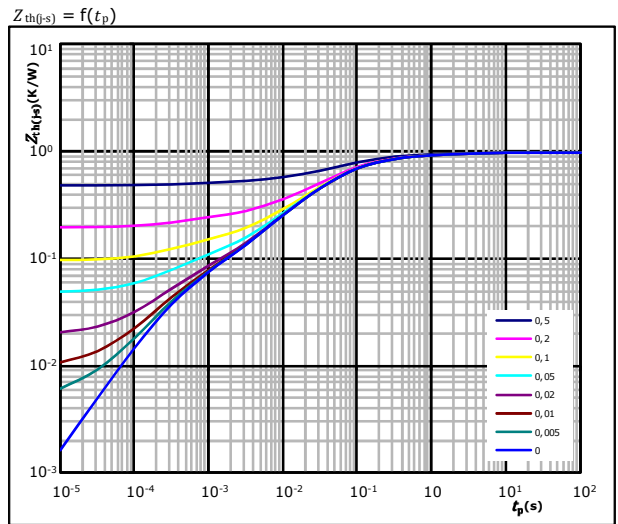
$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ C$   
 $V_{CE}$  from 8 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

Typical transfer characteristics IGBT



$t_p = 100 \mu s$   
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$   
 $T_j: 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$  (dotted blue)  
 $125 \text{ } ^\circ C$  (solid black)  
 $150 \text{ } ^\circ C$  (dashed red)

Transient Thermal Impedance as function of Pulse duration IGBT



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,98 \text{ K/W}$   
 IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
7,21E-02	2,25E+00
1,46E-01	3,32E-01
4,74E-01	6,42E-02
1,76E-01	1,63E-02
6,17E-02	3,99E-03
4,63E-02	3,57E-04

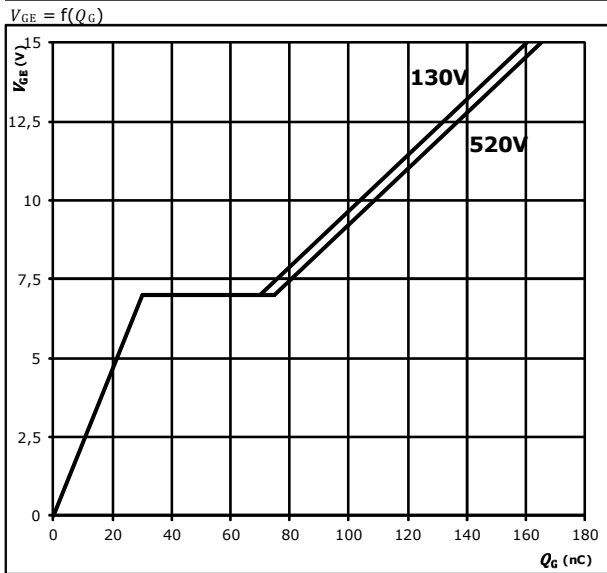




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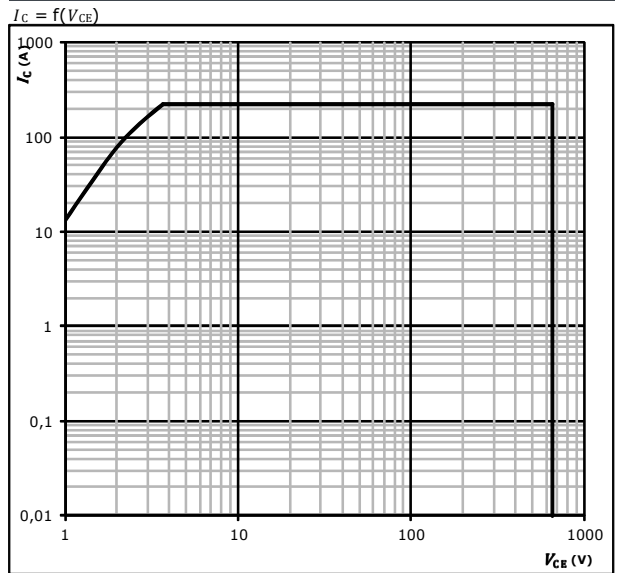
### Buck Switch\Out. Boost Switch Characteristics

**Gate voltage vs Gate charge** IGBT



**At**  
 $I_C = 75$  A

**Safe operating area** IGBT



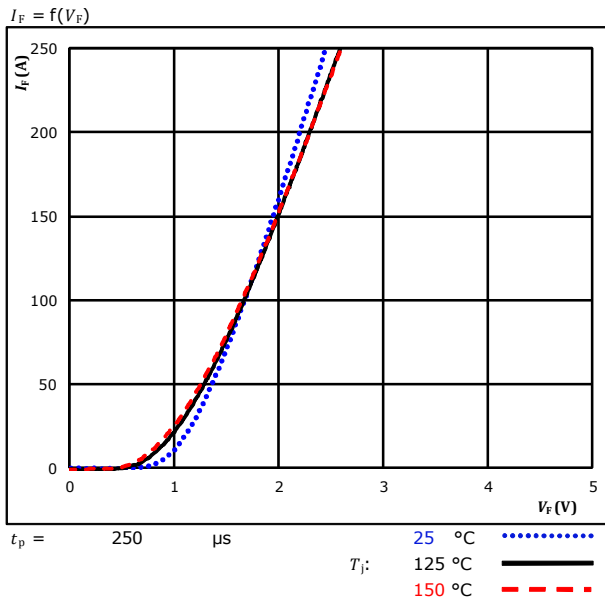
**At**  
 $D =$  single pulse  
 $T_h = 80$  °C  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $T_j = T_{jmax}$  °C



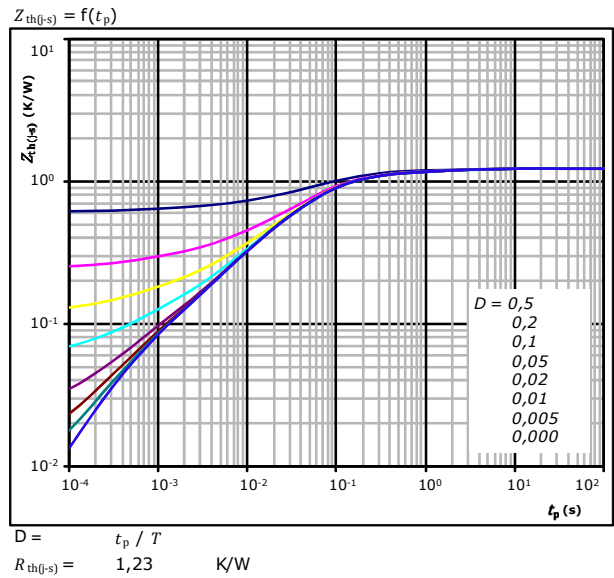
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## Buck Diode\Out. Boost Diode Characteristics

Typical forward characteristics **FWD**



Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width **FWD**



FWD thermal model values

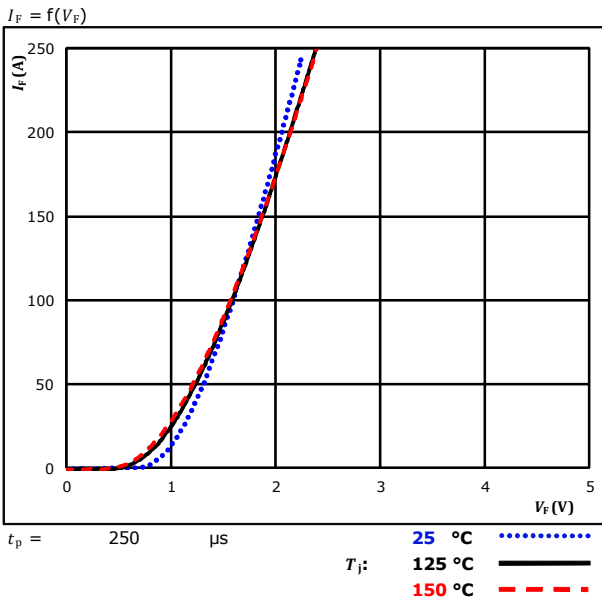
$R$ (K/W)	$\tau$ (s)
8,04E-02	2,68E+00
1,74E-01	2,85E-01
6,28E-01	6,23E-02
2,05E-01	1,65E-02
8,90E-02	4,15E-03
4,76E-02	4,96E-04



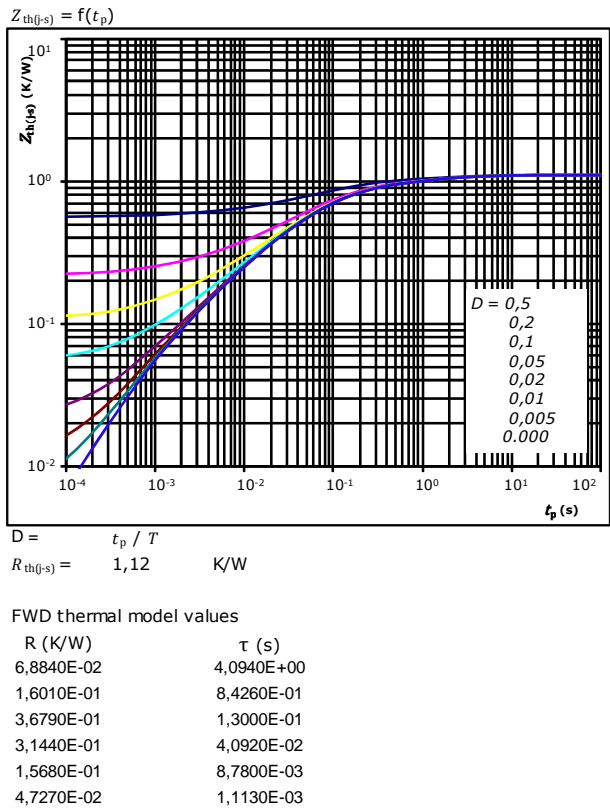
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## Out. Boost Inverse Diode Characteristics

Typical forward characteristics FWD



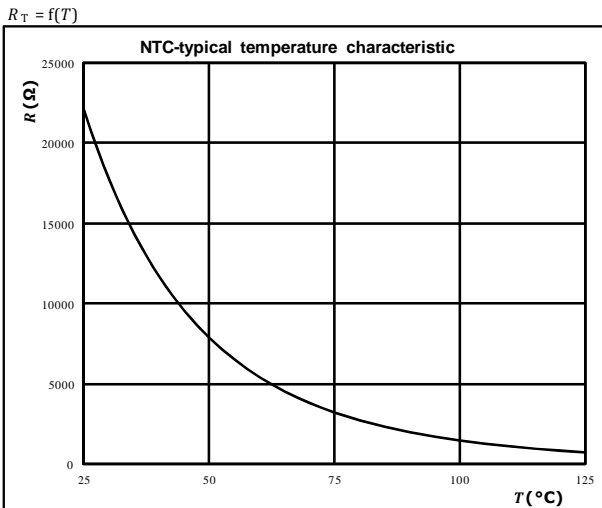
Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width FWD



## Thermistor Characteristics

Thermistor typical temperature characteristic

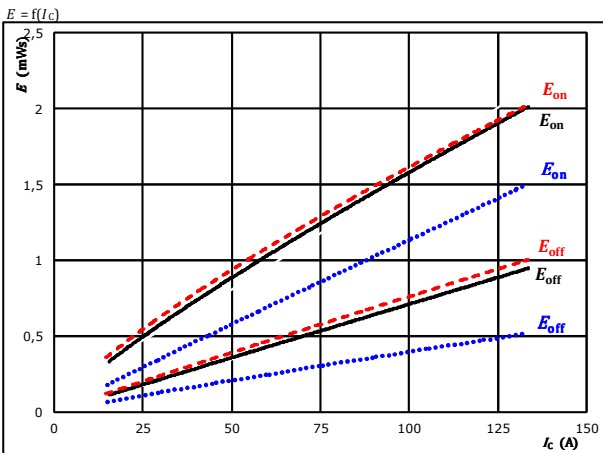
Typical NTC characteristic  
as a function of temperature





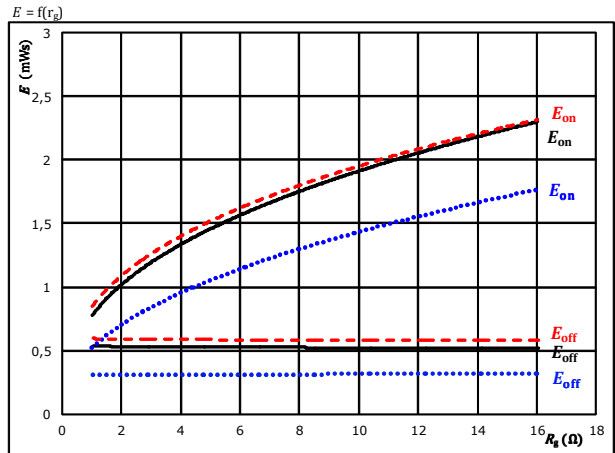
## Buck Switching Characteristics

**Figure 1.** IGBT  
Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current



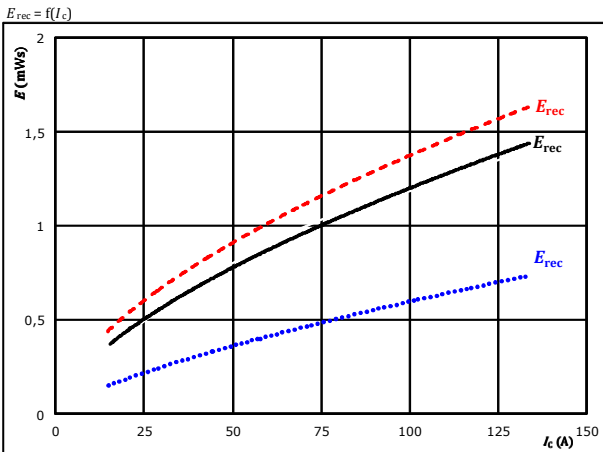
With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 4$   $\Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 4$   $\Omega$   
 $T_j$ : 25 °C (dotted), 125 °C (solid), 150 °C (dashed)

**Figure 2.** IGBT  
Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor



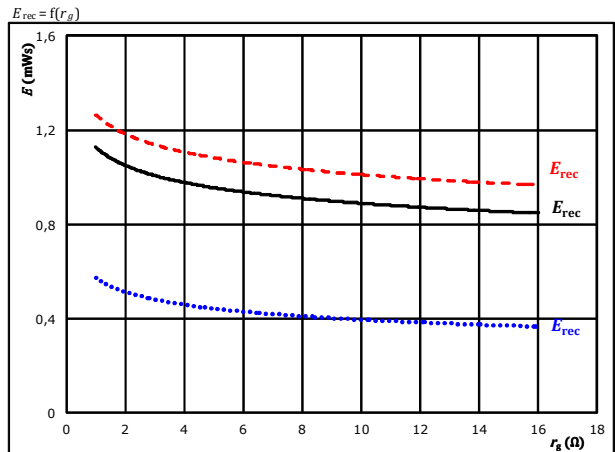
With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_C = 75$  A  
 $T_j$ : 25 °C (dotted), 125 °C (solid), 150 °C (dashed)

**Figure 3.** FWD  
Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 4$   $\Omega$   
 $T_j$ : 25 °C (dotted), 125 °C (solid), 150 °C (dashed)

**Figure 4.** FWD  
Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_C = 75$  A  
 $T_j$ : 25 °C (dotted), 125 °C (solid), 150 °C (dashed)

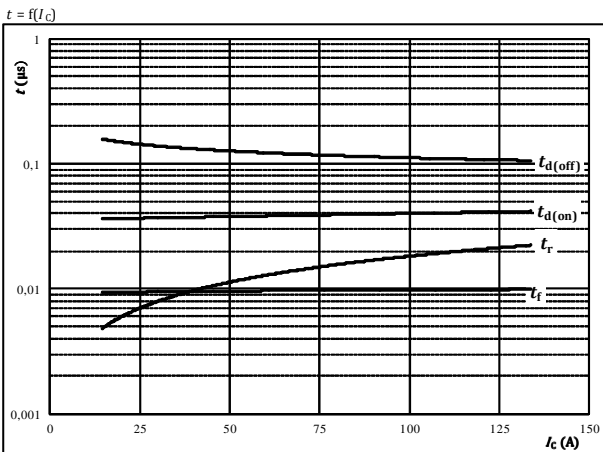


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## Buck Switching Characteristics

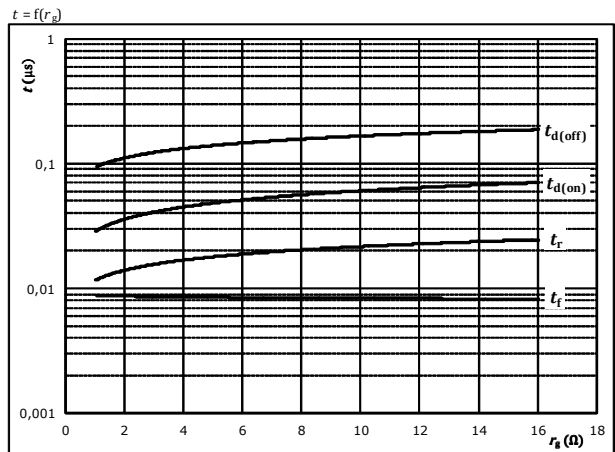
**Figure 5.** IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current



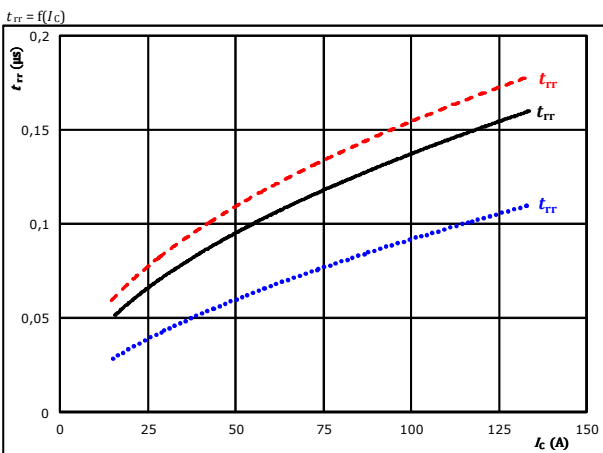
**Figure 6.** IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor



**Figure 7.** FWD

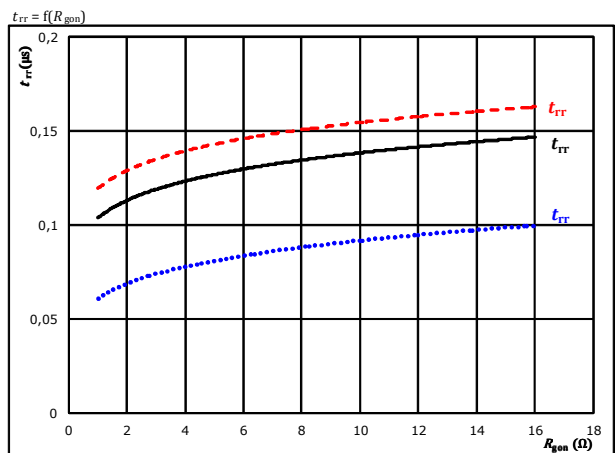
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current



At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  $T_J: 25$  °C .....  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_J: 125$  °C ———  
 $R_{gon} = 4$  Ω  $T_J: 150$  °C - - - - -

**Figure 8.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor



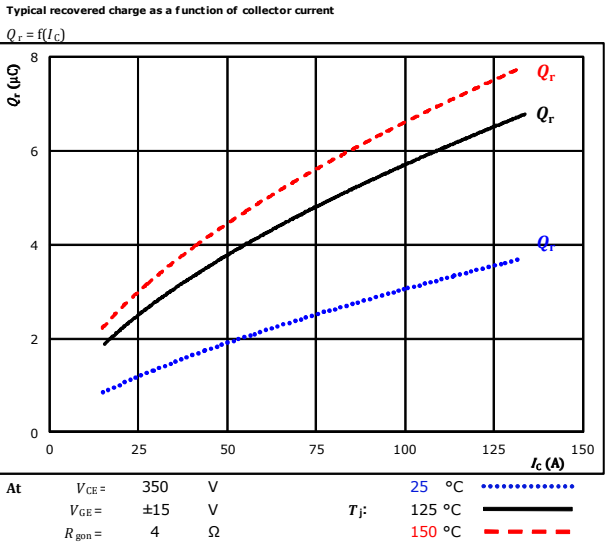
At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  $T_J: 25$  °C .....  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  $T_J: 125$  °C ———  
 $I_C = 75$  A  $T_J: 150$  °C - - - - -



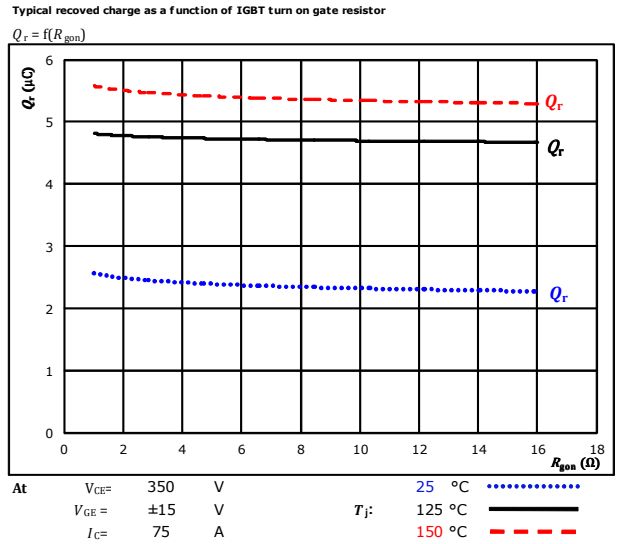
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## Buck Switching Characteristics

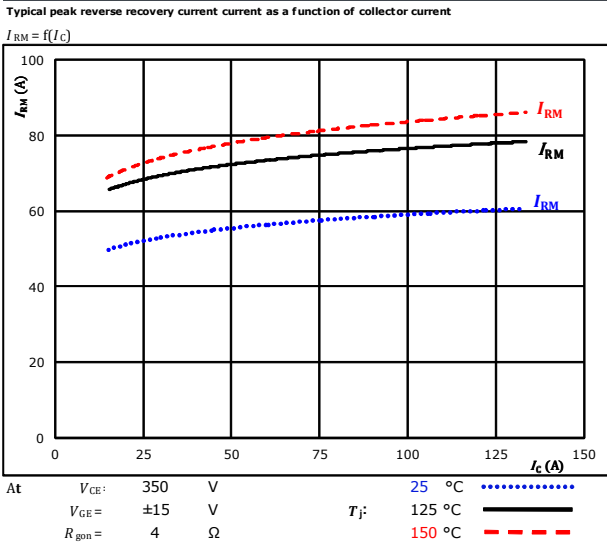
**Figure 9.** FWD  
Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current



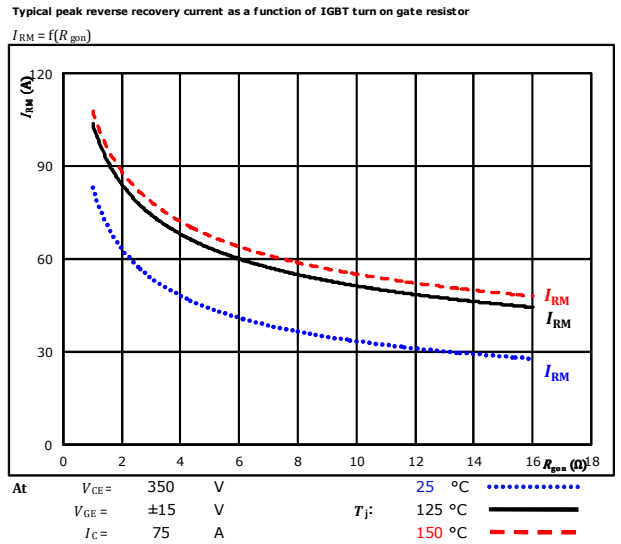
**Figure 10.** FWD  
Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor



**Figure 11.** FWD  
Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current



**Figure 12.** FWD  
Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor





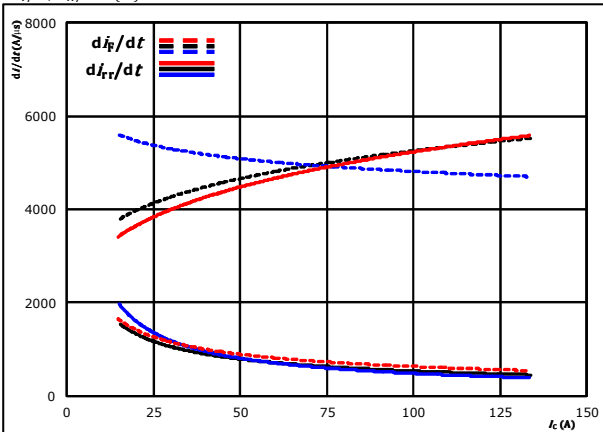
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## Buck Switching Characteristics

**Figure 13.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$di_F/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_C)$$

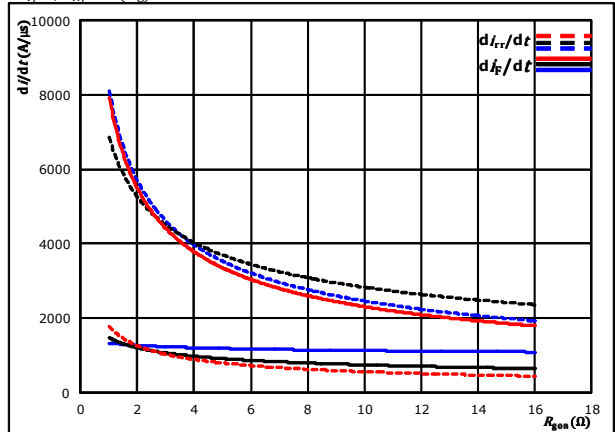


At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 4$   $\Omega$   
 $T_j = 25$  °C  
 $125$  °C  
 $150$  °C

**Figure 14.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$di_F/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_g)$$

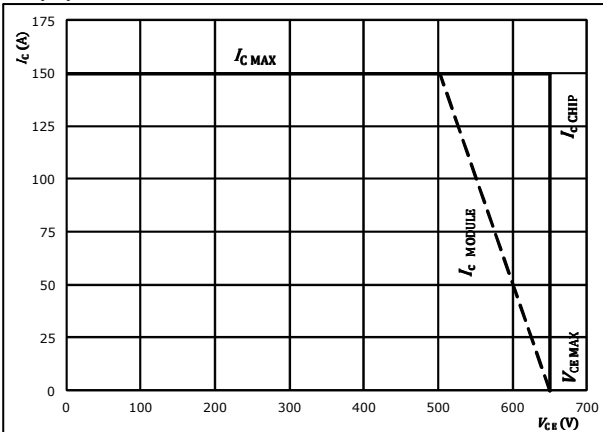


At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_C = 75$  A  
 $T_j = 25$  °C  
 $125$  °C  
 $150$  °C

**Figure 15.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



At  $T_j = 175$  °C  
 $R_{gon} = 4$   $\Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 4$   $\Omega$



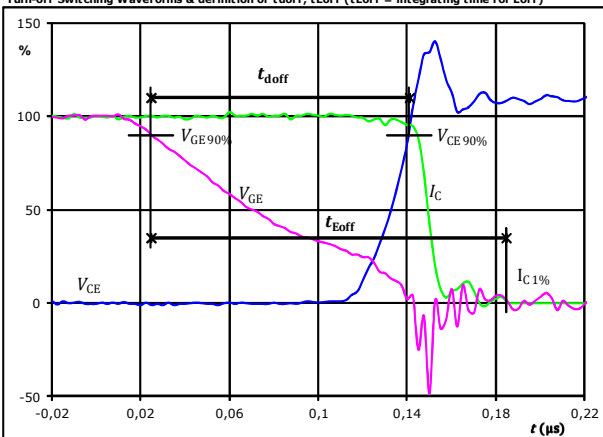
## Buck Switching Definitions

**General conditions**

$T_j$	=	125 °C
$R_{gon}$	=	4 Ω
$R_{goff}$	=	4 Ω

**Figure 1.** IGBT

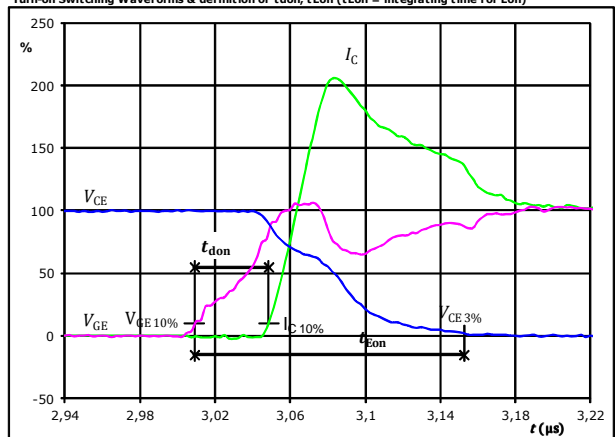
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$ ,  $t_{Eoff}$  ( $t_{Eoff}$  = integrating time for  $E_{off}$ )



$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	0	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	20	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	74	A
$t_{doff} =$	0,115	μs
$t_{Eoff} =$	0,160	μs

**Figure 2.** IGBT

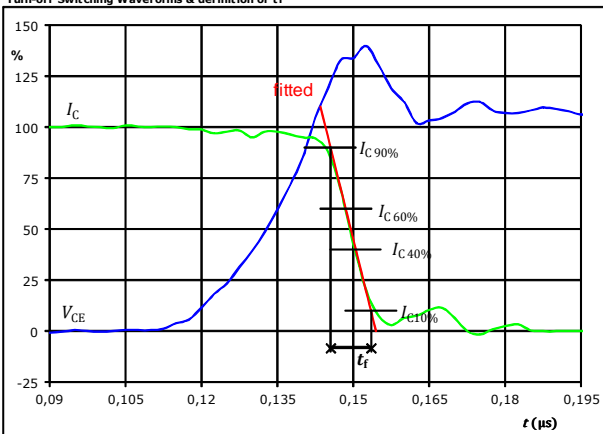
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{don}$ ,  $t_{Eon}$  ( $t_{Eon}$  = integrating time for  $E_{on}$ )



$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	0	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	20	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	74	A
$t_{don} =$	0,039	μs
$t_{Eon} =$	0,143	μs

**Figure 3.** IGBT

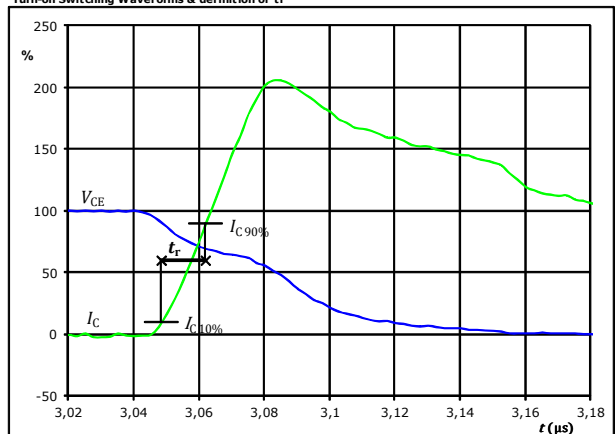
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_f$



$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	74	A
$t_f =$	0,008	μs

**Figure 4.** IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$



$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	74	A
$t_r =$	0,014	μs

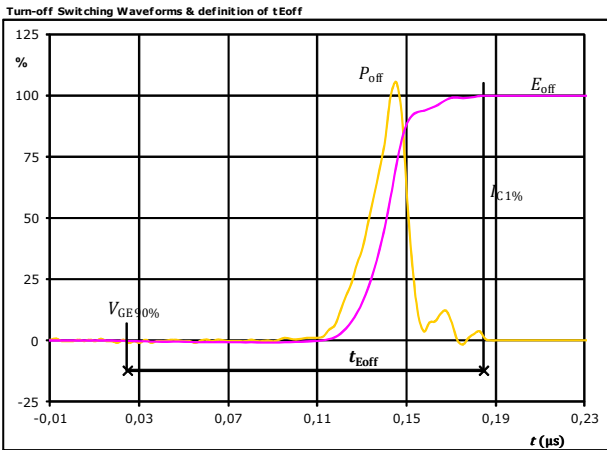




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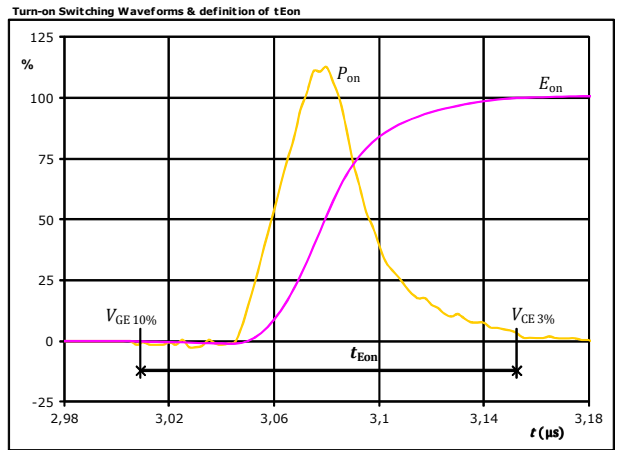
## Buck Switching Definitions

**Figure 5.** IGBT



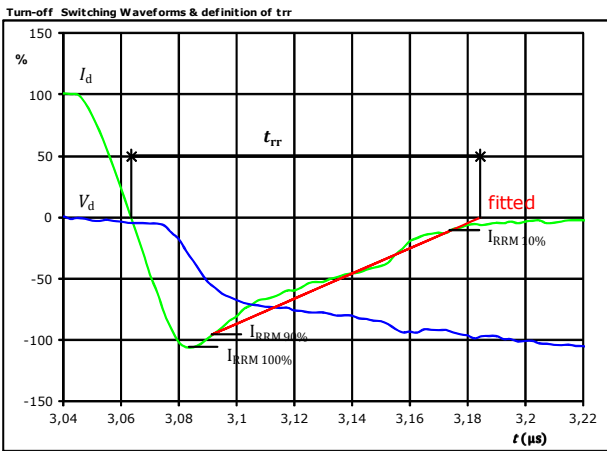
$P_{off}(100\%) =$	26,01	kW
$E_{off}(100\%) =$	0,53	mJ
$t_{Eoff} =$	0,16	μs

**Figure 6.** IGBT



$P_{on}(100\%) =$	26,01	kW
$E_{on}(100\%) =$	1,17	mJ
$t_{Eon} =$	0,14	μs

**Figure 7.** FWD

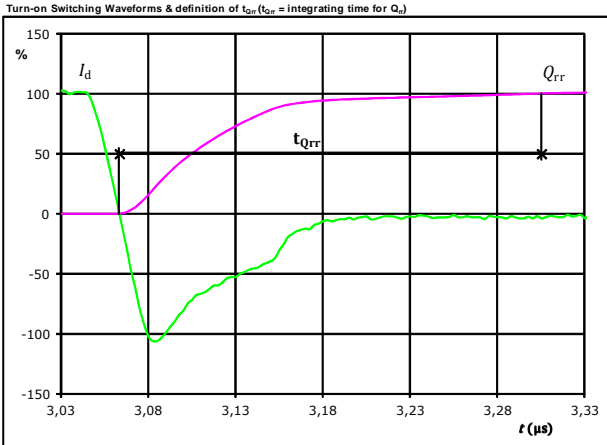


$V_d(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_d(100\%) =$	74	A
$I_{RRM}(100\%) =$	-79	A
$t_{rr} =$	0,121	μs



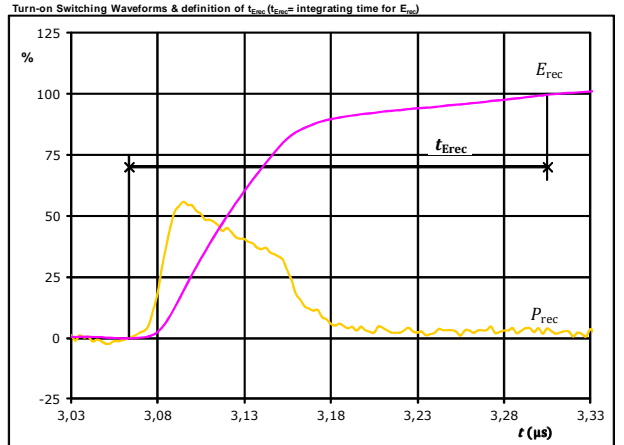
## Buck Switching Definitions

**Figure 8.** FWD



$I_d(100\%) =$  74 A  
 $Q_{rr}(100\%) =$  4,83  $\mu\text{C}$   
 $t_{Qrr} =$  0,24  $\mu\text{s}$

**Figure 9.** FWD

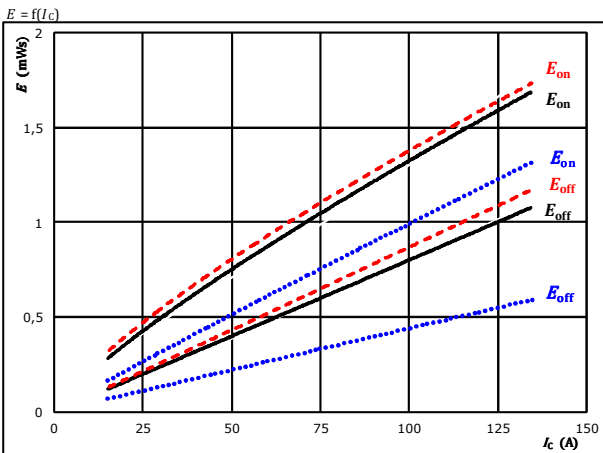


$P_{rec}(100\%) =$  26,01 kW  
 $E_{rec}(100\%) =$  1,03 mJ  
 $t_{Erec} =$  0,24  $\mu\text{s}$



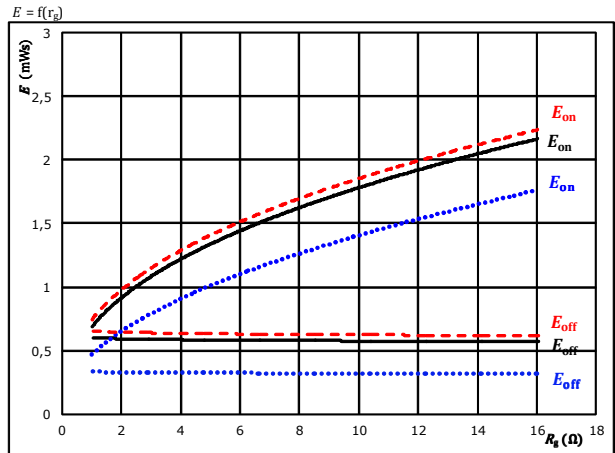
## Out. Boost Switching Characteristics

**Figure 1.** IGBT  
Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current



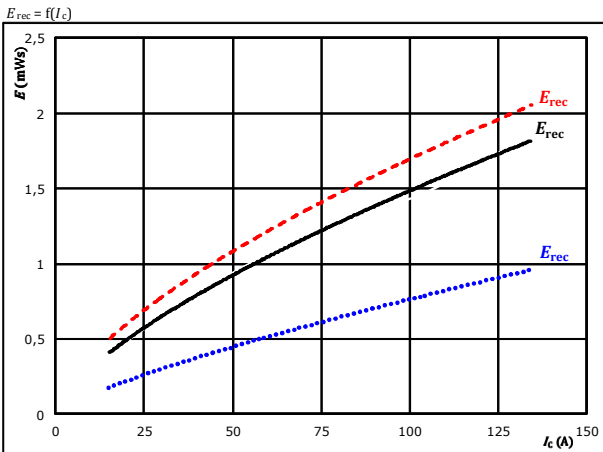
With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 4$   $\Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 4$   $\Omega$   
 $T_j$ : 25 °C (dotted), 125 °C (solid), 150 °C (dashed)

**Figure 2.** IGBT  
Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor



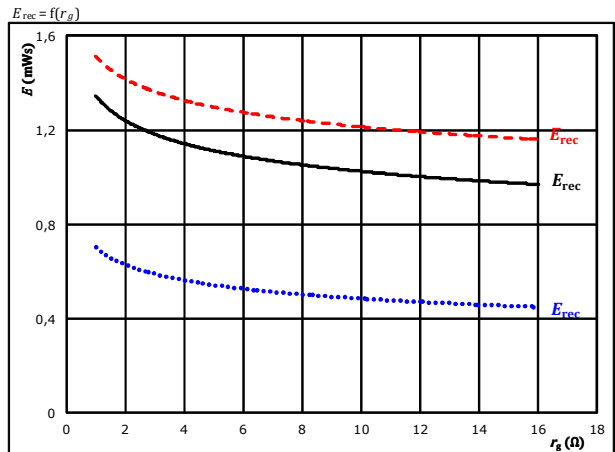
With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_C = 75$  A  
 $T_j$ : 25 °C (dotted), 125 °C (solid), 150 °C (dashed)

**Figure 3.** FWD  
Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 4$   $\Omega$   
 $T_j$ : 25 °C (dotted), 125 °C (solid), 150 °C (dashed)

**Figure 4.** FWD  
Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor



With an inductive load at  
 $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_C = 75$  A  
 $T_j$ : 25 °C (dotted), 125 °C (solid), 150 °C (dashed)

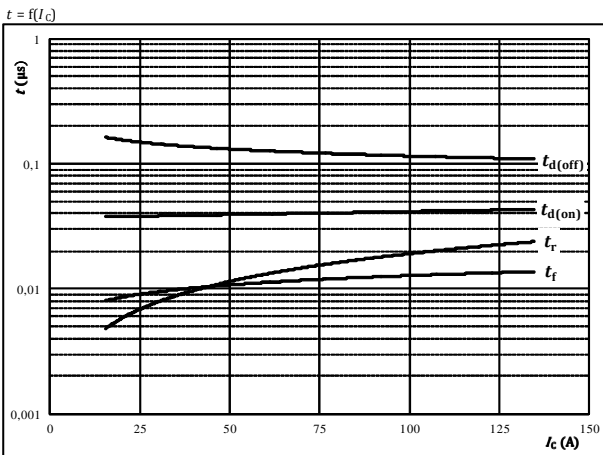


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## Out. Boost Switching Characteristics

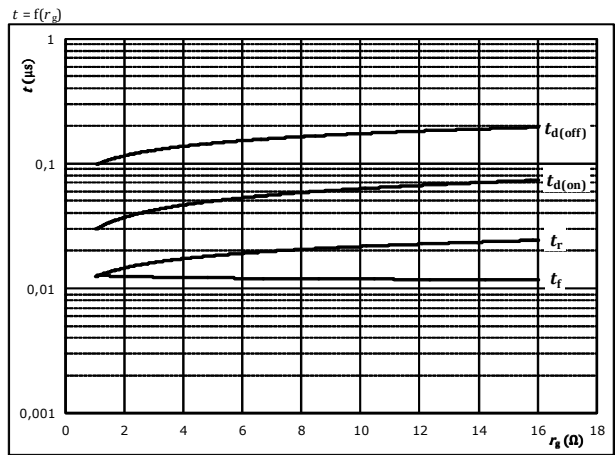
**Figure 5.** IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current



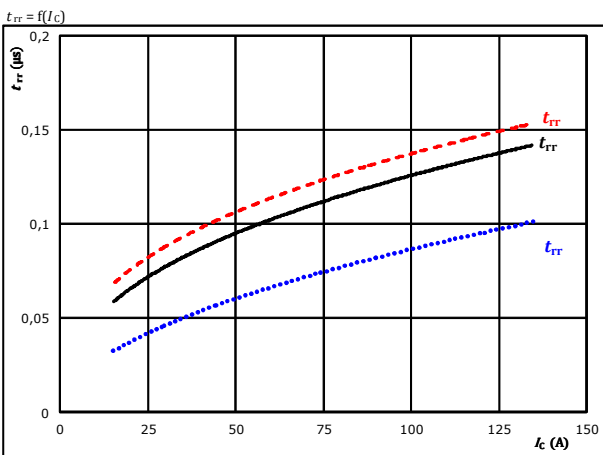
**Figure 6.** IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor



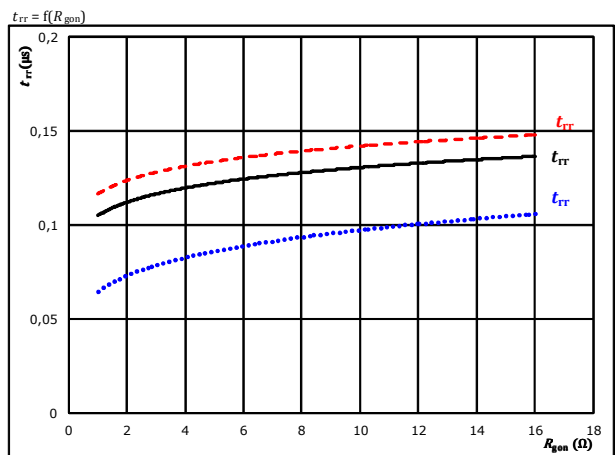
**Figure 7.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current



**Figure 8.** FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

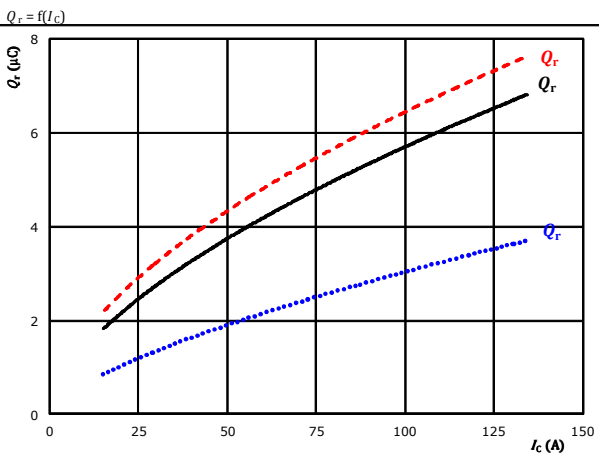




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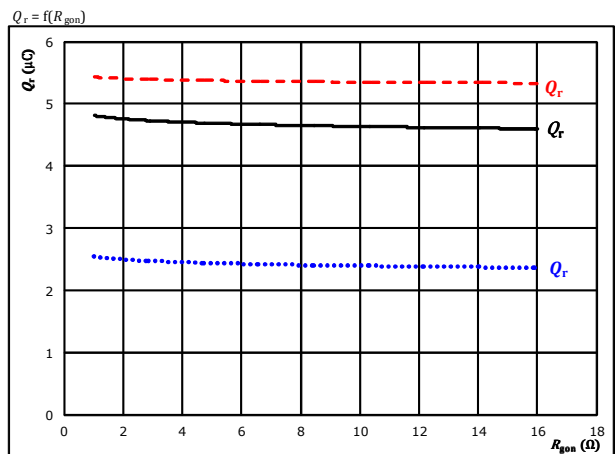
## Out. Boost Switching Characteristics

**Figure 9.** FWD  
Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current



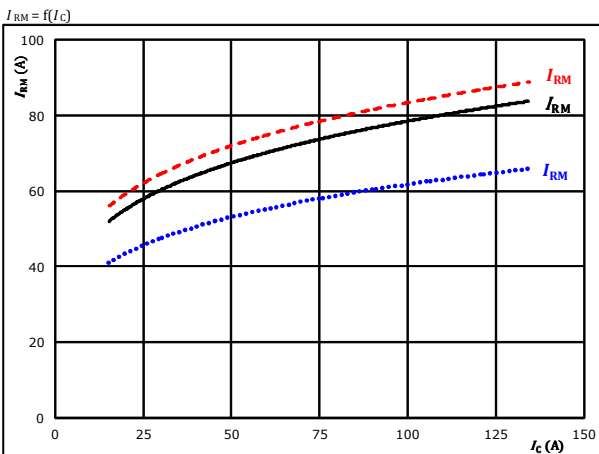
At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 4$   $\Omega$   
 $T_j$ : 25 °C (dotted blue)  
 125 °C (solid black)  
 150 °C (dashed red)

**Figure 10.** FWD  
Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor



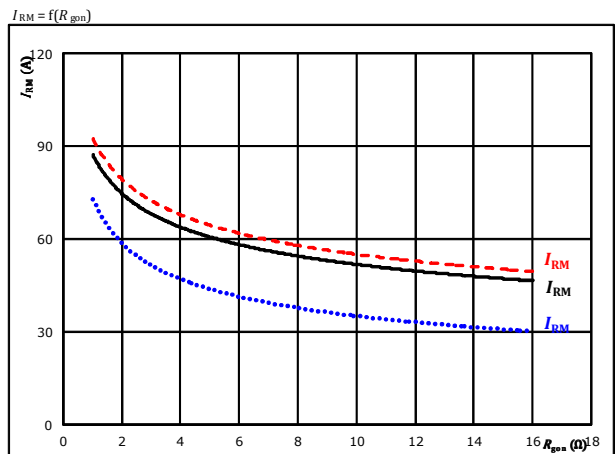
At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 75$  A  
 $T_j$ : 25 °C (dotted blue)  
 125 °C (solid black)  
 150 °C (dashed red)

**Figure 11.** FWD  
Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current



At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 4$   $\Omega$   
 $T_j$ : 25 °C (dotted blue)  
 125 °C (solid black)  
 150 °C (dashed red)

**Figure 12.** FWD  
Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor



At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 75$  A  
 $T_j$ : 25 °C (dotted blue)  
 125 °C (solid black)  
 150 °C (dashed red)



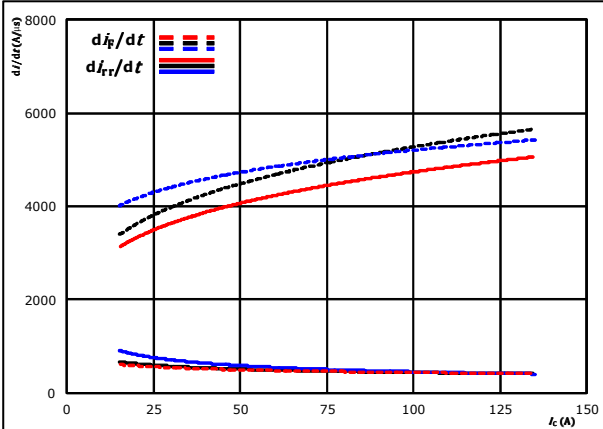
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## Out. Boost Switching Characteristics

**Figure 13.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$di_F/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_C)$$

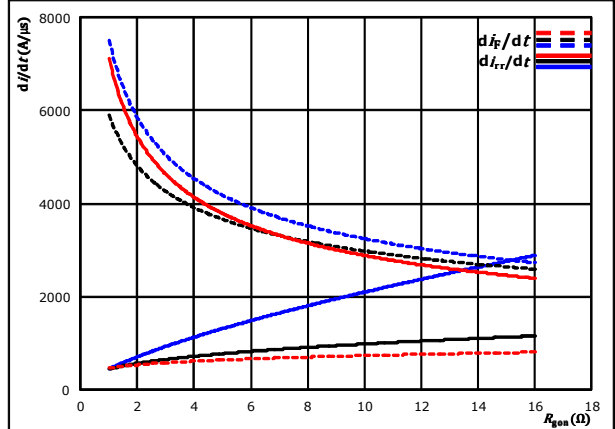


At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 4$   $\Omega$   
 $T_j = 25$  °C  
 $125$  °C  
 $150$  °C

**Figure 14.** FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$di_F/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_g)$$

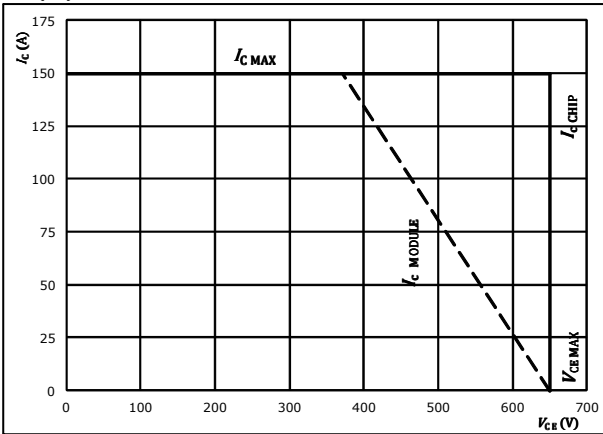


At  $V_{CE} = 350$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_C = 75$  A  
 $T_j = 25$  °C  
 $125$  °C  
 $150$  °C

**Figure 15.** IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



At  $T_j = 175$  °C  
 $R_{gon} = 4$   $\Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 4$   $\Omega$



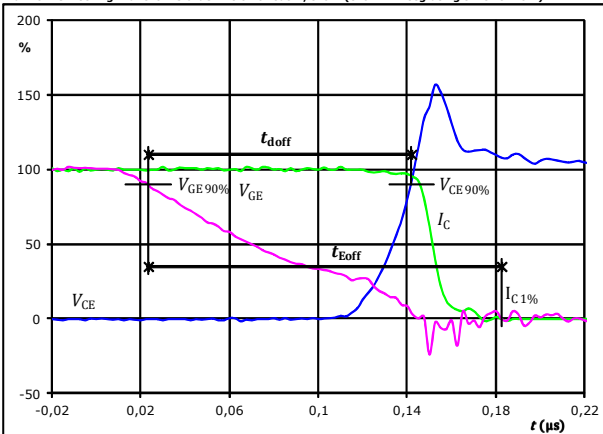
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## Out. Boost Switching Definitions

**General conditions**

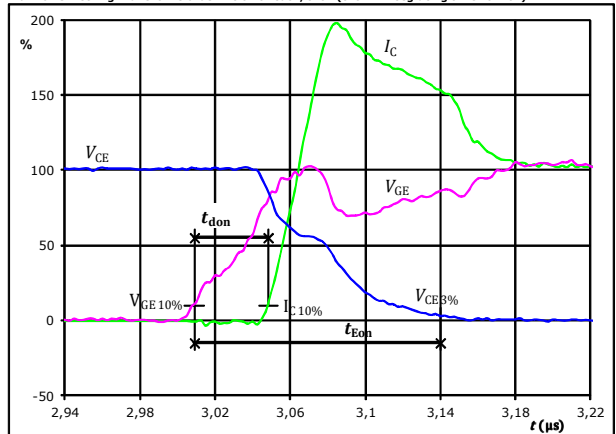
$T_j$	=	25 °C
$R_{gon}$	=	4 Ω
$R_{goff}$	=	4 Ω

**Figure 1.** IGBT  
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$ ,  $t_{Eoff}$  ( $t_{Eoff}$  = integrating time for  $E_{off}$ )



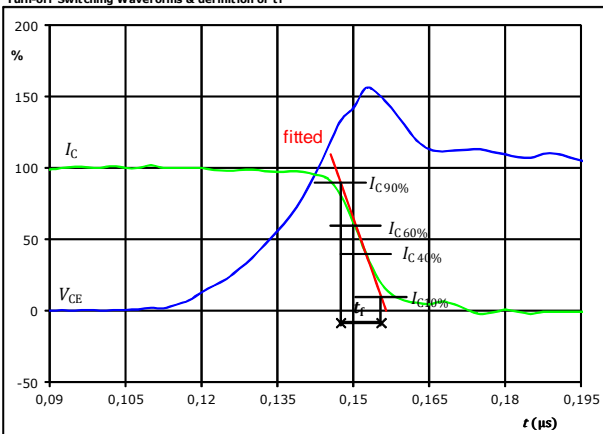
$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	0	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	20	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	75	A
$t_{doff} =$	0,120	μs
$t_{Eoff} =$	0,159	μs

**Figure 2.** IGBT  
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{don}$ ,  $t_{Eon}$  ( $t_{Eon}$  = integrating time for  $E_{on}$ )



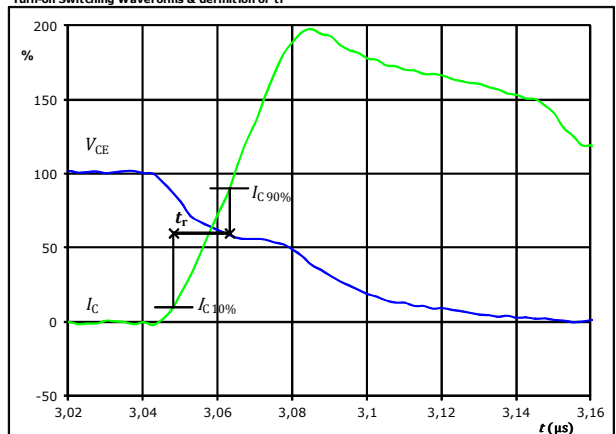
$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	0	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	20	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	75	A
$t_{don} =$	0,040	μs
$t_{Eon} =$	0,131	μs

**Figure 3.** IGBT  
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_f$



$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	75	A
$t_f =$	0,009	μs

**Figure 4.** IGBT  
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$



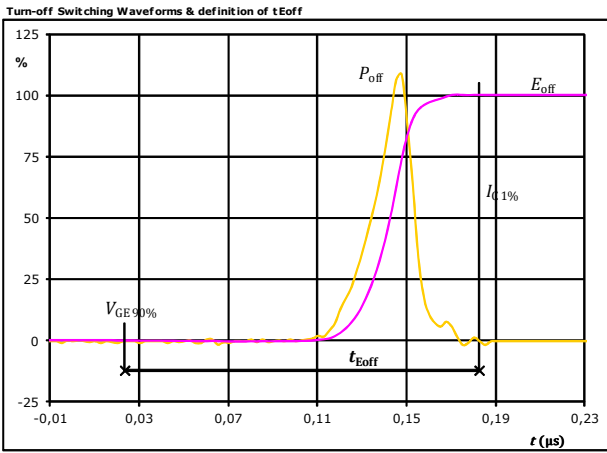
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	75	A
$t_r =$	0,015	μs



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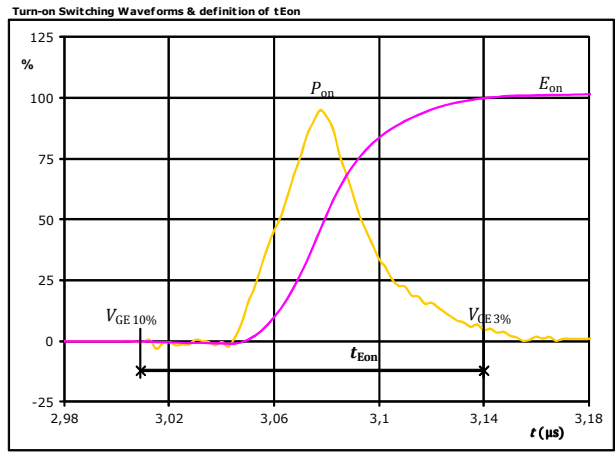
### Out. Boost Switching Definitions

**Figure 5.** IGBT



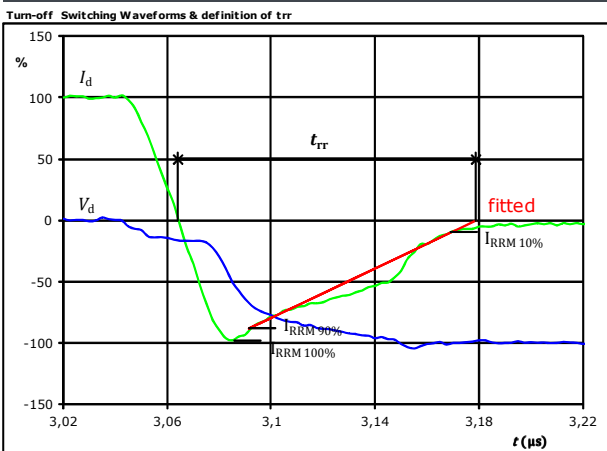
$P_{off}(100\%) =$	26,12	kW
$E_{off}(100\%) =$	0,60	mJ
$t_{Eoff} =$	0,16	μs

**Figure 6.** IGBT



$P_{on}(100\%) =$	26,12	kW
$E_{on}(100\%) =$	0,99	mJ
$t_{Eon} =$	0,13	μs

**Figure 7.** FWD



$V_d(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_d(100\%) =$	75	A
$I_{RRM}(100\%) =$	-73	A
$t_{tr} =$	0,114	μs

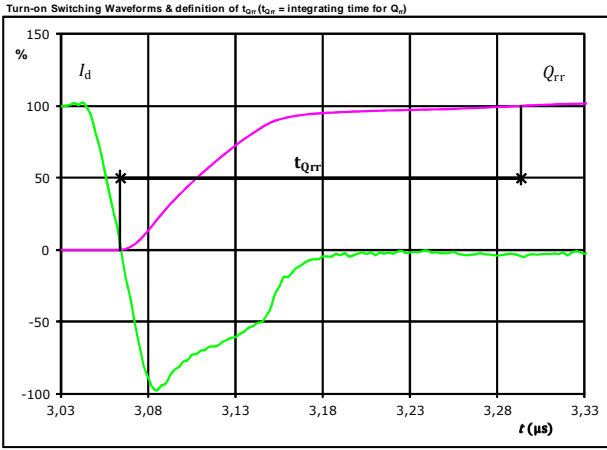




Vincotech

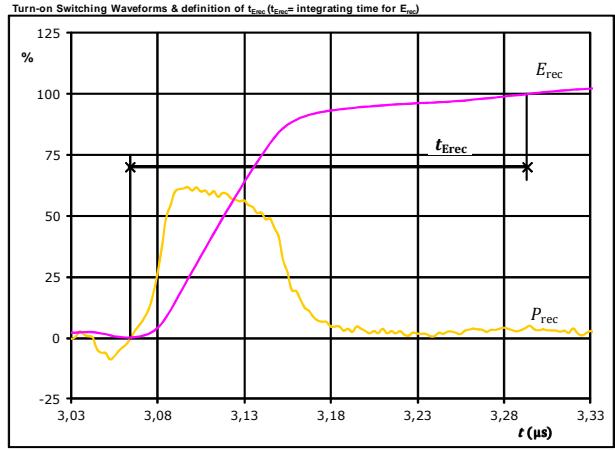
### Out. Boost Switching Definitions

**Figure 8.** FWD



$I_d(100\%) =$	75	A
$Q_{rr}(100\%) =$	4,74	$\mu\text{C}$
$t_{Qrr} =$	0,23	$\mu\text{s}$


**Figure 9.** FWD



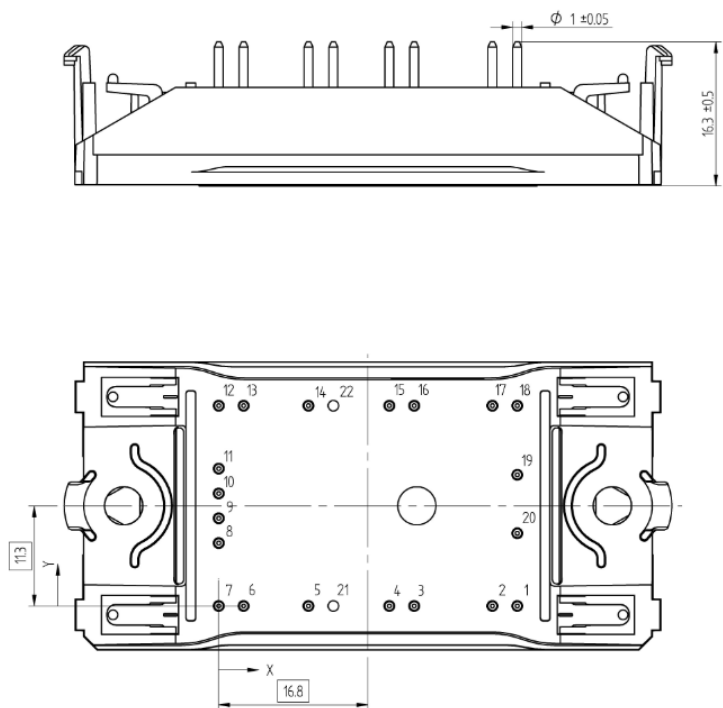
$P_{rec}(100\%) =$	26,12	kW
$E_{rec}(100\%) =$	1,22	mJ
$t_{Erec} =$	0,23	$\mu\text{s}$



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Ordering Code & Marking							
Version				Ordering Code			
without thermal paste 12mm housing with solder pins				10-FZ07NA075SM-P926F58			
NN-NNNNNNNNNNNNNN TTTTIVV WWYY UL Vinco LLLLL SSSS		Text		Date code	UL & Vinco	Lot	Serial
		Name		WWYY	UL Vinco	LLLLL	SSSS
	Datamatrix		Type&Ver	Lot number	Serial	Date code	
		TTTTTIVV	LLLLL	SSSS	WWYY		

Pin table			
Pin	X	Y	Function
1	33,6	0	G2
2	30,8	0	S2
3	22	0	-DC
4	19,2	0	-DC
5	10,1	0	GND
6	2,8	0	S4
7	0	0	G4
8	0	7,1	Line
9	0	9,9	Line
10	0	12,7	Line
11	0	15,5	Line
12	0	22,6	G3
13	2,8	22,6	S3
14	10,1	22,6	GND
15	19,2	22,6	+DC
16	22	22,6	+DC
17	30,8	22,6	S1
18	33,6	22,6	G1
19	33,6	14,8	NTC1
20	33,6	8,2	NTC2
21	Not assembled		
22	Not assembled		

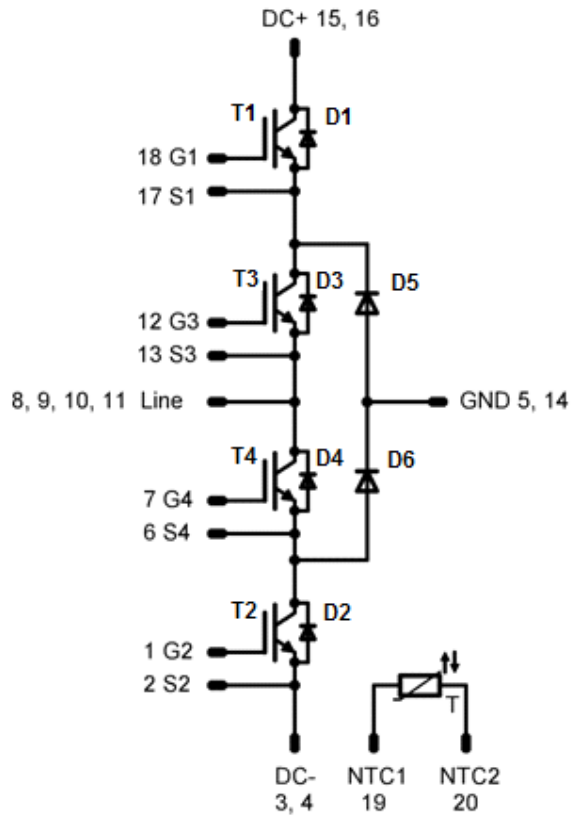


Tolerance of pinpositions: ±0.5mm at the end of pins  
Dimension of coordinate axis is only offset without tolerance



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**Pinout**



**Identification**

ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T1,T2	IGBT	650 V	75 A	Buck Switch	
D5,D6	FWD	650 V	75 A	Buck Diode	
T3,T4	IGBT	650 V	75 A	Out. Boost Switch	
D1,D2	FWD	650 V	75 A	Out. Boost Diode	
D3,D4	FWD	650 V	75 A	Out. Boost Inverse Diode	
T	NTC			Thermistor	



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Packaging instruction					
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ)	135	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ	Sample

Handling instruction	
Handling instructions for <i>flow</i> 0 packages see vincotech.com website.	

Package data	
Package data for <i>flow</i> 0 packages see vincotech.com website.	

Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
10-FZ07NA075SM-P926F58-D1-14	24 Feb. 2016		

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.