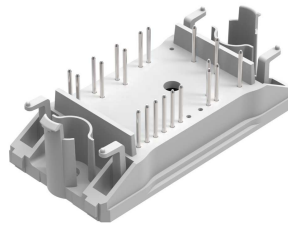
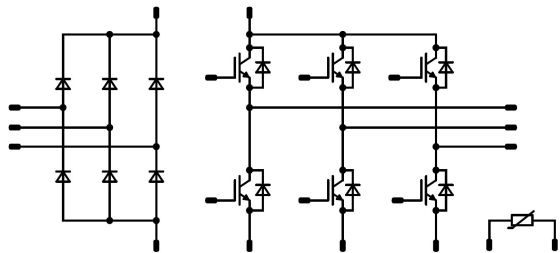




Vincotech

# 10-F012PNA015M7-P840C29

datasheet

flowPIM 0		1200 V / 15 A
<div>Features</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• IGBT M7 with low <math>V_{CEsat}</math> and improved EMC behavior</li><li>• Open emitter configuration</li><li>• Compact and low inductive design</li><li>• Built-in NTC</li></ul>	<div>flow 0 17 mm housing</div> 	
<div>Target applications</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Industrial Drives</li></ul>	<div>Schematic</div> 	
<div>Types</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 10-F012PNA015M7-P840C29</li></ul>		

## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
<b>Inverter Switch</b>				
Collector-emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		1200	V
Collector current	$I_C$		15	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	30	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	60	W
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GES}$		±20	V
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C



Vincotech

## Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
<b>Inverter Diode</b>				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1200	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	$I_F$		15	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$T_j$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	30	A
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	45	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	°C

## Rectifier Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1600	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	$I_F$		25	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	$I_{FSM}$	50 Hz Single Half Sine Wave $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	200	A
Surge current capability	$I^2t$		200	A <sup>2</sup> s
Total power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	44	W
Maximum junction temperature	$T_{jmax}$		150	°C

## Module Properties

### Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	$T_{jop}$		-40...( $T_{jmax} - 25$ )	°C

### Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	$V_{isol}$	DC Test Voltage* $t_p = 2\text{ s}$	6000	V
		AC Voltage $t_p = 1\text{ min}$	2500	V
Creepage distance			min. 12,7	mm
Clearance			min. 12,7	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI		> 200	

\*100 % tested in production



Vincotech

## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
			$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

### Inverter Switch

#### Static

Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$			10	0,0015	25	5,4	6,0	6,6	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CEsat}$		15		15	25 125 150		1,70 1,95 2,01	2,15	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	$I_{CES}$		0	1200		25			60	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0		25			500	nA
Internal gate resistance	$r_g$							none		Ω
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$		0	10		25		2900		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oes}$							120		
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{res}$							34		
Gate charge	$Q_g$		15	600	15	25		110		nC

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4 \text{ W/mK}$ (PSX)						1,60		K/W
-------------------------------------	---------------	---	--	--	--	--	--	------	--	-----

#### Dynamic

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{gon} = 32 \Omega$ $R_{goff} = 32 \Omega$	$\pm 15$	600	15	25 150		176 174		ns
Rise time	$t_r$					25 150		43 48		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25 150		191 218		
Fall time	$t_f$					25 150		119 127		
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	$E_{on}$	$Q_{rFWD} = 1,5 \mu\text{C}$ $Q_{rFWD} = 2,6 \mu\text{C}$				25 150		1,548 2,008		mWs
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	$E_{off}$					25 150		0,925 1,322		



Vincotech

## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]		Min	Typ	Max	

### Inverter Diode

#### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$			15	25 125 150			1,63 1,74 1,73	2,1	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$			1200	25				30	μA

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4 \text{ W/mK}$ (PSX)						2,11		K/W
-------------------------------------	---------------	---	--	--	--	--	--	------	--	-----

#### Dynamic

Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$	$di/dt = 293 \text{ A/}\mu\text{s}$ $di/dt = 244 \text{ A/}\mu\text{s}$	$\pm 15$	600	15	25 150		11 12		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					25 150		265 423		ns
Recovered charge	$Q_r$					25 150		1,549 2,592		μC
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$					25 150		0,488 0,938		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rt}/dt)_{max}$					25 150		92 52		A/μs

### Rectifier Diode

#### Static

Forward voltage	$V_F$			25	25 125			1,22 1,21		V
Reverse leakage current	$I_R$			1600	25				50	μA

#### Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 3,4 \text{ W/mK}$ (PSX)						1,59		K/W
-------------------------------------	---------------	---	--	--	--	--	--	------	--	-----



Vincotech

**10-F012PNA015M7-P840C29**  
datasheet

## Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
			$V_{GE}$ [V] $V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V] $V_F$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_D$ [A] $I_F$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

### Thermistor

Rated resistance	$R$					25		22		kΩ
Deviation of $R_{100}$	$\Delta_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 1484 \Omega$				100	-5		5	%
Power dissipation	$P$					25		5		mW
Power dissipation constant						25		1,5		mW/K
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. $\pm 1$ %				25		3962		K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. $\pm 1$ %				25		4000		K
Vincotech NTC Reference									I	



Vincotech

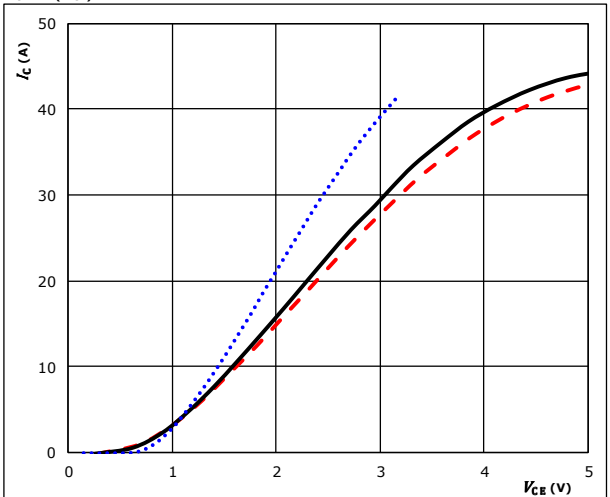
10-F012PNA015M7-P840C29  
datasheet

## Inverter Switch Characteristics

figure 1. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

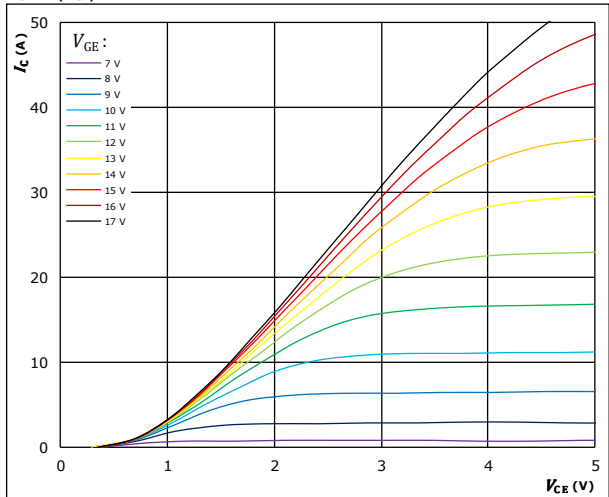


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$   
 $T_j: 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$  (dotted blue line)  
 $125 \text{ } ^\circ C$  (solid black line)  
 $150 \text{ } ^\circ C$  (dashed red line)

figure 2. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

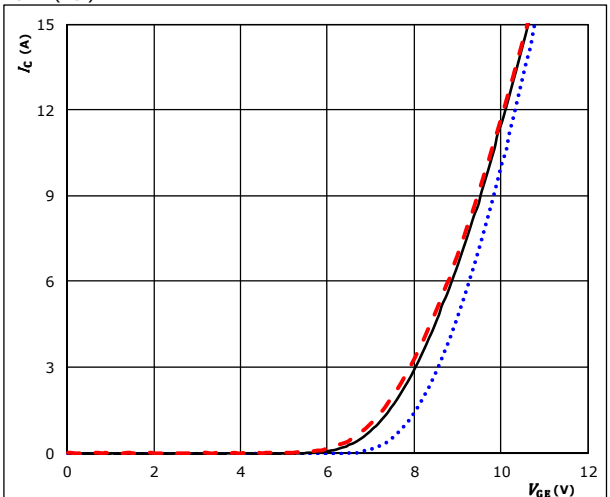


$t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ C$   
 $V_{GE}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 3. IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

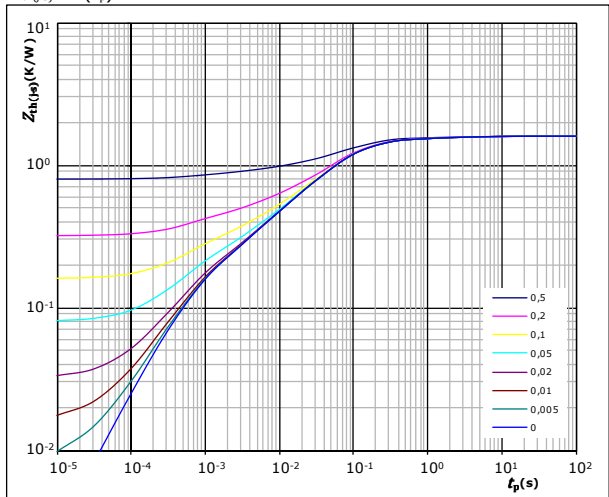


$t_p = 100 \mu s$   
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$   
 $T_j: 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$  (dotted blue line)  
 $125 \text{ } ^\circ C$  (solid black line)  
 $150 \text{ } ^\circ C$  (dashed red line)

figure 4. IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as function of pulse duration

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,60 \text{ K/W}$   
IGBT thermal model values  

$R \text{ (K/W)}$	$\tau \text{ (s)}$
4,90E-02	4,40E+00
1,40E-01	5,34E-01
8,04E-01	8,02E-02
2,98E-01	2,57E-02
1,69E-01	5,09E-03
1,35E-01	6,41E-04

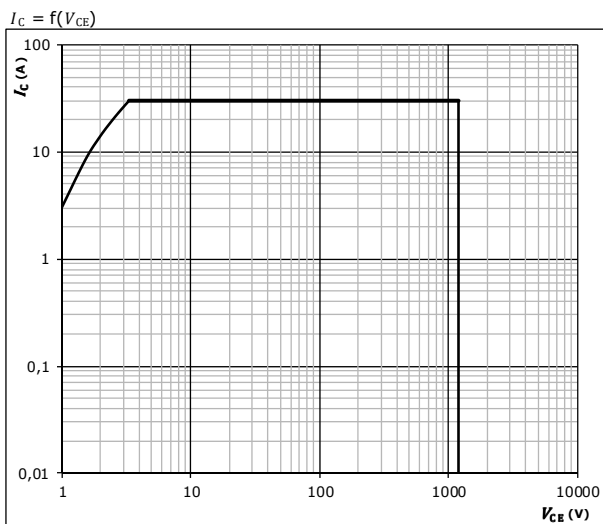


Vincotech

## Inverter Switch Characteristics

**figure 5.** IGBT

Safe operating area



$D =$  single pulse  
 $T_s =$  80 °C  
 $V_{GE} =$  ±15 V  
 $T_j =$   $T_{jmax}$



Inverter Diode Characteristics

figure 1. FWD

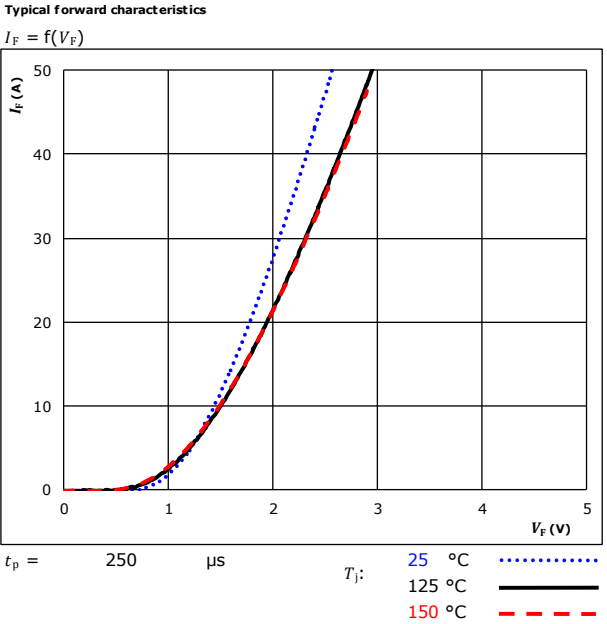
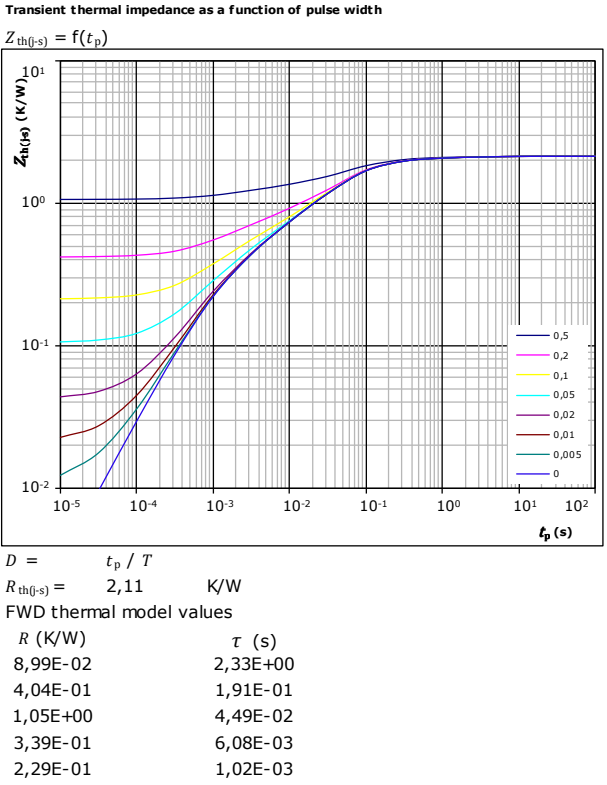


figure 2. FWD







Rectifier Diode Characteristics

figure 1. Rectifier Diode

Typical forward characteristics

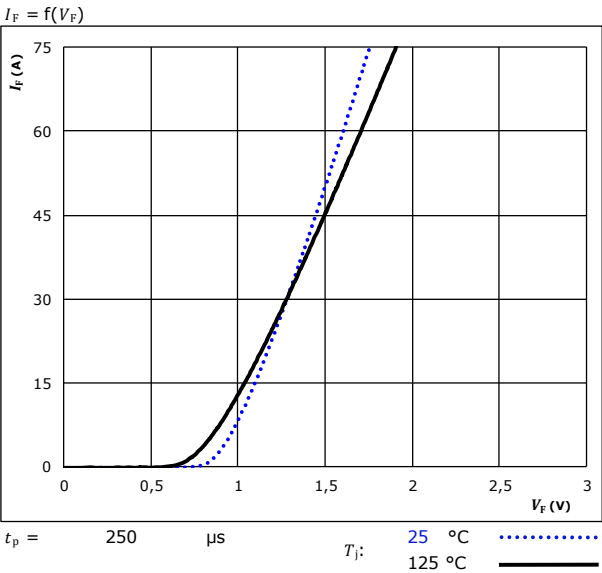
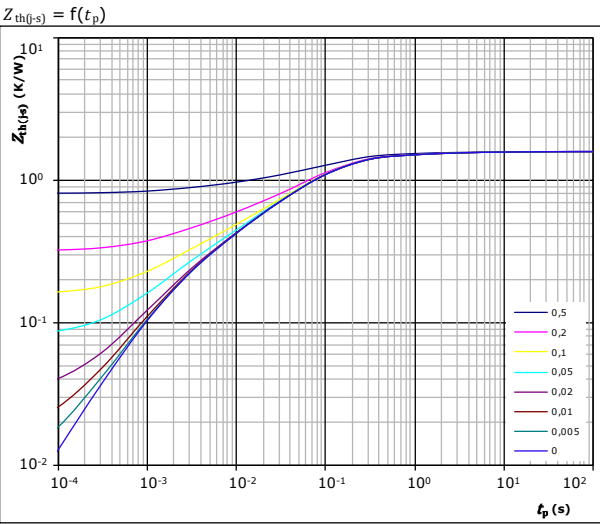


figure 2. Rectifier Diode

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width



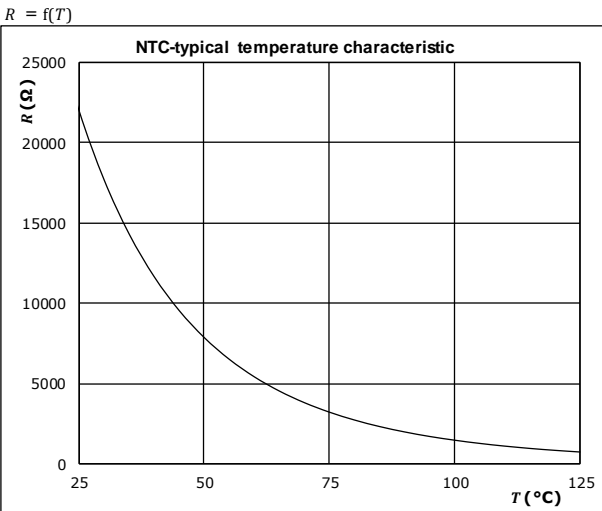
$D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,59 \text{ K/W}$   
Diode thermal model values

$R \text{ (K/W)}$	$\tau \text{ (s)}$
3,44E-02	9,66E+00
1,12E-01	1,22E+00
5,81E-01	1,45E-01
4,89E-01	5,05E-02
2,38E-01	9,26E-03
1,22E-01	1,79E-03
1,81E-02	7,88E-04

Thermistor Characteristics

figure 1. Thermistor

Typical NTC characteristic as a function of temperature





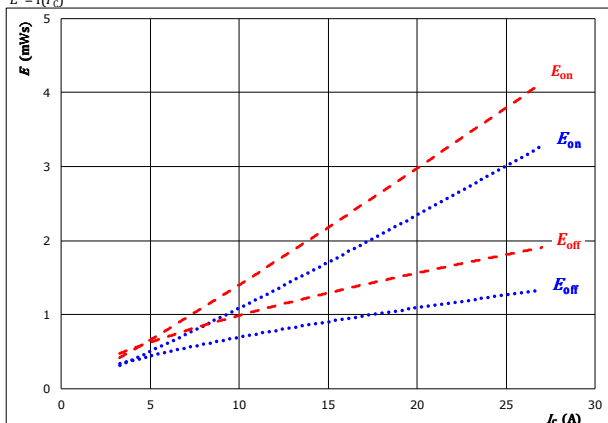
Vincotech

## Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 1. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

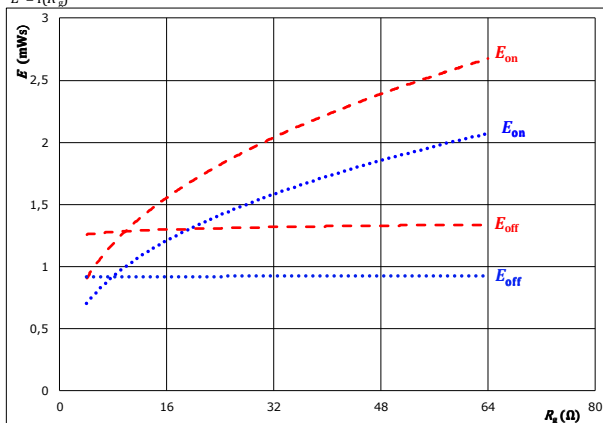
$V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 32$   $\Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 32$   $\Omega$

$T_j$ : 25 °C .....  
150 °C - - - -

figure 2. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

$$E = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

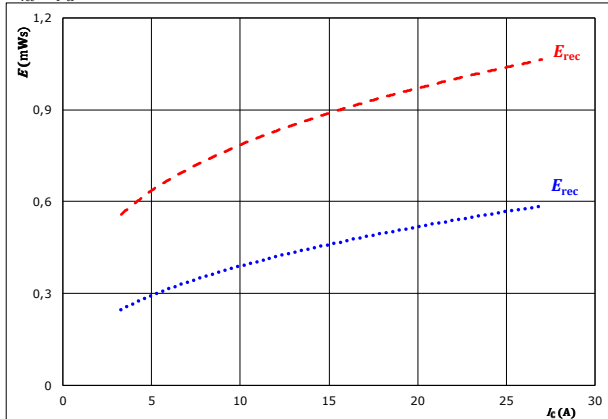
$V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 15$  A

$T_j$ : 25 °C .....  
150 °C - - - -

figure 3. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_c)$$



With an inductive load at

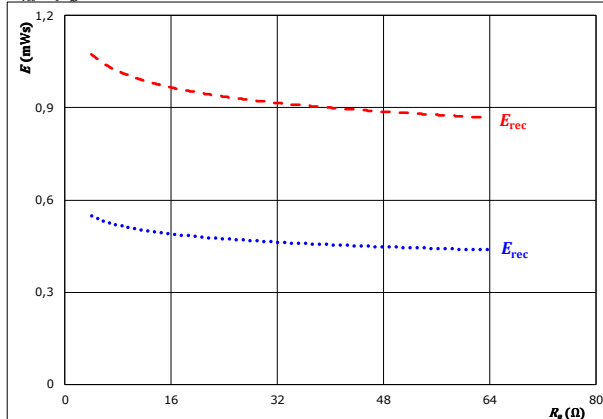
$V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 32$   $\Omega$

$T_j$ : 25 °C .....  
150 °C - - - -

figure 4. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(R_g)$$



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_c = 15$  A

$T_j$ : 25 °C .....  
150 °C - - - -



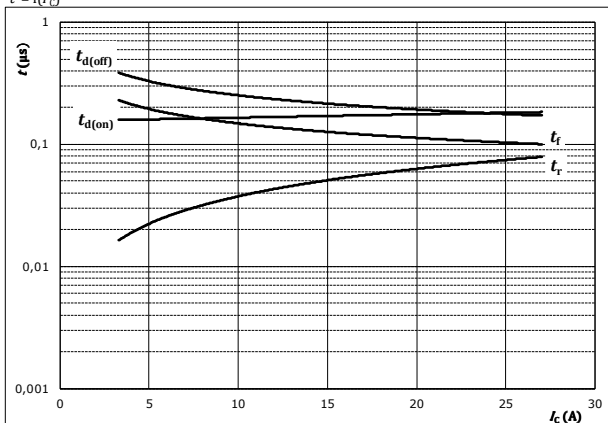
Vincotech

## Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_C)$$



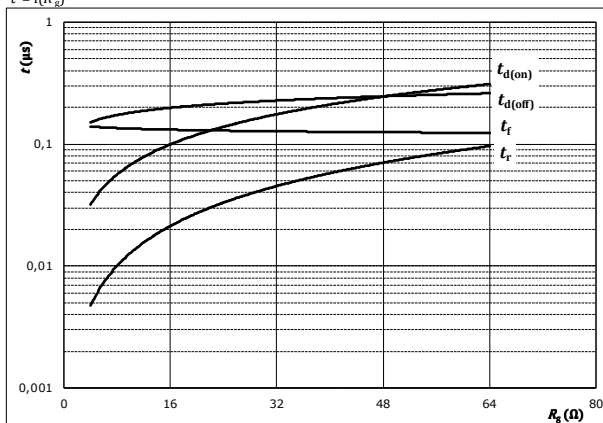
With an inductive load at

$T_J =$	150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	600	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{g(on)} =$	32	Ω
$R_{g(off)} =$	32	Ω

figure 6. IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(R_g)$$



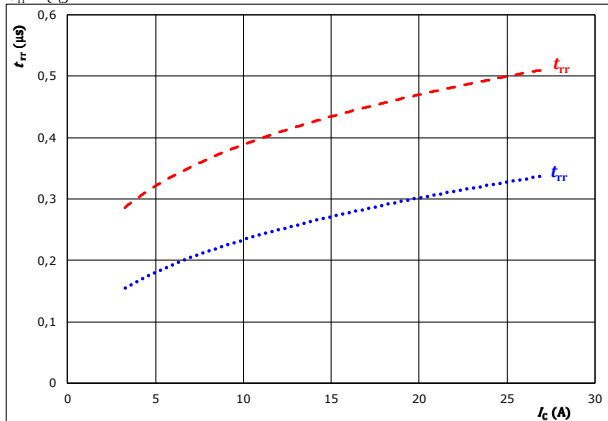
With an inductive load at

$T_J =$	150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	600	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$I_C =$	15	A

figure 7. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$$

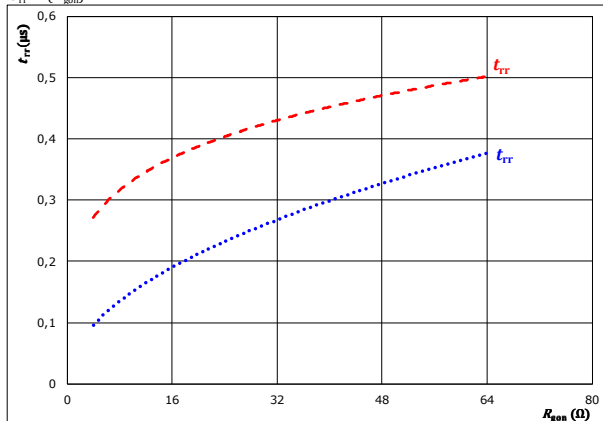


At	$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_J:$	25 °C	.....
	$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		150 °C	-----
	$R_{g(on)} =$	32	Ω			

figure 8. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{g(on)})$$



At	$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_J:$	25 °C	.....
	$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		150 °C	-----
	$I_C =$	15	A			



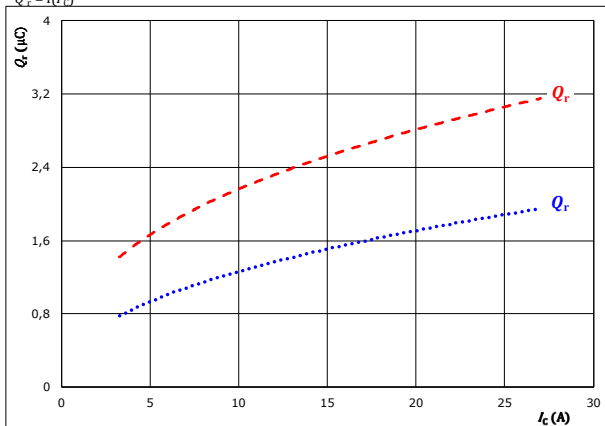
Vincotech

## Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 9. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_C)$$

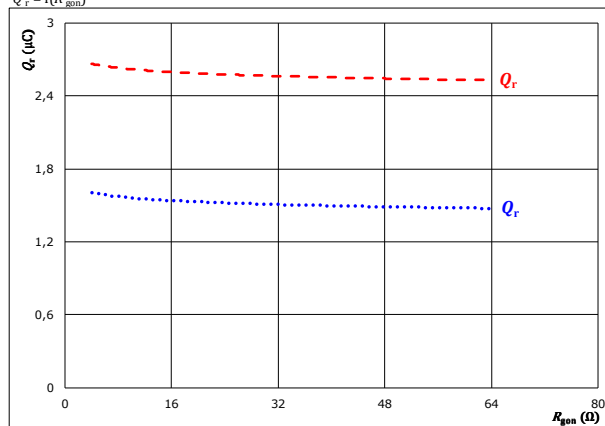


At  $V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{g0} = 32$  Ω  
 $T_j: 25$  °C (blue dotted line)  
 $150$  °C (red dashed line)

figure 10. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{g0})$$

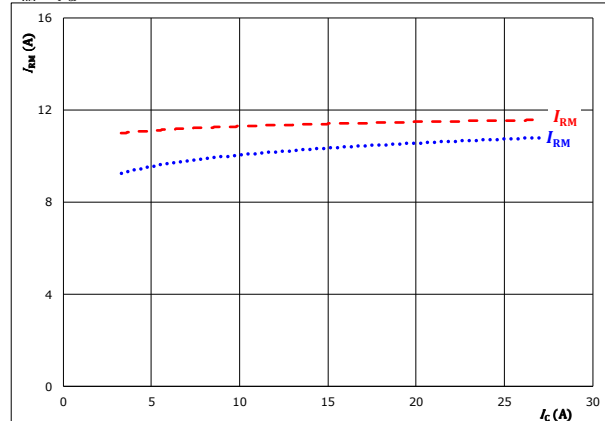


At  $V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_C = 15$  A  
 $T_j: 25$  °C (blue dotted line)  
 $150$  °C (red dashed line)

figure 11. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_C)$$

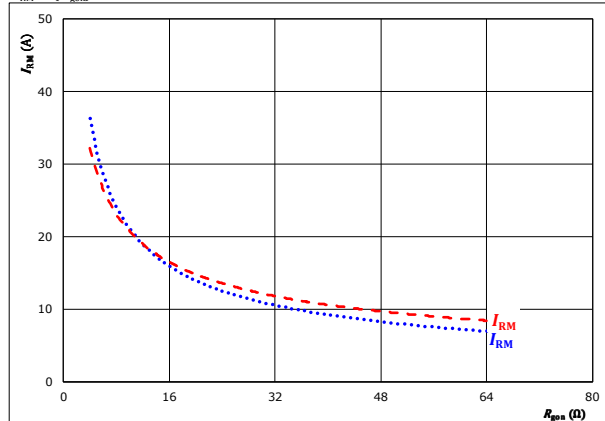


At  $V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{g0} = 32$  Ω  
 $T_j: 25$  °C (blue dotted line)  
 $150$  °C (red dashed line)

figure 12. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{g0})$$



At  $V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_C = 15$  A  
 $T_j: 25$  °C (blue dotted line)  
 $150$  °C (red dashed line)



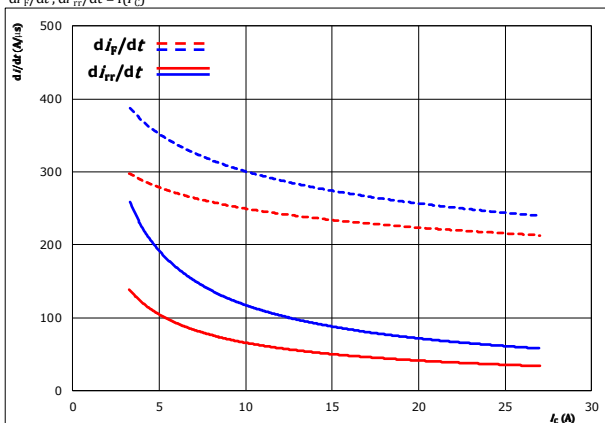
Vincotech

10-F012PNA015M7-P840C29  
datasheet

## Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 13. FWD

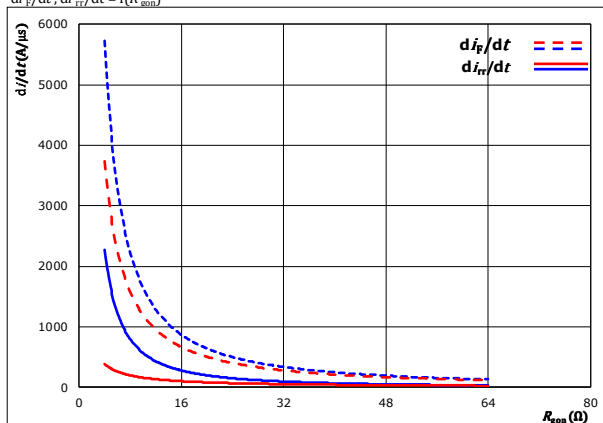
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_C)$



At  $V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $R_{gon} = 32$   $\Omega$   
 $T_j = 25$  °C (solid blue line)  
 $T_j = 150$  °C (dashed red line)

figure 14. FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor  
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{gon})$

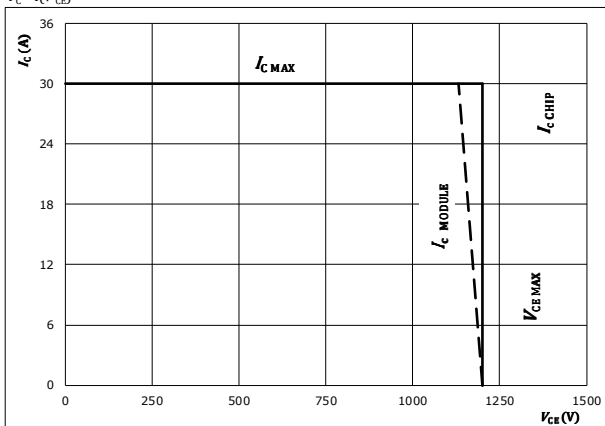


At  $V_{CE} = 600$  V  
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$  V  
 $I_C = 15$  A  
 $T_j = 25$  °C (solid blue line)  
 $T_j = 150$  °C (dashed red line)

figure 15. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



At  $T_j = 175$  °C  
 $R_{gon} = 32$   $\Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 32$   $\Omega$



Vincotech

10-F012PNA015M7-P840C29  
datasheet

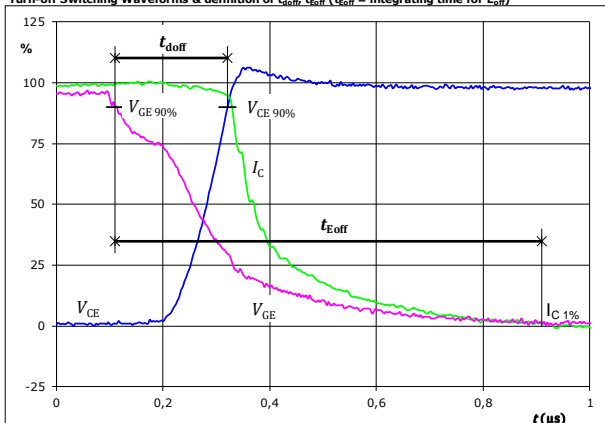
## Inverter Switching Definitions

### General conditions

$T_j$	=	150 °C
$R_{gon}$	=	32 $\Omega$
$R_{goff}$	=	32 $\Omega$

figure 1. IGBT

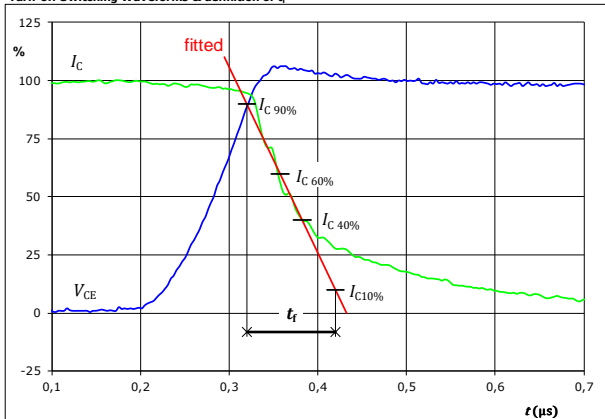
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$ ,  $t_{Eoff}$  ( $t_{Eoff}$  = integrating time for  $E_{off}$ )



$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	600	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	15	A
$t_{doff} =$	0,218	$\mu s$
$t_{Eoff} =$	0,800	$\mu s$

figure 3. IGBT

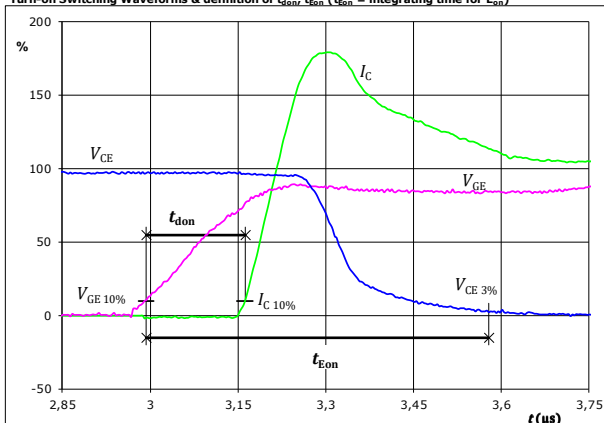
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$



$V_C(100\%) =$	600	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	15	A
$t_r =$	0,127	$\mu s$

figure 2. IGBT

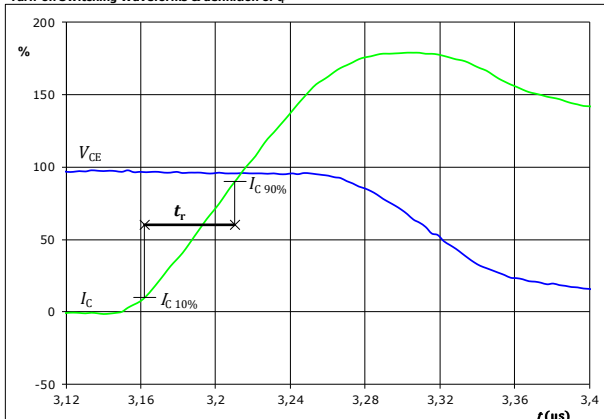
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{donr}$ ,  $t_{Eon}$  ( $t_{Eon}$  = integrating time for  $E_{on}$ )



$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	600	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	15	A
$t_{don} =$	0,174	$\mu s$
$t_{Eon} =$	0,586	$\mu s$

figure 4. IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$



$V_C(100\%) =$	600	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	15	A
$t_r =$	0,048	$\mu s$



Vincotech

# 10-F012PNA015M7-P840C29 datasheet

## Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT

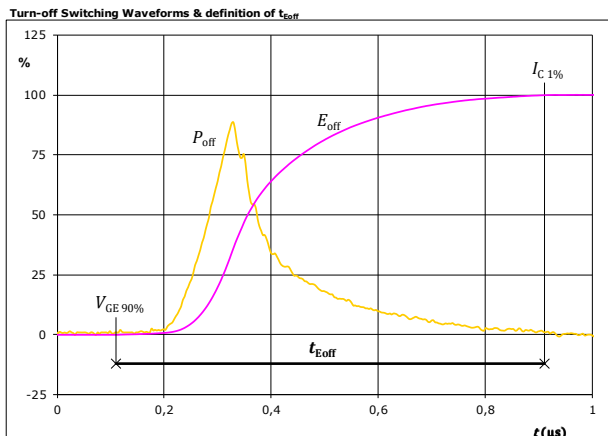


figure 6. IGBT

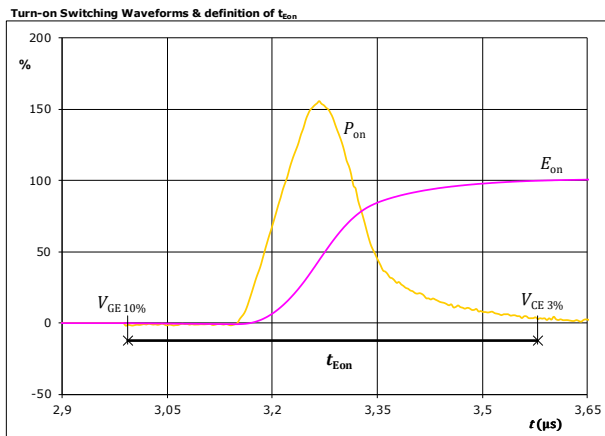
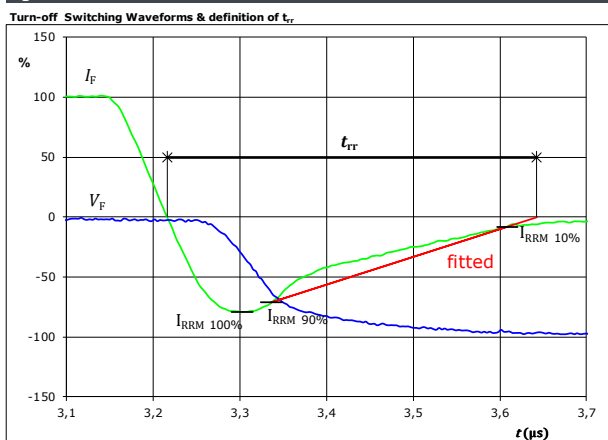


figure 7. FWD

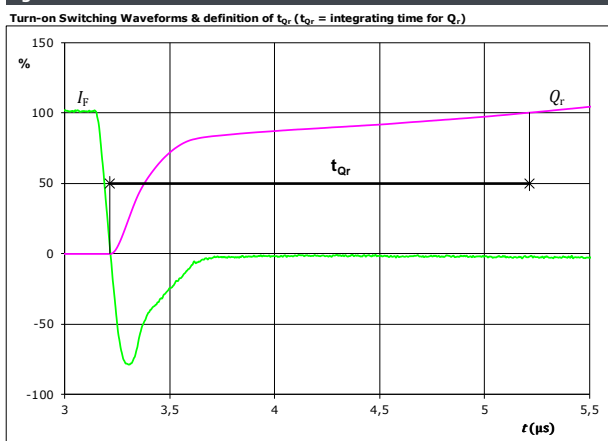




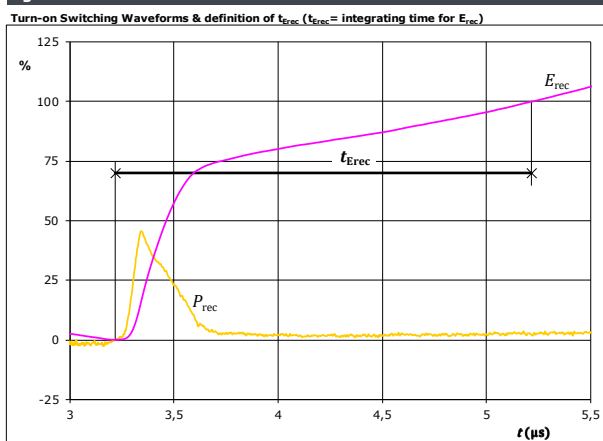
Vincotech

## Inverter Switching Characteristics

**figure 8.** FWD



**figure 9.** FWD








# 10-F012PNA015M7-P840C29

datasheet

Vincotech

Ordering Code & Marking								
Version				Ordering Code				
without thermal paste 17 mm housing with solder pins				10-F012PNA015M7-P840C29				
<div>NN-NNNNNNNNNNNNNN TTTTTIV WWYY UL VIN LLLLL SSSS</div> 		Text	Name		Date code	UL & VIN	Lot	Serial
			NN-NNNNNNNNNNNNN-TTTTTTV		WWYY	UL VIN	LLLLL	SSSS
		Datamatrix	Type&Ver	Lot number	Serial	Date code		
			TTTTTIV	LLLLL	SSSS	WWYY		

# Outline

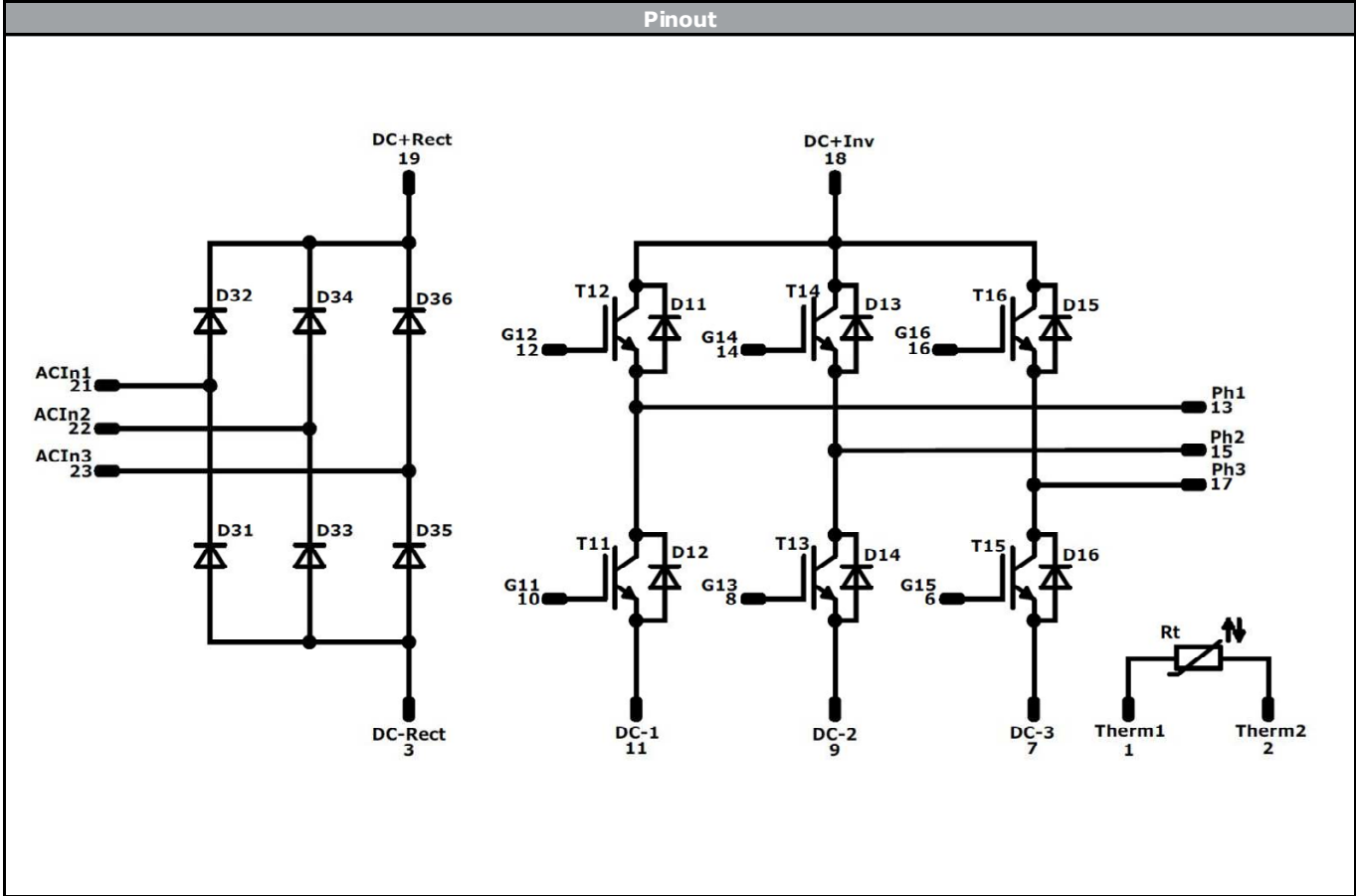
Pin table

Pin	X	Y	Function
1	25,5	2,7	Therm1
2	25,5	0	Therm2
3	22,8	0	DC-Rect
4	Not assembled		
5	Not assembled		
6	13,5	0	G15
7	10,8	0	DC-3
8	8,1	0	G13
9	5,4	0	DC-2
10	2,7	0	G11
11	0	0	DC-1
12	0	19,8	G12
13	0	22,5	Ph1
14	7,5	19,8	G14
15	7,5	22,5	Ph2
16	15	19,8	G16
17	15	22,5	Ph3
18	22,8	22,5	DC+Inv
19	25,5	22,5	DC+Rect
20	Not assembled		
21	33,5	15	ACIn1
22	33,5	7,5	ACIn2
23	33,5	0	ACIn3

Tolerance of pinpositions:  $\pm 0.5$ mm at the end of pins  
Dimension of coordinate axis is only offset without tolerance



Vincotech



Identification					
ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T11, T12, T13, T14, T15, T16	IGBT	1200 V	15 A	Inverter Switch	
D11, D12, D13, D14, D15, D16	FWD	1200 V	15 A	Inverter Diode	
D31, D32, D33, D34, D35, D36	Rectifier	1600 V	25 A	Rectifier Diode	
Rt	Thermistor			Thermistor	




Vincotech

**10-F012PNA015M7-P840C29**  
datasheet

Packaging instruction			
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 135	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ Sample

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for <i>flow 0</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for <i>flow 0</i> packages see vincotech.com website.

UL recognition and file number
This device is certified according to UL 1557 standard, UL file number E192116. For more information see vincotech.com website. 

Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
10-F012PNA015M7-P840C29-D1-14	26 Jul. 2018	Initial release	

**DISCLAIMER**

The information, specifications, procedures, methods and recommendations herein (together "information") are presented by Vincotech to reader in good faith, are believed to be accurate and reliable, but may well be incomplete and/or not applicable to all conditions or situations that may exist or occur. Vincotech reserves the right to make any changes without further notice to any products to improve reliability, function or design. No representation, guarantee or warranty is made to reader as to the accuracy, reliability or completeness of said information or that the application or use of any of the same will avoid hazards, accidents, losses, damages or injury of any kind to persons or property or that the same will not infringe third parties rights or give desired results. It is reader's sole responsibility to test and determine the suitability of the information and the product for reader's intended use.

**LIFE SUPPORT POLICY**

Vincotech products are not authorised for use as critical components in life support devices or systems without the express written approval of Vincotech.

As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, or (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in labelling can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.
2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.