



<i>flow</i> IPM 1B	600 V / 10 A											
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Schematic												

### Maximum Ratings

$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
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#### Input Rectifier Diode

Repetitive peak reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$		1600	V	
DC forward current	$I_{FAV}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$	$T_s = 80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c = 80^{\circ}\text{C}$	13 14	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	$I_{FSM}$	$t_p = 10\text{ ms}$	$T_j = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	130	A
$I^2t$ -value	$I^2t$	50 Hz half sine wave		80	$\text{A}^2\text{s}$
Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$	$T_s = 80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c = 80^{\circ}\text{C}$	15 23	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$			150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

#### PFC IGBT

Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{CE}$			650	V
DC collector current	$I_c$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$	$T_s = 80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c = 80^{\circ}\text{C}$	12 14	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$		90	A
Turn off safe operating area		$V_{CE} \leq 650\text{ V}, T_j \leq T_{op\ max}$		90	A
Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$	$T_s = 80^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_c = 80^{\circ}\text{C}$	19 29	W
Gate-emitter peak voltage	$V_{GE}$			$\pm 20$	V
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$			175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$



## Maximum Ratings

 $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
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### PFC Inverse Diode

Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	$V_{RRM}$		650	V
DC forward current	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c = 80^\circ\text{C}$	5 7	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	12	A
Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c = 80^\circ\text{C}$	10 15	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$

### PFC Diode

Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	$V_{RRM}$		650	V
DC forward current	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c = 80^\circ\text{C}$	10 14	A
Surge forward current	$I_{FSM}$	$t_p = 8,3$ ms	180	A
$I^2t$ -value	$I^2t$	60 Hz half sine wave	130	A
Repetitive peak forward current	$I_{FRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	60	A
Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c = 80^\circ\text{C}$	17 26	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$

### Inverter Transistor

Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{CE}$		600	V
DC collector current	$I_C$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c = 80^\circ\text{C}$	8 10	A
Repetitive peak collector current	$I_{CRM}$	$t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	30	A
Turn off safe operating area		$V_{CE} \leq 600$ V, $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$	20	A
Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c = 80^\circ\text{C}$	16 25	W
Gate-emitter peak voltage	$V_{GE}$		$\pm 20$	V
Short circuit ratings	$t_{SC}$ $V_{CC}$	$T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GE} = 15$ V	5 400	$\mu\text{s}$ V
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$

### Inverter Diode

Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	$V_{RRM}$		600	V
DC forward current	$I_F$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c = 80^\circ\text{C}$	8 10	A
Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c = 80^\circ\text{C}$	14 22	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{jmax}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$



## Maximum Ratings

 $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
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### PFC Shunt

DC forward current	$I_F$	$T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$	10	A
Power dissipation	$P_{\text{tot}}$	$T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$	10	W

### PFC Controller\*

VCC supply voltage	$V_{\text{CC}}$	$V_{\text{CC}}$ common with gate driver IC	26	V
VSENSE voltage	$V_{\text{VSENSE}}$		5,3	V
Vsense Current	$I_{\text{VSENSE}}$		$\pm 1$	mA
FREQ pin voltage	$V_{\text{FREQ}}$		5,3	V
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{\text{jmax}}$		125	$^\circ\text{C}$

\* for more information see infineon's datasheet ICE3PCS02

### DC - Shunt

DC forward current	$I_F$		8	A
Power dissipation	$P_{\text{tot}}$		3,2	W

### DC link Capacitor

Maximum DC voltage	$V_{\text{MAX}}$	$T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$	500	V
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### Gate Driver\*

Supply voltage	$U_{\text{CC}}$		20	V
Input voltage (LIN, HIN, EN)	$U_{\text{IN}}$		10	V
Output voltage (FAULT)	$U_{\text{OUT}}$		$V_{\text{CC}} + 0,5$	V

\* for more information see infineon's datasheet 6ED003L02-F2

### Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	$T_{\text{stg}}$		-40...+125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Operation temperature under switching condition	$T_{\text{op}}$		-40...+( $T_{\text{jmax}} - 25$ )	$^\circ\text{C}$

### Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	$V_{\text{is}}$	$t = 2\text{ s}$ DC voltage	4000	V
Creepage distance			min 12,7	mm
Clearance			min 12,7	mm
Comparative tracking index	CTI		>200	



Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_F$ [V] $V_{CE}$ [V] $V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_C$ [A] $I_F$ [A] $I_D$ [A]	$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	
<b>Input Rectifier Diode</b>										
Forward voltage	$V_F$				7	25 125		1,04 0,97		V
Threshold voltage (for power loss calc. only)	$V_{to}$				7	25 125		0,87 0,74		V
Slope resistance (for power loss calc. only)	$r_t$				7	25 125		25 33		mΩ
Reverse current	$I_r$			1600		25			0,01	mA
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	phase-change material $\lambda = 3,4W/mK$						4,56		K/W

PFC IGBT

Gate emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$			0,0003	25	3,3	4	4,7	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CEsat}$		15		10	25 125		1,28 1,28	1,9	V
Collector-emitter cut-off	$I_{CES}$		0	650		25			0,04	mA
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$U_{cc} = 15 V$	400	10		25		27		ns
Rise time	$t_r$					125		28		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					25		5		
Fall time	$t_f$					125		7		
Turn-on energy loss	$E_{on}$					25		122		
Turn-off energy loss	$E_{off}$	125		154						
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$	$f = 1 MHz$	0	25		25		2		mWs
Output capacitance	$C_{oss}$							2		
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{rss}$							2		
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	phase-change material $\lambda = 3,4W/mK$						4,96		K/W

PFC Inverse Diode

Diode forward voltage	$V_F$				6	25 125	1,23	1,73 1,59	2,15	V
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	phase-change material $\lambda = 3,4W/mK$						9,56		K/W

PFC Diode

Forward voltage	$V_F$				10	25 125		1,64 1,63	2,26	V
Reverse leakage current	$I_{rm}$			650		25			5	μA
Peak recovery current	$I_{RRM}$	$U_{cc} = 15 V$	400	10		25		15		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$					125		19		
Reverse recovery charge	$Q_{rr}$					25		22		
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$					125		36		
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$					25		0,2008		
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	phase-change material $\lambda = 3,4W/mK$						5,48		K/W

PFC Shunt

R1 value	$R$							40		mΩ
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Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit			
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_r$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_c$ [A]	$I_F$ [A]	$I_D$ [A]		$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ
<b>Inverter Transistor</b>													
Gate emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}$				0,00017	25			4,4	5	5,6	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage*	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15			10	25 125			1,7	2,20 2,32	2,95	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current incl. Diode	$I_{CES}$		0	600			25					0,1	mA
Gate-emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$		20	0			25					120	nA
Integrated Gate resistor	$R_{gint}$										none		$\Omega$
Turn-on delay time **	$t_{d(on)}$						25 125				582 631		ns
Rise time	$t_r$						25 125				20 25		
Turn-off delay time **	$t_{d(off)}$						25 125				837 950		
Fall time	$t_f$						25 125				16 22		
Turn-on energy loss	$E_{on}$						25 125				0,1950 0,3241		mWs
Turn-off energy loss	$E_{off}$						25 125				0,1611 0,2042		
Input capacitance	$C_{ies}$										655		pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oss}$	$f = 1$ MHz	0	25			25				37		
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{rss}$										22		
Gate charge	$Q_G$		15	480	10		25				64		nC
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	phase-change material $\lambda = 3,4$ W/mK									5,79		K/W
* chip data													
** including gate driver													
<b>Inverter Diode</b>													
Diode forward voltage	$V_F$					10	25 125			1,5	2,23 2,18	2,85	V
Peak reverse recovery current	$I_{RRM}$						25 125				6 6		A
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$						25 125				179 276		ns
Reverse recovered charge	$Q_{rr}$						25 125				0,3566 0,6738		$\mu$ C
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rr}/dt)_{max}$						25 125				181 46		A/ $\mu$ s
Reverse recovered energy	$E_{rec}$						25 125				0,0867 0,1610		mWs
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	phase-change material $\lambda = 3,4$ W/mK									6,66		K/W
<b>DC - Shunt</b>													
R2 value	$R$						25				25		m $\Omega$
<b>DC link Capacitor</b>													
C Value	$C$										100		nF

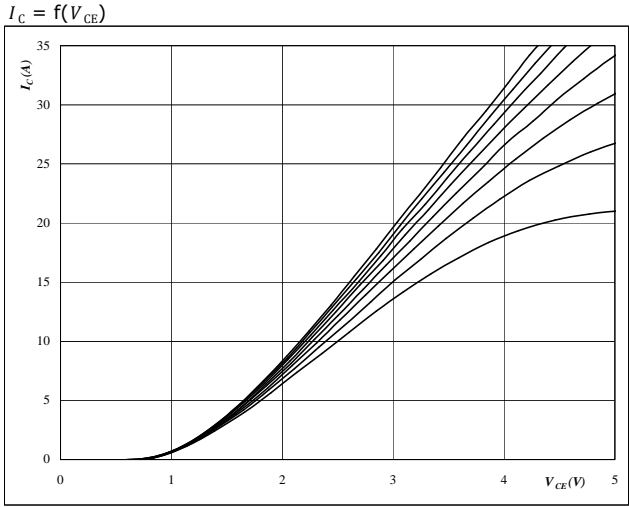
**Characteristic Values**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit									
		$V_{GE}$ [V]	$V_{GS}$ [V]	$V_r$ [V]	$V_{CE}$ [V]	$V_{DS}$ [V]	$I_c$ [A]	$I_F$ [A]	$I_D$ [A]		$T_j$ [°C]	Min	Typ	Max					
<b>Gate Driver</b>																			
Supply voltage	$U_{CC}$									13	15	17,5	V						
Quiescent Vcc supply current	$I_{QCC}$	$U_{LIN} = 0\text{ V}; U_{HIN} = 3,3\text{ V}$										1,3	2	mA					
Input voltage (LIN, HIN, EN)	$U_{IN}$									0		5	V						
Logic "0" input voltage (LIN, HIN)	$U_{IH}$	$U_{CC} = 15\text{ V}$									1,7	2,1		2,4					
Logic "1" input voltage (LIN, HIN)	$U_{IL}$															0,7	0,9	1,1	
Positive going threshold voltage (EN)	$U_{EN,TH+}$															1,9	2,1	2,3	
Negative going threshold voltage (EN)	$U_{EN,TH-}$															1,1	1,3	1,5	
Input clamp voltage (LIN, HIN, EN)	$U_{IN,CLAMP}$						$I_{IN} = 4\text{ mA}$										9	10,3	12
ITRIP positive going threshold	$U_{TR,TH+}$														380	445	510	mV	
Input bias current LIN high	$I_{LIN+}$	$U_{LIN} = 3,3\text{ V}$										70	100	$\mu\text{A}$					
Input bias current LIN low	$I_{LIN-}$	$U_{LIN} = 0\text{ V}$										110	200						
Input bias current HIN high	$I_{HIN+}$	$U_{HIN} = 3,3\text{ V}$										70	100						
Input bias current HIN low	$I_{HIN-}$	$U_{HIN} = 0\text{ V}$										110	120						
Input bias current EN high	$I_{EN+}$	$U_{HIN} = 3,3\text{ V}$										45	120						
Output voltage (FAULT)	$U_{FLT}$									0		$U_{CC}$	V						
Low on resistor of pull down trans. (FAULT)	$R_{ON,FLT}$	$U_{FAULT} = 0,5\text{ V}$										45,0	100	$\Omega$					
Pulse width for ON or OFF	$t_{IN}$										1		$\mu\text{s}$						
Turn-on propagation delay (LIN, HIN)	$t_{ON}$	$U_{LIN/HIN} = 0\text{ V or } 3,3\text{ V}$										400	530	800	ns				
Turn-off propagation delay (LIN, HIN)	$t_{OFF}$																360	490	760
FAULT reset time	$t_{RST}$											4	ms						
Fixed deadtime between high and low side	$t_{DT}$	$U_{LIN/HIN} = 0\text{ V \& } 3,3\text{ V}$										150	310	ns					
<b>PFC Controller</b>																			
VCC turn-on threshold	$V_{CCon}$										11,5	12,0	12,9	V					
VCC turn-off threshold	$V_{CCUVLO}$										10,5	11,0	11,9	V					
Operating current with active GATE	$I_{CCHG}$	$C_L = 1\text{ nF}$										6,4	8,5	mA					
Operating current during standby	$I_{CCsby}$										3,5	4,7	mA						
PFC switching frequency	$F_{SWnom}$	Set with an internal resistor $R_{FREQ} = 220\text{ k}\Omega^*$										20		kHz					
DC link voltage	DC2+	Set with an internal resistor divider**										339	350	361	V				
DC link threshold (OVP1) low to high	$V_{OVP1L2H}$	relative to output voltage OVP1 values varies with external resistor Feedback voltage $V_{Dlim}/130$ can be measured at VSENSE pin											108		%				
DC link threshold (OVP1) high to low	$V_{OVP1H2L}$																100		%
Blanking time for OVP1	$t_{OVP1}$																12		$\mu\text{s}$
DC link threshold (OVP1) hysteresis	$V_{OVP1,HYS}$											6	8	11	%				
DC link threshold (OVP2) low to high	$V_{OVP2L2H}$	relative to OVP2											428	443	460	V			
DC link threshold (OVP2) high to low	$V_{OVP2H2L}$																92		%
Blanking time for OVP2	$t_{OVP2}$											12		$\mu\text{s}$					
*switching frequency is settable by an external resistor between pins 32 (see figure 1 for values) **DC link voltage is settable by an external resistor between pins 32 (see figure 2 for values)																			
<b>Thermistor</b>																			
Rated resistance	$R$									25		22000		$\Omega$					
Deviation of $R_{100}$	$\Delta R/R$	$R_{100} = 1486\ \Omega$									100	-12	12	%					
Power dissipation	$P$									25		200		mW					
Power dissipation constant										25		2		mW/K					
B-value	$B_{(25/50)}$	Tol. $\pm 3\%$									25		3950	K					
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. $\pm 3\%$									25		3998	K					
Vincotech NTC Reference														B					



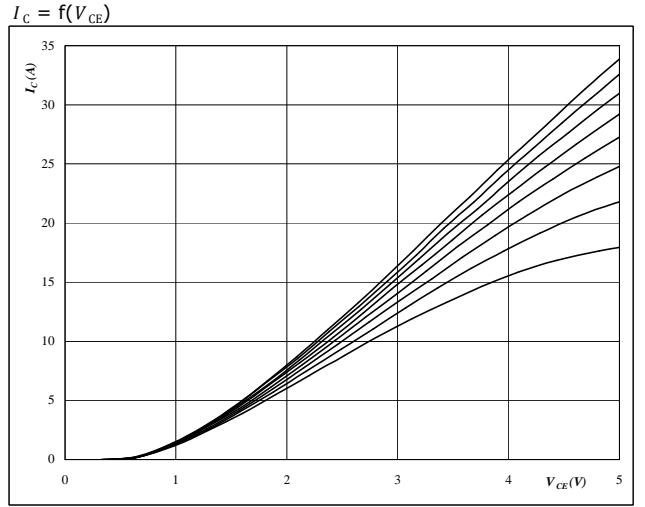
### Output Inverter

**Figure 1** Output inverter IGBT  
**Typical output characteristics**



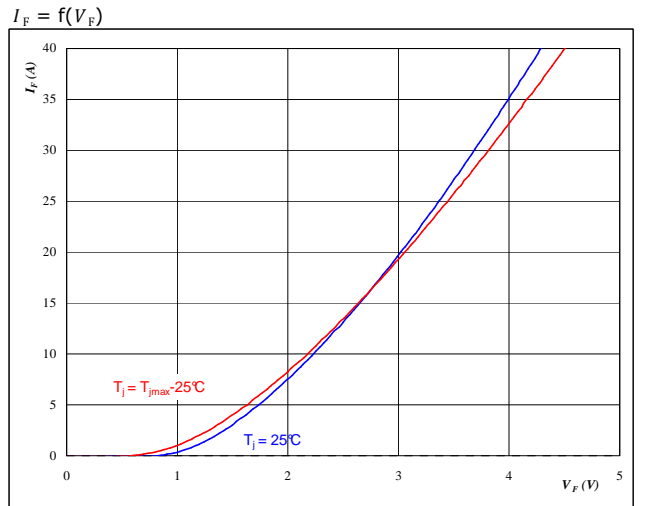
**At**  
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ C$   
 $U_{CC}$  from 10 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

**Figure 2** Output inverter IGBT  
**Typical output characteristics**



**At**  
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 125 \text{ }^\circ C$   
 $U_{CC}$  from 10 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

**Figure 3** Output inverter FWD  
**Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage**



**At**  
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$

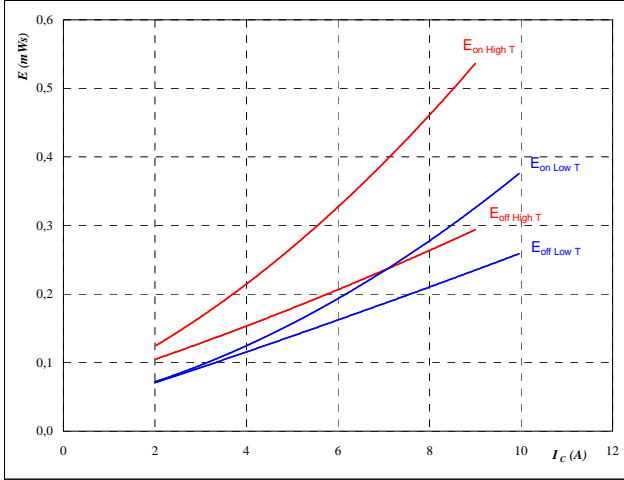


### Output Inverter

**Figure 4** Output inverter IGBT

**Typical switching energy losses  
as a function of collector current**

$E = f(I_C)$



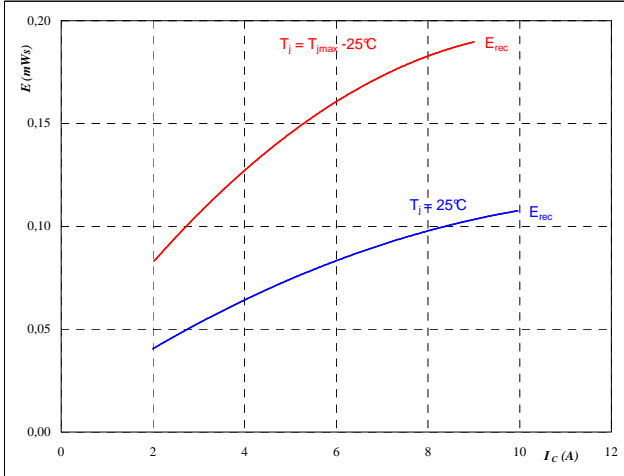
With an inductive load at

- $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
- $U_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}$

**Figure 5** Output inverter FWD

**Typical reverse recovery energy loss  
as a function of collector current**

$E_{rec} = f(I_C)$



With an inductive load at

- $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
- $U_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}$



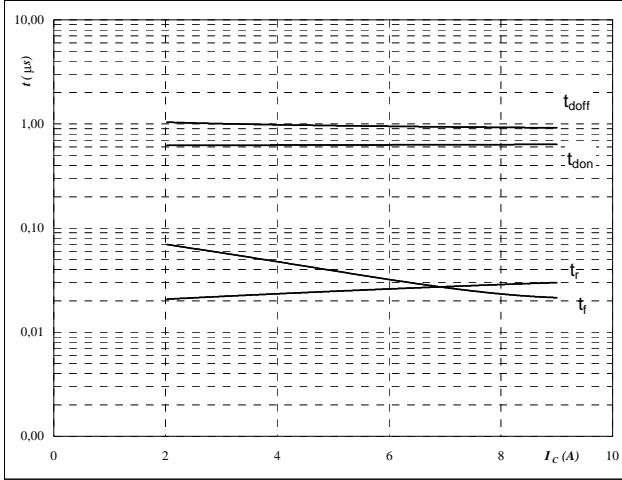


### Output Inverter

**Figure 6** Output inverter IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$t = f(I_C)$



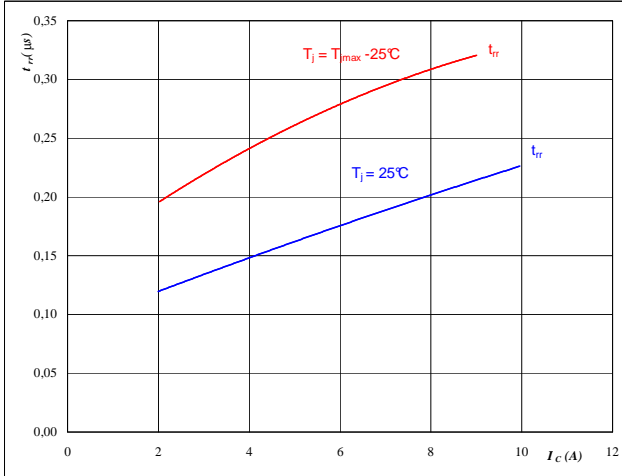
With an inductive load at

- $T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
- $U_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}$

**Figure 7** Output inverter FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$



At

- $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
- $U_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}$

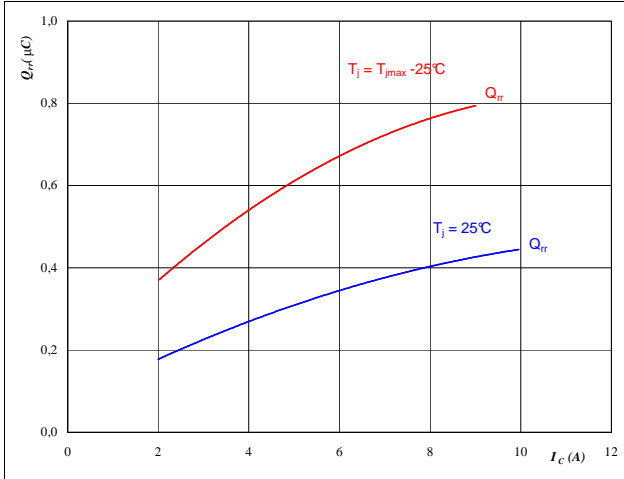


### Output Inverter

**Figure 8** Output inverter FWD

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_{rr} = f(I_C)$$



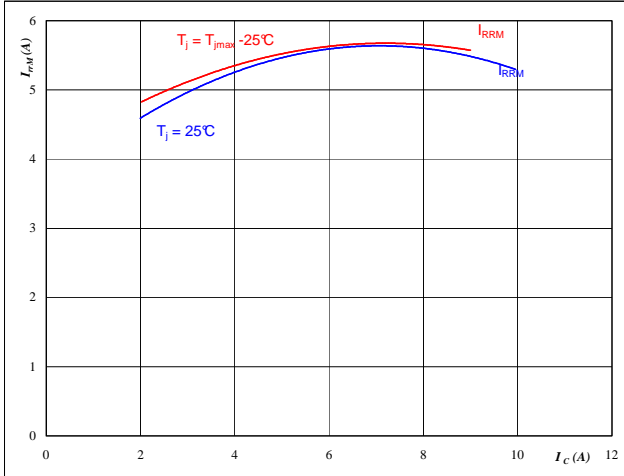
**At**

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$   
 $U_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}$

**Figure 9** Output inverter FWD

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RRM} = f(I_C)$$



**At**

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$   
 $U_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}$

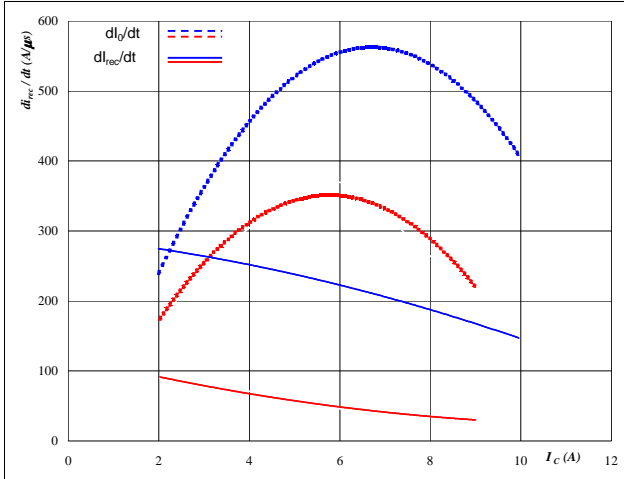


### Output Inverter

**Figure 10** Output inverter FWD

**Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current**

$$dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(I_C)$$

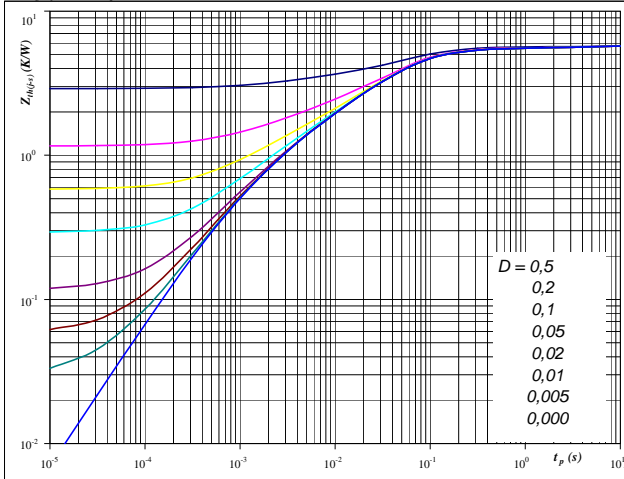


**At**  
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$   
 $U_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}$

**Figure 11** Output inverter IGBT

**IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width**

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



**At**  
 $D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 5,79 \text{ K/W}$

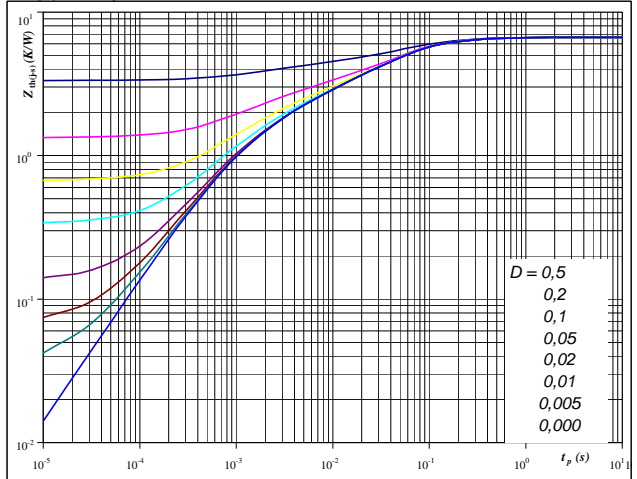
IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	Tau (s)
0,30	6,6E+00
0,61	2,1E-01
3,21	4,9E-02
0,84	1,0E-02
0,56	2,9E-03
0,26	7,4E-04

**Figure 12** Output inverter FWD

**FWD transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width**

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



**At**  
 $D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 6,66 \text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	Tau (s)
0,62	3,1E-01
3,07	5,4E-02
0,76	2,3E-02
1,19	4,7E-03
0,95	9,8E-04
0,08	7,5E-04

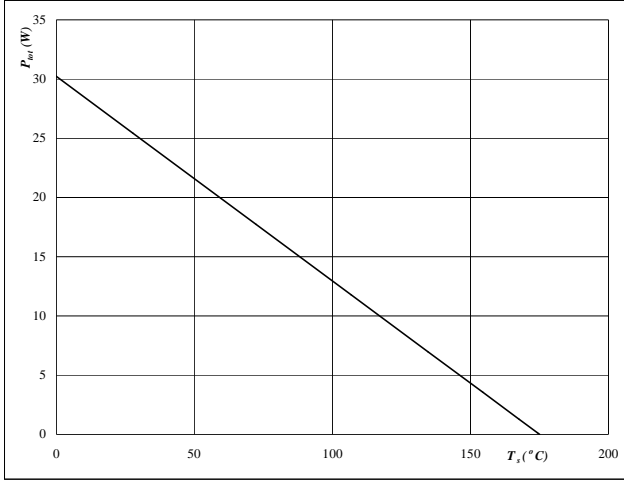


### Output Inverter

**Figure 13** Output inverter IGBT

**Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature**

$$P_{tot} = f(T_s)$$

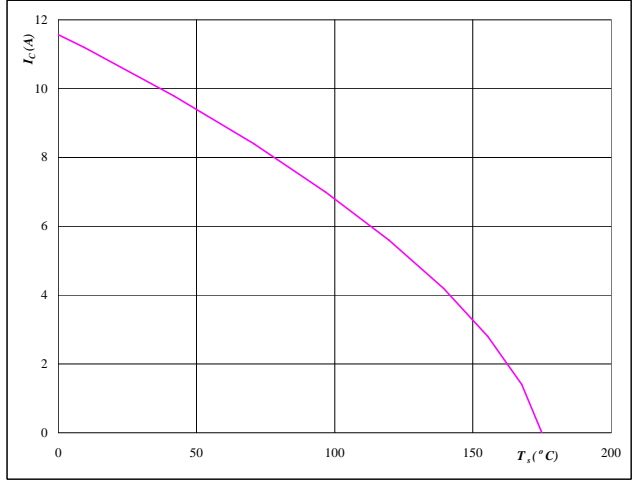


**At**  
T<sub>j</sub> = 175 °C

**Figure 14** Output inverter IGBT

**Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature**

$$I_C = f(T_s)$$

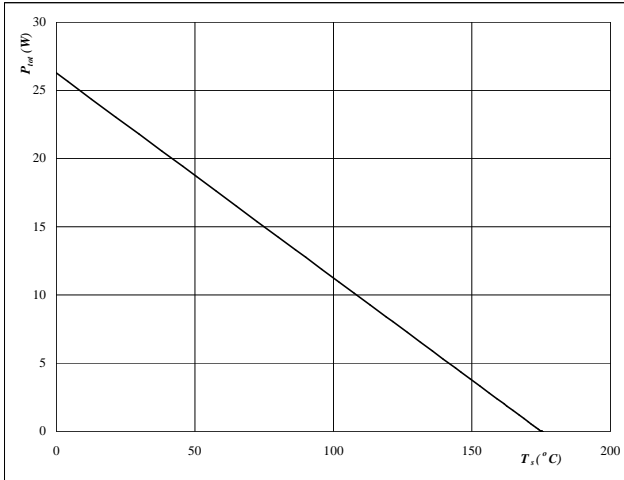


**At**  
T<sub>j</sub> = 175 °C  
U<sub>CC</sub> = 15 V

**Figure 15** Output inverter FWD

**Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature**

$$P_{tot} = f(T_s)$$

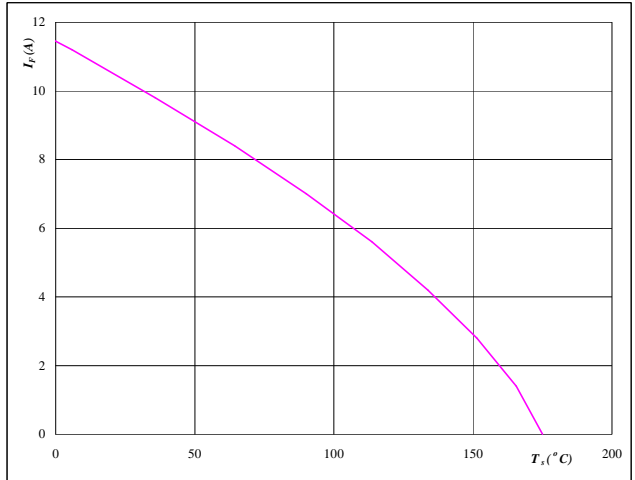


**At**  
T<sub>j</sub> = 175 °C

**Figure 16** Output inverter FWD

**Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature**

$$I_F = f(T_s)$$



**At**  
T<sub>j</sub> = 175 °C

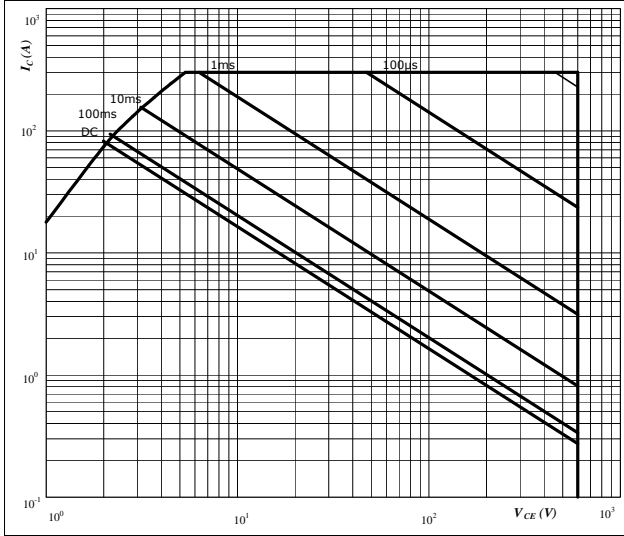


### Output Inverter

**Figure 17** Output inverter IGBT

Safe operating area as a function of collector-emitter voltage

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



At

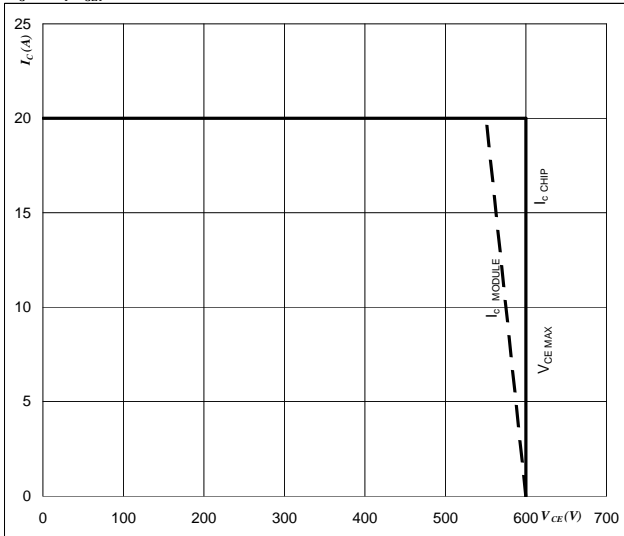
$$T_j \leq T_{jmax}$$

$$U_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}$$

**Figure 18** Output inverter IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



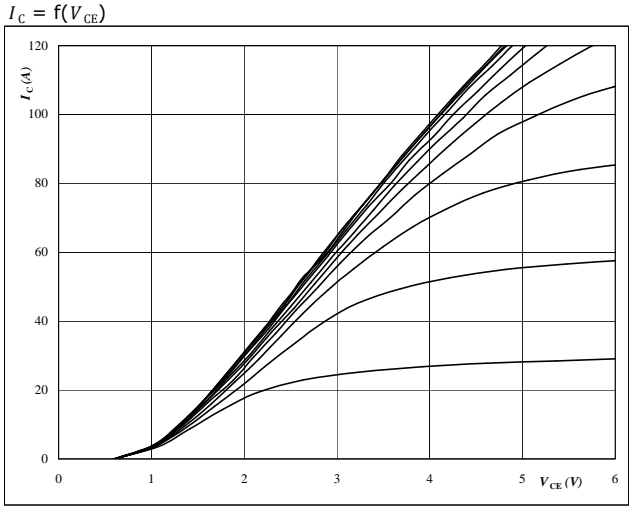
At

$$T_j = T_{jmax} - 25 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$



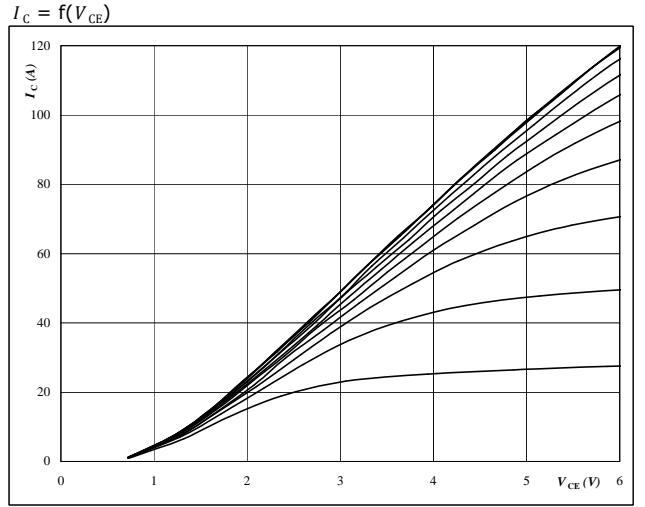
PFC

**Figure 1** PFC IGBT  
**Typical output characteristics**



**At**  
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$   
 $U_{CC}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

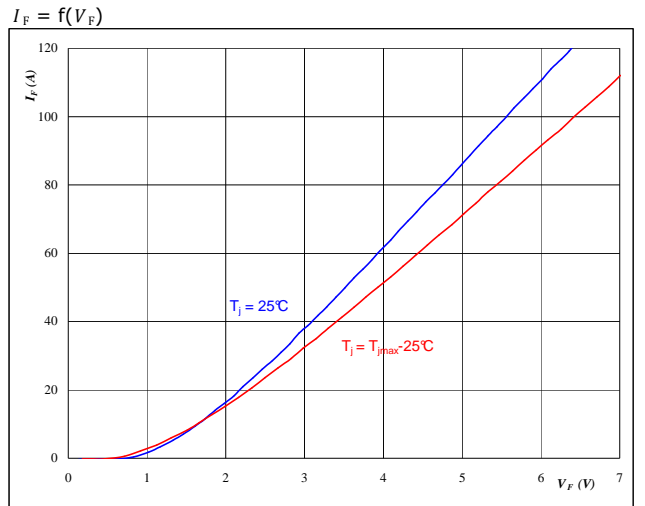
**Figure 2** PFC IGBT  
**Typical output characteristics**



**At**  
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$   
 $T_j = 125 \text{ } ^\circ C$   
 $U_{CC}$  from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

**Figure 3** PFC FWD

**Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage**



**At**  
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$

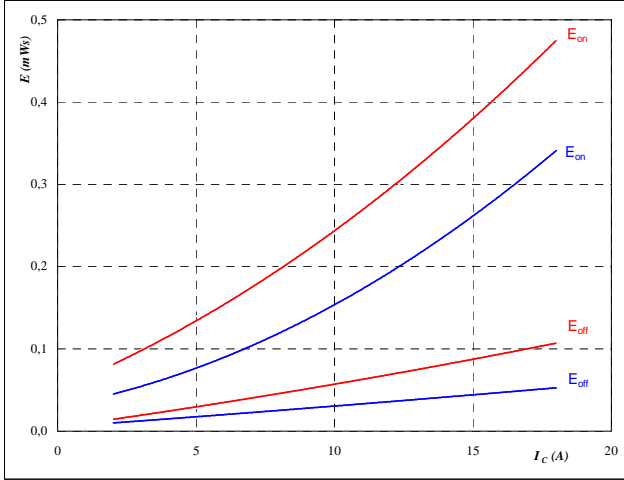


PFC

Figure 4 PFC IGBT

Typical switching energy losses  
as a function of collector current

$E = f(I_c)$



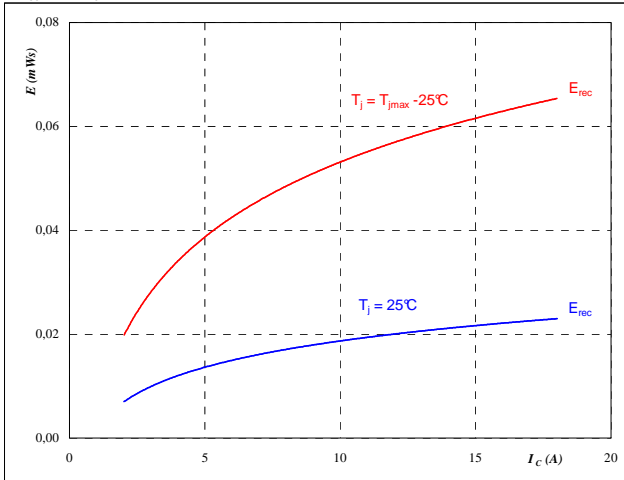
With an inductive load at

- $T_j = 25/125$  °C
- $V_{CE} = 400$  V
- $U_{CC} = 15$  V

Figure 5 PFC IGBT

Typical reverse recovery energy loss  
as a function of collector current

$E_{rec} = f(I_c)$



With an inductive load at

- $T_j = 25/125$  °C
- $V_{CE} = 400$  V
- $U_{CC} = 15$  V

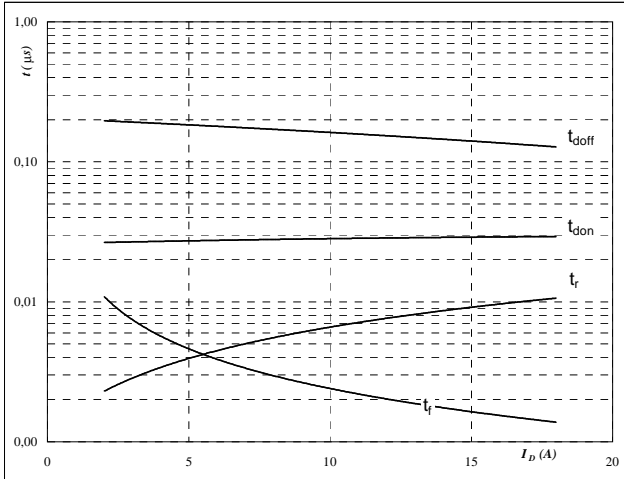


PFC

Figure 6 PFC IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$t = f(I_C)$



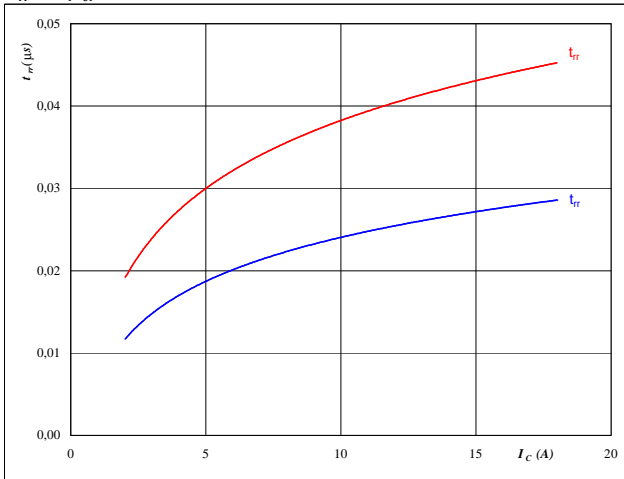
With an inductive load at

- T<sub>j</sub> = 125 °C
- V<sub>CE</sub> = 400 V
- U<sub>CC</sub> = 15 V

Figure 7 PFC FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$



At

- T<sub>j</sub> = 25/125 °C
- V<sub>CE</sub> = 400 V
- U<sub>CC</sub> = 15 V



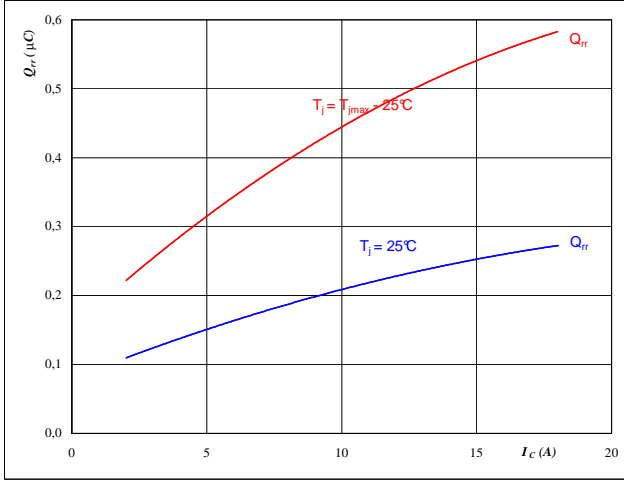


PFC

Figure 8 PFC FWD

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current

$Q_{rr} = f(I_C)$



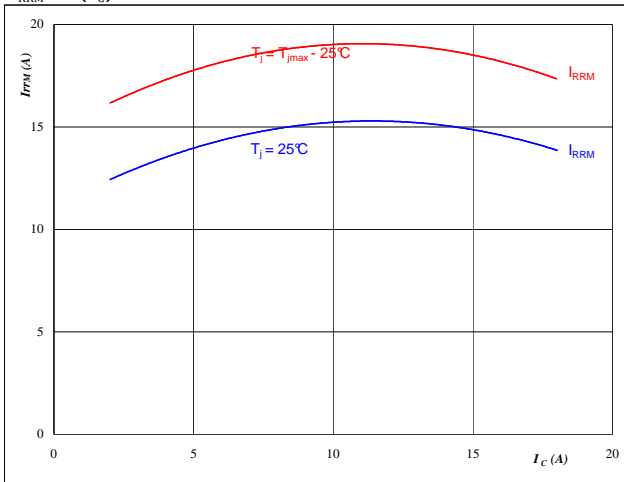
At

- $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
- $U_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}$

Figure 9 PFC FWD

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$I_{RRM} = f(I_C)$



At

- $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
- $U_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}$

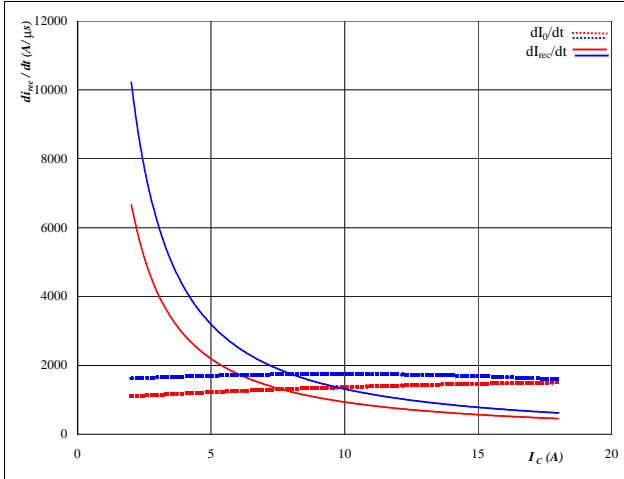


PFC

**Figure 10** PFC FWD

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(I_c)$$

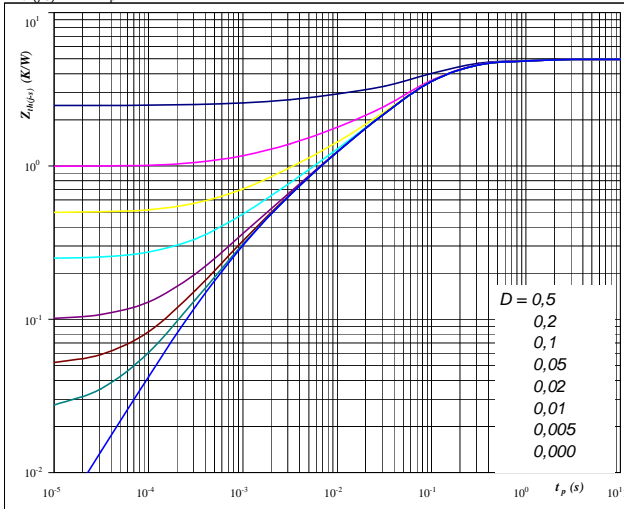


**At**  
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$   
 $U_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}$

**Figure 11** PFC IGBT

IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



**At**  
 $D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 4,96 \text{ K/W}$

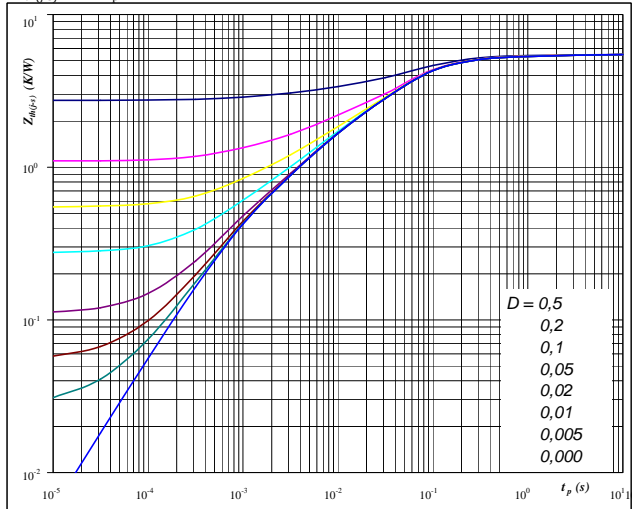
IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	Tau (s)
0,42	0,775
2,554	0,104
1,288	0,033
0,560	0,004
0,142	0,001

**Figure 12** PFC FWD

FWD transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



**At**  
 $D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 5,48 \text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	Tau (s)
0,20	2,872
0,69	0,254
3,28	0,055
0,98	0,007
0,33	0,001

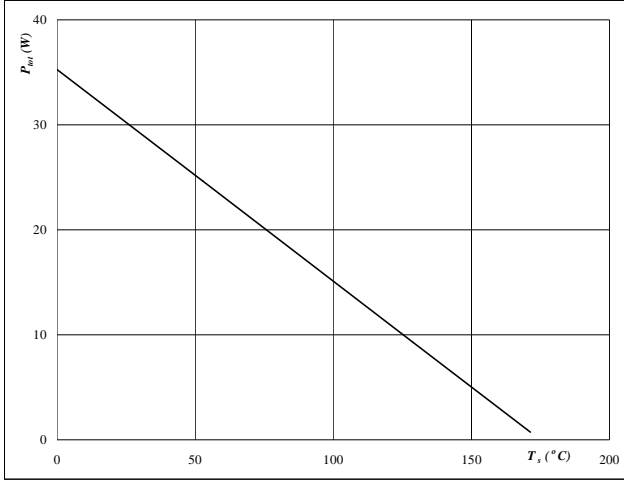


PFC

Figure 13 PFC IGBT

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$P_{tot} = f(T_s)$

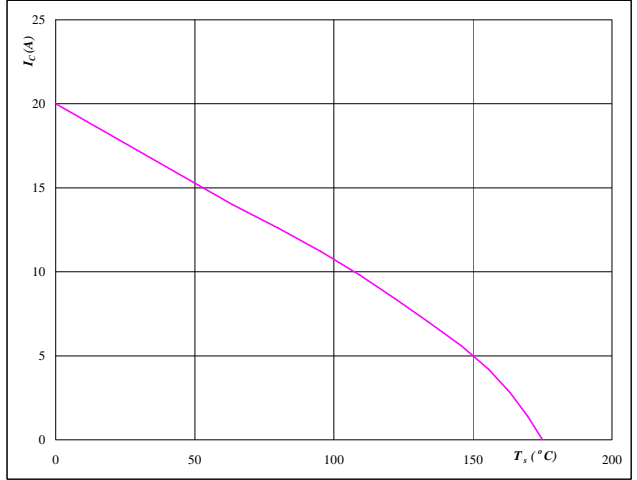


At  
 $T_j = 175$  °C

Figure 14 PFC IGBT

Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature

$I_C = f(T_s)$

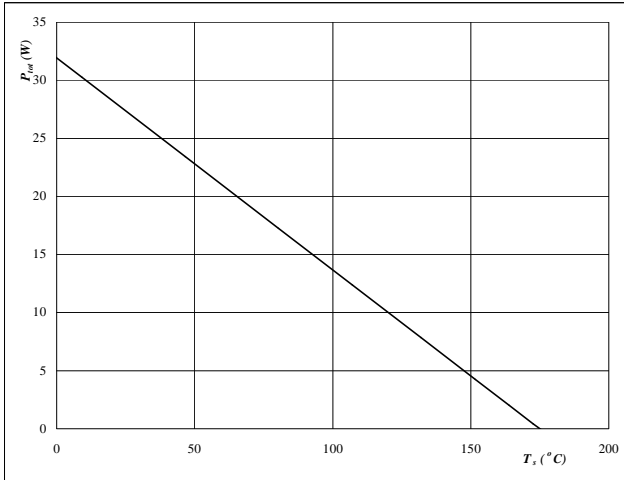


At  
 $T_j = 175$  °C  
 $U_{CC} = 15$  V

Figure 15 PFC FWD

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$P_{tot} = f(T_s)$

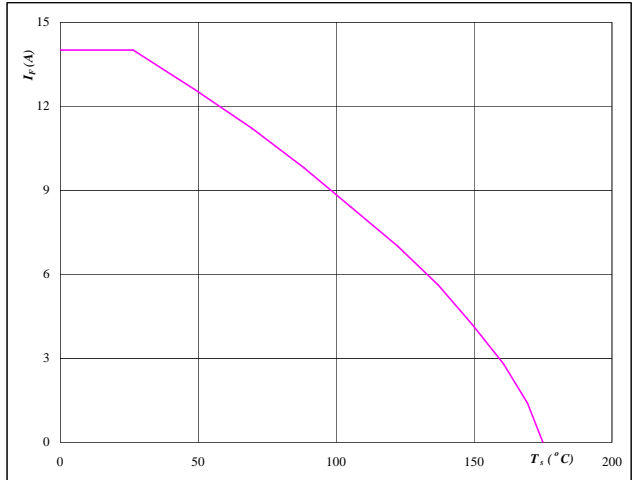


At  
 $T_j = 175$  °C

Figure 16 PFC FWD

Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

$I_F = f(T_s)$



At  
 $T_j = 175$  °C

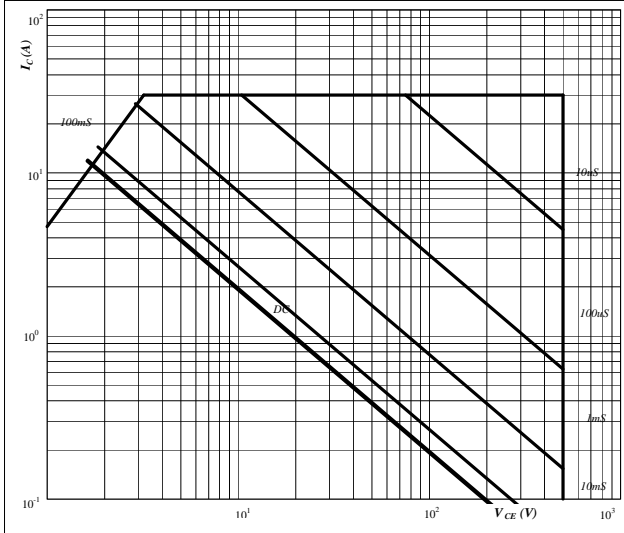


PFC

Figure 17 PFC IGBT

Safe operating area as a function of collector-emitter voltage

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



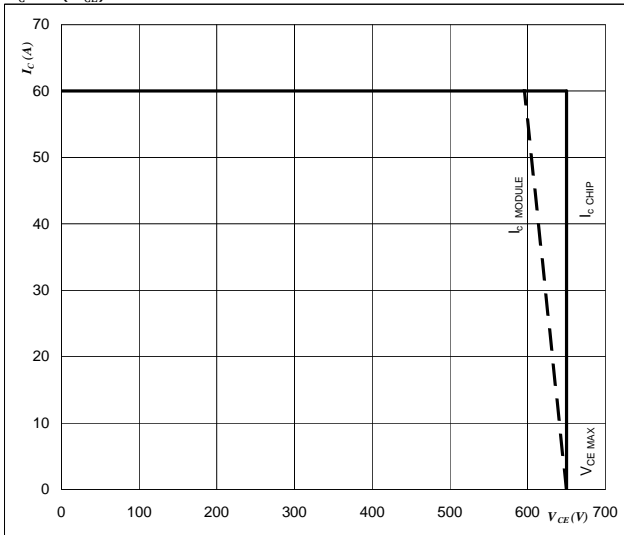
At

- $D =$  single pulse
- $T_s =$  80 °C
- $U_{CC} =$  15 V
- $T_j = T_{jmax}$

Figure 18 PFC IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$



At

- $T_j = T_{jmax} - 25$  °C

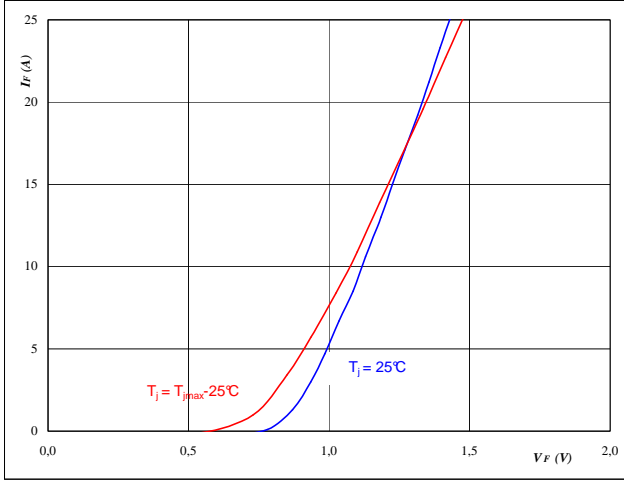


# Input Rectifier Diode

**Figure 1** Rectifier Diode

Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

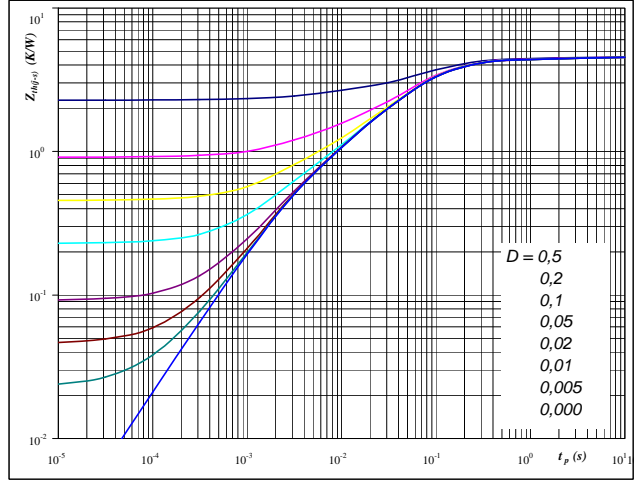


**At**  
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$

**Figure 2** Rectifier Diode

Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(f-s)} = f(t_p)$$

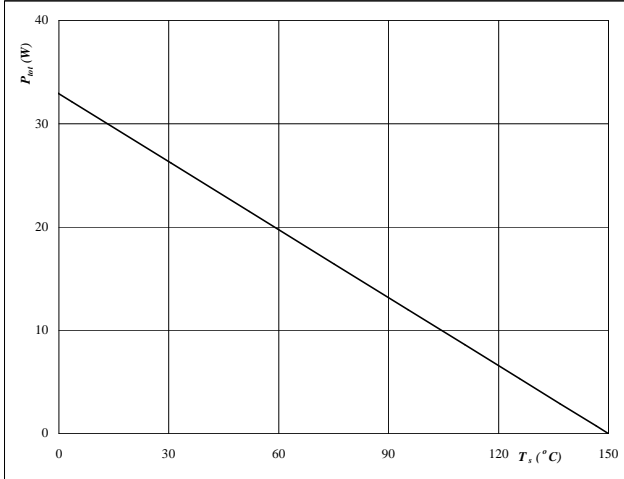


**At**  
 $D = t_p / T$   
 $R_{th(f-s)} = 4,56 \text{ K/W}$

**Figure 3** Rectifier diode

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{tot} = f(T_s)$$

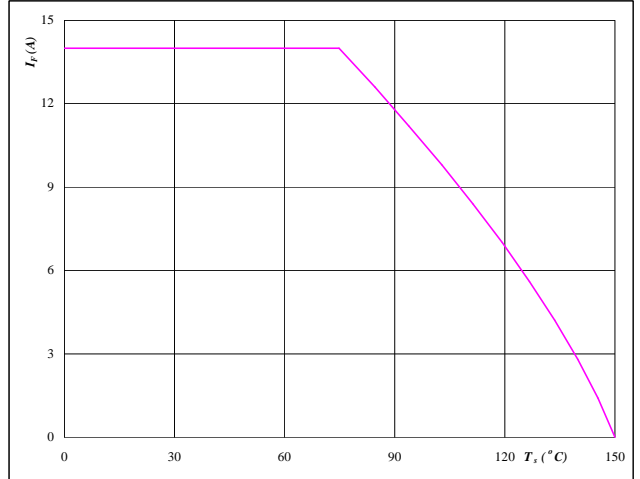


**At**  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$

**Figure 4** Rectifier diode

Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_F = f(T_s)$$



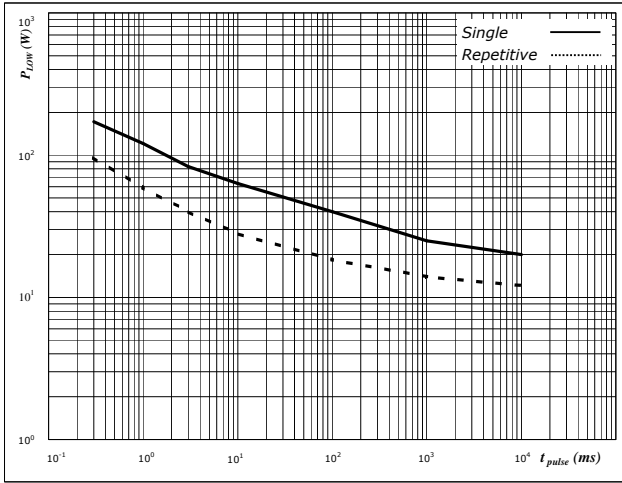
**At**  
 $T_j = 150 \text{ °C}$



# Shunt

**Figure 1** PFC Shunt

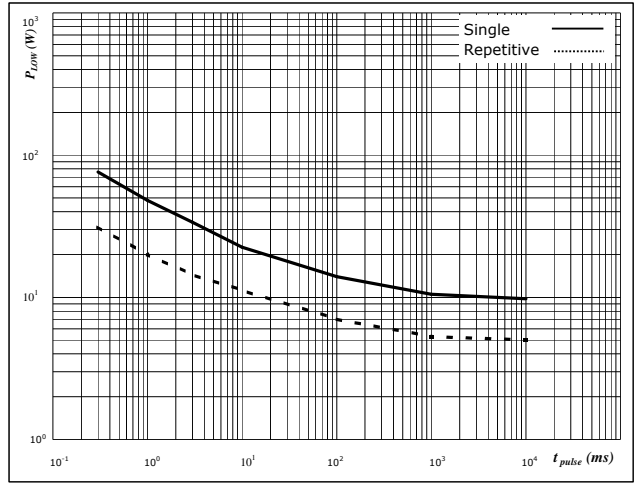
**Pulse Power R1**



——  $dR/R_0 < 5\%$  after 1 pulse  
 .....  $dR/R_0 < 5\%$  after 10.000 cycles; duty cycle < 0,1%

**Figure 2** DC Shunt

**Pulse Power R2**



——  $dR/R_0 < 1\%$  after 1 pulse  
 .....  $dR/R_0 < 1\%$  after 10.000 cycles; duty cycle < 0,1%

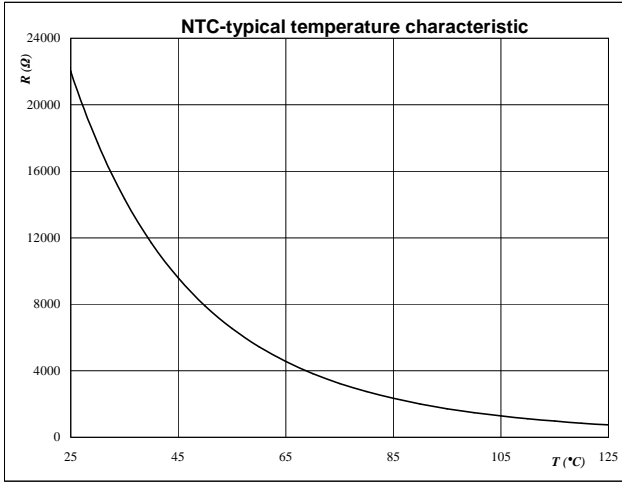


# Thermistor

**Figure 1** Thermistor

**Typical NTC characteristic  
as a function of temperature**

$$R_T = f(T)$$





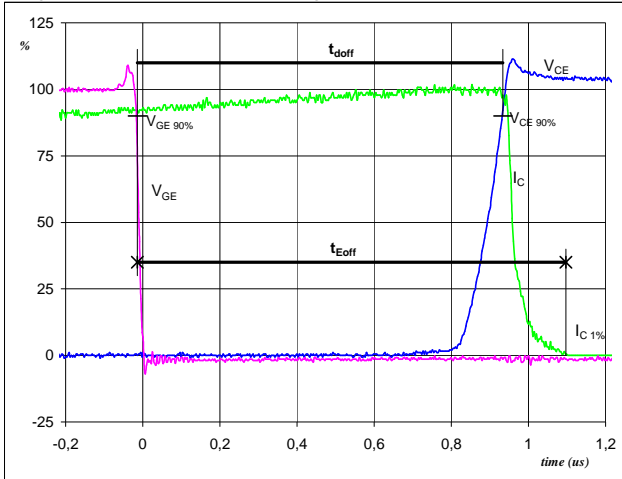
## Switching Definitions Output Inverter

General conditions

$$T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$$

**Figure 1** Output inverter IGBT

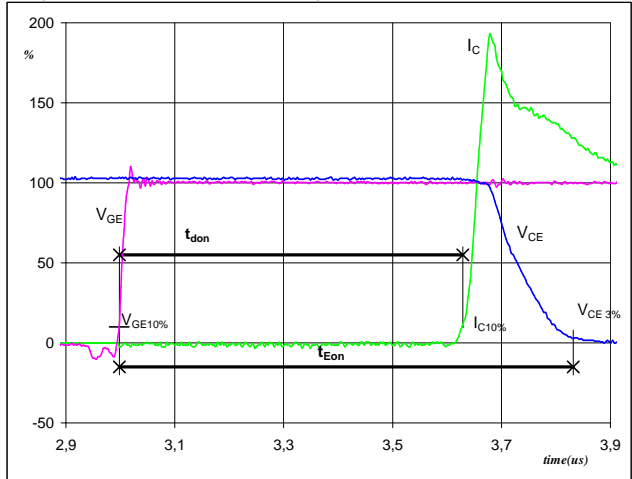
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{doff}$ ,  $t_{Eoff}$   
( $t_{Eoff}$  = integrating time for  $E_{off}$ )



$U_{IN} (0\%) =$	0	V
$U_{IN} (100\%) =$	5	V
$V_C (100\%) =$	400	V
$I_C (100\%) =$	6	A
$t_{doff} =$	0,95	$\mu\text{s}$
$t_{Eoff} =$	1,11	$\mu\text{s}$

**Figure 2** Output inverter IGBT

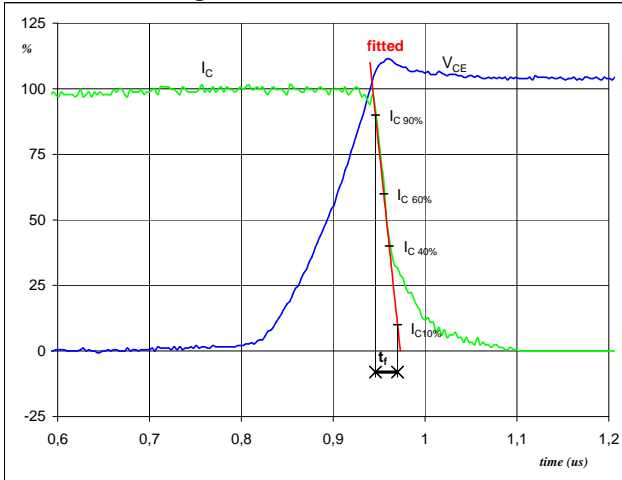
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{don}$ ,  $t_{Eon}$   
( $t_{Eon}$  = integrating time for  $E_{on}$ )



$U_{IN} (0\%) =$	0	V
$U_{IN} (100\%) =$	5	V
$V_C (100\%) =$	400	V
$I_C (100\%) =$	6	A
$t_{don} =$	0,63	$\mu\text{s}$
$t_{Eon} =$	0,83	$\mu\text{s}$

**Figure 3** Output inverter IGBT

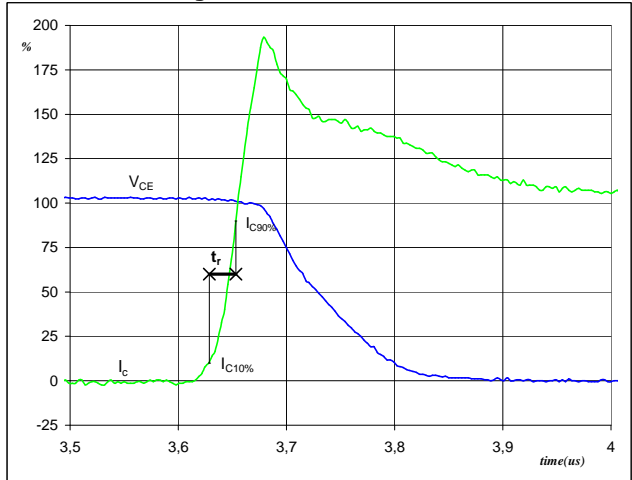
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_f$



$V_C (100\%) =$	400	V
$I_C (100\%) =$	6	A
$t_f =$	0,02	$\mu\text{s}$

**Figure 4** Output inverter IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_r$



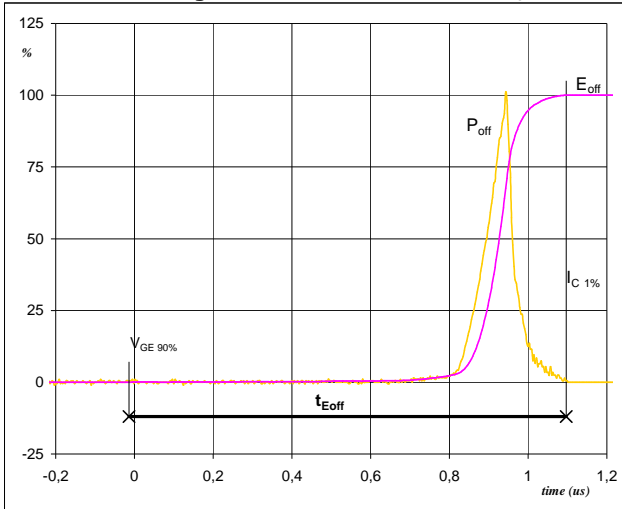
$V_C (100\%) =$	400	V
$I_C (100\%) =$	6	A
$t_r =$	0,03	$\mu\text{s}$





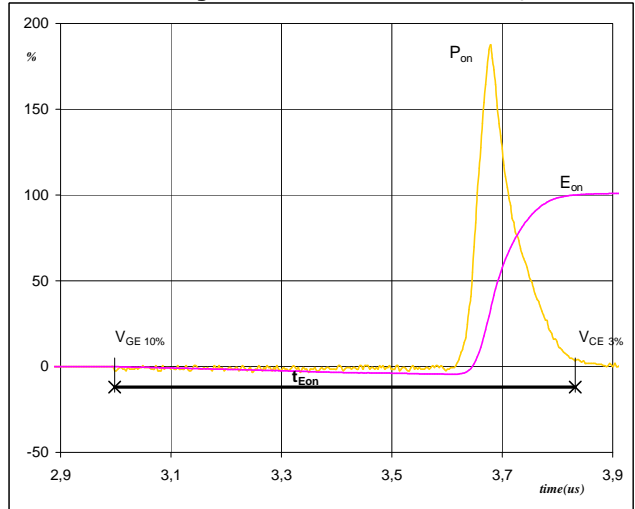
## Switching Definitions Output Inverter

**Figure 5** Output inverter IGBT  
**Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Eoff}$**



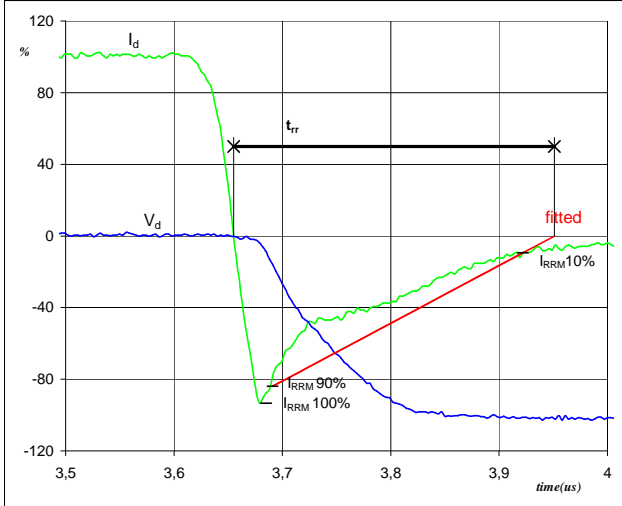
$P_{off}(100\%) = 2,39$  kW  
 $E_{off}(100\%) = 0,20$  mJ  
 $t_{Eoff} = 1,11$   $\mu$ s

**Figure 6** Output inverter IGBT  
**Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Eon}$**



$P_{on}(100\%) = 2,39$  kW  
 $E_{on}(100\%) = 0,32$  mJ  
 $t_{Eon} = 0,83$   $\mu$ s

**Figure 7** Output inverter FWD  
**Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{rr}$**

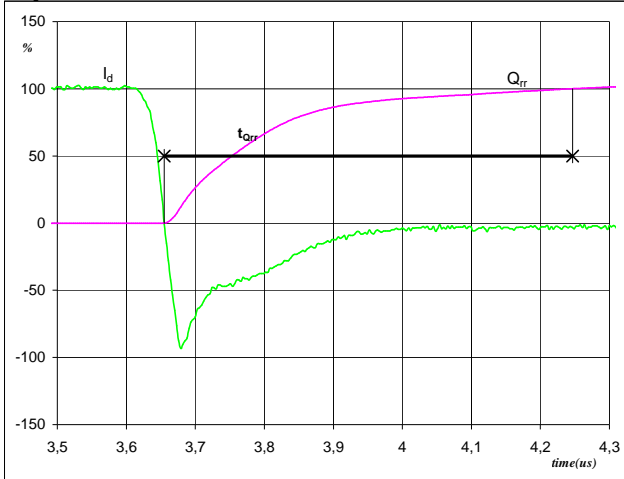


$V_d(100\%) = 400$  V  
 $I_d(100\%) = 6$  A  
 $I_{RRM}(100\%) = -6$  A  
 $t_{rr} = 0,28$   $\mu$ s



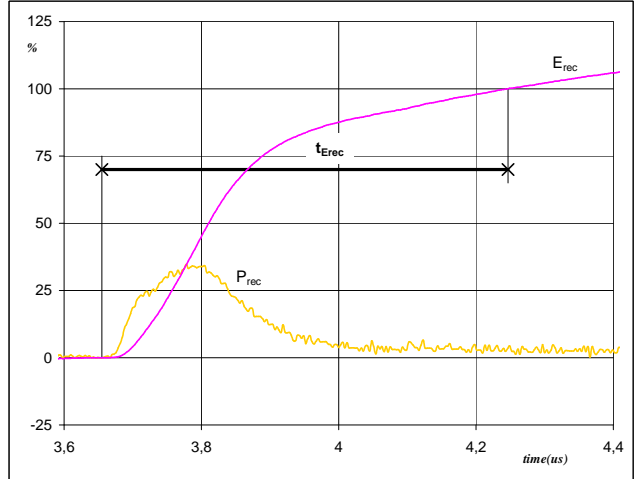
### Switching Definitions Output Inverter

**Figure 8** Output inverter FWD  
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Qrr}$   
( $t_{Qrr}$  = integrating time for  $Q_{rr}$ )



$I_d$ (100%) =	6	A
$Q_{rr}$ (100%) =	0,67	$\mu C$
$t_{Qrr}$ =	0,59	$\mu s$

**Figure 9** Output inverter FWD  
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of  $t_{Erec}$   
( $t_{Erec}$  = integrating time for  $E_{rec}$ )



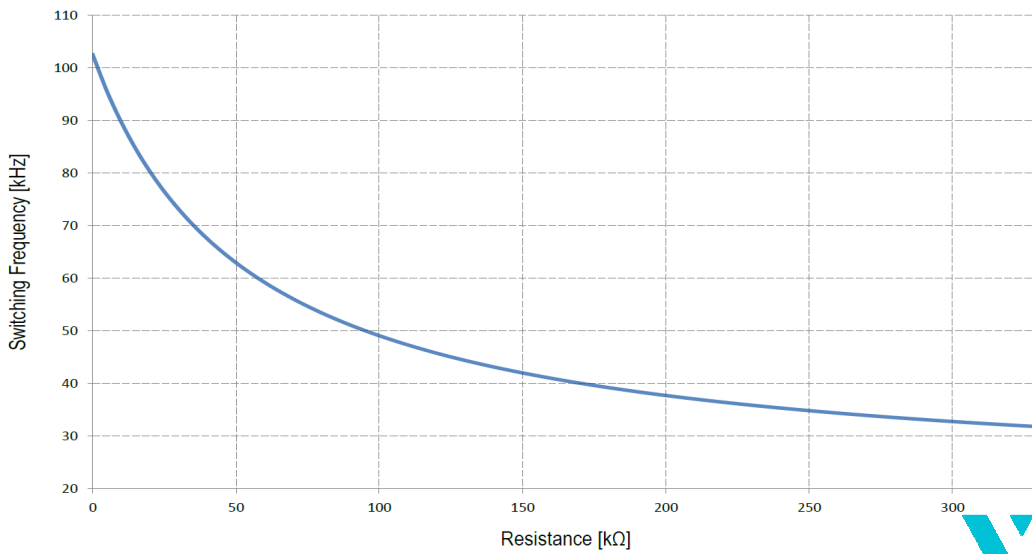
$P_{rec}$ (100%) =	2,39	kW
$E_{rec}$ (100%) =	0,16	mJ
$t_{Erec}$ =	0,59	$\mu s$



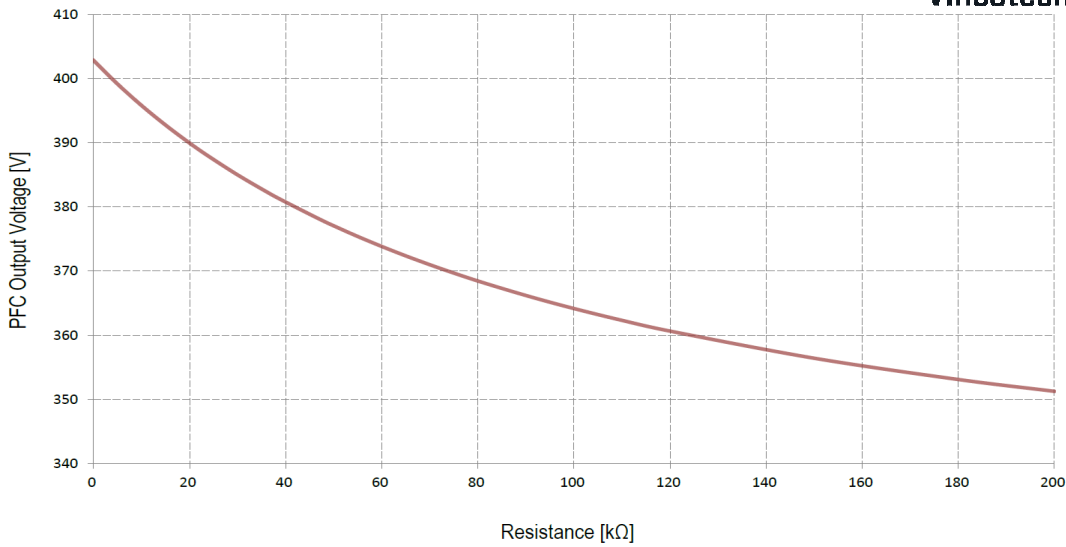
Application data

Static logic function table

$V_{CC}$	$V_{BS}$	RCIN	ITRIP	ENABLE	FAULT	LO1,2,3	HO1,2,3
$<V_{CCUV-}$	X	X	X	X	0	0	0
15V	$<V_{BSUV-}$	X	0	3.3V	High imp	/LIN1,2,3	0
15V	15V	$<3.2V\downarrow$	0	3.3V	0	0	0
15V	15V	X	$>V_{IT,TH+}$	3.3V	0	0	0
15V	15V	$>V_{RCIN,TH}$	0	3.3V	High imp	/LIN1,2,3	/HIN1,2,3
15V	15V	$>V_{RCIN,TH}$	0	0	High imp	0	0



Resistance on $f_{set}$	Switching Frequency
0Ω	102.6kHz
5.1kΩ	95.5kHz
10.0kΩ	89.7kHz
15.0kΩ	84.7kHz
20.0kΩ	80.3kHz
24.0kΩ	77.2kHz
30.0kΩ	73.2kHz
36.0kΩ	69.6kHz
39.0kΩ	68.0kHz
47.0kΩ	64.3kHz
51.0kΩ	62.6kHz
56.0kΩ	60.7kHz
62.0kΩ	58.6kHz
68.0kΩ	56.7kHz
75.0kΩ	54.7kHz
82.0kΩ	52.9kHz
91.0kΩ	50.9kHz
100.0kΩ	49.1kHz
110.0kΩ	47.3kHz
120.0kΩ	45.8kHz
150.0kΩ	42.0kHz
180.0kΩ	39.2kHz
200.0kΩ	37.7kHz



Resistance on $V_{set}$	Output Voltage
0Ω	402.9V
5.1kΩ	399.2V
10.0kΩ	395.9V
15.0kΩ	392.8V
20.0kΩ	390.0V
24.0kΩ	387.9V
30.0kΩ	385.0V
36.0kΩ	382.4V
39.0kΩ	381.2V
47.0kΩ	378.1V
51.0kΩ	376.7V
56.0kΩ	375.1V
62.0kΩ	373.3V
68.0kΩ	371.5V
75.0kΩ	369.7V
82.0kΩ	368.0V
91.0kΩ	366.0V
100.0kΩ	364.2V
110.0kΩ	362.3V
120.0kΩ	360.6V
150.0kΩ	356.4V
180.0kΩ	353.1V
200.0kΩ	351.3V



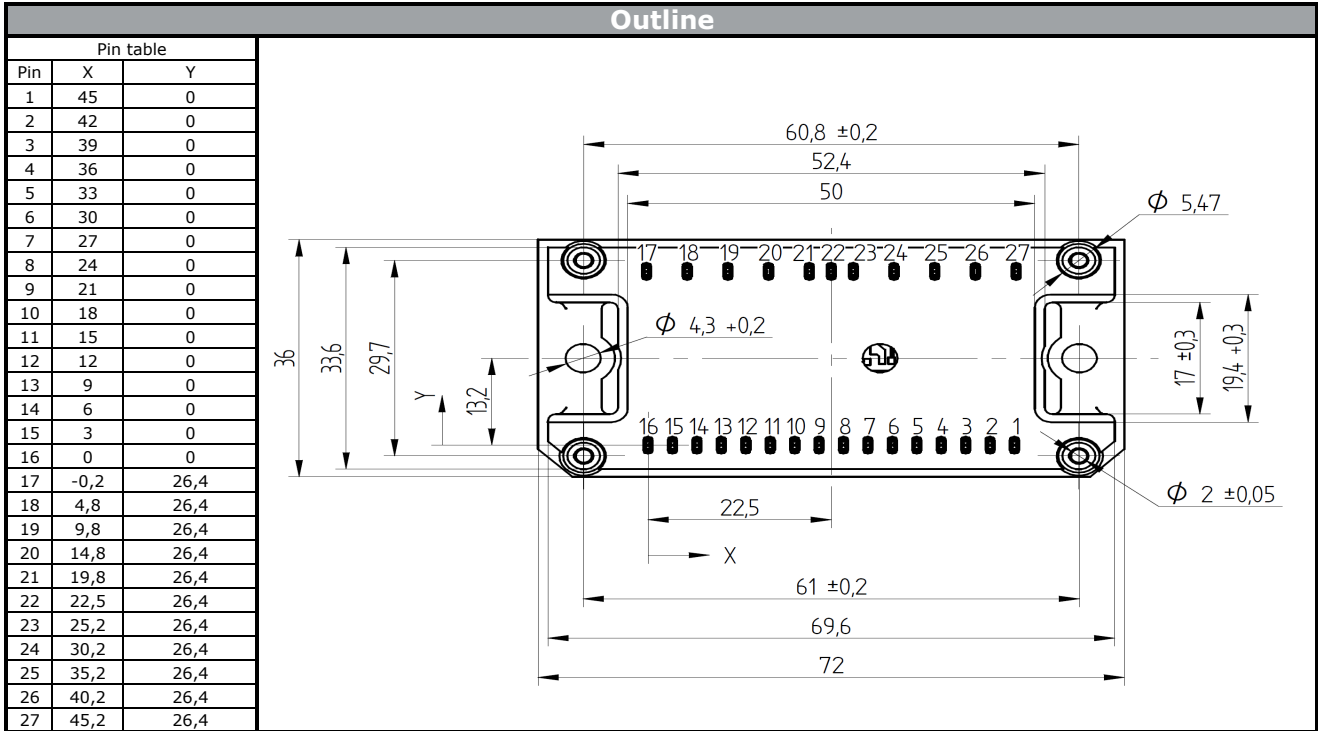
## Pin Descriptions

Pin #	Pin Name	Pin Description
1	NTC2	Temperature sensor connector 1
2	NTC1	Temperature sensor connector 2
3	InvS +	Inverter sense resistor high-side
4	InvS -	Inverter sense resistor low-side
5	EN	Enable I/O functionality
6	¬Fault	Fault output, indicates over current or under voltage (negative)
7	¬LIN3	Signal input for low-side W phase
8	¬LIN2	Signal input for low-side V phase
9	¬LIN1	Signal input for low-side U phase
10	¬HIN3	Signal input for high-side W phase
11	¬HIN2	Signal input for high-side V phase
12	¬HIN1	Signal input for high-side U phase
13	V <sub>CC</sub>	Driver circuit supply voltage
14	GND2	Inverter ground
15	VSENSE	PFC Bulk voltage sense
16	FREQ	PFC Switching frequency adjust
17	AC1	Rectifier input
18	AC2	Rectifier input
19	DC1 + (coil)	Rectifier output DC +
20	PFC + (coil)	PFC coil connector
21	DC1 -	Rectifier output DC -
22	PFC -	PFC return
23	DC2 -	Inverter input DC -
24	DC2 +	Inverter input DC +
25	W	Output for W phase
26	V	Output for V phase
27	U	Output for U phase

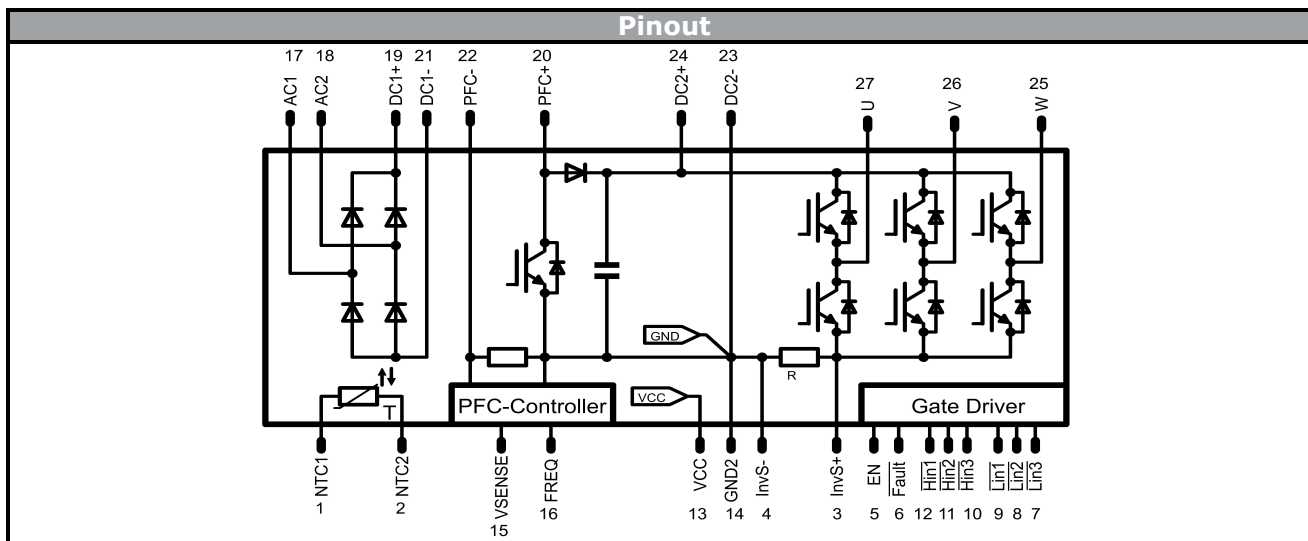


**Ordering Code and Marking - Outline - Pinout**

Ordering Code & Marking						
Version			Ordering Code			
without thermal paste, solder pins			20-1B06IPB010RC-P955A40			
with thermal paste, solder pins			20-1B06IPB010RC-P955A40-/3/			
without thermal paste, press fit pins			20-PB06IPB010RC-P955A40Y			
with thermal paste, press fit solder pins			20-PB06IPB010RC-P955A40Y-/3/			
	Text	Name	Type&Ver	Date code	VIN&Lot	Serial&UL
		NN-NNNNNNNNNNNNNN		TTTTTIVV	WYYY	VIN LLLL
Datamatrix	Type&Ver	Lot number	Serial	Date code		
	TTTTTIVV	LLLL	SSSS	WYYY		



**Ordering Code and Marking - Outline - Pinout**



<b>Identification</b>					
<b>ID</b>	<b>Component</b>	<b>Voltage</b>	<b>Current</b>	<b>Function</b>	<b>Comment</b>
T1,T2,T3,T4,T5,T6	IGBT	600 V	10 A	Inverter Transistor	
T7	IGBT	650 V	30 A	PFC IGBT	
D12	FWD	650 V	30 A	PFC Diode	
D11	FWD	650 V	6 A	PFC Inverse Diode	
R3	Resistor			PFC Shunt	
D7,D8,D9,D10	Rectifier	1600 V	12 A	Input Rectifier Diode	
R2	Resistor			DC Shunt	
C1	Capacitor	500 V		DC Link Capacitor	
T	Thermistor			Thermistor	



Packaging instruction			
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ)	<b>100</b>	>SPQ	Standard
		<SPQ	Sample

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for <i>flow</i> 1B packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for <i>flow</i> 1B packages see vincotech.com website.

UL recognition and file number
This device is certified according to UL 1557 standard, UL file number E192116. For more information see vincotech.com website.



Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
20-xB06IPB010RC-P955A40x-D7-14	31 Jan. 2017	Correction condition values	4-6

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.