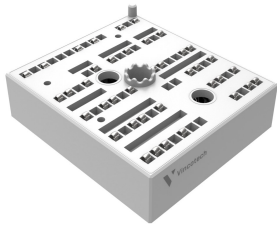
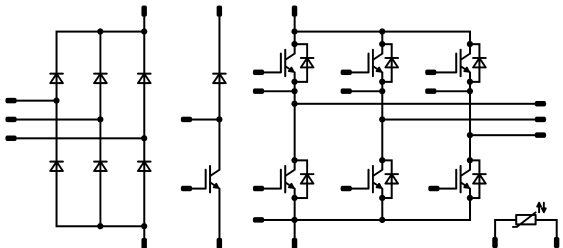




Vincotech

MiniSkiip®PIM 2	1200 V / 35 A
<div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;">Features</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Solderless interconnection Trench Fieldstop IGBT4 technology <div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;">Target applications</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Industrial Drives <div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 5px;">Types</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> V23990-K220-A40 	<div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;">MiniSkiip® 2 housing</div>  <div style="background-color: #eee; padding: 5px;">Schematic</div> 

Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
Inverter Switch				
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}		1200	V
Collector current	I_C	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	46	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	105	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	134	W
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GES}		±20	V
Short circuit ratings	t_{SC}	$T_j \leq 150\text{ °C}$ $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ $V_{CC} = 800\text{ V}$	10	µs
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C



Vincotech

Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
Inverter Diode				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		1200	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	40	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	I_{FSM}	50 Hz Single Half Sine Wave $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	170	A
Surge current capability	I^2t		145	A ² s
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	99	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C

Brake Switch

Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}		1200	V
Collector current	I_C	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	46	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I_{CRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	105	A
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	134	W
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GES}		±20	V
Short circuit ratings	t_{SC}	$T_j \leq 150\text{ °C}$ $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ $V_{CC} = 800\text{ V}$	10	µs
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C

Brake Diode

Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		1200	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	40	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	I_{FSM}	50 Hz Single Half Sine Wave $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	170	A
Surge current capability	I^2t		145	A ² s
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	99	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		175	°C



Vincotech

Maximum Ratings

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
Rectifier Diode				
Peak repetitive reverse voltage	V_{RRM}		1600	V
Continuous (direct) forward current	I_F	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	50	A
Surge (non-repetitive) forward current	I_{FSM}	50 Hz Single Half Sine Wave $t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	270	A
Surge current capability	I^2t		370	A ² s
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_j = T_{jmax}$ $T_s = 80\text{ °C}$	64	W
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}		150	°C

Module Properties

Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	T_{jop}		-40...($T_{jmax} - 25$)	°C

Isolation Properties

Isolation voltage	V_{isol}	DC Test Voltage* $t_p = 2\text{ s}$	5500	V
		AC Voltage $t_p = 1\text{ min}$	2500	V
Creepage distance		With std lid For more informations see handling instructions	6,3	mm
Clearance		With std lid For more informations see handling instructions	6,3	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI		> 200	

*100 % tested in production



Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	I_D [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

Inverter Switch

Static

Parameter	Symbol	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}$	V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V]	I_D [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$				0,0012	25	5,3	5,8	6,3	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V_{CESat}		15		35	25 150	1,58	1,87 2,30	2,07	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	I_{CES}		0	1200		25			5	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		25			120	nA
Internal gate resistance	r_g							none		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{ies}	$f = 1 \text{ Mhz}$	0	25		25		2000		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}							70		
Gate charge	Q_g		15			25		270		

Thermal

Parameter	Symbol	$\lambda_{paste} = 2,5 \text{ W/mK}$ (HPTP)	V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V]	I_D [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$							0,71		K/W

Dynamic

Parameter	Symbol	$R_{gon} = 16 \Omega$ $R_{goff} = 16 \Omega$	V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V]	I_D [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$		± 15	600	35	25		311		ns
Rise time	t_r					125		298		
						150		294		
						25		131		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					125		140		
						150		140		
						25		208		
Fall time	t_f	125		269						
		150		286						
		25		73						
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	E_{on}	$Q_{tFWD} = 2 \mu\text{C}$ $Q_{tFWD} = 4,2 \mu\text{C}$ $Q_{tFWD} = 5,2 \mu\text{C}$				25		3,87		mWs
						125		5,27		
						150		5,86		
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	E_{off}					25		1,94		
						125		3,20		
						150		3,52		



Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A]	I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

Inverter Diode

Static

Forward voltage	V_F				35	25 150		2,37 2,35	2,62	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R			1200		25 150			60 5500	μA

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 2,5$ W/mK (HPTP)						0,96		K/W
-------------------------------------	---------------	--	--	--	--	--	--	------	--	-----

Dynamic

Peak recovery current	I_{RRM}					25 125 150		12 16 17		A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					25 125 150		344 514 625		ns
Recovered charge	Q_r	$di/dt = 213$ A/μs $di/dt = 196$ A/μs $di/dt = 223$ A/μs	±15	600	35	25 125 150		2,01 4,21 5,25		μC
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}					25 125 150		0,76 1,66 2,07		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$					25 125 150		126 64 65		A/μs



Vincotech

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	V_{DS} [V]	I_D [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

Brake Switch

Static

Parameter	Symbol	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}$	V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	I_C [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$				0,0012	25	5,3	5,8	6,3	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V_{CESat}		15		35	25 150	1,58	1,87 2,30	2,07	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current	I_{CES}		0	1200		25			5	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		25			120	nA
Internal gate resistance	r_g							none		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{ies}	$f = 1 \text{ Mhz}$	0	25		25		2000		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}							70		
Gate charge	Q_g		15			25		270		

Thermal

Parameter	Symbol	$\lambda_{paste} = 2,5 \text{ W/mK}$ (HPTP)	V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	I_C [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$							0,71		K/W

Dynamic

Parameter	Symbol	$R_{gon} = 16 \Omega$ $R_{goff} = 16 \Omega$	V_{GS} [V]	V_{GE} [V]	I_C [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$		-5 / 15	600	35	25		134		ns
Rise time	t_r					125		179		
						150		117		
						25		128		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					125		139		
						150		136		
						25		368		
Fall time	t_f	125		330						
		150		444						
		25		51						
Turn-on energy (per pulse)	E_{on}	$Q_{tFWD} = 1,9 \mu\text{C}$ $Q_{tFWD} = 4 \mu\text{C}$ $Q_{tFWD} = 5,2 \mu\text{C}$				25		3,69		mWs
						125		5,17		
						150		5,64		
Turn-off energy (per pulse)	E_{off}					25		2,20		
						125		3,22		
						150		3,68		



Vincotech

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V] V_F [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A] I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max		

Brake Diode

Static

Forward voltage	V_F				35	25 150		2,37 2,35	2,62	V
Reverse leakage current	I_R			1200		25 150			60 5500	μ A

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 2,5$ W/mK (HPTP)						0,96		K/W
-------------------------------------	---------------	--	--	--	--	--	--	------	--	-----

Dynamic

Peak recovery current	I_{RRM}					25 125 150		12 16 18		A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					25 125 150		343 515 609		ns
Recovered charge	Q_r	$di/dt = 245$ A/ μ s $di/dt = 221$ A/ μ s $di/dt = 206$ A/ μ s	-5 / 15	600	35	25 125 150		1,89 4,03 5,23		μ C
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}					25 125 150		0,72 1,59 2,09		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$(di_{rf}/dt)_{max}$					25 125 150		134 65 66		A/ μ s

Rectifier Diode

Static

Forward voltage	V_F				35	25 125		1,17 1,13		V
Reverse leakage current	I_R			1600		25			50	μ A

Thermal

Thermal resistance junction to sink	$R_{th(j-s)}$	$\lambda_{paste} = 2,5$ W/mK (HPTP)						1,10		K/W
-------------------------------------	---------------	--	--	--	--	--	--	------	--	-----



Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
		V_{GE} [V] V_{GS} [V]	V_{CE} [V] V_{DS} [V]	I_C [A] I_D [A]	I_F [A]	T_j [°C]	Min	Typ	Max	

Thermistor

Rated resistance	R					25		1		k Ω
Deviation of R_{100}	$\Delta_{R/R}$	$R_{100} = 1670 \Omega$				100	-2		+2	%
R_{100}	R					100		1670		Ω
Power dissipation constant						25		0,76		mW/K
A-value	$A_{(25/50)}$					25		$7,635 \cdot 10^{-3}$		1/K
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$					25		$1,731 \cdot 10^{-5}$		1/K ²
Vincotech PTC Reference									E	

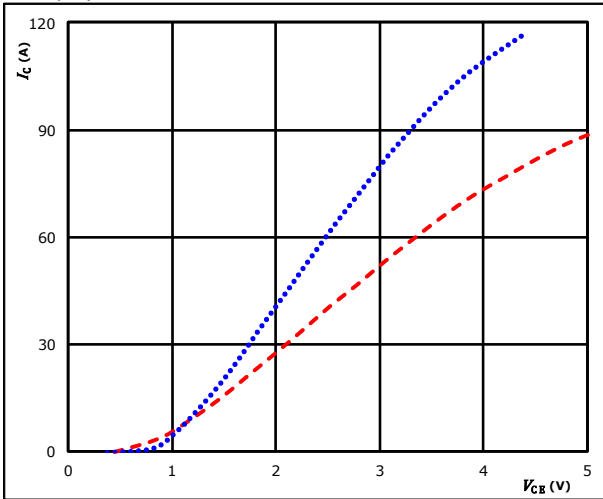


Inverter Switch Characteristics

figure 1. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

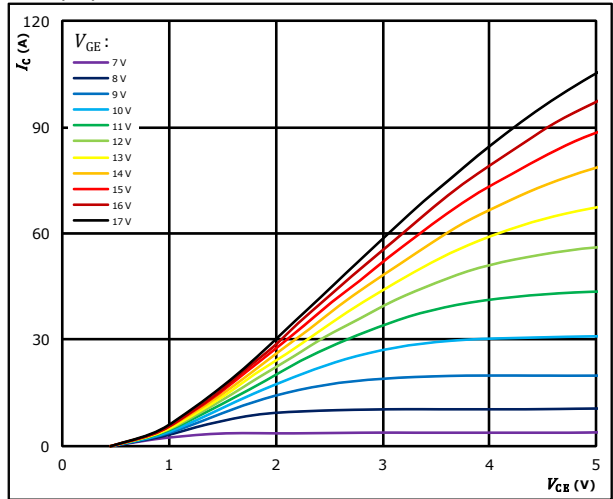


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$
 $T_j: 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$ (blue dotted line)
 $150 \text{ } ^\circ C$ (red dashed line)

figure 2. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

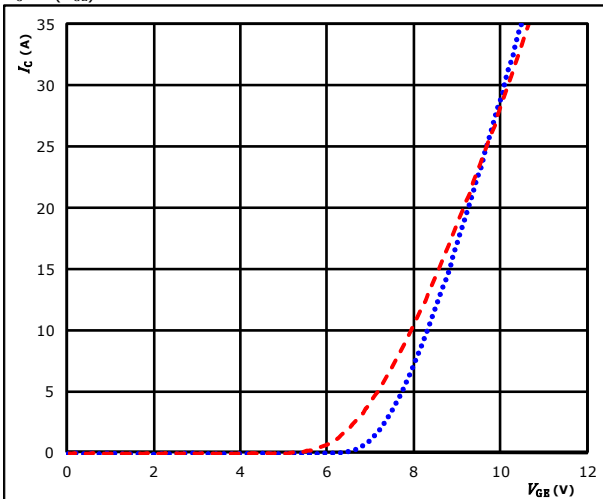


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 3. IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

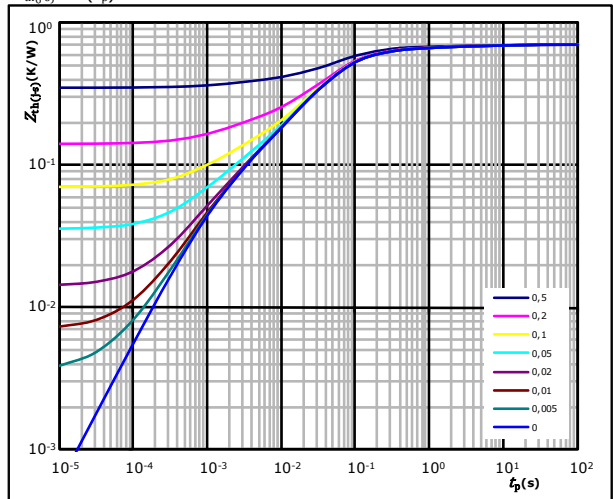


$t_p = 100 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$
 $T_j: 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$ (blue dotted line)
 $150 \text{ } ^\circ C$ (red dashed line)

figure 4. IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as function of pulse duration

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,71 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
2,63E-02	5,27E+00
4,93E-02	4,49E-01
1,31E-01	8,01E-02
3,79E-01	2,68E-02
7,06E-02	5,21E-03
4,74E-02	8,00E-04
3,27E-03	3,86E-04

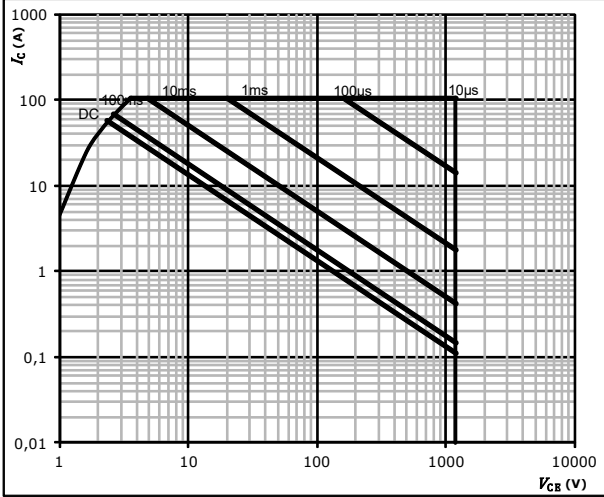


Inverter Switch Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT

Safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



- $D =$ single pulse
- $T_s =$ 80 °C
- $V_{GE} =$ ± 15 V
- $T_j =$ T_{jmax}

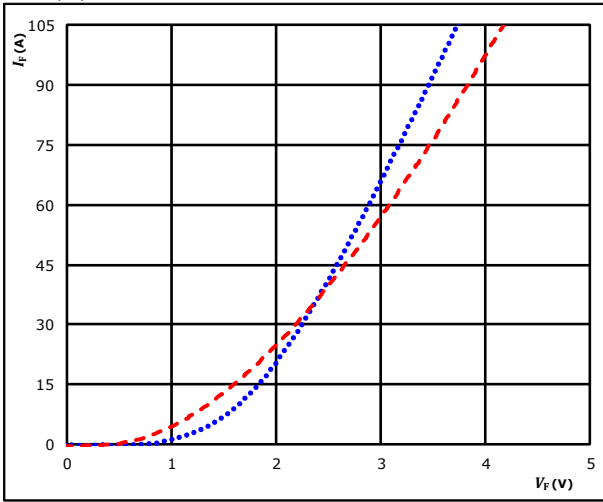


Inverter Diode Characteristics

figure 1. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

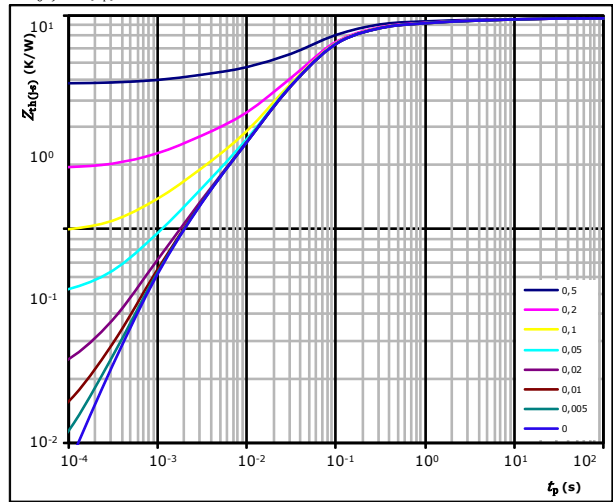


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (blue dotted line)
 $150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (red dashed line)

figure 2. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,96 \text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
3,58E-02	7,17E+00
6,71E-02	6,11E-01
1,78E-01	1,09E-01
5,16E-01	3,64E-02
9,61E-02	7,09E-03
6,45E-02	1,09E-03
4,45E-03	5,25E-04

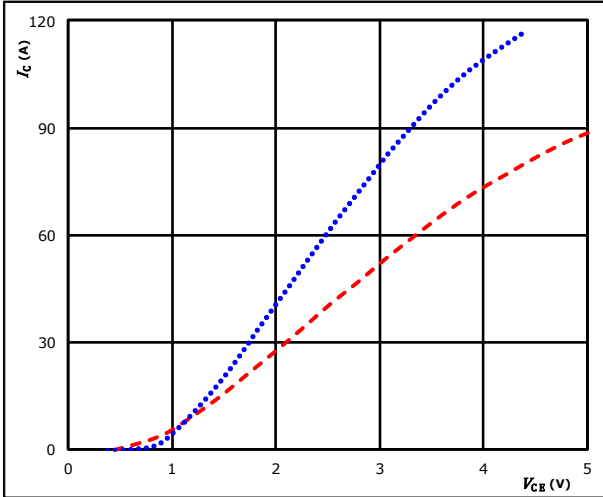


Brake Switch Characteristics

figure 1. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

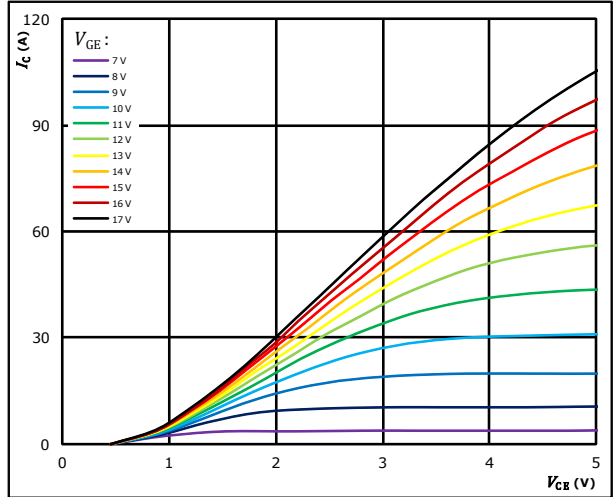


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{GE} = 15 V$
 $T_j: 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$ (blue dotted line)
 $150 \text{ } ^\circ C$ (red dashed line)

figure 2. IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

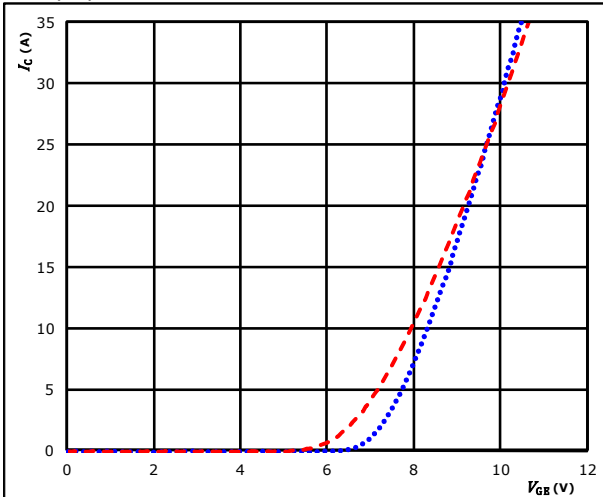


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

figure 3. IGBT

Typical transfer characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{GE})$

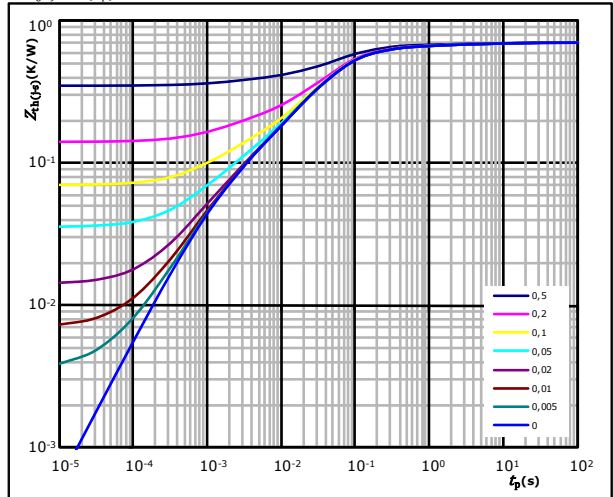


$t_p = 100 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$
 $T_j: 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$ (blue dotted line)
 $150 \text{ } ^\circ C$ (red dashed line)

figure 4. IGBT

Transient thermal impedance as function of pulse duration

$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,71 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
2,63E-02	5,27E+00
4,93E-02	4,49E-01
1,31E-01	8,01E-02
3,79E-01	2,68E-02
7,06E-02	5,21E-03
4,74E-02	8,00E-04
3,27E-03	3,86E-04

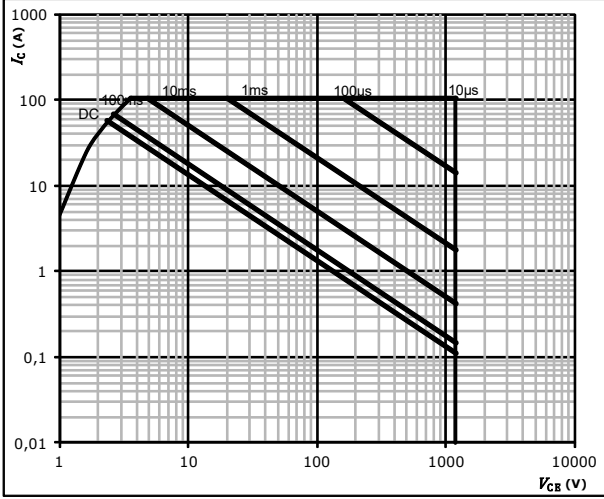


Brake Switch Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT

Safe operating area

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



- $D =$ single pulse
- $T_s =$ 80 °C
- $V_{GE} =$ ± 15 V
- $T_j =$ T_{jmax}

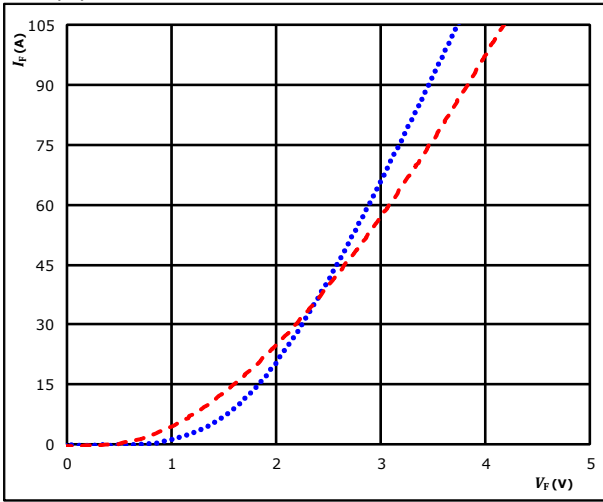


Brake Diode Characteristics

figure 1. FWD

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

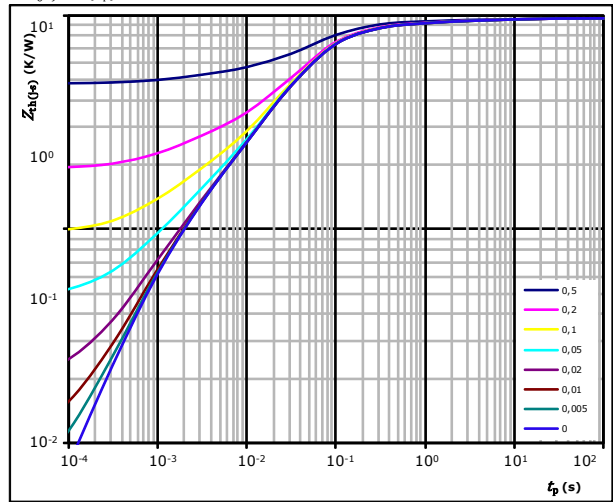


$t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j: 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (blue dotted line)
 $150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (red dashed line)

figure 2. FWD

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 0,96 \text{ K/W}$

FWD thermal model values

R (K/W)	τ (s)
3,58E-02	7,17E+00
6,71E-02	6,11E-01
1,78E-01	1,09E-01
5,16E-01	3,64E-02
9,61E-02	7,09E-03
6,45E-02	1,09E-03
4,45E-03	5,25E-04

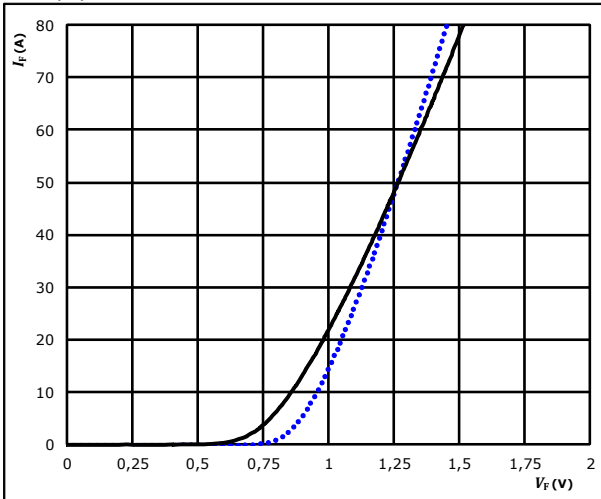


Rectifier Diode Characteristics

figure 1. Rectifier Diode

Typical forward characteristics

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

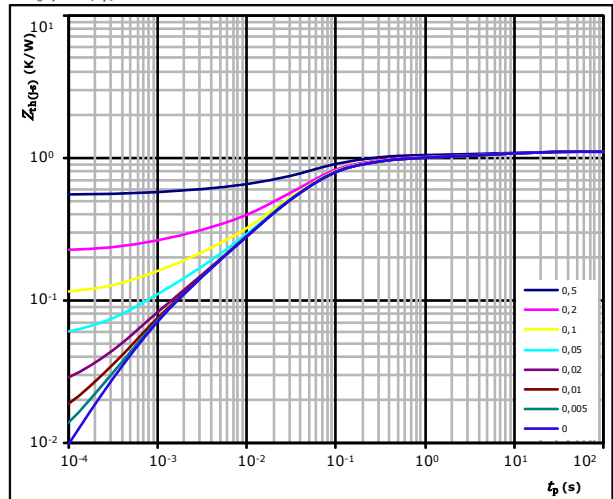


$t_p = 250 \mu s$ $T_j: 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$ (dotted blue line) $125 \text{ } ^\circ C$ (solid black line)

figure 2. Rectifier Diode

Transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{th(j-s)} = f(t_p)$$



$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{th(j-s)} = 1,10 \text{ K/W}$

Diode thermal model values

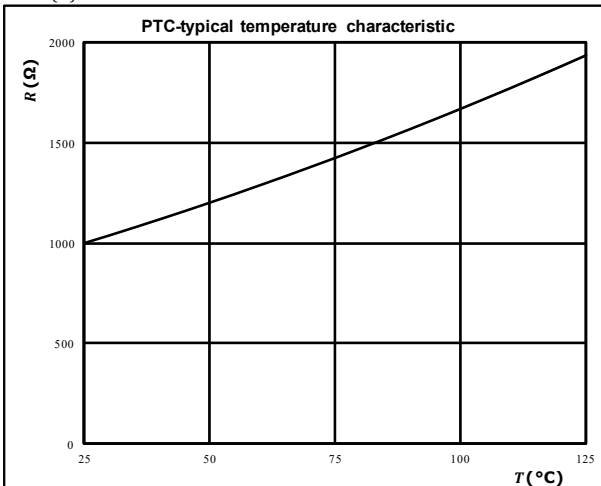
$R \text{ (K/W)}$	$\tau \text{ (s)}$
1,03E-01	7,04E+00
1,17E-01	3,94E-01
5,19E-01	5,87E-02
2,38E-01	2,15E-02
7,64E-02	3,49E-03
4,71E-02	6,93E-04

Thermistor Characteristics

figure 1. Thermistor

Typical PTC characteristic
as a function of temperature

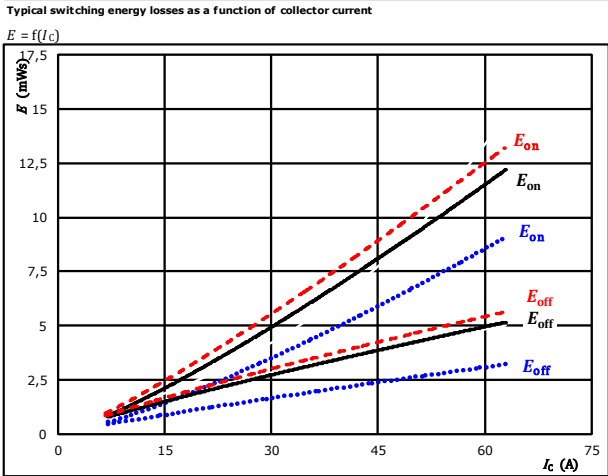
$$R = f(T)$$





Inverter Switching Characteristics

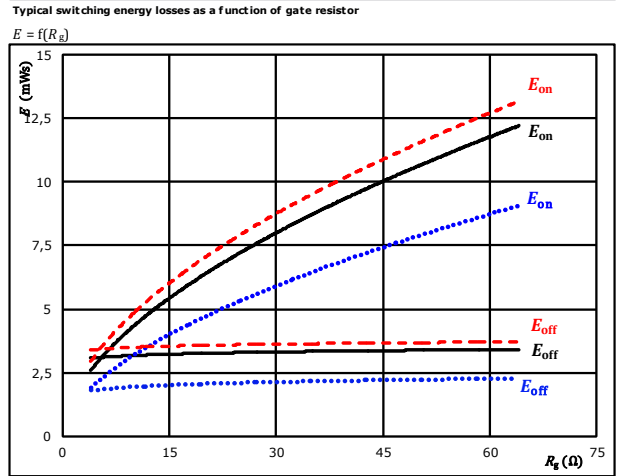
figure 1. IGBT



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V	$T_j = 25$ °C
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V	$T_j = 125$ °C	————
$R_{g\text{on}} = 16$ Ω	$T_j = 150$ °C	- - - -
$R_{g\text{off}} = 16$ Ω		

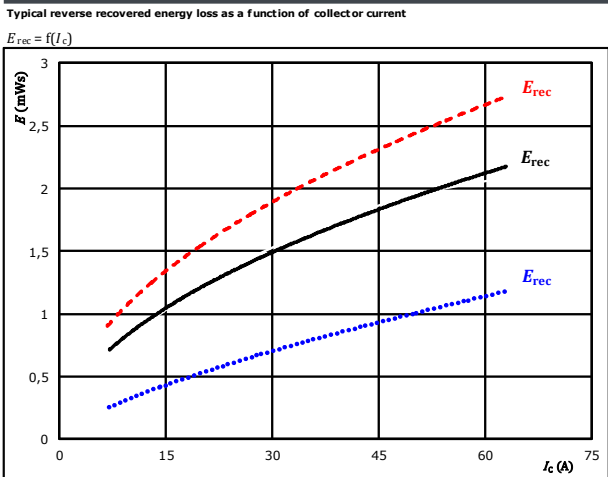
figure 2. IGBT



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V	$T_j = 25$ °C
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V	$T_j = 125$ °C	————
$I_C = 35$ A	$T_j = 150$ °C	- - - -

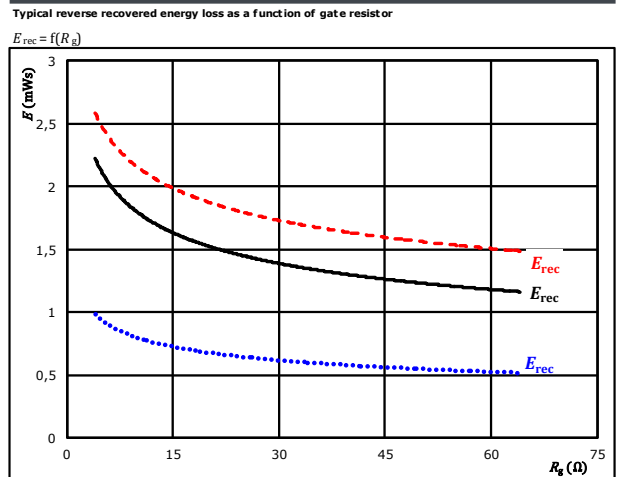
figure 3. FWD



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V	$T_j = 25$ °C
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V	$T_j = 125$ °C	————
$R_{g\text{on}} = 16$ Ω	$T_j = 150$ °C	- - - -

figure 4. FWD



With an inductive load at

$V_{CE} = 600$ V	$T_j = 25$ °C
$V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V	$T_j = 125$ °C	————
$I_C = 35$ A	$T_j = 150$ °C	- - - -

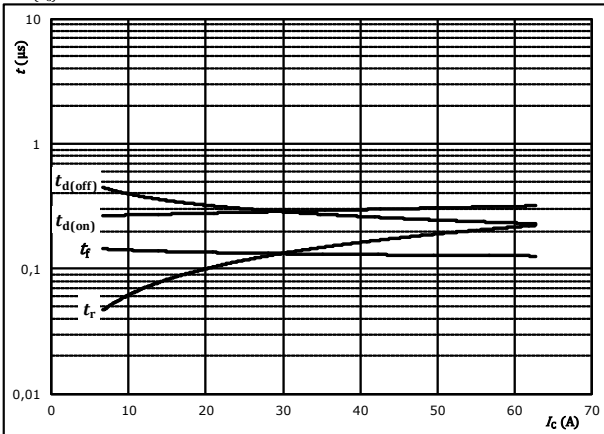


Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_c)$$



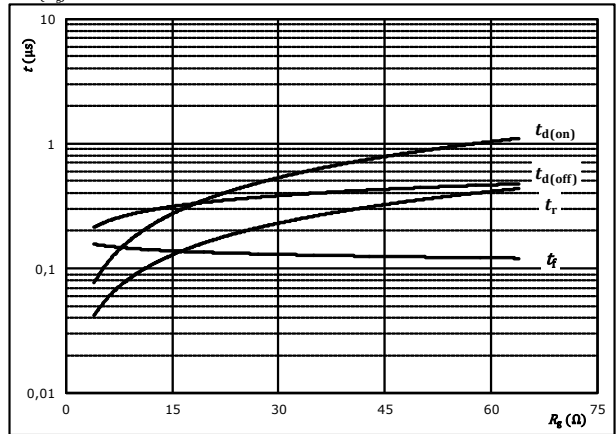
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	600	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{gon} =$	16	Ω
$R_{goff} =$	16	Ω

figure 6. IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(R_g)$$



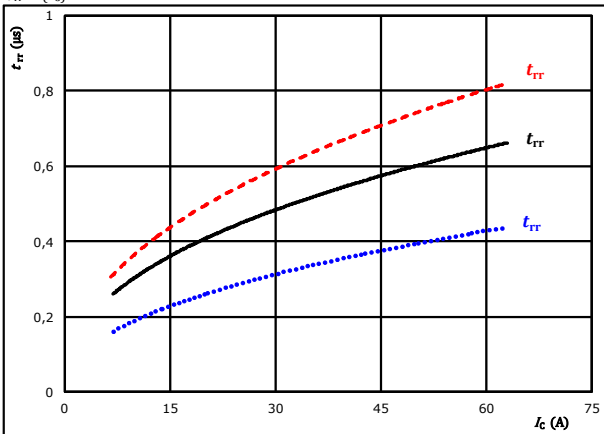
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	600	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$I_c =$	35	A

figure 7. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_c)$$

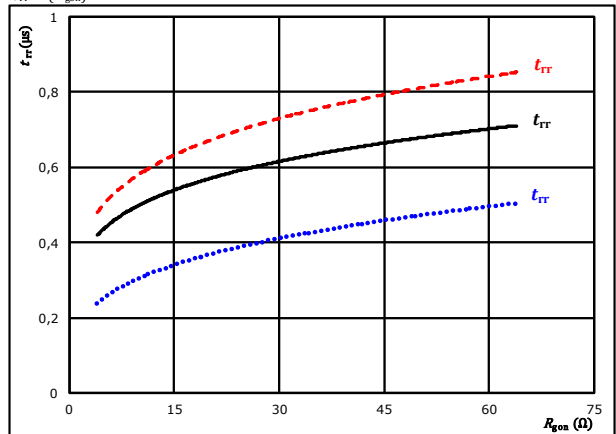


At	$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_j:$	25 °C
	$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		125 °C	————
	$R_{gon} =$	16	Ω		150 °C	- - - -

figure 8. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$

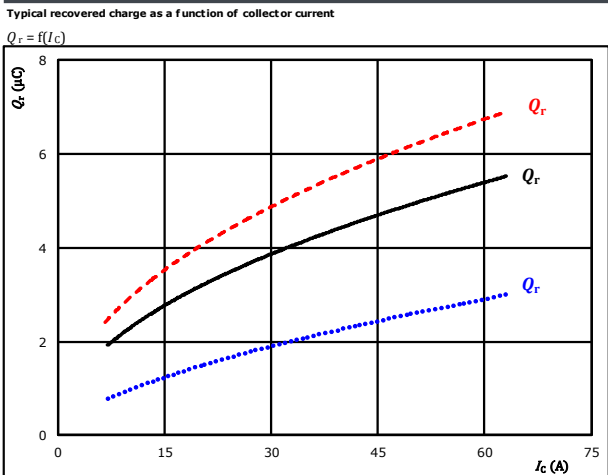


At	$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_j:$	25 °C
	$V_{GE} =$	±15	V		125 °C	————
	$I_c =$	35	A		150 °C	- - - -



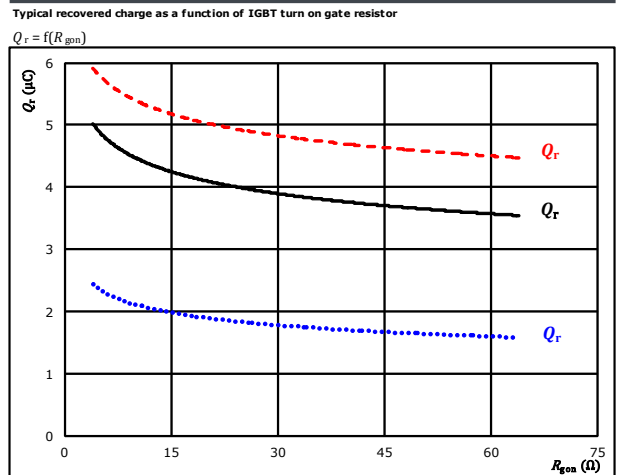
Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 9. FWD



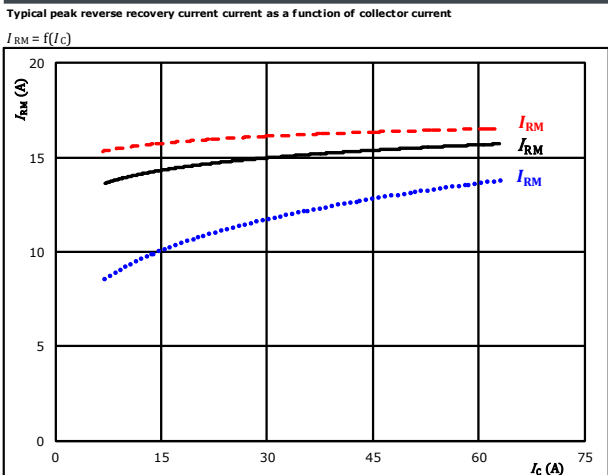
At $V_{CE} = 600$ V $T_j = 25$ °C (dotted blue)
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V $T_j = 125$ °C (solid black)
 $R_{gdn} = 16$ Ω $T_j = 150$ °C (dashed red)

figure 10. FWD



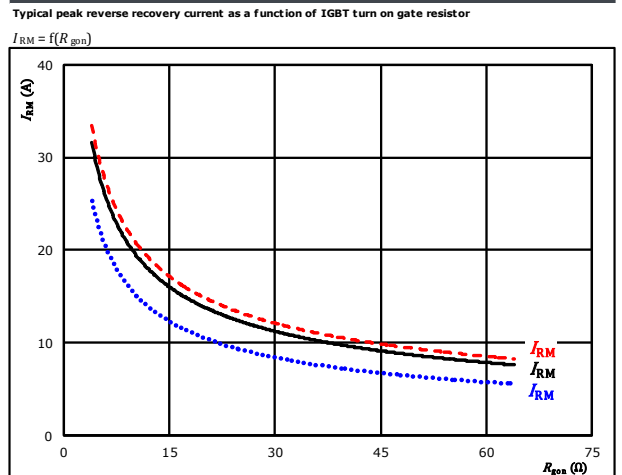
At $V_{CE} = 600$ V $T_j = 25$ °C (dotted blue)
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V $T_j = 125$ °C (solid black)
 $I_c = 35$ A $T_j = 150$ °C (dashed red)

figure 11. FWD



At $V_{CE} = 600$ V $T_j = 25$ °C (dotted blue)
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V $T_j = 125$ °C (solid black)
 $R_{gdn} = 16$ Ω $T_j = 150$ °C (dashed red)

figure 12. FWD



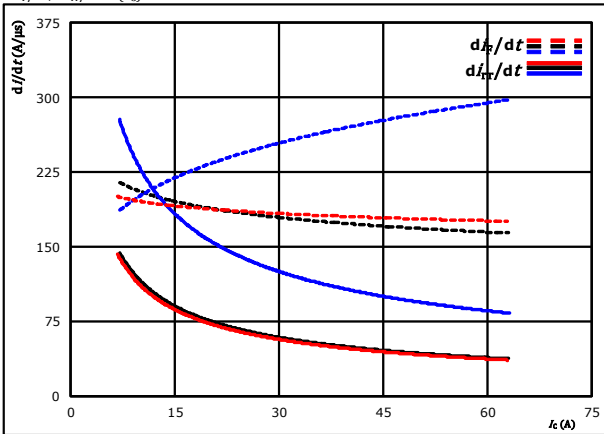
At $V_{CE} = 600$ V $T_j = 25$ °C (dotted blue)
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V $T_j = 125$ °C (solid black)
 $I_c = 35$ A $T_j = 150$ °C (dashed red)



Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 13. FWD

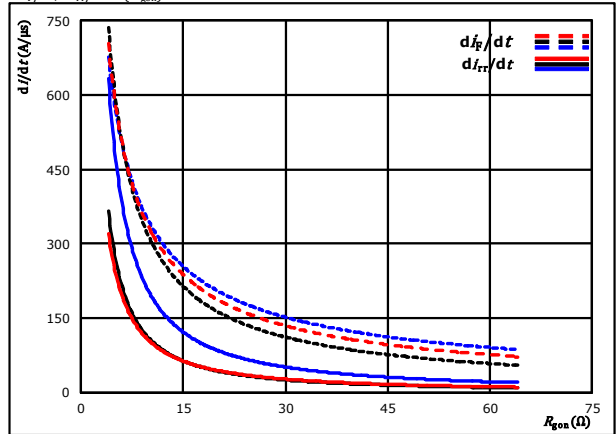
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



At $V_{CE} = 600$ V $T_j = 25$ °C
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V $T_j = 125$ °C
 $R_{g0n} = 16$ Ω $T_j = 150$ °C

figure 14. FWD

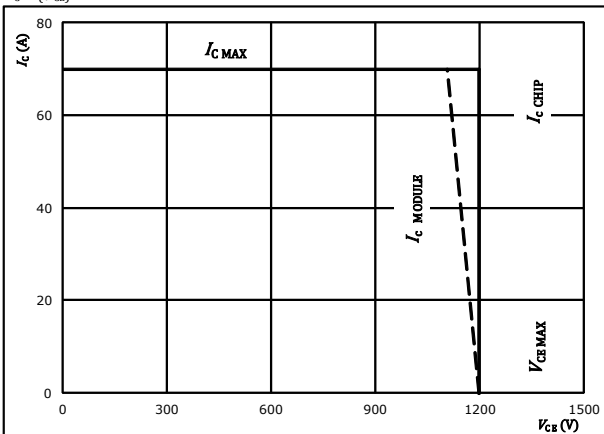
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $di_f/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{g0n})$



At $V_{CE} = 600$ V $T_j = 25$ °C
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V $T_j = 125$ °C
 $I_c = 35$ A $T_j = 150$ °C

figure 15. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area
 $I_c = f(V_{CB})$



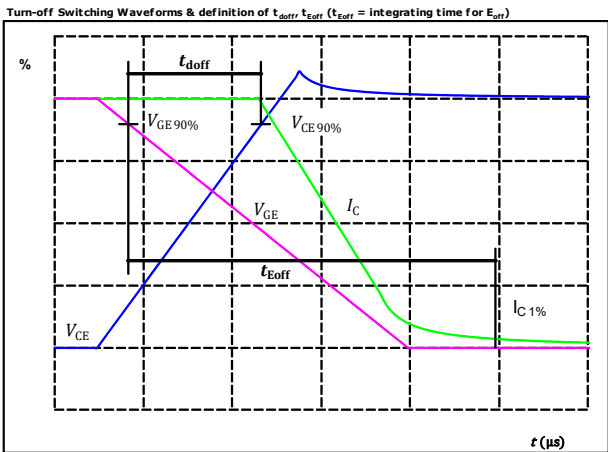
At $T_j = 175$ °C
 $R_{g0n} = 16$ Ω
 $R_{g0ff} = 16$ Ω



Inverter Switching Definitions

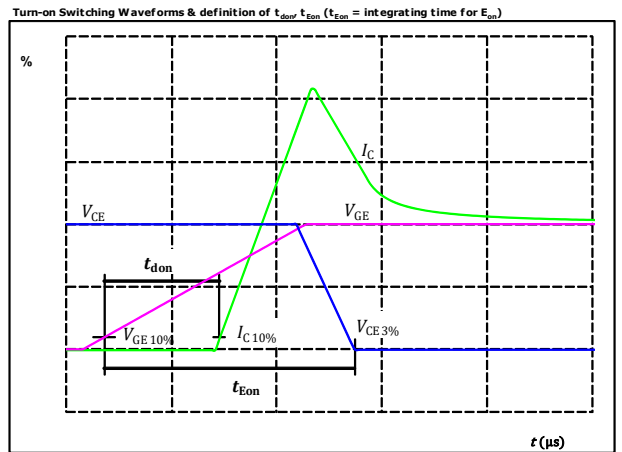
General conditions		
T_j	=	125 °C
$R_{g\text{on}}$	=	16 Ω
$R_{g\text{off}}$	=	16 Ω

figure 1. IGBT



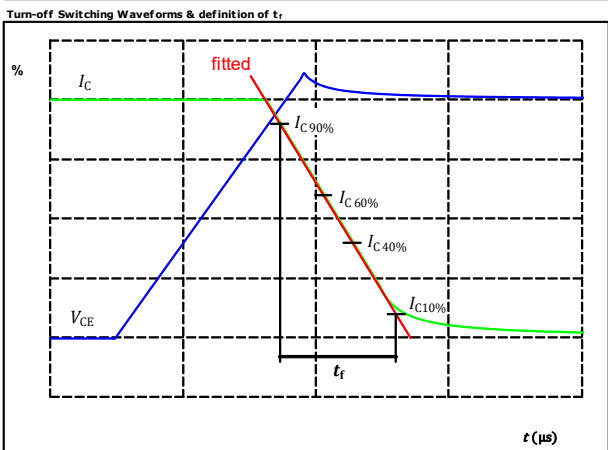
$V_{\text{CE}}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{\text{GE}}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_{\text{C}}(100\%) =$	600	V
$I_{\text{C}}(100\%) =$	35	A
$t_{\text{doff}} =$	269	ns

figure 2. IGBT



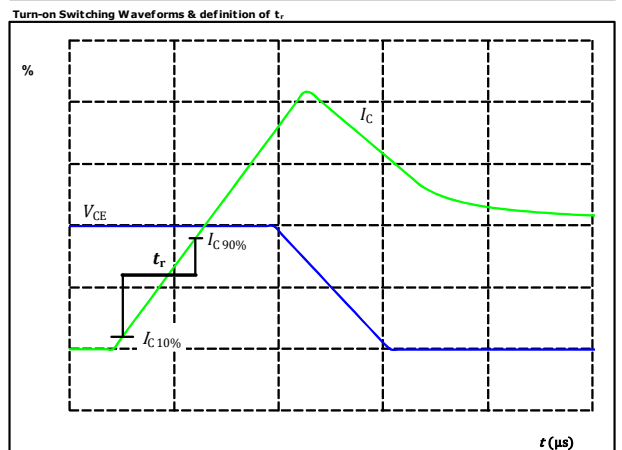
$V_{\text{CE}}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{\text{GE}}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_{\text{C}}(100\%) =$	600	V
$I_{\text{C}}(100\%) =$	35	A
$t_{\text{don}} =$	298	ns

figure 3. IGBT



$V_{\text{C}}(100\%) =$	600	V
$I_{\text{C}}(100\%) =$	35	A
$t_r =$	136	ns

figure 4. IGBT

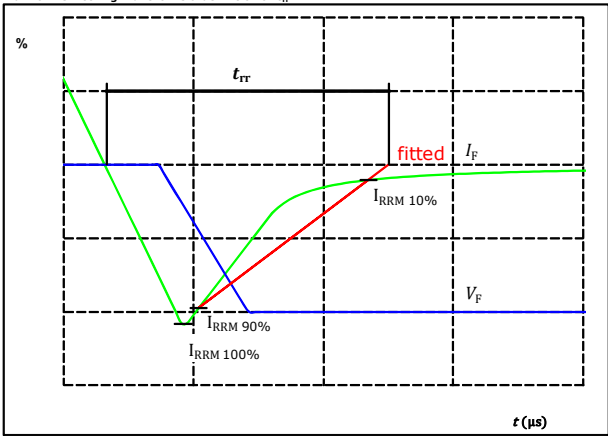


$V_{\text{C}}(100\%) =$	600	V
$I_{\text{C}}(100\%) =$	35	A
$t_r =$	140	ns



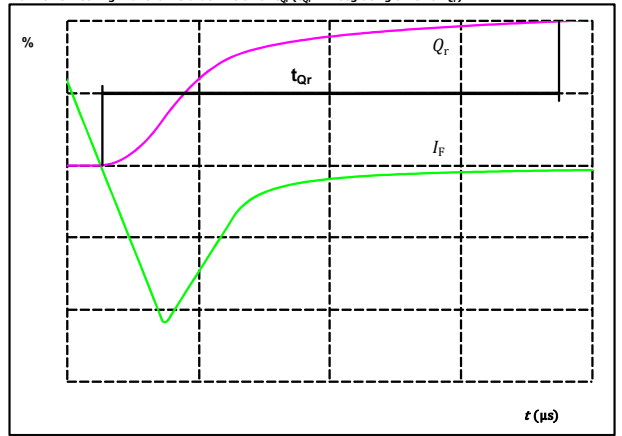
Inverter Switching Characteristics

figure 5. FWD
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{rr}



$V_F(100\%) =$	600	V
$I_F(100\%) =$	35	A
$I_{RRM}(100\%) =$	16	A
$t_{rr} =$	514	ns

figure 6. FWD
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Qr} (t_{Qr} = integrating time for Q_r)



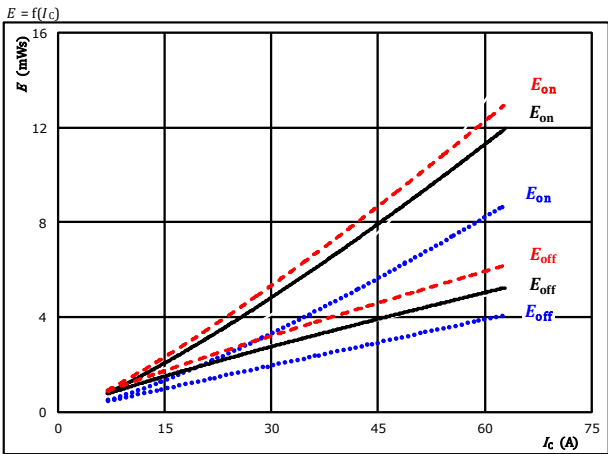
$I_F(100\%) =$	35	A
$Q_r(100\%) =$	4,21	μC



Brake Switching Characteristics

figure 1. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

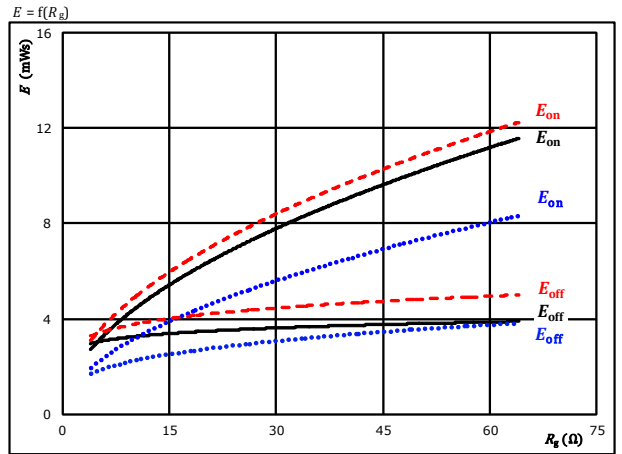


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = -5 / 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 16$ Ω
 $R_{goff} = 16$ Ω

T_j : 25 °C (blue dotted), 125 °C (black solid), 150 °C (red dashed)

figure 2. IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

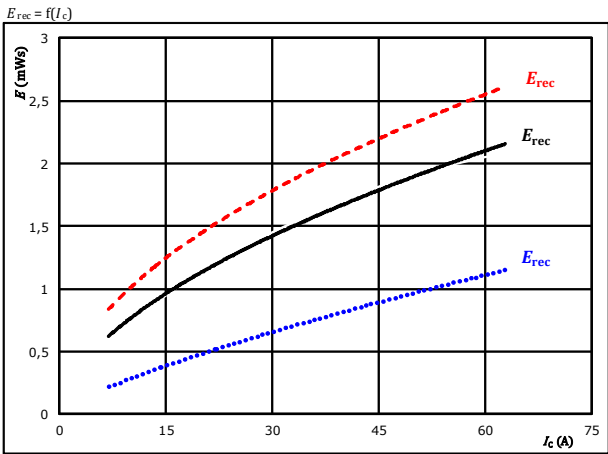


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = -5 / 15$ V
 $I_C = 35$ A

T_j : 25 °C (blue dotted), 125 °C (black solid), 150 °C (red dashed)

figure 3. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of collector current

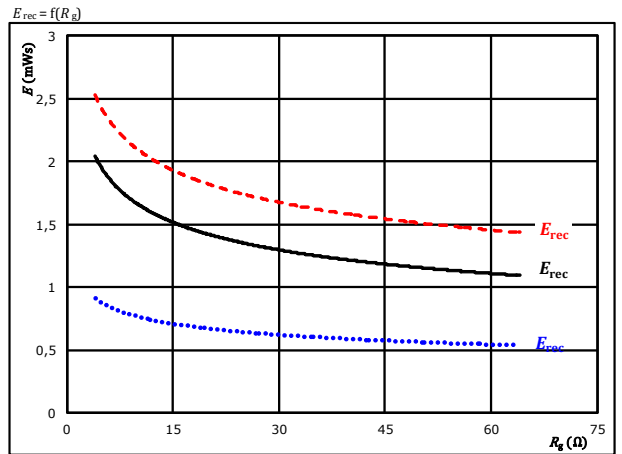


With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = -5 / 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 16$ Ω

T_j : 25 °C (blue dotted), 125 °C (black solid), 150 °C (red dashed)

figure 4. FWD

Typical reverse recovered energy loss as a function of gate resistor



With an inductive load at
 $V_{CE} = 600$ V
 $V_{GE} = -5 / 15$ V
 $I_C = 35$ A

T_j : 25 °C (blue dotted), 125 °C (black solid), 150 °C (red dashed)

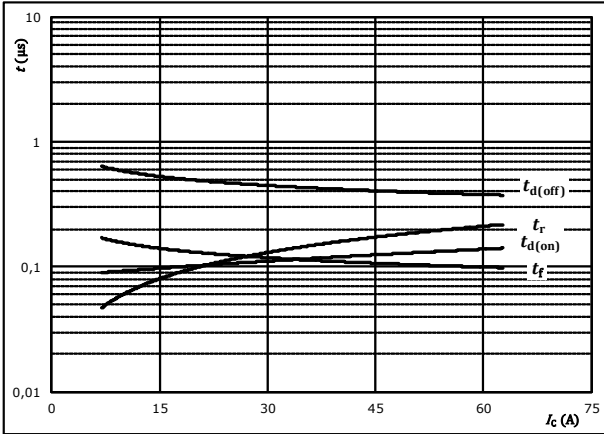


Brake Switching Characteristics

figure 5. IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_C)$$



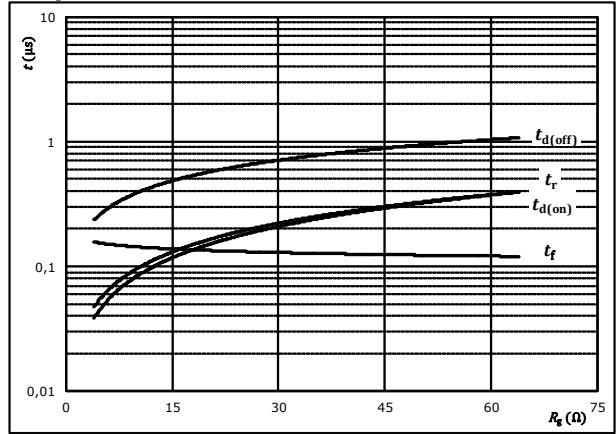
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	600	V
$V_{GE} =$	-5 / 15	V
$R_{gon} =$	16	Ω
$R_{goff} =$	16	Ω

figure 6. IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(R_g)$$



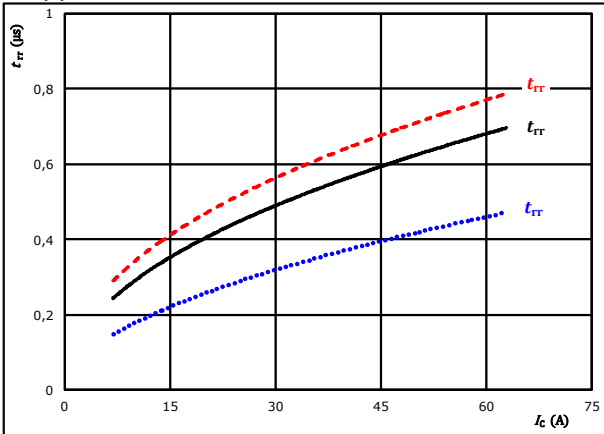
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	600	V
$V_{GE} =$	-5 / 15	V
$I_C =$	35	A

figure 7. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$$

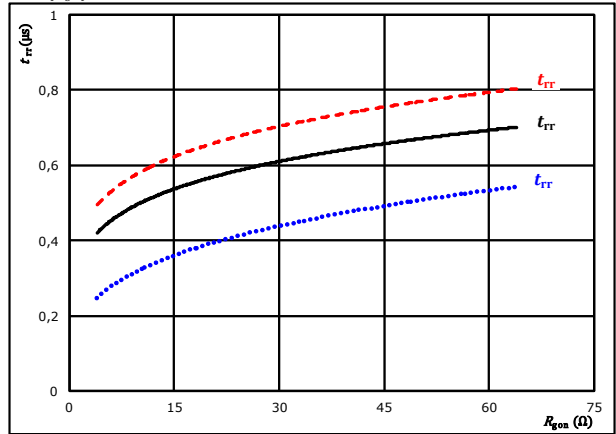


At	$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_j:$	25 °C
	$V_{GE} =$	-5 / 15	V		125 °C	————
	$R_{gon} =$	16	Ω		150 °C	- - - -

figure 8. FWD

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$



At	$V_{CE} =$	600	V	$T_j:$	25 °C
	$V_{GE} =$	-5 / 15	V		125 °C	————
	$I_C =$	35	A		150 °C	- - - -

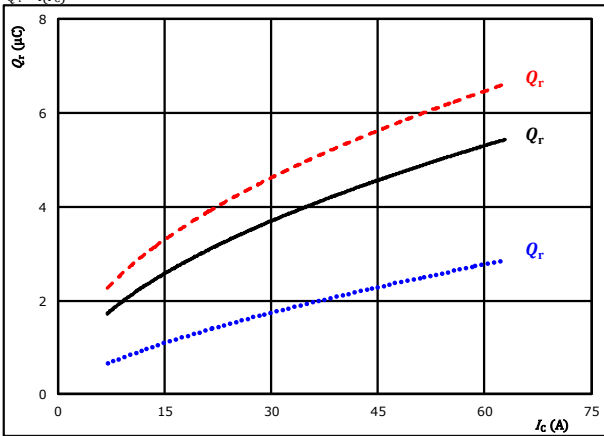


Brake Switching Characteristics

figure 9. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_r = f(I_c)$$

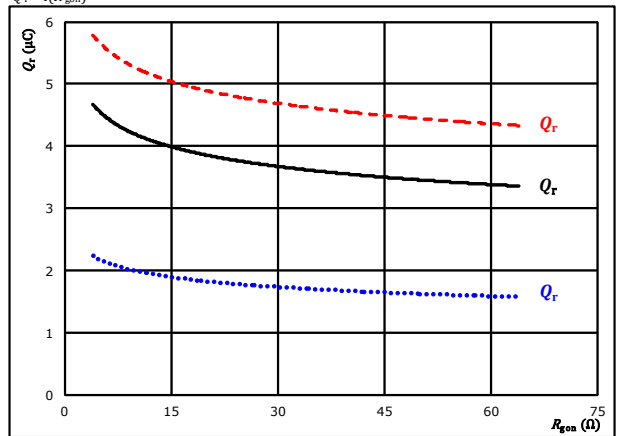


At $V_{CE} = 600$ V $T_j = 25$ °C (dotted blue)
 $V_{GE} = -5 / 15$ V $T_j = 125$ °C (solid black)
 $R_{gpn} = 16$ Ω $T_j = 150$ °C (dashed red)

figure 10. FWD

Typical recovered charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_r = f(R_{gpn})$$

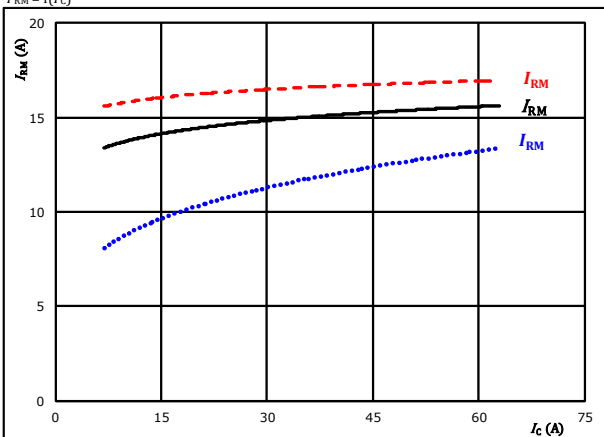


At $V_{CE} = 600$ V $T_j = 25$ °C (dotted blue)
 $V_{GE} = -5 / 15$ V $T_j = 125$ °C (solid black)
 $I_c = 35$ A $T_j = 150$ °C (dashed red)

figure 11. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RM} = f(I_c)$$

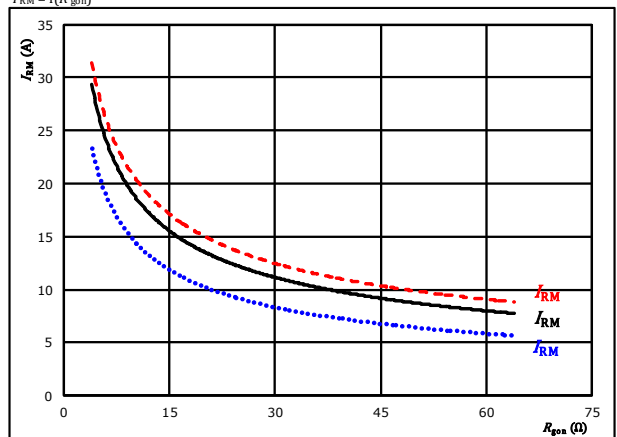


At $V_{CE} = 600$ V $T_j = 25$ °C (dotted blue)
 $V_{GE} = -5 / 15$ V $T_j = 125$ °C (solid black)
 $R_{gpn} = 16$ Ω $T_j = 150$ °C (dashed red)

figure 12. FWD

Typical peak reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RM} = f(R_{gpn})$$



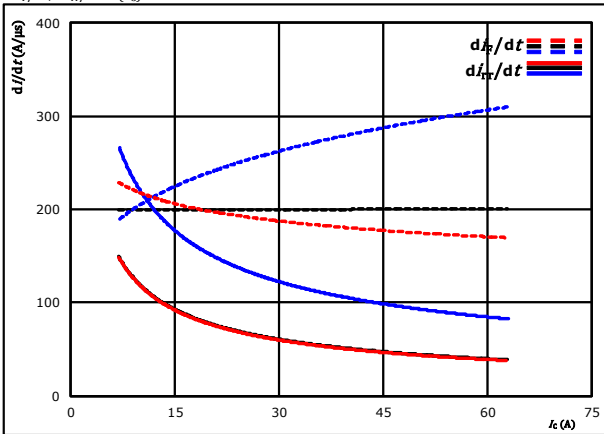
At $V_{CE} = 600$ V $T_j = 25$ °C (dotted blue)
 $V_{GE} = -5 / 15$ V $T_j = 125$ °C (solid black)
 $I_c = 35$ A $T_j = 150$ °C (dashed red)



Brake Switching Characteristics

figure 13. FWD

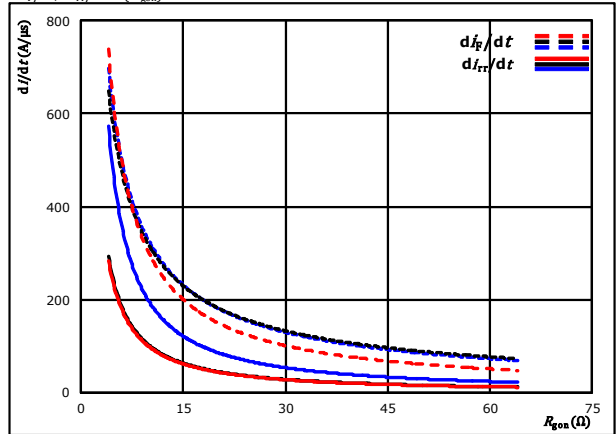
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $di_{f}/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(I_c)$



At $V_{CE} = 600$ V $T_j = 25$ °C
 $V_{GE} = -5 / 15$ V $T_j = 125$ °C
 $R_{g0n} = 16$ Ω $T_j = 150$ °C

figure 14. FWD

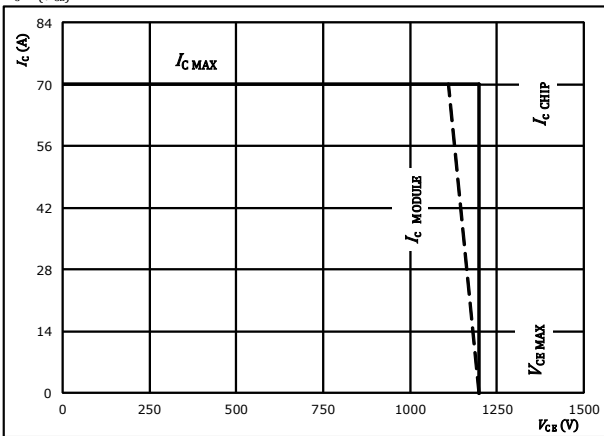
Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $di_{f}/dt, di_{rr}/dt = f(R_{g0n})$



At $V_{CE} = 600$ V $T_j = 25$ °C
 $V_{GE} = -5 / 15$ V $T_j = 125$ °C
 $I_c = 35$ A $T_j = 150$ °C

figure 15. IGBT

Reverse bias safe operating area
 $I_c = f(V_{CB})$



At $T_j = 175$ °C
 $R_{g0n} = 16$ Ω
 $R_{g0ff} = 16$ Ω

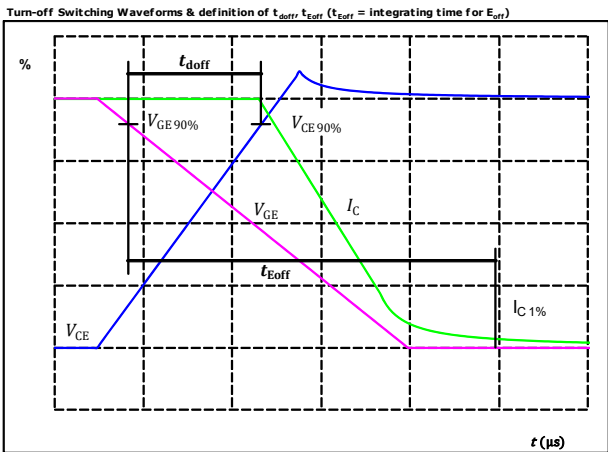


Brake Switching Definitions

General conditions

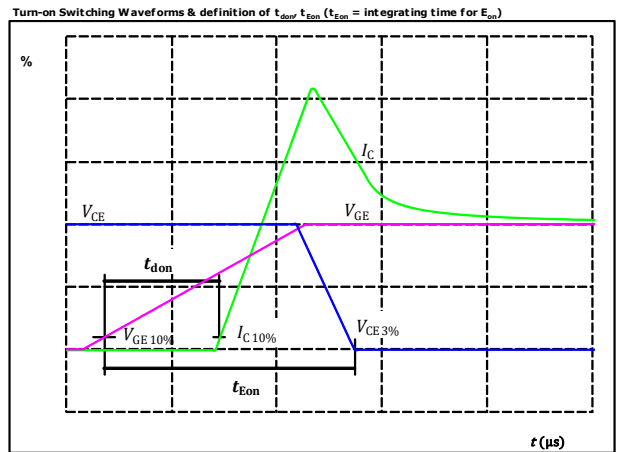
T_j	=	125 °C
$R_{g\text{on}}$	=	16 Ω
$R_{g\text{off}}$	=	16 Ω

figure 1. IGBT



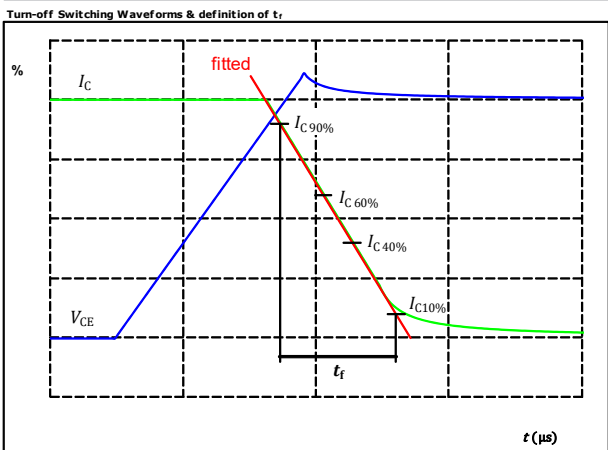
$V_{CE}(0\%) =$	-5	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	600	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	35	A
$t_{\text{doff}} =$	330	ns

figure 2. IGBT



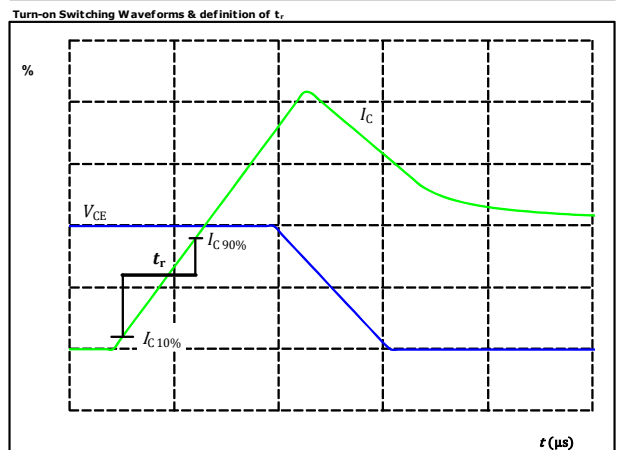
$V_{CE}(0\%) =$	-5	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	600	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	35	A
$t_{\text{don}} =$	179	ns

figure 3. IGBT



$V_C(100\%) =$	600	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	35	A
$t_r =$	138	ns

figure 4. IGBT

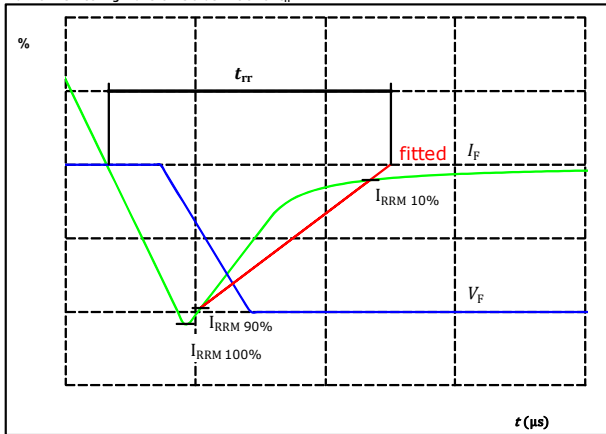


$V_C(100\%) =$	600	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	35	A
$t_r =$	139	ns



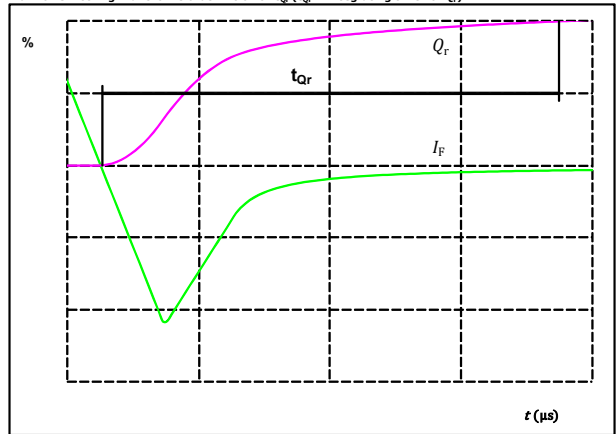
Brake Switching Characteristics

figure 5. FWD
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{rr}



$V_F(100\%) =$	600	V
$I_F(100\%) =$	35	A
$I_{RRM}(100\%) =$	16	A
$t_{rr} =$	515	ns

figure 6. FWD
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{qr} ($t_{qr} =$ integrating time for Q_r)



$I_F(100\%) =$	35	A
$Q_r(100\%) =$	4,03	μC



Vincotech

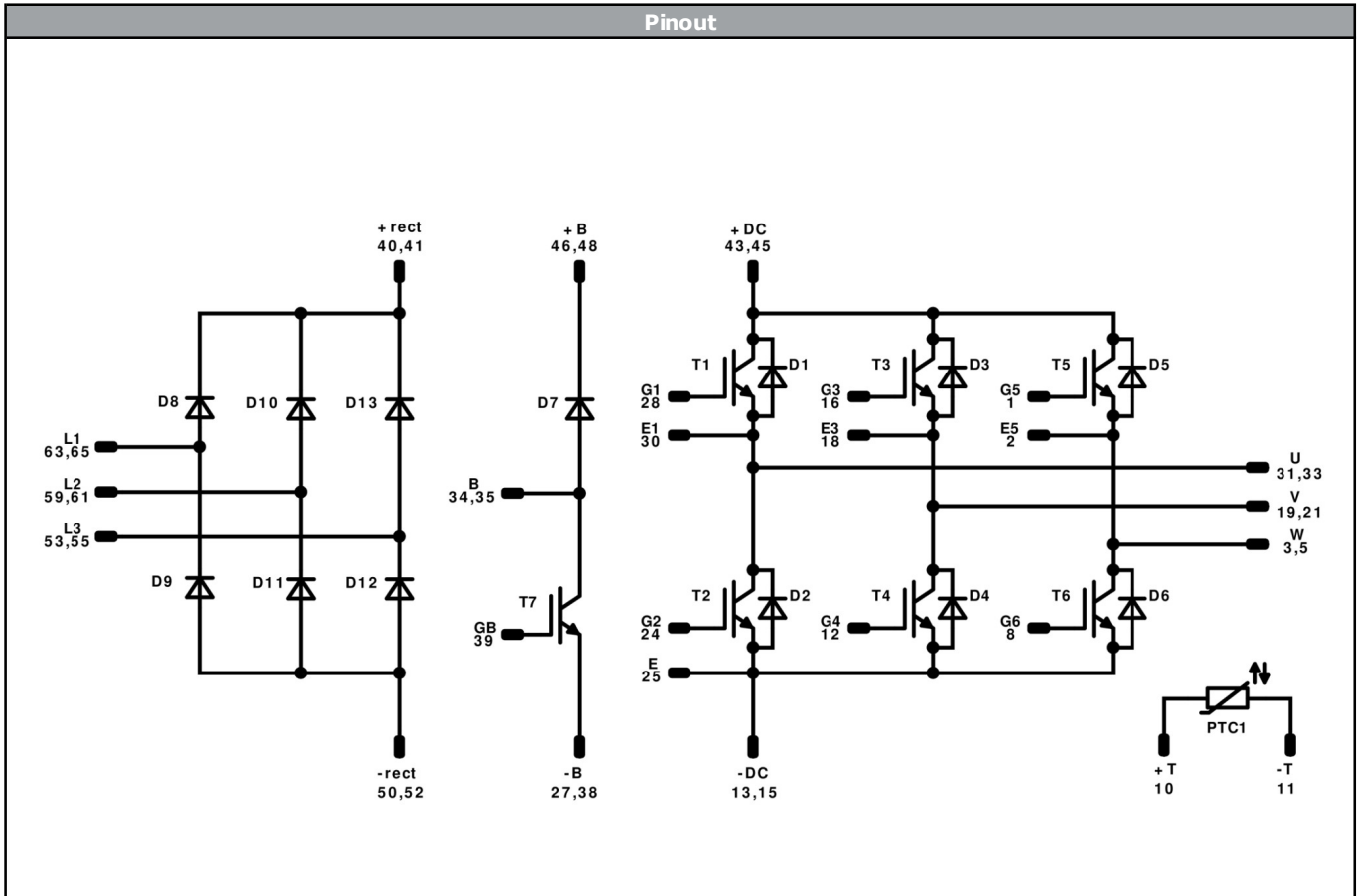
Ordering Code & Marking							
Version				Ordering Code			
With std lid (6.5mm height) + no thermal grease				V23990-K220-A40-/0A/			
With thin lid (2.8mm height) + no thermal grease				V23990-K220-A40-/0B/			
With std lid (6.5mm height) + thermal grease (0,8 W/mK, P12, silicone-based)				V23990-K220-A40-/1A/			
With thin lid (2.8mm height) + thermal grease (0,8 W/mK, P12, silicone-based)				V23990-K220-A40-/1B/			
With std lid (6.5mm height) + thermal grease (2,5 W/mK, TG20032, silicone-free)				V23990-K220-A40-/4A/			
With thin lid (2.8mm height) + thermal grease (2,5 W/mK, TG20032, silicone-free)				V23990-K220-A40-/4B/			
With std lid (6.5mm height) + thermal grease (2,5 W/mK, HPTP, silicone-based)				V23990-K220-A40-/5A/			
With thin lid (2.8mm height) + thermal grease (2,5 W/mK, HPTP, silicone-based)				V23990-K220-A40-/5B/			
	Text	VIN	Date code	Name&Ver	UL	Lot	Serial
		VIN	WWYY	NNNNNNNV	UL	LLLLL	SSSS
		Datamatrix	Type&Ver	Lot number	Serial	Date code	
		TTTTTIV	LLLLL	SSSS	WWYY		

Outline							
PCB pad table				PCB pad table			
Pin	X	Y	Function	Pin	X	Y	Function
1	24,38	-21,8	G5	44			Not assembled
2	24,38	-18,6	E5	45	-12,22	-5,8	+DC
3	24,38	-15,4	W	46	-12,22	0,7	+B
4			Not assembled	47			Not assembled
5	24,38	-9	W	48	-12,22	7,1	+B
6			Not assembled	49			Not assembled
7			Not assembled	50	-12,22	15,4	-rect
8	24,38	12,2	G6	51			Not assembled
9			Not assembled	52	-12,22	21,8	-rect
10	24,38	18,6	+T	53	-24,38	-21,8	L3
11	24,38	21,8	-T	54			Not assembled
12	16,58	12,2	G4	55	-24,38	-15,4	L3
13	16,58	15,4	-DC	56			Not assembled
14			Not assembled	57			Not assembled
15	16,58	21,8	-DC	58			Not assembled
16	13,42	-21,8	G3	59	-24,38	-2,5	L2
17			Not assembled	60			Not assembled
18	13,42	-15,4	E3	61	-24,38	3,9	L2
19	13,42	-12,2	V	62			Not assembled
20			Not assembled	63	-24,38	15,4	L1
21	13,42	-5,8	V	64			Not assembled
22			Not assembled	65	-24,38	21,8	L1
23			Not assembled				
24	8,38	12,2	G2				
25	8,38	15,4	E				
26			Not assembled				
27	8,38	21,8	-B				
28	2,46	-21,8	G1				
29			Not assembled				
30	2,46	-15,4	E1				
31	2,46	-12,2	U				
32			Not assembled				
33	2,46	-5,8	U				
34	0,03	5,8	B				
35	0,03	9	B				
36			Not assembled				
37			Not assembled				
38	0,03	18,6	-B				
39	0,03	21,8	GB				
40	-8,5	-21,8	+rect				
41	-8,5	-18,6	+rect				
42			Not assembled				
43	-8,5	-12,2	+DC				

Pad positions refers to center point. For more informations on pad design please see package data



Vincotech



Identification					
ID	Component	Voltage	Current	Function	Comment
T1, T2, T3, T4, T5, T6	IGBT	1200 V	35 A	Inverter Switch	
D1, D2, D3, D4, D5, D6	FWD	1200 V	35 A	Inverter Diode	
T7	IGBT	1200 V	35 A	Brake Switch	
D7	FWD	1200 V	35 A	Brake Diode	
D8, D9, D10, D11, D12, D13	Rectifier	1600 V	35 A	Rectifier Diode	
PTC1	PTC			Thermistor	




Vincotech

Packaging instruction			
Standard packaging quantity (SPQ) 72	>SPQ	Standard	<SPQ Sample

Handling instruction
Handling instructions for MiniSkiiP® 2 packages see vincotech.com website.

Package data
Package data for MiniSkiiP® 2 packages see vincotech.com website.

UL recognition and file number
This device is certified according to UL 1557 standard, UL file number E192116. For more information see vincotech.com website. 

Document No.:	Date:	Modification:	Pages
V23990-K220-A40-D5-14	01 Mar. 2019	Correction of I _c /I _f values	1,2,3

DISCLAIMER

The information, specifications, procedures, methods and recommendations herein (together "information") are presented by Vincotech to reader in good faith, are believed to be accurate and reliable, but may well be incomplete and/or not applicable to all conditions or situations that may exist or occur. Vincotech reserves the right to make any changes without further notice to any products to improve reliability, function or design. No representation, guarantee or warranty is made to reader as to the accuracy, reliability or completeness of said information or that the application or use of any of the same will avoid hazards, accidents, losses, damages or injury of any kind to persons or property or that the same will not infringe third parties rights or give desired results. It is reader's sole responsibility to test and determine the suitability of the information and the product for reader's intended use.

LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

Vincotech products are not authorised for use as critical components in life support devices or systems without the express written approval of Vincotech.

As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, or (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in labelling can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.
2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.